Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: 12 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1

In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives.

Watt : Power :: Pascal : ?

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन कीजिए।

वाट : शक्ति :: पास्कल : ?

	Energy ऊर्जा Temperature तापमान
	Pressure दबाव
	Force बल

Q.No: 2	In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives. **Mekong : Tibet :: Amazon : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन कीजिए। **मेकांग : तिब्बत :: अमेज़न : ?** Chile चिली
	Peru पेरू
	Colombia कोलंबिया
	Ecuador इक्वेडोर

Q.No: 3	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **C G K, G K O, K O S,O S W, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है। **C G K, G K O, K O S,O S W, ?** SDA

	SDA
	KNB KNB
	SWA SWA
	KJH KJH

Q.No: 4	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **MIN, NJM, OKL, PLK, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **MIN, NJM, OKL, PLK, ?**
	QWS QWS
	HGF HGF
	QMJ QMJ
	UJH UJH

Q.No: 5	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **BRF , EUH , HXJ , KAL , ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **BRF , EUH , HXJ , KAL , ?**
	NMB

	NMB
	NKH NKH NHG NHG
	NDN NDN

Q.No: 6	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **WZWT, WVOH, WRGV, WNYJ, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: **WZWT, WVOH, WRGV, WNYJ, ?**
	W J Q X W J Q X
	W J Q W W J Q W W H P X W H P X
	W J P X W J P X

Q.No: 7	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **MCFI, NEKP, OGPW, PIUD, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: **MCFI, NEKP, OGPW, PIUD, ?**
	N K Y D

	N K Y D
	Q L Y L Q L Y L
	Q K Z K Q K Z K
	Q K Z L Q K Z L

Q.No: 8	What comes next: **3, 12, 7, 16, 11, 20, 15, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **3, 12, 7, 16, 11, 20, 15, ?**
	16 16
	24 24
	14 14
	18 18

Q.No: 9	Each of the letters in the word **STUDENT** is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is second from the left and the one that is fourth from the right in the new letter-cluster formed? शब्द **STUDENT** में प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएँ से दूसरे अक्षर और दाएँ से चौथे अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेज़ी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?
	17 17
	13

	13
	11 11
	15 15

Q.No: 10	**Which of the following addresses are identical to each other:** 1. Arjun Mehta A-101, Emerald Towers, Surat, 395001 2. Arjun Mehta A-101, Emerald Tower, Surat , 395001 3. Arjun M. A-101, Emerald Tower, Surat , 395001 4. Arjun Mehta A-101, Emerald Tower, Surat , 395001 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन से पते एक जैसे हैं:** 1. अर्जुन मेहता, ए-101, एमराल्ड टावर्स, सूरत, 395001 2. अर्जुन मेहता, ए-101, एमराल्ड टावर, सूरत, 395001 3. अर्जुन एम., ए-101, एमराल्ड टावर, सूरत, 395001 4. अर्जुन मेहता, ए-101, एमराल्ड टावर, सूरत, 395001
	1 and 2 1 और 2
	1 and 3 1 और 3
	2 and 4 2 और 4
	3 and 4 3 और 4

Q.No: 11	**Which of the following is/are identical to the address given:** Meenal Gupta 102, Silver Oaks, Sector 12, Noida, 201301 1. Meenal Gupta 102, Silver Oaks, Sector 12, Noida, 201301 2. Meenal Gupta 102, Silver Oaks, Sector-12, Noida, 201301 3. Meenal Gupta 102, Silver Oaks, Sector 12, Noida 201301 4. Meenal Gupta 102, Silver Oaks, Sector 12, Noida, 201302 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से पते दिए गए पते के समान है/हैं:** मीनल गुप्ता 102, सिल्वर ओक्स, सेक्टर 12, नोएडा, 201301 1. मीनल गुप्ता 102, सिल्वर ओक्स, सेक्टर 12, नोएडा, 201301 2. मीनल गुप्ता 102, सिल्वर ओक्स, सेक्टर-12, नोएडा, 201301 3. मीनल गुप्ता 102, सिल्वर ओक्स, सेक्टर 12, नोएडा 201301 4. मीनल गुप्ता 102, सिल्वर ओक्स, सेक्टर 12, नोएडा, 201302
	1 1
	3 3
	2 2
	4 4

Q.No: 12	Find the option that best completes the analogy. **AG : IO :: CM : ?** वह विकल्प ज्ञात कीजिए जो सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करता है। **AG : IO :: CM : ?**
	KO KO
	KU KU
	KS KS

	KW KW

Q.No: 13	A is facing North. B is seated second to the right of A. Who is sitting immediately to the left of B? A उत्तर दिशा की ओर मुँह करके बैठा है। B, A के दाईं ओर दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। B के ठीक बाईं ओर कौन बैठा है?
	The person seated to the immediate right of A A के ठीक दाईं ओर बैठा व्यक्ति
	The person seated opposite to A A के विपरीत बैठा व्यक्ति
	The person seated to the immediate left of A A के तत्काल बाईं ओर बैठा व्यक्ति
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Q.No: 14	In the following question, the second word is related to the first word by a specific pattern of letter transformation. Identify the same pattern and apply it to the third word to find the correct option that completes the analogy. **TIME : VJOG :: WORD : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, दूसरा शब्द पहले शब्द से अक्षर परिवर्तन के एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न द्वारा संबंधित है। उसी पैटर्न को पहचानिए और उसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू करके सही विकल्प चुनिए जो सादृश्य को पूरा करता है। **TIME : VJOG :: WORD : ?**
	YPTF YPTF
	YQTG YQTG
	YPSF YPSF
	ZPSF ZPSF

Q.No: 15	In each of the following questions, a specific pattern such as reversal or rearrangement has been applied to the first word to get the second. Apply the same pattern to the third word and find the correct answer from the given options. **GNIDAER : READING :: NOITULOS : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द को दूसरे शब्द में बदलने के लिए एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न, जैसे उलटाव या पुनर्व्यवस्था, लागू किया गया है। यही पैटर्न तीसरे शब्द पर भी लागू कीजिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनिए। **GNIDAER : READING :: NOITULOS : ?**
	SOLUTION SOLUTION
	SOLUNOIT SOLUNOIT
	NOILOSUT NOILOSUT
	POLLUTION POLLUTION

Q.No: 16	In each of the following questions, the first word is coded to form the second word using a specific rearrangement and/or substitution rule. Apply the same rule to the third word to determine the correct corresponding word from the given alternatives. **AYRRJC : CATTLE :: NCPDCAR : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द को एक विशिष्ट पुनर्व्यवस्था और/या प्रतिस्थापन नियम का उपयोग करके दूसरे शब्द के रूप में कोडित किया गया है। दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही संगत शब्द ज्ञात करने के लिए यही नियम तीसरे शब्द पर भी लागू कीजिए। **AYRRJC : CATTLE :: NCPDCAR : ?**
	SUBJECTS SUBJECTS
	NEGLECT NEGLECT
	PERFECT PERFECT
	OPERATE

	OPERATE

Q.No: 17	Identify the odd one: **2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 20** बेमेल को पहचानें: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 20
	17 17 13 13
	20 20
	11 11

Q.No: 18	Which of the following is the odd one out? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प विषम है?
	2, 3, 5 2, 3, 5
	11, 13, 17 11, 13, 17
	4, 6, 8 4, 6, 8
	7, 19, 23 7, 19, 23

Q.No: 19	Rani said, "The man in the photo is my mother's son-in-law." Who is the man to Rani? रानी ने कहा, "फोटो में दिख रहा आदमी मेरी माँ का दामाद है।" रानी के लिए वह आदमी कौन है?
	Husband पति
	Father पिता Uncle चाचा
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 20	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	K11 : I9 : G7 K11 : I9 : G7 M13 : K11 : I9 M13 : K11 : I9
	O15 : M13 : K11 O15 : M13 : K11
	N14 : K11 : H8 N14 : K11 : H8

Q.No: 21	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others.

	निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है। A1@ : B2# : C3$ A1@ : B2# : C3$ D4% : E5^ : F6& D4% : E5^ : F6& G7* : H8(: I9) G7* : H8(: I9)
	J10_ : K11@ : L12@ J10_ : K11@ : L12@

Q.No: 22	Pointing to a man, a woman said, "His mother is the only daughter of my father." How is the man related to the woman? एक आदमी की ओर इशारा करते हुए, एक महिला ने कहा, "उसकी माँ मेरे पिता की इकलौती बेटी है।" वह आदमी उस महिला से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Son बेटा
	Nephew भतीजा
	Cousin चचेरा
	Grandson पोता

Q.No: 23	Pointing to a woman, John says, "She is the wife of my uncle's only son." How is the woman related to John? एक महिला की ओर इशारा करते हुए जॉन कहता है, "वह मेरे चाचा के इकलौते बेटे की पत्नी है।" वह महिला जॉन से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Sister

	बहन
	Cousin चचेरा
	Sister-in-law भाभी
	Niece भतीजी

Q.No: 24	A man said, “My mother’s husband's only son is the father of your sister’s brother.” How is the man related to you? एक आदमी ने कहा, “मेरी माँ के पति का इकलौता बेटा आपकी बहन के भाई का पिता है।” वह आदमी आपसे किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Uncle चाचा
	Father पिता
	Grandfather दादाजी
	Brother भाई

Q.No: 25	If # = ×, @ = −, $ = +, then evaluate: 9 # 2 @ 3 $ 1 यदि # = ×, @ = −, $ = +, तो मूल्यांकन करें: 9 # 2 @ 3 $ 1
	18 18
	14 14

	16 16
	17 17

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **12 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	Which of the following features distinguishes the Elephanta Caves from other rock-cut sites of early India? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी विशेषता एलीफेंटा गुफाओं को प्रारंभिक भारत के अन्य चट्टान-कट स्थलों से अलग करती है?
	They are primarily Buddhist caves with large stupas.

	ये मुख्यतः बड़े स्तूपों वाली बौद्ध गुफाएं हैं।
	The caves focus on Shaivite themes and feature sculptural depth through light and shadow. ये गुफाएं शैव विषयवस्तु पर केंद्रित हैं तथा इनमें प्रकाश और छाया के माध्यम से मूर्तिकला की गहराई दिखाई देती है। They contain a mix of Jain and Vaishnavite depictions in pillar halls. इनमें स्तंभ कक्षों में जैन और वैष्णव चित्रण का मिश्रण है।
	The caves are entirely monolithic structures from the Mauryan period. ये गुफाएं मौर्य काल की पूर्णतः अखंड संरचनाएं हैं।

Q.No: 27	Read the statements about the Goncha Festival of Bastar: 1.) Tupki, a mock gun made of bamboo, uses Goncha fruit as bullets. 2.) The chariot procession was started by Chalukya rulers. 3.) Rath Yatra begins on Ashadh Shukla Dashmi and ends on Dutiya. Which of the above statements are **correct?** बस्तर के गोंचा उत्सव के बारे में कथन पढ़ें: 1.) तुपकी, बांस से बनी एक नकली बंदूक है, जिसमें गोलियों के रूप में गोंचा फल का उपयोग किया जाता है। 2.) रथ यात्रा चालुक्य शासकों द्वारा शुरू की गई थी। 3.) रथ यात्रा आषाढ़ शुक्ल दशमी को शुरू होती है और दुतिया पर समाप्त होती है। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा **सही** है?
	Only 1 and 2 केवल 1 और 2 Only 2 and 3 केवल 2 और 3 Only 1 and 3 केवल 1 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 are correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Q.No: 28	**Fill in the blanks:** In Carnatic music, a laghu with five beats is known as ___ jaati. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** कर्नाटक संगीत में, पाँच ताल वाले लघु को ___ जाति के नाम से जाना जाता है।
	Tishra तिशरा
	Chaturashra चतुराश्र
	Khanda खंडा
	Mishra मिश्रा

Q.No: 29	Which of the following statements about Judo is **correct?** जूडो के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	Judo was introduced in 1882 by Jigoro Kano in Japan. जूडो की शुरुआत 1882 में जापान में जिगोरो कानो द्वारा की गई थी।
	India's first National Judo Championship was held in 1970 at Delhi University. भारत की पहली राष्ट्रीय जूडो चैंपियनशिप 1970 में दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय में आयोजित की गई थी।
	Kalpana Devi won gold at the 2010 Judo World Cup. कल्पना देवी ने 2010 जूडो विश्व कप में स्वर्ण पदक जीता।
	Judo became an Olympic sport in 1965. जूडो 1965 में ओलंपिक खेल बन गया।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Where and when will the 59th National Cross Country Championships – 2025 be held?

	59वीं राष्ट्रीय क्रॉस कंट्री चैंपियनशिप - 2025 कहाँ और कब आयोजित की जाएगी? 10th January 2025, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh 10 जनवरी 2025, लखनऊ, उत्तर प्रदेश
	12th January 2025, Meerut, Uttar Pradesh 12 जनवरी 2025, मेरठ, उत्तर प्रदेश
	15th January 2025, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh 15 जनवरी 2025, कानपुर, उत्तर प्रदेश
	12th January 2025, Jaipur, Rajasthan 12 जनवरी 2025, जयपुर, राजस्थान
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	What is the core structural focus of the 2024 India–UAE Bilateral Investment Treaty (BIT) within India's international investment strategy? भारत की अंतर्राष्ट्रीय निवेश रणनीति के अंतर्गत 2024 भारत-यूएई द्विपक्षीय निवेश संधि (बीआईटी) का मुख्य संरचनात्मक फोकस क्या है?
	Proposes joint sovereign funds and links INR swap with UAE banks. संयुक्त संप्रभु निधि का प्रस्ताव तथा यूएई बैंकों के साथ आईएनआर स्वैप को जोड़ना।
	Focuses on pre-establishment rights and UAE-based arbitration. पूर्व-स्थापना अधिकारों और यूएई-आधारित मध्यस्थता पर ध्यान केंद्रित करता है।
	Assures post-establishment investor confidence via standard and national treatment. मानक और राष्ट्रीय उपचार के माध्यम से स्थापना के बाद निवेशकों का विश्वास सुनिश्चित करता है।
	Aims at GCC-wide tax regulation under India-led digital framework. इसका उद्देश्य भारत के नेतृत्व वाले डिजिटल ढांचे के तहत जीसीसी-व्यापी कर विनियमन करना है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	**Fill in the blanks:** The Santosh Trophy 2022–23 final was uniquely held in _____, where Karnataka defeated Meghalaya to win the title after 54 years.

	रिक्त स्थान भरें: संतोष ट्रॉफी 2022-23 का फाइनल अनोखे ढंग से _____ में आयोजित किया गया, जहाँ कर्नाटक ने मेघालय को हराकर 54 वर्षों के बाद खिताब जीता।
	Dubai दुबई
	Riyadh रियाद
	Doha दोहा
	Muscat मस्कट

Q.No: 33	Which of the following statements best captures the essence of "Landscapes of Loss: The Story of an Indian Drought" by Kavitha Iyer? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन कविता अय्यर द्वारा लिखित "लैंडस्केप्स ऑफ लॉस: द स्टोरी ऑफ एन इंडियन ड्रॉट" के सार को सबसे अच्छी तरह से दर्शाता है?
	A study on drought's human and ecological impacts in India. भारत में सूखे के मानवीय और पारिस्थितिक प्रभावों पर एक अध्ययन।
	A fictional story about a family in a drought-hit area. सूखा प्रभावित क्षेत्र के एक परिवार की काल्पनिक कहानी।
	A history of monsoon patterns and ancient agriculture in India. भारत में मानसून पैटर्न और प्राचीन कृषि का इतिहास।
	A colonial-era policy analysis of water management. जल प्रबंधन का औपनिवेशिक युग का नीति विश्लेषण।

Q.No: 34	Consider the following statements about glacial landforms: **Statement 1:** Hanging valleys are often found opening into main glacial valleys at higher elevations. **Statement 2:** Spurs of such hanging valleys are frequently truncated into triangular facets. Which of the following Statements is/are **Correct?** हिमनदीय भू-आकृतियों के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: **कथन 1:** लटकती घाटियाँ प्रायः ऊँचे स्थानों पर मुख्य हिमनदीय घाटियों में खुलती हुई पाई जाती हैं। **कथन 2:** ऐसी लटकती घाटियों के स्पर प्रायः त्रिकोणीय फलकों में विभाजित हो जाते हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सत्य** है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1 Only 2 केवल 2
	1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	What is the primary function of the Crew Escape System (CES) on ISRO's Human Rated LVM3 (HLVM3) rocket? इसरो के मानव रेटेड एलवीएम3 (एचएलवीएम3) रॉकेट पर क्रू एस्केप सिस्टम (सीईएस) का प्राथमिक कार्य क्या है?
	To guide the crew module into its designated Low Earth Orbit. क्रू मॉड्यूल को उसकी निर्दिष्ट निम्न पृथ्वी कक्षा में ले जाने के लिए मार्गदर्शन करना।
	To eject the crew module to safety during launch emergencies. प्रक्षेपण आपातस्थिति के दौरान क्रू मॉड्यूल को सुरक्षित स्थान पर निकालना।
	To assist in docking the crew module with a space station. अंतरिक्ष स्टेशन के साथ क्रू मॉड्यूल को डॉक करने में सहायता करना।
	To provide thermal shielding during re-entry into Earth's atmosphere. पृथ्वी के वायुमंडल में पुनः प्रवेश के दौरान तापीय परिरक्षण प्रदान करना।

Not Answered

Q.No: 36 Which of the following statements about Justice Sanjiv Khanna is/are **true**?
1. He is the 51st Chief Justice of India
2. He succeeded Justice D.Y. Chandrachud
3. He served as CJI from 2023

न्यायमूर्ति संजीव खन्ना के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?
1. वे भारत के 51वें मुख्य न्यायाधीश हैं।
2. उन्होंने न्यायमूर्ति डी.वाई. चंद्रचूड़ का स्थान लिया।
3. उन्होंने 2023 से मुख्य न्यायाधीश के रूप में कार्य किया।

1 and 2 only

केवल 1 और 2

2 and 3 only

केवल 2 और 3

1 and 3 only

केवल 1 और 3

1, 2, and 3 all are true

1, 2, और 3 सभी सत्य हैं

Q.No: 37 **Which of the following objectives are part of the National Population Policy (NPP) 2000?**
1. Providing free and compulsory education up to 14 years of age
2. Increasing fertility rate to ensure demographic dividend
3. Reducing infant mortality rate below 30 per 1000 live births
4. Promoting delayed marriage for girls

निम्नलिखित में से कौन से उद्देश्य राष्ट्रीय जनसंख्या नीति (एनपीपी) 2000 का हिस्सा हैं?
1. 14 वर्ष की आयु तक निःशुल्क और अनिवार्य शिक्षा प्रदान करना
2. जनसांख्यिकीय लाभांश सुनिश्चित करने के लिए प्रजनन दर में वृद्धि
3. शिशु मृत्यु दर को प्रति 1000 जीवित जन्मों पर 30 से कम करना
4. लड़कियों के लिए देर से विवाह को बढ़ावा देना

	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1, 3 and 4 are correct केवल 1, 3 और 4 सही हैं
	1,2,3 and 4 all are correct 1, 2, 3 और 4 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	Which pathway in cellular respiration generates the most ATP? कोशिकीय श्वसन में कौन सा मार्ग सबसे अधिक एटीपी उत्पन्न करता है?
	Glycolysis ग्लाइकोलाइसिस
	Krebs cycle क्रेब्स चक्र
	Electron transport chain इलेक्ट्रॉन परिवहन श्रृंखला
	Fermentation किण्वन

Q.No: 39	Arrange the following events in chronological order: a. Eastern Zonal Council meeting 2022 b. States Reorganisation Act passed c. First Central Zonal Council meeting

	निम्नलिखित घटनाओं को कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें: a. पूर्वी क्षेत्रीय परिषद की बैठक 2022 b. राज्य पुनर्गठन अधिनियम पारित c. मध्य क्षेत्रीय परिषद की पहली बैठक
	b-c-a b-c-a
	c-b-a c-b-a
	a-b-c a-b-c b-a-c b-a-c

Q.No: 40	Which of the following most **accurately** describes the legal character of the right to property under Article 300A of the Indian Constitution? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारतीय संविधान के अनुच्छेद 300A के तहत संपत्ति के अधिकार के कानूनी चरित्र का सबसे **सटीक** वर्णन करता है?
	It is a fundamental right that guarantees compensation for all property acquisitions. यह एक मौलिक अधिकार है जो सभी संपत्ति अधिग्रहण के लिए मुआवजे की गारंटी देता है।
	It allows the State to deprive a person of property by any law, even without due process. यह राज्य को किसी भी कानून द्वारा, यहां तक कि बिना किसी उचित प्रक्रिया के भी, किसी व्यक्ति को उसकी संपत्ति से वंचित करने की अनुमति देता है।
	It is a constitutional legal right that permits deprivation only by authority of law. यह एक संवैधानिक कानूनी अधिकार है जो केवल कानून के प्राधिकार द्वारा ही वंचित करने की अनुमति देता है।
	It permits citizens to claim property protection under Article 32 before the Supreme Court. यह नागरिकों को अनुच्छेद 32 के अंतर्गत सर्वोच्च न्यायालय में संपत्ति संरक्षण का दावा करने की अनुमति देता है।

Q.No: 41	For a rigid body, the angular velocity of any particle about a given axis of rotation is:

	किसी दृढ़ पिंड के लिए, किसी दिए गए घूर्णन अक्ष के परितः किसी कण का कोणीय वेग है:
	Proportional to its distance from the axis अक्ष से इसकी दूरी के समानुपाती
	The same for all particles सभी कणों के लिए समान
	Inversely proportional to its distance from the axis अक्ष से इसकी दूरी के व्युत्क्रमानुपाती
	Always zero हमेशा शून्य

Q.No: 42	The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam(BSA) places emphasis on the use of technology to ensure the authenticity of evidence. This is particularly relevant for: भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम (बीएसए) साक्ष्य की प्रामाणिकता सुनिश्चित करने के लिए प्रौद्योगिकी के उपयोग पर ज़ोर देता है। यह विशेष रूप से निम्नलिखित के लिए प्रासंगिक है:
	Physical exhibits from crime scenes. अपराध स्थलों से भौतिक प्रदर्शन।
	Hand-written diaries. हस्तलिखित डायरियाँ.
	Digital and electronic evidence. डिजिटल और इलेक्ट्रॉनिक साक्ष्य.
	Oral confessions. मौखिक स्वीकारोक्ति.

Q.No: 43	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A) :** The One Nation One Ration Card ensures portability of food grains. **Reason (R) :** It uses Aadhaar-enabled biometric authentication.

	नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए: अभिकथन (A): एक राष्ट्र एक राशन कार्ड खाद्यान्न की पोर्टेबिलिटी सुनिश्चित करता है। कारण (R): यह आधार-सक्षम बायोमेट्रिक प्रमाणीकरण का उपयोग करता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 44	Cheraw, the bamboo dance performed using crossed bamboo sticks, is a folk dance of which state? चेराव, बांस की छड़ियों का उपयोग करके किया जाने वाला बांस नृत्य, किस राज्य का लोक नृत्य है?
	Mizoram मिजोरम
	Meghalaya मेघालय
	Arunachal Pradesh अरुणाचल प्रदेश
	Sikkim सिक्किम

Q.No: 45	What is a key factor assessed in the Global Firepower Military Strength Ranking 2025? ग्लोबल फायरपावर मिलिट्री स्ट्रेंथ रैंकिंग 2025 में मूल्यांकन किया जाने वाला प्रमुख कारक क्या है?
	Economic Stability

	आर्थिक स्थिरता
	Cultural Influence सांस्कृतिक प्रभाव
	Defense Budget रक्षा बजट
	Healthcare Spending स्वास्थ्य सेवा पर खर्च
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	Which of the following **correctly** describes cooperative sector industries? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सहकारी क्षेत्र के उद्योगों का **सही** वर्णन करता है?
	Owned and operated by central government agencies. केंद्रीय सरकारी एजेंसियों के स्वामित्व और संचालन में।
	Operated solely for export purposes. केवल निर्यात प्रयोजनों के लिए संचालित।
	Owned by workers or suppliers sharing profits and losses लाभ और हानि को साझा करने वाले श्रमिकों या आपूर्तिकर्ताओं के स्वामित्व में
	Maintained by foreign companies with Indian partnerships. भारतीय साझेदारी के साथ विदेशी कंपनियों द्वारा अनुरक्षित।

Q.No: 47	Education is now placed under which list after the 42nd Amendment? 42वें संशोधन के बाद शिक्षा को अब किस सूची में रखा गया है?
	Union List संघ सूची
	State List

	राज्य सूची
	Concurrent List समवर्ती सूची
	Judicial List न्यायिक सूची

Q.No: 48	What is the main objective of the National Framework for Climate Services (NFCS) launched in 2024? 2024 में शुरू किए गए जलवायु सेवाओं के लिए राष्ट्रीय ढांचे (एनएफसीएस) का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या है?
	To set emission trading targets उत्सर्जन व्यापार लक्ष्य निर्धारित करना
	To regulate groundwater quality भूजल की गुणवत्ता को विनियमित करने के लिए
	To deliver sector-specific climate information services क्षेत्र-विशिष्ट जलवायु सूचना सेवाएं प्रदान करना
	To mandate carbon offsetting in the private sector निजी क्षेत्र में कार्बन ऑफसेटिंग को अनिवार्य बनाना

Q.No: 49	Argon is produced in Earth's crust via? पृथ्वी की पपड़ी में आर्गन का उत्पादन किसके माध्यम से होता है?
	Decay of K-40 K-40 का क्षय
	Volcanoes ज्वालामुखी
	Photosynthesis प्रकाश संश्लेषण

	Cosmic rays ब्रह्मांडीय किरणें

Q.No: 50	Which of the following is **true** about Fundamental Rights and DPSPs? मौलिक अधिकारों और डीपीएसपी के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य है?
	Both are justiciable and enforceable by courts दोनों ही न्यायालयों द्वारा न्यायोचित और प्रवर्तनीय हैं
	DPSPs override Fundamental Rights when in conflict संघर्ष की स्थिति में डीपीएसपी मौलिक अधिकारों को दरकिनार कर देते हैं
	Fundamental Rights are justiciable, but DPSPs are not मौलिक अधिकार न्यायोचित हैं, लेकिन डीपीएसपी नहीं
	DPSPs are guaranteed by the Constitution; Fundamental Rights are optional डीपीएसपी को संविधान द्वारा गारंटी दी गई है; मौलिक अधिकार वैकल्पिक हैं

Roll No.	**:**
Candidate Name	**:**
Exam Level	**:** SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	**: 12 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	**: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51

Arrange the fractions $\frac{5}{9}$, $\frac{4}{7}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, *and*, $\frac{2}{3}$ in ascending order.

भिन्नों को आरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें $\frac{5}{9}$, $\frac{4}{7}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, और, $\frac{2}{3}$.

	$\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{9}$ $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{9}$
	$\frac{5}{9}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{5}{9}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}$
	$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{5}{9}$ $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{5}{9}$ $\frac{4}{7}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{7}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}$

Q.No: 52	Simplify: $(2\frac{1}{2} + 3.6) - 1.9$ सरल करें: $(2\frac{1}{2} + 3.6) - 1.9$
	4.2 4.2
	5.2 5.2
	6.2 6.2 7.2 7.2

Q.No: 53	Evaluate: $7\frac{1}{4} - [\frac{5}{6} \div \{\frac{1}{3} - (\frac{1}{2} \times (\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{4}))\}]$

	$7\frac{1}{4} - [\frac{5}{6} \div \{\frac{1}{3} - (\frac{1}{2} \times (\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{4}))\}]$ का मूल्यांकन करें	
	$-3\frac{1}{4}$ $-3\frac{1}{4}$ $3\frac{1}{4}$ $3\frac{1}{4}$
	$-2\frac{3}{4}$ $-2\frac{3}{4}$ $2\frac{3}{4}$ $2\frac{3}{4}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 54 **From a sample of 200 software engineers, determine the ratio of those proficient in Python to those proficient in Java using the given information:**

Category	Number
Proficient in Python and Java	50
Proficient in Python only	70
Proficient in Java only	60
Proficient in neither language	20

200 सॉफ्टवेयर इंजीनियरों के नमूने से, दी गई जानकारी का उपयोग करके पायथन में कुशल लोगों और जावा में कुशल लोगों का अनुपात निर्धारित करें:

श्रेणी	संख्या
पायथन और जावा में कुशल	50
केवल पायथन में कुशल	70
केवल जावा में कुशल	60
किसी भी भाषा में कुशल नहीं	20

11:12

11:12

12:11

12:11

7:6

7:6

6:7

6:7

Q.No: 55 Arvind started a business by investing ₹80,000. After 4 months, Bhavin joined with ₹1,20,000. At the end of 8 months from the start, Chandan joined with ₹1,60,000. If the total profit is ₹1,05,000 at the end of the year, find the share of Chandan.

अरविंद ने ₹80,000 निवेश करके एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 4 महीने बाद, भाविन ₹1,20,000 के साथ शामिल हो गया। शुरुआत से 8 महीने के अंत में, चंदन ₹1,60,000 के साथ शामिल हो गया। यदि कुल लाभ ₹1,05,000 है, तो चंदन का हिस्सा ज्ञात कीजिए।

₹26,500

₹26,500

₹26,000

₹26,000

	₹26,200 ₹26,200
	₹26,250 ₹26,250
Not Answered	

Q.No: 56	A and B start a business. A invests ₹80,000 for 9 months, B invests ₹1,20,000 for 6 months. What is B's share of a ₹45,000 profit? A और B एक व्यवसाय शुरू करते हैं। A 9 महीने के लिए ₹80,000 का निवेश करता है, B 6 महीने के लिए ₹1,20,000 का निवेश करता है। ₹45,000 के लाभ में B का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹26,500 ₹26,500
	₹28,000 ₹28,000
	₹36,000 ₹36,000
	₹22,500 ₹22,500

Q.No: 57	What is the average of all integers between 100 and 250 that are exactly divisible by 11? 100 और 250 के बीच उन सभी पूर्णांकों का औसत क्या है जो 11 से पूर्णतः विभाज्य हैं?
	176 176
	186 186
	196 196

	146 146

Q.No: 58	The average of 15 numbers is 80. The average of the first 6 numbers is 72. The average of the next 6 numbers is 25% more than the average of the first 6 numbers. The 13th number is 8 more than the 15th number, and the 14th number is 10 less than the 15th number. What is the average of the 13th and 14th numbers? 15 संख्याओं का औसत 80 है। पहली 6 संख्याओं का औसत 72 है। अगली 6 संख्याओं का औसत पहली 6 संख्याओं के औसत से 25% अधिक है। 13वीं संख्या 15वीं संख्या से 8 अधिक है, और 14वीं संख्या 15वीं संख्या से 10 कम है। 13वीं और 14वीं संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?
	70.89 70.89
	85 85
	75.67 75.67
	80.65 80.65
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	A landlord bought a flat for ₹8,00,000. He wants to earn a 9% annual return on his investment after paying ₹2,000 per month for maintenance. What should be the monthly rent he charges? एक मकान मालिक ने ₹8,00,000 में एक फ्लैट खरीदा। वह रखरखाव के लिए हर महीने ₹2,000 का भुगतान करने के बाद अपने निवेश पर 9% वार्षिक रिटर्न कमाना चाहता है। उसे हर महीने कितना किराया लेना चाहिए?
	₹7,000 ₹7,000
	₹7,500 ₹7,500
	₹8,000

	₹8,000
	₹8,500 ₹8,500

Q.No: 60	An amount is said to double in 5 years with compound interest. How many years will it take for the amount to grow to 8 times its original value? कहा जाता है कि एक राशि चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज के साथ 5 वर्षों में दोगुनी हो जाती है। राशि को अपने मूल मूल्य से 8 गुना बढ़ने में कितने वर्ष लगेंगे?
	15 15
	16 16 17 17
	18 18

Q.No: 61	A sum becomes ₹6,600 in 2 years and ₹7,920 in 3 years at compound interest. What is the original principal? चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर एक धनराशि 2 वर्ष में ₹6,600 तथा 3 वर्ष में ₹7,920 हो जाती है। मूल मूलधन क्या है?
	₹4,000.33 ₹4,000.33
	₹5,583.33 ₹5,583.33
	₹4,583.33 ₹4,583.33
	₹6,583.33

	₹6,583.33

Q.No: 62	Suman purchased 25 liters of milk at ₹45 per liter and another 15 liters of milk at ₹50 per liter. She combined both quantities and then sold the entire mixture at ₹48 per liter. What was her total profit or loss? सुमन ने 25 लीटर दूध ₹45 प्रति लीटर की दर से और 15 लीटर दूध ₹50 प्रति लीटर की दर से खरीदा। उसने दोनों मात्राओं को मिलाया और फिर पूरे मिश्रण को ₹48 प्रति लीटर की दर से बेचा। उसका कुल लाभ या हानि क्या थी?
	Loss of ₹45 ₹45 का नुकसान
	Profit of ₹45 ₹45 का लाभ
	Profit of ₹90 ₹90 का लाभ
	Loss of ₹90 ₹90 का नुकसान
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A toy manufacturer produced 1200 toy cars at a total cost of ₹90,000. He donated 200 cars to a charity event. For the rest, he announced a 10% discount on the market price of ₹120 per car. He also offered 2 toy cars free for every 8 toy cars purchased. If all 1200 toy cars were distributed, what is his overall gain or loss percentage? एक खिलौना निर्माता ने ₹90,000 की कुल लागत से 1200 खिलौना कारें बनाईं। उसने 200 कारें एक चैरिटी कार्यक्रम में दान कर दीं। बाकी के लिए, उसने ₹120 प्रति कार के बाजार मूल्य पर 10% की छूट की घोषणा की। उसने खरीदी गई हर 8 खिलौना कारों के लिए 2 खिलौना कारें मुफ़्त देने की भी पेशकश की। यदि सभी 1200 खिलौना कारें वितरित की गईं, तो उसका कुल लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	4%loss 4%हानि
	4%profit 4%लाभ
	5% loss

	5% हानि
	5% profit 5% लाभ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 64	A retailer marks an air conditioner 80% above its cost price. He offers a first discount of 25% on the marked price. During a festive offer, an additional discount of 10% is applied on the already discounted price. If the final selling price is ₹15,552, what is the approximate cost price of the air conditioner?" एक खुदरा विक्रेता एक एयर कंडीशनर को उसके लागत मूल्य से 80% अधिक मूल्य पर बेचता है। वह अंकित मूल्य पर 25% की पहली छूट प्रदान करता है। एक त्यौहारी ऑफर के दौरान, पहले से छूट वाले मूल्य पर 10% की अतिरिक्त छूट लागू की जाती है। यदि अंतिम विक्रय मूल्य ₹15,552 है, तो एयर कंडीशनर का अनुमानित लागत मूल्य क्या है?"
	₹9,000 ₹9,000 ₹9,200 ₹9,200
	₹12,800 ₹12,800
	₹10,000 ₹10,000
Not Answered	

Q.No: 65	A 40-liter mixture contains juice and water in the ratio 5:3. How much water (in liters) must be added to this mixture to change the ratio of juice to water to 2:3? 40 लीटर के मिश्रण में जूस और पानी का अनुपात 5:3 है। जूस और पानी का अनुपात 2:3 करने के लिए इस मिश्रण में कितना पानी (लीटर में) मिलाया जाना चाहिए?
	15.5 litres 15.5 लीटर
	22.5 litres

	22.5 लीटर
	25 litres 25 लीटर
	30 litres 30 लीटर

Q.No: 66	A is able to complete a task in 15 days, while B takes 20 days to finish the same task. If they collaborate and work together for 4 days, what fraction of the work will still remain? A किसी काम को 15 दिन में पूरा कर सकता है, जबकि B को उसी काम को पूरा करने में 20 दिन लगते हैं। यदि वे मिलकर 4 दिन काम करें, तो काम का कितना भाग शेष रह जाएगा?
	$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$
	$\frac{7}{15}$ $\frac{7}{15}$
	$\frac{8}{15}$ $\frac{8}{15}$
	$\frac{11}{15}$ $\frac{11}{15}$

Q.No: 67	Two oils priced at ₹90 per kg and ₹150 per kg are blended and sold at ₹144 per kg, achieving a profit margin of 20%. What is the ratio of the two oils in the mixture? ₹90 प्रति किलोग्राम और ₹150 प्रति किलोग्राम की कीमत वाले दो तेलों को मिश्रित करके ₹144 प्रति किलोग्राम की दर से बेचा जाता है, जिससे 20% का लाभ मार्जिन प्राप्त होता है। मिश्रण में दोनों तेलों का अनुपात क्या है?

	1 : 1 1 : 1
	2 : 1 2 : 1
	3 : 2 3 : 2
	4 : 1 4 : 1

Q.No: 68	Three pipes, A, B, and C are capable of filling a tank in 6, 8, and 12 hours, respectively. When all three pipes are opened together, they operate for 2 hours before pipe C is closed. How much additional time will it take to completely fill the tank after that? तीन पाइप, A, B और C एक टैंक को क्रमशः 6, 8 और 12 घंटे में भरने में सक्षम हैं। जब तीनों पाइप एक साथ खोले जाते हैं, तो वे पाइप C बंद होने से पहले 2 घंटे तक काम करते हैं। उसके बाद टैंक को पूरी तरह से भरने में कितना अतिरिक्त समय लगेगा?
	$\frac{6}{7}$ hours $\frac{6}{7}$ घंटे
	$\frac{2}{6}$ hours $\frac{2}{6}$ घंटे
	$\frac{3}{5}$ hours $\frac{3}{5}$ घंटे
	$\frac{9}{2}$ hours $\frac{9}{2}$ घंटे

Q.No: 69	A bullet train covers a fixed distance in 30 minutes at an average speed of 240 km/h. Due to track maintenance, it needs to be diverted, increasing the distance by 20%. If the train needs to arrive at its destination on time (i.e., in 30 minutes), what should its new average speed be in km/h? एक बुलेट ट्रेन 240 किमी/घंटा की औसत गति से 30 मिनट में एक निश्चित दूरी तय करती है। ट्रैक रखरखाव के कारण, इसे डायवर्ट करने की आवश्यकता है, जिससे दूरी 20% बढ़ जाती है। यदि ट्रेन को समय पर (यानी, 30 मिनट में) अपने गंतव्य पर पहुंचना है, तो इसकी नई औसत गति किमी/घंटा में क्या होनी चाहिए?
	280 km/h 280 किमी/घंटा
	300 km/h 300किमी/घंटा
	288 km/h 288किमी/घंटा
	320 km/h 320 किमी/घंटा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 70	Two cars, X and Y, start from points 360 km apart and travel at constant speeds. If they move towards each other, they meet in 4 hours. If they move in the same direction, they meet in 12 hours. What is the speed of car X? (Assume X is the faster car). दो कारें, X और Y, 360 किमी दूर स्थित बिंदुओं से चलना शुरू करती हैं और समान गति से यात्रा करती हैं। यदि वे एक-दूसरे की ओर बढ़ती हैं, तो वे 4 घंटे में मिलती हैं। यदि वे एक ही दिशा में चलती हैं, तो वे 12 घंटे में मिलती हैं। कार X की गति क्या है? (मान लें कि X तेज़ कार है)।
	60 km/h 60 किमी/घंटा
	75 km/h 75 किमी/घंटा
	45 km/h 45 किमी/घंटा
	90 km/h

	90 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 71	A circular pizza having a radius of 21 cm. If 75% of it is eaten, what is the area of pizza remaining? एक गोलाकार पिज़्ज़ा जिसकी त्रिज्या 21 सेमी है। यदि इसका 75% भाग खा लिया जाता है, तो बचे हुए पिज़्ज़ा का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	173.25 cm^2 173.25 सेमी^{2}
	346.36 cm^2 346.36 सेमी^{2}
	432.25 cm^2 432.25 सेमी^{2}
	115.5 cm^2 115.5 सेमी^{2}

Q.No: 72	A ring-shaped disc has outer radius 10 cm and inner radius 7 cm. What is the approximate ratio of the ring's area to the whole outer circle? एक वलय के आकार की डिस्क की बाहरी त्रिज्या 10 सेमी और आंतरिक त्रिज्या 7 सेमी है। वलय के क्षेत्रफल और पूरे बाहरी वृत्त के क्षेत्रफल का लगभग अनुपात क्या है?
	1:2 1:2
	2:3 2:3
	3:4 3:4
	4:5 4:5

Not Answered

Q.No: 73	A bicycle wheel having a radius of 35 cm. What percentage of its circumference is covered in a quarter turn?(Use π=22/7) एक साइकिल के पहिये की त्रिज्या 35 सेमी है। एक चौथाई चक्कर में इसकी परिधि का कितना प्रतिशत भाग तय होता है? (π=22/7 का प्रयोग करें)
	15% 15%
	25% 25%
	30% 30%
	35% 35%

Q.No: 74	The line y = mx + 5 passes through (1,8). Find m. रेखा y = mx + 5 बिन्दु (1,8) से होकर जाती है। m ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5 5
	4 4
	3 3
	2 2

Q.No: 75	$31^3 + 18^3 - 37^3 + 210$ is equal to:

	$31^3 + 18^3 - 37^3 + 210$ बराबर है:
	−36810 −36810
	−14820 −14820
	−45670 −45670
	−23450 −23450
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **12 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **PERFIDIOUS** Honest

	Faithful
	Treacherous
	Loyal

Q.No: 77	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Hobson's choice**
	A dilemma between two evils
	A free and fair decision
	No real choice at all
	A selection made under duress

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Perfidious**
	Betraying
	Faithless
	Loyal
	Treacherous

Q.No: 79	Identify the **misspelt** word
	Vicereine
	Floccinaucinihilipilification

	Defenestrate
	Quintessance
Not Answered	

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of a CSF-shunt procedure.
	Ventriculoperitoneal
	Ventriculoperitonal
	Ventriculaperitoneal
	Ventriculoperetoneal

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'An official reprimand or strong criticism'.
	Accusation
	Denunciation
	Censure
	Indictment

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** The startup scaled so rapidly that its infrastructure could ___ keep pace.
	barely
	merely

	scarcely
	all but

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** Rare though the phenomenon is, it can occur ___ prolonged drought conditions.
	towards
	amid
	among
	under

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** While the proposal appeared pragmatic on paper, its implementation proved ___ complicated than expected.
	less
	more
	much
	rather

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** That the report failed to address the root causes (1)/ of the community unrest were surprising (2)/ given the exhaustive data (3)/ compiled over several months. (4)
	(1)

	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** What renders the draft legislation particularly contentious is not its proposed realignment of fiscal powers per se, (1)/ but that it presumes, without empirical substantiation, (2)/ a fiscal equivalence among states whose developmental baselines are (3)/ incommensurable by any normative metric. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** They have been neglecting maintenance of the archives for years.
	Maintenance of the archives had been neglected by them for years. Maintenance of the archives is being neglected by them for years.
	Maintenance of the archives was being neglected by them for years.
	Maintenance of the archives has been being neglected by them for years.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The choir began the **introit** at the priest's signal.
	The child sang the introit during the intermission.
	The introit was replaced by an organ improvisation.
	The missal included Latin text for the introit.
	The cantor rehearsed the Sunday introit.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** It was being suggested by multiple sources that the operation had been compromised internally.
	Multiple sources suggested the operation was compromised internally.
	The operation was compromised, multiple sources suggested.
	The sources were suggesting an operation compromise.
	The operation had compromised multiple internal sources.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** While education and wisdom are often conflated in colloquial discourse, a discerning mind perceives a fundamental divergence between the two. Education is the formal acquisition of knowledge, often measured through degrees, academic accolades, and proficiency in structured disciplines. It is delivered through systematic curricula, institutionalized assessment, and theoretical frameworks. However, wisdom transcends this rigidity; it is the judicious application of knowledge to real-life contexts, enriched by experience, introspection, and emotional intelligence. An individual may be extensively educated yet remain bereft of wisdom if they lack the discernment to apply their learning ethically and effectively. Conversely, many wise individuals—farmers, artisans, elders—may not possess formal education, but their decisions exhibit prudence and sagacity cultivated through lived realities. Thus, education equips the mind, but wisdom enriches the soul. In an era dominated by information overload and algorithmic thinking, the schism between the two has widened. Educational institutions often prioritize rote memorization and standardized testing over critical thinking and moral reasoning. Consequently, society produces individuals proficient in problem-solving but deficient in decision-making that requires empathy, patience, or foresight. Wisdom, being innately human, cannot be downloaded or fast-tracked; it is earned through trial, failure, reflection, and a nuanced understanding of human nature. Furthermore, while education is temporally bounded—ending with formal schooling or academic milestones—wisdom is a lifelong pursuit. It does not boast certificates but manifests in humility, ethical consistency, and the ability to navigate ambiguity with grace. Ultimately, the highest form of intelligence lies not merely in knowing what is right, but in consistently choosing to do it, especially when it is inconvenient. According to the passage, how is wisdom primarily acquired?
	Through textbooks
	Through emotional detachment
	Through experience and reflection
	Through algorithmic thinking

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** While education and wisdom are often conflated in colloquial discourse, a discerning mind perceives a fundamental divergence between the two. Education is the formal acquisition of knowledge, often measured through degrees, academic accolades, and proficiency in structured disciplines. It is delivered through systematic curricula, institutionalized assessment, and theoretical frameworks. However, wisdom transcends this rigidity; it is the judicious application of knowledge to real-life contexts, enriched by experience, introspection, and emotional intelligence. An individual may be extensively educated yet remain bereft of wisdom if they lack the discernment to apply their learning ethically and effectively. Conversely, many wise individuals—farmers, artisans, elders—may not possess formal education, but their decisions exhibit prudence and sagacity cultivated through lived realities. Thus, education equips the mind, but wisdom enriches the soul. In an era dominated by information overload and algorithmic thinking, the schism between the two has widened. Educational institutions often prioritize rote memorization and standardized testing over critical thinking and moral reasoning. Consequently, society produces individuals proficient in problem-solving but deficient in decision-making that requires empathy, patience, or foresight. Wisdom, being innately human, cannot be downloaded or fast-tracked; it is earned through trial, failure, reflection, and a nuanced understanding of human nature. Furthermore, while education is temporally bounded—ending with formal schooling or academic milestones—wisdom is a lifelong pursuit. It does not boast certificates but manifests in humility, ethical consistency, and the ability to navigate ambiguity with grace. Ultimately, the highest form of intelligence lies not merely in knowing what is right, but in consistently choosing to do it, especially when it is inconvenient. What does the author mean by "wisdom enriches the soul"?
	It enhances academic success
	It fosters deeper moral insight
	It improves verbal expression
	It sharpens mathematical skills

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** While education and wisdom are often conflated in colloquial discourse, a discerning mind perceives a fundamental divergence between the two. Education is the formal acquisition of knowledge, often measured through degrees, academic accolades, and proficiency in structured disciplines. It is delivered through systematic curricula, institutionalized assessment, and theoretical frameworks. However, wisdom transcends this rigidity; it is the judicious application of knowledge to real-life contexts, enriched by experience, introspection, and emotional intelligence. An individual may be extensively educated yet remain bereft of wisdom if they lack the discernment to apply their learning ethically and effectively. Conversely, many wise individuals—farmers, artisans, elders—may not possess formal education, but their decisions exhibit prudence and sagacity cultivated through lived realities. Thus, education equips the mind, but wisdom enriches the soul. In an era dominated by information overload and algorithmic thinking, the schism between the two has widened. Educational institutions often prioritize rote memorization and standardized testing over critical thinking and moral reasoning. Consequently, society produces individuals proficient in problem-solving but deficient in decision-making that requires empathy, patience, or foresight. Wisdom, being innately human, cannot be downloaded or fast-tracked; it is earned through trial, failure, reflection, and a nuanced understanding of human nature. Furthermore, while education is temporally bounded—ending with formal schooling or academic milestones—wisdom is a lifelong pursuit. It does not boast certificates but manifests in humility, ethical consistency, and the ability to navigate ambiguity with grace. Ultimately, the highest form of intelligence lies not merely in knowing what is right, but in consistently choosing to do it, especially when it is inconvenient. Who, according to the author, can be wise despite lacking formal education?
	Scientists School children
	Elders and artisans
	Technocrats

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** While education and wisdom are often conflated in colloquial discourse, a discerning mind perceives a fundamental divergence between the two. Education is the formal acquisition of knowledge, often measured through degrees, academic accolades, and proficiency in structured disciplines. It is delivered through systematic curricula, institutionalized assessment, and theoretical frameworks. However, wisdom transcends this rigidity; it is the judicious application of knowledge to real-life contexts, enriched by experience, introspection, and emotional intelligence. An individual may be extensively educated yet remain bereft of wisdom if they lack the discernment to apply their learning ethically and effectively. Conversely, many wise individuals—farmers, artisans, elders—may not possess formal education, but their decisions exhibit prudence and sagacity cultivated through lived realities. Thus, education equips the mind, but wisdom enriches the soul. In an era dominated by information overload and algorithmic thinking, the schism between the two has widened. Educational institutions often prioritize rote memorization and standardized testing over critical thinking and moral reasoning. Consequently, society produces individuals proficient in problem-solving but deficient in decision-making that requires empathy, patience, or foresight. Wisdom, being innately human, cannot be downloaded or fast-tracked; it is earned through trial, failure, reflection, and a nuanced understanding of human nature. Furthermore, while education is temporally bounded—ending with formal schooling or academic milestones—wisdom is a lifelong pursuit. It does not boast certificates but manifests in humility, ethical consistency, and the ability to navigate ambiguity with grace. Ultimately, the highest form of intelligence lies not merely in knowing what is right, but in consistently choosing to do it, especially when it is inconvenient. What is the central contrast drawn in the passage?
	Education vs. career Intelligence vs. memory
	Reading vs. writing
	Formal learning vs. applied wisdom

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** While education and wisdom are often conflated in colloquial discourse, a discerning mind perceives a fundamental divergence between the two. Education is the formal acquisition of knowledge, often measured through degrees, academic accolades, and proficiency in structured disciplines. It is delivered through systematic curricula, institutionalized assessment, and theoretical frameworks. However, wisdom transcends this rigidity; it is the judicious application of knowledge to real-life contexts, enriched by experience, introspection, and emotional intelligence. An individual may be extensively educated yet remain bereft of wisdom if they lack the discernment to apply their learning ethically and effectively. Conversely, many wise individuals—farmers, artisans, elders—may not possess formal education, but their decisions exhibit prudence and sagacity cultivated through lived realities. Thus, education equips the mind, but wisdom enriches the soul. In an era dominated by information overload and algorithmic thinking, the schism between the two has widened. Educational institutions often prioritize rote memorization and standardized testing over critical thinking and moral reasoning. Consequently, society produces individuals proficient in problem-solving but deficient in decision-making that requires empathy, patience, or foresight. Wisdom, being innately human, cannot be downloaded or fast-tracked; it is earned through trial, failure, reflection, and a nuanced understanding of human nature. Furthermore, while education is temporally bounded—ending with formal schooling or academic milestones—wisdom is a lifelong pursuit. It does not boast certificates but manifests in humility, ethical consistency, and the ability to navigate ambiguity with grace. Ultimately, the highest form of intelligence lies not merely in knowing what is right, but in consistently choosing to do it, especially when it is inconvenient. According to the author, why has the gap between education and wisdom widened in recent times?
	Due to overuse of social media Because wisdom is no longer valued
	Because of rote learning and algorithmic methods
	Because people stop learning after school

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She has the reputation ***to be a kind woman.*** to have kindness
	of being a kind woman
	of being the kind woman

	to be kind-hearted

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The doctor advised him ***to avoid eating sweets and doing exercise regularly.***
	avoiding sweets and doing regular exercise
	to avoid sweets and to exercises regularly
	to avoid eating sweets and to exercise regularly
	to not eat sweets and do exercises

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He asked me, "Have you done your homework?"
	He asked me if I had done my homework.
	He asked me have I done my homework.
	He asked me whether I have done my homework.
	He asked me whether had I done my homework.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** He said that he would join the meeting after lunch.
	"I will join the meeting after lunch," he said.

	"I would join the meeting after lunch," he said.
	"I shall join the meeting after lunch," he said.
	"I can join the meeting after lunch," he said.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage:** 1. A media strategy was framed based on outreach results. 2. Demographic metrics were tracked from campaign dashboards. 3. User interactions were collected across platforms. 4. Analysts segmented users by age and behavior.
	3-2-4-1
	2-3-1-4
	3-1-4-2
	4-1-2-3

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. It is a process that involves the systematic and objective investigation of a subject to discover new facts or to confirm existing ones. 2. Research is a foundational pillar of academic and scientific progress. 3. This can be either theoretical, aiming to expand knowledge, or applied, seeking to solve a practical problem. 4. The findings of this investigation are then documented and peer-reviewed to ensure validity and credibility.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	1, 2, 4, 3
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 4, 1, 2

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **12 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives

Liberty : Autonomy :: Equality : ?

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन करें

स्वतंत्रता : स्वायत्तता :: समानता : ?

	Legitimacy वैधता Neutrality तटस्थता
	Fairness फेयरनेस
	Diversity विविधता

Q.No: 2	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **B G L, G L Q, L Q V,Q V A, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **B G L, G L Q, L Q V,Q V A, ?**
	ZAS ZAS
	OKS OKS
	VAF VAF
	AVG AVG

Q.No: 3	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **DAG, FCI, ? , JGM, LIO** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **DAG, FCI, ? , JGM, LIO**
	GDJ

	GDJ
	IFL IFL HKE HKE
	HEK HEK

Q.No: 4	Which of the following alternatives will replace the question mark? **Atom, Molecule, Cell, ?** निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प प्रश्न चिह्न के स्थान पर आएगा? **परमाणु, अणु, कोशिका, ?**
	Tissue ऊतक
	Proton प्रोटॉन System प्रणाली
	Gene जीन

Q.No: 5	Complete the series: **_____, 150, 183, 219, 258** श्रृंखला पूरी करें: **_____, 150, 183, 219, 258**
	120 120 148

	148
	361 361 247 247

Q.No: 6	What will come at the place of question mark? **2, 12, 30, 56, 90, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? **2, 12, 30, 56, 90, ?**
	132 132
	140 140 142 142
	150 150

Q.No: 7	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Most farmers in the region depend on monsoon rains for irrigation. Conclusions: I. The region does not have proper irrigation infrastructure. II. A weak monsoon may reduce agricultural output.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यान से पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: क्षेत्र के अधिकांश किसान सिंचाई के लिए मानसून की बारिश पर निर्भर हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. क्षेत्र में उचित सिंचाई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर नहीं है। II. कमजोर मानसून कृषि उत्पादन को कम कर सकता है।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 8	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** The discovery of exoplanets in habitable zones around distant stars has provided exciting prospects for the search for extraterrestrial life, yet the vast distances and technological limitations pose significant obstacles to direct exploration. **Assumptions:** I. Exoplanets located in habitable zones may have the potential to support life. II. Current technology is insufficient to directly explore exoplanets in habitable zones. III. Direct exploration of exoplanets will be unnecessary if we detect signs of life remotely. **निर्देश**: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: दूर के तारों के आसपास रहने योग्य क्षेत्रों में एक्सोप्लैनेट की खोज ने अलौकिक जीवन की खोज के लिए रोमांचक संभावनाएँ प्रदान की हैं, फिर भी विशाल दूरियाँ और तकनीकी सीमाएँ प्रत्यक्ष अन्वेषण के लिए महत्वपूर्ण बाधाएँ उत्पन्न करती हैं। **मान्यताएँ**: I. रहने योग्य क्षेत्रों में स्थित एक्सोप्लैनेट में जीवन का समर्थन करने की क्षमता हो सकती है। II. वर्तमान तकनीक रहने योग्य क्षेत्रों में एक्सोप्लैनेट का सीधे अन्वेषण करने के लिए अपर्याप्त है। III. यदि हम दूर से जीवन के संकेतों का पता लगाते हैं तो एक्सोप्लैनेट का प्रत्यक्ष अन्वेषण अनावश्यक होगा।
	Only I and II are implicit

	केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III अंतर्निहित हैं। Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है। All assumptions are implicit सभी धारणाएं अंतर्निहित हैं।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 9	How many meaningful four-letter English words can be formed using the first, second, third, and sixth letters of the word **"PROVIDE"** (when counted from left to right), using each letter only once in each word? **"PROVIDE"** शब्द के पहले, दूसरे, तीसरे और छठे अक्षरों का उपयोग करके (बाएं से दाएं गिनने पर) कितने सार्थक चार-अक्षर वाले अंग्रेजी शब्द बनाए जा सकते हैं, प्रत्येक शब्द में प्रत्येक अक्षर का केवल एक बार उपयोग करते हुए?
	One एक
	Three तीन
	Two दो
	Five पाँच

Q.No: 10	**Which of the following addresses are identical to each other:** 1. Rajeev Chauhan 3/5, Lotus Enclave, Kanpur, 208012 2. Rajeev Chauhan 3-5, Lotus Enclave, Kanpur , 208012 3. Rajeev Chauhan 3-5, Lotus Enclave, Kanpur , 208012 4. Rajeev Chauhan 3-5, Lotus Enclave, Kanpur , 208002

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन से पते एक दूसरे के समान हैं: 1. राजीव चौहान 3/5, लोटस एन्क्लेव, कानपुर, 208012 2. राजीव चौहान 3-5, लोटस एन्क्लेव, कानपुर, 208012 3. राजीव चौहान 3-5, लोटस एन्क्लेव, कानपुर, 208012 4. राजीव चौहान 3-5, लोटस एन्क्लेव, कानपुर, 208002
	1 and 2 1 और 2
	2 and 3 2 और 3
	2 and 4 2 और 4
	3 and 4 3 और 4

Q.No: 11	Each of the letters in the word STAMINA is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is first from the left and the one that is fourth from the right in the new letter-cluster formed? STAMINA शब्द में प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णमाला क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएं से पहले अक्षर और दाएं से चौथे अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?
	11 11
	12 12 13 13
	14 14

Q.No: 12	Find the best option that best completes the analogy. **NPR : OQS :: XYZ : ?** **वह सर्वोत्तम विकल्प खोजें जो सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करता हो।** **NPR: OQS:: XYZ: ?**
	YZA YZA
	ZAB ZAB
	YAC YAC
	YAZ YAZ

Q.No: 13	In a row of 50 books, Book A is 15th from left and Book B is 20th from right. How many books lie between them? 50 किताबों की एक पंक्ति में, किताब A बाएँ से 15वें स्थान पर है और किताब B दाएँ से 20वें स्थान पर है। उनके बीच कितनी किताबें हैं?
	17 17
	15 15
	12 12
	10 10

Q.No: 14	In each of the following questions, the second word is formed by rearranging the letters of the first word according to a specific pattern. Identify that pattern and apply the same to the third word to find the correct answer from the given alternatives. **NUMERAL : UEALRMN :: ALGEBRA : ?**

	निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द के अक्षरों को एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न के अनुसार पुनर्व्यवस्थित करके दूसरा शब्द बनाया गया है। उस पैटर्न को पहचानिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर खोजने के लिए उसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू कीजिए।. **NUMERAL : UEALRMN :: ALGEBRA : ?**
	LRBAGEA LRBAGEA
	BARLAGE BARLAGE LERAGBA LERAGBA
	LERABGA LERABGA

Q.No: 15	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	TDS टीडीएस
	GST जीएसटी VAT वैट
	DNA डीएनए

Q.No: 16	If A is the son of B, and B is the brother of C, how is C related to A? यदि A, B का पुत्र है और B, C का भाई है, तो C, A से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

	Father पिता
	Uncle चाचा
	Brother भाई
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 17	One number is not like the others: **1331, 2197, 3375, 4096** एक संख्या बाकी संख्याओं से अलग है: 1331, 2197, 3375, 4096
	1331 1331
	3375 3375
	4096 4096
	2197 2197

Q.No: 18	Find the number that breaks the pattern: **2, 5, 10, 17, 28, 40, 58** वह संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए जो पैटर्न को तोड़ती है: 2, 5, 10, 17, 28, 40, 58
	10 10
	17

	17
	40 40
	28 28

Q.No: 19	In a certain code language, each letter is assigned a unique digit. Based on the given codes for specific words, determine the code for the target word using the same logic. If MOUSE is coded as 45291 and RAT as 786, how is STORE coded? किसी विशिष्ट कूट भाषा में, प्रत्येक अक्षर को एक विशिष्ट अंक दिया जाता है। विशिष्ट शब्दों के लिए दिए गए कूटों के आधार पर, उसी तर्क का उपयोग करके लक्ष्य शब्द के लिए कूट निर्धारित कीजिए। यदि MOUSE को 45291 और RAT को 786 के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है, तो STORE को किस प्रकार कूटबद्ध किया जाएगा?
	96571 96571
	97653 97653
	98345 98345
	96278 96278
Not Answered	

Q.No: 20	If 7 $ 3 = 58 and 6 $ 2 = 40, what is 5 $ 1? यदि 7 $ 3 = 58 और 6 $ 2 = 40, तो 5 $ 1 क्या है?
	26 26
	24

	24
	28 28 22 22
Not Answered	

Q.No: 21	Pointing to a girl, a woman says, 'She is the daughter of my mother's only daughter.' How is the girl related to the woman? एक लड़की की ओर इशारा करते हुए एक महिला कहती है, 'वह मेरी माँ की इकलौती बेटी की बेटी है।' लड़की का महिला से क्या संबंध है?
	Daughter बेटी
	Daughter-in-law बहू
	Cousin चचेरा
	Sister बहन

Q.No: 22	A woman says, "This man's son's sister is my daughter." How is the woman related to the man? एक महिला कहती है, "इस आदमी के बेटे की बहन मेरी बेटी है।" महिला का उस आदमी से क्या संबंध है?
	Wife पत्नी
	Sister बहन
	Mother माँ

	Daughter-in-law बहू

Q.No: 23	Two numbers are in ratio 7:9, and their sum is 128. Find the numbers. दो संख्याएँ 7:9 के अनुपात में हैं, और उनका योग 128 है। संख्याएँ ज्ञात कीजिए।
	49, 79 49, 79
	56, 72 56, 72
	62, 66 62, 66
	70, 58 70, 58

Q.No: 24	If 16+11=A and $\frac{1}{9}$=B, and A % B=(A×B)−1, then what is A % B? यदि 16+11=A और $\frac{1}{9}$=B, और A % B=(A×B)−1, तो A % B क्या है?
	0 0
	-3 -3
	2 2
	5 5

Q.No: 25	If the sum of 28 and 22 is multiplied by 8, what is the result? यदि 28 और 22 के योग को 8 से गुणा किया जाए तो परिणाम क्या होगा?
	384 384
	400 400
	415 415
	416 416

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **12 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A):** Humayun's Tomb was the first major Mughal garden tomb and directly inspired the design of the Taj Mahal. **Reason (R):** It introduced the charbagh garden layout and double-domed mausoleum style that became characteristic of later Mughal architecture.

	नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के रूप में चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों को चिह्नित करें: **अभिकथन (A):** हुमायूँ का मकबरा पहला प्रमुख मुगल उद्यान मकबरा था और इसने सीधे ताजमहल के डिजाइन को प्रेरित किया। **कारण (R):** इसने चारबाग उद्यान लेआउट और दोहरे गुंबद वाले मकबरे की शैली पेश की जो बाद में मुगल वास्तुकला की विशेषता बन गई।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 27	Which ancient ruler's administration is noted for its highly centralized structure? किस प्राचीन शासक का प्रशासन अपनी अत्यधिक केंद्रीकृत संरचना के लिए जाना जाता है?
	Harshavardhana हर्षवर्धन
	Samudragupta समुद्रगुप्त
	Chandragupta Maurya चन्द्रगुप्त मौर्य
	Pulakeshin II पुलकेशिन द्वितीय
Not Answered	

Q.No: 28	Which of the following **correctly** reflects the evolution of Indian classical music? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारतीय शास्त्रीय संगीत के विकास को **सही** ढंग से दर्शाता है?

	Jatis evolved from ragas as per ancient texts प्राचीन ग्रंथों के अनुसार जातियां रागों से विकसित हुई हैं
	72-mela system was given by Bharata in 13th century 72-मेला प्रणाली 13 वीं शताब्दी में भरत द्वारा दी गई थी
	Folk music originally used mela and grama scales लोक संगीत में मूलतः मेला और ग्रामा स्केल का प्रयोग किया जाता था
	Ragas evolved from jatis; 72-mela was by Venkatamakhi रागों का विकास जातियों से हुआ; 72-मेल वेंकटमाखी द्वारा रचित था
Not Answered	

Q.No: 29	Consider the following statements about the phases of long jump: 1) The athlete attains maximum momentum by running on the runway before take-off. 2) During take-off, the athlete pushes off with the weaker foot to maintain balance. Which of the statements given above are **correct?** लंबी कूद के चरणों के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) एथलीट टेक-ऑफ से पहले रनवे पर दौड़कर सबसे बड़ा क्षण प्राप्त करता है। 2) टेक-ऑफ के दौरान, एथलीट संतुलन बनाए रखने के लिए कमज़ोर पैर से धक्का देता है। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन-सा कथन **सही** है?
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 सही हैं. Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है.

Q.No: 30	Mary Kom’s most recent international gold medal was won at which tournament? मैरी कॉम ने अपना सबसे हालिया अंतर्राष्ट्रीय स्वर्ण पदक किस टूर्नामेंट में जीता था?
	Asian Games, Hangzhou एशियाई खेल, हांग्जो
	President’s Cup, Indonesia प्रेसिडेंट कप, इंडोनेशिया
	Commonwealth Games, Birmingham राष्ट्रमंडल खेल, बर्मिंघम
	Olympic Games, Tokyo ओलंपिक खेल, टोक्यो
Not Answered	
Q.No: 31	The Regulating Act of 1773 primarily introduced changes in the Company's administration in which two distinct areas? 1773 के रेग्युलेटिंग एक्ट ने मुख्य रूप से कंपनी के प्रशासन में किन दो अलग-अलग क्षेत्रों में परिवर्तन पेश किए?
	Company's Judicial system and revenue collection. कंपनी की न्यायिक प्रणाली और राजस्व संग्रह।
	Company's Military strategy and trade regulations. कंपनी की सैन्य रणनीति और व्यापार विनियमन।
	Company's constitution at home and territorial control in India. घरेलू स्तर पर कंपनी का संविधान और भारत में प्रादेशिक नियंत्रण।
	Company's relations with princely states and foreign policy. कंपनी के रियासतों के साथ संबंध और विदेश नीति।

Q.No: 32	**Consider the following statements regarding India's water-sharing treaties with its neighbours:** 1) The Mahakali Treaty signed with Nepal in 1996 includes provisions for integrated development of the Mahakali River and the Pancheshwar Project. 2) The Ganga Water Treaty signed with Bangladesh in 1996 allows for the sharing of Ganga waters at Farakka throughout the entire year. Which of the statements above **is/are correct?** **भारत की अपने पड़ोसियों के साथ जल-बंटवारा संधियों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1) 1996 में नेपाल के साथ हस्ताक्षरित महाकाली संधि में महाकाली नदी और पंचेश्वर परियोजना के एकीकृत विकास के प्रावधान शामिल हैं। 2) 1996 में बांग्लादेश के साथ हस्ताक्षरित गंगा जल संधि, पूरे वर्ष फरक्का में गंगा जल के बँटवारे की अनुमति देती है। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है Both 1 and 2 are Correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	**Fill in the blank:** Under the SLKIC vertical of Khelo India, ___ Kendriya Vidyalayas have been adopted in partnership with KVS. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** खेलो इंडिया के एसएलकेआईसी वर्टिकल के अंतर्गत, केवीएस के साथ साझेदारी में ___ केंद्रीय विद्यालयों को गोद लिया गया है।
	3 3
	4 4
	5

	5
	6 6
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Consider the following statements about "The Adventures of Kakababu, Volume 1" by Sunil Gangopadhyaya: 1) A pioneering Bengali adventure novel featuring detective Kakababu with mystery and cultural themes. 2) A political satire on post-independence Indian governance. 3) An autobiography of the author's freedom fighter experiences in Bengal. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** सुनील गंगोपाध्याय द्वारा लिखित "द एडवेंचर्स ऑफ़ काकाबाबू, खंड 1" के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1) रहस्य और सांस्कृतिक विषयों पर आधारित जासूस काकाबाबू पर आधारित एक अग्रणी बंगाली साहसिक उपन्यास। 2) स्वतंत्रता-पश्चात भारतीय शासन पर एक राजनीतिक व्यंग्य। 3) बंगाल में लेखक के स्वतंत्रता संग्राम के अनुभवों पर आधारित एक आत्मकथा। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं?
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Statements 2 and 3 are correct कथन 2 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 are correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Q.No: 35	Which indian political leader addressed a special session in 2025 on "Environment, COP-30, and Global Health"? किस भारतीय राजनीतिक नेता ने 2025 में "पर्यावरण, COP-30 और वैश्विक स्वास्थ्य" पर एक विशेष सत्र को संबोधित किया?
	Piyush Goyal

	पीयूष गोयल
	Hardeep Puri हरदीप पुरी
	Narendra Modi नरेंद्र मोदी
	S. Jaishankar एस. जयशंकर

Q.No: 36	Which of the following types of landslides involves backward rotation of the slipping material? निम्नलिखित में से किस प्रकार के भूस्खलन में फिसलने वाली सामग्री का पीछे की ओर घूमना शामिल होता है?
	Rockslide चट्टान खिसकना
	Rock fall चट्टान गिरना
	Slump स्लम्प
	Debris fall मलबा गिरना

Q.No: 37	What is meant by population density? जनसंख्या घनत्व से क्या तात्पर्य है?
	Population per household प्रति परिवार जनसंख्या
	People per square kilometre प्रति वर्ग किलोमीटर लोग

	People per region क्षेत्र के अनुसार लोग People per district प्रति जिला लोग

Q.No: 38	**Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are given below. Choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** Population explosion occurs when death rates decline rapidly but birth rates remain high. **Reason (R):** Societal reproductive behavior changes instantly with improvements in healthcare. **नीचे अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) दिए गए हैं। सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** जनसंख्या विस्फोट तब होता है जब मृत्यु दर में तेज़ी से गिरावट आती है लेकिन जन्म दर ऊँची रहती है। **कारण (R):** स्वास्थ्य सेवा में सुधार के साथ सामाजिक प्रजनन व्यवहार में तुरंत बदलाव आता है। Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 39	Which of the following best reflects the fundamental objective of applying generative design in aerospace systems engineering? निम्नलिखित में से कौन एयरोस्पेस सिस्टम इंजीनियरिंग में जनरेटिव डिज़ाइन को लागू करने के मूलभूत उद्देश्य को सबसे अच्छी तरह से दर्शाता है?
	Facilitating seamless integration of multi-payload platforms in shared bus structures साझा बस संरचनाओं में बहु-पेलोड प्लेटफार्मों के निर्बाध एकीकरण की सुविधा प्रदान करना
	Optimizing mechanical configurations for minimum mass and maximum structural resilience न्यूनतम द्रव्यमान और अधिकतम संरचनात्मक लचीलेपन के लिए यांत्रिक विन्यास का अनुकूलन

	Enhancing life-support redundancies to meet crew safety protocols in deep-space missions गहन अंतरिक्ष मिशनों में चालक दल के सुरक्षा प्रोटोकॉल को पूरा करने के लिए जीवन-सहायक अतिरेक को बढ़ाना Designing adaptive thrust mechanisms to dynamically control orbital corrections कक्षीय सुधारों को गतिशील रूप से नियंत्रित करने के लिए अनुकूली प्रणोद तंत्रों का डिजाइन तैयार करना

Q.No: 40	The function of lysosomes in cells is: कोशिकाओं में लाइसोसोम का कार्य है:
	Protein synthesis प्रोटीन संश्लेषण
	Intracellular digestion अंत:कोशिकीय पाचन
	Energy production ऊर्जा उत्पादन
	Genetic information storage आनुवंशिक जानकारी भंडारण

Q.No: 41	Which of the following statements regarding Article 270 are **correct?** 1) Article 270 governs the sharing of taxes between the Union and States, including proceeds from GST. 2) After the 101st Constitutional Amendment, Article 270 includes provisions for distributing revenue from Union taxes and GST. 3) The GST Compensation Cess is also shared between the Union and States under Article 270. अनुच्छेद 270 के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन से कथन **सही हैं?** 1) अनुच्छेद 270 केंद्र और राज्यों के बीच करों के बंटवारे को नियंत्रित करता है, जिसमें जीएसटी से प्राप्त आय भी शामिल है। 2) 101वें संविधान संशोधन के बाद, अनुच्छेद 270 में संघीय करों और जीएसटी से प्राप्त राजस्व के वितरण के प्रावधान शामिल हैं। 3) जीएसटी क्षतिपूर्ति उपकर भी अनुच्छेद 270 के तहत केंद्र और राज्यों के बीच साझा किया जाता है।
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1 Only

	केवल 1
	1 & 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 & 3 only केवल 2 और 3

Q.No: 42	If Earth's radius were reduced by 1% while its mass remained unchanged, what would be the effect on the gravitational acceleration at its surface? यदि पृथ्वी की त्रिज्या 1% कम कर दी जाए जबकि उसका द्रव्यमान अपरिवर्तित रहे, तो इसकी सतह पर गुरुत्वाकर्षण त्वरण पर क्या प्रभाव पड़ेगा?
	Increase by approximately 1% लगभग 1% की वृद्धि
	Decrease by approximately 2% लगभग 2% की कमी
	Increase by approximately 2% लगभग 2% की वृद्धि
	Decrease by approximately 1% लगभग 1% की कमी

Q.No: 43	Under Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita(BNSS), what is the maximum period for which a person can be held in police custody in total, even if remanded periodically by a magistrate? भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) के तहत, किसी व्यक्ति को पुलिस हिरासत में रखने की अधिकतम अवधि क्या है, भले ही उसे मजिस्ट्रेट द्वारा समय-समय पर रिमांड पर लिया जाए? 30 days 30 दिन
	60 days

	60 दिन
	90 days 90 दिन
	15 days (for initial remand, extendable) 15 दिन (प्रारंभिक रिमांड के लिए, विस्तार योग्य)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	What is the age range for farmers to enrol in the Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maandhan Yojana (PM-KMY)? प्रधानमंत्री किसान मानधन योजना (पीएम-केएमवाई) में नामांकन के लिए किसानों की आयु सीमा क्या है?
	18–30 years 18–30 वर्ष
	18–40 years 18–40 वर्ष
	21–45 years 21–45 वर्ष
	25–50 years 25–50 वर्ष
Not Answered	

Q.No: 45	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A):** UDAN Scheme improves regional air connectivity. **Reason (R):** It provides financial viability gap funding to airlines. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ:** **अभिकथन (A):** उड़ान योजना क्षेत्रीय हवाई संपर्क में सुधार करती है। **कारण (R):** यह एयरलाइनों को वित्तीय व्यवहार्यता अंतर निधि प्रदान करती है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है

	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 46	According to the Global Cities Index 2025 by Oxford Economics, which two cities retained their top positions? ऑक्सफोर्ड इकोनॉमिक्स द्वारा जारी ग्लोबल सिटीज इंडेक्स 2025 के अनुसार, किन दो शहरों ने अपना शीर्ष स्थान बरकरार रखा है?
	Tokyo and Beijing टोक्यो और बीजिंग
	London and New York लंदन और न्यूयॉर्क
	Paris and Rome पेरिस और रोम
	Berlin and Moscow बर्लिन और मॉस्को

Q.No: 47	Which of the following statements about light industries is **correct?** हल्के उद्योगों के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही है?**
	They process heavy ores and minerals. वे भारी अयस्कों और खनिजों का प्रसंस्करण करते हैं।
	They produce large-scale industrial machinery. वे बड़े पैमाने पर औद्योगिक मशीनरी का उत्पादन करते हैं।
	They require bulky and heavy raw materials.

	उन्हें भारी एवं भारी कच्चे माल की आवश्यकता होती है।
	Use light materials to make consumer goods उपभोक्ता वस्तुओं को बनाने के लिए हल्के पदार्थों का उपयोग करें

Q.No: 48	Schedule VII of the Constitution contains _____. संविधान की अनुसूची VII में _____ शामिल है। Election guidelines चुनाव दिशानिर्देश
	Three legislative lists तीन विधायी सूचियाँ
	Emergency powers आपातकालीन शक्तियां Judicial provisions न्यायिक प्रावधान

Q.No: 49	A coastal city implements a plan to build sea walls and elevate buildings in response to rising sea levels. This action primarily falls under which category of climate change response? एक तटीय शहर बढ़ते समुद्र स्तर के जवाब में समुद्री दीवारें बनाने और इमारतों को ऊँचा करने की योजना लागू करता है। यह कार्रवाई मुख्यतः जलवायु परिवर्तन प्रतिक्रिया की किस श्रेणी में आती है?
	Climate Change Mitigation. जलवायु परिवर्तन शमन.
	Carbon Sequestration. कार्बन पृथक्करण.
	Geoengineering. भू-इंजीनियरिंग.
	Climate Change Adaptation.

	जलवायु परिवर्तन अनुकूलन.

Q.No: 50	What specific physical quantity ensures a satellite maintains its orbit without continuous propulsion? कौन सी विशिष्ट भौतिक मात्रा यह सुनिश्चित करती है कि उपग्रह निरंतर प्रणोदन के बिना अपनी कक्षा बनाए रखे?
	Mass द्रव्यमान Gravitational pull गुरुत्वाकर्षण खिंचाव
	Orbital velocity कक्षीय वेग
	Atmospheric drag वायुमंडलीय खिंचाव

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	Let $x = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}$ and $y = \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{2}$. Which is greater? मान लीजिए $x = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}$ और $y = \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{2}$. कौन सा बड़ा है?
	x=y

	x=y
	x>y x>y
	x<y x<y
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Q.No: 52	The number of red, blue, and green marbles in a bag is in the ratio 3 : 4 : 6. If 20 red marbles, 15 blue marbles, and an unknown number of green marbles are added to the bag, the ratio of red, blue, and green marbles becomes 4 : 5 : 7. Determine the number of green marbles added. एक बैग में लाल, नीले और हरे मार्बल की संख्या का अनुपात 3 : 4 : 6 है। यदि बैग में 20 लाल मार्बल, 15 नीले मार्बल और अज्ञात संख्या में हरे मार्बल डाले जाएं तो लाल, नीले और हरे मार्बल का अनुपात 4 : 5 : 7 हो जाता है। डाले गए हरे मार्बल की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	3 3
	5 5
	7 7
	9 9

Q.No: 53	Evaluate the continued fraction: $x = 2 + \frac{1}{3+\frac{1}{4+\frac{1}{2}}}$ सतत भिन्न का मूल्यांकन करें: $x = 2 + \frac{1}{3+\frac{1}{4+\frac{1}{2}}}$

	$\frac{67}{29}$ $\frac{67}{29}$ $\frac{41}{17}$ $\frac{41}{17}$
	$\frac{45}{19}$ $\frac{45}{19}$ $\frac{47}{20}$ $\frac{47}{20}$

Q.No: 54	A and B invest ₹40,000 and ₹60,000 respectively in a business. What is A's share in a profit of ₹50,000? A और B ने एक व्यवसाय में क्रमश: ₹40,000 और ₹60,000 का निवेश किया। ₹50,000 के लाभ में A का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹15,000 ₹15,000
	₹20,000 ₹20,000
	₹25,000 ₹25,000 ₹30,000 ₹30,000

Q.No: 55	A and B contribute to a business investment in the ratio 3:5. They earn a profit of ₹64,000. A is a working partner and receives 10% of the profit extra. What is A's total share?

	A और B किसी व्यवसाय में 3:5 के अनुपात में निवेश करते हैं। वे ₹64,000 का लाभ कमाते हैं। A एक कार्यकारी साझेदार है और उसे लाभ का 10% अतिरिक्त मिलता है। A का कुल हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹26,500 ₹26,500
	₹28,000 ₹28,000
	₹38,500 ₹38,500
	₹36,000 ₹36,000
Not Answered	

Q.No: 56	In a team of 75 employees, the average monthly sales per employee is ₹ 1.8 lakh. If 30 junior employees average ₹ 1.2 lakh each, what is the average monthly sales figure (in ₹ lakh) for the senior employees? 75 कर्मचारियों की एक टीम में, प्रति कर्मचारी औसत मासिक बिक्री ₹ 1.8 लाख है। यदि 30 जूनियर कर्मचारियों में से प्रत्येक की औसत बिक्री ₹ 1.2 लाख है, तो वरिष्ठ कर्मचारियों की औसत मासिक बिक्री (₹ लाख में) क्या है?
	₹4.2 lakh ₹4.2 लाख
	₹2.2 lakh ₹2.2 लाख
	₹2.8 lakh ₹2.8 लाख
	₹2.7 lakh ₹2.7 लाख
Not Answered	

Q.No: 57	The price of petrol shot up by 5%. Before the hike, the price was Rs. 82 per litre. A man travels 3045 km every month and his car gives a mileage of 15 km per litre. What is the increase in the monthly expenditure (to the nearest Rs.) on the man's travel due to the hike in the petrol prices? पेट्रोल की कीमत में 5% की वृद्धि हुई। बढ़ोतरी से पहले, कीमत 82 रुपये प्रति लीटर थी। एक आदमी हर महीने 3045 किलोमीटर की यात्रा करता है और उसकी कार 15 किलोमीटर प्रति लीटर का माइलेज देती है। पेट्रोल की कीमतों में बढ़ोतरी के कारण आदमी की यात्रा पर मासिक खर्च (निकटतम रुपये में) में कितनी वृद्धि हुई है?
	₹820 ₹820
	₹832 ₹832
	₹845 ₹845
	₹850 ₹850
Not Answered	

Q.No: 58	A company placed an order for 20 high-end laptops and some quantity of standard desktops. The price of a high-end laptop was 5 times that of a standard desktop. Due to a mistake, the number of laptops and desktops was interchanged in the delivery. This caused the total bill to increase by 80%. What was the ratio of the number of high-end laptops to standard desktops in the original order? एक कंपनी ने 20 हाई-एंड लैपटॉप और कुछ मात्रा में स्टैन्डर्ड डेस्कटॉप का ऑर्डर दिया। हाई-एंड लैपटॉप की कीमत स्टैन्डर्ड डेस्कटॉप से 5 गुना थी। एक गलती के कारण, डिलीवरी में लैपटॉप और डेस्कटॉप की संख्या आपस में बदल गई। इससे कुल बिल 80% बढ़ गया। मूल ऑर्डर में हाई-एंड लैपटॉप और स्टैन्डर्ड डेस्कटॉप की संख्या का अनुपात क्या था?
	1:2 1:2 2:1 2:1
	5:2 5:2

	2:5 2:5
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	Find the compound interest on ₹8,000 at 12% per annum for 3 years 4 months, compounded annually. ₹8,000 पर 3 वर्ष 4 माह के लिए 12% वार्षिक दर से वार्षिक संयोजित चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹3,000 ₹3,000
	₹4,000 ₹4,000
	₹3,689 ₹3,689
	₹3,600 ₹3,600

Q.No: 60	A candy shop owner buys three kinds of candies: red, blue, and green. Red candies are purchased at 3 for ₹15, blue candies at 4 for ₹18, and green candies at 5 for ₹22. He mixes them in the ratio 1 : 1 : 2. He sells all the mixed candies at 2 for ₹10. What is his approximate gain or loss percentage? एक कैंडी शॉप का मालिक तीन तरह की कैंडी खरीदता है: लाल, नीली और हरी। लाल कैंडी 3 कैंडी ₹15 में, नीली कैंडी 4 कैंडी ₹18 में और हरी कैंडी 5 कैंडी ₹22 में खरीदी जाती है। वह उन्हें 1 : 1 : 2 के अनुपात में मिलाता है। वह सभी मिश्रित कैंडी 2 कैंडी ₹10 में बेचता है। उसका अनुमानित लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	Loss of 9.2% 9.2% की हानि
	Profit of 9.29% 9.29% का लाभ
	Profit of 10% 10% का लाभ

	Loss of 10% 10% की हानि
Not Answered	

Q.No: 61	The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5. If 20 more girls join the school, the new ratio of boys to girls becomes 7:6. What is the total number of students in the school initially? एक स्कूल में लड़कों और लड़कियों का अनुपात 7:5 है। यदि 20 और लड़कियाँ स्कूल में शामिल हो जाती हैं, तो लड़कों और लड़कियों का नया अनुपात 7:6 हो जाता है। शुरू में स्कूल में छात्रों की कुल संख्या कितनी थी?
	200 200
	240 240
	300 300
	360 360

Q.No: 62	A, B, and C are capable of completing a job in 30, 45, and 90 days, respectively. A works every day, while B and C join A every fifth day. How long will it take to finish the task? A, B और C किसी काम को क्रमशः 30, 45 और 90 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। A हर दिन काम करता है, जबकि B और C हर पांचवें दिन A के साथ जुड़ते हैं। काम पूरा करने में कितना समय लगेगा?
	25 days 25 दिन
	18 days 18 दिन
	16 days

	16 दिन
	12 days 12 दिन

Q.No: 63	A 100-litre solution contains acid and water in the ratio 3:2. Some quantity of this solution is removed and replaced with pure acid. If the final ratio of acid to water becomes 7:3, how many litres of solution were replaced? 100 लीटर के घोल में एसिड और पानी का अनुपात 3:2 है। इस घोल की कुछ मात्रा निकाल कर शुद्ध एसिड से बदल दिया जाता है। यदि एसिड और पानी का अंतिम अनुपात 7:3 हो जाता है, तो कितने लीटर घोल को बदला गया?
	35 litres 35 लीटर
	25 litres 25 लीटर
	50 litres 50 लीटर
	20 litres 20 लीटर

Q.No: 64	The ratio of the efficiencies of two workers, P and Q, is 5 : 2. If P can complete a project in 12 days, how many days will Q take to complete the same project alone? दो श्रमिकों, P और Q की कार्यक्षमता का अनुपात 5: 2 है। यदि P एक परियोजना को 12 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है, तो Q को अकेले उसी परियोजना को पूरा करने में कितने दिन लगेंगे?
	24 days 24 दिन
	30 days 30 दिन
	35 days

	35 दिन
	40 days 40 दिन

Q.No: 65	A car starts from point P on a circular track and an SUV starts from point Q, which is 600 meters ahead of P in the direction of motion. The car's speed is 15 m/s, and the SUV's speed is 10 m/s. The circumference of the track is 1.5 km. How much distance will the car have traveled when it first overtakes the SUV? एक कार एक वृत्ताकार ट्रैक पर बिंदु P से चलना शुरू करती है और एक SUV बिंदु Q से चलना शुरू करती है, जो गति की दिशा में P से 600 मीटर आगे है। कार की गति 15 मीटर/सेकंड है, और SUV की गति 10 मीटर/सेकंड है। ट्रैक की परिधि 1.5 किमी है। जब कार पहली बार SUV से आगे निकलेगी तो उसने कितनी दूरी तय की होगी?
	900 m 900 मी
	1200 m 1200 मी
	1500 m 1500 मी
	1800 m 1800 मी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 66	A circular park having a radius of 14 m. If a 1.5 m wide path is built around it, what is the approximate area of the path? एक वृत्ताकार पार्क की त्रिज्या 14 मीटर है। यदि इसके चारों ओर 1.5 मीटर चौड़ा पथ बनाया जाए, तो पथ का अनुमानित क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	139 m^2 139 मीटर^2
	135 m^2 135 मीटर^2
	142 m^2

	142 मीटर^2
	150 m^2 150 मीटर^2

Q.No: 67	What is $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ radians in degrees? $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ रेडियन कितने डिग्री में है?
	225° 225°
	180° 180°
	240° 240°
	360° 360°

Q.No: 68	The line $y = -x + 4$ passes through which of the following points? रेखा $y = -x + 4$,निम्नलिखित में से किस बिंदु से होकर गुजरती है?
	(2, 2) (2, 2)
	(5, 4) (5, 4) (1, 2) (1, 2) (3, 6)

	(3, 6)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 69	What is the central angle of a sector with an arc length of 10 cm in a circle of radius 5 cm? 5 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले वृत्त में 10 सेमी चाप लंबाई वाले एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण क्या है?
	6 radians 6 रेडियन
	3 radians 3 रेडियन
	2 radians 2 रेडियन
	4 radians 4 रेडियन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 70	If $\tan(90° - A) = \sqrt{3}$, what is sin A? यदि $\tan(90° - A) = \sqrt{3}$, तो sin A क्या है?
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

Q.No: 71	If $x = \sqrt{7}$, determine the value of $x + \frac{1}{x}$. यदि $x = \sqrt{7}$, तो $x + \frac{1}{x}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए
	$\frac{8\sqrt{7}}{7}$ $\frac{8\sqrt{7}}{7}$
	$\frac{7\sqrt{7}}{8}$ $\frac{7\sqrt{7}}{8}$
	$\frac{7\sqrt{7}}{9}$ $\frac{7\sqrt{7}}{9}$
	$\frac{9\sqrt{7}}{7}$ $\frac{9\sqrt{7}}{7}$

Q.No: 72	Two triangles are similar with sides in the ratio 3:5. What is the ratio of their areas? दो त्रिभुज समरूप हैं जिनकी भुजाओं का अनुपात 3:5 है। उनके क्षेत्रफलों का अनुपात क्या है?
	3:5 3:5
	5:3 5:3

	9:25 9:25
	25:9 25:9

Q.No: 73	If $x = \sqrt{\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}}$, then determine the value of $x^2 + x - 9$? $x = \sqrt{\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}}$,फिर का मान निर्धारित करें $x^2 + x - 9$?
	$3\sqrt{3}$ $3\sqrt{3}$
	$5\sqrt{3}$ $5\sqrt{3}$
	$7\sqrt{3}$ $7\sqrt{3}$ $9\sqrt{3}$ $9\sqrt{3}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 74	The angles of a cyclic quadrilateral are in the ratio 1:2:3:4. What is the measure of the smallest angle? एक चक्रीय चतुर्भुज के कोणों का अनुपात 1:2:3:4 है। सबसे छोटे कोण का माप क्या है?
	36° 36°
	72° 72°

	108° 108° 144° 144°

Q.No: 75	If $secA = \frac{13}{5}$ and A is acute, find $sinA$. $secA = \frac{13}{5}$ और A न्यूनकोण है, तो ज्ञात कीजिए $sinA$.
	$\frac{5}{13}$ $\frac{5}{13}$
	$\frac{12}{13}$ $\frac{12}{13}$
	$\frac{13}{12}$ $\frac{13}{12}$ $\frac{13}{5}$ $\frac{13}{5}$

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **12 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **ABNEGATE**
	Demand

	Accept
	Renounce
	Support

Q.No: 77	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Move heaven and earth**
	To relocate frequently
	To work tirelessly to achieve something
	To stay silent in protest
	To follow blindly

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Puissant**
	Feeble
	Robust
	Powerful
	Strong

Q.No: 79	Identify the **misspelt** word
	Supersede
	Perseverance

	Priviledge
	Assassinate

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of a drug-effect psychology field.
	Psychopharmacology
	Psychopharmacholog
	Psychopharmeocology
	Psychopharmocology

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who abstains from all forms of indulgence'.
	Ascetic
	Agnostic
	Mystic
	Skeptic

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** Neither the principal investigator ___ the co-authors anticipated the backlash.
	nor
	or
	and

	nor did

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** The board will convene next Friday, ___ final approval is expected.
	at which
	on which
	when
	whereupon

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** Nothing short of a paradigm shift will ___ the entrenched bureaucratic inertia.
	persuade
	dislodge
	dissuasion
	disillusion

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Much of what appears to be coordination (1)/ among the regulatory bodies and private stakeholders (2)/ are, in fact, coincidental overlaps (3)/ caused by differing mandates. (4)
	(1)
	(2)

	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** That the framework lacks provisions for backward compatibility (1)/ is less problematic than the assumption (2)/ that all peripheral institutions will, without coercion, (3)/ adheres to the central directive as framed. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** People can seldom access archived manuscripts without clearance.
	Archived manuscripts can seldom being accessed without clearance. Archived manuscripts could seldom be accessed without clearance.
	Archived manuscripts can seldom be accessed without clearance.
	Archived manuscripts are seldom able to be accessed without clearance.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The prince's **gules** dominated the family coat of arms.

	The tapestry featured gules and argent prominently.
	The chef prepared a sauce of deep gules and cumin.
	The gules border signified martial lineage.
	The herald explained the symbolism of gules to visitors.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The package is delivered to the office every morning.
	The office delivers the package every morning.
	Someone delivers the package to the office every morning.
	The office has delivered the package every morning.
	The package delivers itself to the office every morning.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike. What primary democratic function does social media serve, as per the paragraph?
	Promoting entertainment
	Replacing newspapers
	Facilitating free flow of information
	Organizing trade unions

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike. What makes social media a double-edged tool in democratic societies?
	Its affordability
	Its visual design
	Its ability to spread both truth and misinformation
	Its international reach

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike. According to the paragraph, which element amplifies marginalized voices through social media?
	Editorial boards
	Gatekeeping journalism
	Viral reach and grassroots mobilization
	Institutional press

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike. What does the author suggest as a critical solution to social media misuse in democracies?
	Enhanced meme culture
	Legalizing all content
	Algorithmic transparency and media literacy
	Global censorship policies

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike. In the author's view, what determines whether social media supports or undermines democracy?
	Political advertisements
	How platforms are funded
	Societal intent and ethical usage
	Popularity of influencers
Not Answered	

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: No sooner had I reached the station ***when the train departed.***
	than the train departed

	then the train departed
	when the train had departed
	than did the train depart

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The manager ***asked to the clerk to submit the report.***
	asked the clerk that submit the report
	requested the clerk to submit report
	asked the clerk to submit the report
	told to the clerk submit report

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "I saw him last night."
	She said she had seen him the previous night.
	She said she has seen him last night.
	She said she was seeing him last night.
	She said she had saw him the previous night.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The librarian said that silence must be maintained in the library.
	"Silence should be maintained in the library," said the librarian.
	"You will maintain silence in the library," the librarian said.
	"Maintain silence in the library," said the librarian.
	"Must you maintain silence in the library?" asked the librarian.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. Consequently, effective communication hinges on more than just the words we choose. 2. Non-verbal cues, such as tone of voice, facial expressions, and body language, can convey more meaning than the verbal message itself. 3. Communication is a complex process involving the exchange of information, ideas, and feelings between individuals. 4. It's often the subtle signals that tell us how a message is truly being received or intended.
	3, 2, 1, 4
	2, 4, 1, 3
	1, 4, 3, 2
	3, 4, 2, 1

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. A key strategy is to diversify energy sources, transitioning from fossil fuels to renewable alternatives like solar, wind, and geothermal power.2. To mitigate the worst effects of climate change, the global community must drastically reduce its reliance on carbon-intensive energy production.3. This shift not only decreases greenhouse gas emissions but also improves air quality and creates new economic opportunities.4. Additionally, policies that promote energy efficiency in buildings and transportation can further lower overall energy consumption.
	2, 1, 3, 4

	1, 2, 3, 4
	4, 1, 2, 3
	2, 3, 1, 4

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **12 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

A E I,E I M,I M Q,M Q U, ?

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **A E I,E I M,I M Q,M Q U, ?**
	QUY QUY
	QKS QKS
	LMX LMX
	KJS KJS

Q.No: 2	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **ACE EIM IOU MUC ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **ACE EIM IOU MUC ?**
	QSA QSA
	UHG UHG
	QAK QAK
	CGD CGD

Q.No: 3	What comes next**: 12, 30, 56, 90, 132, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **12, 30, 56, 90, 132, ?**
	182

	182
	250 250 190 190
	293 293

Q.No: 4	What will be come at the place of question mark? **1, 2, 5, 26, 677, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? **1, 2, 5, 26, 677, ?**
	458330 458330
	456976 456976
	453625 453625
	458329 458329

Q.No: 5	Find the number that fits:2, 5, 10, 17, ? वह संख्या ज्ञात करें जो उपयुक्त हो: 2, 5, 10, 17, ?
	26 26
	24 24

	21 21 20 20

Q.No: 6	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** While the world is moving towards automation, it is essential to ensure that ethical frameworks evolve alongside technological advancements to prevent misuse. **Assumptions:** I. Automation can lead to ethical dilemmas. II. Ethical frameworks must be updated to keep pace with technological advancements. III. Automation will eventually replace human labor in all sectors. **निर्देश**: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: जबकि दुनिया स्वचालन की ओर बढ़ रही है, यह सुनिश्चित करना आवश्यक है कि दुरुपयोग को रोकने के लिए तकनीकी प्रगति के साथ-साथ नैतिक ढाँचे विकसित हों। **मान्यताएँ**: I. स्वचालन से नैतिक दुविधाएँ पैदा हो सकती हैं। II. तकनीकी प्रगति के साथ तालमेल रखने के लिए नैतिक ढाँचों को अद्यतन किया जाना चाहिए। III. स्वचालन अंततः सभी क्षेत्रों में मानव श्रम की जगह ले लेगा।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only I and III are implicit केवल I और III निहित हैं
	All are implicit सभी निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है।

Q.No: 7	The position of how many letters will remain unchanged if each of the letters in the word DEVELOP is arranged in alphabetical order? यदि शब्द DEVELOP के प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णमाला क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाए तो कितने अक्षरों की स्थिति अपरिवर्तित रहेगी?
	Two दो
	Four चार
	Three तीन
	Five पाँच

Q.No: 8	**Identify the similar address:** No. 45, First Avenue, Raja Annamalaipuram, Chennai, Tamil Nadu – 600028 **समान पता पहचानें:** नंबर 45, फर्स्ट एवेन्यू, राजा अन्नामलाईपुरम, चेन्नई, तमिलनाडु – 600028
	No. 45, 1st Avenue, R.A. Puram, Chennai, TN 600028 नंबर 45, प्रथम एवेन्यू, आर.ए. पुरम, चेन्नई, टीएन 600028
	No. 45, First Avenue, Raja Annamalaipuram, Chennai, Tamil Nadu – 600028 नंबर 45, फर्स्ट एवेन्यू, राजा अन्नामलाईपुरम, चेन्नई, तमिलनाडु – 600028
	45, First Avenue, Raja Annamalai Puram, Chennai, Tamil Nadu – 600028 45, फर्स्ट एवेन्यू, राजा अन्नामलाई पुरम, चेन्नई, तमिलनाडु – 600028
	No. 45/1, First Avenue, R. Annamalaipuram, Chennai, Tamil Nadu – 600028 नंबर 45/1, फर्स्ट एवेन्यू, आर. अन्नामलाईपुरम, चेन्नई, तमिलनाडु – 600028

Q.No: 9	From the given options, find the word which cannot be formed using the letters of the given word: INTELLIGENCE दिए गए विकल्पों में से वह शब्द चुनिए जो दिए गए शब्द के अक्षरों का प्रयोग करके नहीं बनाया जा सकता: INTELLIGENCE

	CANCEL CANCEL
	NEGLECT NEGLECT
	GENTLE GENTLE
	INCITE INCITE

Q.No: 10	Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H are sitting around a circle facing the center. C is second to the right of A. E is opposite C. F is to the immediate left of E. B is to the immediate right of A. G is to the immediate left of D. Who is sitting to the right of D? आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H केंद्र की ओर मुख करके एक वृत्त के चारों ओर बैठे हैं। C, A के दाईं ओर दूसरे स्थान पर है। E, C के विपरीत है। F, E के ठीक बाईं ओर है। B, A के ठीक दाईं ओर है। G, D के ठीक बाईं ओर है। D के दाईं ओर कौन बैठा है?
	H H
	U U
	B B

	F F
Not Answered	

Q.No: 11	In each of the following questions, a specific alphabetic coding pattern has been applied to the first word to form the second word. Identify the same coding logic and apply it to the third word to determine the correct answer from the given options. **COUNTRY : FRXQWUB :: EXAMINE : ?** **प्रश्न का हिंदी अनुवाद:** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द पर एक विशेष वर्णमाला कोडिंग पैटर्न लागू किया गया है जिससे दूसरा शब्द प्राप्त हुआ है। उसी कोडिंग तर्क की पहचान करें और उसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू करके दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनें। **COUNTRY : FRXQWUB :: EXAMINE : ?**
	HAPDLQH HAPDLQH
	HADPLQH HADPLQH
	HAHPLDQ HAHPLDQ
	GBQDVWB GBQDVWB
Not Answered	

Q.No: 12	In each of the following questions, the second word is formed by rearranging the letters of the first word using a specific transformation, such as reversal or block shifting. Identify that transformation and apply it to the third word to choose the correct option. **KITCAT : CATTIK :: PENTOP : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, दूसरा शब्द पहले शब्द के अक्षरों को एक विशिष्ट परिवर्तन, जैसे कि उत्क्रमण या ब्लॉक शिफ्टिंग, का उपयोग करके पुनर्व्यवस्थित करके बनाया गया है। उस परिवर्तन को पहचानें और सही विकल्प चुनने के लिए उसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू करें। **KITCAT : CATTIK :: PENTOP : ?**
	TOPPEN

	TOPPEN
	TOPNEP TOPNEP
	POPTEN POPTEN
	POPNET POPNET

Q.No: 13	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	Z1# : Y2@ : X3$ Z1# : Y2@ : X3$
	W4% : V5^ : U6& W4% : V5^ : U6&
	T7* : S8(: R9) T7* : S8(: R9)
	Q10_ : P9@ : O8$ Q10_ : P9@ : O8$

Q.No: 14	**Instruction:** In a certain coding system: **'dream focus build skill'** is coded as **'trq, xnz, hmd, clv'** **'focus logic dream'** is coded as **'trq, jkp, xnz'** **'trust logic build dream'** is coded as **'xnj, clv, jkp, trq'** **Question:** What is the code for 'build skill logic trust'?

	निर्देश: एक निश्चित कोडिंग प्रणाली में: **'dream focus build skill'** को **'trq, xnz, hmd, clv'** के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है। **'focus logic dream'** को **'trq, jkp, xnz'** के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है। **'trust logic build dream'** को **'xnj, clv, jkp, trq'** के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है। **प्रश्न: 'build skill logic trust'** का कोड क्या है?
	clv, hmd, jkp, xnj clv, hmd, jkp, xnj
	clv, xnj, jkp, trq clv, xnj, jkp, trq hmd, xnz, jkp, xnj hmd, xnz, jkp, xnj
	hmd, clv, xnj, xnz hmd, clv, xnj, xnz

Q.No: 15	If x+2y=14 and x−y=5, find x. यदि x+2y=14 और x−y=5 है, तो x ज्ञात कीजिए।
	6 6
	4 4
	8 8
	10 10

Q.No: 16	If 6 $ 2 = 20 and 4 $ 3 = 19, then 5 $ 2 = ?

	यदि 6 $ 2 = 20 और 4 $ 3 = 19, तो 5 $ 2 = ?
	18 18
	17 17
	16 16
	15 15

Q.No: 17	If 'SAVE' is coded as '★3#5', and 'VASE' as '#3★5', then what is the code for 'EVAS'? यदि 'SAVE' को '★3#5' और 'VASE' को '#3★5' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'EVAS' के लिए कोड क्या होगा?
	5★3# 5★3#
	★5#7 ★5#7
	★5#3 ★5#3
	5#3★ 5#3★

Q.No: 18	If the ratio of two numbers is 3:5 and their sum is 64, find the numbers यदि दो संख्याओं का अनुपात 3:5 है और उनका योग 64 है, तो संख्याएँ ज्ञात कीजिए
	24, 40 24, 40

	20, 44 20, 44 18, 46 18, 46
	16, 48 16, 48

Q.No: 19	If 5 @ 3 = 28 and 4 @ 2 = 18, then what is 6 @ 4? यदि 5 @ 3 = 28 और 4 @ 2 = 18, तो 6 @ 4 क्या है?
	40 40
	52 52 64 64 76 76

Q.No: 20	Pointing to a girl, a man said, "She is the daughter of my mother's only son." How is the girl related to the man? एक लड़की की ओर इशारा करते हुए एक आदमी ने कहा, "वह मेरी माँ के इकलौते बेटे की बेटी है।" लड़की का उस आदमी से क्या संबंध है?
	Daughter बेटी
	Niece भतीजी
	Sister

	बहन
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 21	If P is the maternal uncle of Q, how is Q related to P's sister? यदि P, Q का मामा है, तो Q, P की बहन से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Niece/Nephew भतीजी/भतीजा
	Cousin चचेरा
	Son बेटा
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Q.No: 22	After interchanging + & × and 3 & 9, which of the following equations will hold true? + & × तथा 3 & 9 को आपस में बदलने पर, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समीकरण सत्य होगा?
	(3+5)×9=48 (3+5)×9=48 (9+2)×3=10 (9+2)×3=10
	(3+7)×9=60 (3+7)×9=60 (9+1)×3=15 (9+1)×3=15

Q.No: 23	If a % b = 37, where a % b = a + 2b, what is the value of a and b? यदि a % b = 37, जहाँ a % b = a + 2b, तो a और b का मान क्या है? 25,5 25,5
	27, 5 27, 5
	16, 10 16, 10 27, 10 27, 10

Q.No: 24	If + = ×, − = +, × = ÷; then 10 + 2 − 4 × 2 = ? यदि + = ×, − = +, × = ÷; तो 10 + 2 − 4 × 2 = ? 10 10
	19 19
	22 22 24 24

Q.No: 25	In a tournament of 7 players, each player plays every other player once. How many matches are there?

	7 खिलाड़ियों के एक टूर्नामेंट में, प्रत्येक खिलाड़ी दूसरे खिलाड़ी से एक बार खेलता है। कुल कितने मैच हैं?
	21 21
	42 42
	36 36
	28 28

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: 12 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 04:00 PM (Shift-3)
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	**Arrange the following classical dances in chronological order of earliest historical references (oldest to newest):** 1. Bharatanatyam 2. Mohiniyattam 3. Kathak 4. Manipuri **निम्नलिखित शास्त्रीय नृत्यों को आरंभिक ऐतिहासिक संदर्भों (सबसे पुराने से नवीनतम) के कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें:** 1. भरतनाट्यम 2. मोहिनीअट्टम 3. कथक 4. मणिपुरी
	1 - 3 - 2 - 4 1 - 3 - 2 - 4
	1 - 2 - 4 - 3 1 - 2 - 4 - 3
	1 - 3 - 4 - 2 1 - 3 - 4 - 2
	1 - 4 - 3 - 2 1 - 4 - 3 - 2

Q.No: 27	Which of the following pairs is **correctly** matched with the shape of its roof? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म इसकी छत के आकार से **सही** सुमेलित है? Latina — rectangular, wagon-shaped लैटिना - आयताकार, वैगन के आकार का
	Phamsana — slabs rising to a point, straight incline फमसाना - एक बिंदु तक उठने वाली स्लैब, सीधी ढलान
	Valabhi — tall, curving inward sharply वलभी - लंबा, तेजी से अंदर की ओर झुका हुआ Latina — low and broad with stepped roofing

	लैटिना - सीढ़ीदार छत के साथ कम और चौड़ा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 28	The Pongtu Festival, celebrated by the Tutsa tribe of Arunachal Pradesh, is primarily observed to seek blessings from which deity before millet harvesting? अरुणाचल प्रदेश की तुत्सा जनजाति द्वारा मनाया जाने वाला पोंगटू महोत्सव मुख्य रूप से बाजरा की कटाई से पहले किस देवता से आशीर्वाद लेने के लिए मनाया जाता है?
	Donyi-Polo डोनयी-पोलो
	Rangkhothak रंगखोथक
	Rangfraa रंगफ्रा
	Nyegi-Nyapa न्येगी-न्यापा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 29	**Fill in the blanks:** In Teen Taal of Hindustani Classical Music, the Khali is marked on the ____ matra. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** हिंदुस्तानी शास्त्रीय संगीत की तीनताल में, खाली ____ मात्रा पर होती है।
	1 1
	5 5
	9 9

	13 13
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Why is the weight and circumference of a cricket ball strictly regulated in official matches? आधिकारिक मैचों में क्रिकेट गेंद के वजन और परिधि को सख्ती से नियंत्रित क्यों किया जाता है?
	Heavier balls suit bowlers, lighter ones suit batsmen, so balance is needed भारी गेंदें गेंदबाजों के अनुकूल होती हैं, हल्की गेंदें बल्लेबाजों के अनुकूल होती हैं, इसलिए संतुलन की जरूरत होती है
	Variations affect bounce, swing, and fairness on standard pitches विविधताएं मानक पिचों पर उछाल, स्विंग और निष्पक्षता को प्रभावित करती हैं
	ICC mandates it to cut costs and simplify logistics आईसीसी ने इसे लागत में कटौती और रसद को सरल बनाने का काम सौंपा है
	Only red balls follow this; white balls have separate norms केवल लाल गेंदें ही इसका पालन करती हैं; सफ़ेद गेंद के लिए अलग मानदंड हैं

Q.No: 31	Which Indian athlete won the first-ever Paralympic gold in archery at the Paris 2024 Paralympics? किस भारतीय एथलीट ने पेरिस 2024 पैरालिंपिक में तीरंदाजी में पहला पैरालिंपिक स्वर्ण जीता?
	Sheetal Devi शीतल देवी
	Harvinder Singh हरविंदर सिंह
	Rakesh Kumar राकेश कुमार
	Preethi Pal प्रीति पाल

Q.No: 32	Which city hosted the Meeting of the BRICS Ministers of Foreign Affairs on 4 June 2018? 4 जून 2018 को ब्रिक्स विदेश मंत्रियों की बैठक किस शहर में आयोजित हुई?
	Pretoria, South Africa प्रिटोरिया, दक्षिण अफ्रीका
	Brasília, Brazil ब्रासीलिया, ब्राज़ील Beijing, China बीजिंग, चाइना
	New Delhi, India नई दिल्ली, भारत

Q.No: 33	Which of the following best describes the theme of the book 'Hot Stage'? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन 'हॉट स्टेज' पुस्तक के विषय का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	A collection of modern Indian plays on social issues सामाजिक मुद्दों पर आधुनिक भारतीय नाटकों का संग्रह
	A historical account of India's independence movement भारत के स्वतंत्रता आंदोलन का ऐतिहासिक विवरण
	A novel about ancient Indian mythology प्राचीन भारतीय पौराणिक कथाओं पर आधारित एक उपन्यास
	A travelogue about the Himalayas हिमालय के बारे में एक यात्रा वृत्तांत

Q.No: 34	Which of the following is **not** typically considered a weather element? निम्नलिखित में से किसे सामान्यत: मौसम तत्व **नहीं** माना जाता है?
	Temperature

	तापमान
	Humidity आर्द्रता
	Soil pH मिट्टी का पीएच
	Wind हवा

Q.No: 35	**Which of the following about the 61st National Chess Championship is/are correct?** 1.) GM Karthik Venkataraman won in Gurgaon and got ₹6 lakh. 2.) IM Neelash Saha finished 2nd but lost due to a tiebreak game vs Ganguly. **61वीं राष्ट्रीय शतरंज चैंपियनशिप के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?** 1.) ग्रैंडमास्टर कार्तिक वेंकटरमन ने गुड़गांव में जीत हासिल की और उन्हें ₹6 लाख मिले। 2.) अंतर्राष्ट्रीय शतरंज खिलाड़ी नीलाश साहा दूसरे स्थान पर रहे, लेकिन गांगुली के खिलाफ टाईब्रेक गेम के कारण हार गए।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	What was launched on Electrical Safety Day 2025 by MoS Power and New & Renewable Energy, Shri Shripad Naik? विद्युत सुरक्षा दिवस 2025 पर विद्युत और नवीन एवं नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा राज्य मंत्री श्री श्रीपद नाइक द्वारा क्या लॉन्च किया गया?

	National Fire Safety Code राष्ट्रीय अग्नि सुरक्षा संहिता
	Suraksha Shakti safety mascot सुरक्षा शक्ति सुरक्षा शुभंकर
	Smart Meter Adoption Program स्मार्ट मीटर अपनाने का कार्यक्रम
	Digital Grid Optimization Tool डिजिटल ग्रिड अनुकूलन उपकरण

Q.No: 37	**Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** The Chotanagpur Plateau is considered an eastern extension of the Central Highlands. **Reason (R):** The Chotanagpur Plateau is drained primarily by the Chambal and Betwa rivers. **निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** छोटानागपुर पठार को मध्य उच्चभूमि का पूर्वी विस्तार माना जाता है। **कारण (R):** छोटानागपुर पठार का जल-अपवाह मुख्यत: चंबल और बेतवा नदियों द्वारा होता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 38	In which year is the first module of the Bharatiya Antariksh Station (BAS) scheduled for launch? भारतीय अंतरिक्ष स्टेशन (बीएएस) का पहला मॉड्यूल किस वर्ष लॉन्च किया जाना है?

	2028 2028
	2030 2030
	2035 2035
	2040 2040

Q.No: 39	Which statement **best reflects** the role of non-metallic minerals in India? कौन सा कथन भारत में अधात्विक खनिजों की भूमिका को **सर्वोत्तम रूप** से दर्शाता है? India lacks enough reserves for industrial use. भारत में औद्योगिक उपयोग के लिए पर्याप्त भंडार का अभाव है।
	Mostly used as gems, with minimal industrial use. इसका अधिकतर उपयोग रत्नों के रूप में किया जाता है, तथा औद्योगिक उपयोग न्यूनतम होता है।
	India has rich reserves vital for major industries. भारत में प्रमुख उद्योगों के लिए महत्वपूर्ण समृद्ध भंडार मौजूद हैं। Only metallic minerals drive industrial growth. केवल धात्विक खनिज ही औद्योगिक विकास को गति देते हैं।

Q.No: 40	A Proclamation of National Emergency must be approved by each House within how many months? राष्ट्रीय आपातकाल की घोषणा को प्रत्येक सदन द्वारा कितने महीनों के भीतर अनुमोदित किया जाना चाहिए?
	1 1
	3

	3
	6 6 9 9

Q.No: 41	**Read the following statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** The Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle (PSLV) is widely recognized as the workhorse launch vehicle of ISRO. **Reason (R):** PSLV is highly versatile, capable of launching a diverse range of payloads into various Earth orbits (including Earth Observation, small Geosynchronous, and Navigation satellites), and boasts an exceptionally high mission success rate across its different variants. **अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़ें। सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** ध्रुवीय उपग्रह प्रक्षेपण यान (PSLV) को इसरो के सबसे महत्वपूर्ण प्रक्षेपण यान के रूप में व्यापक रूप से मान्यता प्राप्त है। **कारण (R):** PSLV अत्यधिक बहुमुखी है, विभिन्न प्रकार के पेलोड को विभिन्न पृथ्वी की कक्षाओं (पृथ्वी अवलोकन, छोटे भू-समकालिक और नौवहन उपग्रहों सहित) में प्रक्षेपित करने में सक्षम है, और इसके विभिन्न प्रकारों में असाधारण रूप से उच्च मिशन सफलता दर का दावा करता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 42	Which of the following is true regarding the Anglo-Indian representation in State Assemblies? राज्य विधानसभाओं में एंग्लो-इंडियन प्रतिनिधित्व के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य है?
	The Governor still nominates one Anglo-Indian member to the Assembly.

	राज्यपाल अभी भी विधानसभा में एक एंग्लो-इंडियन सदस्य को मनोनीत करते हैं।
	The provision was abolished by the 42nd Constitutional Amendment. इस प्रावधान को 42वें संविधान संशोधन द्वारा समाप्त कर दिया गया।
	The provision was abolished by the 104th Constitutional Amendment. इस प्रावधान को 104वें संविधान संशोधन द्वारा समाप्त कर दिया गया।
	Anglo-Indian members are elected through proportional representation. एंग्लो-इंडियन सदस्यों का चुनाव आनुपातिक प्रतिनिधित्व के माध्यम से किया जाता है।

Q.No: 43	Which of the following changes has Bharatiya Nagarik suraksha Samhita(BNSS) brought to criminal procedure? भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) ने आपराधिक प्रक्रिया में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा परिवर्तन लाया है?
	Replaced all IPC sections सभी आईपीसी धाराओं को प्रतिस्थापित किया गया
	Video-recorded confessions वीडियो-रिकॉर्ड किए गए इकबालिया बयान
	Presumption of guilt अपराध की धारणा
	Scrapping of all bail rights सभी जमानत अधिकारों को समाप्त करना

Q.No: 44	Which scheme supports financial services through postmen? कौन सी योजना डाकियों के माध्यम से वित्तीय सेवाओं का समर्थन करती है?
	NSAP ईएनएसएपी
	IPPB आईपीपीबी

	PMJAY पीएमजेएवाई PRAGATI प्रगति

Q.No: 45	**Fill in the Blank:** Kalbelia dance represents the movement of _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** कालबेलिया नृत्य _____ की गति को दर्शाता है। Camels ऊंट
	Snakes सांप
	Birds पक्षियों Horses घोड़ों

Q.No: 46	According to the IMD World Competitiveness Ranking 2025, which dimension does the country Switzerland hold 1st position in for both 2024 and 2025? आईएमडी विश्व प्रतिस्पर्धात्मकता रैंकिंग 2025 के अनुसार, स्विट्जरलैंड देश किस आयाम में 2024 और 2025 दोनों के लिए प्रथम स्थान रखता है?
	Business Efficiency व्यावसायिक दक्षता
	Infrastructure आधारभूत संरचना
	Economic Performance

	आर्थिक प्रदर्शन
	Employment रोज़गार

Q.No: 47	The 'Mangrove Cell' initiative in 2025 is primarily linked to which Indian state? 2025 में 'मैंग्रोव सेल' पहल मुख्य रूप से किस भारतीय राज्य से जुड़ी है?
	Odisha ओडिशा
	Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश
	Maharashtra महाराष्ट्र
	West Bengal पश्चिम बंगाल

Q.No: 48	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option: **Assertion (A):** Iron and steel is considered a heavy industry. **Reason (R):** It requires lightweight raw materials like cotton and rubber. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और **सही** विकल्प चुनें: **अभिकथन (A):** लोहा और इस्पात को एक भारी उद्योग माना जाता है। **कारण (R):** इसके लिए कपास और रबर जैसे हल्के कच्चे माल की आवश्यकता होती है। Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false

	A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 49	Consider the following statements about the MISHTI Scheme: 1. It aims at mangrove plantation using scientific methods. 2. It was announced under Budget 2023-24. 3. It includes commercial leasing of mangrove forests. मिष्टी योजना के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. इसका उद्देश्य वैज्ञानिक तरीकों का उपयोग करके मैंग्रोव वृक्षारोपण करना है। 2. इसकी घोषणा बजट 2023-24 के अंतर्गत की गई थी। 3. इसमें मैंग्रोव वनों को व्यावसायिक रूप से पट्टे पर देना शामिल है।
	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	All 1, 2 and 3 are correct सभी 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Q.No: 50	Article 370, which granted special status to Jammu and Kashmir, was abrogated by which constitutional mechanism? जम्मू-कश्मीर को विशेष दर्जा देने वाले अनुच्छेद 370 को किस संवैधानिक तंत्र द्वारा निरस्त किया गया?
	Presidential Order under Article 370(3) अनुच्छेद 370(3) के तहत राष्ट्रपति का आदेश
	Amendment by Parliament under Article 368

	अनुच्छेद 368 के तहत संसद द्वारा संशोधन
	Ordinance by the President राष्ट्रपति द्वारा अध्यादेश Order under Article 356 अनुच्छेद 356 के तहत आदेश

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **12 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51

If 60% of A = 0.3 of B = $\frac{1}{6}$ of C, find A: B: C.

यदि A का 60% = B का 0.3 = $\frac{1}{6}$ C का, तो A: B: C ज्ञात कीजिए।

	5 : 10 : 18 5 : 10 : 18
	18 : 10 : 5 18 : 10 : 5
	6 : 3 : 10 6 : 3 : 10
	10 : 5 : 18 10 : 5 : 18
Not Answered	

Q.No: 52	A car travels 0.875 km in 1 minute. How far does it travel in 1 hour 45 minutes? एक कार 1 मिनट में 0.875 किमी की यात्रा करती है। 1 घंटे 45 मिनट में यह कितनी दूरी तय करेगी?
	91.875km 91.875 किमी
	94.576 km 94.576 किमी
	95.444 km 95.444 किमी
	92.582 km 92.582 किमी

Q.No: 53	Simplify: $(\frac{1}{7+\sqrt{2}}) + (\frac{1}{7-\sqrt{2}}) - (\frac{14}{49-2})$ $(\frac{1}{7+\sqrt{2}}) + (\frac{1}{7-\sqrt{2}}) - (\frac{14}{49-2})$ को सरल करें।
	0 0

	1 1 2 2
	$\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$
Not Answered	
Q.No: 54	The expenditure of a household on food, clothing, and entertainment is in the ratio 2 : 4 : 4. In the coming year, the cost of food is expected to fall by 10%, clothing to rise by 5%, and entertainment to fall by 15%. What is the percent change (increase or decrease) in the total household expenditure? एक परिवार का भोजन, कपड़े और मनोरंजन पर व्यय 2 : 4 : 4 के अनुपात में है। आने वाले वर्ष में, भोजन की लागत में 10% की गिरावट, कपड़ों की लागत में 5% की वृद्धि और मनोरंजन की लागत में 15% की गिरावट आने की उम्मीद है। कुल घरेलू व्यय में प्रतिशत परिवर्तन (वृद्धि या कमी) क्या है?
	5% decrease 5% कमी
	6% increase 6% वृद्धि
	6% decrease 6% कमी
	5% increase 5% वृद्धि
Not Answered	

Q.No: 55	A and B invested ₹1,20,000 and ₹1,60,000 respectively. A remained for 10 months and B for 7 months. What is the total profit if B's share is ₹16,800? A और B ने क्रमशः ₹1,20,000 और ₹1,60,000 का निवेश किया। A 10 महीने और B 7 महीने तक रहा। यदि B का हिस्सा ₹16,800 है तो कुल लाभ क्या है?
	₹34,800 ₹34,800
	₹34,000

	₹34,000
	₹10,000 ₹10,000 ₹10,500 ₹10,500
Not Answered	

Q.No: 56	Two individuals, A and B, have rented a field. A places 21 horses in the field for 6 months and 15 cows for 2 months. B adds 15 cows for 6 months and 40 sheep for 7.5 months. If 3 horses consume the same amount of food as 5 cows, and 6 cows eat as much as 10 sheep, what portion of the rent should A cover? दो व्यक्तियों, A और B ने एक खेत किराए पर लिया है। वह 6 महीने के लिए खेत में 21 घोड़े और 2 महीने के लिए 15 गायें रखता है। B 6 महीने के लिए 15 गायें और 7.5 महीने के लिए 40 भेड़ें रखता है। यदि 3 घोड़े 5 गायों के बराबर भोजन खाते हैं, और 6 गायें 10 भेड़ों के बराबर खाती हैं, तो A को किराए का कितना हिस्सा देना चाहिए?
	$\frac{8}{17}$ $\frac{8}{17}$
	$\frac{19}{17}$ $\frac{19}{17}$
	$\frac{16}{17}$ $\frac{16}{17}$
	$\frac{20}{17}$ $\frac{20}{17}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 57	Two individuals, A and B rent a pasture. A uses 16 cows for a duration of 3 months and 20 sheep for 4 months and B uses 30 sheep for 6 months. If 4 cows are equivalent to 8 sheep, determine A's portion of the rent. दो व्यक्ति, A और B एक चरागाह किराए पर लेते हैं। A 3 महीने की अवधि के लिए 16 गायों और 4 महीने के लिए 20 भेड़ों का उपयोग करता है और B 6 महीने के लिए 30 भेड़ों का उपयोग करता है। यदि 4 गायें 8 भेड़ों के बराबर हैं, तो किराए में A का हिस्सा निर्धारित करें।
	$\frac{44}{89}$ $\frac{44}{89}$
	$\frac{54}{89}$ $\frac{54}{89}$ $\frac{64}{89}$ $\frac{64}{89}$
	$\frac{74}{89}$ $\frac{74}{89}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 58	Three groups of students have average ages 18, 20, and 22 respectively. If the number of students in the three groups is in the ratio 2:3:5, what is the overall average age? छात्रों के तीन समूहों की औसत आयु क्रमश: 18, 20 और 22 है। यदि तीनों समूहों में छात्रों की संख्या का अनुपात 2:3:5 है, तो कुल औसत आयु क्या है?
	19.6 19.6
	20.6 20.6
	15.6 15.6
	14.6

	14.6
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	The average of 11 numbers is 68. If the average of the first five is 63 and the average of the last five is 72, find the 6th number. 11 संख्याओं का औसत 68 है। यदि प्रथम पाँच का औसत 63 है और अंतिम पाँच का औसत 72 है, तो छठी संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	73 73
	74 74
	75 75
	76 76
Not Answered	

Q.No: 60	What is the average of all integers between 300 and 450 that are exactly divisible by 13? 300 और 450 के बीच उन सभी पूर्णांकों का औसत क्या है जो 13 से पूर्णतः विभाज्य हैं?
	277 277
	377 377
	477 477
	577 577
Not Answered	

Q.No: 61	Evaluate: $12\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\%$ of 560 km + $66\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\%$ of 240 km मूल्यांकन करना: $12\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\%$ of 560 km + $66\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\%$ of 240 km
	140 km 140 किमी
	230 km 230 किमी
	320 km 320 किमी
	450 km 450 किमी

Q.No: 62	A vendor sells shirts at ₹500 each, earning a 2% commission, and ties at ₹150 each, with a 12% commission. If he sells 3 shirts and 4 ties per day, what will be his total commission earned in 30 days? एक विक्रेता ₹500 प्रति शर्ट की दर से 2% कमीशन कमाता है, तथा ₹150 प्रति टाई की दर से 12% कमीशन कमाता है। यदि वह प्रतिदिन 3 शर्ट और 4 टाई बेचता है, तो 30 दिनों में उसका कुल कमीशन कितना होगा?
	₹2850 ₹2850
	₹3000 ₹3000
	₹3060 ₹3060
	₹3200 ₹3200
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A fruit seller sells apples at a loss of 5% on the cost price but uses a weight that is 20% less than the actual weight. Find his total profit percentage. एक फल विक्रेता लागत मूल्य पर 5% की हानि पर सेब बेचता है लेकिन वास्तविक वजन से 20% कम वजन का उपयोग करता है। उसका कुल लाभ प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।
	20.62%. 20.62%.
	19.25% 19.25%
	16.28% 16.28%
	18.75% 18.75%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 64	The profit made on an item sold for ₹2200 is equal to the loss incurred when it is sold for ₹1800. What will be the profit or loss percentage if the item is sold for ₹2050? ₹2200 में बेची गई वस्तु पर हुआ लाभ ₹1800 में बेचने पर हुई हानि के बराबर है। यदि वस्तु ₹2050 में बेची जाए तो लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या होगा?
	Profit of 2.25% 2.25% का लाभ
	Loss of 3.5% 3.5% की हानि
	Profit of 2.5% 2.5% का लाभ
	Loss of 4.25% 4.25% की हानि
Not Answered	

Q.No: 65	A mobile phone retailer sells a phone for ₹P and earns a profit of 20%. For a special festive offer, he marks the same phone at ₹1.5P. At the offer, he provides a discount of 10%. What will be the percentage profit that he will make during the festive offer? एक मोबाइल फोन रिटेलर एक फोन ₹P में बेचता है और 20% का लाभ कमाता है। एक विशेष त्यौहारी ऑफर के लिए, वह उसी फोन को ₹1.5P पर बेचता है। ऑफर पर, वह 10% की छूट देता है। त्यौहारी ऑफर के दौरान उसे कितना प्रतिशत लाभ होगा?
	26% 26%
	56% 56%
	62% 62%
	60% 60%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 66	A shopkeeper marked an item 25% above its cost price. During a sale, he offered a discount of 10%. What was his profit percentage? एक दुकानदार ने एक वस्तु पर उसके लागत मूल्य से 25% अधिक मूल्य अंकित किया। एक सेल के दौरान, उसने 10% की छूट दी। उसका लाभ प्रतिशत क्या था?
	10% 10%
	12.50% 12.50%
	15% 15% 17.5% 17.5%

Q.No: 67	A shopkeeper marks his goods at 60% above the cost price. He allows a discount of 25% on the marked price. If he also gives an additional cash discount of ₹150, and still makes a profit of 14% on the cost price, what is the cost price of the goods? एक दुकानदार अपने माल पर लागत मूल्य से 60% अधिक मूल्य अंकित करता है। वह अंकित मूल्य पर 25% की छूट देता है। यदि वह ₹150 की अतिरिक्त नकद छूट भी देता है, और फिर भी लागत मूल्य पर 14% का लाभ कमाता है, तो माल का लागत मूल्य क्या है?
	₹2000 ₹2000
	₹2500 ₹2500
	₹3000 ₹3000
	₹3500 ₹3500
Not Answered	

Q.No: 68	How many approximate kgs of sugar costing ₹45 per kg must be mixed with 25 kg of sugar costing ₹32 per kg so that a 15% gain may be obtained by selling the mixture at ₹43.70 per kg? ₹45 प्रति किग्रा वाली चीनी के लगभग कितने किग्रा को ₹32 प्रति किग्रा वाली 25 किग्रा चीनी के साथ मिलाया जाना चाहिए ताकि मिश्रण को ₹43.70 प्रति किग्रा पर बेचकर 15% लाभ प्राप्त किया जा सके?
	15 kg 15 किग्रा
	25 kg 25 किग्रा
	21 kg 21 किग्रा
	18 kg 18 किग्रा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 69	A right circular cone has a radius of 7 cm and height of 24 cm. What is the slant height? एक लम्ब वृत्तीय शंकु की त्रिज्या 7 सेमी और ऊँचाई 24 सेमी है। तिर्यक ऊँचाई क्या है?
	25 cm 25 सेमी
	30 cm 30 सेमी
	35 cm 35 सेमी
	40 cm 40 सेमी

Q.No: 70	A lent Rs. 5000 to B for a duration of 2 years and Rs. 3000 to C for a period of 4 years both at the same simple interest rate. In total, he received Rs. 2200 as interest from both borrowers. What is the rate of interest per annum? A ने B को 2 वर्ष की अवधि के लिए 5000 रुपये और C को 4 वर्ष की अवधि के लिए 3000 रुपये समान साधारण ब्याज दर पर उधार दिए। कुल मिलाकर, उसे दोनों उधारकर्ताओं से ब्याज के रूप में 2200 रुपये मिले। प्रति वर्ष ब्याज की दर क्या है?
	10% 10%
	12% 12%
	15% 15%
	17% 17%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 71	A triangular prism has base area of 25 cm^2. If height is increased by 20%, what is the new volume (original height was 10 cm)?

	एक त्रिभुजाकार प्रिज्म का आधार क्षेत्रफल 25 वर्ग सेमी है। यदि ऊँचाई 20% बढ़ा दी जाए, तो नया आयतन क्या होगा (मूल ऊँचाई 10 सेमी थी)?
	250 cm^3 250 सेमी ^{3} 275 cm^3 275 सेमी ^{3}
	300 cm^3 300 सेमी ^{3}
	225 cm^3 225 सेमी ^{3}
Not Answered	

Q.No: 72	A circular disc's radius is decreased by 10%. What is the percentage decrease in its area? एक वृत्ताकार डिस्क की त्रिज्या 10% कम हो जाती है। इसके क्षेत्रफल में कितने प्रतिशत की कमी होगी?
	10% 10%
	19% 19%
	18% 18% 15% 15%

Q.No: 73	A builder has 100 m of fencing wire. He can use this wire to enclose a circular garden or a square garden. If he wants to maximize the enclosed area, what is the approximate ratio of the area of the largest possible circular garden to the area of the largest possible square garden, using the entire 100 m of wire?

	एक बिल्डर के पास 100 मीटर बाड़ लगाने वाला तार है। वह इस तार का उपयोग एक गोलाकार बगीचे या एक वर्गाकार बगीचे को घेरने के लिए कर सकता है। यदि वह घेरे हुए क्षेत्र को अधिकतम करना चाहता है, तो पूरे 100 मीटर तार का उपयोग करके, सबसे बड़े संभावित गोलाकार बगीचे के क्षेत्रफल और सबसे बड़े संभावित वर्गाकार बगीचे के क्षेत्रफल का अनुमानित अनुपात क्या है?
	1:1 1:1
	1.27:1 1.27:1
	1.57:1 1.57:1
	2:1 2:1

Q.No: 74	A vertical cylindrical container is filled with oil. A solid hemispherical stone of radius 7 cm is immersed completely, and the oil level rises by 3 cm. What is the radius of the cylinder? एक ऊर्ध्वाधर बेलनाकार बर्तन तेल से भरा है। 7 सेमी त्रिज्या वाला एक ठोस अर्धगोलाकार पत्थर पूरी तरह से उसमें डूब जाता है, और तेल का स्तर 3 सेमी बढ़ जाता है। बेलन की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	6.29 cm 6.29 सेमी
	7.43 cm 7.43 सेमी
	8.73 cm 8.73 सेमी
	11.41 cm 11.41 सेमी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 75	A sector of a circle has a central angle of 120° and a radius of 7 cm. Another sector of the same circle has a central angle of $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector? एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 120° और त्रिज्या 7 सेमी है। उसी वृत्त के एक अन्य त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ रेडियन है। पहले त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	3:5 3:5
	2:3 2:3
	1:1 1:1
	4:5 4:5
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: 12 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 04:00 PM (Shift-3)
Centre Name	:

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **NEBULOUS**
	Vague

	Precise
	Obvious Clear

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Erudite** Scholarly
	Uninformed
	Learned
	Intellectual

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Fly off the handle** To escape quietly
	To disappear quickly
	To become suddenly angry
	To handle a situation smartly

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Encomium**
	Panegyric
	Praise

	Castigation
	Tribute

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of a chromosomal "three copies" term.
	Trisomie
	Trissomy
	Trisomy
	Trissomie

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A state of disuse or inactivity'.
	Hiatus
	Oblivion
	Interregnum
	Desuetude

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** So delicate ___ the negotiations that a single leak could derail them.
	are
	were
	is
	was

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** Her interpretation was ___ than insightful; it bordered on the revelatory.
	less
	more
	other
	rather

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** The reforms, while ostensibly motivated by economic exigencies, were in effect a veiled attempt to ___ dissent under the guise of austerity.
	quell
	swell
	rebut
	impugn
Not Answered	

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The more senior the position was (1)/ the more urgent became the need (2)/ for discretion, decorum, and (3)/ refraining from premature disclosure. (4)
	(1)
	(2)

	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The report's emphasis on techno-optimism, while commendable, (1)/ overlook the structural inequities (2)/ that persist in data accessibility and digital literacy (3)/ across demographic and regional divides. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** Why did the editor overlook the substantial stylistic anomalies?
	Why have the substantial stylistic anomalies been overlooked by the editor?
	Why are the substantial stylistic anomalies being overlooked by the editor?
	Why did the substantial stylistic anomalies be overlooked by the editor?
	Why were the substantial stylistic anomalies overlooked by the editor?

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The historian referenced a **bailey** in Norman military architecture.

	The shepherd gathered his sheep in the bailey.
	The bailey was reinforced with wooden palisades.
	The outer bailey surrounded the motte.
	The king's guard patrolled the lower bailey.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** It has been alleged that confidential data was being leaked by insiders within the firm.
	Insiders were leaking confidential data within the firm.
	Confidential data had been leaked by insiders, it is alleged.
	Insiders have allegedly been leaking confidential data within the firm.
	The firm was allegedly leaking insider data.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Group thinking, often referred to as groupthink, is a psychological phenomenon wherein the desire for unanimity within a group overrides the motivation to appraise alternative viewpoints critically. It frequently leads to flawed decision-making because dissent is either internally suppressed or socially penalized. Social conformity, its close ally, describes the act of aligning one's beliefs or behaviours with those of a majority, often subconsciously, in pursuit of acceptance or avoidance of conflict. In tightly knit groups—such as corporate boards, political committees, or academic panels—individual members may refrain from expressing contrarian ideas, fearing ostracization or reputational risk. Over time, this collective homogeneity breeds intellectual stagnation, reducing innovation and enhancing vulnerability to strategic errors. The infamous Bay of Pigs invasion and the Challenger space shuttle disaster are frequently cited as textbook examples of decisions marred by groupthink. Psychologically, the roots of group conformity lie in our evolutionary inclination toward tribal belonging, where deviation was historically associated with survival risk. In modern society, the same instinct manifests through peer pressure, organizational culture, and digital echo chambers. Algorithms reinforce conformity by curating information bubbles that validate existing biases while filtering out divergent thought. However, the remedy to such cognitive myopia lies in institutionalizing dissent. Constructive disagreement, when encouraged within teams or communities, acts as an intellectual safeguard against tunnel vision. Promoting a culture where counterarguments are respected rather than reprimanded can lead to more robust, balanced, and resilient decision-making. In an age dominated by viral trends, polarized discourse, and performative alignment, the courage to question consensus is both rare and essential. True progress emerges not from blind allegiance to majority norms, but from critical inquiry and the audacity to challenge the comfortable. What is the central idea of groupthink as discussed in the passage?
	Collaborative brainstorming
	Valuing consensus over critique Trusting only experts
	Promoting decentralization

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Group thinking, often referred to as groupthink, is a psychological phenomenon wherein the desire for unanimity within a group overrides the motivation to appraise alternative viewpoints critically. It frequently leads to flawed decision-making because dissent is either internally suppressed or socially penalized. Social conformity, its close ally, describes the act of aligning one's beliefs or behaviours with those of a majority, often subconsciously, in pursuit of acceptance or avoidance of conflict. In tightly knit groups—such as corporate boards, political committees, or academic panels—individual members may refrain from expressing contrarian ideas, fearing ostracization or reputational risk. Over time, this collective homogeneity breeds intellectual stagnation, reducing innovation and enhancing vulnerability to strategic errors. The infamous Bay of Pigs invasion and the Challenger space shuttle disaster are frequently cited as textbook examples of decisions marred by groupthink. Psychologically, the roots of group conformity lie in our evolutionary inclination toward tribal belonging, where deviation was historically associated with survival risk. In modern society, the same instinct manifests through peer pressure, organizational culture, and digital echo chambers. Algorithms reinforce conformity by curating information bubbles that validate existing biases while filtering out divergent thought. However, the remedy to such cognitive myopia lies in institutionalizing dissent. Constructive disagreement, when encouraged within teams or communities, acts as an intellectual safeguard against tunnel vision. Promoting a culture where counterarguments are respected rather than reprimanded can lead to more robust, balanced, and resilient decision-making. In an age dominated by viral trends, polarized discourse, and performative alignment, the courage to question consensus is both rare and essential. True progress emerges not from blind allegiance to majority norms, but from critical inquiry and the audacity to challenge the comfortable. According to the passage, what evolutionary trait contributes to social conformity?
	Hunger for dominance
	Need for speed
	Instinct for tribal survival
	Desire for luxury

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Group thinking, often referred to as groupthink, is a psychological phenomenon wherein the desire for unanimity within a group overrides the motivation to appraise alternative viewpoints critically. It frequently leads to flawed decision-making because dissent is either internally suppressed or socially penalized. Social conformity, its close ally, describes the act of aligning one's beliefs or behaviours with those of a majority, often subconsciously, in pursuit of acceptance or avoidance of conflict. In tightly knit groups—such as corporate boards, political committees, or academic panels—individual members may refrain from expressing contrarian ideas, fearing ostracization or reputational risk. Over time, this collective homogeneity breeds intellectual stagnation, reducing innovation and enhancing vulnerability to strategic errors. The infamous Bay of Pigs invasion and the Challenger space shuttle disaster are frequently cited as textbook examples of decisions marred by groupthink. Psychologically, the roots of group conformity lie in our evolutionary inclination toward tribal belonging, where deviation was historically associated with survival risk. In modern society, the same instinct manifests through peer pressure, organizational culture, and digital echo chambers. Algorithms reinforce conformity by curating information bubbles that validate existing biases while filtering out divergent thought. However, the remedy to such cognitive myopia lies in institutionalizing dissent. Constructive disagreement, when encouraged within teams or communities, acts as an intellectual safeguard against tunnel vision. Promoting a culture where counterarguments are respected rather than reprimanded can lead to more robust, balanced, and resilient decision-making. In an age dominated by viral trends, polarized discourse, and performative alignment, the courage to question consensus is both rare and essential. True progress emerges not from blind allegiance to majority norms, but from critical inquiry and the audacity to challenge the comfortable. Which event is cited as a real-world consequence of groupthink?
	Cold War treaty signing
	Challenger disaster
	Brexit vote
	The Dot-com crash

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Group thinking, often referred to as groupthink, is a psychological phenomenon wherein the desire for unanimity within a group overrides the motivation to appraise alternative viewpoints critically. It frequently leads to flawed decision-making because dissent is either internally suppressed or socially penalized. Social conformity, its close ally, describes the act of aligning one's beliefs or behaviours with those of a majority, often subconsciously, in pursuit of acceptance or avoidance of conflict. In tightly knit groups—such as corporate boards, political committees, or academic panels—individual members may refrain from expressing contrarian ideas, fearing ostracization or reputational risk. Over time, this collective homogeneity breeds intellectual stagnation, reducing innovation and enhancing vulnerability to strategic errors. The infamous Bay of Pigs invasion and the Challenger space shuttle disaster are frequently cited as textbook examples of decisions marred by groupthink. Psychologically, the roots of group conformity lie in our evolutionary inclination toward tribal belonging, where deviation was historically associated with survival risk. In modern society, the same instinct manifests through peer pressure, organizational culture, and digital echo chambers. Algorithms reinforce conformity by curating information bubbles that validate existing biases while filtering out divergent thought. However, the remedy to such cognitive myopia lies in institutionalizing dissent. Constructive disagreement, when encouraged within teams or communities, acts as an intellectual safeguard against tunnel vision. Promoting a culture where counterarguments are respected rather than reprimanded can lead to more robust, balanced, and resilient decision-making. In an age dominated by viral trends, polarized discourse, and performative alignment, the courage to question consensus is both rare and essential. True progress emerges not from blind allegiance to majority norms, but from critical inquiry and the audacity to challenge the comfortable. How does digital media reinforce conformity, according to the passage?
	By removing controversial content
	By presenting data in charts
	Through curated echo chambers
	By enabling anonymous posts

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Group thinking, often referred to as groupthink, is a psychological phenomenon wherein the desire for unanimity within a group overrides the motivation to appraise alternative viewpoints critically. It frequently leads to flawed decision-making because dissent is either internally suppressed or socially penalized. Social conformity, its close ally, describes the act of aligning one's beliefs or behaviours with those of a majority, often subconsciously, in pursuit of acceptance or avoidance of conflict. In tightly knit groups—such as corporate boards, political committees, or academic panels—individual members may refrain from expressing contrarian ideas, fearing ostracization or reputational risk. Over time, this collective homogeneity breeds intellectual stagnation, reducing innovation and enhancing vulnerability to strategic errors. The infamous Bay of Pigs invasion and the Challenger space shuttle disaster are frequently cited as textbook examples of decisions marred by groupthink. Psychologically, the roots of group conformity lie in our evolutionary inclination toward tribal belonging, where deviation was historically associated with survival risk. In modern society, the same instinct manifests through peer pressure, organizational culture, and digital echo chambers. Algorithms reinforce conformity by curating information bubbles that validate existing biases while filtering out divergent thought. However, the remedy to such cognitive myopia lies in institutionalizing dissent. Constructive disagreement, when encouraged within teams or communities, acts as an intellectual safeguard against tunnel vision. Promoting a culture where counterarguments are respected rather than reprimanded can lead to more robust, balanced, and resilient decision-making. In an age dominated by viral trends, polarized discourse, and performative alignment, the courage to question consensus is both rare and essential. True progress emerges not from blind allegiance to majority norms, but from critical inquiry and the audacity to challenge the comfortable. What is suggested as a solution to groupthink and conformity?
	Hiring more senior leaders
	Mandating compliance
	Encouraging constructive dissent
	Expanding digital networks

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She insisted ***me to take the medicine***.
	that I take the medicine
	me that I take medicine

	me taking the medicine
	to take medicine by me

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: No one knows ***where is he hiding***.
	where is he hide
	where he is hiding at
	where he is hiding
	where he has hidden is

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "I am not feeling well."
	He said that he is not feeling well.
	He said that he was not feeling well.
	He said that he didn't felt well.
	He said he not feeling well.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The manager told the staff that deadlines must be followed strictly.

	"Deadlines must be followed strictly," said the manager.
	"You should follow deadlines strictly," said the manager.
	"Follow deadlines strictly," the manager said. "Deadlines are to be followed," said the manager.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage:** 1. The team analyzed the survey data. 2. Insights were used to improve the customer experience. 3. A targeted marketing campaign was created. 4. The data was collected through various channels.
	1-4-3-2
	3-1-2-4
	4-3-1-2
	4-1-3-2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. These factors include the amount of sunlight received, the composition of the atmosphere, and the Earth's orbit. 2. The long-term variations in Earth's climate are influenced by a complex interplay of natural and anthropogenic factors. 3. The most significant anthropogenic factor is the emission of greenhouse gases from industrial activities. 4. Together, these elements determine the planet's overall energy balance and, consequently, its average temperature.
	2, 1, 4, 3
	1, 2, 3, 4

	3, 4, 1, 2
	4, 2, 3, 1
Not Answered	

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

13 sept shift 1

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 26

Q.No: 26 Consider the following statements about **Gwalior Fort:**
1. It is spread over a hilltop more than 2 km in length.
2. Its southern path features intricately carved rock-cut temples of Jain tirthaṅkars.
3. The Caturbhuj Mandir within the fort is an example of a Vaiṣṇavite shrine.
Which of the statements given above is/are **correct**?

ग्वालियर किले के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:
1. यह 2 किमी से अधिक लंबाई में एक पहाड़ी की चोटी पर फैला हुआ है।
2. इसके दक्षिणी मार्ग में जैन तीर्थंकरों के जटिल नक्काशीदार चट्टान-कट मंदिर हैं।
3. किले के भीतर चतुर्भुज मंदिर वैष्णव तीर्थस्थल का एक उदाहरण है।
उपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा **सही** है/हैं?

1 and 2 only
केवल 1 और 2
2 and 3 only
केवल 2 और 3
1 and 3 only
केवल 1 और 3
1, 2 and 3
1, 2 और 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 27

Q.No: 27 In Bhakti traditions, which two broad types of worship are mentioned?
भक्ति परंपरा में उपासना के कौन से दो व्यापक प्रकार बताए गए हैं?

Vedic and Non-Vedic
वैदिक और अवैदिक
Saguna and Nirguna
सगुण और निर्गुण
Orthodox and Reformist
रूढ़िवादी और सुधारवादी
Shaiva and Vaishnava
शैव और वैष्णव

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 28

Q.No: 28 Which of the following best describes Annamacharya's contribution to Indian devotional music?

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विकल्प अक्षमहादेवी के भारतीय भक्ति संगीत में योगदान का सबसे उपयुक्त वर्णन करता है?
	Composed Sanskrit hymns on caste rituals
	जातिगत अनुष्ठानों पर संस्कृत भजनों की रचना की
	Wrote over 32,000 songs promoting devotion and equality
	भक्ति और समानता को बढ़ावा देने वाले 32,000 से अधिक गीत लिखे
	Restricted songs to temples and priests only
	केवल मंदिरों और पुजारियों तक ही सीमित गीत
	Focused only on melody, not on social reform
	केवल राग-रंग पर ध्यान केन्द्रित, सामाजिक सुधार पर नहीं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 29

Q.No: 29	Why can hockey players use only the flat, left-hand side of the stick?
	हॉकी खिलाड़ी स्टिक के केवल सपाट, बायें भाग का ही उपयोग क्यों कर सकते हैं?
	Better control and reduced injury risk
	बेहतर नियंत्रण और कम चोट जोखिम
	Prevents unfair left-handed advantage
	अनुचित बाएं हाथ के लाभ को रोकता है
	Prevents uneven bounce, ensures uniform rebound
	असमान उछाल को रोकता है, एकसमान पलटाव सुनिश्चित करता है
	Mandated right-hand play for training ease
	प्रशिक्षण में आसानी के लिए दाएँ हाथ की खेलना अनिवार्य

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 30

Q.No: 30	What change did the Regulating Act bring to the post of the Governor of Bengal?
	रेगुलेटिंग एक्ट ने बंगाल के गवर्नर के पद में क्या परिवर्तन लाया?
	He was required to report directly to the British Crown.
	उन्हें सीधे ब्रिटिश क्राउन को रिपोर्ट करना आवश्यक था।
	He was reduced to a ceremonial position.
	उन्हें एक औपचारिक पद तक सीमित कर दिया गया।
	His role was elevated to Governor-General with a council of four members.
	उनकी भूमिका को चार सदस्यों की परिषद के साथ गवर्नर-जनरल तक बढ़ा दिया गया।
	He was transferred to the Madras Presidency.
	उन्हें मद्रास प्रेसीडेंसी में स्थानांतरित कर दिया गया।

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 31

Q.No: 31	**Fill in the blanks:** At the 1960 Rome Olympics, Milkha Singh set an Indian record by finishing Fourth in the men's 400 meters with a timing of _____, a record that stood until 1984. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** 1960 के रोम ओलंपिक में, मिल्खा सिंह ने _____ के समय के साथ पुरुषों की 400 मीटर दौड़ में चौथा स्थान प्राप्त करके भारतीय रिकॉर्ड बनाया, यह रिकॉर्ड 1984 तक कायम रहा।
	43.2 seconds 43.2 सेकंड
	46.2 seconds 46.2 सेकंड
	44.8 seconds 44.8 सेकंड
	45.6 seconds 45.6 सेकंड
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 32

Q.No: 32	**Which of the following statements correctly reflect India's recent(2024) economic diplomacy and domestic investment facilitation reforms?** 1) The India–Uzbekistan BIT allows unconditional access to international arbitration without exhausting local remedies. 2) The National Infrastructure Readiness Index (NIRI) solely ranks Smart Cities and excludes private investment indicators. **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारत की हालिया (2024) आर्थिक कूटनीति और घरेलू निवेश सुविधा सुधारों को सही ढंग से दर्शाता है?** 1) भारत-उज़्बेकिस्तान बीआईटी स्थानीय उपायों का उपयोग किए बिना अंतर्राष्ट्रीय मध्यस्थता तक बिना शर्त पहुँच की अनुमति देता है। 2) राष्ट्रीय अवसंरचना तत्परता सूचकांक (एनआईआरआई) केवल स्मार्ट शहरों को रैंक करता है और निजी निवेश संकेतकों को शामिल नहीं करता है।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	1 and 2 Both are correct

1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं

Neither 1 nor 2 is correct

न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 33

Q.No: 33 Where is the Dr. S. P. Mookerjee Swimming Stadium located?

डॉ. एस. पी. मुखर्जी स्विमिंग स्टेडियम कहाँ स्थित है?

Mumbai

मुंबई

Chandigarh

चंडीगढ़

New Delhi

नई दिल्ली

Bangalore

बैंगलोर

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 34

Q.No: 34 Which statement accurately represents the connection between 'Heart: A History' by Sandeep Jauhar and the Edgar Award for Best Novel?

कौन सा कथन संदीप जौहर द्वारा लिखित 'हार्ट: ए हिस्ट्री' और सर्वश्रेष्ठ उपन्यास के लिए एडगर पुरस्कार के बीच संबंध को सटीक रूप से दर्शाता है?

Nominated for Edgar Award for blending medical history and mystery

चिकित्सा इतिहास और रहस्य के सम्मिश्रण के लिए एडगर पुरस्कार के लिए नामांकित

Won Edgar Award as pioneering medical fiction

अग्रणी चिकित्सा कथा के रूप में एडगर पुरस्कार जीता

Received Edgar Award for fictional cardiac surgery

काल्पनिक हृदय शल्य चिकित्सा के लिए एडगर पुरस्कार प्राप्त किया

Non-fiction memoir, ineligible for Edgar Award

गैर-काल्पनिक संस्मरण, एडगर पुरस्कार के लिए अयोग्य

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 35

Q.No: 35 In which type of geological formation are gorges most commonly developed?

किस प्रकार की भूवैज्ञानिक संरचना में गॉर्ज सबसे अधिक विकसित होते हैं?

Soft sediment

नरम तलछट

Hard rocks

कठोर चट्टानें

Glacial till

हिम दराज़

Volcanic ash

ज्वालामुखी राख

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 36

Q.No: 36 Who inaugurated India's first lithium-ion battery plant in Tirupati, Andhra Pradesh, in September 2022?

सितंबर 2022 में आंध्र प्रदेश के तिरुपति में भारत के पहले लिथियम-आयन बैटरी संयंत्र का उद्घाटन किसने किया?

Prime Minister Narendra Modi

प्रधानमंत्री नरेंद्र मोदी

Rajeev Chandrasekhar, Minister of State for Electronics and Information Technology

राजीव चंद्रशेखर, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स और सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी राज्य मंत्री

Nirmala Sitharaman, Minister of Finance

निर्मला सीतारमण, वित्त मंत्री

Amit Shah, Union Home Minister

अमित शाह, केंद्रीय गृह मंत्री

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 37

Q.No: 37 Which Indian state recorded negative population growth between 2001–2011?

किस भारतीय राज्य ने 2001-2011 के बीच नकारात्मक जनसंख्या वृद्धि दर्ज की?

Kerala

केरल

Goa

गोवा

Nagaland

	नगालैंड
	Manipur मणिपुर

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 38

Q.No: 38	Which of the following best describes the rate of natural increase of population? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन जनसंख्या की प्राकृतिक वृद्धि की दर का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	It is the crude birth rate multiplied by crude death rate यह अशोधित जन्म दर को अशोधित मृत्यु दर से गुणा करने पर प्राप्त परिणाम है
	It is the ratio of working population to total population यह कार्यशील जनसंख्या और कुल जनसंख्या का अनुपात है
	It is the difference between the birth rate and the death rate यह जन्म दर और मृत्यु दर के बीच का अंतर है
	It is the average annual growth due to migration alone यह केवल प्रवास के कारण होने वाली औसत वार्षिक वृद्धि है

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 39

Q.No: 39	Examine the following statements about the SSLV-D2 mission and select the **correct** option: **Statement 1:** SSLV-D2 inserted EOS-07, Janus-1, and AzaadiSAT-2 into a 450 km circular orbit utilizing a three-stage vehicle powered entirely by liquid propulsion. **Statement 2:** The SSLV-D2 mission showcased rapid deployment capability with low turnaround time and limited ground infrastructure needs. SSLV-D2 मिशन के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों की जाँच कीजिए और **सही** विकल्प चुनिए: **कथन 1:** SSLV-D2 ने EOS-07, Janus-1 और AzaadiSAT-2 को पूरी तरह से द्रव प्रणोदन द्वारा संचालित तीन-चरणीय वाहन का उपयोग करके 450 किमी की वृत्ताकार कक्षा में प्रक्षेपित किया। **कथन 2:** SSLV-D2 मिशन ने कम समय और सीमित ज़मीनी बुनियादी ढाँचे की आवश्यकता के साथ तीव्र तैनाती क्षमता का प्रदर्शन किया।
	Only Statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only Statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही हैं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 40

Q.No: 40	What is the primary function of telomerase enzyme? टेलोमेरेज़ एंजाइम का प्राथमिक कार्य क्या है?
	DNA replication डीएनए प्रतिकृति
	Telomere lengthening टेलोमेर का लंबा होना
	DNA repair डीएनए की मरम्मत
	RNA transcription आरएनए प्रतिलेखन

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 41

Q.No: 41	Which of the following commissions recommended the establishment of a Permanent Secretariat for the Inter-State Council to institutionalize Centre-State cooperation? निम्नलिखित में से किस आयोग ने केंद्र-राज्य सहयोग को संस्थागत बनाने के लिए अंतर-राज्य परिषद के लिए एक स्थायी सचिवालय की स्थापना की सिफारिश की थी?
	Rajamannar Committee राजमन्नार समिति
	Punchhi Commission पुंछी आयोग
	Sarkaria Commission सरकारिया आयोग
	Venkatachelliah Commission वेंकटचलैया आयोग
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 42

Q.No: 42 Why are cooking utensils often made with a copper bottom?

खाना पकाने के बर्तन प्राय: तांबे के तले वाले क्यों बनाए जाते हैं?

Copper is a good insulator, preventing heat loss.

तांबा एक अच्छा इन्सुलेटर है, जो ऊष्मा की हानि को रोकता है।

Copper has a low melting point, making it easy to manufacture.

तांबे का गलनांक कम होता है, जिससे इसका निर्माण आसान होता है।

Copper is an good conductor of heat, ensuring even heating.

तांबा ऊष्मा का अच्छा संचालक है, जो समान तापन सुनिश्चित करता है।

Copper reacts readily with food, enhancing flavor.

तांबा भोजन के साथ आसानी से प्रतिक्रिया करता है, जिससे उसका स्वाद बढ़ जाता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No: 43

Q.No: 43 What is the primary objective of a Uniform Civil Code (UCC) in India?

भारत में समान नागरिक संहिता (यूसीसी) का प्राथमिक उद्देश्य क्या है?

To establish a common criminal law for all citizens.

सभी नागरिकों के लिए एक समान आपराधिक कानून स्थापित करना।

To unify direct and indirect tax laws.

प्रत्यक्ष और अप्रत्यक्ष कर कानूनों को एकीकृत करना।

To provide a common set of personal laws for all citizens, irrespective of religion.

सभी नागरिकों के लिए, चाहे उनका धर्म कुछ भी हो, एक समान व्यक्तिगत कानून उपलब्ध कराना।

To standardize administrative procedures across all states.

सभी राज्यों में प्रशासनिक प्रक्रियाओं को मानकीकृत करना।

Click Here to Challenge Question No: 44

Q.No: 44 The Agriculture Infrastructure Fund (AIF) provides support for?

कृषि अवसंरचना कोष (एआईएफ) किसके लिए सहायता प्रदान करता है?

Free fertilizers

निःशुल्क उर्वरक

Agri-logistics and cold chains

कृषि-लॉजिस्टिक्स और कोल्ड चैन

Cash transfers

नकद हस्तांतरण

MGNREGA work

मनरेगा कार्य

Click Here to Challenge Question No: 45

Q.No: 45 **Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:**
Assertion (A): India Industrial Land Bank provides GIS-based information.
Reason (R): It is managed by the Ministry of Mines.

नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए:
अभिकथन (A): भारत औद्योगिक भूमि बैंक, GIS-आधारित जानकारी प्रदान करता है।
कारण (R): इसका प्रबंधन खान मंत्रालय द्वारा किया जाता है।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है

Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है

A is true, but R is false

A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है

A is false, but R is true

A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Click Here to Challenge Question No: 46

Q.No: 46 According to the Global Peace Index 2024, which of the following statements **correctly** reflects global peace trends since 2008?

वैश्विक शांति सूचकांक 2024 के अनुसार, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन 2008 से वैश्विक शांति प्रवृत्तियों को सही ढंग से दर्शाता है?

All three GPI domains have steadily improved since 2008

2008 के बाद से सभी तीन GPI डोमेन में लगातार सुधार हुआ है

The average country score has improved by 4.5% since 2008

2008 से देश के औसत स्कोर में 4.5% का सुधार हुआ है

Ongoing Conflict and Safety & Security have deteriorated, while Militarisation has improved

चल रहे संघर्ष और सुरक्षा की स्थिति खराब हुई है, जबकि सैन्यीकरण में सुधार हुआ है

The number of countries showing improvement exceeds those showing deterioration

सुधार दर्शाने वाले देशों की संख्या गिरावट दर्शाने वाले देशों से अधिक है

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 47

Q.No. 47 Under India's updated State Action Plan on Climate Change (SAPCC) for 2025, which sector received the highest budgetary allocation for climate adaptation?

2025 के लिए भारत की अद्यतन जलवायु परिवर्तन पर राज्य कार्य योजना (SAPCC) के तहत, किस क्षेत्र को जलवायु अनुकूलन के लिए सबसे अधिक बजटीय आवंटन प्राप्त हुआ?

- Transport
  परिवहन
- Urban Planning
  शहरी नियोजन
- Agriculture and Water Resources
  कृषि और जल संसाधन
- Renewable Energy
  नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 48

Q.No. 48 Which of the following **correctly** highlights a unique feature of India's textile industry?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारत के वस्त्र उद्योग की अनूठी विशेषता को **सही** ढंग से उजागर करता है?

- It focuses only on raw material exports.
  यह केवल कच्चे माल के निर्यात पर ध्यान केंद्रित करता है।
- It is partially self-reliant and imports final products.
  यह आंशिक रूप से आत्मनिर्भर है और अंतिम उत्पाद आयात करता है।
- It is self-reliant across the full value chain
  यह सम्पूर्ण मूल्य श्रृंखला में आत्मनिर्भर है
- It only caters to domestic markets.
  यह केवल घरेलू बाजारों की सेवा करता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 49

Q.No. 49 Which Article enables the President to establish an Inter-State Council?

कौन सा अनुच्छेद राष्ट्रपति को अंतर्राज्यीय परिषद स्थापित करने का अधिकार देता है?

- Article 263
  अनुच्छेद 263
- Article 264
  अनुच्छेद 264
- Article 312
  अनुच्छेद 312
- Article 262
  अनुच्छेद 262

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 50

Q.No. 50 Evaluate these statements regarding atmospheric layers:
1. Most weather phenomena occur in the stratosphere.
2. The ozone layer is primarily found in the troposphere.
Which of the above is/are **correct**?

वायुमंडलीय परतों के संबंध में इन कथनों का मूल्यांकन कीजिए:
1. अधिकांश मौसमी घटनाएँ समतापमंडल में होती हैं।
2. ओज़ोन परत मुख्यतः क्षोभमंडल में पाई जाती है।
उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं?

- Statement 1 only
  केवल कथन 1
- Statement 2 only
  केवल कथन 2
- Both 1 and 2
  1 और 2 दोनों
- Neither 1 nor 2
  न तो 1 और न ही 2

Not Answered

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 51

Q.No: 51 Suppose $x = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{1}$, and $z = 2\sqrt{2} + 1.$; then which of the following is true?

मान लीजिए $x = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}, y = \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{1}$, और $z = 2\sqrt{2} + 1.$; तो निम्न में से कौन सा सत्य है?

x<y<z

x<y<z

z<y<x

z<y<x

y<z<x

y<z<x

x<z<y

x<z<y

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 52

Q.No: 52 The budget for a construction project is allocated to land acquisition, building materials, and labor in the ratio 5 : 3 : 2. During the project, the cost of land acquisition rose by 5%, building materials rose by 10%, and labor fell by 20%. What is the percent change (increase or decrease) in the total project cost?

एक निर्माण परियोजना के लिए बजट भूमि अधिग्रहण, निर्माण सामग्री और श्रम के लिए 5 : 3 : 2 के अनुपात में आवंटित किया जाता है। परियोजना के दौरान, भूमि अधिग्रहण की लागत 5% बढ़ गई, निर्माण सामग्री में 10% की वृद्धि हुई और श्रम में 20% की गिरावट आई। कुल परियोजना लागत में प्रतिशत परिवर्तन (वृद्धि या कमी) क्या है?

1.0% increase

1.0% वृद्धि

1.5% decrease

1.5% कमी

1.5% increase

1.5% वृद्धि

2.0% decrease

2.0% कमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 53

Q.No: 53 Evaluate: $6 - [\frac{2}{3} + \{\frac{1}{6} + (\frac{1}{2} \times (1 - \frac{1}{3}))\}]$

$6 - [\frac{2}{3} + \{\frac{1}{6} + (\frac{1}{2} \times (1 - \frac{1}{3}))\}]$ का मूल्यांकन करें|

$\frac{14}{3}$

$\frac{14}{3}$

$\frac{15}{3}$

$\frac{15}{3}$

$\frac{16}{3}$

$\frac{18}{3}$

$\frac{17}{3}$

$\frac{17}{3}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 54

Q.No: 54 X, Y, and Z invested ₹25,000, ₹35,000, and ₹40,000 respectively in a business. If the profit at the end of the year was ₹30,000, find Y's share.

X, Y और Z ने एक व्यवसाय में क्रमशः ₹25,000, ₹35,000 और ₹40,000 का निवेश किया। यदि वर्ष के अंत में लाभ ₹30,000 था, तो Y का हिस्सा ज्ञात कीजिए।

₹10,500

₹10,500

₹10,000

₹10,000

₹11,000

₹11,000

₹11,500

₹11,500

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 55

Q.No: 55 A and B started a business by investing ₹48,000 and ₹72,000 respectively. After 6 months, A withdrew half of his capital, while B increased his capital by ₹24,000. At the end of the year, they earned a total profit of ₹55,000. What is B's share in the profit?

A और B ने क्रमशः ₹48,000 और ₹72,000 का निवेश करके एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 6 महीने बाद, A ने अपनी आधी पूंजी निकाल ली, जबकि B ने अपनी पूंजी में ₹24,000 की वृद्धि की। वर्ष के अंत में, उन्होंने कुल ₹55,000 का लाभ कमाया। लाभ में B का हिस्सा क्या है?

₹26,500

₹26,500

₹28,000

₹28,000

₹38,500

₹38,500

₹36,000

₹36,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 56

Q.No: 56 **Table – Daily Wages of 5 Workers Over 4 Days**

Day	A	B	C	D	E
Day 1	200	180	220	160	190
Day 2	210	175	230	170	195
Day 3	190	185	215	180	200
Day 4	220	190	225	175	205

Q: What is the average daily earning of Worker C?

तालिका – 4 दिनों में 5 श्रमिकों की दैनिक मजदूरी

दिन	A	B	C	D	E
दिन 1	200	180	220	160	190
दिन 2	210	175	230	170	195
दिन 3	190	185	215	180	200
दिन 4	220	190	225	175	205

प्रश्न: श्रमिक C की औसत दैनिक आय क्या है?

222.5

222.5

222

222

	227.5
	227.5
	215
	215

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 57

Q.No: 57 In a city, the current number of literate people is 25,000. If the number of literate males decreases by 5% and the number of literate females increases by 10%, the total literate population becomes 25,250. What is the present number of literate males in the city?

एक शहर में वर्तमान में साक्षर लोगों की संख्या 25,000 है। यदि साक्षर पुरुषों की संख्या में 5% की कमी आती है और साक्षर महिलाओं की संख्या में 10% की वृद्धि होती है, तो कुल साक्षर जनसंख्या 25,250 हो जाती है। शहर में साक्षर पुरुषों की वर्तमान संख्या क्या है?

	12,500
	12,500
	14,000
	14,000
	15,000
	15,000
	16,500
	16,500

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 58

Q.No: 58 A baker ordered 10 kg of premium flour and some additional kg of standard flour. The price of premium flour per kg was twice that of the standard flour. Due to an ordering error, the quantities of the two types of flour were interchanged. This decreased the total cost by 25%. Find the ratio of the quantity of premium flour to standard flour in the original order.

एक बेकर ने 10 किलो प्रीमियम आटा और कुछ अतिरिक्त किलो मानक आटा मंगवाया। प्रति किलो प्रीमियम आटे की कीमत मानक आटे की दोगुनी थी। ऑर्डरिंग त्रुटि के कारण, दो प्रकार के आटे की मात्रा आपस में बदल गई। इससे कुल लागत में 25% की कमी आई। मूल ऑर्डर में प्रीमियम आटे की मात्रा और मानक आटे की मात्रा का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।

	1:2
	1:2
	5:2
	5:2
	3:4
	3:4
	4:5
	4:5

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 59

Q.No: 59 A vendor sold 15 toys for ₹3000 and gained a profit of 25%. How many toys should he sell for ₹2816 to make a profit of 10%?

एक विक्रेता ने 15 खिलौने ₹3000 में बेचे और 25% का लाभ कमाया। 10% का लाभ कमाने के लिए उसे ₹2816 में कितने खिलौने बेचने चाहिए?

	15
	15
	16
	16
	17
	17
	18
	18

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 60

Q.No: 60 A trader sells one brand of tea at ₹150 per kg, incurring a 25% loss. He also sells another brand of tea at ₹200 per kg, incurring a 20% loss. If he mixes the two brands in equal proportions and sells the mixture at ₹175 per kg, what is his overall profit or loss percentage?

एक व्यापारी चाय का एक ब्रांड ₹150 प्रति किलोग्राम पर बेचता है, जिससे उसे 25% का नुकसान होता है। वह चाय का एक और ब्रांड ₹200 प्रति किलोग्राम पर बेचता है, जिससे उसे 20% का नुकसान होता है। यदि वह दोनों ब्रांडों को बराबर अनुपात में मिलाता है और मिश्रण को ₹175 प्रति किलोग्राम पर बेचता है, तो उसका कुल लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?

	Loss of 22.22%
	22.22% की हानि
	Profit of 22.22%
	22.22% का लाभ
	Loss of 25%
	25% की हानि
	Profit of 25%
	25% का लाभ

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 61

Q.No: 61 A and B together can complete a work in 12 days. B and C together can complete the same work in 15 days. C and A together can do it in 20 days. In how many days can A alone complete the job?

A और B मिलकर एक काम को 12 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। B और C मिलकर उसी काम को 15 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। C और A मिलकर उसी काम को

20 दिन में पूरा कर सकता है। A अकेले उस काम को कितने दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है?

30 days
30 दिन

20 days
20 दिन

50 days
50 दिन

15 days
15 दिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 62

Q.No: 62 From a 64-liter container of pure spirit, 8 liters are removed and replaced by water. This operation is performed a total of three times. What is the final quantity of spirit remaining in the container?

शुद्ध स्पिरिट के 64 लीटर के कंटेनर से 8 लीटर निकाल कर उसकी जगह पानी डाल जाता है। यह प्रक्रिया कुल तीन बार की जाती है। कंटेनर में बची हुई स्पिरिट की अंतिम मात्रा क्या है?

34.34 liters
34.34 लीटर

36.45 liters
36.45 लीटर

38.62 liters
38.62 लीटर

42.88 liters
42.88 लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 63

Q.No: 63 A juice vendor mixes water with pure orange juice. If he sells the mixture at the cost price of pure orange juice and makes a profit of 20%, what is the ratio of water to pure orange juice in the mixture, respectively?

एक जूस विक्रेता शुद्ध संतरे के जूस में पानी मिलाता है। यदि वह मिश्रण को शुद्ध संतरे के जूस के लागत मूल्य पर बेचता है और 20% का लाभ कमाता है, तो मिश्रण में पानी और शुद्ध संतरे के जूस का अनुपात क्रमशः क्या है?

1 : 4
1 : 4

1 : 5
1 : 5

4 : 1
4 : 1

5 : 1
5 : 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 64

Q.No: 64 A car covers 40% of a certain distance at a pace of 20 km/h and the remaining distance at a pace of 30 km/h. What is the average speed of the car for the entire journey?

एक कार एक निश्चित दूरी का 40% भाग 20 किमी/घंटा की गति से तथा शेष दूरी 30 किमी/घंटा की गति से तय करती है। पूरी यात्रा के दौरान कार की औसत गति क्या है?

24 km/h
24 किमी/घंटा

25 km/h
25 किमी/घंटा

26 km/h
26 किमी/घंटा

27 km/h
27 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 65

Q.No: 65 A and B are jogging around a park's circular track which has a perimeter of 1.2 km. They start from the same point at 6:00 a.m. and run in opposite directions. A's speed is 5 km/h, and B's speed is 7 km/h. At what time will they meet for the fifth time?

A और B एक पार्क के गोलाकार ट्रैक पर जॉगिंग कर रहे हैं जिसकी परिधि 1.2 किमी है। वे सुबह 6:00 बजे एक ही बिंदु से दौड़ना शुरू करते हैं और विपरीत दिशाओं में दौड़ते हैं। A की गति 5 किमी/घंटा है, और B की गति 7 किमी/घंटा है। वे पाचवीं बार किस समय मिलेंगे?

6:25 AM
6:25 AM

6:30 AM
6:30 AM

6:45 AM
6:45 AM

7:00 AM
7:00 AM

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 66

Q.No: 66 The area of a sector of a circle with radius 7 cm and central angle 90° is:

7 सेमी त्रिज्या और 90° केन्द्रीय कोण वाले एक वृत्त के त्रिज्यखंड का क्षेत्रफल है:

- 38.48 cm^2
  38.48 सेमी^{2}
- 35.2 cm^2
  35.2 सेमी^{2}
- 40.5 cm^2
  40.5 सेमी^{2}
- 42.62 cm^2
  42.62 सेमी^{2}

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 67

Q.No: 67 What is the radian measure of 150°?

150° का रेडियन माप क्या है?

- $\frac{5\pi}{6}$
  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$
- $\frac{4\pi}{3}$
  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$
- $\frac{3\pi}{4}$
  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$
- $\frac{\pi}{3}$
  $\frac{\pi}{3}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 68

Q.No: 68 What is the area of a sector with a central angle of 120° and radius 8 cm?

120° केन्द्रीय कोण तथा 8 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले त्रिज्यखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?

- $\frac{64\pi}{3}$ cm^2
  $\frac{64\pi}{3}$ सेमी^{2}
- $\frac{54\pi}{3}$ cm^2
  $\frac{54\pi}{3}$ सेमी^{2}
- 48 cm^2
  48 सेमी^{2}
- 52 cm^2
  52 सेमी^{2}

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 69

Q.No: 69 Which of these lines is parallel to $3x + 2y = 5$?

$3x + 2y = 5$ इनमें से कौन सी रेखाएँ समांतर हैं?

- $3x + 2y = 7$
  $3x + 2y = 7$
- $2x + 3y = 5$
  $2x + 3y = 5$
- $3x - 2y = 5$
  $3x - 2y = 5$
- $x + y = 5$
  $x + y = 5$

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 70

Q.No: 70 If $\sin(90° - x) = \cos(2x)$, then what is x?

यदि $\sin(90° - x) = \cos(2x)$ है, तो x क्या है?

- 0°
  0°
- 30°
  30°
- 25°
  25°

15°
15°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71 if $x = \sqrt{5} + 2$, find $x^4 - 4\sqrt{5}$.

यदि $x = \sqrt{5} + 2$, तो $x^4 - 4\sqrt{5}$ ज्ञात कीजिए

1
1
7
7
9
9
3
3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72 In triangles ABC and XYZ, if the lengths of the sides are such that AB equals XY, BC equals YZ, and CA equals ZX, which congruence rule demonstrates that triangle ABC is congruent to triangle XYZ?

त्रिभुज ABC और XYZ में, यदि भुजाओं की लंबाई इस प्रकार है कि AB बराबर XY, BC बराबर YZ, और CA बराबर ZX है, तो कौन सा सर्वांगसमता नियम दर्शाता है कि त्रिभुज ABC त्रिभुज XYZ के सर्वांगसम है?

SSS
एसएसएस
SAS
एसएएस
ASA
एएसए
AAS
एएएस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73 Given ,A and B are complementary angles, and $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$, what is $\tan B$?

दिया गया है कि A और B पूरक कोण हैं, और $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$, तो $\tan B$ क्या है ?

$\frac{4}{5}$
$\frac{4}{5}$
$\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{5}{3}$
$\frac{5}{3}$
$\frac{5}{5}$
$\frac{5}{5}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74 In a cyclic quadrilateral ABCD, if angle A is 100°, what is the measure of angle C?

एक चक्रीय चतुर्भुज ABCD में, यदि कोण A 100° है, तो कोण C का माप क्या है?

100°
100°
80°
80°
90°
90°
70°
70°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75 If $\sin^2 A - \cos^2 A = \frac{1}{4}$, find the value of $\cos^2 A$.

यदि, $\sin^2 A - \cos^2 A = \frac{1}{4}$,तो $\cos^2 A$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.

$\frac{5}{8}$
$\frac{5}{8}$
$\frac{3}{8}$

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 76

Q.No: 76 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CAUSTIC**

- Kind
- Mild
- Gentle
- Sarcastic

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 77

Q.No: 77 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Make no bones about it

- To hesitate before speaking
- To remain neutral
- To be direct and honest
- To confuse the listener

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 78

Q.No: 78 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Evanescent**

- Ephemeral
- Transient
- Enduring
- Fleeting

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 79

Q.No: 79 Identify the **misspelt** word

- Avaricious

	Temerarious
	Penitent
	inadvertant

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 80

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of an RET-bearing metamorphic texture word.
	Prophyroblastic
	Porphyroblastic
	Porfyrblastic
	Porphyroblastik

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 81

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A political system based on the rule of the wealthy'.
	Oligarchy
	Aristocracy
	Plutocracy
	Meritocracy

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 82

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** Only after a decade of fieldwork ___ fully grasp the dialect's nuances.
	she had
	did she
	had she
	she did

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 83

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** The professor's remarks were so dense with jargon that they bordered on ___.
	opacity
	opaque
	opacus
	opalescent

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 84

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** Her rebuttal, though eloquent, failed to ___ the central issue raised by the opposition.
	address
	digress
	circumvent
	elude

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 85

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The reforms being recommended by the panel (1)/ are not only intended to streamline administrative functions (2)/ but also addressing the asymmetries in resource allocation (3)/ that have long plagued rural districts. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)

(4)

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 86

Q.No: 86 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
What the committee failed to deliberate on adequately (1)/ were not the policy's objectives themselves, (2)/ but the political ramifications it (3)/ might have had if implemented without broader consensus. (4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 87

Q.No: 87 **Change the following from active to passive:**
The laboratory will have double-checked the reagents by dawn.

The reagents have been double-checked by the laboratory by dawn.

The reagents will have been double-checked by the laboratory by dawn.

The reagents will be double-checked by the laboratory by dawn.

The reagents would have been double-checking by the laboratory by dawn.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 88

Q.No: 88 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The **fanon** rested on the Pope's shoulder during Mass.

The theologian lectured on the fanon's origin in Rome.

The tailor stitched the edge of the fanon carefully.

The critic analyzed Fanon's theory of postcolonial identity.

The cardinal wore the fanon over his chasuble.

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 89

Q.No: 89 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
Rare minerals are known to have been secretly extracted from the site by unauthorized workers before the inspection.

Unauthorized workers extracted the rare minerals before inspection.

The site was secretly mined before the inspection.

Unauthorized workers are known to have secretly extracted rare minerals before inspection.

The minerals had been extracted prior to inspection.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 90

Q.No: 90 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**
For seventeen-year-old Meera, adolescence was not merely a phase of hormonal transitions and academic aspirations—it became an arena where perception and self-worth collided with insidious intensity. In a world saturated with curated digital aesthetics and algorithm-driven beauty hierarchies, Meera's own reflection began to feel less like truth and more like betrayal. Every scroll through her social media feed deepened a gnawing dissonance: between her authentic self and the impossible silhouettes idolized online. This wasn't mere teenage insecurity—it manifested as a systematic devaluation of her physical self. Gradually, she adopted punitive behaviors: food became conditional, mirrors became adversaries, and compliments transformed into cryptic reminders of inadequacy. The subtle descent into dysmorphia was neither loud nor linear. Academically capable and socially pleasant, Meera wore the mask of normalcy with precision. Yet beneath the practiced smiles was a quiet implosion. She began withdrawing emotionally, rationalizing her distress as vanity, and trivializing her worth. The turning point came not with drama, but with silence—a refusal to eat for days, which led to medical intervention. Therapeutic engagement introduced her to the concept of self-image distortion, and the emotional scaffolding required to rebuild her fractured sense of identity. Through sustained counseling, Meera disentangled societal impositions from intrinsic value. She began to internalize that beauty is not a monolith dictated by culture but a spectrum shaped by diversity, health, and self-compassion. Meera's narrative is not a singular anomaly but a mirror to a larger epidemic—where teenagers battle unspoken wars behind flawless digital façades. Combating this requires more than awareness; it calls for critical media literacy, empathetic environments, and systemic redefinition of beauty norms that extend beyond superficial metrics.

What does the phrase "gnawing dissonance" in the passage most likely refer to?

Her hunger due to skipped meals

	Conflict between her inner worth and online ideals
	Her disagreement with her teachers
	Her detachment from academic pressure

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 91

Q.No: 91 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

For seventeen-year-old Meera, adolescence was not merely a phase of hormonal transitions and academic aspirations—it became an arena where perception and self-worth collided with insidious intensity. In a world saturated with curated digital aesthetics and algorithm-driven beauty hierarchies, Meera's own reflection began to feel less like truth and more like betrayal. Every scroll through her social media feed deepened a gnawing dissonance: between her authentic self and the impossible silhouettes idolized online. This wasn't mere teenage insecurity—it manifested as a systematic devaluation of her physical self. Gradually, she adopted punitive behaviors: food became conditional, mirrors became adversaries, and compliments transformed into cryptic reminders of inadequacy. The subtle descent into dysmorphia was neither loud nor linear. Academically capable and socially pleasant, Meera wore the mask of normalcy with precision. Yet beneath the practiced smiles was a quiet implosion. She began withdrawing emotionally, rationalizing her distress as vanity, and trivializing her worth. The turning point came not with drama, but with silence—a refusal to eat for days, which led to medical intervention. Therapeutic engagement introduced her to the concept of self-image distortion, and the emotional scaffolding required to rebuild her fractured sense of identity. Through sustained counseling, Meera disentangled societal impositions from intrinsic value. She began to internalize that beauty is not a monolith dictated by culture but a spectrum shaped by diversity, health, and self-compassion. Meera's narrative is not a singular anomaly but a mirror to a larger epidemic—where teenagers battle unspoken wars behind flawless digital façades. Combating this requires more than awareness; it calls for critical media literacy, empathetic environments, and systemic redefinition of beauty norms that extend beyond superficial metrics.

How does the passage describe Meera's psychological decline?

	Abrupt and confrontational
	Erratic and attention-seeking
	Subtle and inwardly destructive
	Vocal and rebellious

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 92

Q.No: 92 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

For seventeen-year-old Meera, adolescence was not merely a phase of hormonal transitions and academic aspirations—it became an arena where perception and self-worth collided with insidious intensity. In a world saturated with curated digital aesthetics and algorithm-driven beauty hierarchies, Meera's own reflection began to feel less like truth and more like betrayal. Every scroll through her social media feed deepened a gnawing dissonance: between her authentic self and the impossible silhouettes idolized online. This wasn't mere teenage insecurity—it manifested as a systematic devaluation of her physical self. Gradually, she adopted punitive behaviors: food became conditional, mirrors became adversaries, and compliments transformed into cryptic reminders of inadequacy. The subtle descent into dysmorphia was neither loud nor linear. Academically capable and socially pleasant, Meera wore the mask of normalcy with precision. Yet beneath the practiced smiles was a quiet implosion. She began withdrawing emotionally, rationalizing her distress as vanity, and trivializing her worth. The turning point came not with drama, but with silence—a refusal to eat for days, which led to medical intervention. Therapeutic engagement introduced her to the concept of self-image distortion, and the emotional scaffolding required to rebuild her fractured sense of identity. Through sustained counseling, Meera disentangled societal impositions from intrinsic value. She began to internalize that beauty is not a monolith dictated by culture but a spectrum shaped by diversity, health, and self-compassion. Meera's narrative is not a singular anomaly but a mirror to a larger epidemic—where teenagers battle unspoken wars behind flawless digital façades. Combating this requires more than awareness; it calls for critical media literacy, empathetic environments, and systemic redefinition of beauty norms that extend beyond superficial metrics.

What concept helped Meera begin recovering emotionally?

	Narcissistic validation
	Self-image distortion
	Social withdrawal management
	Behavioral conditioning

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 93

Q.No: 93 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

For seventeen-year-old Meera, adolescence was not merely a phase of hormonal transitions and academic aspirations—it became an arena where perception and self-worth collided with insidious intensity. In a world saturated with curated digital aesthetics and algorithm-driven beauty hierarchies, Meera's own reflection began to feel less like truth and more like betrayal. Every scroll through her social media feed deepened a gnawing dissonance: between her authentic self and the impossible silhouettes idolized online. This wasn't mere teenage insecurity—it manifested as a systematic devaluation of her physical self. Gradually, she adopted punitive behaviors: food became conditional, mirrors became adversaries, and compliments transformed into cryptic reminders of inadequacy. The subtle descent into dysmorphia was neither loud nor linear. Academically capable and socially pleasant, Meera wore the mask of normalcy with precision. Yet beneath the practiced smiles was a quiet implosion. She began withdrawing emotionally, rationalizing her distress as vanity, and trivializing her worth. The turning point came not with drama, but with silence—a refusal to eat for days, which led to medical intervention. Therapeutic engagement introduced her to the concept of self-image distortion, and the emotional scaffolding required to rebuild her fractured sense of identity. Through sustained counseling, Meera disentangled societal impositions from intrinsic value. She began to internalize that beauty is not a monolith dictated by culture but a spectrum shaped by diversity, health, and self-compassion. Meera's narrative is not a singular anomaly but a mirror to a larger epidemic—where teenagers battle unspoken wars behind flawless digital façades. Combating this requires more than awareness; it calls for critical media literacy, empathetic environments, and systemic redefinition of beauty norms that extend beyond superficial metrics.

Which of the following best captures the central theme of the passage?

	The influence of peer pressure on teens
	Cosmetic beauty norms and fashion trends
	Hidden psychological battles due to digital aesthetics
	The necessity of academic counseling for teens

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 94

Q.No: 94 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**
For seventeen-year-old Meera, adolescence was not merely a phase of hormonal transitions and academic aspirations—it became an arena where perception and self-worth collided with insidious intensity. In a world saturated with curated digital aesthetics and algorithm-driven beauty hierarchies, Meera's own reflection began to feel less like truth and more like betrayal. Every scroll through her social media feed deepened a gnawing dissonance: between her authentic self and the impossible silhouettes idolized online. This wasn't mere teenage insecurity—it manifested as a systematic devaluation of her physical self. Gradually, she adopted punitive behaviors: food became conditional, mirrors became adversaries, and compliments transformed into cryptic reminders of inadequacy. The subtle descent into dysmorphia was neither loud nor linear. Academically capable and socially pleasant, Meera wore the mask of normalcy with precision. Yet beneath the practiced smiles was a quiet implosion. She began withdrawing emotionally, rationalizing her distress as vanity, and trivializing her worth. The turning point came not with drama, but with silence—a refusal to eat for days, which led to medical intervention. Therapeutic engagement introduced her to the concept of self-image distortion, and the emotional scaffolding required to rebuild her fractured sense of identity. Through sustained counseling, Meera disentangled societal impositions from intrinsic value. She began to internalize that beauty is not a monolith dictated by culture but a spectrum shaped by diversity, health, and self-compassion. Meera's narrative is not a singular anomaly but a mirror to a larger epidemic—where teenagers battle unspoken wars behind flawless digital façades. Combating this requires more than awareness: it calls for critical media literacy, empathetic environments, and systemic redefinition of beauty norms that extend beyond superficial metrics.

What is the tone of the author in the end of the paragraph?

	Dismissive and ironic
	Reflective and critical
	Optimistic and celebratory
	Detached and neutral

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 95

Q.No: 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
I suggested that he ***goes to the doctor immediately***.

	go to doctor at once
	should goes to the doctor
	go to the doctor immediately
	should have go to the doctor

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 96

Q.No: 96 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
I am used ***to get up early in the morning***.

	to get up early
	with getting up early
	to getting up early
	for getting up early

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 97

Q.No: 97 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
She said, "He doesn't listen to me."

	She said he don't listen to her.
	She said that he doesn't listened to her.
	She said that he didn't listen to her.
	She said that he didn't listened to her.

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 98

Q.No: 98 **A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.**
The manager informed the employees that the deadline for submission had been extended by two days.

	"You may submit the work two days later than planned," the manager informed.
	"The deadline has been extended by two days," said the manager.
	"We are extending the submission deadline by two days," the manager said.
	"You must finish it within two extra days," the manager said.

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. These narratives often explore the ethical and social consequences of technological advancement, from artificial intelligence to genetic engineering. 2. Science fiction is a genre of speculative fiction that typically deals with imaginative concepts such as futuristic science and technology. 3. This makes it a powerful tool for social commentary and for anticipating future challenges and dilemmas. 4. While entertaining, the genre serves a purpose beyond mere escapism.
	2, 4, 1, 3
	1, 3, 2, 4
	4, 1, 3, 2
	2, 1, 4, 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This process ensures that the food we eat is safe and does not contain harmful bacteria or other contaminants. 2. Food processing is a series of methods used to transform raw ingredients into consumable products. 3. These methods can range from simple actions like cutting and grinding to more complex procedures such as pasteurization and fermentation. 4. Furthermore, it also helps to preserve food, extend its shelf life, and enhance its nutritional value.
	2, 3, 1, 4
	1, 2, 3, 4
	3, 1, 4, 2
	4, 2, 1, 3

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click here to Challenge Question No. 1

Q.No: 1 In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives.
Jurisprudence : Law :: Epistemology : ?

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन करें
न्यायशास्त्र : कानून :: ज्ञानमीमांसा : ?

- Reality
  वास्तविकता
- Logic
  तर्क
- **Knowledge** ✓
  ज्ञान
- Ethics
  नीति

Click here to Challenge Question No. 2

Q.No: 2 How many letters in "SIGNATURE" are between the first vowel and the last consonant?

"SIGNATURE" में पहले स्वर और अंतिम व्यंजन के बीच कितने अक्षर हैं?

- 3
  3
- 4
  4
- **5** ✓
  5
- 6
  6

Click here to Challenge Question No. 3

Q.No: 3 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
MNK, NOJ, OPI, PQH, ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है।
MNK, NOJ, OPI, PQH, ?

- GFD
  GFD
- HJG
  HJG

QRG

QRG

UH

UH

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
QAZ, SDF, UGL, ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके।
QAZ, SDF, UGL, ?

VIJ

VIJ

TPG

TPG

TGH

TGH

WJR

WJR

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5 Which of the following alternatives will replace the question mark?
Chaos, Conflict, Negotiation, Resolution, ?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प प्रश्न चिह्न की जगह लेगा?
अराजकता, संघर्ष, बातचीत, समाधान, ?

Justice

न्याय

Harmony

सद्भाव

Stability

स्थिरता

Law

कानून

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6 Which word does not belong to the category?

कौन सा शब्द इस श्रेणी से संबंधित नहीं है?

Hibiscus

हिबिस्कुस

Tulip

ट्यूलिप

Apple

सेब

Daisy

गुलबहार

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7 What comes next: **0, 6, 24, 60, 120, ?**

इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **0, 6, 24, 60, 120, ?**

196

196

156

156

210

210

200

200

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8 What should come at the place of question mark? **3, 4, 13, 14, 45, 46, ?**

प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? **3, 4, 13, 14, 45, 46, ?**

143

143

136

136

140

140

138

138

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 9

Q.No: 9 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.
Statement: No student of Class X failed the science exam this year.
Conclusions:
I. The science exam was very easy.
II. All students of Class X passed science.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निकलने निकालें।
कथन: इस वर्ष दसवीं कक्षा का कोई भी छात्र विज्ञान की परीक्षा में असफल नहीं हुआ।
निष्कर्ष:
I. विज्ञान की परीक्षा बहुत आसान थी।
II. दसवीं कक्षा के सभी छात्र विज्ञान में उत्तीर्ण हुए।

Only Conclusion I follows

केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है

Only Conclusion II follows

केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 10

Q.No: 10 **Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option.
Statement: Although recent advancements in quantum computing have significantly improved processing speeds, the stability of quantum states remains a critical barrier to developing large-scale quantum computers for practical applications.
Assumptions:
I. Quantum computing holds the potential for faster data processing than classical computing.
II. Quantum states are inherently unstable, making large-scale quantum computing unfeasible.
III. Recent advancements in quantum computing have resolved the issue of quantum state stability.

निर्देश: कथन के मान्य होने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें।
कथन: हालांकि क्वांटम कंप्यूटिंग में हाल ही में हुई प्रगति ने प्रसंस्करण गति में उल्लेखनीय सुधार किया है, लेकिन क्वांटम अवस्थाओं की स्थिरता व्यावहारिक अनुप्रयोगों के लिए बड़े पैमाने पर क्वांटम कंप्यूटर विकसित करने में एक महत्वपूर्ण बाधा बनी हुई है।
मान्यताएँ:
I. क्वांटम कंप्यूटिंग में शास्त्रीय कंप्यूटिंग की तुलना में तेज़ डेटा प्रोसेसिंग की क्षमता है।
II. क्वांटम अवस्थाएँ स्वाभाविक रूप से अस्थिर होती हैं, जिससे बड़े पैमाने पर क्वांटम कंप्यूटिंग अव्यवहारिक हो जाती है।
III. क्वांटम कंप्यूटिंग में हाल ही में हुई प्रगति ने क्वांटम अवस्था स्थिरता के मुद्दे को हल कर दिया है।

Only I and II are implicit

केवल I और II निहित हैं

Only II and III are implicit

केवल II और III अंतर्निहित हैं

Only I is implicit

केवल I निहित है।

All I, II, and III are implicit

सभी I, II और III निहित हैं

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 11

Q.No: 11 Each of the letters in the word **GARDEN** is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is fifth from the left and the one that is third from the right in the new letter-cluster formed?

GARDEN शब्द के प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएँ से पाँचवाँ अक्षर और दाएँ से तीसरे अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेज़ी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?

Two

दो

Four

चार

Six

छह

One

एक

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 12

Q.No: 12 How many meaningful four-letter English words can be formed using the first, second, fourth, and fifth letters of the word "ELEVATE" (when counted from left to right), using each letter only once in each word?

"ELEVATE" शब्द के पहले, दूसरे, चौथे और पांचवें अक्षरों का उपयोग करके (बाएं से दाएं गिनने पर) कितने सार्थक चार-अक्षर वाले अंग्रेजी शब्द बनाए जा सकते हैं, जिनमें प्रत्येक शब्द में प्रत्येक अक्षर का केवल एक बार उपयोग किया गया हो?

1

1

2

2

3

3

4

4

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 13

Q.No: 13 **Which of the following is/are identical to the address given:** Rajesh Verma 15B, Sapphire Towers, Jaipur, 302018
1. Rajesh Verma 15B, Sapphire Towers, Jaipur, 302018
2. Rajesh Verma 15B, Sapphire Towers, Jaipur, 302019
3. Rajesh Verma 15B, Sapphire Tower, Jaipur, 302018
4. Rajesh Verma 15B, Sapphire Towers, Jaipur, 302017

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से पते दिए गए पते के समान है/हैं: राजेश वर्मा 15बी, सफायर टावर्स, जयपुर, 302018
1. राजेश वर्मा 15बी, सफायर टावर्स, जयपुर, 302018
2. राजेश वर्मा 15बी, सफायर टावर्स, जयपुर, 302019
3. राजेश वर्मा 15बी, सफायर टावर, जयपुर, 302018
4. राजेश वर्मा 15बी, सफायर टावर्स, जयपुर, 302017

2 Only

केवल 2

1 Only

केवल 1

4 Only

केवल 4

3 Only

केवल 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 14

Q.No: 14 Find the option that best completes the analogy.
EK : MS :: FP : ?

वह विकल्प ज्ञात कीजिए जो सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करता है।
EK : MS :: FP : ?

ND

ND

NL

NL

NK

NK

NT

NT

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 15

Q.No: 15 In each of the following questions, the second word is formed by rearranging the letters of the first word according to a specific pattern. Apply the same pattern to the third word to determine the correct answer from the given alternatives. **NUMBER : UNBMRE :: GHOSTS : ?**

निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द के अक्षरों को एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न के अनुसार पुनर्व्यवस्थित करके दूसरा शब्द बनाया गया है। दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर खोजने के लिए तीसरे शब्द पर भी वही पैटर्न लागू कीजिए। **NUMBER : UNBMRE :: GHOSTS : ?**

HGOSTS

HGOSTS

HOGSTS

HOGSTS

HGSOST

HGSOST

HGSOTS

HGSOTS

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 16

Q.No: 16 Introducing a boy, a girl said, "He is the son of my mother's only son." Who is the boy to the girl?

एक लड़के का परिचय देते हुए, एक लड़की ने कहा, "यह मेरी माँ के इकलौते बेटे का बेटा है।" लड़का लड़की का कौन है?

Brother

भाई

Son

बेटा

Nephew

भतीजा

Cousin

कजिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 17

Q.No: 17 One number doesn't match this factorial series: **2, 6, 24, 120, 720, 1000**

	एक संख्या इस क्रमानुगत श्रृंखला से मेल नहीं खाता: 2, 6, 24, 120, 720, 1000
	6 6
	24 24
	1000 1000
	120 120

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 18

Q.No: 18	Which number set is different? : (11, 22, 44), (13, 26, 52), (15, 30, 60), (14, 28, 43) कौन सा संख्या समूह अलग है? : (11, 22, 44), (13, 26, 52), (15, 30, 60), (14, 28, 43)
	(11,22,44) (11,22,44)
	(13,26,52) (13,26,52)
	(15,30,60) (15,30,60)
	(14,28,43) (14,28,43)

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 19

Q.No: 19	If WRITE is coded as YTKVG, how is READ coded? यदि WRITE को YTKVG लिखा जाता है, तो READ को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	TGCF TGCF
	ZTCF ZTCF
	YTDF YTDF
	YTCF YTCF

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 20

Q.No: 20	If 5 # 3 = 19 and 7 # 2 = 17, what is 9 # 1? यदि 5 # 3 = 19 और 7 # 2 = 17, तो 9 # 1 क्या है?
	12 12
	10 10
	8 8
	11 11

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 21

Q.No: 21	A 60 L mixture has a milk:water ratio of 7:3. How much water to add to make the ratio 1:1? 60 लीटर के मिश्रण में दूध-पानी का अनुपात 7:3 है। अनुपात 1:1 करने के लिए कितना पानी मिलाना चाहिए?
	18 L 18 लीटर
	20 L 20 लीटर
	22 L 22 लीटर
	24 L 24 लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 22

Q.No: 22	Pointing to a girl, Aryan said, "She is the daughter of the only child of my grandmother." How is the girl related to Aryan? एक लड़की की ओर इशारा करते हुए आर्यन ने कहा, "वह मेरी दादी की इकलौती संतान की बेटी है।" वह लड़की आर्यन से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Niece भतीजी
	Cousin चचेरा
	Sister

	बहन
	Aunt
	चाची

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 23

Q.No: 23	Ramesh says, "The boy playing football is the younger of the two sons of my father's wife." How is the boy related to Ramesh?
	रमेश कहता है, "फुटबॉल खेलने वाला लड़का मेरे पिता की पत्नी के दो बेटों में से छोटा है।" वह लड़का रमेश से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Brother
	भाई
	Stepbrother
	सौतेला भाई
	Cousin
	चचेरा
	Nephew
	भतीजा

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 24

Q.No: 24	If 11 / 19 = A and 2 / 9 = B, then what is A - B?
	यदि 11 / 19 = A और 2 / 9 = B है, तो A - B क्या है?
	0.36
	0.36
	0.56
	0.56
	0.76
	0.76
	0.6
	0.6

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 25

Q.No: 25	If the sum of 35 and 46 is multiplied by 2, what is the result?
	यदि 35 और 46 के योग को 2 से गुणा किया जाए तो परिणाम क्या होगा?
	158
	158
	160
	160
	162
	162
	164
	164

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : 13 Sep 2025

Test Time and Shift : 12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1 In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives.
Architect : Design :: Chef : ?

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन कीजिए।
वास्तुकार : डिज़ाइन :: बावर्ची : ?

- Cook
  पकाना
- Serve
  सेवा करना
- Recipe
  व्यंजन विधि
- Food
  खाना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2 In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives
Utilitarianism : Consequence :: Deontology : ?

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन करें
उपयोगितावाद : परिणाम :: कर्तव्यशास्त्र : ?

- Virtue
  गुण
- Duty
  कर्तव्य
- Intention
  इरादा
- Value
  कीमत

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3 Select the letters from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
K, M, O, ?, S, U, ?, Y

दिए गए विकल्पों में से वह अक्षर चुनिए जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर आ सके।
K, M, O, ?, S, U, ?, Y

Q, X

Q, X

Q, W

Q, W

P, W

P, W

R, W

R, W

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
PQR, STU, VWX, ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके।
PQR, STU, VWX, ?

YZD

YZD

YVA

YVA

YZA

YZA

DFR

DFR

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
YMW, VJT, SGQ, PDN, ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके।
YMW, VJT, SGQ, PDN, ?

TYD

TYD

HGF

HGF

MJH

MJH

MAK

MAK

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series:
RBEH, RGOW, RLYL, RQIA, ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है:
RBEH, RGOW, RLYL, RQIA, ?

RVSP

RVSP

RVSH

RVSH

RVHS

RVHS

RSVP

RSVP

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series:
C D E F, C K S A, C R G V, C Y U Q, ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है:
C D E F, C K S A, C R G V, C Y U Q, ?

C E H K
C E H K

C F H K
C F H K

C F H L
C F H L

C F I L
C F I L

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8 Complete the pattern: **120, 96, 76.8, 61.44, ?**

श्रृंखला को पूरा करें: **120, 96, 76.8, 61.44, ?**

60.27
60.27

78.91
78.91

47.89
47.89

49.152
49.152

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9 Each of the letters in the word CONTRAST is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is first from the left and the one that is fifth from the right in the new letter-cluster formed?

CONTRAST शब्द में प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णमाला क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएं से पहले अक्षर और दाएं से पांचवें अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?

10
10

13
13

15
15

11
11

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10 **Which of the following addresses are identical to each other:**
1. S. Iyer 17-D, Coral Residency, Thiruvananthapuram , 695014
2. S. Iyer 17-D, Coral Residency, Thiruvananthapuram , 695014
3. S. Iyer 17-D Coral Residency, Thiruvananthapuram , 695014
4. S. Iyer 17-D Coral Residency, Thiruvananthapuram , 695013

निम्नलिखित में से कौन से पते एक दूसरे के समान हैं:
1. एस. अय्यर 17-डी, कोरल रेजीडेंसी, तिरुवनंतपुरम, 695014
2. एस. अय्यर 17-डी, कोरल रेजीडेंसी, तिरुवनंतपुरम, 695014
3. एस. अय्यर 17-डी कोरल रेजीडेंसी, तिरुवनंतपुरम, 695014
4. एस. अय्यर 17-डी कोरल रेजीडेंसी, तिरुवनंतपुरम, 695013

	1 and 2 1 और 2
	1 and 3 1 और 3 2 and 4 2 और 4
	3 and 4 3 और 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	**Which of the following is/are identical to the address given:** Sunil Kumar 21/4, Ashok Vihar, Delhi, 110052 1. Sunil Kumar 21/4, Ashok Vihar, Delhi, 1100522 2. Sunil Kumar 21/4, Ashok Vihar, Delhi, 110052 3. Sunil Kumar 21/4, Ashok Vihar, New Delhi, 110052 4. Sunil Kumar 21/4, Ashok Vihar, Delhi, 110053 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से पते दिए गए पते के समान है/हैं:** सुनील कुमार 21/4, अशोक विहार, दिल्ली, 110052 1. सुनील कुमार 21/4, अशोक विहार, दिल्ली, 1100522 2. सुनील कुमार 21/4, अशोक विहार, दिल्ली, 110052 3. सुनील कुमार 21/4, अशोक विहार, नई दिल्ली, 110052 4. सुनील कुमार 21/4, अशोक विहार, दिल्ली, 110053
	1 Only केवल 1
	3 Only केवल 3
	2 Only केवल 2
	4 Only केवल 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12	Find the best option that best completes the analogy. **CAB : EDF :: GIH : ?** वह सर्वोत्तम विकल्प चुनिए जो सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करता है। **CAB : EDF :: GIH : ?**
	JKL JKL
	KJI KJI
	ILL ILL
	JLI JLI

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	Find the option that best completes the analogy. DP : XZ :: EN : ? वह विकल्प ज्ञात कीजिए जो सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करता है। DP : XZ :: EN : ?
	YZ YZ
	YB YB
	ZB ZB
	YX YX

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14 Ten persons are sitting in two parallel rows containing five persons each, such that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons.
Line 1: Five men (A–E) are seated and all of them are facing South.
Line 2: Five women (M–Q) are seated and all of them are facing North.
Based on the arrangement, answer the question:
D is opposite to M.
M is at one of the extreme ends of Line 2.
O is at the center position of Line 2.
Who is second to the right of M in Line 2 (facing North)?

दस व्यक्ति दो समानांतर पंक्तियों में बैठे हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक में पाँच व्यक्ति हैं, इस प्रकार कि आसन्न व्यक्तियों के बीच समान दूरी है।
पंक्ति 1: पाँच पुरुष (A-E) बैठे हैं और सभी दक्षिण की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं।
पंक्ति 2: पाँच महिलाएँ (M-Q) बैठी हैं और सभी उत्तर की ओर मुख करके बैठी हैं।
व्यवस्था के आधार पर, प्रश्न का उत्तर दीजिए:
D, M के विपरीत है।
M, पंक्ति 2 के किसी एक छोर पर है।
O, पंक्ति 2 के मध्य में है।
पंक्ति 2 में M के दाईं ओर दूसरा कौन है (उत्तर की ओर मुख करके)?

	O O
	M M
	A A
	N N

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15 In each of the following questions, a specific rearrangement pattern is applied to the first word to form the second. Identify the same pattern and apply it to the third word to determine the correct answer from the given alternatives. **AROUND : RAUODN :: GROUND : ?**

निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द को दूसरे शब्द में बदलने के लिए एक विशिष्ट पुनर्व्यवस्था पैटर्न का उपयोग किया गया है। दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर निर्धारित करने के लिए उसी पैटर्न को पहचानिए और इसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू कीजिए। **AROUND : RAUODN :: GROUND : ?**

	RGUODN RGUODN
	NDOOGR NDOOGR
	OUNDGR OUNDGR
	DNUURG DNUURG

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16 In each of the following questions, the second group of letters is formed from the first using a specific alphabetical transformation. Apply the same pattern to the third group and find the correct option that completes the analogy. **QDXM : SFYN :: UIOZ : ?**

निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, अक्षरों का दूसरा समूह पहले समूह से एक विशिष्ट वर्णमाला परिवर्तन का उपयोग करके बनाया गया है। इसी पैटर्न को तीसरे समूह पर लागू कीजिए और वह सही विकल्प चुनिए जो सादृश्य को पूरा करता हो। **QDXM : SFYN :: UIOZ : ?**

	PAQM PAQM
	LPWA LPWA
	QNLA QNLA
	WKPA WKPA

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	Choose the odd one: असंगत का चयन करें: 2, 4, 8
	2, 4, 8 3, 9, 27
	3, 9, 27 5, 25, 125
	5, 25, 125 4, 16, 36
	4, 16, 36

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	M13 : J10 : G7
	M13 : J10 : G7 Z26 : W23 : T20
	Z26 : W23 : T20 D4 : A1 : X24
	D4 : A1 : X24 H8 : E6 : B4
	H8 : E6 : B4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	Z1$: Y2# : X3@
	Z1$: Y2# : X3@ W4% : V5^ : U6&
	W4% : V5^ : U6& T7* : S8(: R9]
	T7* : S8(: R9]
	Q10$: P11$: O12$
	Q10$: P11$: O12$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	B is the daughter of A. C is the husband of B. D is the son of C. How is A related to D? B, A की पुत्री है। C, B का पति है। D, C का पुत्र है। A, D से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Father पिता
	Grandfather दादाजी
	Grandmother दादी
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	If 'X' means '+', 'Y' means '−', 'Z' means '×', and 'W' means '÷' what is the value of the following expression? **15 W 3 X 2 Y 4=?** यदि 'X' का अर्थ '+', 'Y' का अर्थ '−', 'Z' का अर्थ '×' और 'W' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या है? **15 W 3 X 2 Y 4=?**
	1 1
	3 3
	5 5
	7 7

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	A's father's wife's only daughter is B. How is A related to B? A के पिता की पत्नी की एकमात्र पुत्री B है। A का B से क्या संबंध है?
	Nephew भतीजा
	Cousin चचेरा
	Sibling भाई बहन
	Uncle चाचा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	Introducing a boy, a girl says, "He is the son of my mother's only son." Who is the boy to the girl? एक लड़के का परिचय देते हुए एक लड़की कहती है, "वह मेरी माँ के इकलौते बेटे का बेटा है।" लड़का लड़की का कौन है?
	Brother भाई
	Son बेटा
	Nephew भतीजा
	Cousin चचेरा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	A is the wife of B. B is the brother of C. C is the father of D. How is A related to D? A, B की पत्नी है। B, C का भाई है। C, D का पिता है। A, D से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Aunt चाची
	Mother माँ
	Sister-in-law भाभी

	Grandmother दादी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	If '+' means '−', '−' means '÷', '×' means '+', then 50 ÷ 10 − 5 × 5 = ? यदि '+' का अर्थ '−' है, '−' का अर्थ '÷' है, '×' का अर्थ '+' है, तो 50 ÷ 10 − 5 × 5 = ?
	41 41
	60 60
	65 65
	70 70

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : **13 Sep 2025**

Test Time and Shift : **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	Arrange the following sites in **chronological order** based on the **stylistic development** of Buddhist sculpture: a) Mathura b) Bharhut c) Sanchi Stupa-1 बौद्ध मूर्तिकला के **शैलीगत विकास** के आधार पर निम्नलिखित स्थलों को **कालानुक्रमिक क्रम** में व्यवस्थित करें: a) मथुरा b) भरहुत c) सांची स्तूप-1
	b-c-a b-c-a
	c-a-b c-a-b
	c-b-a c-b-a
	a-c-b a-c-b

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	Which of the following statements about the Chithirai Festival of Madurai is **correct**? मदुरै के चिथिरई महोत्सव के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	The Chithirai Festival is celebrated in the tamil month of Margazhi चिथिरई महोत्सव तमिल माह मार्गाज़ी में मनाया जाता है
	Lord Kallazhagar arrives on a golden horse भगवान कल्लज़गर का स्वर्णिम घोड़े पर आगमन
	The festival is held exclusively in December यह उत्सव विशेष रूप से दिसंबर माह में आयोजित किया जाता है
	The festival ends with a game of bullfight यह उत्सव बैल-लड़ाई के खेल के साथ समाप्त होता है

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	What is the term for a structured musical composition in Hindustani classical music? हिंदुस्तानी शास्त्रीय संगीत में संरचित संगीत रचना के लिए क्या शब्द है?
	Kriti कृति
	Bandish बंदिश
	Gamaka गमक
	Rasa रस
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	Consider the following statements regarding belt ranks and competition area in Judo: 1) A red-and-white belt is associated with judokas from Sixth dan to Eighth dan levels. 2) A shared safety zone of at least 1 meter must be maintained between adjoining competition areas. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** जूडो में बेल्ट रैंक और प्रतियोगिता क्षेत्र के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) लाल और सफेद बेल्ट छठे डैन से आठवें डैन स्तर तक के जुडोकाओं से जुड़ी होती है। 2) आस-पास के प्रतियोगिता क्षेत्रों के बीच कम से कम 1 मीटर का साझा सुरक्षा क्षेत्र बनाए रखा जाना चाहिए। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 both are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं.
	Neither 1 nor 2 is Correct न तो 1 न ही 2 सही है.
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	Who broke the 30-year-old Asian Games men's 5,000m meet record in National Open Athletics Championships 2024? राष्ट्रीय ओपन एथलेटिक्स चैंपियनशिप 2024 में 30 साल पुराना एशियाई खेलों के पुरुषों की 5,000 मीटर मीट रिकॉर्ड किसने तोड़ा?
	Bahadur Singh बहादुर सिंह
	Gulveer Singh गुलवीर सिंह
	Neeraj Chopra नीरज चोपड़ा
	Hima Das हिमा दास
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	**Consider the following statements regarding BRICS Science, Technology and Innovation (STI) cooperation:** 1) It is based on mutual benefit and public-good-driven innovation. 2) It is governed only through annual Heads of State Summits. Which of the statements is/are **correct?**

	ब्रिक्स विज्ञान, प्रौद्योगिकी और नवाचार (एसटीआई) सहयोग के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) यह पारस्परिक लाभ और जनहित से प्रेरित नवाचार पर आधारित है। 2) यह केवल वार्षिक राष्ट्राध्यक्ष शिखर सम्मेलनों के माध्यम से संचालित होता है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	**Fill in the blank:** The inaugural Khelo India Para Games took place in _____, showcasing seven sporting disciplines across three venues in New Delhi. रिक्त स्थान भरें: खेलो इंडिया पैरा गेम्स का पहला आयोजन _____ में हुआ, जिसमें नई दिल्ली के तीन स्थानों पर सात खेल स्पर्धाओं का प्रदर्शन किया गया।
	March 2024 मार्च 2024
	January 2023 जनवरी 2023
	December 2023 दिसंबर 2023
	March 2025 मार्च 2025
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** **Last** Man in Tower explores the moral and ethical conflicts faced by residents during rapid urban development and real estate pressures in Mumbai. **Reason (R):** The novel focuses on the historical evolution of Mumbai's architecture and its colonial past. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ: **अभिकथन (A):** "लास्ट मैन इन टावर" मुंबई में तेज़ी से बढ़ते शहरी विकास और रियल एस्टेट के दबाव के दौरान निवासियों द्वारा सामना किए जाने वाले नैतिक और नैतिक संघर्षों की पड़ताल करता है। **कारण (R):** यह उपन्यास मुंबई की वास्तुकला के ऐतिहासिक विकास और उसके औपनिवेशिक अतीत पर केंद्रित है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	Choose the correctly matched cave feature and its formation: सही सुमेलित गुफा विशेषता और उसके गठन का चयन करें:
	Stalactite – Grows upward from cave floor

	स्टैलेक्टाइट - गुफा के तल से ऊपर की ओर बढ़ता है
	Stalagmite – Formed by dripping water from cave ceiling स्टैलेग्माइट - गुफा की छत से टपकते पानी से निर्मित
	Pillar – Hangs from the cave roof स्तंभ - गुफा की छत से लटका हुआ
	Stalactite – Formed by upward mineral flow स्टैलेक्टाइट - ऊपर की ओर खनिज प्रवाह द्वारा निर्मित
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	What is the primary function of the NVS-02 satellite launched aboard GSLV-F15? जीएसएलवी-एफ15 के माध्यम से प्रक्षेपित एनवीएस-02 उपग्रह का प्राथमिक कार्य क्या है?
	It supports meteorological observations for cyclone prediction. यह चक्रवात की भविष्यवाणी के लिए मौसम संबंधी अवलोकनों का समर्थन करता है।
	It enables satellite-based television broadcasting. यह उपग्रह आधारित टेलीविजन प्रसारण को सक्षम बनाता है।
	It boosts India's navigation system by offering precise position and timing data. यह सटीक स्थिति और समय संबंधी डेटा प्रदान करके भारत की नेविगेशन प्रणाली को बढ़ावा देता है।
	It conducts deep-space communication with planetary probes. यह ग्रहीय अन्वेषणों के साथ गहन अंतरिक्ष संचार करता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	**Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are given below. Choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** Population growth can be measured in absolute numbers and percentage change per year. **Reason (R):** Measuring growth only in absolute numbers provides detailed insights into population trends over time. नीचे अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) दिए गए हैं। सही विकल्प चुनें: अभिकथन (A): जनसंख्या वृद्धि को निरपेक्ष संख्याओं और प्रति वर्ष प्रतिशत परिवर्तन के रूप में मापा जा सकता है। कारण (R): केवल निरपेक्ष संख्याओं में वृद्धि को मापने से समय के साथ जनसंख्या प्रवृत्तियों की विस्तृत जानकारी मिलती है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	**Read the following statements regarding K. Sanjay Murthy's recent appointment as Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG) of India:** 1. He took office as the CAG in November 2024 after the term of Girish Chandra Murmu. 2. The CAG is a constitutional office, which is appointed by the President under Article 148 of the Indian Constitution. 3. The CAG's term is only five years and cannot be repeated. Which of the above is/are **correct?** **भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखा परीक्षक (CAG) के रूप में के. संजय मूर्ति की हालिया नियुक्ति के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथन पढ़ें:** 1. उन्होंने गिरीश चंद्र मुर्मू के कार्यकाल के बाद नवंबर 2024 में CAG के रूप में पदभार ग्रहण किया। 2. CAG एक संवैधानिक पद है, जिसकी नियुक्ति भारतीय संविधान के अनुच्छेद 148 के तहत राष्ट्रपति द्वारा की जाती है। 3. CAG का कार्यकाल केवल पाँच वर्ष का होता है और इसे दोहराया नहीं जा सकता। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2

	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	What is the primary function of the Golgi apparatus? गॉल्जी उपकरण का प्राथमिक कार्य क्या है?
	ATP production एटीपी उत्पादन
	Protein modification प्रोटीन संशोधन
	Lipid synthesis लिपिड संश्लेषण
	DNA replication डीएनए प्रतिकृति
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	As per Article 279A of the Indian Constitution, the GST Council's decisions require what kind of majority of the weighted votes of the members present and voting? भारतीय संविधान के अनुच्छेद 279A के अनुसार, जीएसटी परिषद के निर्णयों के लिए उपस्थित और मतदान करने वाले सदस्यों के भारित मतों के किस प्रकार के बहुमत की आवश्यकता होती है?
	Simple majority साधारण बहुमत
	Three-fourths majority तीन-चौथाई बहुमत
	Two-thirds majority दो-तिहाई बहुमत
	Half majority आधा बहुमत
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	Which of the following correctly reflects the legal implication of Article 255 regarding presidential or governor's assent to bills? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विधेयकों पर राष्ट्रपति या राज्यपाल की स्वीकृति के संबंध में अनुच्छेद 255 के कानूनी निहितार्थ को सही ढंग से दर्शाता है?
	State law is void without written Governor assent. राज्यपाल की लिखित स्वीकृति के बिना राज्य का कानून अमान्य है।
	Mention of assent is mandatory for validity. वैधता के लिए सहमति का उल्लेख अनिवार्य है।
	Omission of prior recommendation doesn't invalidate law if assent is given. यदि सहमति दे दी गई है तो पूर्व अनुशंसा को छोड़ देने से कानून अमान्य नहीं हो जाता।
	President's assent must precede legislative passage to be valid. विधायी पारित होने के लिए राष्ट्रपति की स्वीकृति आवश्यक है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	When light enters from air into a medium, its speed changes. Which of the following properties of light remains constant during this transition? जब प्रकाश वायु से किसी माध्यम में प्रवेश करता है, तो उसकी गति बदल जाती है। इस संक्रमण के दौरान प्रकाश का निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा गुण स्थिर रहता है?
	Wavelength वेवलेंथ
	Frequency आवृत्ति
	Speed रफ्तार
	Amplitude आयाम

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam(BSA) aims to align Indian evidence law with advancements in: भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम (बीएसए) का लक्ष्य भारतीय साक्ष्य कानून को निम्नलिखित में प्रगति के साथ जोड़ना है:
	Forensic science and digital technology फोरेंसिक विज्ञान और डिजिटल प्रौद्योगिकी
	Traditional agricultural practices पारंपरिक कृषि पद्धतियाँ
	Ancient philosophical texts प्राचीन दार्शनिक ग्रंथ
	Oral storytelling traditions मौखिक कहानी कहने की परंपराएँ
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A):** Rashtriya Vigyan Puraskar is a civilian science award. **Reason (R):** It is conferred by Ministry of Culture. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए: अभिकथन (A): राष्ट्रीय विज्ञान पुरस्कार एक नागरिक विज्ञान पुरस्कार है। कारण (R): यह संस्कृति मंत्रालय द्वारा प्रदान किया जाता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	The Global Gender Gap Report primarily measures disparities between genders in which key areas? वैश्विक लिंग अंतराल रिपोर्ट मुख्यतः किन प्रमुख क्षेत्रों में लिंगों के बीच असमानताओं को मापती है?
	Politics, Economy, Health, Education राजनीति, अर्थव्यवस्था, स्वास्थ्य, शिक्षा
	Income, Wealth, Land, Technology

	आय, धन, भूमि, प्रौद्योगिकी
	Crime, Law, Justice, Security अपराध, कानून, न्याय, सुरक्षा
	Environment, Climate, Water, Food पर्यावरण, जलवायु, जल, भोजन
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	Thang-Ta is a traditional martial dance associated with which northeastern state of India? थांग-ता एक पारंपरिक मार्शल नृत्य है जो भारत के किस पूर्वोत्तर राज्य से संबंधित है?
	Assam असम
	Nagaland नगालैंड
	Manipur मणिपुर
	Tripura त्रिपुरा
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	Which of the following industry pairs is **correctly** grouped as heavy industries? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा उद्योग युग्म **सही** रूप से भारी उद्योगों के रूप में वर्गीकृत है?
	Sewing machines and Paint brushes सिलाई मशीनें और पेंट ब्रश
	Shipbuilding and Automobile जहाज निर्माण और ऑटोमोबाइल
	Electric bulbs and Fuse wires बिजली के बल्ब और फ्यूज तार
	Watches and Paint brushes घड़ियाँ और पेंट ब्रश

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	The President is elected by an electoral college, while the Governor is _____. राष्ट्रपति का चुनाव एक निर्वाचक मंडल द्वारा किया जाता है, जबकि राज्यपाल _____ होता है।
	Directly elected प्रत्यक्ष रूप से निर्वाचित
	Appointed by the President राष्ट्रपति द्वारा नियुक्त
	Nominated by Supreme Court सर्वोच्च न्यायालय द्वारा नामित
	Chosen by State Assembly राज्य विधानसभा द्वारा चुना गया

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	The Western Ghats are a recognized biodiversity hotspot. Which of the following is currently considered the most significant threat to its endemic species, beyond general habitat loss? पश्चिमी घाट एक मान्यता प्राप्त जैव विविधता हॉटस्पॉट है। सामान्य आवास क्षति के अलावा, निम्नलिखित में से किसे वर्तमान में इसकी स्थानिक प्रजातियों के लिए सबसे बड़ा खतरा माना जाता है?
	Infrastructure development projects (e.g., roads, dams, mining). बुनियादी ढांचा विकास परियोजनाएं (जैसे, सड़कें, बांध, खनन).
	Introduction of invasive alien species. आक्रामक विदेशी प्रजातियों का प्रवेश।
	Forest fires due to climate change. जलवायु परिवर्तन के कारण जंगल में आग लगना।
	Human-wildlife conflict due to encroachment. अतिक्रमण के कारण मानव-वन्यजीव संघर्ष।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	NISAR's orbit regime is? NISAR की कक्षा व्यवस्था क्या है?
	GTO GTO
	GEO GEO
	Polar sun-sync Polar sun-sync
	LEEO LEEO

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. The Governor can dissolve the State Legislative Assembly. 2. The President has no such power regarding the Lok Sabha. Which of the above is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. राज्यपाल राज्य विधान सभा को भंग कर सकता है। 2. राष्ट्रपति के पास लोकसभा के संबंध में ऐसी कोई शक्ति नहीं है। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : 13 Sep 2025

Test Time and Shift : 12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51 What is the value of $4 + 44 + 444 + 4444 + 44444$?

$4 + 44 + 444 + 4444 + 44444$ का मान क्या है?

- 49380
- 49380
- 42300
- 42300
- 41300
- 41300
- 45000
- 45000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52 Simplify: $(1\frac{2}{5} + 2.6) - 1\frac{3}{4}$

सरल करें: $(1\frac{2}{5} + 2.6) - 1\frac{3}{4}$

- 2.25
- 2.25
- 2.1
- 2.1
- 2.35
- 2.35
- 2.5
- 2.5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53 Evaluate the expression: $(\frac{1}{3-\sqrt{8}}) - (\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{7}}) + (\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{6}}) - (\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{5}}) + (\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}-2}) = ?$

अभिव्यक्ति का मूल्यांकन करें: $(\frac{1}{3-\sqrt{8}}) - (\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{7}}) + (\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{6}}) - (\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{5}}) + (\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}-2}) = ?$

- 5
- 5

3

3

2

2

0

0

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54 Determine the ratio of the number of students who play Football to the number of students who play Basketball in a survey of 120 students from the following table:

Category	Number
Play Football and Basketball	25
Play Football but not Basketball	45
Play Basketball but not Football	35
Play neither sport	15

निम्न तालिका से 120 छात्रों के सर्वेक्षण में फुटबॉल खेलने वाले छात्रों की संख्या और बास्केटबॉल खेलने वाले छात्रों की संख्या का अनुपात निर्धारित करें:

श्रेणी	संख्या
फुटबॉल और बास्केटबॉल खेलें	25
फुटबॉल खेलें लेकिन बास्केटबॉल नहीं	45
बास्केटबॉल खेलें लेकिन फुटबॉल नहीं	35
कोई भी खेल न खेलें	15

6:7

6:7

7:5

7:5

7:6

7:6

5:7

5:7

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55 Tina and Meera started a business with ₹1,00,000 and ₹80,000 respectively. After 6 months, Meera added ₹40,000 more. Tina withdrew ₹20,000 at the same time. What is the profit-sharing ratio at the end of 1 year?

टीना और मीरा ने क्रमशः ₹1,00,000 और ₹80,000 के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 6 महीने बाद, मीरा ने ₹40,000 और जोड़े। टीना ने उसी समय ₹20,000 निकाल लिए। 1 वर्ष के अंत में लाभ-साझाकरण अनुपात क्या है?

9:10

9:10

5:6

5:6

7:4

7:4

2:3

2:3

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56 A invests ₹20,000, while B invests ₹30,000. A receives an additional 20% for management. The total profit is ₹60,000. What is A's share?

A ने ₹20,000 का निवेश किया, जबकि B ने ₹30,000 का निवेश किया। A को प्रबंधन के लिए अतिरिक्त 20% मिलता है। कुल लाभ ₹60,000 है। A का हिस्सा क्या है?

₹51,200

₹51,200

₹41,200

₹41,200

₹31,200

₹31,200

₹21,200

₹21,200

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57 A batsman's average score for a certain number of innings is 44. If he scores 132 runs in the next innings, his average becomes 48. How many innings did he play earlier?

एक बल्लेबाज का निश्चित संख्या में पारियों का औसत स्कोर 44 है। यदि वह अगली पारी में 132 रन बनाता है, तो उसका औसत 48 हो जाता है। उसने पहले कितनी पारियां खेली थीं?

21

21

22

22

23

23

24

24

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58 The average of 13 numbers is 70. The average of the first five numbers is 60. The average of the next five numbers is 25 % higher than the average of the first five numbers. The 11th number is 6 less than the 13th number, and the 12th number is 4 greater than the 13th number. What is the average of the 11th and 12th numbers?

13 संख्याओं का औसत 70 है। पहली पाँच संख्याओं का औसत 60 है। अगली पाँच संख्याओं का औसत पहली पाँच संख्याओं के औसत से 25% अधिक है। 11वीं संख्या 13वीं संख्या से 6 कम है, और 12वीं संख्या 13वीं संख्या से 4 अधिक है। 11वीं और 12वीं संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?

78

78

77

77

76

76

74

74

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59 In an election, 80% of eligible voters cast their votes. Of these votes, 5% were declared invalid. If a winning candidate received 11,400 votes, which accounted for 60% of the total valid votes, what was the total number of eligible voters enrolled in that election?

एक चुनाव में, 80% योग्य मतदाताओं ने अपने वोट डाले। इनमें से 5% वोट अवैध घोषित कर दिए गए। यदि एक विजयी उम्मीदवार को 11,400 वोट मिले, जो कुल वैध वोटों का 60% है, तो उस चुनाव में नामांकित कुल योग्य मतदाताओं की संख्या कितनी थी?

	20,000 20,000
	22,500 22,500
	25,000 25,000
	27,500 27,500
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	The compound interest on a sum at 18 % p.a. for 1 ½ years, compounded yearly, is ₹2 862. Find the principal. किसी धनराशि पर 18% प्रतिवर्ष की दर से 1 ½ वर्ष का चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज, जो वार्षिक रूप से संयोजित होता है, ₹2 862 है। मूलधन ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹10,000 ₹10,000
	₹8 000 ₹8 000
	₹2,000 ₹2,000
	₹4,000 ₹4,000
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	If the compound interest on a certain sum at 16⅔% per annum for 3 years is ₹1270, find the simple interest on the same sum at the same rate and for the same period. यदि किसी निश्चित धनराशि पर 16⅔% प्रति वर्ष की दर से 3 वर्षों का चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज ₹1270 है, तो उसी धनराशि पर समान दर से और समान अवधि के लिए साधारण ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹1080 ₹1080
	₹1000 ₹1000
	₹1500 ₹1500
	₹2000 ₹2000
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	A tea seller bought 15 kg of Darjeeling tea at ₹300 per kg and 25 kg of Assam tea at ₹240 per kg. He mixed them together. Due to a slight drop in market prices, he had to sell the entire mixture at ₹260 per kg. Calculate his total profit or loss. एक चाय विक्रेता ने 15 किलो दार्जिलिंग चाय ₹300 प्रति किलो और 25 किलो असम चाय ₹240 प्रति किलो की दर से खरीदी। उसने उन्हें एक साथ मिला दिया। बाजार मूल्य में मामूली गिरावट के कारण, उसे पूरा मिश्रण ₹260 प्रति किलो पर बेचना पड़ा। उसका कुल लाभ या हानि की गणना करें।
	Loss of ₹100 ₹100 का नुकसान
	Profit of ₹100 ₹100 का लाभ
	Profit of ₹200 ₹200 का लाभ Profit of ₹200 ₹200 का लाभ
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63 An antique dealer sold three items, A, B, and C, with their selling prices in the ratio 4:5:6. He suffered a loss of 10% on item A, made a profit of 50% on item B, and broke even (no profit, no loss) on item C. What was his approximate percentage gain or loss in the overall deal?

एक एंटीक डीलर ने तीन वस्तुएं A, B और C बेचीं, जिनके विक्रय मूल्य का अनुपात 4:5:6 था। उसे वस्तु A पर 10% का घाटा हुआ, वस्तु B पर 50% का लाभ हुआ, तथा वस्तु C पर उसका घाटा बराबर रहा (न लाभ, न हानि)। कुल सौदे में उसका अनुमानित लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या था?

loss of 8.88%

8.88% की हानि

profit of 8.88%

8.88% का लाभ

profit of 10.88%

10.88% का लाभ

loss of 10.88%

10.88% की हानि

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64 A 75-liter mixture contains milk and water in the ratio 3:2. If 15 liters of this mixture are removed and replaced with 10 liters of pure milk, what is the new ratio of milk to water in the mixture?

75 लीटर के मिश्रण में दूध और पानी का अनुपात 3:2 है। यदि इस मिश्रण में से 15 लीटर निकाल दिया जाए और उसकी जगह 10 लीटर शुद्ध दूध डाल दिया जाए, तो मिश्रण में दूध और पानी का नया अनुपात क्या होगा?

11:7

11:7

23:12

23:12

17:11

17:11

19:12

19:12

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65 A wholesaler buys a batch of ceiling fans at a 50% markup over the factory's base cost ₹C. He then allows a 20% trade discount to the retailer. The retailer applies a 40% markup on his cost and offers a flat 10% discount to customers on the printed price. If a customer finally pays ₹18,144, what is the original base cost (₹C) of one ceiling fan from the factory?

एक थोक व्यापारी फैक्ट्री की आधार लागत ₹C से 50% अधिक कीमत पर सीलिंग फैन का एक बैच खरीदता है। फिर वह खुदरा विक्रेता को 20% व्यापार छूट देता है। खुदरा विक्रेता अपनी लागत पर 40% मार्कअप लगाता है और ग्राहकों को मुद्रित मूल्य पर 10% की फ्लैट छूट प्रदान करता है। यदि कोई ग्राहक अंततः ₹18,144 का भुगतान करता है, तो फैक्ट्री से एक सीलिंग फैन की मूल आधार लागत (₹C) क्या है?

₹12,000

₹12,000

₹11,500

₹11,500

₹10,800

₹10,800

₹10,000

₹10,000

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66 A can lay railway track between two specified stations in 16 days, while B can complete the same task in 12 days. When C assists them, they manage to finish the job in just 4 days. How long would it take for C to complete the job on their own?

	A दो निर्दिष्ट स्टेशनों के बीच रेलवे ट्रैक 16 दिनों में बिछा सकता है, जबकि B उसी कार्य को 12 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। जब C उनकी सहायता करता है, तो वे केवल 4 दिनों में काम पूरा कर लेते हैं। C को अकेले काम पूरा करने में कितना समय लगेगा?
	$8\frac{1}{2}$ days $8\frac{1}{2}$ दिन
	$9\frac{1}{2}$ days $9\frac{1}{2}$ दिन
	$9\frac{3}{5}$ days $9\frac{3}{5}$ दिन
	10 days 10 दिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	Three varieties of rice costing ₹40/kg, ₹50/kg, and a third unknown price are mixed in the ratio 2:3:5. If the resulting mixture is sold at ₹55/kg, making a profit of 10% on the cost price, what is the price of the third variety of rice per kg? चावल की तीन किस्में, जिनकी कीमत ₹40/किग्रा, ₹50/किग्रा तथा एक तीसरी अज्ञात कीमत है, को 2:3:5 के अनुपात में मिलाया जाता है। यदि परिणामी मिश्रण को ₹55/किग्रा पर बेचा जाता है, तो लागत मूल्य पर 10% का लाभ होता है, चावल की तीसरी किस्म का प्रति किग्रा मूल्य क्या है?
	₹52.50 ₹52.50
	₹57.50 ₹57.50
	₹54.00 ₹54.00
	₹62.50 ₹62.50
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	A can build up a wall in 8 days while B can break it in 3 days. A has worked for 4 days and then B joined to work with A for another 2 days only. In how many days will A alone build up the remaining part of the wall? A एक दीवार को 8 दिन में बना सकता है जबकि B इसे 3 दिन में तोड़ सकता है। A ने 4 दिन काम किया और फिर B ने A के साथ मिलकर केवल 2 दिन और काम किया। A अकेले दीवार का बचा हुआ हिस्सा कितने दिन में बना लेगा?
	$7\frac{1}{3}$ days $7\frac{1}{3}$ दिन
	$8\frac{2}{5}$ days $8\frac{2}{5}$ दिन
	$9\frac{1}{5}$ days $9\frac{1}{5}$ दिन
	$5\frac{1}{2}$ days $5\frac{1}{2}$ दिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	An airplane travels a specific distance at a speed of 240 km/h over the course of 5 hours. To cover the same distance in just 1 hour, it needs to fly at a speed of: एक हवाई जहाज 5 घंटे में 240 किमी/घंटा की गति से एक निश्चित दूरी तय करता है। उसी दूरी को सिर्फ 1 घंटे में तय करने के लिए, उसे इस गति से उड़ना होगा:
	1200 km/h 1200 किमी/घंटा

	1500 km/h 1500 किमी/घंटा
	1400 km/h 1400 किमी/घंटा
	1600 km/h 1600 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	A person travels from city A to city B. If he travels at a speed of 50 km/h, he arrives 1 hour early. If he travels at a speed of 30 km/h, he arrives 1 hour late. What is the distance (in km) between city A and city B? एक व्यक्ति शहर A से शहर B तक यात्रा करता है। यदि वह 50 किमी/घंटा की गति से यात्रा करता है, तो वह 1 घंटा पहले पहुँच जाता है। यदि वह 30 किमी/घंटा की गति से यात्रा करता है, तो वह 1 घंटा देरी से पहुँचता है। शहर A और शहर B के बीच की दूरी (किमी में) क्या है?
	150 km 150 किमी
	120 km 120 किमी
	200 km 200 किमी
	180 km 180 किमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	A ring-shaped metallic sheet has outer and inner radii 10 cm and 6 cm. What percentage of the full circle's area is the ring? एक वलय के आकार की धातु की शीट की बाहरी और भीतरी त्रिज्याएँ 10 सेमी और 6 सेमी हैं। वलय का क्षेत्रफल पूरे वृत्त के क्षेत्रफल का कितना प्रतिशत है?
	36% 36%
	48% 48%
	64% 64%
	76% 76%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	A circular pond is surrounded by a path 2 m wide. If the total area (pond + path) is 616 m^2 and the pond area is 452.16 m^2, what is the radius of the pond? एक गोलाकार तालाब 2 मीटर चौड़े रास्ते से घिरा हुआ है। यदि कुल क्षेत्रफल (तालाब + रास्ता) 616 वर्ग मीटर है और तालाब का क्षेत्रफल 452.16 वर्ग मीटर है, तो तालाब की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	10 m 10 मी
	11 m 11 मी
	12 m 12 मी
	13 m 13 मी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	The ratio of the circumferences of two circular flower beds is 3:5. If the smaller flower bed has a radius of 9 m, what is the radius of the larger flower bed?

	दो गोलाकार फूलों की क्यारियों की परिधियों का अनुपात 3:5 है। यदि छोटी फूलों की क्यारी की त्रिज्या 9 मीटर है, तो बड़ी फूलों की क्यारी की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	15 m 15 मीटर
	17 m 17 मीटर
	19 m 19 मीटर
	21m 21 मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	What is the equation of line through (0,3) with slope -1? (0,3) से होकर जाने वाली ढलान -1 वाली रेखा का समीकरण क्या है?
	$y = -x + 3$ $y = -x + 3$
	$y = x - 3$ $y = x - 3$
	$y = -x - 3$ $y = -x - 3$
	$y = x + 3$ $y = x + 3$
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	Given, $x + \frac{1}{x} = 5$, then determine the value of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$. $x + \frac{1}{x} = 5$,तो का मूल्य क्या है $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$.
	25 25
	24 24
	26 26
	23 23

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : 13 Sep 2025

Test Time and Shift : 12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: BIBLIOPHILE
	Publisher
	Bookkeeper
	Librarian
■	Book-lover

Q.No: 77	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Has two strings to his bow**
	He is indecisive in crucial matters.
	He has two romantic interests simultaneously.
■	He has an additional skill or option to rely on.
	He uses deception to achieve goals.

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Lachrymose**
	Tearful
	Mournful
	Weepy
	Jovial

Not Answered

Q.No: 79	Identify the **misspelt** word
	Acquiescence
	Bourgeoisie
	Consciencious
	Epitome

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of an electron-transport protein.
	Cytocrome
	Cytocrhome
	Cytochrome
	Cytohrome

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A state of temporary disuse or suspension'.
	Intermission
	Recess
	Abeyance
	Dormancy

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** The analyst found the correlation to be ___ marginal to influence policy.
	too
	very
	so
	as

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** Her argument was compelling; ___, it was based on outdated data.
	otherwise
	conversely
	nevertheless
	subsequently

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** Had it not been for her timely intervention, the discussion might well have ___ into an acrimonious stalemate.
	evolved
	devolved
	emerged
	absorbed

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The regulator's decision to postpone the implementation (1)/ was attributed partly to industry pressure (2)/ and partly due to legal ambiguity (3)/ surrounding the recent amendments. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** That there exists no recourse for citizens (1)/ if environmental violations are condoned at the ministerial level (2)/ underline a systemic erosion of (3)/ constitutional accountability. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** We shall have dispatched the invitations before Friday evening.
	The invitations shall have dispatched before Friday evening.
	The invitations shall have had been dispatched before Friday evening. The invitations shall have be dispatched before Friday evening.
	The invitations shall have been dispatched before Friday evening.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The medieval **oriel** window projected elegantly from the chapel wall.
	The priest admired the sunlight filtering through the oriel.
	The duke stood by the oriel gazing at the courtyard.
	The technician adjusted the frequency on the oriel.
	The stained-glass oriel was restored by artisans.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The photos will be printed by the studio within an hour.
	The studio prints the photos within an hour.
	The studio will print the photos within an hour.
	The photos printed by the studio soon.
	The studio had printed the photos in an hour.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** In contemporary discourse, the debate between entrepreneurship and conventional employment has gained remarkable traction. While traditional employment offers predictability, structured growth, and a defined career trajectory, entrepreneurship appeals to those seeking autonomy, innovation, and the potential for exponential returns. However, both paths are fraught with distinct advantages and inherent uncertainties. Employment, particularly within established organizations, provides financial stability, social recognition, and institutional support. Employees are not burdened with existential risks such as capital loss or market unpredictability. Instead, they operate within frameworks of responsibility and hierarchy, where risk is absorbed at higher managerial levels. For many, this structure offers psychological comfort and a clear roadmap for progression. Conversely, entrepreneurship demands resilience, resourcefulness, and a high tolerance for ambiguity. Entrepreneurs must navigate volatile markets, regulatory complexities, and the absence of assured income—challenges often underestimated by aspirants. Yet, for those with a risk appetite and creative acumen, entrepreneurship promises a unique form of fulfillment. It allows individuals to disrupt existing paradigms, build ventures from the ground up, and possibly shape industries. Societal perceptions further complicate the dichotomy. In many cultures, steady employment is seen as the hallmark of success, while entrepreneurial endeavors are often perceived as reckless or unstable—until they succeed. This perception, however, is gradually shifting as global startup ecosystems mature and innovation becomes synonymous with progress. The real decision, therefore, lies not in which path is superior but in aligning one's temperament, values, and long-term goals with the demands of each route. Entrepreneurship may offer liberation, but it is not without sacrifice. Employment may provide security, but it can come at the cost of creative constraint. A reflective, context-aware approach—not blind aspiration—is essential for navigating this professional crossroads. According to the passage, which quality is most crucial for entrepreneurs?
	Obedience
	Resilience
	Delegation
	Conformity

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** In contemporary discourse, the debate between entrepreneurship and conventional employment has gained remarkable traction. While traditional employment offers predictability, structured growth, and a defined career trajectory, entrepreneurship appeals to those seeking autonomy, innovation, and the potential for exponential returns. However, both paths are fraught with distinct advantages and inherent uncertainties. Employment, particularly within established organizations, provides financial stability, social recognition, and institutional support. Employees are not burdened with existential risks such as capital loss or market unpredictability. Instead, they operate within frameworks of responsibility and hierarchy, where risk is absorbed at higher managerial levels. For many, this structure offers psychological comfort and a clear roadmap for progression. Conversely, entrepreneurship demands resilience, resourcefulness, and a high tolerance for ambiguity. Entrepreneurs must navigate volatile markets, regulatory complexities, and the absence of assured income—challenges often underestimated by aspirants. Yet, for those with a risk appetite and creative acumen, entrepreneurship promises a unique form of fulfillment. It allows individuals to disrupt existing paradigms, build ventures from the ground up, and possibly shape industries. Societal perceptions further complicate the dichotomy. In many cultures, steady employment is seen as the hallmark of success, while entrepreneurial endeavors are often perceived as reckless or unstable—until they succeed. This perception, however, is gradually shifting as global startup ecosystems mature and innovation becomes synonymous with progress. The real decision, therefore, lies not in which path is superior but in aligning one's temperament, values, and long-term goals with the demands of each route. Entrepreneurship may offer liberation, but it is not without sacrifice. Employment may provide security, but it can come at the cost of creative constraint. A reflective, context-aware approach—not blind aspiration—is essential for navigating this professional crossroads. Why is employment often psychologically comforting, as per the passage?
	It allows for flexible innovation
	It eliminates the need for competition
	It provides hierarchy and reduced risk

It ensures rapid promotions

Q.No: 92 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

In contemporary discourse, the debate between entrepreneurship and conventional employment has gained remarkable traction. While traditional employment offers predictability, structured growth, and a defined career trajectory, entrepreneurship appeals to those seeking autonomy, innovation, and the potential for exponential returns. However, both paths are fraught with distinct advantages and inherent uncertainties. Employment, particularly within established organizations, provides financial stability, social recognition, and institutional support. Employees are not burdened with existential risks such as capital loss or market unpredictability. Instead, they operate within frameworks of responsibility and hierarchy, where risk is absorbed at higher managerial levels. For many, this structure offers psychological comfort and a clear roadmap for progression. Conversely, entrepreneurship demands resilience, resourcefulness, and a high tolerance for ambiguity. Entrepreneurs must navigate volatile markets, regulatory complexities, and the absence of assured income—challenges often underestimated by aspirants. Yet, for those with a risk appetite and creative acumen, entrepreneurship promises a unique form of fulfillment. It allows individuals to disrupt existing paradigms, build ventures from the ground up, and possibly shape industries. Societal perceptions further complicate the dichotomy. In many cultures, steady employment is seen as the hallmark of success, while entrepreneurial endeavors are often perceived as reckless or unstable—until they succeed. This perception, however, is gradually shifting as global startup ecosystems mature and innovation becomes synonymous with progress. The real decision, therefore, lies not in which path is superior but in aligning one's temperament, values, and long-term goals with the demands of each route. Entrepreneurship may offer liberation, but it is not without sacrifice. Employment may provide security, but it can come at the cost of creative constraint. A reflective, context-aware approach—not blind aspiration—is essential for navigating this professional crossroads.

How does the passage describe societal views toward entrepreneurship?

Always supportive

Unanimously dismissive

Overwhelmingly negative

Skeptical until proven successful

Q.No: 93 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

In contemporary discourse, the debate between entrepreneurship and conventional employment has gained remarkable traction. While traditional employment offers predictability, structured growth, and a defined career trajectory, entrepreneurship appeals to those seeking autonomy, innovation, and the potential for exponential returns. However, both paths are fraught with distinct advantages and inherent uncertainties. Employment, particularly within established organizations, provides financial stability, social recognition, and institutional support. Employees are not burdened with existential risks such as capital loss or market unpredictability. Instead, they operate within frameworks of responsibility and hierarchy, where risk is absorbed at higher managerial levels. For many, this structure offers psychological comfort and a clear roadmap for progression. Conversely, entrepreneurship demands resilience, resourcefulness, and a high tolerance for ambiguity. Entrepreneurs must navigate volatile markets, regulatory complexities, and the absence of assured income—challenges often underestimated by aspirants. Yet, for those with a risk appetite and creative acumen, entrepreneurship promises a unique form of fulfillment. It allows individuals to disrupt existing paradigms, build ventures from the ground up, and possibly shape industries. Societal perceptions further complicate the dichotomy. In many cultures, steady employment is seen as the hallmark of success, while entrepreneurial endeavors are often perceived as reckless or unstable—until they succeed. This perception, however, is gradually shifting as global startup ecosystems mature and innovation becomes synonymous with progress. The real decision, therefore, lies not in which path is superior but in aligning one's temperament, values, and long-term goals with the demands of each route. Entrepreneurship may offer liberation, but it is not without sacrifice. Employment may provide security, but it can come at the cost of creative constraint. A reflective, context-aware approach—not blind aspiration—is essential for navigating this professional crossroads.

What is implied by "absence of assured income" in the context of entrepreneurship?

Entrepreneurs always work voluntarily

No fixed salary or stable cash flow

Profits are guaranteed from start

Income is controlled by the government

Q.No: 94 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

In contemporary discourse, the debate between entrepreneurship and conventional employment has gained remarkable traction. While traditional employment offers predictability, structured growth, and a defined career trajectory, entrepreneurship appeals to those seeking autonomy, innovation, and the potential for exponential returns. However, both paths are fraught with distinct advantages and inherent uncertainties. Employment, particularly within established organizations, provides financial stability, social recognition, and institutional support. Employees are not burdened with existential risks such as capital loss or market unpredictability. Instead, they operate within frameworks of responsibility and hierarchy, where risk is absorbed at higher managerial levels. For many, this structure offers psychological comfort and a clear roadmap for progression. Conversely, entrepreneurship demands resilience, resourcefulness, and a high tolerance for ambiguity. Entrepreneurs must navigate volatile markets, regulatory complexities, and the absence of assured income—challenges often underestimated by aspirants. Yet, for those with a risk appetite and creative acumen, entrepreneurship promises a unique form of fulfillment. It allows individuals to disrupt existing paradigms, build ventures from the ground up, and possibly shape industries. Societal perceptions further complicate the dichotomy. In many cultures, steady employment is seen as the hallmark of success, while entrepreneurial endeavors are often perceived as reckless or unstable—until they succeed. This perception, however, is gradually shifting as global startup ecosystems mature and innovation becomes synonymous with progress. The real decision, therefore, lies not in which path is superior but in aligning one's temperament, values, and long-term goals with the demands of each route. Entrepreneurship may offer liberation, but it is not without sacrifice. Employment may provide security, but it can come at the cost of creative constraint. A reflective, context-aware approach—not blind aspiration—is essential for navigating this professional crossroads.

What does the word "dichotomy" in the passage most nearly mean?

A shared understanding

A mutual advantage

A clear division between two contrasting things

A repeated pattern

Q.No: 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
He is looking forward ***to meet you soon***.

to meeting you soon

for meeting you

meeting you

to have met you

Q.No: 96 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
The judge declared the prisoner ***as guilty***.

guilty for

guilty

as being guilty

guilty to crime

Q.No: 97 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
Ravi said, "I like this pen."

Ravi said he liked that pen.

Ravi said he like that pen.

Ravi said he liked this pen.

Ravi said he likes that pen.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The judge said that justice must be served at any cost.
	"Justice should be served at any cost," said the judge.
	"Justice must be served at any cost," the judge said.
	"We serve justice at any cost," said the judge.
	"One must serve justice," the judge said.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. The rapid spread of misinformation and disinformation on social media platforms represents a major challenge to public discourse. 2. This method involves a systematic verification of facts, claims, and sources to provide a credible assessment of accuracy. 3. This phenomenon can erode public trust in news sources and undermine informed decision-making in a democratic society. 4. As a result, professional fact-checking organizations have emerged as a critical line of defense against the proliferation of false narratives.
	2, 1, 4, 3 3, 1, 2, 4
	1, 3, 4, 2 1, 4, 2, 3

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. It is a process that involves the systematic and objective investigation of a subject to discover new facts or to confirm existing ones. 2. Research is a foundational pillar of academic and scientific progress. 3. This can be either theoretical, aiming to expand knowledge, or applied, seeking to solve a practical problem. 4. The findings of this investigation are then documented and peer-reviewed to ensure validity and credibility.
	2, 1, 3, 4 1, 2, 4, 3
	4, 3, 2, 1 3, 4, 1, 2
Not Answered	

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : **13 Sep 2025**

Test Time and Shift : **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
XYZ, ABC, DEF, ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके।
XYZ, ABC, DEF, ?

	GFS GFS
	GCA GCA
	KOH KOH
■	GHI GHI

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
ZEG XIN VMU TQB ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके।
ZEG XIN VMU TQB ?

	RFD RFD
	RFC RFC
■	RUI RUI
	RYD RYD

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3 Complete the pattern: **1, 2, 5, 26, ?**

	पैटर्न पूरा करें: 1, 2, 5, 26, ?
	677 677
	37 37
	781 781
	371 371

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	Choose the option that is similar to the following numbers:29,31,47, 101 निम्नलिखित संख्याओं के समान विकल्प चुनें: 29,31,47, 101
	111 111
	103 103
	147 147
	196 196

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	**Instruction: Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option.** **Statement:** The government has decided to implement stricter regulations on industrial pollution to curb the growing environmental concerns. **Assumptions:** I. Industrial pollution is a significant cause of environmental degradation. II. Stricter regulations will reduce industrial pollution. III. Environmental concerns are primarily related to industrial activities. **निर्देश: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें।** **कथन:** सरकार ने बढ़ती पर्यावरणीय चिंताओं को रोकने के लिए औद्योगिक प्रदूषण पर सख्त नियम लागू करने का फैसला किया है। **मान्यताएँ:** I. औद्योगिक प्रदूषण पर्यावरण क्षरण का एक महत्वपूर्ण कारण है। II. सख्त नियम औद्योगिक प्रदूषण को कम करेंगे। III. पर्यावरण संबंधी चिंताएँ मुख्य रूप से औद्योगिक गतिविधियों से संबंधित हैं।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only I and III are implicit केवल I और III निहित हैं
	All I, II, and III are implicit सभी I, II और III निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	The position of how many letters will remain unchanged if each of the letters in the word COMFORT is arranged in alphabetical order? यदि शब्द COMFORT के प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाए तो कितने अक्षरों की स्थिति अपरिवर्तित रहेगी?
	Two दो
	Four चार

	Three तीन
	Five पाँच

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	**Identify the similar address:** Flat No. 12B, Building 7, Sector 15, Sohna Road, Gurgaon, Haryana – 122001 **समान पता पहचानें:** फ्लैट नंबर 12बी, बिल्डिंग 7, सेक्टर 15, सोहना रोड, गुड़गांव, हरियाणा – 122001
	Flat 12B, Bldg. 7, Sec-15, Sohna Rd., Gurugram, Haryana 122001 फ्लैट 12बी, बिल्डिंग 7, सेक्टर-15, सोहना रोड, गुरुग्राम, हरियाणा 122001
	Flat No. 12B, Building 7, Sector 15, Sohna Road, Gurugram, Haryana — 122001 फ्लैट नंबर 12बी, बिल्डिंग 7, सेक्टर 15, सोहना रोड, गुरुग्राम, हरियाणा - 122001
	Flat No. 12B, Building 7, Sector 15, Sohna Road, Gurgaon, Haryana – 122021 फ्लैट नंबर 12बी, बिल्डिंग 7, सेक्टर 15, सोहना रोड, गुड़गांव, हरियाणा – 122021
	Flat No. 12B, Building 7, Sector 15, Sohna Road, Gurgaon, Haryana – 122001 फ्लैट नंबर 12बी, बिल्डिंग 7, सेक्टर 15, सोहना रोड, गुड़गांव, हरियाणा – 122001

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	How many meaningful four-letter English words can be formed using the first, second, third, and fifth letters of the word "SCHOOL" (when counted from left to right), using each letter only once in each word? "SCHOOL" शब्द के पहले, दूसरे, तीसरे और पांचवें अक्षरों का उपयोग करके (बाएं से दाएं गिनने पर) कितने सार्थक चार-अक्षर वाले अंग्रेजी शब्द बनाए जा सकते हैं, प्रत्येक शब्द में प्रत्येक अक्षर का केवल एक बार उपयोग करते हुए?
	1 1
	2 2
	3 3
	4 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	In a row, Amit is 12th from the left and Sunil is 15th from the right. After they interchange their positions, Amit becomes 17th from the left. What is the total number of persons in the row? एक पंक्ति में, अमित बाएँ से 12वें स्थान पर है और सुनील दाएँ से 15वें स्थान पर है। उनके स्थान बदलने के बाद, अमित बाएँ से 17वें स्थान पर आ जाता है। पंक्ति में कुल कितने व्यक्ति हैं?
	30 30
	29 29
	31 31
	32 32

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	In each of the following questions, the second word is formed by applying a specific alphabetic coding pattern to the first word. Apply the same pattern to the third word to determine the correct option from the given alternatives. **CUT : BDTVSU :: TIP : ?** **निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द पर एक विशिष्ट वर्णमाला कोडिंग पैटर्न लागू करके दूसरा शब्द बनाया गया है। दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनने के लिए तीसरे शब्द पर भी यही पैटर्न लागू कीजिए।CUT : BDTVSU :: TIP : ?**

	UVHJOQ UVHJOQ
	SUHJOQ SUHJOQ
	USJHQO USJHQO
	SUJHOQ SUJHOQ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	In each of the following questions, the second word is coded from the first using a consistent letter substitution pattern (e.g., reverse alphabet cipher, positional shift, etc.). Identify the logic in the first pair and apply the same to find the correct code for the third word. **WRITE : JEVGR :: WRONG : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, दूसरे शब्द को पहले शब्द से एक समान अक्षर प्रतिस्थापन पैटर्न (जैसे, उलटा वर्णमाला सिफर, स्थान परिवर्तन, आदि) का उपयोग करके कोडित किया गया है। पहले जोड़े में तर्क की पहचान कीजिए और तीसरे शब्द के लिए सही कोड ज्ञात करने के लिए उसी तर्क का प्रयोग कीजिए। **WRITE : JEVGR :: WRONG : ?**
	JEBAT JEBAT
	JECAT JECAT
	JEDAT JEDAT
	JEDAD JEDAD

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12	Complete the series. 1, 4, ___, 16, 25 निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। 1, 4, ___, 16, 25
	8 8
	6 6
	9 9
	12 12

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	M1$: N2# : O3@ M1$: N2# : O3@
	P4% : Q5^ : R6& P4% : Q5^ : R6&
	S7* : T8(: U9) S7* : T8(: U9)
	V10_ : X11@ : Y13# V10_ : X11@ : Y13#

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	How many diagonals does a hexagon have? एक षट्भुज में कितने विकर्ण होते हैं?
	9 9
	12 12
	15 15
	18 18

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	If 5 @ 1 = 26, 3 @ 4 = 13, then 6 @ 2 = ? यदि 5 @ 1 = 26, 3 @ 4 = 13, तो 6 @ 2 = ?
	36 36
	38 38
	40 40
	42 42

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	If 'PHANTOM' is coded as 'KLSQZLN', then how is 'SPECTOR' coded? यदि 'PHANTOM' को 'KLSQZLN' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'SPECTOR' को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	HFKXGLI HFKXGLI
	HGKXGQI HGKXGQI
	HTWFZLI HTWFZLI
	HGLXGQJ HGLXGQJ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	If PEARL is coded as QFBQM, how is STONE coded? यदि PEARL को QFBQM के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो STONE को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	TUPOF TUPOF
	TUPMF TUPMF
	TUPND TUPND
	TUPQD TUPQD

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	A 40 L solution has salt and water in 3:5 ratio. How much water should be added to make ratio 3:7? 40 लीटर के घोल में नमक और पानी का अनुपात 3:5 है। अनुपात 3:7 करने के लिए इसमें कितना पानी मिलाना चाहिए?
	10 L 10 लीटर
	12 L 12 लीटर
	14 L 14 लीटर
	16 L 16 लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	If 3 & 4 = 25 and 5 & 2 = 29, then find the value of 6 & 3 =? यदि 3 & 4 = 25 और 5 & 2 = 29, तो 6 & 3 = का मान ज्ञात कीजिये?
	35 35
	55 55
	45 45
	65 65

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	Sohan introduces a man: "He is the only son of my mother's only son." How is the man related to Sohan? सोहन एक आदमी का परिचय देता है: "वह मेरी माँ के इकलौते बेटे का इकलौता बेटा है।" वह आदमी सोहन से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Brother भाई
	Son बेटा
	Cousin चचेरा
	Uncle चाचा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	P's brother is Q. Q is the father of R. R is the sister of S. How is S related to P? P का भाई Q है। Q, R का पिता है। R, S की बहन है। S, P से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Son बेटा
	Nephew भतीजा
	Niece भतीजी
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	After interchanging + & × and 6 & 10, which of the following equations will hold true? + व × तथा 6 व 10 को आपस में बदलने पर, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समीकरण सत्य होगा?

	(6+3)×10=36 (6+3)×10=36
	(10+2)×6=20 (10+2)×6=20
	(6+5)×10=50 (6+5)×10=50
	(10+4)×6=30 (10+4)×6=30

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	If 'J' means '+', 'K' means '−', 'L' means '×', and 'M' means '÷' what is the value of the following expression? **20 M 4 L 3 J 5=?** यदि 'J' का अर्थ '+', 'K' का अर्थ '−', 'L' का अर्थ '×' और 'M' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या है? **20 M 4 L 3 J 5=?**
	20 20
	40 40
	35 35
	25 25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	If + = ÷, - = ×, × = +; then 12 + 4 × 2 - 3 = ? यदि + = ÷, - = ×, × = +; तो 12 + 4 × 2 - 3 = ?
	8 8
	9 9
	4 4
	10 10

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	If the sum of 41 and 36 is multiplied by 9, what is the result? यदि 41 और 36 के योग को 9 से गुणा किया जाए तो परिणाम क्या होगा?
	675 675
	693 693
	698 698
	720 720

Save / Print

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	Which of the following pairs is correctly matched with Ashokan pillar sites? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म अशोक स्तंभ स्थलों से सही सुमेलित है?
	Lauriya Nandangarh – Bihar लौरिया नंदनगढ़ – बिहार
	Samath – Gujarat सारनाथ – गुजरात
	Sanchi – Odisha सांची – ओडिशा
	Amaravati – Madhya Pradesh अमरावती – मध्य प्रदेश

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	The word Kum in Nyokum festival symbolizes: न्योकुम त्योहार में कुम शब्द का अर्थ है:
	Silence मौन
	Purity पवित्रता
	Collectiveness सामूहिकता
	Sacrifice त्याग करना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	**Fill in the blanks:** A raga that contains six notes is classified under the ____ jaati. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** छह स्वरों वाला राग ____ जाति के अंतर्गत वर्गीकृत किया जाता है।
	Audav औडव
	Sampoorna सम्पूर्ण
	Shadav षाडव
	Tishra तिश्र

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	Which of the following statements about cricket dismissals is **correct?** क्रिकेट में आउट होने के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	Hitting the ball twice deliberately results in dismissal. जानबूझकर गेंद को दो बार मारने पर आउट घोषित कर दिया जाता है।
	'Retired Out' requires only umpire approval. 'रिटायर्ड आउट' के लिए केवल अम्पायर की स्वीकृति की आवश्यकता होती है।
	'Obstructing the Field' can occur accidentally. 'क्षेत्र में बाधा डालना' दुर्घटनावश घटित हो सकता है।
	'Retired Out' happens automatically without any approval. 'रिटायर्ड आउट' बिना किसी अनुमोदन के स्वत: हो रहा है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	Who scored 10 goals for India in their 24-1 victory over the USA to secure a second consecutive Olympic gold medal in hockey? हॉकी में लगातार दूसरा ओलंपिक स्वर्ण पदक हासिल करने के लिए अमेरिका पर 24-1 की जीत में भारत के लिए किसने 10 गोल किए?
	Dhyan Chand ध्यान चंद
	Roop Singh रूप सिंह
	Balbir Singh Sr. बलबीर सिंह सीनियर
	Leslie Claudius लेस्ली क्लॉडियस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	What initiative was launched in 2021 under India's BRICS Presidency to boost cross-border startup collaboration and innovation? सीमा पार स्टार्टअप सहयोग और नवाचार को बढ़ावा देने के लिए भारत की ब्रिक्स प्रेसीडेंसी के तहत 2021 में कौन सी पहल शुरू की गई?
	BRICS Innovation Pact ब्रिक्स नवाचार संधि
	BRICS Startup Forum ब्रिक्स स्टार्टअप फोरम
	BRICS SME Exchange ब्रिक्स एसएमई एक्सचेंज
	BRICS Economic Dialogue ब्रिक्स आर्थिक वार्ता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	Which statements about The Neeraj Chopra Story: The Man Who Made History are **correct?** 1) It details Neeraj's training, mindset, and challenges. 2) It was written by his former Olympian coach. "द नीरज चोपड़ा स्टोरी: द मैन हू मेड हिस्ट्री" के बारे में कौन से कथन **सही** हैं? 1) इसमें नीरज के प्रशिक्षण, मानसिकता और चुनौतियों का विवरण दिया गया है। 2) इसे उनके पूर्व ओलंपियन कोच ने लिखा था।
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct

न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33 Natural levees are most commonly associated with which of the following environments?

प्राकृतिक तटबंध सामान्यत: निम्नलिखित में से किस वातावरण से जुड़े होते हैं?

Arid deserts

शुष्क रेगिस्तान

Floodplains of large rivers

बड़ी नदियों के बाढ़ के मैदान

Glacial valleys

हिमनद घाटियाँ

Coastal lagoons

तटीय लैगून

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34 Which of the following statements about the 2023 Intercontinental Cup final is correct?

2023 इंटरकांटिनेंटल कप फाइनल के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?

The final was held in Guwahati where India defeated Lebanon.

फाइनल मुकाबला गुवाहाटी में हुआ जहां भारत ने लेबनान को हराया।

The final was held in Bhubaneswar where India defeated Lebanon.

फाइनल मुकाबला भुवनेश्वर में हुआ जहां भारत ने लेबनान को हराया।

The final was held in Imphal where India defeated Lebanon.

फाइनल इम्फाल में हुआ जहां भारत ने लेबनान को हराया।

The final was held in Ahmedabad where India defeated Lebanon.

फाइनल अहमदाबाद में हुआ जहां भारत ने लेबनान को हराया।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35 Which recipient of the Padma Shri in 2025 is the first recognized artist in the traditional Tangliа weaving form of Gujarat?

2025 में पद्मश्री पुरस्कार प्राप्त करने वाले कौन से व्यक्ति गुजरात की पारंपरिक तांगलिया बुनाई शैली के पहले मान्यता प्राप्त कलाकार हैं?

Lavjibhai Parmar

लवजीभाई परमार

Shyam Bihari Agrawal

श्याम बिहारी अग्रवाल

Gokul Chandra Das

गोकुल चंद्र दास

Farooq Ahmad Mir

फ़ारूक़ अहमद मीर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36 **Which of the following is/are characteristic features of wind-eroded landforms in desert regions?**

1.Formation of mushroom-shaped rocks with a slender base and broad upper cap

2.Development of flat-topped residual hills resembling table surfaces

3.Emergence of rock remnants standing as isolated pedestals

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी/से रेगिस्तानी क्षेत्रों में वायु-अपरदित भू-आकृतियों की विशिष्ट विशेषताएँ हैं?

1. पतले आधार और चौड़ी ऊपरी परत वाली मशरूम के आकार की चट्टानों का निर्माण

2. मेज की सतह जैसी सपाट शीर्ष वाली अवशिष्ट पहाड़ियों का विकास

3. पृथक आधार-स्तंभों के रूप में खड़े चट्टानी अवशेषों का उद्भव

1 only

केवल 1

	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Both 2 and 3 2 और 3 दोनों
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	When did India successfully complete the SpaDeX docking operation? भारत ने स्पैडेक्स डॉकिंग ऑपरेशन सफलतापूर्वक कब पूरा किया?
	30th December 2024 30 दिसंबर 2024
	1st January 2025 1 जनवरी 2025
	16th January 2025 16 जनवरी 2025
	26th January 2025 26 जनवरी 2025

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	Which river valley is associated with coal deposits in the North-Eastern Plateau? कौन सी नदी घाटी उत्तर-पूर्वी पठार में कोयला भंडार से जुड़ी है?
	Tapti Valley ताप्ती घाटी
	Ganga Valley गंगा घाटी
	Brahmaputra Valley ब्रह्मपुत्र घाटी
	Damodar Valley दामोदर घाटी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	**Fill in the blanks:** The Parliament can create a new All-India Service by a resolution in the _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** संसद _____ में एक प्रस्ताव द्वारा एक नई अखिल भारतीय सेवा का गठन कर सकती है।
	Rajya Sabha राज्यसभा
	Lok Sabha लोकसभा
	State Assemblies राज्य विधानसभाओं
	GST Council जीएसटी परिषद

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	**Read the following statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct option.** **Assertion (A):** India is actively developing a Third Launch Pad (TLP) at the Satish Dhawan Space Centre (SDSC-SHAR). **Reason (R):** The Third Launch Pad is specifically designed to significantly boost India's space launch frequency and accommodate larger, next-generation launch vehicles like NGLV. अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़िए। सही विकल्प चुनिए। अभिकथन (A): भारत सतीश धवन अंतरिक्ष केंद्र (SDSC-SHAR) में एक तृतीय प्रक्षेपण स्थल (TLP) का सक्रिय रूप से विकास कर रहा है। कारण (R): तृतीय प्रक्षेपण स्थल को विशेष रूप से भारत की अंतरिक्ष प्रक्षेपण आवृत्ति को उल्लेखनीय रूप से बढ़ाने और NGLV जैसे बड़े, अगली पीढ़ी के प्रक्षेपण वाहनों को समायोजित करने के लिए डिज़ाइन किया गया है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	Arrange the following steps in the **correct** legislative process for the passage of a Money Bill in India: A) Introduction of Money Bill in Lok Sabha B) Passage in Lok Sabha C) Transmission to Rajya Sabha D) Presentation for President's assent भारत में धन विधेयक पारित करने की **सही** विधायी प्रक्रिया में निम्नलिखित चरणों को व्यवस्थित कीजिए: A) लोकसभा में धन विधेयक का प्रस्तुतीकरण B) लोकसभा में पारित होना C) राज्यसभा में प्रेषण D) राष्ट्रपति की स्वीकृति के लिए प्रस्तुत करना
	A-B-C-D A-B-C-D
	A-C-B-D A-C-B-D
	B-C-A-D B-C-A-D
	C-B-A-D C-B-A-D

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	Which section of Bharatiya Nagarik suraksha Samhita(BNSS) mandates video-recording of search and seizure operations? भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) की कौन सी धारा तलाशी और जब्ती कार्रवाई की वीडियो रिकॉर्डिंग अनिवार्य करती है?
	Section 50 धारा 50
	Section 62 धारा 62
	Section 105 धारा 105
	Section 176 धारा 176

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	Which department launched 'Dak Karmayogi'? किस विभाग ने 'डाक कर्मयोगी' लॉन्च किया? MoCA MoCA

	DoF DoF
	DoP DoP
	MoHUA MoHUA

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	According to the 2025 Energy Transition Index, which of the following is a key priority for enhancing energy system flexibility and integrating renewables? 2025 ऊर्जा संक्रमण सूचकांक के अनुसार, ऊर्जा प्रणाली लचीलापन बढ़ाने और नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा को एकीकृत करने के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी प्रमुख प्राथमिकता है?
	Expanding fossil fuel subsidies जीवाश्म ईंधन सब्सिडी का विस्तार
	Building more centralized coal-fired plants अधिक केंद्रीकृत कोयला-आधारित संयंत्रों का निर्माण
	Modernizing and digitalizing power grids and storage systems विद्युत ग्रिड और भंडारण प्रणालियों का आधुनिकीकरण और डिजिटलीकरण
	Increasing oil imports for energy security ऊर्जा सुरक्षा के लिए तेल आयात में वृद्धि

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	The folk dance Dollu Kunitha, performed with large drums, belongs to which region? बड़े ड्रमों के साथ किया जाने वाला लोक नृत्य डोल्लू कुनिथा किस क्षेत्र से संबंधित है?
	Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश
	Telangana तेलंगाना
	Karnataka कर्नाटक
	Kerala केरल

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	What is the main goal of the 'Green Credit Programme' launched in 2024? 2024 में शुरू किए गए 'ग्रीन क्रेडिट प्रोग्राम' का मुख्य लक्ष्य क्या है?
	Promote fossil fuel use जीवाश्म ईंधन के उपयोग को बढ़ावा देना
	Support monoculture farming एकल कृषि खेती का समर्थन करें
	Encourage eco-restoration through credit incentives ऋण प्रोत्साहन के माध्यम से पर्यावरण-पुनर्स्थापना को प्रोत्साहित करें
	Increase mining leases खनन पट्टों में वृद्धि

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	Which of the following statements about the fertilizer industry in India **is/are correct?** 1. India is self-sufficient in potash-based fertilizers. 2. Urea is the most commonly produced nitrogenous fertilizer. 3. Fertilizer production increased after the Green Revolution. 4. Gujarat and Kerala are minor contributors to fertilizer production. भारत में उर्वरक उद्योग के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही है/हैं?** 1. भारत पोटाश आधारित उर्वरकों में आत्मनिर्भर है। 2. यूरिया सबसे अधिक उत्पादित नाइट्रोजनयुक्त उर्वरक है। 3. हरित क्रांति के बाद उर्वरक उत्पादन में वृद्धि हुई। 4. गुजरात और केरल उर्वरक उत्पादन में मामूली योगदानकर्ता हैं।
	Only 1 and 3 केवल 1 और 3
	Only 2 and 3 केवल 2 और 3
	Only 2 and 4 केवल 2 और 4
	Only 1, 2 and 3 केवल 1, 2 और 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	Consider the following statements regarding carbon markets in India: 1. Carbon credits can be generated by afforestation and renewable energy projects. 2. India has launched a domestic voluntary carbon market. 3. Carbon markets are monitored under the Income Tax Act, 1961. भारत में कार्बन बाज़ारों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. वनरोपण और नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा परियोजनाओं द्वारा कार्बन क्रेडिट उत्पन्न किया जा सकता है। 2. भारत ने एक घरेलू स्वैच्छिक कार्बन बाज़ार शुरू किया है। 3. कार्बन बाज़ारों की निगरानी आयकर अधिनियम, 1961 के अंतर्गत की जाती है।
	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	All 1, 2 and 3 are correct सभी 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	What does the offering of green melons by girls during the Jawa festival symbolise in Jharkhand's tribal tradition? झारखंड की आदिवासी परंपरा में जावा त्योहार के दौरान लड़कियों द्वारा हरे खरबूजे चढ़ाना किस बात का प्रतीक है?
	Wealth and long life धन और लंबी आयु
	Rain and crop yield वर्षा और फसल उपज
	Son and fertility पुत्र और प्रजनन क्षमता
	Marriage and devotion विवाह और भक्ति

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Inter-State Council is a constitutional body under Article 263. 2. Its recommendations are binding on the Union and States. Which of the above statements is/are **correct**? निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अंतर-राज्यीय परिषद अनुच्छेद 263 के अंतर्गत एक संवैधानिक निकाय है। 2. इसकी सिफारिशें संघ और राज्यों पर बाध्यकारी हैं। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Save / Print

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51	If B is 25% more than A, and C is 20% more than B, then what is A : C? यदि B, A से 25% अधिक है, और C, B से 20% अधिक है, तो A : C क्या है?
	3 : 2 3 : 2
	2 : 3 2 : 3
	5 : 4 5 : 4
	4 : 5 4 : 5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52	A machine fills 0.375 liters of water every second. How much does it fill in 8 seconds? एक मशीन हर सेकंड 0.375 लीटर पानी भरती है। यह 8 सेकंड में कितना पानी भरती है?
	3.0 L 3.0 लीटर
	2.75 L 2.75 लीटर
	3.25 L 3.25 लीटर
	3.5 L 3.5 लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53	A rod is divided in the ratio $\frac{2}{5} : \frac{3}{10} : \frac{1}{2}$. Total length = 6 m. Find the smallest piece. एक छड़ को अनुपात में विभाजित किया गया है $\frac{2}{5} : \frac{3}{10} : \frac{1}{2}$.कुल लंबाई = 6 मीटर। सबसे छोटा टुकड़ा ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1.5m 1.5 मीटर
	2.5m 2.5 मीटर
	3.5m 3.5 मीटर
	4.5m 4.5 मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54	A vendor mixes two types of coffee beans – one costing ₹120 per kg and the other costing ₹180 per kg, in the ratio 1 : 2. If he sells the mixed variety at ₹152 per kg, find his gain or loss percent.

	एक विक्रेता दो प्रकार की कॉफ़ी बीन्स को मिलाता है - एक की कीमत ₹120 प्रति किग्रा और दूसरी की कीमत ₹180 प्रति किग्रा है, अनुपात 1 : 2 में। यदि वह मिश्रित किस्म को ₹152 प्रति किग्रा पर बेचता है, तो उसका लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5% Gain 5% लाभ
	8% Loss 8% हानि
	5% Loss 5% हानि
	8% Gain 8% लाभ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A, B, and C invested ₹40,000, ₹60,000, and ₹1,00,000 respectively in a business. If the total profit at the end of the year is ₹40,000, what is A's share of the profit? A, B और C ने एक व्यवसाय में क्रमशः ₹40,000, ₹60,000 और ₹1,00,000 का निवेश किया। यदि वर्ष के अंत में कुल लाभ ₹40,000 है, तो लाभ में A का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹12,200 ₹12,200
	₹8,000 ₹8,000
	₹12,000 ₹12,000
	₹9,000 ₹9,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	A and B share a rented field. A utilizes 20 horses for 5 months, while B uses 30 cows for 4 months and 45 sheep for 5 months. If 2 horses are equivalent to 5 cows, and 3 cows are equal to 9 sheep. What portion of the rent is A pay ? A और B एक किराए के खेत को साझा करते हैं। A 5 महीने के लिए 20 घोड़ों का उपयोग करता है, जबकि B 4 महीने के लिए 30 गायों और 5 महीने के लिए 45 भेड़ों का उपयोग करता है। यदि 2 घोड़े 5 गायों के बराबर हैं, और 3 गायें 9 भेड़ों के बराबर हैं। किराए का कितना हिस्सा A को देना होगा?
	$\frac{20}{89}$ $\frac{20}{89}$
	$\frac{30}{89}$ $\frac{30}{89}$
	$\frac{40}{89}$ $\frac{40}{89}$
	$\frac{50}{89}$ $\frac{50}{89}$
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	A and B start a business. A invests 2 times more than B. After 8 months, A withdraws half of his capital, and B triples his capital. If the total profit after one year is ₹75,000, find the share of A . A और B एक व्यवसाय शुरू करते हैं। A, B से 2 गुना अधिक निवेश करता है। 8 महीने बाद, A अपनी पूंजी का आधा हिस्सा निकाल लेता है और B अपनी पूंजी को तीन गुना बढ़ा देता है। यदि एक वर्ष के बाद कुल लाभ ₹75,000 है, तो A का हिस्सा ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹40,000 ₹40,000

	₹50,000 ₹50,000
	₹60,000 ₹60,000
	₹45,000 ₹45,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	The average salary of 24 employees is ₹40,000. The average salary of 8 senior staff is ₹60,000. What is the average salary for the other employees? 24 कर्मचारियों का औसत वेतन ₹40,000 है। 8 वरिष्ठ कर्मचारियों का औसत वेतन ₹60,000 है। अन्य कर्मचारियों का औसत वेतन क्या है?
	₹30,000 ₹30,000
	₹40,000 ₹40,000
	₹50,000 ₹50,000
	₹60,000 ₹60,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	A cricketer's average in 10 innings is 58. If his highest score is excluded, the average drops to 54. What is his highest score? एक क्रिकेटर का 10 पारियों में औसत 58 है। यदि उसका उच्चतम स्कोर निकाल दिया जाए, तो औसत 54 हो जाता है। उसका उच्चतम स्कोर क्या है?
	93 93
	92 92
	94 94
	95 95

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60

Table – Scores in a Quiz Contest (out of 50)

Team	Round 1	Round 2	Round 3
A	42	38	40
B	45	46	44

Which team had a higher average score?

तालिका – क्विज़ प्रतियोगिता में स्कोर (50 में से)

टीम	राउंड 1	राउंड 2	राउंड 3
A	42	38	40
B	45	46	44

किस टीम का औसत स्कोर ज्यादा था?

	Team A टीम A
	Team B टीम B
	Team A and Team B are equal टीम ए और टीम बी बराबर हैं
	It cannot be Determined यह निर्धारित नहीं किया जा सकता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	A tank contains 3,500 milliliters of water. If its full capacity is 0.005 kiloliters, what percentage of the tank is empty? एक टैंक में 3,500 मिलीलीटर पानी है। यदि इसकी पूरी क्षमता 0.005 किलोलीटर है, तो टैंक का कितना प्रतिशत हिस्सा खाली है?
	25% 25%
	30% 30%
	35% 35%
	40% 40%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	A stationery supplier ordered 8 boxes of premium pens and some boxes of standard pens. The price of premium pens per box was twice that of standard pens. When the order was delivered, the number of boxes of premium and standard pens had been accidentally interchanged. This increased the total bill by 25%. What was the ratio of the original number of boxes of premium pens to the original number of boxes of standard pens? एक स्टेशनरी सप्लायर ने प्रीमियम पेन के 8 बॉक्स और स्टैंडर्ड पेन के कुछ बॉक्स ऑर्डर किए। प्रति बॉक्स प्रीमियम पेन की कीमत स्टैंडर्ड पेन की कीमत से दोगुनी थी। जब ऑर्डर डिलीवर किया गया, तो प्रीमियम और स्टैंडर्ड पेन के बॉक्स की संख्या गलती से आपस में बदल गई थी। इससे कुल बिल में 25% की वृद्धि हुई। प्रीमियम पेन के मूल बॉक्स की संख्या और स्टैंडर्ड पेन के मूल बॉक्स की संख्या का अनुपात क्या था?
	2 : 1 2 : 1
	1 : 3 1 : 3
	1 : 2 1 : 2
	3 : 1 3 : 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	A principal of ₹1,00,000 is invested at 10 % per annum compound interest, compounded annually. After how many years will the amount grow to ₹1,33,100? ₹1,00,000 का मूलधन 10% वार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर निवेश किया जाता है, जो वार्षिक रूप से संयोजित होता है। कितने वर्षों के बाद यह राशि बढ़कर ₹1,33,100 हो जाएगी?
	3 3
	4 4
	5 5
	6 6

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	A shopkeeper made a loss of ₹125 on an article. If the loss percentage was 5%, what was the cost price of the article (in ₹)? एक दुकानदार को एक वस्तु पर ₹125 की हानि हुई। यदि हानि प्रतिशत 5% था, तो वस्तु का क्रय मूल्य (₹ में) क्या था?
	₹2100 ₹2100
	₹2000 ₹2000
	₹2500 ₹2500
	₹1500 ₹1500

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	A bookseller sells a novel for ₹Y and makes a loss of 10%. To clear old stock, he decides to mark the novel at ₹0.8Y. He then allows a further discount of 5% on this marked price. What will be the percentage loss that he will incur on this clearance sale? एक पुस्तक विक्रेता एक उपन्यास ₹Y में बेचता है और 10% का घाटा उठाता है। पुराने स्टॉक को खाली करने के लिए, वह उपन्यास को ₹0.8Y पर अंकित करने का फैसला करता है। फिर वह इस अंकित मूल्य पर 5% की और छूट देता है। इस निकासी बिक्री पर उसे कितने प्रतिशत घाटा होगा?
	2.5% 2.5%
	57.5% 57.5%
	66.67% 66.67%
	31.59% 31.59%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	An article is marked at ₹800. A shop owner allows a discount of 12% and still gains 8%. What is the approximate cost price of the article? एक वस्तु का अंकित मूल्य ₹800 है। एक दुकानदार 12% की छूट देता है और फिर भी 8% लाभ कमाता है। वस्तु का अनुमानित क्रय मूल्य क्या है?
	₹640 ₹640
	₹652 ₹652
	₹660 ₹660
	₹680 ₹680

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	A furniture manufacturer sells a dining table set to a showroom at a 25% discount on the marked price, but adds a 10% handling fee on the discounted price. The showroom then sells the set for ₹4500 more than what they paid, thereby earning a profit of 30%. At what price had the manufacturer marked the dining table set? एक फर्नीचर निर्माता एक डाइनिंग टेबल सेट को अंकित मूल्य पर 25% छूट पर शोरूम को बेचता है, लेकिन छूट वाले मूल्य पर 10% हैंडलिंग शुल्क जोड़ता है। फिर शोरूम सेट को उनके द्वारा भुगतान की गई कीमत से ₹4500 अधिक पर बेचता है, जिससे उसे 30% का लाभ होता है। निर्माता ने डाइनिंग टेबल सेट को किस मूल्य पर अंकित किया?
	₹19,254.62 ₹19,254.62
	₹18,181.82 ₹18,181.82
	₹20,654.67 ₹20,654.67

	₹22,546.68 ₹22,546.68

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	Two types of sugar, one costing ₹45/kg and another costing ₹60/kg, are mixed with a third variety in the ratio 1:2:3. If the mixture is worth ₹55/kg, what is the price of the third variety of sugar per kg? दो प्रकार की चीनी, जिनमें से एक की कीमत ₹45/किग्रा और दूसरी की कीमत ₹60/किग्रा है, को 1:2:3 के अनुपात में तीसरी किस्म के साथ मिलाया जाता है। यदि मिश्रण की कीमत ₹55/किग्रा है, तो तीसरी किस्म की चीनी का प्रति किग्रा मूल्य क्या है?
	₹55.00 ₹55.00
	₹57.50 ₹57.50
	₹60.00 ₹60.00
	₹62.50 ₹62.50

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	A person invested ₹18,000 in two schemes — Scheme X at 15% p.a. and Scheme Y at 10% p.a., both under simple interest. After 1 year, the total interest from both schemes was ₹2,160. How much was invested in Scheme X? एक व्यक्ति ने दो योजनाओं में ₹18,000 का निवेश किया - योजना X 15% प्रति वर्ष और योजना Y 10% प्रति वर्ष, दोनों साधारण ब्याज पर। 1 वर्ष के बाद, दोनों योजनाओं से कुल ब्याज ₹2,160 था। योजना X में कितना निवेश किया गया था?
	₹6,000 ₹6,000
	₹7,000 ₹7,000
	₹7,200 ₹7,200
	₹6,200 ₹6,200

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	A cone and a hemisphere have the same volume and base radius. Find the ratio of the height of the cone to its radius. एक शंकु और एक अर्धगोले का आयतन और आधार की त्रिज्या समान है। शंकु की ऊँचाई और उसकी त्रिज्या का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	2 : 1 2 : 1
	3 : 1 3 : 1
	5 : 1 5 : 1
	6 : 1 6 : 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	Two circular ponds have circumferences in the ratio 3:5. If the smaller pond has an area of 150 m^2, what is the approximate area of the larger pond? दो वृत्ताकार तालाबों की परिधि का अनुपात 3:5 है। यदि छोटे तालाब का क्षेत्रफल 150 वर्ग मीटर है, तो बड़े तालाब का क्षेत्रफल लगभग कितना है?
	417 m^2 417 मीटर²
	528 m^2

	528 मीटर²
	450 m^2 450 मीटर²
	438 m^2 438 मीटर²

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	If the base of a prism is a regular hexagon of side 6 cm and the height is 10 cm, what is its volume? यदि किसी प्रिज्म का आधार 6 सेमी भुजा वाला एक नियमित षट्भुज है और ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है, तो इसका आयतन क्या है?
	$550\sqrt{2}$ cm^3 $550\sqrt{2}$ सेमी ^{3}
	$500\sqrt{6}$ cm^3 $500\sqrt{6}$ सेमी ^{3}
	$480\sqrt{3}$ cm^3 $480\sqrt{3}$ सेमी ^{3}
	$540\sqrt{3}$ cm^3 $540\sqrt{3}$ सेमी ^{3}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	Three concentric circles are designed as part of a target practice board. Their diameters form an arithmetic progression. If the smallest circle has a circumference of 6π cm and the largest circle has a circumference of 14π cm, what is the circumference of the middle circle? एक लक्ष्य अभ्यास बोर्ड के भाग के रूप में तीन संकेंद्रित वृत्त डिज़ाइन किए गए हैं। उनके व्यास एक अंकगणितीय श्रेणी बनाते हैं। यदि सबसे छोटे वृत्त की परिधि 6π सेमी है और सबसे बड़े वृत्त की परिधि 14π सेमी है, तो बीच वाले वृत्त की परिधि क्या है?
	8π cm 8π सेमी
	10π cm 10π सेमी
	12π cm 12π सेमी
	11π cm 11π सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	A solid cylinder radius 5 cm is drilled by four cylindrical holes each radius 1 cm length equal to the full height. Volume removed is approximately what percent? 5 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक ठोस बेलन में चार बेलनाकार छेद किए गए हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक की त्रिज्या 1 सेमी है और लंबाई पूरी ऊँचाई के बराबर है। निकाला गया आयतन लगभग कितने प्रतिशत है?
	16% 16%
	20% 20%
	32% 32%
	48% 48%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A sector has a central angle of 135° and a radius of 8 cm. Another sector of the same circle has a central angle of $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector? एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 135° और त्रिज्या 8 सेमी है। उसी वृत्त के एक अन्य त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ रेडियन है। पहले त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	1:1 1:1
	3:4 3:4
	2:3 2:3
	5:6 5:6

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **DELETERIOUS**
	Harmful
	Useful
	Comforting
	Helpful

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Cacophony**
	Noise
	Harmony
	Dissonance
	Clamor

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Show the white feather**
	To act cowardly
	To signal for help
	To display courage
	To admit defeat gracefully

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Subterfuge**
	Chicanery
	Candor
	Trickery
	Deception

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of plant-based pollution cleanup.

	Phytoremediation
	Phytoremydiation
	Phytoremidiation
	Phytremediation

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "A professional who prepares maps".
	Topographer
	Cartographer
	Geodesist
	Archivist

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** Each of the datasets ___ been anonymized before release.
	have
	has
	are
	were

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** The curator opted ___ displaying the artifact due to preservation concerns.
	against
	for
	on
	with

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** Neither the editor nor the contributors ___ willing to accept the changes unconditionally.
	was
	were
	has been
	is

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** That none of the representatives found the proposal viable (1)/ is less surprising than the fact (2)/ that neither the chairperson nor the legal counsel (3)/ were briefed beforehand. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Neither the projection of growth nor the estimation of deficit trends (1)/ appear to have accounted for the liquidity constraints (2)/ that small-scale enterprises face (3)/ during cyclical downturns in demand. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** Will the authorities enforce the revised ordinance promptly?
	Will the revised ordinance be enforced promptly by the authorities?
	Will the revised ordinance being enforced promptly by the authorities?
	Will the revised ordinance have been enforced promptly by the authorities?
	Will the revised ordinance enforced promptly by the authorities?

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The guards stood in **pike** formation along the causeway.
	The angler pulled a large pike from the icy lake.
	The rebel was punished by being placed on the pike.
	The infantry pike split the enemy's front line.
	The pike gleamed beside the veteran's armor.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The package will have been delivered by the courier before 5 PM.
	The courier will deliver the package before 5 PM.
	The courier had delivered the package before 5 PM.

	The courier has delivered the package before 5 PM.
	The courier will have delivered the package before 5 PM.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's COVID-19 vaccination campaign, while monumental in scale and intent, was fraught with complex logistical, social, and political challenges. As the world's second-most populous country, India faced the daunting task of inoculating over a billion people amid fluctuating supply chains, vaccine hesitancy, and infrastructural disparities. The initial rollout was hampered by inequitable distribution, with urban centers receiving a disproportionately higher number of doses compared to rural hinterlands. This imbalance stemmed not only from administrative centralization but also from the lack of cold-chain infrastructure in remote regions, where power outages and storage limitations rendered vaccine transport perilous. Simultaneously, vaccine skepticism—fueled by misinformation on social media and cultural misconceptions—undermined public trust. Rumors suggesting adverse effects or population control agendas percolated across digital platforms, particularly in vernacular languages, exacerbating resistance among vulnerable populations. While the introduction of CoWIN, a digital registration platform, was a significant innovation, it inadvertently marginalized large segments of the population unfamiliar with smartphones or digital literacy. The digital divide thus intersected with public health, reinforcing pre-existing socioeconomic inequalities. Despite these obstacles, India managed to recalibrate its strategy. The decentralization of vaccine procurement to states, the engagement of local influencers and religious leaders, and the use of mobile vaccination units gradually improved outreach. Furthermore, indigenous vaccine production—particularly Covishield and Covaxin—allowed India to reduce dependence on global supply chains and even undertake vaccine diplomacy under the "Vaccine Maitri" initiative. The COVID vaccination drive in India stands as a testament to the nation's capacity for mass mobilization under crisis. Yet, it also reveals the critical interplay between public trust, infrastructural resilience, and inclusive policy design—elements essential for future public health interventions in a digitally stratified society. What was a significant unintended consequence of the CoWIN platform?
	It slowed down rural internet speed
	It led to underreporting of vaccine data
	It excluded digitally illiterate citizens
	It exposed user data to hackers

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's COVID-19 vaccination campaign, while monumental in scale and intent, was fraught with complex logistical, social, and political challenges. As the world's second-most populous country, India faced the daunting task of inoculating over a billion people amid fluctuating supply chains, vaccine hesitancy, and infrastructural disparities. The initial rollout was hampered by inequitable distribution, with urban centers receiving a disproportionately higher number of doses compared to rural hinterlands. This imbalance stemmed not only from administrative centralization but also from the lack of cold-chain infrastructure in remote regions, where power outages and storage limitations rendered vaccine transport perilous. Simultaneously, vaccine skepticism—fueled by misinformation on social media and cultural misconceptions—undermined public trust. Rumors suggesting adverse effects or population control agendas percolated across digital platforms, particularly in vernacular languages, exacerbating resistance among vulnerable populations. While the introduction of CoWIN, a digital registration platform, was a significant innovation, it inadvertently marginalized large segments of the population unfamiliar with smartphones or digital literacy. The digital divide thus intersected with public health, reinforcing pre-existing socioeconomic inequalities. Despite these obstacles, India managed to recalibrate its strategy. The decentralization of vaccine procurement to states, the engagement of local influencers and religious leaders, and the use of mobile vaccination units gradually improved outreach. Furthermore, indigenous vaccine production—particularly Covishield and Covaxin—allowed India to reduce dependence on global supply chains and even undertake vaccine diplomacy under the "Vaccine Maitri" initiative. The COVID vaccination drive in India stands as a testament to the nation's capacity for mass mobilization under crisis. Yet, it also reveals the critical interplay between public trust, infrastructural resilience, and inclusive policy design—elements essential for future public health interventions in a digitally stratified society. Why was vaccine distribution initially skewed in India?
	Excess production of urban vaccines
	International supply was unreliable
	Rural people refused vaccines
	Urban areas received more due to centralization and logistics

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

India's COVID-19 vaccination campaign, while monumental in scale and intent, was fraught with complex logistical, social, and political challenges. As the world's second-most populous country, India faced the daunting task of inoculating over a billion people amid fluctuating supply chains, vaccine hesitancy, and infrastructural disparities. The initial rollout was hampered by inequitable distribution, with urban centers receiving a disproportionately higher number of doses compared to rural hinterlands. This imbalance stemmed not only from administrative centralization but also from the lack of cold-chain infrastructure in remote regions, where power outages and storage limitations rendered vaccine transport perilous. Simultaneously, vaccine skepticism—fueled by misinformation on social media and cultural misconceptions—undermined public trust. Rumors suggesting adverse effects or population control agendas percolated across digital platforms, particularly in vernacular languages, exacerbating resistance among vulnerable populations. While the introduction of CoWIN, a digital registration platform, was a significant innovation, it inadvertently marginalized large segments of the population unfamiliar with smartphones or digital literacy. The digital divide thus intersected with public health, reinforcing pre-existing socioeconomic inequalities. Despite these obstacles, India managed to recalibrate its strategy. The decentralization of vaccine procurement to states, the engagement of local influencers and religious leaders, and the use of mobile vaccination units gradually improved outreach. Furthermore, indigenous vaccine production—particularly Covishield and Covaxin—allowed India to reduce dependence on global supply chains and even undertake vaccine diplomacy under the "Vaccine Maitri" initiative. The COVID vaccination drive in India stands as a testament to the nation's capacity for mass mobilization under crisis. Yet, it also reveals the critical interplay between public trust, infrastructural resilience, and inclusive policy design—elements essential for future public health interventions in a digitally stratified society.

What strategy was used to counter misinformation and hesitancy?

- National censorship of social media
- Use of local influencers and mobile units
- Importing foreign vaccines only
- Restricting rural media access

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

India's COVID-19 vaccination campaign, while monumental in scale and intent, was fraught with complex logistical, social, and political challenges. As the world's second-most populous country, India faced the daunting task of inoculating over a billion people amid fluctuating supply chains, vaccine hesitancy, and infrastructural disparities. The initial rollout was hampered by inequitable distribution, with urban centers receiving a disproportionately higher number of doses compared to rural hinterlands. This imbalance stemmed not only from administrative centralization but also from the lack of cold-chain infrastructure in remote regions, where power outages and storage limitations rendered vaccine transport perilous. Simultaneously, vaccine skepticism—fueled by misinformation on social media and cultural misconceptions—undermined public trust. Rumors suggesting adverse effects or population control agendas percolated across digital platforms, particularly in vernacular languages, exacerbating resistance among vulnerable populations. While the introduction of CoWIN, a digital registration platform, was a significant innovation, it inadvertently marginalized large segments of the population unfamiliar with smartphones or digital literacy. The digital divide thus intersected with public health, reinforcing pre-existing socioeconomic inequalities. Despite these obstacles, India managed to recalibrate its strategy. The decentralization of vaccine procurement to states, the engagement of local influencers and religious leaders, and the use of mobile vaccination units gradually improved outreach. Furthermore, indigenous vaccine production—particularly Covishield and Covaxin—allowed India to reduce dependence on global supply chains and even undertake vaccine diplomacy under the "Vaccine Maitri" initiative. The COVID vaccination drive in India stands as a testament to the nation's capacity for mass mobilization under crisis. Yet, it also reveals the critical interplay between public trust, infrastructural resilience, and inclusive policy design—elements essential for future public health interventions in a digitally stratified society.

Which phrase best summarizes the core theme of the passage?

- The success of India's pharma exports
- The risks of vaccine side effects
- India's vaccination strategy under crisis
- Public health and digital inequality interplay

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's COVID-19 vaccination campaign, while monumental in scale and intent, was fraught with complex logistical, social, and political challenges. As the world's second-most populous country, India faced the daunting task of inoculating over a billion people amid fluctuating supply chains, vaccine hesitancy, and infrastructural disparities. The initial rollout was hampered by inequitable distribution, with urban centers receiving a disproportionately higher number of doses compared to rural hinterlands. This imbalance stemmed not only from administrative centralization but also from the lack of cold-chain infrastructure in remote regions, where power outages and storage limitations rendered vaccine transport perilous. Simultaneously, vaccine skepticism—fueled by misinformation on social media and cultural misconceptions—undermined public trust. Rumors suggesting adverse effects or population control agendas percolated across digital platforms, particularly in vernacular languages, exacerbating resistance among vulnerable populations. While the introduction of CoWIN, a digital registration platform, was a significant innovation, it inadvertently marginalized large segments of the population unfamiliar with smartphones or digital literacy. The digital divide thus intersected with public health, reinforcing pre-existing socioeconomic inequalities. Despite these obstacles, India managed to recalibrate its strategy. The decentralization of vaccine procurement to states, the engagement of local influencers and religious leaders, and the use of mobile vaccination units gradually improved outreach. Furthermore, indigenous vaccine production—particularly Covishield and Covaxin—allowed India to reduce dependence on global supply chains and even undertake vaccine diplomacy under the "Vaccine Maitri" initiative. The COVID vaccination drive in India stands as a testament to the nation's capacity for mass mobilization under crisis. Yet, it also reveals the critical interplay between public trust, infrastructural resilience, and inclusive policy design—elements essential for future public health interventions in a digitally stratified society. What is the author's tone toward India's vaccine campaign?
	Sarcastic and dismissive
	Analytical yet cautiously optimistic
	Jubilant and uncritical
	Critical and alarmist

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: They returned back ***to home*** after the event.
	back to their house
	returned to hause
	returned home
	went back to house

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He was accused ***for theft***.
	with theft
	by theft
	of theft
	on theft

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "How long have you been waiting?"
	He asked how long had I been waiting.
	He said how long I was waiting.
	He asked how long I have been waiting.

	He asked how long I had been waiting.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The coach said that the players were improving with each match.
	"The players are improving with each match," said the coach.
	"The players were improving with each match," the coach said.
	"Our players improve with each match," said the coach.
	"The players had improved with each match," the coach said.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. It is a process that involves the systematic and objective investigation of a subject to discover new facts or to confirm existing ones. 2. Research is a foundational pillar of academic and scientific progress. 3. This can be either theoretical, aiming to expand knowledge, or applied, seeking to solve a practical problem. 4. The findings of this investigation are then documented and peer-reviewed to ensure validity and credibility.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	1, 2, 4, 3
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 4, 1, 2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. The most prevalent of these is the peer-to-peer (P2P) network, where no single entity controls the entire system. 2. Blockchain technology, at its core, is a distributed ledger that maintains a decentralized record of transactions. 3. This decentralized structure ensures security and transparency by requiring network consensus for any new record to be added. 4. It functions by distributing copies of the ledger across a vast network of computers.
	2, 4, 1, 3
	4, 1, 3, 2
	1, 4, 2, 3
	2, 1, 4, 3

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives. **Clock : Time :: Thermometer : ?**

	निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन कीजिए। **घड़ी : समय :: थर्मामीटर : ?**
	Pressure दबाव
	Speed रफ़्तार
	Temperature तापमान
	Distance दूरी

Q.No: 2	In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives **Plaintiff : Complaint :: Petitioner : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन कीजिए **वादी : शिकायत :: याचिकाकर्ता : ?**
	Plea दलील
	Allegation आरोप
	Verdict निर्णय
	Petition याचिका

Q.No: 3	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **CDE, FGH, IJK, ?**

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **CDE, FGH, IJK, ?**
	OJB OJB
	TYC TYC
	LJN LJN
	LMN LMN

Q.No: 4	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **JKL, MNO, PQR, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **JKL, MNO, PQR, ?**
	SFD SFD BHF BHF
	STU STU
	DTG DTG

Q.No: 5	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **LWB → OZE→ RCH → UFK → ?**

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **LWB → OZE → RCH → UFK → ?**
	CGF CGF BHF BHF
	XIN XIN
	HIB HIB

Q.No: 6	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **TDGJ, TGMS, TJSB, TMYK, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: **TDGJ, TGMS, TJSB, TMYK, ?**
	TEFY TEFY TESD TESD
	TESO TESO
	TPET TPET

Q.No: 7	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **D A F H, D D K O, D G P V, D J U C, ?**

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है: **D A F H, D D K O, D G P V, D J U C, ?**
	DMKA DMKA
	DJSH DJSH
	DMNS DMNS
	DMZJ DMZJ

Q.No: 8	What comes next: **3, 7, 16, 35, 74, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **3, 7, 16, 35, 74, ?**
	153 153
	156 156
	151 151
	152 152

Q.No: 9	Each of the letters in the word FRIENDLY is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is third from the left and the one that is second from the right in the new letter-cluster formed? शब्द FRIENDLY में प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णमाला क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएं से तीसरे अक्षर और दाएं से दूसरे अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?

	2 2 4 4
	13 13
	11 11

Q.No: 10	**Which of the following addresses are identical to each other:** 1. Amitabh S 112/44 Block-B, Indira Nagar, Lucknow, 226016 2. Amitabh S. 112/44 Block-B, Indira Nagar, Lucknow , 226016 3. Amitabh S. 112/44 Block-B, Indira Nagar, Lucknow , 226016 4. Amitabh S. 112/44 Block B, Indira Nagar, Lucknow , 226016 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन से पते एक-दूसरे के समान हैं:** 1. अमिताभ एस 112/44 ब्लॉक-बी, इंदिरा नगर, लखनऊ, 226016 2. अमिताभ एस. 112/44 ब्लॉक-बी, इंदिरा नगर, लखनऊ, 226016 3. अमिताभ एस. 112/44 ब्लॉक-बी, इंदिरा नगर, लखनऊ, 226016 4. अमिताभ एस. 112/44 ब्लॉक बी, इंदिरा नगर, लखनऊ, 226016 1 and 2 1 और 2
	2 and 3 2 और 3
	2 and 4 2 और 4 3 and 4 3 और 4

Q.No: 11	**Which of the following addresses are identical to each other:** 1. Dr Ruchi Jain 4/88, Skyline Residency, Jaipur, 302001 2. Dr. Ruchi Jain 4/88, Skyline Residency, Jaipur , 302001 3. Dr. Ruchi Jain 4/88, Skyline Residency, Jaipur , 302001 4. Dr Ruchi Jain 4/88, Skyline Residency, Jaipur , 302001 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन से पते एक जैसे हैं:** 1. डॉ रुचि जैन, 4/88, स्काईलाइन रेजीडेंसी, जयपुर, 302001 2. डॉ. रुचि जैन, 4/88, स्काईलाइन रेजीडेंसी, जयपुर, 302001 3. डॉ. रुचि जैन, 4/88, स्काईलाइन रेजीडेंसी, जयपुर, 302001 4. डॉ रुचि जैन, 4/88, स्काईलाइन रेजीडेंसी, जयपुर, 302001
	1 and 2 1 और 2
	2 and 3 2 और 3
	2 and 4 2 और 4
	3 and 4 3 और 4

Q.No: 12	Find the group of letters that best completes the analogy. Use alphabetical positions and reverse position logic where necessary. **DINS : WRMH :: EKPT : ?** अक्षरों का वह समूह ढूँढ़िए जो सादृश्य को सबसे अच्छी तरह पूरा करता है। जहाँ आवश्यक हो, वर्णमाला क्रम और विपरीत क्रम तर्क का प्रयोग करें। **DINS : WRMH :: EKPT : ?**
	VJOG VJOG
	VJNF VJNF
	VPKG

	VPKG
	VJOF VJOF

Q.No: 13	In the following question, a pair of letters is given, followed by its corresponding product of alphabetical positions (A = 1, B = 2, ..., Z = 26). A second pair of letters is given without its product. Identify the correct product for the second pair that maintains the same relationship as the first. **AxE : 1×5 :: DxK : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, अक्षरों का एक युग्म दिया गया है, जिसके बाद वर्णमाला क्रम के अनुसार उनके पदों का संगत गुणनफल दिया गया है (A = 1, B = 2, ..., Z = 26)। अक्षरों का एक दूसरा युग्म बिना गुणनफल के दिया गया है। दूसरे युग्म का सही गुणनफल ज्ञात कीजिए जो पहले युग्म के समान संबंध बनाए रखता है। AxE : 1×5 :: DxK : ?
	3×9 3×9
	4×11 4×11
	5×10 5×10
	4×12 4×12

Q.No: 14	There are 40 students in a line. Rahul is 13th from the left and Kunal is 17th from the right. How many students are there between them? एक पंक्ति में 40 छात्र हैं। राहुल बाएँ से 13वें स्थान पर है और कुणाल दाएँ से 17वें स्थान पर है। उनके बीच कितने छात्र हैं?
	7 7
	9 9

	10 10
	12 12

Q.No: 15	In each of the following questions, a specific rearrangement pattern has been applied to the first word to form the second. Apply the same rearrangement to the third word and choose the correct answer from the given alternatives. **PRINTING : RPNIITGN :: PROTOCOL : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द को दूसरे शब्द में बदलने के लिए एक विशिष्ट पुनर्व्यवस्था लागू की गई है। तीसरे शब्द के लिए भी यही पुनर्व्यवस्था लागू कीजिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनिए। **PRINTING : RPNIITGN :: PROTOCOL : ?**
	RPTOCOOL RPTOCOOL
	RPOTCOLO RPOTCOLO
	PRTOOCOL PRTOOCOL
	RPTOCOLO RPTOCOLO

Q.No: 16	In each of the following questions, a word is transformed into another using a specific alphabetic pattern (such as letter shifting or substitution). Apply the same transformation to the third word to determine the correct answer from the given options. **HOUSE : GNTRD :: ? : KHFGS** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, एक शब्द को एक विशिष्ट वर्णमाला पैटर्न (जैसे अक्षर स्थानांतरण या प्रतिस्थापन) का उपयोग करके दूसरे शब्द में रूपांतरित किया गया है। दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर निर्धारित करने के लिए तीसरे शब्द पर भी यही परिवर्तन लागू करें। **HOUSE : GNTRD :: ? : KHFGS**
	SIGHT SIGHT

	FIGHT FIGHT MIGHT MIGHT
	LIGHT LIGHT

Q.No: 17	A said to B, "Your father's wife's son is my brother." How is B related to A? A ने B से कहा, "तुम्हारे पिता की पत्नी का पुत्र मेरा भाई है।" B, A से किस प्रकार संबंधित है? Cousin चचेरा
	Sibling भाई बहन
	Uncle चाचा Nephew भतीजा

Q.No: 18	Find the missing number**: 1, 4, 9, 16, ?, 36** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: 1, 4, 9, 16, ?, 36
	20 20
	25 25
	30

	30
	27 27

Q.No: 19	Identify the number which does not satisfy: Sum of digits is a divisor of the number उस संख्या को पहचानें जो निम्न को संतुष्ट नहीं करती है: अंकों का योग संख्या का भाजक है
	21 21
	30 30 36 36
	39 39

Q.No: 20	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	A1 : D5 : G9 A1 : D5 : G9
	B2 : E6 : H10 B2 : E6 : H10 C3 : F7 : I11 C3 : F7 : I11
	D4 : G8 : K13

	D4 : G8 : K13

Q.No: 21	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	A1@ : D4# : G7$ A1@ : D4# : G7$
	B2% : E5^ : H8& B2% : E5^ : H8& C3* : F6(: I9) C3* : F6(: I9)
	D4_ : G8@ : K13$ D4_ : G8@ : K13$

Q.No: 22	A said to B: "The woman I met yesterday at the park was the only daughter of the father of your brother." How is the woman related to B? A ने B से कहा: "कल पार्क में मुझे जो महिला मिली थी, वह तुम्हारे भाई के पिता की इकलौती बेटी थी।" वह महिला B से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Sister बहन
	Cousin चचेरा Mother माँ
	Aunt

	चाची

Q.No: 23	A man says, "My son's mother is the only daughter of your father." How is the man related to the person being spoken to? एक आदमी कहता है, "मेरे बेटे की माँ आपके पिता की इकलौती बेटी है।" वह आदमी उस व्यक्ति से किस प्रकार संबंधित है जिससे बात की जा रही है?
	Brother भाई
	Husband पति
	Son-in-law दामाद
	Son बेटा

Q.No: 24	Introducing a man, Shruti said, "He is the husband of the granddaughter of the only son of my grandfather." How is the man related to Shruti? एक आदमी का परिचय देते हुए श्रुति ने कहा, "वह मेरे दादा के इकलौते बेटे की पोती का पति है।" वह आदमी श्रुति से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Son-in-law दामाद
	Husband पति
	Son बेटा
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 25	If + = ×, - = +, × = ÷; then 6 + 3 - 2 × 1 = ? यदि + = ×, - = +, × = ÷; तो 6 + 3 - 2 × 1 = ?
	20 20
	21 21 19 19
	24 24

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	**Read the below statement:** 1. Solicitor General of India is appointed by the president of India. 2. A candidate contesting for the post of the President of India is required to make a security deposit of ₹15,000. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?**

	नीचे दिए गए कथन को पढ़ें: 1. भारत के सॉलिसिटर जनरल की नियुक्ति भारत के राष्ट्रपति द्वारा की जाती है। 2. भारत के राष्ट्रपति पद के लिए चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार को ₹15,000 की सुरक्षा राशि जमा करनी होती है। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	Only statement 1 केवल कथन 1
	Only statement 2 केवल कथन 2
	Both statements 1 and 2 कथन 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither statement 1 nor 2 न तो कथन 1 और न ही 2

Q.No: 27	Based on the given statements which option is **correct:** **Statement I:** Mathura art produced images for both Indian and non-Indian patrons. **Statement II:** Mathura art ignored nature-based themes in its sculptures. दिए गए कथनों के आधार पर कौन सा विकल्प **सही** है: **कथन I:** मथुरा कला ने भारतीय और गैर-भारतीय दोनों संरक्षकों के लिए चित्र बनाए। **कथन II:** मथुरा कला ने अपनी मूर्तियों में प्रकृति-आधारित विषयों की उपेक्षा की।
	Statement I and II both are Correct. कथन I और II दोनों सत्य हैं।
	Only statement I is correct केवल कथन I सही है
	Only Statement II is correct केवल कथन II सही है
	Neither I nor II न तो I और न ही II

Not Answered

Q.No: 28	Which of the following statements about Hola Mohalla festival of Punjab is **correct?** पंजाब के होला मोहल्ला त्योहार के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	It is celebrated mainly by women through crafts and songs in Patiala. पटियाला में यह त्यौहार मुख्य रूप से महिलाओं द्वारा शिल्पकला और गीतों के माध्यम से मनाया जाता है।
	It showcases martial arts, langars, and Nihang mock battles at Anandpur Sahib. इसमें आनंदपुर साहिब में मार्शल आर्ट, लंगर और निहंग नकली युद्धों को प्रदर्शित किया जाता है।
	It is a harvest festival observed in Punjab just before Diwali. यह पंजाब में दिवाली से ठीक पहले मनाया जाने वाला फसल उत्सव है।
	Hola Mohalla is celebrated on the same day as Holi. होला मोहल्ला होली के दिन ही मनाया जाता है।

Not Answered

Q.No: 29	Mārgi Saṅgīta in ancient Indian music was rooted in: प्राचीन भारतीय संगीत में मार्गी संगीत का आधार था:
	Folk music लोक संगीत
	Vedic traditions वैदिक परंपराएँ
	Courtly entertainment दरबारी मनोरंजन
	Western-influence पश्चिमी प्रभाव

Not Answered

Q.No: 30	In freestyle wrestling, which of the following actions can result in a technical point for the wrestler? फ्रीस्टाइल कुश्ती में, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी क्रिया पहलवान को तकनीकी अंक दिला सकती है?
	Running out of the mat deliberately जानबूझकर मैट से बाहर भागना
	Holding the opponent's singlet प्रतिद्वंद्वी की सिंगलेट पकड़ कर
	Performing a successful takedown सफल टेकडाउन करना
	Using an illegal headlock अवैध हेडलॉक का उपयोग करना
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Vijender Singh defeated which player in the quarter-finals to secure India's first Olympic boxing medal? विजेंदर सिंह ने क्वार्टर फाइनल में किस खिलाड़ी को हराकर भारत को ओलंपिक मुक्केबाजी में पहला पदक दिलाया?
	Emilio Correa एमिलियो कोर्रिया
	Carlos Góngora कार्लोस गोन्गोरा
	Misha Aloyan मिशा अलोयान
	Vasyl Lomachenko वासिल लोमाचेन्को
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Which mechanism did India operationalize in 2024 to strengthen regional financial resilience within SAARC? सार्क के भीतर क्षेत्रीय वित्तीय लचीलापन को मजबूत करने के लिए भारत ने 2024 में कौन सा तंत्र क्रियान्वित किया?

	SAARC Development Fund capital increase सार्क विकास कोष की पूंजी में वृद्धि
	SAARC Currency Swap Framework (2024–27) सार्क मुद्रा विनिमय ढांचा (2024–27)
	SAARC Trade Insurance Scheme सार्क व्यापार बीमा योजना
	SAARC Sovereign Credit Pool सार्क सॉवरेन क्रेडिट पूल
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	**Fill in the blanks:** Established in 1961 within the former Palace of the Maharaja of Patiala, the National Institute of Sports was later renamed as the Netaji Subhas National Institute of Sports (NSNIS) on _____. रिक्त स्थान भरें: 1961 में पटियाला के महाराजा के पूर्व महल में स्थापित, राष्ट्रीय खेल संस्थान का नाम बाद में _____ को नेताजी सुभाष राष्ट्रीय खेल संस्थान (NSNIS) कर दिया गया।
	15th August 1975 15 अगस्त 1975
	26th January 1972 26 जनवरी 1972
	23rd January 1973 23 जनवरी 1973
	7th May 1961 7 मई 1961
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Consider the following statements about "The Vine of Desire" by Chitra Banerjee Divakaruni: 1) Explores cultural conflicts in an Indian immigrant family across generations. 2) A historical account of India's freedom struggle and politics. 3) A science fiction tale about identity and technology in future India. Which of the following is **correct?** चित्रा बनर्जी दिवाकरुनी द्वारा लिखित "द वाइन ऑफ़ डिज़ायर" के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) यह एक भारतीय प्रवासी परिवार में पीढ़ियों से चले आ रहे सांस्कृतिक संघर्षों का अन्वेषण करता है। 2) भारत के स्वतंत्रता संग्राम और राजनीति का ऐतिहासिक विवरण। 3) भविष्य के भारत में पहचान और तकनीक के बारे में एक विज्ञान कथा। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा **सही** है?
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Statements 2 and 3 both are correct कथन 2 और 3 दोनों सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	Which statements **accurately** describe water bodies in the Indian Desert? 1. Streams are perennial and flow year-round. 2. Most streams disappear into the sand. कौन से कथन भारतीय रेगिस्तान में जल निकायों का **सटीक** वर्णन करते हैं? 1. नदियाँ बारहमासी होती हैं और साल भर बहती रहती हैं। 2. अधिकांश नदियाँ रेत में विलीन हो जाती हैं।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2

	केवल 2
	1 and 2 both are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही हैं

Q.No: 36	**Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are given below. Choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** Demographic statistics like birth and death rates rely on accurate reporting by households. **Reason (R):** Birth and death registration is mandatory and always accurately followed in all parts of India. नीचे अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) दिए गए हैं। सही विकल्प चुनें: अभिकथन (A): जन्म और मृत्यु दर जैसे जनसांख्यिकीय आँकड़े परिवारों द्वारा सटीक रिपोर्टिंग पर निर्भर करते हैं। कारण (R): भारत के सभी भागों में जन्म और मृत्यु पंजीकरण अनिवार्य है और इसका हमेशा सटीक रूप से पालन किया जाता है। Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	Which Padma awardees and fields is/are correctly paired? 1. Gokul Chandra Das – Folk Music 2. Dinesh Saini – Environment 3. Farooq Ahmad Mir – Literature 4. Geeta Devi – Agriculture

	पद्म पुरस्कार विजेताओं और क्षेत्रों का सही युग्म कौन सा है/हैं? 1. गोकुल चंद्र दास - लोक संगीत 2. दिनेश सैनी - पर्यावरण 3. फारूक अहमद मीर - साहित्य 4. गीता देवी - कृषि
	1 only केवल 1
	2 only केवल 2
	3 only केवल 3
	4 only केवल 4
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	Which of the following accurately reflects the critical technological outcome of ISRO's RLV-LEX3 mission conducted on June 23, 2024? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा 23 जून, 2024 को आयोजित इसरो के RLV-LEX3 मिशन के महत्वपूर्ण तकनीकी परिणाम को सटीक रूप से दर्शाता है?
	In-flight fuel transfer at hypersonic speeds हाइपरसोनिक गति से उड़ान के दौरान ईंधन स्थानांतरण
	Autonomous high-speed landing under tough cross-range & wind कठिन क्रॉस-रेंज और हवा के तहत स्वायत्त उच्च गति लैंडिंग
	Launch abort test for crewed reusable launchers चालक दल वाले पुन: प्रयोज्य लांचरों के लिए प्रक्षेपण निरस्तीकरण परीक्षण
	Orbital deployment via dual-mode scramjet propulsion दोहरे मोड स्क्रैमजेट प्रणोदन के माध्यम से कक्षीय परिनियोजन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	The term “pleiotropy” refers to: शब्द "प्लियोट्रॉपी" का तात्पर्य है:
	One gene affects multiple traits एक जीन कई लक्षणों को प्रभावित करता है
	Multiple genes affect one trait एकाधिक जीन एक लक्षण को प्रभावित करते हैं
	Gene mutation in one allele एक एलील में जीन उत्परिवर्तन
	Gene duplication जीन दोहराव
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	How are Money Bills handled in both Houses of Parliament and State Legislatures with bicameralism under the Constitution? संविधान के अंतर्गत संसद के दोनों सदनों और द्विसदनीय राज्य विधानमंडलों में धन विधेयकों को किस प्रकार निपटाया जाता है?
	Rajya Sabha must approve Money Bills within 14 days राज्यसभा को धन विधेयकों को 14 दिनों के भीतर मंजूरी देनी होगी
	In States, the Legislative Council can amend a Money Bill within 14 days राज्यों में विधान परिषद 14 दिनों के भीतर धन विधेयक में संशोधन कर सकती है
	Both Rajya Sabha and Legislative Councils have equal powers on Money Bills धन विधेयक पर राज्यसभा और विधान परिषदों दोनों को समान अधिकार प्राप्त हैं
	Rajya Sabha and Legislative Councils can only make recommendations within 14 days राज्यसभा और विधान परिषदें केवल 14 दिनों के भीतर सिफारिशें कर सकती हैं

Q.No: 41	It is difficult to start motion with a heavy box and also difficult to stop it once it's moving. This best exemplifies: किसी भारी डिब्बे को गतिमान करना मुश्किल होता है और एक बार गतिमान हो जाने पर उसे रोकना भी मुश्किल होता है। यह इसका सबसे अच्छा उदाहरण है:
	The concept of power

	शक्ति की अवधारणा
	Conservation of energy ऊर्जा संरक्षण
	Property of inertia जड़त्व का गुण
	Action-reaction principle क्रिया-प्रतिक्रिया सिद्धांत

Q.No: 42	The Bharatiya Nyaya Samhita (BNS), 2023, consolidates and amends provisions related to which branch of law? भारतीय न्याय संहिता (बीएनएस), 2023, कानून की किस शाखा से संबंधित प्रावधानों को समेकित और संशोधित करती है? Civil Procedure Law सिविल प्रक्रिया कानून
	Criminal Substantive Law आपराधिक मूल कानून
	Evidence Law साक्ष्य कानून
	Contract Law अनुबंधित कानून

Q.No: 43	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A):** The National Green Hydrogen Mission aims to reduce dependency on fossil fuels. **Reason (R):** It is implemented by MoEFCC. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए:** **अभिकथन (A):** राष्ट्रीय हरित हाइड्रोजन मिशन का उद्देश्य जीवाश्म ईंधन पर निर्भरता कम करना है। **कारण (R):** इसका कार्यान्वयन पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय द्वारा किया जाता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A

	A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	**Fill in the Blank:** Koli dance is traditionally performed by the _____ community. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** कोली नृत्य पारंपरिक रूप से _____ समुदाय द्वारा किया जाता है।
	Fisherfolk मछुआरों
	Farmers किसानों
	Shepherds चरवाहे
	Weavers बुनकरों
Not Answered	

Q.No: 45	The Global Energy Transition Index 2025 is released by which international organization? वैश्विक ऊर्जा संक्रमण सूचकांक 2025 किस अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संगठन द्वारा जारी किया जाता है?
	IRENA

	इरिना
	IEA आईईए
	World Economic Forum विश्व आर्थिक मंच
	UNDP यूएनडीपी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	Which of the following is **correctly** classified as a consumer goods industry? निम्नलिखित में से किसे उपभोक्ता वस्तु उद्योग के रूप में **सही** ढंग से वर्गीकृत किया गया है?
	Iron and steel लोहा और इस्पात
	Aluminium smelting एल्युमीनियम प्रगलन
	Toothpaste टूथपेस्ट
	Copper smelting तांबा प्रगलन

Q.No: 47	Article 246A gives power to both Parliament and State to make laws on _____. अनुच्छेद 246A संसद और राज्य दोनों को _____ पर कानून बनाने की शक्ति देता है।
	Property Rights संपत्ति के अधिकार
	Taxation of Goods and Services वस्तुओं और सेवाओं पर कराधान

	Emergency Provisions आपातकालीन प्रावधान Criminal Law दांडिक विधि

Q.No: 48	Which newly designated Ramsar Site is recognized for hosting the largest population of Sarus Cranes in India? भारत में सारस क्रेन की सबसे बड़ी आबादी की मेजबानी के लिए किस नव नामित रामसर साइट को मान्यता दी गई है?
	Sarsai Nawar Wetland, UP सरसई नवार वेटलैंड, उत्तर प्रदेश
	Keoladeo National Park, Rajasthan केवलादेव राष्ट्रीय उद्यान, राजस्थान
	Nalsarovar Bird Sanctuary, Gujarat नलसरोवर पक्षी अभयारण्य, गुजरात Harike Wetland, Punjab हरिके वेटलैंड, पंजाब
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Oxygen concentration in Earth's atmosphere is roughly? पृथ्वी के वायुमंडल में ऑक्सीजन की सांद्रता लगभग कितनी है?
	18% 18%
	21% 21%
	24% 24% 28%

	28%

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Supreme Court can transfer cases from one High Court to another. 2. Article 139A was introduced by the 42nd Amendment. Which of the above is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. सर्वोच्च न्यायालय एक उच्च न्यायालय से दूसरे उच्च न्यायालय में मामलों को स्थानांतरित कर सकता है। 2. अनुच्छेद 139A 42वें संशोधन द्वारा प्रस्तुत किया गया था। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 केवल 1 Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Roll No.		
Candidate Name		
Exam Level		
Test Date	:	**14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	Find the product: $1.2 \times 2\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4}$ उत्पाद खोजें:$1.2 \times 2\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4}$
	2.4

	2.4
	2.5 2.5
	2.16 2.16
	2.1 2.1

Q.No: 52	What is the value of $\frac{(0.1\times0.1\times0.1+0.03\times0.03\times0.03)}{(0.3\times0.3\times0.3+0.09\times0.09\times0.09)}$? $\frac{(0.1\times0.1\times0.1+0.03\times0.03\times0.03)}{(0.3\times0.3\times0.3+0.09\times0.09\times0.09)}$ का मान क्या है?
	0.027 0.027
	0.009 0.009 0.729 0.729
	0.037 0.037

Q.No: 53 **The number of students in two sections A and B having different heights is shown in the table given below:**

Height (in metres)	Section A	Section B
1.55	5	4
1.60	9	8
1.62	11	13
1.65	14	10
1.68	6	7
1.71	7	5
1.75	4	3

What is the ratio of the total number of students in Section A whose height is less than 1.65 metres to the total number of students in Section B whose height is less than 1.65 metres?

	दो सेक्शन A और B में अलग-अलग ऊंचाई वाले छात्रों की संख्या नीचे दी गई तालिका में दर्शाई गई है: ऊँचाई (मीटर में) | खंड A | खंड B 1.55 | 5 | 4 1.60 | 9 | 8 1.62 | 11 | 13 1.65 | 14 | 10 1.68 | 6 | 7 1.71 | 7 | 5 1.75 | 4 | 3 सेक्शन A में उन विद्यार्थियों की कुल संख्या जिनकी ऊंचाई 1.65 मीटर से कम है, का सेक्शन B में उन विद्यार्थियों की कुल संख्या से अनुपात क्या है जिनकी ऊंचाई 1.65 मीटर से कम है?
	25:26 25:26
	1:1 1:1
	26:25 26:25
	25:25 25:25

Q.No: 54	A, B, and C invest ₹40,000, ₹60,000, and ₹80,000 respectively for 1 year. What is B's share in a ₹55,000 profit? A, B और C ने 1 वर्ष के लिए क्रमशः ₹40,000, ₹60,000 और ₹80,000 का निवेश किया। ₹55,000 के लाभ में B का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹18,333.33

	₹18,333.33
	₹20,333.33 ₹20,333.33 ₹21,333.33 ₹21,333.33
	₹22,333.33 ₹22,333.33

Q.No: 55	A and B invest ₹60,000 and ₹90,000 respectively, in a business. After one year, the profit is distributed, including simple interest at 10% per annum on the capital. Total profit, including interest, is ₹25,000. What is A's share? A और B ने एक व्यवसाय में क्रमशः ₹60,000 और ₹90,000 का निवेश किया। एक वर्ष के बाद, लाभ को वितरित किया जाता है, जिसमें पूंजी पर 10% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज भी शामिल है। ब्याज सहित कुल लाभ ₹25,000 है। A का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹7,000 ₹7,000
	₹10,500 ₹10,500
	₹10,000 ₹10,000
	₹8,500 ₹8,500

Q.No: 56

Table – Units Sold of 3 Products

Product	Jan	Feb	Mar
A	100	120	110
B	90	85	95
C	150	160	155

Q: Which product had the highest average units sold?

तालिका – 3 उत्पादों की बेची गई इकाइयाँ

उत्पाद	जनवरी	फरवरी	मार्च
A	100	120	110
B	90	85	95
C	150	160	155

प्रश्न: किस उत्पाद की औसत इकाइयाँ सबसे अधिक बिकीं?

A & C both

A एवं C दोनों

B

B

A

A

	C C

Q.No: 57	Three numbers are such that when the average of any two of them is added to the third, the results obtained are 180, 168, and 150, respectively. What is the average of the original three numbers? तीन संख्याएँ ऐसी हैं कि जब उनमें से किसी दो का औसत तीसरी संख्या में जोड़ा जाता है, तो प्राप्त परिणाम क्रमशः 180, 168 और 150 होते हैं। मूल तीन संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?
	83 83
	84 84
	85 85
	86 86

Q.No: 58	A school organized a field trip for 100 students and 10 chaperones. Each student was given a snack pack containing items equal to 15% of the total number of students. Each chaperone received a snack pack with items equal to 25% of the total number of students. How many snack items were distributed in total? एक स्कूल ने 100 छात्रों और 10 संरक्षकों के लिए एक फील्ड ट्रिप का आयोजन किया। प्रत्येक छात्र को कुल छात्रों की संख्या के 15% के बराबर वस्तुओं वाला एक स्नैक पैक दिया गया। प्रत्येक संरक्षक को कुल छात्रों की संख्या के 25% के बराबर वस्तुओं वाला एक स्नैक पैक मिला। कुल कितने स्नैक आइटम वितरित किए गए?
	1750 1750
	2000 2000

	2250 2250 2500 2500
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	Find the compound interest on ₹10,000 at 10% per annum for 2 years 6 months, compounded annually. ₹10,000 पर 2 वर्ष 6 माह के लिए 10% प्रतिवर्ष की दर से वार्षिक संयोजित चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹2,000 ₹2,000
	₹2,705 ₹2,705
	₹2,700 ₹2,700
	₹2,500 ₹2,500

Q.No: 60	A certain amount invested at compound interest of 12% per annum, compounded annually, amounts to ₹3,136 in 2 years. What is 140% of the amount invested? 12% प्रति वर्ष चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर निवेश की गई एक निश्चित राशि, जो वार्षिक रूप से संयोजित होती है, 2 वर्षों में ₹3,136 हो जाती है। निवेश की गई राशि का 140% क्या है?
	₹3,600 ₹3,600
	₹3,800 ₹3,800
	₹3,500

	₹3,500
	₹3,000 ₹3,000

Q.No: 61	One type of pulses is sold for ₹72 per kg at a 20% profit. Another type is sold for ₹60 per kg at a 25% profit. If these two varieties are mixed in the ratio of 2:1 (first variety to second variety) and the mixture is sold at ₹70 per kg, what is the overall profit or loss percentage? एक प्रकार की दाल 20% लाभ पर ₹72 प्रति किलोग्राम पर बेची जाती है। दूसरी प्रकार की दाल 25% लाभ पर ₹60 प्रति किलोग्राम पर बेची जाती है। यदि इन दो किस्मों को 2:1 (पहली किस्म से दूसरी किस्म) के अनुपात में मिलाया जाता है और मिश्रण को ₹70 प्रति किलोग्राम पर बेचा जाता है, तो कुल लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	Profit of 50% 50% का लाभ Loss of 25% 25% की हानि
	Profit of 25% 25% का लाभ
	Loss of 50% 50% की हानि

Q.No: 62	A clothing store sold three dresses, D1, D2, and D3, whose selling prices were in the ratio 5:6:7. They made a profit of 20% on D1, a loss of 10% on D2, and a profit of 30% on D3. What was their approximate total profit or loss percentage for the entire sale? एक कपड़े की दुकान ने तीन ड्रेस, D1, D2 और D3 बेचीं, जिनकी बिक्री कीमत 5:6:7 के अनुपात में थी। उन्हें D1 पर 20% का लाभ, D2 पर 10% की हानि और D3 पर 30% का लाभ हुआ। पूरी बिक्री के लिए उनका अनुमानित कुल लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या था?
	profit of 12.25% 12.25% का लाभ
	loss of 10.98% 10.98% की हानि

	profit of 10.98% 10.98% का लाभ loss of 12.25% 12.25% की हानि
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A wholesaler marks up the price of a microwave oven by 60% above its cost price. He gives a 15% trade discount to a retailer. The retailer, in turn, marks up the price by 25% above his purchase price and offers a 10% festival discount to the customer. If the customer finally pays ₹14,490 for the microwave, what is the original approximate cost price of the oven to the wholesaler? एक थोक विक्रेता माइक्रोवेव ओवन की कीमत उसके लागत मूल्य से 60% अधिक रखता है। वह खुदरा विक्रेता को 15% व्यापार छूट देता है। बदले में खुदरा विक्रेता, उसकी खरीद मूल्य से 25% अधिक कीमत अंकित करता है और ग्राहक को 10% त्यौहारी छूट प्रदान करता है। यदि ग्राहक अंतत: माइक्रोवेव के लिए ₹14,490 का भुगतान करता है, तो थोक विक्रेता को ओवन की मूल अनुमानित लागत कीमत क्या है?
	₹9,471 ₹9,471
	₹9,500 ₹9,500 ₹10,000 ₹10,000
	₹10,500 ₹10,500

Q.No: 64	A 60-litres solution of alcohol and water has 20% water. How many litres of alcohol must be added to the solution to make the water content 15%? शराब और पानी के 60 लीटर घोल में 20% पानी है। पानी की मात्रा 15% करने के लिए घोल में कितने लीटर शराब मिलाना होगा? 10 litres 10 लीटर
	20 litres

	20 लीटर
	30 litres 30 लीटर
	40 litres 40 लीटर

Q.No: 65	A can do a work in 8 days and B in 12 days. They work together for 3 days. What part of the work is left? A किसी काम को 8 दिन में पूरा कर सकता है और B, 12 दिन में। वे 3 दिन तक साथ मिलकर काम करते हैं। काम का कितना हिस्सा बचा है?
	$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$
	$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{5}{8}$
	$\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$
	$\frac{7}{24}$ $\frac{7}{24}$

Q.No: 66	A grocer mixes 40 kg of lentils costing ₹65 per kg with a certain quantity of lentils costing ₹80 per kg. If he sells the mixture at ₹75 per kg, making a 10% profit, what quantity of the second type of lentils did he mix? एक पंसारी ने ₹65 प्रति किलो वाली 40 किलो दाल को ₹80 प्रति किलो वाली दाल की एक निश्चित मात्रा के साथ मिलाया। यदि वह मिश्रण को ₹75 प्रति किलो की दर से बेचकर 10% लाभ कमाता है, तो उसने दूसरी प्रकार की दाल की कितनी मात्रा मिलाई?
	25.98 kg 25.98 किलो
	10.77 kg

	10.77 किलो
	35 kg 35 किलो
	40 kg 40 किलो

Q.No: 67	A and B can complete a task together in 12 days, while B and C can finish it in 16 days. After A works on it for 5 days and B for 7 days, C takes the remaining 13 days to finish the work. How many days would it take for C to complete the work alone? A और B मिलकर एक काम 12 दिन में पूरा कर सकते हैं, जबकि B और C इसे 16 दिन में पूरा कर सकते हैं। A द्वारा 5 दिन और B द्वारा 7 दिन काम करने के बाद, C को काम पूरा करने में शेष 13 दिन लगते हैं। C को अकेले काम पूरा करने में कितने दिन लगेंगे?
	24 days 24 दिन
	16 days 16 दिन
	20 days 20 दिन
	18 days 18 दिन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 68	A cyclist travels from City A to City B at an average speed of 20 km/h and takes 4 hours. If they want to complete the same journey in 2.5 hours, by what amount (in km/h) should they increase their average speed? एक साइकिल सवार शहर A से शहर B तक 20 किमी/घंटा की औसत गति से यात्रा करता है और उसे 4 घंटे लगते हैं। यदि वे उसी यात्रा को 2.5 घंटे में पूरा करना चाहते हैं, तो उन्हें अपनी औसत गति में कितनी वृद्धि (किमी/घंटा में) करनी चाहिए?
	12 km/h 12 किमी/घंटा

	10 km/h 10 किमी/घंटा
	15 km/h 15 किमी/घंटा
	8 km/h 8 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 69	A train leaves Station A at 6:00 AM and travels towards Station B at a constant speed of 60 km/h. Another train leaves Station B at 8:00 AM and travels towards Station A at a constant speed of 90 km/h. The distance between the two stations is 540 km. At what time will the two trains meet? एक ट्रेन सुबह 6:00 बजे स्टेशन A से निकलती है और 60 किमी/घंटा की स्थिर गति से स्टेशन B की ओर यात्रा करती है। दूसरी ट्रेन सुबह 8:00 बजे स्टेशन B से निकलती है और 90 किमी/घंटा की स्थिर गति से स्टेशन A की ओर यात्रा करती है। दोनों स्टेशनों के बीच की दूरी 540 किमी है। दोनों ट्रेनें किस समय मिलेंगी?
	9:48 AM 9:48 पूर्वाह्न
	10:48 AM 10:48 पूर्वाह्न
	11:45 AM 11:45 पूर्वाह्न
	12:45 PM 12:45 अपराह्न

Q.No: 70	A circular garden having a diameter of 10 m is surrounded by a concrete path that is 1 m wide. Calculate the percentage increase in area resulting from the addition of the path. 10 मीटर व्यास वाला एक वृत्ताकार बगीचा 1 मीटर चौड़े कंक्रीट के रास्ते से घिरा है। रास्ते के जुड़ने से क्षेत्रफल में प्रतिशत वृद्धि की गणना कीजिए।
	18% 18%

	20% 20%
	44% 44%
	54% 54%

Q.No: 71	A sector of a circle having a radius 14 cm has area 154 cm^2. Find the angle of the sector. 14 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का क्षेत्रफल 154 वर्ग सेमी है। त्रिज्यखंड का कोण ज्ञात कीजिए।
	90° 90°
	120° 120°
	150° 150°
	180° 180°

Q.No: 72	A circular signboard has a radius of 2 m. If painting costs ₹60 per m^2 and 10% of the board is left unpainted, what is the total painting cost? एक वृत्ताकार साइनबोर्ड की त्रिज्या 2 मीटर है। यदि पेंटिंग की लागत ₹60 प्रति वर्ग मीटर है और बोर्ड का 10% भाग बिना पेंट किए छोड़ दिया जाता है, तो पेंटिंग की कुल लागत क्या है?
	₹658.2 ₹658.2
	₹678.6 ₹678.6

	₹630.4 ₹630.4 ₹681.9 ₹681.9

Q.No: 73	Find y-intercept of 4x + 5y = 20. 4x + 5y = 20 का y-अन्तःखण्ड ज्ञात कीजिए।
	3 3
	4 4
	5 5
	6 6

Q.No: 74	Given, $x + \frac{1}{x} = 4$ find the value of $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$. दिया गया है, $x + \frac{1}{x} = 4, x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	55 55
	57 57
	52 52
	50

	50

Q.No: 75	0.1 + 0.01 + 0.001 = ? 0.1 + 0.01 + 0.001 = ?
	0.123 0.123
	0.111 0.111
	0.121 0.121
	0.211 0.211

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **JUVENILE**

Adult

	Wise
	Childish
	Mature

Q.No: 77	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Bury the hatchet**
	To reconcile after a conflict
	To deepen hostility
	To run away
	To forget someone's name

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Extirpate**
	Exterminate
	Establish
	Uproot
	Eradicate

Q.No: 79	Identify the **misspelt** word
	Embarrassment
	Indispensible

	Camouflage
	Rendezvous

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of early film base compound.
	Nitrocelulose
	Nitrocellulose
	Nitracellulose
	Nitrocellullose

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who eats excessively or greedily'.
	Glutton
	Gourmet
	Epicure
	Sybarite

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** The finance minister's statement was laden with caveats, none of ___ were explained.
	that
	them
	which

	whom

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** The philosopher's stance was diametrically ___ to the prevailing orthodoxy.
	adverse
	averse
	converse
	opposed

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** No sooner ___ the findings published than critics began questioning their legitimacy.
	was
	had
	were
	have

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The policy aims to neither penalise first-time offenders (1)/ nor those who may have violated norms (2)/ due to systemic ambiguity (3)/ rather than deliberate intent. (4)
	(1)
	(2)

	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** It was not merely the fragmentation of administrative jurisdictions across sectors (1)/ that disrupted cohesive governance, but the inertia embedded in overlapping regulatory mandates (2)/ which, though designed to safeguard institutional autonomy, (3)/ ends up paralyzing inter-departmental responsiveness altogether. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** The committee had been debating complex amendments when the bell rang.
	Complex amendments had had been been debated by the committee when the bell rang.
	Complex amendments had been being debated by the committee when the bell rang.
	Complex amendments had be being debated by the committee when the bell rang.
	Complex amendments had debated by the committee when the bell rang.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The knight raised his **pauldron** before mounting.
	The blacksmith polished the steel pauldron until it gleamed.
	The art historian admired the engraved pauldron of the effigy.
	The biology student dissected the pauldron of the sea slug.
	The museum displayed a 15th-century Italian pauldron.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** A letter is written to the editor by the citizen every week.
	The editor writes a letter to the citizen every week.
	The citizen writes a letter to the editor every week.
	The editor wrote a letter every week.
	The citizen has been writing letters to the editor weekly.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's tryst with the Olympic Games began in 1900, when Norman Pritchard, a British-Indian athlete, clinched two silver medals in athletics. However, it wasn't until the 1928 Amsterdam Olympics that India emerged as a formidable force in hockey, winning its first team gold. What followed was a golden era, where the Indian men's hockey team dominated the Olympic arena with eight gold medals between 1928 and 1980—an unmatched legacy. Despite this early excellence, India's Olympic journey has been riddled with inconsistencies. Post-1980, a conspicuous medal drought gripped the nation, exposing systemic inefficiencies: lack of infrastructure, inadequate training, and minimal grassroots scouting. Athletes often relied more on personal resilience than institutional support to achieve global recognition. The 21st century, however, has ushered in a phase of cautious optimism. With the establishment of bodies like the Target Olympic Podium Scheme (TOPS) and increased corporate sponsorship, Indian athletes now enjoy improved access to international-level coaching, nutrition, and psychological training. The medal tallies, though modest, have seen an upward trend—symbolized by Neeraj Chopra's historic gold in javelin at Tokyo 2020. What's most heartening is the diversification of sports. No longer confined to hockey and wrestling, India is now making strides in disciplines like badminton, shooting, boxing, and athletics. Equally noteworthy is the rising representation and success of Indian women athletes, who have frequently been the torchbearers in recent Olympic outings. Yet, challenges remain. The transition from potential to podium demands long-term investment, scientific sports management, and societal encouragement that transcends cricket-centric fandom. While India's Olympic identity is still evolving, the collective ambition is clearer than ever: to transform from a participant nation into a sporting powerhouse. When did India first win an Olympic team gold medal?
	1900 Paris
	1936 Berlin
	1928 Amsterdam
	1948 London

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's tryst with the Olympic Games began in 1900, when Norman Pritchard, a British-Indian athlete, clinched two silver medals in athletics. However, it wasn't until the 1928 Amsterdam Olympics that India emerged as a formidable force in hockey, winning its first team gold. What followed was a golden era, where the Indian men's hockey team dominated the Olympic arena with eight gold medals between 1928 and 1980—an unmatched legacy. Despite this early excellence, India's Olympic journey has been riddled with inconsistencies. Post-1980, a conspicuous medal drought gripped the nation, exposing systemic inefficiencies: lack of infrastructure, inadequate training, and minimal grassroots scouting. Athletes often relied more on personal resilience than institutional support to achieve global recognition. The 21st century, however, has ushered in a phase of cautious optimism. With the establishment of bodies like the Target Olympic Podium Scheme (TOPS) and increased corporate sponsorship, Indian athletes now enjoy improved access to international-level coaching, nutrition, and psychological training. The medal tallies, though modest, have seen an upward trend—symbolized by Neeraj Chopra's historic gold in javelin at Tokyo 2020. What's most heartening is the diversification of sports. No longer confined to hockey and wrestling, India is now making strides in disciplines like badminton, shooting, boxing, and athletics. Equally noteworthy is the rising representation and success of Indian women athletes, who have frequently been the torchbearers in recent Olympic outings. Yet, challenges remain. The transition from potential to podium demands long-term investment, scientific sports management, and societal encouragement that transcends cricket-centric fandom. While India's Olympic identity is still evolving, the collective ambition is clearer than ever: to transform from a participant nation into a sporting powerhouse. What major issue plagued India's Olympic performance post-1980?
	Limited fan interest
	Over-dependence on cricket
	Systemic inefficiencies in sports
	Lack of global tournaments

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's tryst with the Olympic Games began in 1900, when Norman Pritchard, a British-Indian athlete, clinched two silver medals in athletics. However, it wasn't until the 1928 Amsterdam Olympics that India emerged as a formidable force in hockey, winning its first team gold. What followed was a golden era, where the Indian men's hockey team dominated the Olympic arena with eight gold medals between 1928 and 1980—an unmatched legacy. Despite this early excellence, India's Olympic journey has been riddled with inconsistencies. Post-1980, a conspicuous medal drought gripped the nation, exposing systemic inefficiencies: lack of infrastructure, inadequate training, and minimal grassroots scouting. Athletes often relied more on personal resilience than institutional support to achieve global recognition. The 21st century, however, has ushered in a phase of cautious optimism. With the establishment of bodies like the Target Olympic Podium Scheme (TOPS) and increased corporate sponsorship, Indian athletes now enjoy improved access to international-level coaching, nutrition, and psychological training. The medal tallies, though modest, have seen an upward trend—symbolized by Neeraj Chopra's historic gold in javelin at Tokyo 2020. What's most heartening is the diversification of sports. No longer confined to hockey and wrestling, India is now making strides in disciplines like badminton, shooting, boxing, and athletics. Equally noteworthy is the rising representation and success of Indian women athletes, who have frequently been the torchbearers in recent Olympic outings. Yet, challenges remain. The transition from potential to podium demands long-term investment, scientific sports management, and societal encouragement that transcends cricket-centric fandom. While India's Olympic identity is still evolving, the collective ambition is clearer than ever: to transform from a participant nation into a sporting powerhouse. Which initiative is mentioned as a game-changer in recent Olympic preparation?
	Mission Khel Udaan
	Olympic Gold Hunt
	Fit India Movement
	Target Olympic Podium Scheme (TOPS)

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's tryst with the Olympic Games began in 1900, when Norman Pritchard, a British-Indian athlete, clinched two silver medals in athletics. However, it wasn't until the 1928 Amsterdam Olympics that India emerged as a formidable force in hockey, winning its first team gold. What followed was a golden era, where the Indian men's hockey team dominated the Olympic arena with eight gold medals between 1928 and 1980—an unmatched legacy. Despite this early excellence, India's Olympic journey has been riddled with inconsistencies. Post-1980, a conspicuous medal drought gripped the nation, exposing systemic inefficiencies: lack of infrastructure, inadequate training, and minimal grassroots scouting. Athletes often relied more on personal resilience than institutional support to achieve global recognition. The 21st century, however, has ushered in a phase of cautious optimism. With the establishment of bodies like the Target Olympic Podium Scheme (TOPS) and increased corporate sponsorship, Indian athletes now enjoy improved access to international-level coaching, nutrition, and psychological training. The medal tallies, though modest, have seen an upward trend—symbolized by Neeraj Chopra's historic gold in javelin at Tokyo 2020. What's most heartening is the diversification of sports. No longer confined to hockey and wrestling, India is now making strides in disciplines like badminton, shooting, boxing, and athletics. Equally noteworthy is the rising representation and success of Indian women athletes, who have frequently been the torchbearers in recent Olympic outings. Yet, challenges remain. The transition from potential to podium demands long-term investment, scientific sports management, and societal encouragement that transcends cricket-centric fandom. While India's Olympic identity is still evolving, the collective ambition is clearer than ever: to transform from a participant nation into a sporting powerhouse. What recent trend is encouraging in India's Olympic profile?
	Reduced investment in cricket
	Domination in hockey again
	Emergence of multiple sports and women athletes
	Decline of Western dominance

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's tryst with the Olympic Games began in 1900, when Norman Pritchard, a British-Indian athlete, clinched two silver medals in athletics. However, it wasn't until the 1928 Amsterdam Olympics that India emerged as a formidable force in hockey, winning its first team gold. What followed was a golden era, where the Indian men's hockey team dominated the Olympic arena with eight gold medals between 1928 and 1980—an unmatched legacy. Despite this early excellence, India's Olympic journey has been riddled with inconsistencies. Post-1980, a conspicuous medal drought gripped the nation, exposing systemic inefficiencies: lack of infrastructure, inadequate training, and minimal grassroots scouting. Athletes often relied more on personal resilience than institutional support to achieve global recognition. The 21st century, however, has ushered in a phase of cautious optimism. With the establishment of bodies like the Target Olympic Podium Scheme (TOPS) and increased corporate sponsorship, Indian athletes now enjoy improved access to international-level coaching, nutrition, and psychological training. The medal tallies, though modest, have seen an upward trend—symbolized by Neeraj Chopra's historic gold in javelin at Tokyo 2020. What's most heartening is the diversification of sports. No longer confined to hockey and wrestling, India is now making strides in disciplines like badminton, shooting, boxing, and athletics. Equally noteworthy is the rising representation and success of Indian women athletes, who have frequently been the torchbearers in recent Olympic outings. Yet, challenges remain. The transition from potential to podium demands long-term investment, scientific sports management, and societal encouragement that transcends cricket-centric fandom. While India's Olympic identity is still evolving, the collective ambition is clearer than ever: to transform from a participant nation into a sporting powerhouse. What is implied about India's Olympic aspirations?
	They rely entirely on foreign coaching
	They aim for consistent participation
	They are growing but need sustained reforms
	They are limited to traditional sports

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: Had I known about the traffic, I ***will leave early***.
	would have left earlier
	would leave early

	had left earlier
	would left earlier

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: It is high time you ***must change your habits.***
	changed your habits
	must have changed your habits
	change your habit
	will change the habit

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "Do it right now."
	He said do it immediately.
	He told to do it now.
	He told me to do it at once.
	He told me do it right now.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The professor remarked that students needed to submit their papers before Friday.

	"Students need to submit their papers before Friday," the professor remarked.
	"Students needed to submit their papers before Friday," said the professor.
	"Submit your papers before Friday," the professor instructed.
	"You were to submit your papers before Friday," said the professor.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This makes them ideal for tasks like image recognition, natural language processing, and medical diagnostics. 2. Machine learning is a subset of artificial intelligence that focuses on the creation of algorithms that can learn from data without explicit programming. 3. The algorithm improves its performance by analyzing vast amounts of input data and identifying underlying patterns. 4. Instead of being given a set of rules, a machine learning model is trained on examples.
	2, 4, 3, 1
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 4, 2, 1
	2, 3, 4, 1

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. The primary purpose of this process is to ensure that the food we eat is safe and does not contain harmful bacteria or other contaminants. 2. Food processing is a series of methods used to transform raw ingredients into consumable products. 3. These methods can range from simple actions like cutting and grinding to more complex procedures such as pasteurization and fermentation. 4. Furthermore, it also helps to preserve food, extend its shelf life, and enhance its nutritional value.
	2, 3, 1, 4
	1, 2, 3, 4

	3, 1, 4, 2
	4, 2, 1, 3

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

GHZ, HIY, IJX, JKW, ?

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **GHZ, HIY, IJX, JKW, ?**
	JHG JHG
	KLV KLV
	KMN KMN
	HGK HGK

Q.No: 2	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **RXD RUJ RRP ROV ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **RXD RUJ RRP ROV ?**
	RLC RLC
	RDA RDA
	RDF RDF
	RLB RLB

Q.No: 3	If '÷' means '+', '-' means '×', '+' means '-' and, '×' means '÷', then which of the following equations is CORRECT? अगर '÷' का अर्थ '+', '-' का अर्थ '×', '+' का अर्थ '-' तथा '×' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समीकरण सही है? 42 × 28 - 30 ÷ 48 + 45 = 45

	42 × 28 - 30 ÷ 48 + 45 = 45
	42 × 28 - 30 ÷ 48 + 45 = 40 42 × 28 - 30 ÷ 48 + 45 = 40 42 × 28 - 30 ÷ 48 + 45 = 50 42 × 28 - 30 ÷ 48 + 45 = 50
	42 × 28 - 30 ÷ 48 + 45 = 48 42 × 28 - 30 ÷ 48 + 45 = 48

Q.No: 4	What comes next? **3, 8, 18, 35, 61, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा? **3, 8, 18, 35, 61, ?**
	88 88
	98 98
	97 97
	100 100

Q.No: 5	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** The rapid advancement of automation and artificial intelligence could lead to significant job displacement, but it also presents an opportunity to create new jobs in emerging industries. **Assumptions:** I. Automation and AI could cause job losses in some sectors. II. New industries will emerge as a result of automation and AI. III. The displacement caused by automation is temporary and will be reversed by new industries.

	निर्देश: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन:** स्वचालन और कृत्रिम बुद्धिमत्ता की तीव्र प्रगति से महत्वपूर्ण नौकरी विस्थापन हो सकता है, लेकिन यह उभरते उद्योगों में नई नौकरियों के सृजन का अवसर भी प्रस्तुत करता है। **मान्यताएँ:** I. स्वचालन और AI कुछ क्षेत्रों में नौकरी के नुकसान का कारण बन सकते हैं। II. स्वचालन और AI के परिणामस्वरूप नए उद्योग उभरेंगे। III. स्वचालन के कारण होने वाला विस्थापन अस्थायी है और नए उद्योगों द्वारा उलट दिया जाएगा।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III निहित हैं
	All are implicit सभी निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है।

Q.No: 6	The position of how many letters will remain unchanged if each of the letters in the word FRIEND is arranged in alphabetical order? यदि शब्द FRIEND के प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाए तो कितने अक्षरों की स्थिति अपरिवर्तित रहेगी?
	One एक
	Four चार
	Three तीन
	Five पाँच

Q.No: 7	**Identify the similar address:** Shruti Bansal E-55, Palm Greens, Faridabad , 121002 **समान पता पहचानें:** श्रुति बंसल ई-55, पाम ग्रीन्स, फरीदाबाद, 121002
	Shruti Bansal E-55, Palm Green, Faridabad , 121002 श्रुति बंसल ई-55, पाम ग्रीन, फरीदाबाद, 121002
	Shruti Bansal E-55, Palm Greens, Faridabad , 121002 श्रुति बंसल ई-55, पाम ग्रीन्स, फरीदाबाद, 121002
	Shruti Bansal E-55, Palm Greens, Faridabad , 121200 श्रुति बंसल ई-55, पाम ग्रीन्स, फरीदाबाद, 121200
	Shruti Bansel E-55, Palm Greens, Faridabad , 121002 श्रुति बंसेल ई-55, पाम ग्रीन्स, फरीदाबाद, 121002

Q.No: 8	Each of the letters in the word **UNIVERSAL** is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is second from the left and the one that is fifth from the right in the new letter-cluster formed? शब्द UNIVERSAL के प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएँ से दूसरे अक्षर और दाएँ से पाँचवें अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेज़ी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?
	7 7
	8 8
	6 6
	9 9

Q.No: 9	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives.

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए। Photoshop फ़ोटोशॉप
	Illustrator इलस्ट्रेटर CorelDRAW कॉरल ड्रा
	Linux लिनक्स

Q.No: 10	In each of the following questions, a specific pattern of alphabetic transformation has been applied to the first word to produce the second. Identify that pattern and apply it to the third word to determine the correct option. **DEVIL : ABSFI :: OTHER : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द से दूसरा शब्द बनाने के लिए वर्णमाला परिवर्तन का एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न लागू किया गया है। उस पैटर्न को पहचानिए और सही विकल्प निर्धारित करने के लिए उसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू कीजिए। **DEVIL : ABSFI :: OTHER : ?** MRFCP MRFCP
	RWKHU RWKHU
	LQEBO LQEBO
	LRECO LRECO

Q.No: 11	In each of the following questions, the second word is derived from the first word by applying a specific letter-coding pattern, such as shifting letters forward or backward in the alphabet. Identify the pattern and apply it to the third word to choose the correct answer from the options given. **MASTER : OCUVGT :: LABOUR : ?**

	निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, दूसरा शब्द पहले शब्द से एक विशिष्ट अक्षर-कोडिंग पैटर्न लागू करके, जैसे वर्णमाला में अक्षरों को आगे या पीछे करके, व्युत्पन्न किया गया है। पैटर्न पहचानिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनने के लिए इसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू कीजिए। **MASTER : OCUVGT :: LABOUR : ?**
	NCDQWT NCDQWT
	NDERWT NDERWT
	NBCRWT NBCRWT NEDRWT NEDRWT

Q.No: 12	Complete the series. 11, 13, 17, 19, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। 11, 13, 17, 19, ?
	21 21
	23 23
	25 25
	27 27

Q.No: 13	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others.

	निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	A1@ : C3# : E5$ A1@ : C3# : E5$ B2% : D4^ : F6& B2% : D4^ : F6&
	C3* : E5(: G7) C3* : E5(: G7)
	D4_ : F6@ : I9& D4_ : F6@ : I9&

Q.No: 14	A box has 5 red, 3 blue, 2 green balls. Probability of drawing a non-green ball? एक डिब्बे में 5 लाल, 3 नीली और 2 हरी गेंदें हैं। हरे रंग की न होने वाली गेंद निकालने की प्रायिकता क्या है?
	0.5 0.5
	0.8 0.8
	0.6 0.6
	0.7 0.7

Q.No: 15	If 9 @ 3 = 36 and 6 @ 2 = 16, then 8 @ 2 = ? यदि 9 @ 3 = 36 और 6 @ 2 = 16, तो 8 @ 2 = ?
	20

	20
	18 18 19 19
	17 17

Q.No: 16	**Instruction:** In a code language, "The music sounds sweet" is coded as "la ma na ta", "The music sounds loud" is coded as "la ma pa ta", "The song sounds sweet" is coded as "ka ma na ta". **Question:** What is the code for "The song sounds loud"? **निर्देश:** एक कूट भाषा में, "The music sounds sweet" को "la ma na ta" लिखा जाता है, "The music sounds loud" को "la ma pa ta" लिखा जाता है, "The song sounds sweet" को "ka ma na ta" लिखा जाता है। **प्रश्न:** "The song sounds loud" का कूट क्या है? pa na ka ta pa na ka ta
	ma na ra ka ma na ra ka
	la na ya ka la na ya ka
	ka ma ta pa ka ma ta pa
Not Answered	

Q.No: 17	If 'ABCDE' is coded as 'EDCBA', 'FGHIJ' is coded as 'JIHGF', and 'KLMNO' is coded as 'ONMLK', then how is 'PQRST' coded?

	यदि 'ABCDE' को 'EDCBA' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, 'FGHIJ' को 'JIHGF' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, और 'KLMNO' को 'ONMLK' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'PQRST' को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	TSRQP TSRQP
	TSRQQ TSRQQ
	TSSQP TSSQP
	TSRRP TSRRP

Q.No: 18	If 9 $ 3 = 18, 8 $ 2 = 12, then what is 6 $ 4? यदि 9 $ 3 = 18, 8 $ 2 = 12, तो 6 $ 4 क्या है?
	8 8
	10 10
	12 12
	14 14

Q.No: 19	A 25 L solution has sugar: water = 3:2. How much water to make sugar: water = 1:1? 25 लीटर के घोल में चीनी: पानी = 3:2 है। चीनी: पानी = 1:1 बनाने के लिए कितना पानी चाहिए?
	2.5 L

	2.5 लीटर
	5 L 5 लीटर
	7.5 L 7.5 लीटर
	10 L 10 लीटर

Q.No: 20	Ravi is married to Rekha. Rekha's brother is Ramesh. Ramesh's wife is Rina. Rina's son is Raj. How is Raj related to Ravi? रवि का विवाह रेखा से हुआ है। रेखा का भाई रमेश है। रमेश की पत्नी रीना है। रीना का पुत्र राज है। राज का रवि से क्या संबंध है?
	Nephew भतीजा
	Son बेटा
	Cousin चचेरा Brother-in-law साला

Q.No: 21	Pointing to a man, Seema said, 'His mother is the only daughter of my mother's father.' How is the man related to Seema? एक आदमी की ओर इशारा करते हुए सीमा ने कहा, 'उसकी माँ मेरी माँ के पिता की इकलौती बेटी है।' वह आदमी सीमा से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Cousin चचेरा Nephew भतीजा

	Brother भाई
	Son बेटा

Q.No: 22	After interchanging + & × and 15 & 30, which of the following equations will hold true? + & × तथा 15 & 30 को आपस में बदलने पर, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समीकरण सत्य होगा?
	(15+2)×30=60 (15+2)×30=60
	(30+3)×15=40 (30+3)×15=40
	(15+4)×30=135 (15+4)×30=135
	(30+1)×15=40 (30+1)×15=40

Q.No: 23	In the following questions, the symbols @, #, $, © and % are used with the following meaning as illustrated below: P @ Q ⇒ P ≥ Q P # Q ⇒ P ≤ Q P $ Q ⇒ P < Q P © Q ⇒ P > Q P % Q ⇒ P = Q **Statements:** M © N N # O **Conclusions:** I. M © O II. M @ O

	निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में, @, #, $, © और % चिह्नों का प्रयोग निम्नलिखित अर्थों में किया गया है, जैसा कि नीचे दर्शाया गया है: P @ Q ⇒ P ≥ Q P # Q ⇒ P ≤ Q P $ Q ⇒ P < Q P © Q ⇒ P > Q P % Q ⇒ P = Q **कथन:** M © N N # O **निष्कर्ष:** I. M © O II. M @ O
	If only conclusion I is true. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है।
	If only conclusion II is true. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है।
	If only conclusion III is true. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष III सत्य है।
	Neither I nor II is true न तो I और न ही II सत्य है

Q.No: 24	If '+' means '×', '×' means '-', '-' means '÷', then 20 + 5 × 2 − 10 = ? यदि '+' का अर्थ '×' है, '×' का अर्थ '-' है, '-' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो 20 + 5 × 2 − 10 = ?
	89 89 67 67
	78.89

	78.89
	99.8 99.8

Q.No: 25	A two-digit number is 4 times the sum of its digits. If the digits are reversed, the new number is 18 more than the original. What is the number? एक दो अंकों वाली संख्या अपने अंकों के योग का 4 गुना है। यदि अंकों को उलट दिया जाए, तो नई संख्या मूल संख्या से 18 अधिक है। वह संख्या क्या है?
	24 24
	30 30
	36 36 32 32

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	Which of the following best describes the cultural significance of "Mim" in the "Mim Kut festival"? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन "मिम कुट त्योहार" में "मिम" के सांस्कृतिक महत्व का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	A rare millet stored for famine

	अकाल के लिए संग्रहित दुर्लभ बाजरा The sacred herb for tribal healing आदिवासी उपचार के लिए पवित्र जड़ी बूटी
	The last harvest representing survival and love अंतिम फ़सल जो अस्तित्व और प्रेम का प्रतिनिधित्व करती है
	A mythological offering for spirits only केवल आत्माओं के लिए एक पौराणिक भेंट
Not Answered	

Q.No: 27	The Kharchi Puja of Tripura is associated with worship of how many deities? त्रिपुरा की खर्ची पूजा कितने देवताओं की पूजा से संबंधित है?
	12 12
	14 14
	15 15
	16 16
Not Answered	

Q.No: 28	**Consider the following statements about Mughal architecture:** 1.Mughal architecture is known for blending Persian, Islamic, Turkish, and Indian styles to create a unique Indo-Islamic aesthetic. 2.Red sandstone and white marble were the two most commonly used materials in Mughal construction.

	मुगल वास्तुकला के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1.मुगल वास्तुकला फारसी, इस्लामी, तुर्की और भारतीय शैलियों के सम्मिश्रण के लिए जानी जाती है, जो एक अद्वितीय इंडो-इस्लामिक सौंदर्यबोध का निर्माण करती है। 2.मुगल निर्माण में लाल बलुआ पत्थर और सफेद संगमरमर दो सबसे अधिक इस्तेमाल की जाने वाली सामग्रियाँ थीं।
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Q.No: 29	Which of the following is a correct statement regarding violations in basketball? बास्केटबॉल में उल्लंघन के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
	A player may stay in the restricted area for 5 seconds. एक खिलाड़ी प्रतिबंधित क्षेत्र में 5 सेकंड तक रह सकता है।
	A team must shoot the ball within 8 seconds of play. किसी भी टीम को खेल शुरू होने के 8 सेकंड के भीतर गेंद को शूट करना होगा।
	A dribble ends when both hands touch the ball once. ड्रिबल तब समाप्त होती है जब दोनों हाथ एक बार गेंद को छू लेते हैं।
	A player remains in play while standing on sideline. खिलाड़ी साइडलाइन पर खड़े होकर भी खेल में बना रहता है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Which sports player won the bronze medal in the Mixed Team Compound Open Archery event at the Paris 2024 Paralympics?

	पेरिस 2024 पैरालिंपिक में मिश्रित टीम कंपाउंड ओपन तीरंदाजी स्पर्धा में किस खिलाड़ी ने कांस्य पदक जीता?
	Harvinder Singh and Jyoti Baliyan हरविंदर सिंह और ज्योति बलियान
	Sheetal Devi and Rakesh Kumar शीतल देवी और राकेश कुमार
	Sheetal Devi and Harvinder Singh शीतल देवी और हरविंदर सिंह
	Rakesh Kumar and Vivek Chikara राकेश कुमार और विवेक चिकारा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Where was the Americas Regional Office of the New Development Bank (NDB) announced to be established during the BRICS Foreign Ministers' Meeting in 2018? 2018 में ब्रिक्स विदेश मंत्रियों की बैठक के दौरान न्यू डेवलपमेंट बैंक (एनडीबी) का अमेरिका क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय कहां स्थापित करने की घोषणा की गई थी?
	Mexico City मेक्सिको सिटी
	Buenos Aires ब्यूनस आयर्स
	São Paulo साओ पाउलो
	Lima लीमा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Which of the following statements best captures the essence of the book Because Words Matter? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन पुस्तक 'बिकॉज़ वर्ड्स मैटर' के सार को सर्वोत्तम रूप से व्यक्त करता है?
	Language's role in social justice

	सामाजिक न्याय में भाषा की भूमिका
	Ancient Sanskrit grammar
	प्राचीन संस्कृत व्याकरण
	Novel on colonial India
	औपनिवेशिक भारत पर उपन्यास
	Linguist's critique of post-colonial English
	उत्तर-औपनिवेशिक अंग्रेजी की भाषाविद् की आलोचना
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	Which of the following statements about rockslide is correct?
	चट्टान-स्खलन के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
	It affects only the outermost layer of the rock face
	यह चट्टान की केवल सबसे बाहरी परत को प्रभावित करता है
	It is slower than rock fall
	यह चट्टान गिरने से भी धीमी है
	It involves backward rotation of debris
	इसमें मलबे का पीछे की ओर घूमना शामिल है
	It affects material to considerable depth
	यह सामग्री को काफी गहराई तक प्रभावित करता है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	What correctly describes Neeraj Chopra's performance at the Paris Diamond League 2025?
	पेरिस डायमंड लीग 2025 में नीरज चोपड़ा के प्रदर्शन का सही वर्णन क्या है?
	He secured victory with his third throw measuring 88.16m at Stade de France.
	उन्होंने स्टेड डी फ्रांस में 88.16 मीटर की दूरी से तीसरा थ्रो करके जीत हासिल की।
	His only valid attempt, 88.16m, came in the final round.

	उनका एकमात्र वैध प्रयास, 88.16 मीटर, अंतिम दौर में आया।
	He won with his opening throw of 88.16m at Stade Sébastien Charléty. उन्होंने स्टेड सेबेस्टियन चार्लेटी में 88.16 मीटर की अपनी पहली थ्रो के साथ जीत हासिल की।
	He placed second with a best throw of 88.16m. वह 88.16 मीटर के सर्वश्रेष्ठ थ्रो के साथ दूसरे स्थान पर रहे।

Q.No: 35	Following a significant change in leadership at India's premier space agency, which distinguished scientist was appointed as the new Chairman of ISRO and Secretary of the Department of Space in January 2025, succeeding S. Somanath? भारत की प्रमुख अंतरिक्ष एजेंसी में नेतृत्व में महत्वपूर्ण बदलाव के बाद, किस प्रतिष्ठित वैज्ञानिक को जनवरी 2025 में एस. सोमनाथ के स्थान पर इसरो का नया अध्यक्ष और अंतरिक्ष विभाग का सचिव नियुक्त किया गया?
	K Radhakrishnan के राधाकृष्णन
	K. Sivan के. सिवन
	V. Narayanan वी. नारायणन
	S. Sashidhar Sinha एस. शशिधर सिन्हा

Q.No: 36	**Which of the following statements about dams is/are correct?** 1.A dam always refers to a concrete or structural wall built to block water. 2.Spillways in dams help in regulating water flow, either intermittently or continuously. 3.Dams can be classified based on structure, purpose, and height. **बाँधों के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?** 1. बाँध हमेशा पानी को रोकने के लिए बनाई गई कंक्रीट या संरचनात्मक दीवार को संदर्भित करता है। 2. बाँधों में स्पिलवे पानी के प्रवाह को रुक-रुक कर या लगातार नियंत्रित करने में मदद करते हैं। 3. बाँधों को संरचना, उद्देश्य और ऊँचाई के आधार पर वर्गीकृत किया जा सकता है।

	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Both 2 and 3 2 और 3 दोनों
	Both 1 and 3 1 और 3 दोनों
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं

Q.No: 37	Aditya-L1 spacecraft primarily studies which part of the Sun? आदित्य-एल1 अंतरिक्ष यान मुख्य रूप से सूर्य के किस भाग का अध्ययन करता है?
	Regolith रेगोलिथ
	Corona कोरोना
	Craters खड्ड
	Magnetosphere चुंबकीयमंडल

Q.No: 38	Which group consists of non-ferrous metallic minerals that are scarce in India? भारत में दुर्लभ अलौह धातु खनिजों का समूह कौन सा है?
	Iron, Coal, Bauxite लोहा, कोयला, बॉक्साइट
	Copper, Zinc, Lead

	तांबा, जस्ता, सीसा
	Manganese, Bauxite, Limestone मैंगनीज, बॉक्साइट, चूना पत्थर
	Mica, Dolomite, Felspar अभ्रक, डोलोमाइट, फेल्सपार

Q.No: 39	**Fill in the blanks:** Zonal Councils were created by the _____ Act, 1956. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** क्षेत्रीय परिषदों का गठन _____ अधिनियम, 1956 द्वारा किया गया था।
	States Reorganisation राज्य पुनर्गठन
	Finance Commission वित्त आयोग
	Panchayati Raj पंचायती राज
	Representation of People लोगों का प्रतिनिधित्व

Q.No: 40	Which of the following statements regarding the distribution of legislative powers between the Union and State legislatures is **correct?** संघ और राज्य विधानमंडलों के बीच विधायी शक्तियों के वितरण के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	The State legislature can legislate on matters enumerated in the Union List राज्य विधानमंडल संघ सूची में सूचीबद्ध मामलों पर कानून बना सकता है
	The Union legislature can legislate on matters in the Concurrent List only with State approval संघीय विधानमंडल समवर्ती सूची के विषयों पर केवल राज्य की स्वीकृति से ही कानून बना सकता है

	The Union Government can issue directions to the States under Article 256 केंद्र सरकार अनुच्छेद 256 के तहत राज्यों को निर्देश जारी कर सकती है
	The Union and States have equal powers on matters in the Union List संघ सूची के विषयों पर संघ और राज्यों को समान शक्तियां प्राप्त हैं

Q.No: 41	**Read the following statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** The PSLV-C59 mission, launched in October 2024, achieved a notable milestone for international space cooperation. **Reason (R):** This mission successfully deployed the Proba-3 satellites, marking the first dedicated satellite launch for ESA's unique formation-flying experiment. **अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़ें। सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** अक्टूबर 2024 में प्रक्षेपित PSLV-C59 मिशन ने अंतर्राष्ट्रीय अंतरिक्ष सहयोग के लिए एक उल्लेखनीय उपलब्धि हासिल की। **कारण (R):** इस मिशन ने प्रोबा-3 उपग्रहों को सफलतापूर्वक प्रक्षेपित किया, जो ESA के अनूठे फ़ॉर्मेशन-फ़्लाइंग प्रयोग के लिए पहला समर्पित उपग्रह प्रक्षेपण था।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 42	Bharatiya Nagarik suraksha Samhita(BNSS) ensures access to FIR through which portal? भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) किस पोर्टल के माध्यम से एफआईआर तक पहुंच सुनिश्चित करती है?
	National Crime Portal राष्ट्रीय अपराध पोर्टल

	CCTNS सीसीटीएनएस
	BHAVISHYA भविष्य
	DIGI-FIR डिजी-एफआईआर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 43	Which of the following pairs of Government Scheme and its associated Nodal Ministry/Department is **correctly** matched? 1. PM-AASHA – Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution 2. e-NAM – Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare 3. PMKSY – Ministry of Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation 4. RODTEP – Ministry of Finance निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा युग्म सरकारी योजना और उससे संबंधित नोडल मंत्रालय/विभाग का **सही** मिलान करता है? 1. पीएम-आशा - उपभोक्ता मामले, खाद्य एवं सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्रालय 2. ई-नाम - कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय 3. पीएमकेएसवाई - जल संसाधन, नदी विकास एवं गंगा संरक्षण मंत्रालय 4. आरओडीटीईपी - वित्त मंत्रालय
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2 2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	2 only केवल 2
	1, 2 and 4 1, 2 और 4
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	**Fill in the Blank:** Panthi dance is linked to the followers of _____ in Chhattisgarh. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** पंथी नृत्य छत्तीसगढ़ में _____ के अनुयायियों से जुड़ा हुआ है।
	Guru Ghasidas गुरु घासीदास
	Kabir कबीर
	Kabuli काबुली
	Nanak नानक

Q.No: 45	According to the 2024 Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) findings, how does corruption most directly undermine global climate action? 2024 भ्रष्टाचार धारणा सूचकांक (सीपीआई) के निष्कर्षों के अनुसार, भ्रष्टाचार किस प्रकार वैश्विक जलवायु कार्रवाई को सबसे अधिक प्रभावित करता है?
	By weakening financial markets in developing countries विकासशील देशों में वित्तीय बाजारों को कमजोर करके
	By discouraging public participation in environmental protests पर्यावरण विरोध प्रदर्शनों में जनता की भागीदारी को हतोत्साहित करके
	By diverting climate funds and allowing undue influence over environmental policies जलवायु निधियों का दुरुपयोग करके और पर्यावरण नीतियों पर अनुचित प्रभाव डालकर
	By increasing competition among fossil fuel companies जीवाश्म ईंधन कंपनियों के बीच प्रतिस्पर्धा बढ़ाकर
Not Answered	

O.No: 46	Objective of India’s new Eco-Tourism Policy in protected areas?

	संरक्षित क्षेत्रों में भारत की नई इको-पर्यटन नीति का उद्देश्य क्या है? Ban human activity मानव गतिविधि पर प्रतिबंध
	Maximize profit w/o community समुदाय के बिना लाभ को अधिकतम करें
	Balance conservation and livelihoods संरक्षण और आजीविका में संतुलन
	Turn areas into resorts क्षेत्रों को रिसॉर्ट में बदलें

Q.No: 47	Which of the following statements about the sugar industry **is/are correct?** 1. Sugarcane's sucrose content decreases during transportation. 2. Sugar industry is seasonal in nature. 3. The industry is unsuitable for cooperative management. 4. Major sugar-producing states include Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu. चीनी उद्योग के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही है/हैं?** 1. परिवहन के दौरान गन्ने में सुक्रोज की मात्रा कम हो जाती है। 2. चीनी उद्योग मौसमी प्रकृति का है। 3. यह उद्योग सहकारी प्रबंधन के लिए अनुपयुक्त है। 4. प्रमुख चीनी उत्पादक राज्यों में महाराष्ट्र और तमिलनाडु शामिल हैं।
	Only 1 and 3 केवल 1 और 3
	Only 1, 2 and 4 केवल 1, 2 और 4
	Only 2, 3 and 4 केवल 2, 3 और 4
	Only 1 and 4

	केवल 1 और 4
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	Which of the following statements correctly describe the MISHTI initiative launched in India? 1. The MISHTI programme is designed to increase mangrove forest cover and enhance livelihood opportunities in coastal areas. 2. It is a project initiated under the Ministry of Rural Development. 3. The program is financed with a mix of fundings coming from the CAMPA (Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority) Fund and the MGNREGS (Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme). **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारत में शुरू की गई MISHTI पहल का सही वर्णन करता है?** 1. MISHTI कार्यक्रम मैंग्रोव वन क्षेत्र को बढ़ाने और तटीय क्षेत्रों में आजीविका के अवसरों को बढ़ाने के लिए डिज़ाइन किया गया है। 2. यह ग्रामीण विकास मंत्रालय के तहत शुरू की गई एक परियोजना है। 3. इस कार्यक्रम को CAMPA (प्रतिपूरक वनीकरण निधि प्रबंधन और योजना प्राधिकरण) कोष और MGNREGS (महात्मा गांधी राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार गारंटी योजना) से प्राप्त धन के मिश्रण से वित्तपोषित किया जाता है।
	1 and 2 1 और 2
	1 and 3 1 और 3
	2 and 3 2 और 3
	1,2, and 3 all 1,2, और 3 सभी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Which of the following statements are **correct?** 1. Kalbelia performers rarely document their art due to its oral nomadic heritage. 2. Costumes avoid stitched elements in honor of serpent rituals. 3. The community's art was included in UNESCO ICH list without any written application process.

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन से कथन **सही हैं?** 1. कालबेलिया कलाकार अपनी मौखिक खानाबदोश विरासत के कारण शायद ही कभी अपनी कला का दस्तावेजीकरण करते हैं। 2. वेशभूषा में नाग अनुष्ठानों के सम्मान में सिले हुए तत्वों का उपयोग नहीं किया जाता है। 3. समुदाय की कला को बिना किसी लिखित आवेदन प्रक्रिया के यूनेस्को आईसीएच सूची में शामिल किया गया था।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 & 3 केवल 2 और 3
	All 1, 2 & 3 सभी 1, 2 और 3
	Only 1 & 3 केवल 1 और 3
Not Answered	

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Every Money Bill is a Financial Bill. 2. Every Financial Bill is a Money Bill. Which of the above statements is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. प्रत्येक धन विधेयक एक वित्तीय विधेयक होता है। 2. प्रत्येक वित्तीय विधेयक एक धन विधेयक होता है। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2

	न तो 1 और न ही 2

Roll No.		
Candidate Name		
Exam Level		
Test Date	:	**14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51 If M : N = 4 : 5, N : O = 6 : 7, and O : P = 9 : 11, then find N : P.

यदि M : N = 4 : 5, N : O = 6 : 7, तथा O : P = 9 : 11, तो N : P ज्ञात कीजिए।

54 : 77

	54 : 77
	45 : 77 45 : 77 42 : 55 42 : 55
	36 : 63 36 : 63

Q.No: 52	What is the result of $2\frac{1}{4} \div 0.5$? इसका परिणाम क्या है $2\frac{1}{4} \div 0.5$?
	4.25 4.25
	4.5 4.5
	4.75 4.75
	5.25 5.25

Q.No: 53	What should be subtracted from 10, 12, 13, 16 so that the remaining numbers may be proportional? 10, 12, 13, 16 में से क्या घटाया जाए कि शेष संख्याएँ समानुपातिक हो जाएँ?
	3 3
	9 9

	4 4
	12 12
Not Answered	

Q.No: 54	If 45% of a number is 0.9 more than 30% of it, what is the number? यदि किसी संख्या का 45% उसके 30% से 0.9 अधिक है, तो वह संख्या क्या है?
	6 6
	7 7
	8 8
	9 9

Q.No: 55	Sohan started a business with ₹90,000. After 5 months, Rohan joined with ₹1,50,000. After another 3 months, Sohan withdrew ₹30,000. What is the ratio of their profits at the end of the year? सोहन ने ₹90,000 से एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 5 महीने बाद, रोहन ₹1,50,000 के साथ शामिल हो गया। अगले 3 महीने बाद, सोहन ने ₹30,000 निकाल लिए। वर्ष के अंत में उनके लाभ का अनुपात क्या है?
	32:35 32:35
	15:16 15:16
	12:15

	12:15
	11:12 11:12

Q.No: 56	Two individuals, A and B, rent a pasture together. A has 18 horses that they graze for 4 months. B grazes 24 cows for 6 months and 36 sheep for 4 months. The following relationships are given: - 3 horses are equivalent to 6 cows, - 4 cows are equivalent to 8 sheep. What amount of rent should A pay ? दो व्यक्ति, A और B, एक साथ एक चरागाह किराए पर लेते हैं। A के पास 18 घोड़े हैं जिन्हें वे 4 महीने तक चराते हैं। B 6 महीने तक 24 गायों को और 4 महीने तक 36 भेड़ों को चराता है। निम्नलिखित संबंध दिए गए हैं: - 3 घोड़े 6 गायों के बराबर हैं, - 4 गायें 8 भेड़ों के बराबर हैं। A को कितना किराया देना चाहिए?
	$\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{2}{5}$
	$\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{3}{5}$
	$\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{4}{5}$
	$\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{5}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 57	X, Y, and Z started a business with capitals in the ratio 2:3:5. After 3 months, Z withdrew 40% of his capital. After another 3 months, Y withdrew half of his capital. The business continued for a total of 18 months. If total profit is ₹3,24,000, find the ratio of profit shares of X : Y : Z. X, Y और Z ने 2:3:5 के अनुपात में पूंजी के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 3 महीने बाद, Z ने अपनी पूंजी का 40% निकाल लिया। अगले 3 महीने बाद, Y ने अपनी पूंजी का आधा हिस्सा निकाल लिया। व्यवसाय कुल 18 महीने तक चलता रहा। यदि कुल लाभ ₹3,24,000 है, तो लाभ के शेयरों का अनुपात ज्ञात करें X : Y : Z.
	3:3:5 3:3:5
	3:3:4 3:3:4
	1:2:2 1:2:2
	1:3:1 1:3:1
Not Answered	

Q.No: 58	The average age of 40 students in a class is 16 years. When a new student is admitted, the average increases by 0.2 years. What is the age of the new student? एक कक्षा में 40 छात्रों की औसत आयु 16 वर्ष है। जब एक नया छात्र प्रवेश लेता है, तो औसत 0.2 वर्ष बढ़ जाता है। नए छात्र की आयु क्या है?
	24.2 24.2
	20.2 20.2
	19.2 19.2
	16.2

	16.2

Q.No: 59	The monthly average salary for 8 employees plus one supervisor is ₹15,000. If the supervisor earns ₹25,000, what is the average salary of the 8 employees? 8 कर्मचारियों और एक सुपरवाइजर का मासिक औसत वेतन ₹15,000 है। यदि सुपरवाइजर ₹25,000 कमाता है, तो 8 कर्मचारियों का औसत वेतन क्या है?
	₹14,750 ₹14,750
	₹13,000 ₹13,000
	₹13,750 ₹13,750
	₹13,500 ₹13,500

Q.No: 60	A company has 80 employees, of whom 35 % are women. The average monthly salary of the women is ₹72,000, while that of the men is ₹68,000. What is the overall average monthly salary (in ₹ 000) of the whole workforce? एक कंपनी में 80 कर्मचारी हैं, जिनमें से 35% महिलाएँ हैं। महिलाओं का औसत मासिक वेतन ₹72,000 है, जबकि पुरुषों का ₹68,000 है। पूरे कार्यबल का कुल औसत मासिक वेतन (₹000 में) क्या है?
	70.8 70.8
	699.4 699.4
	245.4 245.4
	69.4 69.4

Q.No: 61	A dress is marked at ₹3,500. A discount offer changes from 10% to 15%. How much extra discount does a customer get? एक ड्रेस की कीमत ₹3,500 है। छूट का ऑफर 10% से 15% तक बदलता है। ग्राहक को कितनी अतिरिक्त छूट मिलती है?
	₹175 ₹175
	₹185 ₹185 ₹195 ₹195
	₹200 ₹200

Q.No: 62	Rohan ordered 5 kg of premium coffee and some additional kilograms of ordinary coffee. The price of the premium coffee per kg was three times that of the ordinary coffee. When the order was delivered, it was found that the quantities of premium and ordinary coffee had been swapped. This change increased his bill by 40%. Find the ratio of the original quantity of premium coffee to the original quantity of ordinary coffee. रोहन ने 5 किलो प्रीमियम कॉफी और कुछ अतिरिक्त किलोग्राम साधारण कॉफी का ऑर्डर दिया। प्रति किलो प्रीमियम कॉफी की कीमत साधारण कॉफी की कीमत से तीन गुना थी। जब ऑर्डर डिलीवर हुआ, तो पाया गया कि प्रीमियम और साधारण कॉफी की मात्रा बदल दी गई थी। इस बदलाव से उसका बिल 40% बढ़ गया। प्रीमियम कॉफी की मूल मात्रा और साधारण कॉफी की मूल मात्रा का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए। 2 : 1 2 : 1
	1 : 3 1 : 3
	1 : 2 1 : 2 3 : 1

	3 : 1
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A certain amount grows to ₹6400 in 2 years and ₹7040 in 3 years. Determine the interest rate. एक निश्चित राशि 2 वर्ष में ₹6400 तथा 3 वर्ष में ₹7040 हो जाती है। ब्याज दर ज्ञात कीजिए।
	10% 10%
	9% 9%
	8% 8%
	11% 11%

Q.No: 64	A bookseller sells 10 pens for ₹300, but in doing so, he incurs a loss equal to the cost price of 4 pens. The loss percent is: एक पुस्तक विक्रेता 10 पेन ₹300 में बेचता है, लेकिन ऐसा करने पर उसे 4 पेन के क्रय मूल्य के बराबर हानि होती है। हानि प्रतिशत है:
	40% 40%
	70% 70%
	60% 60%
	50% 50%

Q.No: 65	A fruit seller buys three varieties of mangoes. The first variety is bought at 4 for ₹10, the second at 5 for ₹12, and the third at 2 for ₹5. He mixes them in the ratio 2 : 3 : 1 respectively. If he sells all the mangoes at 3 for ₹7, what is his approximate gain or loss percentage? एक फल विक्रेता तीन किस्म के आम खरीदता है। पहली किस्म 4 के लिए ₹10, दूसरी किस्म 5 के लिए ₹12 और तीसरी किस्म 2 के लिए ₹5 खरीदता है। वह उन्हें क्रमशः 2 : 3 : 1 के अनुपात में मिलाता है। यदि वह सभी आमों को 3 के लिए ₹7 में बेचता है, तो उसका अनुमानित लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	Profit of 4.76% 4.76% का लाभ
	Loss of 4.76% 4.76% की हानि
	Loss of 6% 6% की हानि
	Profit of 6% 6% का लाभ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 66	A dealer sets the marked price of a television 20% higher than its cost price. If he gives a discount of 15% and makes a profit of ₹300, what is the cost price of the television? एक डीलर एक टेलीविजन का अंकित मूल्य उसके क्रय मूल्य से 20% अधिक निर्धारित करता है। यदि वह 15% की छूट देता है और ₹300 का लाभ कमाता है, तो टेलीविजन का क्रय मूल्य क्या है?
	₹10,000 ₹10,000
	₹12,500 ₹12,500
	₹15,000 ₹15,000
	₹18,000 ₹18,000

Q.No: 67	A merchant marked an article such that its price was 25% above its cost price. He offered two consecutive discounts of 10% and 20% to a buyer. If he incurred a loss of ₹400, what was the marked price of the article? एक व्यापारी ने एक वस्तु का अंकित मूल्य इस प्रकार अंकित किया कि उसका मूल्य उसके क्रय मूल्य से 25% अधिक था। उसने एक खरीदार को 10% और 20% की दो क्रमागत छूट दी। यदि उसे ₹400 की हानि हुई, तो वस्तु का अंकित मूल्य क्या था?
	₹5000 ₹5000
	₹2000 ₹2000 ₹2500 ₹2500
	₹1080 ₹1080

Q.No: 68	A drum contains a blend of three chemicals: P, Q, and R, in the ratio of 3:5:2. 30 litres of this blend are removed, and then 12 litres of chemical P and 8 litres of chemical Q are poured into the drum. If the resultant quantity of chemical Q is 20 litres more than the resultant quantity of chemical P, what was the initial total quantity of the mixture in the drum (in litres)? एक ड्रम में तीन रसायनों का मिश्रण है: P, Q, और R, जिनका अनुपात 3:5:2 है। इस मिश्रण के 30 लीटर निकाले जाते हैं, और फिर ड्रम में 12 लीटर रसायन P और 8 लीटर रसायन Q डाले जाते हैं। यदि रसायन Q की परिणामी मात्रा रसायन P की परिणामी मात्रा से 20 लीटर अधिक है, तो ड्रम में मिश्रण की प्रारंभिक कुल मात्रा (लीटर में) क्या थी?
	100 100
	120 120
	150 150
	180 180

Not Answered

Q.No: 69	Rahul borrowed a sum of money at simple interest of 5% per annum for the first 3 years, 7% per annum for the next 5 years, and 9% per annum for the period beyond 8 years. If he pays a total of ₹6800 as interest only at the end of 10 years, how much money did he borrow? राहुल ने पहले 3 वर्षों के लिए 5% प्रति वर्ष, अगले 5 वर्षों के लिए 7% प्रति वर्ष और 8 वर्षों से आगे की अवधि के लिए 9% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज पर एक धनराशि उधार ली। यदि वह 10 वर्षों के अंत में केवल ब्याज के रूप में कुल ₹6800 का भुगतान करता है, तो उसने कितनी धनराशि उधार ली?
	₹8000 ₹8000
	₹9000 ₹9000
	₹10000 ₹10000
	₹12000 ₹12000

Q.No: 70	A cone is such that the area of its base equals its lateral surface area. If radius is r, find the slant height l. एक शंकु इस प्रकार है कि उसके आधार का क्षेत्रफल उसके पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल के बराबर है। यदि त्रिज्या r है, तो तिर्यक ऊँचाई l ज्ञात कीजिए।
	r r
	2r 2r
	3r 3r
	4r 4r

Q.No: 71	A square field of side 28 m has a circular pond in the center. If the area of the pond is 616 m^2, what is the area of the remaining field? 28 मीटर भुजा वाले एक वर्गाकार मैदान के बीच में एक वृत्ताकार तालाब है। यदि तालाब का क्षेत्रफल 616 मीटर^2 है, तो शेष मैदान का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	148 m^2 148 मीटर^2
	168 m^2 168 मीटर^2
	678 m^2 678 मीटर^2
	682 m^2 682 मीटर^2

Q.No: 72	If the height of a right prism is increased by 50% and base area remains the same, what is the percentage increase in volume? यदि एक लम्ब प्रिज्म की ऊंचाई 50% बढ़ा दी जाए तथा आधार क्षेत्रफल वही रहे, तो आयतन में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होगी?
	25% 25%
	50% 50%
	75% 75%
	100% 100%

Q.No: 73	A circular decorative wall clock with a radius of 20 cm has a design where a chord connects two points on the circumference. This chord, along with two radii, forms an equilateral triangle at the center of the clock face. The smaller segment created by this chord is painted in a contrasting color. What percentage of the clock's total area does this smaller painted segment represent? (Use $\pi \approx 3.14$, $\sqrt{3} \approx 1.732$) 20 सेमी त्रिज्या वाली एक गोलाकार सजावटी दीवार घड़ी की डिज़ाइन ऐसी है कि एक जीवा परिधि पर दो बिंदुओं को जोड़ती है। यह जीवा, दो त्रिज्याओं के साथ, घड़ी के मुख के केंद्र पर एक समबाहु त्रिभुज बनाती है। इस जीवा द्वारा निर्मित छोटे खंड को एक विपरीत रंग से रंगा गया है। यह छोटा रंगा हुआ खंड घड़ी के कुल क्षेत्रफल का कितना प्रतिशत दर्शाता है? ($\pi \approx 3.14$, $\sqrt{3} \approx 1.732$ का प्रयोग करें)
	2.88% 2.88%
	5.6% 5.6% 9.08% 9.08%
	12.5% 12.5%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 74	A cylinder (r = 4 cm, h = 10 cm) is bored through by a hole (r = 2 cm, full height). What percentage of original volume is removed? एक बेलन (r = 4 सेमी, h = 10 सेमी) में एक छेद (r = 2 सेमी, पूरी ऊँचाई) करके छेद किया जाता है। मूल आयतन का कितना प्रतिशत निकाला जाता है?
	25% 25%
	50% 50% 75% 75% 37.5% 37.5%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 75	A sector of a circle with a radius of 15 cm has a central angle of 45∘. Another sector of the same circle has a central angle of π/4 radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector? 15 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 45∘ है। उसी वृत्त के एक अन्य त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण π/4 रेडियन है। पहले त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	1:2 1:2
	2:3 2:3
	1:1 1:1
	3:4 3:4

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CALLOW**
	Inexperienced

	Experienced
	Wise
	Mature

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Placatory**
	Pacifying
	Soothing
	Aggravating
	Conciliatory

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Blow hot and cold**
	To change one's mood or opinion frequently
	To talk boastfully
	To enjoy both success and failure
	To remain consistent in behavior

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Fulsome**
	Overdone
	Sincere

	Excessive
	Lavish
Not Answered	

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of body-position sense.
	Propriozeption
	Propiоception
	Proprioception
	Proprioseption

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A statement that appears self-contradictory yet may be true'.
	Axiom
	Maxim
	Paradox
	Irony
Not Answered	

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** Scarcely had the satellite deployed ___ it transmitted its first data packet.
	than
	when

	before
	until

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** ___ having completed the feasibility study, the team requested additional funding.
	Having
	On
	Upon
	Despite

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** It was imperative that the document ___ signed before the close of business.
	will be
	was
	be
	had been

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The perception that the guidelines are optional (1)/ rather than compulsory have led (2)/ to widespread inconsistencies in compliance (3)/ across state-level implementations. (4)
	(1)

	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** Historians may well reinterpret the artifact after new evidence emerges.
	The artifact may well be reinterpreted by historians after new evidence emerges.
	The artifact may have been reinterpreted by historians after new evidence emerges.
	The artifact will be reinterpreted well by historians after new evidence emerges. The artifact could well be reinterpreting by historians after new evidence emerges.

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The fact that dissenting opinions are stifled (1)/ without due institutional safeguards (2)/ reflect a worrying trend in democratic regression (3)/ observed across multiple levels of governance. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The **tripos** system at Cambridge remains a model of academic rigor.
	The tripos involved oral defense and written modules.
	He broke his tripos into discrete phases of analysis.
	The ceremonial tripos stool toppled during the investiture.
	She passed the natural sciences tripos with distinction.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The land is believed to have been acquired illegally by the company through forged documents.
	The company is believed to have acquired the land illegally.
	The company acquired the land illegally, as believed.
	Someone believed the company acquired land illegally.
	The company had acquired land using forged documents.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Cricket, as a sport, has continually evolved in response to changing audience preferences and technological advancements. Among its many formats, Test cricket and One Day Internationals (ODIs) represent two contrasting philosophies—one rooted in endurance and strategy, the other in dynamism and entertainment. Test cricket, often regarded as the pinnacle of the sport, is a format that unfolds over five days, demanding exceptional levels of patience, technique, and mental resilience. It offers players the opportunity to exhibit classical skills and tactical acumen, where the fluctuating tempo mirrors the rhythm of real life—unpredictable, slow-burning, and layered. For purists, Test cricket is an art form, rewarding not merely flamboyance but consistency and grit. In contrast, ODIs compress the drama into a single day. With limited overs, this format prioritizes aggressive batting, innovative bowling variations, and strategic field placements. The adrenaline-infused pace of ODIs appeals to a broader demographic, especially in an era of dwindling attention spans and time constraints. For broadcasters and advertisers, the shorter format offers commercial viability, making it a lucrative spectacle. However, critics argue that the commercialization of ODIs has come at the expense of depth and nuance. In pursuit of viewership, substance often gives way to spectacle. Conversely, defenders of Test cricket lament its declining audience, attributing it to an increasingly entertainment-driven sports culture. Yet, occasional high-stakes encounters—like the Ashes or India-Australia series—still manage to ignite global interest. The ongoing debate between formats is not merely about preference, but about the identity of the sport itself. While both formats have their merits, the challenge lies in preserving the sanctity of Test cricket without undermining the accessibility of ODIs—a delicate balance that cricketing authorities must negotiate in the years ahead. Which of the following best captures the essence of Test cricket, as described in the passage?
	It is long and often boring
	It reflects complexity and unpredictability
	It includes domestic and emotional elements
	It is nostalgic and traditional

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Cricket, as a sport, has continually evolved in response to changing audience preferences and technological advancements. Among its many formats, Test cricket and One Day Internationals (ODIs) represent two contrasting philosophies—one rooted in endurance and strategy, the other in dynamism and entertainment. Test cricket, often regarded as the pinnacle of the sport, is a format that unfolds over five days, demanding exceptional levels of patience, technique, and mental resilience. It offers players the opportunity to exhibit classical skills and tactical acumen, where the fluctuating tempo mirrors the rhythm of real life—unpredictable, slow-burning, and layered. For purists, Test cricket is an art form, rewarding not merely flamboyance but consistency and grit. In contrast, ODIs compress the drama into a single day. With limited overs, this format prioritizes aggressive batting, innovative bowling variations, and strategic field placements. The adrenaline-infused pace of ODIs appeals to a broader demographic, especially in an era of dwindling attention spans and time constraints. For broadcasters and advertisers, the shorter format offers commercial viability, making it a lucrative spectacle. However, critics argue that the commercialization of ODIs has come at the expense of depth and nuance. In pursuit of viewership, substance often gives way to spectacle. Conversely, defenders of Test cricket lament its declining audience, attributing it to an increasingly entertainment-driven sports culture. Yet, occasional high-stakes encounters—like the Ashes or India-Australia series—still manage to ignite global interest. The ongoing debate between formats is not merely about preference, but about the identity of the sport itself. While both formats have their merits, the challenge lies in preserving the sanctity of Test cricket without undermining the accessibility of ODIs—a delicate balance that cricketing authorities must negotiate in the years ahead. Which of the following is a criticism of ODIs mentioned in the passage?
	Too long for modern viewers Lack of competitiveness
	Loss of depth due to over-commercialization
	Fewer international tournaments

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Cricket, as a sport, has continually evolved in response to changing audience preferences and technological advancements. Among its many formats, Test cricket and One Day Internationals (ODIs) represent two contrasting philosophies—one rooted in endurance and strategy, the other in dynamism and entertainment. Test cricket, often regarded as the pinnacle of the sport, is a format that unfolds over five days, demanding exceptional levels of patience, technique, and mental resilience. It offers players the opportunity to exhibit classical skills and tactical acumen, where the fluctuating tempo mirrors the rhythm of real life—unpredictable, slow-burning, and layered. For purists, Test cricket is an art form, rewarding not merely flamboyance but consistency and grit. In contrast, ODIs compress the drama into a single day. With limited overs, this format prioritizes aggressive batting, innovative bowling variations, and strategic field placements. The adrenaline-infused pace of ODIs appeals to a broader demographic, especially in an era of dwindling attention spans and time constraints. For broadcasters and advertisers, the shorter format offers commercial viability, making it a lucrative spectacle. However, critics argue that the commercialization of ODIs has come at the expense of depth and nuance. In pursuit of viewership, substance often gives way to spectacle. Conversely, defenders of Test cricket lament its declining audience, attributing it to an increasingly entertainment-driven sports culture. Yet, occasional high-stakes encounters—like the Ashes or India-Australia series—still manage to ignite global interest. The ongoing debate between formats is not merely about preference, but about the identity of the sport itself. While both formats have their merits, the challenge lies in preserving the sanctity of Test cricket without undermining the accessibility of ODIs—a delicate balance that cricketing authorities must negotiate in the years ahead. How are Test cricket and ODIs contrasted in terms of viewer appeal?
	Tests are faster and more entertaining ODIs are only popular among senior fans
	Tests reward showmanship over skills
	ODIs cater to shorter attention spans

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Cricket, as a sport, has continually evolved in response to changing audience preferences and technological advancements. Among its many formats, Test cricket and One Day Internationals (ODIs) represent two contrasting philosophies—one rooted in endurance and strategy, the other in dynamism and entertainment. Test cricket, often regarded as the pinnacle of the sport, is a format that unfolds over five days, demanding exceptional levels of patience, technique, and mental resilience. It offers players the opportunity to exhibit classical skills and tactical acumen, where the fluctuating tempo mirrors the rhythm of real life—unpredictable, slow-burning, and layered. For purists, Test cricket is an art form, rewarding not merely flamboyance but consistency and grit. In contrast, ODIs compress the drama into a single day. With limited overs, this format prioritizes aggressive batting, innovative bowling variations, and strategic field placements. The adrenaline-infused pace of ODIs appeals to a broader demographic, especially in an era of dwindling attention spans and time constraints. For broadcasters and advertisers, the shorter format offers commercial viability, making it a lucrative spectacle. However, critics argue that the commercialization of ODIs has come at the expense of depth and nuance. In pursuit of viewership, substance often gives way to spectacle. Conversely, defenders of Test cricket lament its declining audience, attributing it to an increasingly entertainment-driven sports culture. Yet, occasional high-stakes encounters—like the Ashes or India-Australia series—still manage to ignite global interest. The ongoing debate between formats is not merely about preference, but about the identity of the sport itself. While both formats have their merits, the challenge lies in preserving the sanctity of Test cricket without undermining the accessibility of ODIs—a delicate balance that cricketing authorities must negotiate in the years ahead. What tone does the author adopt toward the preservation of Test cricket?
	Indifferent
	Hopeful and critical
	Mocking and dismissive
	Casual and informal

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Cricket, as a sport, has continually evolved in response to changing audience preferences and technological advancements. Among its many formats, Test cricket and One Day Internationals (ODIs) represent two contrasting philosophies—one rooted in endurance and strategy, the other in dynamism and entertainment. Test cricket, often regarded as the pinnacle of the sport, is a format that unfolds over five days, demanding exceptional levels of patience, technique, and mental resilience. It offers players the opportunity to exhibit classical skills and tactical acumen, where the fluctuating tempo mirrors the rhythm of real life—unpredictable, slow-burning, and layered. For purists, Test cricket is an art form, rewarding not merely flamboyance but consistency and grit. In contrast, ODIs compress the drama into a single day. With limited overs, this format prioritizes aggressive batting, innovative bowling variations, and strategic field placements. The adrenaline-infused pace of ODIs appeals to a broader demographic, especially in an era of dwindling attention spans and time constraints. For broadcasters and advertisers, the shorter format offers commercial viability, making it a lucrative spectacle. However, critics argue that the commercialization of ODIs has come at the expense of depth and nuance. In pursuit of viewership, substance often gives way to spectacle. Conversely, defenders of Test cricket lament its declining audience, attributing it to an increasingly entertainment-driven sports culture. Yet, occasional high-stakes encounters—like the Ashes or India-Australia series—still manage to ignite global interest. The ongoing debate between formats is not merely about preference, but about the identity of the sport itself. While both formats have their merits, the challenge lies in preserving the sanctity of Test cricket without undermining the accessibility of ODIs—a delicate balance that cricketing authorities must negotiate in the years ahead. What is the central concern raised in the passage?
	Lack of good players for both formats Scheduling difficulties between formats
	Balancing tradition with commercial interests
	Reducing cricket formats to two only

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: I was ***discussing about the issue with him***.
	discussed regarding the issue
	had discussion on issue

	discussing the issue with him
	had been discussing about issue

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: You must prevent your brother ***to do such things***.
	from doing such things
	of doing such things
	not to do such things
	doing such things

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said to me, "Open the window."
	She told me open the window.
	She told me to open the window.
	She told me opening the window.
	She said me to open the window.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** She said that they had already left before she arrived.

	"They have already left before I arrived," she said.
	"They already left before I arrived," she said.
	"They had already left before I arrived," she said.
	"They left before I had arrived," she said.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This process, known as photosynthesis, is fundamental to life on Earth as it forms the base of most food webs. 2. Plants, algae, and some bacteria possess a unique ability to convert light energy into chemical energy. 3. The captured light energy is then used to synthesize glucose molecules from water and carbon dioxide. 4. It begins with the absorption of photons by chlorophyll pigments within the plant cells.
	1, 4, 3, 2
	2, 1, 4, 3
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 2, 1, 4

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This process, a crucial part of the plant's life cycle, is vital for the continued existence of many plant species. 2. Pollination is the transfer of pollen from the male part of a flower to the female part. 3. The transfer can be carried out by various agents, including insects, birds, and wind. 4. Successful pollination leads to fertilization and the subsequent production of seeds and fruits.
	2, 3, 4, 1
	3, 4, 1, 2
	1, 2, 3, 4

	4, 1, 2, 3

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Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
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Centre Name	:

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Note:

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	Which letter in the word "TREATMENT" is equidistant from both ends? शब्द "TREATMENT" में कौन सा अक्षर दोनों सिरों से समान दूरी पर है?

	A A
	T T
	E E M M

Q.No: 2	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **P R T, O Q S, N P R, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है। **P R T, O Q S, N P R, ?**
	GAS GAS
	MJS MJS
	GHA GHA
	MOQ MOQ

Q.No: 3	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **XJL,YMK,ZPJ,?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **XJL,YMK,ZPJ,?**

	ASI ASI
	ZOO ZOO
	AAP AAP ZMP ZMP

Q.No: 4	Which one is different from the rest? इनमें से कौन बाकी से अलग है?
	Rose गुलाब
	Guava अमरूद Banana केला
	Papaya पपीता

Q.No: 5	Complete the series: **24,120, 720, 5040, 40320,_____?** श्रृंखला को पूरा करें: **24,120, 720, 5040, 40320,_____?** 461291 461291
	362880

	362880
	242880 242880
	162770 162770

Q.No: 6	What will come at the place of question mark? **1, 9, 31, 73, 141, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? **1, 9, 31, 73, 141, ?**
	241 241
	398 398
	49 49
	155 155

Q.No: 7	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Smoking is prohibited in public places as per the new law. Conclusions: I. People can smoke in private spaces. II. Smoking harms public health.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: नए कानून के अनुसार सार्वजनिक स्थानों पर धूम्रपान निषिद्ध है। निष्कर्ष: I. लोग निजी स्थानों पर धूम्रपान कर सकते हैं। II. धूम्रपान जन स्वास्थ्य के लिए हानिकारक है।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष ।।अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 8	**Instruction: Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option.** **Statement:** The Himalayas act as a natural barrier that prevents the monsoon winds from reaching the northern plains, thereby creating a dry region in the rain shadow area. **Assumptions:** I. The Himalayas prevent monsoon winds from reaching certain areas. II. The rain shadow effect leads to dry conditions in specific regions. III. Monsoon winds are the sole cause of rainfall in the northern plains. **निर्देश: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें।** **कथन:** हिमालय एक प्राकृतिक अवरोध के रूप में कार्य करता है जो मानसूनी हवाओं को उत्तरी मैदानों तक पहुँचने से रोकता है, जिससे वर्षा छाया क्षेत्र में एक शुष्क क्षेत्र बनता है। **मान्यताएँ:** I. हिमालय मानसूनी हवाओं को कुछ क्षेत्रों तक पहुँचने से रोकता है। II. वर्षा छाया प्रभाव के कारण विशिष्ट क्षेत्रों में शुष्क स्थितियाँ उत्पन्न होती हैं। III. मानसूनी हवाएँ उत्तरी मैदानों में वर्षा का एकमात्र कारण हैं।
	Only I and II are implicit

	केवल I और II निहित हैं Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III अंतर्निहित हैं।
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है।
	All assumptions are implicit सभी धारणाएं अंतर्निहित हैं।

Q.No: 9	Each of the letters in the word **LAPTOP** is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is fourth from the left and the one that is first from the right in the new letter-cluster formed? शब्द **LAPTOP** में प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएँ से चौथे अक्षर और दाएँ से पहले अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेज़ी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?
	Two दो
	Four चार
	Three तीन
	One एक

Q.No: 10	Each of the letters in the word HARMONIOUS is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is first from the left and the one that is fourth from the right in the new letter-cluster formed? शब्द HARMONIOUS के प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएँ से पहले अक्षर और दाएँ से चौथे अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेज़ी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?
	12

	12
	13 13
	15 15 11 11

Q.No: 11	**Which of the following is/are identical to the address given:** Priya Yadav B-22, Rosewood Heights, Sector 15, Gurgaon, 122002 1. Priya Yadav B-22, Rosewood Heights, Sector 15, Gurgaon, 122002 2. Priya Yadav B-22, Rosewood Heights, Sector 15, Gurugram, 122002 3. Priya Yadav B-22, Rosewood Heights, Sector 15, Gurgaon, 122003 4. Priya Yadav B-22, Rosewood Heights, Sector 15, Gurgaon, 122001 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से दिए गए पते के समान है:** प्रिया यादव बी-22, रोज़वुड हाइट्स, सेक्टर 15, गुड़गांव, 122002 1. प्रिया यादव बी-22, रोज़वुड हाइट्स, सेक्टर 15, गुड़गांव, 122002 2. प्रिया यादव बी-22, रोज़वुड हाइट्स, सेक्टर 15, गुरुग्राम, 122002 3. प्रिया यादव बी-22, रोज़वुड हाइट्स, सेक्टर 15, गुड़गांव, 122003 4. प्रिया यादव बी-22, रोज़वुड हाइट्स, सेक्टर 15, गुड़गांव, 122001
	2 Only केवल 2
	1 Only केवल 1
	4 Only केवल 4
	3 Only केवल 3

Q.No: 12	Find the group of letters that best completes the analogy. Use alphabetical positions and reverse position logic where necessary. **BEKQ : YVPJ :: CFGL : ?** अक्षरों का वह समूह ढूँढ़ें जो सादृश्य को सबसे अच्छी तरह पूरा करता है। जहाँ आवश्यक हो, वर्णमाला क्रम और विपरीत क्रम तर्क का प्रयोग करें। **BEKQ : YVPJ :: CFGL : ?**
	XUOM XUOM
	XUTO XUTO
	XUPM XUPM
	XVPL XVPL

Q.No: 13	Choose the correct option to complete the series. Growth : Stagnation :: Success : ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करने के लिए सही विकल्प चुनें। विकास : ठहराव :: सफलता : ?
	Achievement उपलब्धि
	Failure विफलता
	Progress प्रगति Gain लाभ

Q.No: 14	Find the word that does not fit in the series: Silent, Muted, Tranquil, Clamorous, Calm इनमें से वह शब्द ढूंढें जो इस श्रृंखला में फिट नहीं बैठता: निरुत्तर, मौन, चुप्पी, शोरगुल, शांत
	Silent निरुत्तर
	Muted मौन Tranquil चुप्पी
	clamorous शोरगुल

Q.No: 15	In each of the following questions, a word is transformed by rearranging its letters according to a specific pattern. Apply the same pattern to the third word and choose the correct answer from the given alternatives. **EXCUSE : CXEESU :: ERODES : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, एक शब्द को उसके अक्षरों को एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न के अनुसार पुनर्व्यवस्थित करके रूपांतरित किया गया है। तीसरे शब्द पर भी यही पैटर्न लागू कीजिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनिए। **EXCUSE : CXEESU :: ERODES : ?**
	OREESD OREESD
	ORESED ORESED
	REOSDE REOSDE
	ERODSE

	ERODSE

Q.No: 16	A’s father’s wife’s only daughter is B. How is A related to B? (Assuming A is a male member) A के पिता की पत्नी की इकलौती बेटी B है। A, B से किस प्रकार संबंधित है? (यह मानते हुए कि A एक पुरुष सदस्य है)
	Sister बहन
	Cousin चचेरा
	Brother भाई
	Uncle चाचा

Q.No: 17	Identify the odd number: **1, 8, 27, 64, 121, 216** विषम संख्या पहचानें: **1, 8, 27, 64, 121, 216**
	64 64
	121 121
	216 216
	27 27

Q.No: 18	P + Q means P is the husband of Q, P − Q means P is the sister of Q, P × Q means P is the mother of Q. Then what does A × B + C mean? P + Q का अर्थ है P, Q का पति है, P − Q का अर्थ है P, Q की बहन है, P × Q का अर्थ है P, Q की माँ है। तो A × B + C का क्या अर्थ है?
	A is mother-in-law of C A, C की सास है
	A is mother of C A, C की माँ है
	A is sister-in-law of C A, C की भाभी है
	A is grandmother of C A, C की दादी है

Q.No: 19	Choose the odd one out: **(17, P, #), (13, J, !), (19, R, %), (23, V, @)** इनमें से विषम को चुनें: **(17, P, #), (13, J, !), (19, R, %), (23, V, @)**
	(17, P, #) (17, P, #)
	(13, J, !) (13, J, !)
	(19, R, %) (19, R, %)
	(23, V, @) (23, V, @)

Q.No: 20	If 2 @ 3 = 25 and 3 @ 4 = 49, what is 4 @ 5?

	यदि 2 @ 3 = 25 और 3 @ 4 = 49, तो 4 @ 5 क्या है?
	81 81
	100 100 121 121
	91 91

Q.No: 21	If 'READ' is coded as 'SFBE', how is 'BOOK' coded? यदि 'READ' को 'SFBE' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'BOOK' को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	CPPL CPPL
	DQQM DQQM
	APPL APPL
	AQQM AQQM

Q.No: 22	A sum becomes 2.5 times in 10 years under simple interest. Find the rate. एक धनराशि साधारण ब्याज के तहत 10 वर्षों में 2.5 गुना हो जाती है। दर ज्ञात कीजिए।
	10%

	10% 12.5% 12.5%
	15% 15%
	20% 20%

Q.No: 23	X and Y are brothers. Z is the wife of Y. A is the father of X. B is the daughter of Z. How is B related to A? X और Y भाई हैं। Z, Y की पत्नी है। A, X का पिता है। B, Z की पुत्री है। B, A से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Daughter बेटी
	Granddaughter पोती
	Niece भतीजी
	Sister बहन

Q.No: 24	If a $ b = 2, where a $ b = a^2 - b, what is the value of a and b? यदि a $ b = 2, जहाँ a $ b = a^2 - b, तो a और b का मान क्या है?
	2, 2 2, 2
	8, 1

	8, 1 4, 5 4, 5
	9, 6 9, 6

Q.No: 25	If the sum of 42 and 42 is multiplied by 4, what is the result? यदि 42 और 42 के योग को 4 से गुणा किया जाए तो परिणाम क्या होगा?
	332 332
	336 336
	340 340
	348 348

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Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	: **1**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	**Given below are two statements:** **Statement I:** The harmika of a stupa is the symbolic abode of the gods, located at the top. **Statement II:** The harmika is where relics of the Buddha were usually kept. Which of the following statements **is/are correct?** **नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं:** **कथन I:** स्तूप का हर्मिका देवताओं का प्रतीकात्मक निवास है, जो सबसे ऊपर स्थित है। **कथन II:** हर्मिका वह स्थान है जहाँ आमतौर पर बुद्ध के अवशेष रखे जाते थे। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही है/हैं?**
	Both statements are true and Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I दोनों कथन सत्य हैं और कथन II कथन I की सही व्याख्या है
	Both statements are true but Statement II is not the correct explanation of Statement I दोनों कथन सत्य हैं लेकिन कथन II कथन I का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	Statement I is true but Statement II is false कथन I सत्य है लेकिन कथन II असत्य है
	Statement II is true but statement I is false कथन II सत्य है लेकिन कथन I असत्य है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 27	Which Veda primarily contains ritual formulas and detailed procedures for performing sacrifices? किस वेद में मुख्य रूप से अनुष्ठान सूत्र और बलिदान करने की विस्तृत प्रक्रियाएँ शामिल हैं?
	Sāmaveda सामवेद
	Yajurveda यजुर्वेद
	Atharvaveda अथर्ववेद
	Rigveda

	ऋग्वेद

Q.No: 28	Which of the following statements best defines Ghana Vadya in the context of Indian traditional music? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारतीय पारंपरिक संगीत के संदर्भ में घाना वाद्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से परिभाषित करता है?
	Tuned melodic instruments played with strings and bow तार और धनुष से बजाए जाने वाले सुरीले मधुर वाद्य
	Percussion instruments requiring precise tuning before use तालवाद्य यंत्रों को उपयोग से पहले सटीक ट्यूनिंग की आवश्यकता होती है
	Solid, non-tunable instruments primarily used for rhythm in folk music ठोस, गैर-ट्यून योग्य वाद्य यंत्र मुख्य रूप से लोक संगीत में लय के लिए उपयोग किए जाते हैं
	Wind instruments made of bamboo or reed used in classical traditions शास्त्रीय परंपराओं में बांस या ईख से बने वायु वाद्य यंत्रों का प्रयोग किया जाता है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 29	Which of the following statements about sculling in swimming is **correct?** तैराकी में स्कलिंग के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	Sculling is used only by beginners to prevent sinking. डूबने से बचने के लिए स्कलिंग का उपयोग केवल शुरुआती लोगों द्वारा किया जाता है।
	During sculling, the hands remain above the water surface. स्कलिंग के दौरान हाथ पानी की सतह से ऊपर रहते हैं।
	In forward sculling, the arms stay straight and positioned in front. फॉरवर्ड स्कलिंग में भुजाएं सीधी और सामने की ओर स्थित रहती हैं।
	Sculling maintains balance by moving hands under water. स्कलिंग में पानी के अंदर हाथों को चलाकर संतुलन बनाए रखा जाता है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Who became India's first Asian Games gold medallist by winning the 100m freestyle swimming event at New Delhi in 1951? 1951 में नई दिल्ली में 100 मीटर फ्रीस्टाइल तैराकी स्पर्धा जीतकर भारत के पहले एशियाई खेलों के स्वर्ण पदक विजेता कौन बने?
	Johnny Weissmuller जॉनी वेइस्मुलर
	Arjun Singh अर्जुन सिंह
	Mihir Sen मिहिर सेन
	Sachin Nag सचिन नाग
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	How did Raja Rammohan Roy contribute to the movement against the practice of Sati in early 19th-century Bengal? राजा राममोहन राय ने 19वीं सदी के प्रारम्भ में बंगाल में सती प्रथा के विरुद्ध आन्दोलन में किस प्रकार योगदान दिया?
	He organized armed protests in Bengal villages उन्होंने बंगाल के गांवों में सशस्त्र विरोध प्रदर्शन आयोजित किए
	He issued government ordinances against orthodox leaders उन्होंने रूढ़िवादी नेताओं के खिलाफ सरकारी अध्यादेश जारी किए
	He campaigned using newspapers and engaged in debates उन्होंने समाचार पत्रों का उपयोग करके प्रचार किया और बहसों में भाग लिया
	He formed alliances with British Christian missionaries उन्होंने ब्रिटिश ईसाई मिशनरियों के साथ गठबंधन बनाया

Q.No: 32	Where was the 11th edition of the India–Bangladesh joint military exercise SAMPRITI-XI conducted in 2023? भारत-बांग्लादेश संयुक्त सैन्य अभ्यास SAMPRITI-XI का 11वां संस्करण 2023 में कहाँ आयोजित किया गया था?
	Jaisalmer, Rajasthan जैसलमेर, राजस्थान
	Siliguri, West Bengal सिलीगुड़ी, पश्चिम बंगाल
	Umroi, Meghalaya उमरोई, मेघालय
	Guwahati, Assam गुवाहाटी, असम
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	Which historical figure is the Santosh Trophy, launched in 1941, named after? 1941 में शुरू की गई संतोष ट्रॉफी का नाम किस ऐतिहासिक व्यक्ति के नाम पर रखा गया है?
	Sir Manmatha Nath Roy Chowdhury सर मन्मथ नाथ रॉय चौधरी
	Sir Henry Mortimer Durand सर हेनरी मोर्टिमर डूरंड
	Syed Abdul Rahim सैयद अब्दुल रहीम
	Sailen Manna सैलेन मन्ना

Q.No: 34	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** The Moor's Last Sigh is acclaimed for its intricate narrative that blends historical events with magical realism to explore Indian identity and politics. **Reason (R):** The novel won the Booker Prize for its innovative storytelling and profound cultural insights. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़ें। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ: **अभिकथन (A):** "द मूर्स लास्ट साई" अपनी जटिल कथा के लिए प्रशंसित है जो ऐतिहासिक घटनाओं को जादुई यथार्थवाद के साथ मिलाकर भारतीय पहचान और राजनीति का अन्वेषण करती है। **कारण (R):** इस उपन्यास ने अपनी नवीन कथा-कथन और गहन सांस्कृतिक अंतर्दृष्टि के लिए बुकर पुरस्कार जीता।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	Who launched the Bharatpol portal? भारतपोल पोर्टल का शुभारंभ किसने किया?
	Amit Shah अमित शाह
	Narendra Modi नरेंद्र मोदी
	Droupadi Murmu द्रौपदी मुर्मू
	Ashwini Vaishnaw

	अश्विनी वैष्णव

Q.No: 36	What is the primary cause of convectional rainfall? संवहनीय वर्षा का प्राथमिक कारण क्या है?
	Cold fronts meeting warm air ठंडी हवाओं का गर्म हवा से मिलन
	Mountains forcing air to rise पहाड़ हवा को ऊपर उठने पर मजबूर कर रहे हैं
	Heating of air that rises and cools ऊपर उठती और ठंडी होती हवा का गर्म होना
	Moist air from polar regions ध्रुवीय क्षेत्रों से नम हवा

Q.No: 37	Which of the following best explains how mineral deposits influence population distribution? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सर्वोत्तम रूप से बताता है कि खनिज भंडार जनसंख्या वितरण को किस प्रकार प्रभावित करते हैं?
	They improve soil fertility वे मिट्टी की उर्वरता में सुधार करते हैं
	They reduce need for employment वे रोजगार की आवश्यकता को कम करते हैं
	They attract industries and create jobs वे उद्योगों को आकर्षित करते हैं और रोजगार सृजित करते हैं
	They lead to deforestation only वे केवल वनों की कटाई की ओर ले जाते हैं

Q.No: 38	Which of the following statement accurately reflects the relationship between demographic transition and replacement level? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन जनसांख्यिकीय संक्रमण और प्रतिस्थापन स्तर के बीच संबंध को सटीक रूप से दर्शाता है?
	In the third stage, fertility begins to approach replacement level तीसरे चरण में, प्रजनन क्षमता प्रतिस्थापन स्तर के करीब पहुंचने लगती है
	Population stabilization occurs when fertility rate drops below replacement level जनसंख्या स्थिरीकरण तब होता है जब प्रजनन दर प्रतिस्थापन स्तर से नीचे गिर जाती है
	The transition from high growth to low growth aligns with reaching replacement level उच्च वृद्धि से निम्न वृद्धि की ओर संक्रमण प्रतिस्थापन स्तर तक पहुँचने के साथ संरेखित होता है
	Replacement level is unrelated to demographic transition प्रतिस्थापन स्तर जनसांख्यिकीय परिवर्तन से संबंधित नहीं है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	Why is the NISAR (NASA-ISRO Synthetic Aperture Radar) mission designed to revisit the same location every 12 days? NISAR (नासा-इसरो सिंथेटिक अपर्चर रडार) मिशन को हर 12 दिनों में एक ही स्थान पर पुनः जाने के लिए क्यों डिज़ाइन किया गया है?
	To support low-earth orbit operations at reduced altitude कम ऊंचाई पर निम्न-पृथ्वी कक्षा संचालन का समर्थन करने के लिए
	To enable cost-efficient satellite passes through optimized fuel consumption अनुकूलित ईंधन खपत के माध्यम से लागत-कुशल उपग्रह प्रक्षेपण को सक्षम बनाना
	To ensure consistent caching of data before transmission to ground stations ग्राउंड स्टेशनों पर प्रसारण से पहले डेटा की सुसंगत कैशिंग सुनिश्चित करना
	To achieve temporal resolution for global coverage and land deformation monitoring वैश्विक कवरेज और भूमि विरूपण निगरानी के लिए अस्थायी समाधान प्राप्त करना
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	Which biomolecule acts as the primary energy storage in animals?

	कौन सा जैव अणु पशुओं में प्राथमिक ऊर्जा भंडारण के रूप में कार्य करता है?
	Glycogen ग्लाइकोजन
	Starch स्टार्च
	Cellulose सेल्यूलोज
	Sucrose सुक्रोज

Q.No: 41	Under Article 262 of the Indian Constitution, which of the following interpretations most accurately reflects Parliament's authority regarding inter-State water disputes? भारतीय संविधान के अनुच्छेद 262 के अंतर्गत, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी व्याख्या अंतर-राज्यीय जल विवादों के संबंध में संसद के अधिकार को सबसे सटीक रूप से दर्शाती है?
	Legislate on river navigation but not bar SC jurisdiction नदी नौवहन पर कानून बनाएं लेकिन सुप्रीम कोर्ट के अधिकार क्षेत्र पर रोक न लगाएं
	Set up tribunals for water disputes and bar SC review जल विवादों के लिए न्यायाधिकरण स्थापित करें और सुप्रीम कोर्ट की समीक्षा पर रोक लगाएं
	Abolish State-level water bodies permanently राज्य स्तरीय जल निकायों को स्थायी रूप से समाप्त करें Mandate ISC mediation before court action अदालती कार्रवाई से पहले ISC मध्यस्थता को अनिवार्य करें

Q.No: 42	A person standing on a railway platform notices that the sound of an approaching train's whistle changes in pitch (frequency) as the train passes by. This phenomenon is best explained by:

	रेलवे प्लेटफ़ॉर्म पर खड़ा एक व्यक्ति देखता है कि जैसे ही ट्रेन गुज़रती है, उसकी सीटी की आवाज़ की पिच (आवृत्ति) बदल जाती है। इस घटना को सबसे अच्छी तरह से इस प्रकार समझाया जा सकता है:
	Refraction of sound ध्वनि का अपवर्तन
	Diffraction of sound ध्वनि का विवर्तन
	Doppler effect डॉप्लर प्रभाव
	Resonance गूंज
Q.No: 43	The Bharatiya Nyaya Samhita (BNS) now explicitly defines and criminalizes 'organized crime' and 'petty organized crime'. Which of the following is an example of an offense that might fall under 'petty organized crime' under Bharatiya Nyaya Samhita(BNS)? भारतीय न्याय संहिता (बीएनएस) अब 'संगठित अपराध' और 'छोटे संगठित अपराध' को स्पष्ट रूप से परिभाषित और आपराधिक बनाती है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा अपराध भारतीय न्याय संहिता (बीएनएस) के तहत 'छोटे संगठित अपराध' के अंतर्गत आ सकता है?
	Terrorist Act आतंकवादी कृत्य
	Large-scale Drug Trafficking बड़े पैमाने पर नशीली दवाओं की तस्करी
	Theft committed by a gang एक गिरोह द्वारा की गई चोरी
	Murder for hire भाड़े पर हत्या

Q.No: 44	Which of these schemes is implemented to promote organic farming? इनमें से कौन सी योजना जैविक खेती को बढ़ावा देने के लिए कार्यान्वित की गई है?
	PM-KMY (Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maandhan Yojana)

	पीएम-केएमवाई (प्रधानमंत्री किसान मानधन योजना)
	PKVY (Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana) पीकेवीवाई (परंपरागत कृषि विकास योजना)
	SHC (Soil Health Card Scheme) एसएचसी (मृदा स्वास्थ्य कार्ड योजना)
	ATMA (Agricultural Technology Management Agency) एटीएमए (कृषि प्रौद्योगिकी प्रबंधन एजेंसी)

Q.No: 45	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A):** The National Single Window System (NSWS) supports investor clearances. **Reason (R) :** It works as a separate ministry. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए:** **अभिकथन (A):** राष्ट्रीय एकल खिड़की प्रणाली (NSWS) निवेशक मंज़ूरियों का समर्थन करती है। **कारण (R):** यह एक अलग मंत्रालय के रूप में कार्य करता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	Based on the 2024 Travel and Tourism Development Index (TTDI), which of the following best describes global trends in tourism development conditions?

	2024 यात्रा और पर्यटन विकास सूचकांक (टीटीडीआई) के आधार पर, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा पर्यटन विकास स्थितियों में वैश्विक रुझानों का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	Low-income countries dominate the top 30 scorers निम्न आय वाले देश शीर्ष 30 स्कोररों में हावी हैं
	Most of the top 30 TTDI scorers are high-income economies from Europe and Asia-Pacific शीर्ष 30 टीटीडीआई स्कोररों में से अधिकांश यूरोप और एशिया-प्रशांत क्षेत्र की उच्च आय वाली अर्थव्यवस्थाएं हैं
	The Americas and MENA account for more than half of the top 30 rankings शीर्ष 30 रैंकिंग में आधे से अधिक अमेरिका और MENA का योगदान है
	Developing economies have surpassed high-income countries in tourism infrastructure विकासशील अर्थव्यवस्थाओं ने पर्यटन अवसंरचना में उच्च आय वाले देशों को पीछे छोड़ दिया है

Q.No: 47	The **Aravalli Green Wall Project** launched in 2023 aims to achieve which of the following? 2023 में शुरू की गई अरावली ग्रीन वॉल परियोजना का लक्ष्य निम्नलिखित में से क्या हासिल करना है?
	Afforestation in Himalayan states हिमालयी राज्यों में वनरोपण Building forest corridors across Indo-Gangetic plains सिंधु-गंगा के मैदानों में वन गलियारे का निर्माण
	Restoration of degraded forest patches in Aravalli range अरावली पर्वतमाला में क्षीण वन क्षेत्रों का पुनरुद्धार
	Soil carbon sequestration in desert zones रेगिस्तानी क्षेत्रों में मृदा कार्बन पृथक्करण

Q.No: 48	Which of the following statements **best defines** joint sector industries? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन संयुक्त क्षेत्र उद्योगों को **सर्वोत्तम रूप से परिभाषित** करता है?

	They are jointly owned by the public and private sectors. इनका स्वामित्व सार्वजनिक और निजी क्षेत्र के पास संयुक्त रूप से है।
	They are run by village panchayats and municipalities. इनका संचालन ग्राम पंचायतों और नगर पालिकाओं द्वारा किया जाता है।
	They are fully financed by foreign companies. इनका पूर्ण वित्तपोषण विदेशी कम्पनियों द्वारा किया जाता है।
	They are operated only by self-help groups. इनका संचालन केवल स्वयं सहायता समूहों द्वारा किया जाता है।

Q.No: 49	Which authority decides whether a Bill is a Money Bill? कौन सा प्राधिकारी यह निर्णय लेता है कि कोई विधेयक धन विधेयक है या नहीं?
	Finance Minister वित्त मंत्री
	President राष्ट्रपति
	Speaker of Lok Sabha लोकसभा अध्यक्ष
	Comptroller & Auditor General नियंत्रक एवं महालेखा परीक्षक

Q.No: 50	What astronomical observation is most severely hampered by increasing levels of urban light pollution? शहरी प्रकाश प्रदूषण के बढ़ते स्तर के कारण कौन सा खगोलीय अवलोकन सबसे अधिक बाधित हो रहा है?
	Sunspots सूर्य के धब्बे
	Planetary transit

	ग्रहों का पारगमन
	Deep-sky objects गहरे आकाश की वस्तुएँ
	Lunar phases चंद्र चरण

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	If $a = \sqrt{7} - \sqrt{3}$, and $b = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2}$, then which of the following is true? यदि $a = \sqrt{7} - \sqrt{3}$, और $b = \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2}$, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सत्य है?

	a=b a=b
	a<b a<b
	a>b a>b
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Q.No: 52	Evaluate the expression: $(\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}) \div (\frac{1}{15} + 1 - \frac{9}{10})$ अभिव्यक्ति का मूल्यांकन करें: $(\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}) \div (\frac{1}{15} + 1 - \frac{9}{10})$
	5 5
	6 6
	3 3
	2 2

Q.No: 53	The number of red, blue, and green marbles in a bag is in the ratio 3 : 4 : 6. If 20 red marbles, 15 blue marbles, and an unknown number of green marbles are added to the bag, the ratio of red, blue, and green marbles becomes 4 : 5 : 7. Determine the number of green marbles added. एक बैग में लाल, नीले और हरे मार्बल की संख्या का अनुपात 3 : 4 : 6 है। यदि बैग में 20 लाल मार्बल, 15 नीले मार्बल और अज्ञात संख्या में हरे मार्बल डाले जाएं तो लाल, नीले और हरे मार्बल का अनुपात 4 : 5 : 7 हो जाता है। डाले गए हरे मार्बल की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

	3 3
	5 5
	7 7 9 9
Not Answered	

Q.No: 54	A invests ₹25,000 for 12 months, B invests ₹50,000 for 6 months. What is A's share of ₹30,000 profit? A ने 12 महीने के लिए ₹25,000 का निवेश किया, B ने 6 महीने के लिए ₹50,000 का निवेश किया। ₹30,000 के लाभ में A का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹10,000 ₹10,000 ₹12,000 ₹12,000
	₹15,000 ₹15,000
	₹18,000 ₹18,000

Q.No: 55	A and B start a business with capitals in the ratio 5:3. After 6 months, A withdraws ₹10,000 and B doubles his investment. If the initial investment of A was ₹50,000, and the total profit after 1 year is ₹84,000, find the profit share of A. A और B 5:3 के अनुपात में पूंजी के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू करते हैं। 6 महीने बाद, A ₹10,000 निकाल लेता है और B अपना निवेश दोगुना कर देता है। यदि A का प्रारंभिक निवेश ₹50,000 था, और 1 वर्ष के बाद कुल लाभ ₹84,000 है, तो A का लाभ हिस्सा ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹42,000

	₹42,000
	₹50,000 ₹50,000
	₹60,000 ₹60,000 ₹45,000 ₹45,000

Q.No: 56	What is the average of all three-digit numbers divisible by 23? 23 से विभाज्य सभी तीन अंकीय संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?
	752 752
	552 552
	652 652 452 452

Q.No: 57	Two containers of the same volume are 40% and 50% full of water, respectively. They are then filled completely with milk. If the contents of both containers are mixed in a larger vessel, what is the percentage of milk in the final mixture? समान आयतन वाले दो बर्तन क्रमशः 40% और 50% पानी से भरे हैं। फिर उन्हें दूध से पूरी तरह भर दिया जाता है। यदि दोनों बर्तनों की सामग्री को एक बड़े बर्तन में मिला दिया जाए, तो अंतिम मिश्रण में दूध का प्रतिशत क्या है?
	45%

	45% 50% 50%
	55% 55%
	60% 60%

Q.No: 58	A stationery shop ordered 6 dozen red pens and some additional dozen blue pens. The price of the red pens per dozen was three times that of the blue ones. When the order was delivered, it was found that the number of dozens of the two colours had been interchanged. This increased the bill by 40%. Find the ratio of the number of dozens of red pens to the number of dozens of blue pens in the original order. एक स्टेशनरी की दुकान ने 6 दर्जन लाल पेन और कुछ अतिरिक्त दर्जन नीले पेन मंगवाए। प्रति दर्जन लाल पेन की कीमत नीले पेन की कीमत से तीन गुना थी। जब ऑर्डर डिलीवर किया गया, तो पाया गया कि दो रंगों के दर्जनों की संख्या आपस में बदल गई थी। इससे बिल में 40% की वृद्धि हुई। मूल ऑर्डर में दर्जनों लाल पेन की संख्या और दर्जनों नीले पेन की संख्या का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1:1 1:1
	1:2 1:2
	2:3 2:3
	3:4 3:4
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	A flower vendor bought 200 flowers for ₹800. 20 flowers withered and became unsellable. At what price per flower should he sell the remaining flowers to earn a profit of 30% on his total cost? एक फूल विक्रेता ने ₹800 में 200 फूल खरीदे। 20 फूल मुरझा गए और बिकने लायक नहीं रहे। उसे शेष फूलों को प्रति फूल किस कीमत पर बेचना चाहिए ताकि उसे कुल लागत पर 30% का लाभ हो?
	₹7.85 ₹7.85
	₹6.54 ₹6.54
	₹5.78 ₹5.78
	₹3.82 ₹3.82

Q.No: 60	A furniture store sells a dining table for ₹Z, making a 25% profit. During a festive season, they increase the marked price of the same table to ₹1.6Z. They then offer a special discount of 20% on this increased marked price. What will be the percentage profit made by the store during the festive season? एक फर्नीचर स्टोर ₹Z में एक डाइनिंग टेबल बेचता है, जिससे उसे 25% का लाभ होता है। त्यौहारी सीजन के दौरान, वे उसी टेबल का अंकित मूल्य बढ़ाकर ₹1.6Z कर देते हैं। फिर वे इस बढ़े हुए अंकित मूल्य पर 20% की विशेष छूट देते हैं। त्यौहारी सीजन के दौरान स्टोर द्वारा अर्जित लाभ प्रतिशत क्या होगा?
	26% 26%
	56% 56% 62% 62%
	60% 60%

Q.No: 61	A solution consists acid and water in the ratio 5:3. If 4 litres of water is added, the new ratio becomes 5:4. What is the original quantity of acid in the solution? एक घोल में अम्ल और पानी का अनुपात 5:3 है। यदि इसमें 4 लीटर पानी मिलाया जाए, तो नया अनुपात 5:4 हो जाता है। घोल में अम्ल की मूल मात्रा क्या है?
	20 litres 20 लीटर
	25 litres 25 लीटर
	30 litres 30 लीटर
	35 litres 35 लीटर

Q.No: 62	A alone can complete a job in 12 days and B alone in 18 days. A and B agree to do the work for ₹ 7,200. With C's help they finish it in 5 days. How much should C be paid? A अकेले एक काम को 12 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है और B अकेले 18 दिनों में। A और B ₹ 7,200 में काम करने के लिए सहमत होते हैं। C की मदद से वे इसे 5 दिनों में पूरा कर लेते हैं। C को कितना भुगतान किया जाना चाहिए?
	₹2,200 ₹2,200
	₹2,400 ₹2,400
	₹2,600 ₹2,600
	₹2,800 ₹2,800

Q.No: 63	A tank has a mixture of solutions A, B, and C in the respective ratio of 7:8:5. 40 litres of this mixture is drained out, and subsequently, 15 litres of solution A and 5 litres of solution C are added to the tank. If the resultant quantity of solution A is 25 litres less than the resultant quantity of solution B, what was the initial quantity of mixture in the tank (in litres)? एक टैंक में 7:8:5 के अनुपात में विलयन A, B और C का मिश्रण है। इस मिश्रण का 40 लीटर पानी निकाल दिया जाता है और बाद में, टैंक में 15 लीटर विलयन A और 5 लीटर विलयन C डाला जाता है। यदि विलयन A की परिणामी मात्रा विलयन B की परिणामी मात्रा से 25 लीटर कम है, तो टैंक में मिश्रण की प्रारंभिक मात्रा (लीटर में) क्या थी?
	840 840
	240 240
	890 890
	320 320
Not Answered	

Q.No: 64	The ratio of the time taken by A and B to complete a task is 3 : 2. If B can complete the task alone in 18 hours, how many hours will they take to complete the task if they work together? किसी कार्य को पूरा करने में A और B द्वारा लिए गए समय का अनुपात 3 : 2 है। यदि B अकेले उस कार्य को 18 घंटे में पूरा कर सकता है, तो यदि वे दोनों एक साथ कार्य करें तो उन्हें उस कार्य को पूरा करने में कितने घंटे लगेंगे?
	12 hours 12 घंटे
	10.8 hours 10.8 घंटे
	9.8 hours 9.8 घंटे

	10 hours 10 घंटे

Q.No: 65	Three friends, X, Y, and Z, are cycling on a circular track with a circumference of 2 km. They all start from the same point at 9:00 a.m. and travel in the same direction with speeds of 10 km/h, 12 km/h, and 15 km/h respectively. How many times will all three of them meet at the starting point if they continue cycling until 1:00 p.m.? तीन दोस्त, X, Y और Z, 2 किमी परिधि वाले एक वृत्ताकार ट्रैक पर साइकिल चला रहे हैं। वे सभी सुबह 9:00 बजे एक ही बिंदु से चलना शुरू करते हैं और क्रमश: 10 किमी/घंटा, 12 किमी/घंटा और 15 किमी/घंटा की गति से एक ही दिशा में यात्रा करते हैं। यदि वे दोपहर 1:00 बजे तक साइकिल चलाना जारी रखते हैं, तो वे तीनों कितनी बार शुरुआती बिंदु पर मिलेंगे?
	1 time 1 बार
	2 times 2 बार
	3 times 3 बार
	4 times 4 बार

Q.No: 66	A circular path of 3 m width runs around a circular park with radius 8 m. What is the area of the path? 8 मीटर त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्ताकार पार्क के चारों ओर 3 मीटर चौड़ा एक वृत्ताकार पथ बना हुआ है। पथ का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	$179.07\ m^2$ 179.07 मी^{2}
	$131.09\ m^2$ 131.09 मी^{2}
	$138.02\ m^2$

	138.02 मी^{2}
	144.05 m^2 144.05 मी^{2}

Q.No: 67	Find the slope of the line perpendicular to $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 7$ $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 7$ पर लंबवत रेखा का ढलान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	-4 -4
	4 4 $-\frac{1}{4}$ $-\frac{1}{4}$
	$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$

Q.No: 68	Convert 2.5 radians to degrees. 2.5 रेडियन को डिग्री में बदलें।
	130° 130°
	143.24° 143.24°
	180° 180°

	200.56° 200.56°

Q.No: 69	A sector of a circle having a radius of 10 cm and has a central angle of $\frac{\pi}{6}$ radians. What is the area of the sector? एक वृत्त का त्रिज्यखंड जिसकी त्रिज्या 10 सेमी है और जिसका केंद्रीय कोण $\frac{\pi}{6}$ रेडियन है। त्रिज्यखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	26.18 cm^2 26.18 सेमी ^{2}
	8.33 cm^2 8.33 सेमी ^{2}
	10.47 cm^2 10.47 सेमी ^{2} 12.5 cm^2 12.5 सेमी ^{2}

Q.No: 70	If tan A = cot(2A − 30°), then what is the value of A? यदि tan A = cot(2A − 30°) है, तो A का मान क्या है?
	30° 30°
	25° 25° 18° 18°
	40° 40°

Q.No: 71	In similar triangles, the ratio of corresponding altitudes is 2:5. What is the ratio of their areas? समरूप त्रिभुजों में, संगत शीर्षलंबों का अनुपात 2:5 है। उनके क्षेत्रफलों का अनुपात क्या है?
	2:5 2:5
	4:25 4:25
	2:25 2:25
	5:2 5:2

Q.No: 72	Given, $a = \sqrt{5}$, what is $(a + 1)^2 + (a-1)^2$? यदि $a = \sqrt{5}$ है, तो $(a + 1)^2 + (a - 1)^2$ का मान क्या होगा?
	13 13
	12 12
	14 14
	15 15

Q.No: 73	Simplify: $\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{18} - \sqrt{8}$

	सरलीकरण : $\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{18} - \sqrt{8}$
	$7\sqrt{2}$ $7\sqrt{2}$
	$6\sqrt{2}$ $6\sqrt{2}$
	$5\sqrt{2}$ $5\sqrt{2}$
	$8\sqrt{2}$ $8\sqrt{2}$

Q.No: 74	The diameter of a circle measures 25 cm. What is the maximum length of a chord in this circle? एक वृत्त का व्यास 25 सेमी है। इस वृत्त में जीवा की अधिकतम लंबाई कितनी है?
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	25 cm 25 सेमी
	50 cm 50 सेमी
	100 cm 100 सेमी

Q.No: 75	If $\sin A + \cos A = \sqrt{2} \sin A$, then what is the value of $tanA$?

	यदि $\sin A + \cos A = \sqrt{2}\sin A$, तो $tanA$ का मान क्या है ?
	$\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ 1 1
	$\sqrt{2}+1$ $\sqrt{2}+1$
	$\sqrt{2}-1$ $\sqrt{2}-1$

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Candidate Name	
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Test Date	: **14 Sep 2025**
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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **APOGEE** Start

	Peak
	Nadir
	Base

Q.No: 77	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Throw cold water on** To make something popular
	To oppose or discourage
	To wash away concerns
	To encourage enthusiastically

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Mendacious**
	Dishonest
	Fraudulent
	Truthful
	Deceitful

Q.No: 79	Identify the **misspelt** word
	Antediluvian
	Infinitesimal

	Persiflage
	Obfescate

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of a microchip printing method.
	Photolithography
	Photolithographe
	Photolitography
	Potolithography

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A speech or piece of writing that praises someone highly'.
	Elegy
	Encomium
	Sermon
	Soliloquy

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** The journalist refused to ___ her sources despite repeated legal threats.
	give out
	give over

	give away
	give up

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** The memorandum clarified that employees must comply ___ the revised code of ethics.
	to
	with
	by
	in

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** The scientist's hypothesis was not only radical but also diametrically ___ to the foundational assumptions of her discipline.
	opposed
	opposing
	opposite
	averse

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The investigation's findings, alarming in both scope and content, (1)/ prompted responses not just from the agencies concerned (2)/ but also from the auditors who report they (3)/ were never granted access to critical records. (4)

	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** That certain state governments have invoked archaic laws (1)/ to suppress dissent does not only reflect legal opportunism (2)/ but also undermines the constitutional ethos (3)/ that such provisions were meant to uphold. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** The jury has delivered a unanimous verdict.
	A unanimous verdict has been delivered by the jury.
	A unanimous verdict was being delivered by the jury.
	A unanimous verdict had been delivered by the jury.
	A unanimous verdict is delivered by the jury.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The treatise critiqued the **rheme** in the syntactical arrangement of propositions. The linguist isolated the rheme in the sentence structure.
	The rheme was pronounced with unique intonation in Tagalog.
	The rheme swam rapidly into the estuarine current.
	The poet emphasized the rheme for metrical impact.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The construction is alleged to have been halted due to environmental violations.
	It is alleged that the authorities halted the construction.
	Authorities allegedly halted the construction.
	The authorities are alleged to have halted the construction. The violation allegedly halted the construction.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's digital transformation over the last decade has been nothing short of revolutionary. What began as a modest attempt to expand internet access has now evolved into one of the largest digital ecosystems in the world. Spearheaded by government initiatives such as Digital India, the country has witnessed an unprecedented surge in internet penetration, digital payments, and online governance. A pivotal moment in this journey was the launch of Aadhaar, a biometric-based identification system that enabled secure and streamlined access to various public services. Coupled with the rise of Unified Payments Interface (UPI), India has leapfrogged traditional banking hurdles and facilitated real-time, low-cost transactions across urban and rural regions alike. Significantly, the pandemic acted as an unexpected catalyst. As lockdowns forced physical distancing, citizens turned to digital alternatives—telemedicine, online education, and remote work became not just accessible but essential. This sudden shift forced both public and private sectors to rethink infrastructure and embrace scalable tech solutions. However, the digital journey hasn't been without obstacles. A persistent digital divide remains, particularly between urban and rural populations. While metros enjoy high-speed broadband, many villages struggle with basic connectivity. Moreover, concerns around data privacy, cybersecurity, and misinformation have emerged as pressing issues in this digital age. Nonetheless, India's digital growth story remains a testament to its adaptability and ambition. With over 850 million internet users and counting, the nation stands at a crucial intersection—where robust digital policy, inclusive access, and responsible innovation will determine the trajectory of its digital future. What major government initiative catalyzed India's digital ecosystem?
	BharatNet
	Digital Bharat
	Digital India
	India Connect

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's digital transformation over the last decade has been nothing short of revolutionary. What began as a modest attempt to expand internet access has now evolved into one of the largest digital ecosystems in the world. Spearheaded by government initiatives such as Digital India, the country has witnessed an unprecedented surge in internet penetration, digital payments, and online governance. A pivotal moment in this journey was the launch of Aadhaar, a biometric-based identification system that enabled secure and streamlined access to various public services. Coupled with the rise of Unified Payments Interface (UPI), India has leapfrogged traditional banking hurdles and facilitated real-time, low-cost transactions across urban and rural regions alike. Significantly, the pandemic acted as an unexpected catalyst. As lockdowns forced physical distancing, citizens turned to digital alternatives—telemedicine, online education, and remote work became not just accessible but essential. This sudden shift forced both public and private sectors to rethink infrastructure and embrace scalable tech solutions. However, the digital journey hasn't been without obstacles. A persistent digital divide remains, particularly between urban and rural populations. While metros enjoy high-speed broadband, many villages struggle with basic connectivity. Moreover, concerns around data privacy, cybersecurity, and misinformation have emerged as pressing issues in this digital age. Nonetheless, India's digital growth story remains a testament to its adaptability and ambition. With over 850 million internet users and counting, the nation stands at a crucial intersection—where robust digital policy, inclusive access, and responsible innovation will determine the trajectory of its digital future. What role did Aadhaar play in digital growth?
	Promoted telecom infrastructure
	Enabled biometric voting Offered unified payments
	Enabled access to public services

Q.No: 92

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

India's digital transformation over the last decade has been nothing short of revolutionary. What began as a modest attempt to expand internet access has now evolved into one of the largest digital ecosystems in the world. Spearheaded by government initiatives such as Digital India, the country has witnessed an unprecedented surge in internet penetration, digital payments, and online governance. A pivotal moment in this journey was the launch of Aadhaar, a biometric-based identification system that enabled secure and streamlined access to various public services. Coupled with the rise of Unified Payments Interface (UPI), India has leapfrogged traditional banking hurdles and facilitated real-time, low-cost transactions across urban and rural regions alike. Significantly, the pandemic acted as an unexpected catalyst. As lockdowns forced physical distancing, citizens turned to digital alternatives—telemedicine, online education, and remote work became not just accessible but essential. This sudden shift forced both public and private sectors to rethink infrastructure and embrace scalable tech solutions. However, the digital journey hasn't been without obstacles. A persistent digital divide remains, particularly between urban and rural populations. While metros enjoy high-speed broadband, many villages struggle with basic connectivity. Moreover, concerns around data privacy, cybersecurity, and misinformation have emerged as pressing issues in this digital age. Nonetheless, India's digital growth story remains a testament to its adaptability and ambition. With over 850 million internet users and counting, the nation stands at a crucial intersection—where robust digital policy, inclusive access, and responsible innovation will determine the trajectory of its digital future.

Which factor unexpectedly accelerated India's digital adoption?

Demonetisation

GST Implementation

COVID-19 pandemic

Global recession

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's digital transformation over the last decade has been nothing short of revolutionary. What began as a modest attempt to expand internet access has now evolved into one of the largest digital ecosystems in the world. Spearheaded by government initiatives such as Digital India, the country has witnessed an unprecedented surge in internet penetration, digital payments, and online governance. A pivotal moment in this journey was the launch of Aadhaar, a biometric-based identification system that enabled secure and streamlined access to various public services. Coupled with the rise of Unified Payments Interface (UPI), India has leapfrogged traditional banking hurdles and facilitated real-time, low-cost transactions across urban and rural regions alike. Significantly, the pandemic acted as an unexpected catalyst. As lockdowns forced physical distancing, citizens turned to digital alternatives—telemedicine, online education, and remote work became not just accessible but essential. This sudden shift forced both public and private sectors to rethink infrastructure and embrace scalable tech solutions. However, the digital journey hasn't been without obstacles. A persistent digital divide remains, particularly between urban and rural populations. While metros enjoy high-speed broadband, many villages struggle with basic connectivity. Moreover, concerns around data privacy, cybersecurity, and misinformation have emerged as pressing issues in this digital age. Nonetheless, India's digital growth story remains a testament to its adaptability and ambition. With over 850 million internet users and counting, the nation stands at a crucial intersection—where robust digital policy, inclusive access, and responsible innovation will determine the trajectory of its digital future. What is a current challenge in India's digital development?
	Internet monopoly by private ISPs
	Lack of mobile phone production
	Digital divide and data privacy
	Excess of international investors

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** India's digital transformation over the last decade has been nothing short of revolutionary. What began as a modest attempt to expand internet access has now evolved into one of the largest digital ecosystems in the world. Spearheaded by government initiatives such as Digital India, the country has witnessed an unprecedented surge in internet penetration, digital payments, and online governance. A pivotal moment in this journey was the launch of Aadhaar, a biometric-based identification system that enabled secure and streamlined access to various public services. Coupled with the rise of Unified Payments Interface (UPI), India has leapfrogged traditional banking hurdles and facilitated real-time, low-cost transactions across urban and rural regions alike. Significantly, the pandemic acted as an unexpected catalyst. As lockdowns forced physical distancing, citizens turned to digital alternatives—telemedicine, online education, and remote work became not just accessible but essential. This sudden shift forced both public and private sectors to rethink infrastructure and embrace scalable tech solutions. However, the digital journey hasn't been without obstacles. A persistent digital divide remains, particularly between urban and rural populations. While metros enjoy high-speed broadband, many villages struggle with basic connectivity. Moreover, concerns around data privacy, cybersecurity, and misinformation have emerged as pressing issues in this digital age. Nonetheless, India's digital growth story remains a testament to its adaptability and ambition. With over 850 million internet users and counting, the nation stands at a crucial intersection—where robust digital policy, inclusive access, and responsible innovation will determine the trajectory of its digital future. What does the passage suggest is key to India's digital future? More mobile apps
	Higher tax rates on digital goods
	Stricter censorship laws
	Inclusive access and responsible tech

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: I am confident ***to pass the examination***.
	in passing the exam
	to passing the exam

	of passing the examination
	for passing examination

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: You must adapt ***with the situation.***
	to the situation
	the situation
	adapt to the situation
	by the situation

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "I had completed the report."
	She said that she completed the report.
	She said that she has completed the report.
	She said that she had completed the report.
	She said she had been completing the report.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The scientist stated that water boiled at 100 degrees Celsius.

	"Water will boil at 100 degrees Celsius," said the scientist.
	"Water boils at 100 degrees Celsius," the scientist stated.
	"Water had boiled at 100 degrees Celsius," said the scientist.
	"Water is boiling at 100 degrees Celsius," said the scientist.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This allows a programmer to specify the structure and behavior of an object-oriented program. 2. Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) is a programming paradigm based on the concept of "objects," which can contain data and code. 3. A central tenet of OOP is the concept of a "class," which acts as a blueprint for creating objects. 4. The key advantage of this approach is that it models real-world entities, making complex systems easier to manage and debug.
	2, 3, 1, 4
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 1, 4, 2
	1, 2, 3, 4

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This process, a cornerstone of evolution, ensures that only individuals best suited to their environment survive to reproduce. 2. The diversity of life on Earth is the result of a gradual process of change over vast spans of time. 3. This leads to the gradual accumulation of favorable traits within a population. 4. It begins with inherited variation among individuals, where some possess characteristics that give them an advantage over others.
	2, 1, 4, 3
	4, 3, 1, 2

	2, 4, 3, 1
	1, 2, 4, 3

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Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
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Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
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Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1

Sentence: "The quantum universe expands silently into infinity."If the 3^{rd} letter of every 2^{nd} word is written in order, what word is formed?

वाक्य: "The quantum universe expands silently into infinity." अगर हर दूसरे शब्द का तीसरा अक्षर क्रम में लिखा जाए, तो कौन सा शब्द बनेगा?

	tufe tufe tule tule
	apf apf
	apt apt

Q.No: 2	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **GEA, IJH, KOO, MTV ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **GEA, IJH, KOO, MTV ?**
	OYC OYC
	OYD OYD
	OYB OYB
	PZD PZD

Q.No: 3	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **H L P T, H O U A, H R Z H, H U E O, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से वह अक्षर-समूह चुनें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सके: **H L P T, H O U A, H R Z H, H U E O, ?**
	H X J V

	H X J V
	H X I T H X I T H W J T H W J T
	H V K U H V K U

Q.No: 4	If 'P' denotes 'addition', 'D' denotes 'subtraction', 'S' denotes 'multiplication', and 'V' denotes 'division', then what will be the value of the following expression? 5 (7 S 3) D 3 (8 P 6) V 7 D 11 (3 S 13 S 2) P 2 (41 S 9) अगर 'P' 'जोड़' को दर्शाता है, 'D' 'घटाव' को दर्शाता है, 'S' 'गुणा' को दर्शाता है, और 'V' 'भाग' को दर्शाता है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या होगा? 5 (7 S 3) D 3 (8 P 6) V 7 D 11 (3 S 13 S 2) P 2 (41 S 9)
	96 96
	42 42
	−21 −21
	21 21

Q.No: 5	What will come at the place of question mark? **1, 2, 6, 21, 88, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? **1, 2, 6, 21, 88, ?**

	445 445
	441 441
	443 443
	440 440

Q.No: 6	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** The advancement of biotechnology has the potential to revolutionize medicine by allowing for the development of personalized treatments, but it also raises ethical questions regarding genetic manipulation and the potential for inequality in access to these treatments. **Assumptions:** I. Biotechnology has the power to create personalized medical treatments. II. The ethical implications of biotechnology need to be addressed to prevent misuse. III. Biotechnology will be accessible to everyone, ensuring equality in treatment access. **निर्देश**: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: जैव प्रौद्योगिकी की उन्नति में व्यक्तिगत उपचारों के विकास की अनुमति देकर चिकित्सा में क्रांति लाने की क्षमता है, लेकिन यह आनुवंशिक हेरफेर और इन उपचारों तक पहुँच में असमानता की संभावना के बारे में नैतिक प्रश्न भी उठाती है। **मान्यताएँ**: I. जैव प्रौद्योगिकी में व्यक्तिगत चिकित्सा उपचार बनाने की शक्ति है। II. दुरुपयोग को रोकने के लिए जैव प्रौद्योगिकी के नैतिक निहितार्थों को संबोधित करने की आवश्यकता है। III. जैव प्रौद्योगिकी सभी के लिए सुलभ होगी, जिससे उपचार तक पहुँच में समानता सुनिश्चित होगी।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III अंतर्निहित हैं।
	Only I is implicit

	केवल I निहित है।
	All assumptions are implicit सभी धारणाएं अंतर्निहित हैं।

Q.No: 7	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The economy grew by 8% this year, the highest in a decade. Conclusions: I. Economic reforms have been successful. II. Growth in previous years was below 8%. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यान से पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: इस वर्ष अर्थव्यवस्था में 8% की वृद्धि हुई, जो एक दशक में सर्वाधिक है। निष्कर्ष: I. आर्थिक सुधार सफल रहे हैं। II. पिछले वर्षों में वृद्धि दर 8% से कम थी।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 8	How many meaningful four-letter English words can be formed using the first, second, third, and fourth letters of the word **"CAMERA"** (when counted from left to right), using each letter only once in each word?

	शब्द "CAMERA" के पहले, दूसरे, तीसरे और चौथे अक्षर का उपयोग करके (बाएं से दाएं गिनने पर) कितने सार्थक चार-अक्षर वाले अंग्रेजी शब्द बनाए जा सकते हैं, जिनमें प्रत्येक शब्द में प्रत्येक अक्षर का केवल एक बार उपयोग किया गया हो?
	One एक
	Four चार
	Two दो
	Three तीन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 9	**Which of the following is/are identical to the address given:** Vill: Sangrur, PO: Sangrur, PS: Patiala, Dist: Punjab – 148001 1. Vill: Sangrur, PO: Sangrur, PS: Patiala, Dist: Punjab – 148001 2. Vill: Sangrur, PO: Sangrur, PS: Patiala, Dist: Punjab – 148002 3. Vill: Sangrur, PO: Sangrur, PS: Patiala, Dist: Punjab – 148003 4. Vill: Sangrur, PO: Sangrur, PS: Patiala, Dist: Punjab – 148004 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से दिए गए पते के समान है/हैं:** गांव: संगरूर, डाकघर: संगरूर, थाना: पटियाला, जिला: पंजाब - 148001 1. गांव: संगरूर, डाकघर: संगरूर, थाना: पटियाला, जिला: पंजाब - 148001 2. गांव: संगरूर, डाकघर: संगरूर, थाना: पटियाला, जिला: पंजाब - 148002 3. गांव: संगरूर, डाकघर: संगरूर, थाना: पटियाला, जिला: पंजाब - 148003 4. गांव: संगरूर, डाकघर: संगरूर, थाना: पटियाला, जिला: पंजाब - 148004
	1 Only केवल 1
	3 Only केवल 3
	4 Only केवल 4
	2 Only

	केवल 2

Q.No: 10	In the following question, a pair of letters is given, followed by its corresponding product of alphabetical positions (A = 1, B = 2, ..., Z = 26). A second pair of letters is given without its product. Identify the correct product for the second pair that maintains the same relationship as the first. **BxD : 2×4 :: GxJ : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, अक्षरों का एक युग्म दिया गया है, जिसके बाद वर्णमाला क्रम के अनुसार उनके पदों का संगत गुणनफल दिया गया है (A = 1, B = 2, ..., Z = 26)। अक्षरों का एक दूसरा युग्म बिना गुणनफल के दिया गया है। दूसरे युग्म का सही गुणनफल ज्ञात कीजिए जो पहले युग्म के समान संबंध बनाए रखता है। BxD : 2×4 :: GxJ : ?
	6×11 6×11
	7×10 7×10
	8×9 8×9
	5×12 5×12

Q.No: 11	If a geometric progression (GP) starts at 3.6 and the common ratio (CR) = 1.5, what is the 3rd term? यदि एक गुणोत्तर श्रेणी (GP) 3.6 से शुरू होती है और सामान्य अनुपात (CR) = 1.5 है, तो तीसरा पद क्या है?
	7.2 7.2
	8.1 8.1
	6.0 6.0

	6.6 6.6
Not Answered	

Q.No: 12	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए: Lok Sabha लोकसभा
	Rajya Sabha राज्यसभा
	Vidhan Sabha विधानसभा
	Supreme Court सुप्रीम कोर्ट

Q.No: 13	Which term is wrong in the series: **2, 5, 10, 17, 26, 36** श्रृंखला में कौन सा पद गलत है: 2, 5, 10, 17, 26, 36
	5 5
	10 10
	36 36
	26 26

Q.No: 14	Rani said, “The man in the photo is my mother’s son-in-law.” Who is the man to Rani? रानी ने कहा, "फोटो में दिख रहा आदमी मेरी माँ का दामाद है।" रानी के लिए वह आदमी कौन है?
	Husband पति
	Father पिता
	Uncle चाचा
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 15	Evaluate $(2 + 3) \times (7 - 4)^2 = ?$ $(2 + 3) \times (7 - 4)^2 = ?$ का मूल्यांकन करें।
	45 45
	75 75
	40 40
	30 30

Q.No: 16	If 4 # 2 = 10 and 6 # 3 = 21, what is 8 # 4? यदि 4 # 2 = 10 और 6 # 3 = 21, तो 8 # 4 क्या है?
	36

	36
	40 40 44 44
	48 48

Q.No: 17	A person buys 4 apples at ₹18 each and 2 melons at ₹35 each. What is the total cost? एक व्यक्ति 4 सेब ₹18 प्रति सेब और 2 खरबूजे ₹35 प्रति खरबूजे की दर से खरीदता है। कुल लागत क्या है?
	₹142 ₹142
	₹128 ₹128
	₹144 ₹144
	₹150 ₹150

Q.No: 18	If 'MANGO' is coded as 'NZOHQ', how is 'PEACH' written? यदि 'MANGO' को 'NZOHQ' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'PEACH' को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	QFBDI QFBDI
	QDBDJ QDBDJ

	PFBID PFBID FBIDP FBIDP

Q.No: 19	If FLOWER is written as GNQXFS, how is GARDEN written in that code? यदि FLOWER को GNQXFS लिखा जाता है, तो उसी कोड में GARDEN को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	HBSEFO HBSEFO
	HBSDFO HBSDFO HASEFO HASEFO
	HCTEFO HCTEFO

Q.No: 20	"If the given symbols mean: '+' means 'divided by' '-' means 'multiplied by' 'x' means 'minus' '÷' means 'plus' Then, find the value of the following expressions: 7 x 3 ÷ 4 + 20 - 5=? यदि दिए गए प्रतीकों का अर्थ है: '+' का अर्थ है 'से भाग' '-' का अर्थ है 'से गुणा' 'x' का अर्थ है 'घटाना' '÷' का अर्थ है 'जोड़ना' तो, निम्नलिखित व्यंजकों का मान ज्ञात कीजिए: 7 x 3 ÷ 4 + 20 - 5=?

	7 7 9 9
	5 5
	11 11

Q.No: 21	A is the brother of B. C is the father of A. D is the brother of C. E is the son of D. How is E related to B? A, B का भाई है। C, A का पिता है। D, C का भाई है। E, D का पुत्र है। E, B से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Cousin चचेरा
	Nephew भतीजा
	Uncle चाचा Brother-in-law साला

Q.No: 22	If '×' means '−', '−' means '+', '/' means '×', and '+' means '÷', which of the following is correct? यदि '×' का अर्थ '−' है, '−' का अर्थ '+' है, '/' का अर्थ '×' है, और '+' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो निम्न में से कौन सा सही है?
	20 + 4 − 2 × 5 = 10 20 + 4 − 2 × 5 = 10
	15 − 3 + 6 / 2 = 12

	15 − 3 + 6 / 2 = 12
	48 / 8 + 3 − 5 × 1 = 15 48 / 8 + 3 − 5 × 1 = 15
	10 × 2 − 4 + 8 / 2 = 9 10 × 2 − 4 + 8 / 2 = 9

Q.No: 23	If '+' means '÷', '−' means '×', '×' means '+', and '÷' means '−', then 18 + 6 − 2 × 3 = ? यदि '+' का अर्थ '÷' है, '−' का अर्थ '×' है, '×' का अर्थ '+' है, और '÷' का अर्थ '−' है, तो 18 + 6 − 2 × 3 = ?
	9 9
	6 6
	5 5
	15 15

Q.No: 24	Statements: No circles are squares. Some squares are triangles. Conclusions: I. Some triangles are not circles. II. No triangle is a circle. **कथन:** कोई वृत्त वर्ग नहीं है। कुछ वर्ग त्रिभुज हैं। **निष्कर्ष:** I. कुछ त्रिभुज वृत्त नहीं हैं। II. कोई त्रिभुज वृत्त नहीं है।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है Only II follows

	केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 25	If # = +, @ = ×, % = −, then (5 # 2) @ 3 % 4 = ? यदि # = +, @ = ×, % = −, तो (5 # 2) @ 3 % 4 = ?
	20 20
	17 17
	18 18
	21 21

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	How many pairs of decorative wheels are found on the Konark Sun Temple chariot? कोणार्क सूर्य मंदिर के रथ पर कितने जोड़े सजावटी पहिये लगे हैं? 10 pairs

	10 जोड़े
	11 pairs 11 जोड़े
	12 pairs 12 जोड़े
	13 pairs 13 जोड़े
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	Which of the following best captures the cultural essence and rituals of Baran's Dol Mela in Rajasthan? निम्नलिखित में से कौन राजस्थान में बारां के डोल मेले के सांस्कृतिक सार और अनुष्ठानों को सबसे अच्छी तरह दर्शाता है?
	The fair opens with Dev Viman stunts by akhada artists and concludes with an Amavasya night immersion across the city. मेले की शुरुआत अखाड़ा कलाकारों द्वारा देव विमान करतब के साथ होती है और इसका समापन अमावस्या की रात शहर भर में विसर्जन के साथ होता है।
	Lord Shreeji and Raghunathji's processions on Jaljhulani Gyaras attract traders from several states. जलझूलनी ग्यारस पर भगवान श्रीजी और रघुनाथजी की शोभा यात्राएं कई राज्यों के व्यापारियों को आकर्षित करती हैं।
	Known as Annapurna Gyaras, Baran's Dol Mela is celebrated only in Madhya Pradesh after the monsoon harvest. अन्नपूर्णा ग्यारस के नाम से प्रसिद्ध बारां का डोल मेला केवल मध्य प्रदेश में मानसून की फसल के बाद मनाया जाता है।
	Held between Shravan and Ashwin, the event is led by monks in caves, separate from temple traditions. श्रावण और आश्विन के बीच आयोजित होने वाले इस कार्यक्रम का नेतृत्व मंदिर की परंपराओं से अलग, गुफाओं में रहने वाले भिक्षुओं द्वारा किया जाता है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 28	Which of the following correctly describes the **Sarthavaha** in Gupta dynasty's administration? निम्नलिखित में से कौन गुप्त वंश के प्रशासन में सार्थवाह का सही वर्णन करता है?
	Chief artisan overseeing temples and sculpture guilds. मंदिरों और मूर्तिकला संघों की देखरेख करने वाला मुख्य कारीगर।

	Officer-in-charge of military recruitment. सैन्य भर्ती का प्रभारी अधिकारी।
	Head of the trading guilds representing various trading communities. विभिन्न व्यापारिक समुदायों का प्रतिनिधित्व करने वाले व्यापारिक संघों का प्रमुख।
	Official supervising irrigation and waterworks. सिंचाई एवं जल कार्यों का पर्यवेक्षण करने वाला अधिकारी।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	Which of the following best reflects Kerala's musical instrument heritage? निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विकल्प केरल की वाद्य यंत्र परंपरा को सबसे अच्छी तरह दर्शाता है?
	Ravana-Hatta originated in Kerala and spread northward रावण-हट्टा की उत्पत्ति केरल में हुई और यह उत्तर की ओर फैल गई
	Kerala's music uses only wind instruments like Turi and Kombu केरल के संगीत में केवल तुरी और कोम्बू जैसे वायु वाद्य यंत्रों का उपयोग होता है
	Kerala's instruments are recent and mostly Western-influenced केरल के वाद्य यंत्र नवीनतम हैं और अधिकतर पश्चिमी प्रभाव से प्रभावित हैं
	Drums like Timila and Maddalam are mentioned in Silappadikaram and still used today तिमिला और मद्दलम जैसे ढोलों का उल्लेख शिलप्पादिकारम में मिलता है और आज भी इनका प्रयोग होता है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Why is fiberglass preferred over metal for making high jump bars? हाई जंप बार बनाने के लिए धातु की अपेक्षा फाइबरग्लास को प्राथमिकता क्यों दी जाती है?
	Metal is too flexible for accurate performance सटीक प्रदर्शन के लिए धातु बहुत लचीली होती है
	Fibreglass is light, flexible, and safer on impact फाइबरग्लास हल्का, लचीला और प्रभाव पर सुरक्षित है

	Metal bends permanently; fibreglass is rigid धातु स्थायी रूप से मुड़ जाती है; फाइबरग्लास कठोर होता है Fibreglass is cheaper and easier to shape फाइबरग्लास सस्ता है और आकार देना आसान है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	**Arrange the following rulers of the Delhi Sultanate in the correct chronological order of their reigns, starting from the earliest:** 1.Razia Sultan 2.Ghiyas ud din Balban 3.Qutb al-Din Aibak 4.Iltutmish **दिल्ली सल्तनत के निम्नलिखित शासकों को उनके शासनकाल के सही कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें, आरंभिक काल से शुरू करते हुए:** 1.रजिया सुल्तान 2.गियास उद दीन बलबन 3.कुतुब अल-दीन ऐबक 4.इल्तुतमिश
	3 – 4 – 1 – 2 3 – 4 – 1 – 2
	4 – 3 – 1 – 2 4 – 3 – 1 – 2
	3 – 1 – 4 – 2 3 – 1 – 4 – 2
	1 – 3 – 4 – 2 1 – 3 – 4 – 2

Q.No: 32	What is a “brace” in football? फुटबॉल में "ब्रेस" क्या है?
	Two consecutive wins

	लगातार दो जीत
	Two yellow cards दो पीले कार्ड
	Scoring two goals in a match एक मैच में दो गोल करना
	Saving two penalties दो पेनाल्टी बचाना
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	What is the primary purpose of the BRICS Startup Knowledge Hub launched in 2025? 2025 में लॉन्च किए जाने वाले ब्रिक्स स्टार्टअप नॉलेज हब का प्राथमिक उद्देश्य क्या है?
	Financial trade platform वित्तीय व्यापार मंच
	Startup knowledge repository स्टार्टअप ज्ञान भंडार
	Cultural archive सांस्कृतिक संग्रह
	Capital control system पूंजी नियंत्रण प्रणाली
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Who wrote the novel Sahela Re? सहेला रे उपन्यास किसने लिखा था?
	Vasanti Muzumdar वसंती मुजुमदार
	Mrinal Pande

	मृणाल पांडे
	Priyanka Sarkar प्रियंका सरकार Shubhangi Tiwari शुभांगी तिवारी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	**Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully about-The Khelo India Youth Games (Table Tennis Doubles Finals) and choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** Kavya Bhatt and Divyanshi Bhowmick dropped only one game in the girls' doubles tournament. **Reason (R):** They beat Subhankrita Datta and Avisha Karmakar 3–0 in the final. **खेलो इंडिया यूथ गेम्स (टेबल टेनिस डबल्स फ़ाइनल) के बारे में निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** काव्या भट्ट और दिव्यांशी भौमिक ने लड़कियों के डबल्स टूर्नामेंट में केवल एक गेम गंवाया। **कारण (R):** उन्होंने फ़ाइनल में सुभंकृता दत्ता और अविशा करमाकर को 3-0 से हराया।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है। Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is false, but R is true. A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
	A is tue, butR is false. A सत्य है, परन्तु असत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	Who was honoured with the Padma Shri in 2025 for empowering women by teaching traditional Bengali folk percussion? पारंपरिक बंगाली लोक तालवाद्य सिखाकर महिलाओं को सशक्त बनाने के लिए 2025 में पद्मश्री से किसे सम्मानित किया गया?

	Gokul Chandra Das गोकुल चंद्र दास
	Farooq Ahmad Mir फ़ारूक़ अहमद मीर
	Shyam Bihari Agrawal श्याम बिहारी अग्रवाल
	Sheen Kaaf Nizam शीन काफ़ निज़ाम
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	India's land area covers what percentage of the world's total area? भारत का भूमि क्षेत्र विश्व के कुल क्षेत्रफल का कितना प्रतिशत है? 1.4% 1.4%
	2.4% 2.4%
	3.4% 3.4%
	4.4% 4.4%

Q.No: 38	What is the orbital regime of the NISAR (NASA–ISRO Synthetic Aperture Radar) satellite? NISAR (नासा-इसरो सिंथेटिक एपर्चर रडार) उपग्रह की कक्षीय व्यवस्था क्या है?
	GEO जियो
	HEO

	एचईओ
	LEO लियो
	SSO एसएसओ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	Which of the following district–state combinations is **correctly** matched with respect to iron ore reserves in India? भारत में लौह अयस्क भंडार के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा जिला-राज्य संयोजन सही ढंग से सुमेलित है?
	Singhbhum – Jharkhand सिंहभूम – झारखंड
	Mayurbhanj – Uttar Pradesh मयूरभंज – उत्तर प्रदेश
	Sundargarh – Meghalaya सुंदरगढ़ – मेघालय
	Keonjhar – Rajasthan क्योंझर – राजस्थान

Q.No: 40	Which of these biomolecules is an essential component of the plasma membrane? इनमें से कौन सा जैव अणु प्लाज्मा झिल्ली का एक आवश्यक घटक है?
	Cellulose सेल्यूलोज
	Phospholipids फॉस्फोलिपिड
	DNA

	डीएनए
	Glycogen ग्लाइकोजन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 41	Which Constitutional Amendment Act is often referred to as the "Mini-Constitution" due to the extensive changes it introduced to the Indian Constitution? भारतीय संविधान में व्यापक परिवर्तन लाने के कारण किस संविधान संशोधन अधिनियम को प्रायः "लघु संविधान" कहा जाता है?
	44th Amendment Act, 1978 44वां संशोधन अधिनियम, 1978
	52nd Amendment Act, 1985 52वां संशोधन अधिनियम, 1985
	42nd Amendment Act, 1976 42वां संशोधन अधिनियम, 1976
	86th Amendment Act, 2002 86वां संशोधन अधिनियम, 2002

Q.No: 42	Why is it generally more severe to be burnt by steam at 100°C than by boiling water at 100°C? 100°C पर उबलते पानी की तुलना में 100°C पर भाप से जलना सामान्यतः अधिक गंभीर क्यों होता है?
	Steam is hotter than boiling water. भाप उबलते पानी से अधिक गर्म होती है।
	Steam contains more latent heat of vaporization. भाप में वाष्पीकरण की गुप्त ऊष्मा अधिक होती है
	Steam has a higher specific heat capacity. भाप की विशिष्ट ऊष्मा धारिता अधिक होती है।
	Steam molecules are moving faster.

	भाप के अणु तेजी से गति कर रहे हैं।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 43	**Consider the following statements about the eSanjeevani initiative:** Statement 1: eSanjeevani OPD enables remote doctor consultations for citizens via online mode. Statement 2: eSanjeevani AB-HWC connects citizens with Ayushman Bharat Health and Wellness Centers (AB-HWC). Which of the above is/are **correct**? **ई-संजीवनी पहल के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:** कथन 1: ई-संजीवनी ओपीडी नागरिकों को ऑनलाइन माध्यम से दूरस्थ चिकित्सक परामर्श की सुविधा प्रदान करती है। कथन 2: ई-संजीवनी एबी-एचडब्ल्यूसी नागरिकों को आयुष्मान भारत स्वास्थ्य एवं कल्याण केंद्रों (एबी-एचडब्ल्यूसी) से जोड़ती है। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only Statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only Statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	Consider the statements about Jhora: 1. It is danced in Kumaon by mixed circles of men and women during spring fairs. 2. The dance is accompanied primarily by the Hurka drum. Which is/are **correct?** झोड़ा के बारे में कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. यह कुमाऊँ में वसंत मेलों के दौरान पुरुषों और महिलाओं के मिश्रित समूहों द्वारा नृत्य किया जाता है। 2. यह नृत्य मुख्य रूप से हुरका ढोल के साथ होता है। कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**

	Only 1 correct केवल 1 सही
	Only 2 correct केवल 2 सही
	Both 1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 45	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** Global Ease of Doing Business (EoDB) indicators excluded informal sectors. **Reason (R):** Informal enterprises are difficult to measure consistently across nations. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ:** **अभिकथन (A):** वैश्विक व्यापार सुगमता (EoDB) संकेतकों में अनौपचारिक क्षेत्रों को शामिल नहीं किया गया है। **कारण (R):** विभिन्न देशों में अनौपचारिक उद्यमों को एकसमान रूप से मापना कठिन है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	How is Indian Railways cutting carbon emissions?

	भारतीय रेलवे कार्बन उत्सर्जन में किस प्रकार कटौती कर रहा है?
	Return to coal कोयले की ओर वापसी Shift to road freight सड़क माल ढुलाई में बदलाव
	Electrify broad gauge & use renewables विद्युतीकृत ब्रॉड गेज और नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा का उपयोग
	End passenger services यात्री सेवाएं समाप्त

Q.No: 47	Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the **correct** option. **Assertion (A):** The Mahalanobis strategy prioritized heavy industries and capital goods. **Reason (R):** It was believed that investing in such industries would create long-term capacity for growth. निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और **सही** विकल्प चुनें। **अभिकथन (A):** महालनोबिस रणनीति ने भारी उद्योगों और पूंजीगत वस्तुओं को प्राथमिकता दी। **कारण (R):** यह माना जाता था कि ऐसे उद्योगों में निवेश करने से विकास की दीर्घकालिक क्षमता पैदा होगी।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A की सही व्याख्या है। Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false but R is true. A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 48	Under which Article of the Indian Constitution is Hindi in Devanagari script declared as the official language of the Union?

	भारतीय संविधान के किस अनुच्छेद के तहत देवनागरी लिपि में हिंदी को संघ की आधिकारिक भाषा घोषित किया गया है?
	Article 348 अनुच्छेद 348
	Article 343 अनुच्छेद 343
	Article 344 अनुच्छेद 344
	Article 351 अनुच्छेद 351
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Match the geological feature with its primary plate boundary type: 1. Mid-ocean ridge 2. Mariana Trench 3. San Andreas Fault भूवैज्ञानिक विशेषता का उसके प्राथमिक प्लेट सीमा प्रकार से मिलान करें: 1. मध्य-महासागरीय कटक 2. मारियाना ट्रेंच 3. सैन एंड्रियास फॉल्ट
	1-Divergent, 2-Convergent, 3-Transform 1-अपसारी, 2-अभिसारी, 3-रूपांतरित
	1-Convergent 2-Divergent 3-Transform 1-अभिसारी 2-अपसारी 3-रूपांतरण

	1-Transform 2-Convergent 3-Divergent 1-रूपांतरण 2-अभिसारी 3-अपसारी 1-Divergent 2-Transform 3-Convergent 1-अपसारी 2-रूपांतरित 3-अभिसारी

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Parliament can create All India Services with approval of Rajya Sabha. 2. Article 312 mentions 'Security Services' as part of All India Services. Which of the above statements is/are **correct**? निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. संसद, राज्यसभा की स्वीकृति से अखिल भारतीय सेवाएँ बना सकती है। 2. अनुच्छेद 312 में 'सुरक्षा सेवाओं' को अखिल भारतीय सेवाओं के भाग के रूप में उल्लेखित किया गया है। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2 Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	If A : B = 7 : 5, B : C = 2 : 3, and C : D = 4 : 5, find the ratio A : D. यदि A : B = 7 : 5, B : C = 2 : 3, तथा C : D = 4 : 5, तो A : D का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	14 : 25

	14 : 25
	28 : 25 28 : 25
	56 : 75 56 : 75
	75 : 56 75 : 56

Q.No: 52	Simplify:$(\frac{7}{5} \div \frac{14}{15}) \times (\frac{10}{7} \div \frac{5}{3})$ $(\frac{7}{5} \div \frac{14}{15}) \times (\frac{10}{7} \div \frac{5}{3})$ को सरल करें।
	$\frac{9}{7}$ $\frac{9}{7}$
	$\frac{5}{7}$ $\frac{5}{7}$
	$\frac{6}{7}$ $\frac{6}{7}$
	$\frac{8}{7}$ $\frac{8}{7}$

Q.No: 53	Simplify:$(1.5 + \frac{3}{8})^3 - (\frac{9}{5} \times 1.25)$ सरल करें:$(1.5 + \frac{3}{8})^3 - (\frac{9}{5} \times 1.25)$
	4.3418

	4.3418
	5.3418 5.3418
	6.5526 6.5526
	7.5526 7.5526

Q.No: 54	Simplify:$((1.5 + \frac{3}{4}) \div (2.25 - \frac{1}{2})) + 0.6$ सरल करें:$((1.5 + \frac{3}{4}) \div (2.25 - \frac{1}{2})) + 0.6$
	1.8857 1.8857
	2.8857 2.8857
	3.8857 3.8857
	4.8857 4.8857

Q.No: 55	A container holds a mixture of three liquids A, B, and C in ratio 2 : 3 : 5. If 6 liters of liquid A, 12 liters of liquid B, and a certain amount of liquid C are added to the container, the new ratio of liquids A, B, and C becomes 3 : 5 : 8. Find the quantity (in liters) of liquid C added. एक कंटेनर में तीन तरल पदार्थ A, B और C का मिश्रण 2 : 3 : 5 के अनुपात में है। यदि कंटेनर में 6 लीटर तरल A, 12 लीटर तरल B और तरल C की एक निश्चित मात्रा डाली जाती है, तो तरल पदार्थ A, B और C का नया अनुपात 3 : 5 : 8 हो जाता है। मिलाए गए तरल C की मात्रा (लीटर में) ज्ञात कीजिए।
	15 liters

	15 लीटर
	16 liters 16 लीटर
	18 liters 18 लीटर
	20 liters 20 लीटर

Q.No: 56	Gautam started a business with a sum of ₹ 60,000. Jatin joined him 8 months later with a sum of ₹ 35,000. At what respective ratio will the two share the profit after two years? गौतम ने ₹ 60,000 की राशि के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। जतिन 8 महीने बाद ₹ 35,000 की राशि के साथ उसके साथ जुड़ गया। दो साल बाद दोनों किस अनुपात में लाभ साझा करेंगे?
	18:7 18:7
	15:7 15:7
	12:7 12:7
	5:7 5:7

Q.No: 57	The average weight of 12 people is 65 kg. If one person leaves and the new average becomes 64.5 kg, what is the weight of the person who left? 12 लोगों का औसत वजन 65 किलोग्राम है। यदि एक व्यक्ति चला जाता है और नया औसत 64.5 किलोग्राम हो जाता है, तो चले गए व्यक्ति का वजन क्या है?
	70.5 70.5

	80.5 80.5 90.5 90.5
	60.5 60.5

Q.No: 58

Table – Monthly Sales (in ₹000)

Salesperson	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
P	50	60	70	55
Q	65	68	62	64

What are the average monthly sales of Q?

तालिका – मासिक बिक्री (₹000 में)

विक्रेता	जनवरी	फरवरी	मार्च	अप्रैल
P	50	60	70	55
Q	65	68	62	64

Q की औसत मासिक बिक्री क्या है?

	₹63.5 ₹63.5
	₹64.75

	₹64.75
	₹65.75 ₹65.75 ₹65 ₹65

Q.No: 59	In how many years will ₹50,000 become ₹66,550 at 10% compound interest per annum? 10% वार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज की दर से कितने वर्षों में ₹50,000, ₹66,550 हो जायेंगे?
	4 4
	5 5 6 6
	3 3

Q.No: 60	The ratio of the profit to the cost price of a product is 2: 7. What is the ratio of its selling price to its profit? किसी वस्तु के लाभ और लागत मूल्य का अनुपात 2:7 है। इसके विक्रय मूल्य और लाभ का अनुपात क्या है?
	9:2 9:2
	9:10 9:10 5:15 5:15

	6:17 6:17

Q.No: 61	A sweet shop owner buys 10 boxes of sweets for the price of 8 boxes from a wholesaler. If he sells each box at a 2% discount on its marked price, what is his profit percentage? एक मिठाई की दुकान का मालिक एक थोक विक्रेता से 8 डिब्बों की कीमत पर 10 डिब्बे मिठाई खरीदता है। यदि वह प्रत्येक डिब्बे को उसके अंकित मूल्य पर 2% छूट पर बेचता है, तो उसका लाभ प्रतिशत क्या है?
	20% 20% 24.36% 24.36%
	22.5% 22.5%
	25.86% 25.86%

Q.No: 62	A book publisher offers a novel to a bookstore at a 30% discount on the cover price. However, they charge an additional 5% on the discounted price for shipping. The bookstore sells the novel for ₹1620 more, earning a profit of 40%. What was the original cover price of the novel? एक पुस्तक प्रकाशक एक पुस्तक की दुकान को कवर मूल्य पर 30% छूट पर एक उपन्यास बेचता है। हालाँकि, वे शिपिंग के लिए छूट वाली कीमत पर 5% अतिरिक्त शुल्क लेते हैं। पुस्तक की दुकान उपन्यास को ₹1620 अधिक में बेचती है, जिससे उसे 40% का लाभ होता है। उपन्यास का मूल कवर मूल्य क्या था?
	₹5,510.20 ₹5,510.20
	₹19,254.62 ₹19,254.62
	₹18,181.82

	₹18,181.82
	₹20,654.67 ₹20,654.67
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A cistern contains 100 liters of pure syrup. 10 liters of syrup are drawn out and replaced by water. Then, 10 liters of the mixture are drawn out and replaced by water again. What is the ratio of syrup to water in the final mixture? एक टंकी में 100 लीटर शुद्ध सिरप है। 10 लीटर सिरप निकाला जाता है और उसकी जगह पानी डाला जाता है। फिर, मिश्रण के 10 लीटर निकाले जाते हैं और फिर से पानी से बदल दिए जाते हैं। अंतिम मिश्रण में सिरप और पानी का अनुपात क्या है?
	18:1 18:1 89:14 89:14
	81:19 81:19
	18:17 18:17

Q.No: 64	A metal sphere having a radius of 10 centimeters is melted down and molded into 8 identical smaller solid spheres. What is the ratio of the surface area of the original sphere to the total surface area of all 8 smaller spheres? 10 सेंटीमीटर त्रिज्या वाले एक धातु के गोले को पिघलाकर 8 समान छोटे ठोस गोले में ढाला गया है। मूल गोले के पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल का सभी 8 छोटे गोलों के कुल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	1:2 1:2
	2:1 2:1
	1:4

	1:4
	1:1 1:1

Q.No: 65	How many hemispheres with a radius of 3 cm can be produced by melting down a hemisphere with a radius of 12 cm? 12 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक अर्धगोले को पिघलाकर 3 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले कितने अर्धगोले बनाए जा सकते हैं?
	32 32
	64 64
	12 12
	54 54

Q.No: 66	A cylinder and hemisphere have the same radius. Their combined height is 30 cm. If the cylinder and hemisphere have equal volumes, find the radius. एक बेलन और एक अर्धगोले की त्रिज्या समान है। उनकी संयुक्त ऊँचाई 30 सेमी है। यदि बेलन और अर्धगोले का आयतन समान है, तो त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	12cm 12सेमी
	15cm 15सेमी
	16cm 16सेमी
	18cm

	18सेमी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 67	A pyramid has a base area of 60 cm^2 and height 9 cm. What is its volume? एक पिरामिड का आधार क्षेत्रफल 60 वर्ग सेमी और ऊँचाई 9 सेमी है। इसका आयतन क्या है?
	180 cm^3 180 सेमी^{3}
	280 cm^3 280 सेमी^{3}
	240 cm^3 240 सेमी^{3}
	160 cm^3 160 सेमी^{3}

Q.No: 68	A circular disc of radius 7 cm is inscribed inside an equilateral triangle. What is the approximate area of the remaining portion of the triangle? 7 सेमी त्रिज्या वाली एक वृत्ताकार डिस्क एक समबाहु त्रिभुज के अन्दर अन्तर्निहित है। त्रिभुज के शेष भाग का अनुमानित क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	100.66 cm^2 100.66 सेमी ^{2}
	148.2 cm^2 148.2 सेमी ^{2}
	200.3 cm^2 200.3 सेमी ^{2}
	155.6 cm^2 155.6 सेमी ^{2}

Q.No: 69	In triangle ABC, medians AD, BE, and CF intersect at the centroid G. What is the ratio of the area of triangle GAB to the area of triangle ABC? त्रिभुज ABC में, माध्यिकाएँ AD, BE और CF केन्द्रक G पर प्रतिच्छेद करती हैं। त्रिभुज GAB के क्षेत्रफल का त्रिभुज ABC के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	1:2 1:2
	1:3 1:3
	2:3 2:3
	1:4 1:4

Q.No: 70	In △ABC, a line segment DE is parallel to BC, with D on AB and E on AC. If the ratio of the area of △ADE to the area of the trapezoid DECB is 4:21, what is the ratio of AD to DB? △ABC में, एक रेखाखंड DE, BC के समांतर है, जिसमें D, AB पर और E, AC पर है। यदि △ADE के क्षेत्रफल का समलम्ब चतुर्भुज DECB के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात 4:21 है, तो AD और DB का अनुपात क्या है?
	2:3 2:3
	2:5 2:5
	3:5 3:5
	4:5 4:5

Q.No: 71	A right triangle has sides 3, 4, and 5. A smaller triangle is drawn inside it with its vertices on the sides of the larger triangle, such that it is similar to the larger triangle. If its perimeter is 6, what is its area? एक समकोण त्रिभुज की भुजाएँ 3, 4 और 5 हैं। इसके अंदर एक छोटा त्रिभुज खींचा गया है जिसके शीर्ष बड़े त्रिभुज की भुजाओं पर इस प्रकार रखे गए हैं कि वह बड़े त्रिभुज के समरूप हो। यदि इसका परिमाप 6 है, तो इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	1.5 1.5
	2.4 2.4
	3 3
	6 6

Q.No: 72	Two circles have radii of 12 cm and 4 cm. If the length of a direct common tangent is 15 cm, what is the distance between their centers? दो वृत्तों की त्रिज्याएँ हैं 12 सेमी और 4 सेमी. यदि एक सीधी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई है 15 सेमी,तो उनके केंद्रों के बीच की दूरी क्या है?
	15 cm 15 सेमी
	17 cm 17 सेमी
	18 cm 18 सेमी
	20 cm 20 सेमी

Q.No: 73	The distance between the centers of two circles is d. The lengths of their direct and transverse common tangents are L and M, respectively. If $L^2 + M^2 = 200$ and the sum of the squares of their radii is 100, what is the value of d? दो वृत्तों के केंद्रों के बीच की दूरी है d. उनकी सीधी और अनुप्रस्थ उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखाओं की लंबाइयाँ क्रमशः L और M हैं। यदि $L^2 + M^2 = 200$ और उनकी त्रिज्याओं के वर्गों का योग 100 है, तो d का मान क्या है?
	10 10
	$10\sqrt{2}$ $10\sqrt{2}$
	$5\sqrt{2}$ $5\sqrt{2}$
	20 20

Q.No: 74	There are two parallel chords measuring 16 cm and 12 cm, both situated on the same side of the center of a circle. The space between the two chords is 2 cm. What is the radius of the circle? एक वृत्त के केंद्र के एक ही ओर स्थित 16 सेमी और 12 सेमी माप वाली दो समांतर जीवाएँ हैं। दोनों जीवाओं के बीच की दूरी 2 सेमी है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	15 cm 15 सेमी

Q.No: 75	What is the area of the segment formed by a chord in a circle of radius 12 cm, if the angle subtended at the center is 150°? 12 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त में एक जीवा द्वारा बनाए गए रेखाखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है, यदि केंद्र पर अंतरित कोण 150° है?
	60π−36 60π−36
	36π−36 36π−36
	60π−72 60π−72
	36π−72 36π−72

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **NONCHALANT**
	Anxious

	Tense
	Worried
	Carefree

Q.No: 77	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Keep at bay**
	To monitor closely
	To keep away or at a safe distance
	To defeat completely
	To take advantage of

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Quixotic**
	Romantic
	Visionary
	Pragmatic
	Idealistic
Not Answered	

Q.No: 79	Identify the **misspelt** word
	Apothegm

	Esoterica
	Onomatopiea
	Sesquipedalian
Not Answered	

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of adjective 'relating to the muscular tissue of the heart' .
	Myocardiac
	Myocordial
	Myocardial
	Myocardiol

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'An act of intentionally setting fire to property'.
	Burglary
	Vandalism
	Arson
	Sabotage

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'Fear of public speaking.'
	Glossophobia
	Sociophobia

	Anthophobia
	Ergophobia

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** Not until the data was independently verified _____ accepted by the journal.
	it was
	was it
	did it
	had it
Not Answered	

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** Though the board remained divided on procedural issues, the chairperson, ___ authority was rarely contested, pushed the resolution through.
	whose
	whom
	who's
	which

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The spokesperson refused to comment (1)/ until the investigation would be completed (2)/ to avoid jeopardising (3)/ ongoing proceedings. (4)/

	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** Did the council approve the comprehensive zoning plan?
	Has the comprehensive zoning plan been approved by the council? Is the comprehensive zoning plan being approved by the council? Was the comprehensive zoning plan being approved by the council?
	Was the comprehensive zoning plan approved by the council?

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Were he to have responded promptly (1)/ the crisis could have been (2)/ averted far earlier than it ultimately was (3)/ saving valuable diplomatic capital. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** She placed a **compact** mirror in her purse.
	The team formed a compact defensive unit.
	He compacted the soil using a roller.
	They signed a compact to maintain peace.
	The book was written in a compact style.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The accused was believed to have been hiding in the hills before being captured.
	The accused believed he was hiding in the hills.
	Someone believed the accused had hidden in the hills.
	It was believed that the accused had been hiding in the hills.
	Authorities believed the accused was hiding in the hills.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** To bifurcate life into immutable dichotomies of joy and sorrow is to misread its most intrinsic rhythm. Human existence unfolds not as a linear progression of happiness or despair, but as a dynamic interplay where each emotion deepens the resonance of the other. The ecstasy of triumph is never as poignant as when preceded by failure; likewise, the pang of loss finds contour only because we have once cherished the presence of what is now absent. Joy and sorrow, then, are not adversaries but co-authors of the same narrative. From antiquity to modernity, philosophical traditions have acknowledged this existential polarity. The Stoics embraced the inevitability of suffering as a precursor to tranquility, while Eastern philosophies like Buddhism anchor themselves in the impermanence of all experiences. In both frameworks, the pursuit of enduring happiness necessitates an acceptance of transience. Without sorrow, joy would be indistinct—a flat and shallow sensation lacking contrast or value. This interdependence is vividly manifest in the mundane. The delight of spring is intensified by the memory of a harsh winter; the serenity of solitude is meaningful only to one who has tasted the cacophony of crowds. Even our personal growth often emerges from crucibles of pain—grief chisels depth into our emotional landscape, refining our capacity for empathy, resilience, and gratitude. To demand unbroken happiness is to seek a monochromatic life—an existence devoid of emotional texture. The beauty of being lies not in circumventing sorrow, but in embracing it as a necessary foil to joy. These twin sentiments coalesce to form the chiaroscuro of consciousness, rendering our lives more vivid, more intricate, more human. Which of the following best completes the analogy: Joy is to presence as sorrow is to — ?
	Freedom
	Anticipation
	Absence
	Stagnation
Not Answered	

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** To bifurcate life into immutable dichotomies of joy and sorrow is to misread its most intrinsic rhythm. Human existence unfolds not as a linear progression of happiness or despair, but as a dynamic interplay where each emotion deepens the resonance of the other. The ecstasy of triumph is never as poignant as when preceded by failure; likewise, the pang of loss finds contour only because we have once cherished the presence of what is now absent. Joy and sorrow, then, are not adversaries but co-authors of the same narrative. From antiquity to modernity, philosophical traditions have acknowledged this existential polarity. The Stoics embraced the inevitability of suffering as a precursor to tranquility, while Eastern philosophies like Buddhism anchor themselves in the impermanence of all experiences. In both frameworks, the pursuit of enduring happiness necessitates an acceptance of transience. Without sorrow, joy would be indistinct—a flat and shallow sensation lacking contrast or value. This interdependence is vividly manifest in the mundane. The delight of spring is intensified by the memory of a harsh winter; the serenity of solitude is meaningful only to one who has tasted the cacophony of crowds. Even our personal growth often emerges from crucibles of pain—grief chisels depth into our emotional landscape, refining our capacity for empathy, resilience, and gratitude. To demand unbroken happiness is to seek a monochromatic life—an existence devoid of emotional texture. The beauty of being lies not in circumventing sorrow, but in embracing it as a necessary foil to joy. These twin sentiments coalesce to form the chiaroscuro of consciousness, rendering our lives more vivid, more intricate, more human. Based on the passage, what can be reasonably inferred about the author's perspective on human emotions?
	Life should be devoid of emotional pain
	Emotions exist in strict binaries
	Sorrow deepens the meaning of joy
	Joy is an artificial construct
Not Answered	

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** To bifurcate life into immutable dichotomies of joy and sorrow is to misread its most intrinsic rhythm. Human existence unfolds not as a linear progression of happiness or despair, but as a dynamic interplay where each emotion deepens the resonance of the other. The ecstasy of triumph is never as poignant as when preceded by failure; likewise, the pang of loss finds contour only because we have once cherished the presence of what is now absent. Joy and sorrow, then, are not adversaries but co-authors of the same narrative. From antiquity to modernity, philosophical traditions have acknowledged this existential polarity. The Stoics embraced the inevitability of suffering as a precursor to tranquility, while Eastern philosophies like Buddhism anchor themselves in the impermanence of all experiences. In both frameworks, the pursuit of enduring happiness necessitates an acceptance of transience. Without sorrow, joy would be indistinct—a flat and shallow sensation lacking contrast or value. This interdependence is vividly manifest in the mundane. The delight of spring is intensified by the memory of a harsh winter; the serenity of solitude is meaningful only to one who has tasted the cacophony of crowds. Even our personal growth often emerges from crucibles of pain—grief chisels depth into our emotional landscape, refining our capacity for empathy, resilience, and gratitude. To demand unbroken happiness is to seek a monochromatic life—an existence devoid of emotional texture. The beauty of being lies not in circumventing sorrow, but in embracing it as a necessary foil to joy. These twin sentiments coalesce to form the chiaroscuro of consciousness, rendering our lives more vivid, more intricate, more human. What is the author's primary purpose in writing this passage?
	To highlight philosophical traditions
	To argue that sorrow should be embraced as essential to experiencing true joy
	To lament the fragility of happiness
	To critique modern emotional detachment
Not Answered	

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** To bifurcate life into immutable dichotomies of joy and sorrow is to misread its most intrinsic rhythm. Human existence unfolds not as a linear progression of happiness or despair, but as a dynamic interplay where each emotion deepens the resonance of the other. The ecstasy of triumph is never as poignant as when preceded by failure; likewise, the pang of loss finds contour only because we have once cherished the presence of what is now absent. Joy and sorrow, then, are not adversaries but co-authors of the same narrative. From antiquity to modernity, philosophical traditions have acknowledged this existential polarity. The Stoics embraced the inevitability of suffering as a precursor to tranquility, while Eastern philosophies like Buddhism anchor themselves in the impermanence of all experiences. In both frameworks, the pursuit of enduring happiness necessitates an acceptance of transience. Without sorrow, joy would be indistinct—a flat and shallow sensation lacking contrast or value. This interdependence is vividly manifest in the mundane. The delight of spring is intensified by the memory of a harsh winter; the serenity of solitude is meaningful only to one who has tasted the cacophony of crowds. Even our personal growth often emerges from crucibles of pain—grief chisels depth into our emotional landscape, refining our capacity for empathy, resilience, and gratitude. To demand unbroken happiness is to seek a monochromatic life—an existence devoid of emotional texture. The beauty of being lies not in circumventing sorrow, but in embracing it as a necessary foil to joy. These twin sentiments coalesce to form the chiaroscuro of consciousness, rendering our lives more vivid, more intricate, more human. What tone does the author primarily adopt throughout the passage?
	Whimsical
	Philosophical
	Satirical
	Indifferent
Not Answered	

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** To bifurcate life into immutable dichotomies of joy and sorrow is to misread its most intrinsic rhythm. Human existence unfolds not as a linear progression of happiness or despair, but as a dynamic interplay where each emotion deepens the resonance of the other. The ecstasy of triumph is never as poignant as when preceded by failure; likewise, the pang of loss finds contour only because we have once cherished the presence of what is now absent. Joy and sorrow, then, are not adversaries but co-authors of the same narrative. From antiquity to modernity, philosophical traditions have acknowledged this existential polarity. The Stoics embraced the inevitability of suffering as a precursor to tranquility, while Eastern philosophies like Buddhism anchor themselves in the impermanence of all experiences. In both frameworks, the pursuit of enduring happiness necessitates an acceptance of transience. Without sorrow, joy would be indistinct—a flat and shallow sensation lacking contrast or value. This interdependence is vividly manifest in the mundane. The delight of spring is intensified by the memory of a harsh winter; the serenity of solitude is meaningful only to one who has tasted the cacophony of crowds. Even our personal growth often emerges from crucibles of pain—grief chisels depth into our emotional landscape, refining our capacity for empathy, resilience, and gratitude. To demand unbroken happiness is to seek a monochromatic life—an existence devoid of emotional texture. The beauty of being lies not in circumventing sorrow, but in embracing it as a necessary foil to joy. These twin sentiments coalesce to form the chiaroscuro of consciousness, rendering our lives more vivid, more intricate, more human. In the context of the passage, what does the word *chiaroscuro* most likely mean?
	Emotional paralysis
	A blend of light and shadow
	A musical variation
	A specific type of sorrow
Not Answered	

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She ***do not knows*** the answer to this question.
	do not knew
	does not know
	is not knowing

	do not know

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He is ***senior than me in age***.
	more senior than me
	senior to me by age
	senior to me in age
	elder to me

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** I said, "He will be here by noon."
	I said he will be there by noon.
	I said that he would be here by noon.
	I said that he would be there by noon.
	I said he shall be there by noon.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The assistant said that she was not feeling well and would leave early.
	"I am not feeling well and will leave early," the assistant said.

	"I was not feeling well and would leave early," said the assistant.
	"I'm not well and am leaving," she said.
	"I am not well and I leave now," said the assistant.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This is particularly challenging in industries such as steel and cement production, where emissions are an integral part of the manufacturing process. 2. As a result, carbon capture and storage (CCS) technologies have emerged as a crucial component of strategies aimed at reducing industrial greenhouse gas emissions. 3. Achieving carbon neutrality requires a significant reduction in emissions across all economic sectors. 4. These technologies capture carbon dioxide at the source, preventing its release into the atmosphere and either utilizing it or storing it permanently underground.
	1, 2, 3, 4
	3, 1, 2, 4
	2, 1, 3, 4
	4, 3, 1, 2

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This allows a programmer to specify the structure and behavior of an object-oriented program. 2. Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) is a programming paradigm based on the concept of "objects," which can contain data and code. 3. A central tenet of OOP is the concept of a "class," which acts as a blueprint for creating objects. 4. The key advantage of this approach is that it models real-world entities, making complex systems easier to manage and debug.
	2, 3, 1, 4
	4, 3, 2, 1

	3, 1, 4, 2
	1, 2, 3, 4

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

1

Q.No: 1 Which is the 2^{nd} last word in the sentence "Technology is advancing very rapidly"?

"Technology is advancing very rapidly" वाक्य में 2^{nd} अंतिम शब्द कौन सा है?

	is is rapidly rapidly
	very very
	advancing advancing

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is exactly the same as the one given below. B-104, Orchid Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560076 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। B-104, Orchid Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560076 B-104, Orchid Medows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560076 B-104, Orchid Medows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560076
	B-104, Orchid Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560076 B-104, Orchid Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560076
	B-104, Orchid Meadows, Banerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560076 B-104, Orchid Meadows, Banerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560076
	B-104, Orchid Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bangaluru, Karnataka – 560076 B-104, Orchid Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bangaluru, Karnataka – 560076

Q.No: 3	Which of the following alternatives will replace the question mark? **Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta, ?**

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प प्रश्न चिह्न के स्थान पर आएगा? **अल्फा, बीटा, गामा, डेल्टा, ?**
	Sigma सिग्मा
	Zeta जीटा
	Epsilon एप्सिलॉन
	Theta थीटा

Q.No: 4	Which of the following alternative will fill the blanks? **pq_st_qr_tp_rst** निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प रिक्त स्थान को भरेगा? **pq_st_qr_tp_rst**
	r,p,s,q r,p,s,q
	p,s,q,r p,s,q,r
	p,q,s,r p,q,s,r
	r,p,q,s r,p,q,s

Q.No: 5	A says, “My mother’s husband's only son is B.” How is A related to B? (A and B are not the same) A कहता है, “मेरी माँ के पति का इकलौता पुत्र B है।” A का B से क्या संबंध है? (A और B एक नहीं हैं)

	Sister बहन
	Son पुत्र
	Father पिता
	Wife पत्नी

Q.No: 6	A is B's mother. C is B's father. How is C related to A? A, B की माँ है। C, B का पिता है। C, A से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Husband पति
	Brother भाई
	Son पुत्र
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 7	What comes next: **1, 4, 27, 256, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **1, 4, 27, 256, ?**
	625 625
	2195

	2195
	312 312
	3125 3125

Q.No: 8	Complete the pattern: **2, 6, 14, 30, 62, ?** श्रृंखला को पूरा करें: **2, 6, 14, 30, 62, ?**
	126 126
	124 124 130 130
	128 128

Q.No: 9	Find the odd one out: विषम चुनें:
	6 @ 2 = 16 6 @ 2 = 16
	7 @ 1 = 14 7 @ 1 = 14
	7 @ 3 = 20 7 @ 3 = 20

	4 @ 4 = 16 4 @ 4 = 16

Q.No: 10	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** Despite increasing consumer interest, electric vehicles are still significantly more expensive than gasoline-powered vehicles, and subsidies are essential to boost their adoption. **Assumptions:** I. The price difference is a major barrier to widespread adoption of electric vehicles. II. Subsidies can make electric vehicles affordable for consumers. III. The adoption of electric vehicles will significantly reduce carbon emissions. **निर्देश**: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: उपभोक्ताओं की बढ़ती रुचि के बावजूद, इलेक्ट्रिक वाहन अभी भी गैसोलीन से चलने वाले वाहनों की तुलना में काफी महंगे हैं, और उन्हें अपनाने को बढ़ावा देने के लिए सब्सिडी आवश्यक है। **मान्यताएँ**: I. मूल्य अंतर इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों को व्यापक रूप से अपनाने में एक बड़ी बाधा है। II. सब्सिडी से इलेक्ट्रिक वाहन उपभोक्ताओं के लिए किफ़ायती हो सकते हैं। III. इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों को अपनाने से कार्बन उत्सर्जन में काफी कमी आएगी।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III अंतर्निहित हैं।
	All are implicit सभी निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है।

Q.No: 11	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The school library is open from 9 AM to 5 PM. Conclusions: I. Students can borrow books after 5 PM. II. The library is not accessible before 9 AM. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: स्कूल का पुस्तकालय सुबह 9 बजे से शाम 5 बजे तक खुला रहता है। निष्कर्ष: I. छात्र शाम 5 बजे के बाद पुस्तकें उधार ले सकते हैं। II. पुस्तकालय में सुबह 9 बजे से पहले प्रवेश संभव नहीं है।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 12	Each of the letters in the word DEVELOPMENT is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is third from the left and the one that is fourth from the right in the new letter-cluster formed? शब्द DEVELOPMENT के प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएँ से तीसरे अक्षर और दाएँ से चौथे अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेज़ी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?
	7 7
	9 9
	6

	6
	8 8

Q.No: 13	Choose the correct option to complete the series. Create : Destroy :: Build : ? श्रृंखला को पूरा करने के लिए सही विकल्प चुनें। निर्माण: विध्वंस :: बिल्ड: ?
	Design डिजाइन
	Construct कंस्ट्रक्ट
	Ruin नष्ट करना
	Develop डेवलप

Q.No: 14	In each of the following questions, a specific alphabetical pattern is applied to the first word to obtain the second word. Apply the same pattern to the third word and find the correct answer from the given alternatives. **CIQY : DJRZ :: AGOW : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द पर एक विशिष्ट वर्णमाला क्रम लागू करके दूसरा शब्द प्राप्त किया गया है। यही क्रम तीसरे शब्द पर भी लागू कीजिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनिए। **CIQY : DJRZ :: AGOW : ?**
	BJPX BJPX
	BHPX BHPX
	BHPU

	BHPU
	BJRZ BJRZ

Q.No: 15	Find the person that does not fit in the series: Bhagat Singh, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mahatma Gandhi, C. V. Raman, Subhash Chandra Bose इनमें से उस व्यक्ति को खोजें जो इस श्रृंखला में फिट नहीं बैठता: भगत सिंह, सरदार वल्लभभाई पटेल, महात्मा गांधी, सी. वी. रमन, सुभाष चंद्र बोस
	C. V. Raman सी. वी. रमन
	Subhash Chandra Bose सुभाष चंद्र बोस
	Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel सरदार वल्लभभाई पटेल
	Mahatma Gandhi महात्मा गांधी

Q.No: 16	In each of the following questions, a pair of letters is related to a numerical fraction based on their positions in the English alphabet. Determine the logic behind the relationship and apply the same rule to the second pair to find the missing value. **JG : 100/49 :: TB : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, अक्षरों का एक युग्म अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला में उनके स्थान के आधार पर एक संख्यात्मक भिन्न से संबंधित है। इस संबंध के पीछे का तर्क ज्ञात कीजिए और लुप्त मान ज्ञात करने के लिए यही नियम दूसरे युग्म पर भी लागू कीजिए। **JG : 100/49 :: TB : ?**
	400/5 400/5 650/4

	650/4
	400/4 400/4
	709/45 709/45

Q.No: 17	Arrange the following words in dictionary order and choose the second word: निम्नलिखित शब्दों को शब्दकोश क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें और दूसरा शब्द चुनें:
	gold gold
	gone gone
	golf golf
	good good

Q.No: 18	In a certain code, FOLDER is written as GMLECR. Using the same pattern, how is MARKET written? एक निश्चित कोड में, FOLDER को GMLECR लिखा जाता है। उसी पैटर्न का उपयोग करते हुए, MARKET को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	NYRLCT NYRLCT
	OZRLCT OZRLCT
	NYTLCR NYTLCR

	NYRCLT NYRCLT

Q.No: 19	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए: Bharatnatyam भरतनाट्यम
	Kathak कथक
	Odissi ओडिसी
	Kalbelia कालबेलिया

Q.No: 20	**Instruction:** In a certain code language, Greek letters are used to represent English letters in a consistent manner. Based on the given coded words, determine the correct English decoding of the target sequence using the same letter-to-letter substitution pattern. If φ α ν τ α σ is coded as FANTASY, λ α β ε λ is coded as LABEL, **Question:** Then what does λ φ α ν τ α represent? **निर्देश:** एक निश्चित कूट भाषा में, अंग्रेजी अक्षरों को सुसंगत रूप से दर्शाने के लिए ग्रीक अक्षरों का प्रयोग किया जाता है। दिए गए कूट शब्दों के आधार पर, उसी अक्षर-दर-अक्षर प्रतिस्थापन पैटर्न का उपयोग करके लक्ष्य अनुक्रम का सही अंग्रेजी डिकोडिंग निर्धारित करें। यदि φ α ν τ α σ को FANTASY के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है, λ α β ε λ को LABEL के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है, प्रश्न: तो λ φ α ν τ α क्या दर्शाता है?
	LFANTA LFANTA
	LFANTY LFANTY LFANTE

	LFANTE
	LFANTS LFANTS

Q.No: 21	If 5 * 2 = 35, 4 * 3 = 28, then what is 6 * 4? यदि 5 * 2 = 35, 4 * 3 = 28, तो 6 * 4 क्या है?
	42 42
	48 48
	54 54
	60 60

Q.No: 22	What is the value of Middle if Left = 12, Right = 24, and Middle is average of both? यदि बायां = 12, दायां = 24, तथा मध्य दोनों का औसत है तो मध्य का मान क्या है?
	15 15
	18 18
	20 20
	22 22

Q.No: 23	"If the given symbols mean: '+' means 'divided by' '-' means 'multiplied by' 'x' means 'minus' '÷' means 'plus' Then, find the value of the following expressions: 48 x 8 ÷ 12 + 4 - 7=? यदि दिए गए प्रतीकों का अर्थ है: '+' का अर्थ है 'से भाग' '-' का अर्थ है 'से गुणा' 'x' का अर्थ है 'घटाना' '÷' का अर्थ है 'जोड़ना' तो, निम्नलिखित व्यंजकों का मान ज्ञात कीजिए: 48 x 8 ÷ 12 + 4 - 7=?
	16 16
	37 37
	51 51
	61 61

Q.No: 24	If '×' means '−', '−' means '+', '/' means '×', and '+' means '÷', which equation is correct? यदि '×' का अर्थ '−' है, '−' का अर्थ '+' है, '/' का अर्थ '×' है, और '+' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो कौन सा समीकरण सही है?
	18 − 6 + 3 × 2 = 27 18 − 6 + 3 × 2 = 27
	36 / 6 − 3 + 2 × 1 = 20

	36 / 6 − 3 + 2 × 1 = 20
	16 / 2 + 4 − 1 × 3 = 6 16 / 2 + 4 − 1 × 3 = 6
	12 × 4 − 2 + 1 = 19 12 × 4 − 2 + 1 = 19

Q.No: 25	In a pet shop, there are only parrots and rabbits. Total heads = 40, and total legs = 100. How many parrots are there? एक पालतू जानवर की दुकान में सिर्फ़ तोते और खरगोश हैं। कुल सिर = 40, और कुल पैर = 100। कुल कितने तोते हैं?
	20 20
	25 25
	30 30
	35 35

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
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Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	What do the carved wheels on the Konark Sun Temple represent? कोणार्क सूर्य मंदिर पर उत्कीर्ण चक्र क्या दर्शाते हैं?
	Planets

	ग्रहों
	Time divisions समय विभाजन
	Festivals समारोह
	Weapons हथियार

Q.No: 27	What is the name of the festival celebrated simultaneously by unmarried tribal girls during the Karam celebrations in Jharkhand and eastern India? झारखंड और पूर्वी भारत में करम उत्सव के दौरान अविवाहित आदिवासी लड़कियों द्वारा एक साथ मनाए जाने वाले त्योहार का नाम क्या है?
	Jawa जावा
	Sohrai सोहराई
	Karma कर्मा
	Madai मदाई

Q.No: 28	Which of the following best describes traditional Rajasthani music? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा पारंपरिक राजस्थानी संगीत का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	Focuses only on temple rituals केवल मंदिर अनुष्ठानों पर ध्यान केंद्रित करता है
	Uses electric sounds as the base आधार के रूप में विद्युत ध्वनियों का उपयोग करता है

	Tied to nature, life, and stories प्रकृति, जीवन और कहानियों से जुड़ा
	Known only for classical ragas केवल शास्त्रीय रागों के लिए जाना जाता है

Q.No: 29	Which of the following actions is **not allowed** for a player in handball? हैंडबॉल में खिलाड़ी को निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी क्रिया करने की **अनुमति नहीं** है?
	Pulling or punching the ball out of an opponent's hands प्रतिद्वंद्वी के हाथों से गेंद को खींचना या मुक्का मारना
	Intercepting the ball mid-air using both hands दोनों हाथों का उपयोग करके हवा में गेंद को रोकना
	Dribbling the ball before making a pass पास देने से पहले गेंद को ड्रिबल करना
	Blocking the ball with the torso above the knees घुटनों के ऊपर धड़ से गेंद को रोकना
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	What was the function of the Board of Control established by Pitt's India Act? पिट्स इंडिया एक्ट द्वारा स्थापित नियंत्रण बोर्ड का कार्य क्या था?
	To manage only military operations in India. केवल भारत में सैन्य अभियानों का प्रबंधन करना। To oversee taxation and local revenue. कराधान और स्थानीय राजस्व की देखरेख करना।
	To control civil and military affairs in British India. ब्रिटिश भारत में नागरिक और सैन्य मामलों को नियंत्रित करना।
	To regulate trade between India and China.

भारत और चीन के बीच व्यापार को विनियमित करना।

Q.No: 31 Who won India's first Olympic medals at the 1900 Paris Games by securing silver in 200m sprint and 200m hurdles?

1900 पेरिस खेलों में 200 मीटर स्प्रिंट और 200 मीटर बाधा दौड़ में रजत पदक हासिल करके भारत का पहला ओलंपिक पदक किसने जीता?

Milkha Singh

मिल्खा सिंह

Norman Pritchard

नॉर्मन प्रिचर्ड

K.D. Jadhav

के.डी. जाधव

Dhyan Chand

ध्यान चंद

Q.No: 32 Match the following Taekwon-Do Korean terms with their **correct** English meanings:
Which of the following is the **correct** pairing?

Column A (Korean Term)	Column B (English Meaning)
1. Tae	A. Discipline or way
2. Kwon	B. To strike with the hand
3. Do	C. To strike with the feet
4. Dojang	D. Training Hall or place of practice

निम्नलिखित ताइक्वांडो कोरियाई शब्दों को उनके **सही** अंग्रेजी अर्थों से मिलाएं:
निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा **सही युग्म है?**

स्तंभ A (कोरियाई शब्द)	**स्तंभ B** (अंग्रेज़ी अर्थ)
1.ताए	A. अनुशासन या तरीका
2. क्वोन	B. हाथ से प्रहार करना
3. डू	C. पैरों से प्रहार करना
4. डोजांग	D. प्रशिक्षण हॉल या अभ्यास का स्थान

1–B, 2–C, 3–A, 4–D

1–B, 2–C, 3–A, 4–D

1–C, 2–B, 3–A, 4–D

1–C, 2–B, 3–A, 4–D

1–A, 2–D, 3–B, 4–C

1–A, 2–D, 3–B, 4–C

1–D, 2–A, 3–C, 4–B

1–D, 2–A, 3–C, 4–B

Not Answered

Q.No: 33 The Trilateral Highway Project aims to enhance connectivity between India and which two Southeast Asian countries?

त्रिपक्षीय राजमार्ग परियोजना का उद्देश्य भारत और किन दो दक्षिण पूर्व एशियाई देशों के बीच संपर्क बढ़ाना है?

Bangladesh and Bhutan

बांग्लादेश और भूटान

Nepal and Bhutan

	नेपाल और भूटान
	Myanmar and Thailand म्यांमार और थाईलैंड
	Nepal and Bangladesh नेपाल और बांग्लादेश

Q.No: 34	Which of the following best describes the theme of the book Why Bharat Matters? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन पुस्तक 'व्हाई भारत मैटर्स' के विषय का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	India's economic and cultural importance भारत का आर्थिक और सांस्कृतिक महत्व
	Biography of Mahatma Gandhi महात्मा गांधी की जीवनी
	Ancient mythology of India and festival भारत की प्राचीन पौराणिक कथाएँ और त्यौहार
	Fictional rural story and moral values काल्पनिक ग्रामीण कहानी और नैतिक मूल्य

Q.No: 35	In which Indian city is the prestigious Subroto Cup inter-school football tournament conducted every year? प्रतिष्ठित सुब्रतो कप अंतर-विद्यालय फुटबॉल टूर्नामेंट हर साल किस भारतीय शहर में आयोजित किया जाता है?
	Hyderabad हैदराबाद
	Mumbai मुंबई
	New Delhi नई दिल्ली

	Lucknow लखनऊ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	Which Indian political leader was conferred Namibia's highest civilian award during his first state visit to the country? किस भारतीय राजनीतिक नेता को नामीबिया की पहली राजकीय यात्रा के दौरान देश का सर्वोच्च नागरिक पुरस्कार प्रदान किया गया?
	Ram Nath Kovind राम नाथ कोविंद
	Amit Shah अमित शाह
	Narendra Modi नरेंद्र मोदी
	S. Jaishankar एस. जयशंकर

Q.No: 37	The Lohit River is a tributary of which of the following major Himalayan rivers? लोहित नदी निम्नलिखित में से किस प्रमुख हिमालयी नदी की सहायक नदी है?
	Ganga गंगा
	Brahmaputra ब्रह्मपुत्र
	Indus सिंधु
	Yamuna यमुना

Q.No: 38	The Laser Retroreflector Array (LRA) onboard Chandrayaan-3 was supplied by which space agency? चंद्रयान-3 पर लेजर रेट्रोरिफ्लेक्टर ऐरे एलआरए (LRA) की आपूर्ति किस अंतरिक्ष एजेंसी द्वारा की गई थी?
	ESA ईएसए
	JAXA जाक्सा
	NASA नासा
	ROSCOSMOS रॉसकोसमोस

Q.No: 39	Which of the following is the correct sequence of blood flow through heart chambers? निम्नलिखित में से हृदय कक्षों में रक्त प्रवाह का सही क्रम कौन सा है?
	Right atrium → Right ventricle → Left atrium → Left ventricle दायां आलिंद → दायां निलय → बायां आलिंद → बायां निलय
	Left atrium → Left ventricle → Right atrium → Right ventricle बायां आलिंद → बायां निलय → दायां आलिंद → दायां निलय
	Right ventricle → Right atrium → Left ventricle → Left atrium दायां निलय → दायां आलिंद → बायां निलय → बायां आलिंद
	Left ventricle → Left atrium → Right ventricle → Right atrium बायां निलय → बायां आलिंद → दायां निलय → दायां आलिंद

Q.No: 40	Which of the following statements is/are **correct?** 1) If a State law on a Concurrent List subject is reserved for the President and receives assent, it overrides the existing Union law on the same subject in that state. 2) Parliament can later nullify such a State law by passing another law on the same subject.

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं? 1) यदि समवर्ती सूची के किसी विषय पर राज्य का कानून राष्ट्रपति के लिए आरक्षित है और उसे स्वीकृति मिल जाती है, तो वह उस राज्य में उसी विषय पर विद्यमान संघीय कानून को रद्द कर देता है। 2) संसद बाद में उसी विषय पर दूसरा कानून पारित करके ऐसे राज्य के कानून को रद्द कर सकती है।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	
Q.No: 41	What change occurs when sound passes from air into water? जब ध्वनि हवा से पानी में प्रवेश करती है तो क्या परिवर्तन होता है?
	Frequency remains unchanged, but wavelength varies आवृत्ति अपरिवर्तित रहती है, लेकिन तरंगदैर्ध्य बदलती रहती है
	Frequency increases while wavelength stays constant आवृत्ति बढ़ती है जबकि तरंगदैर्घ्य स्थिर रहता है
	Both frequency and wavelength decrease आवृत्ति और तरंगदैर्ध्य दोनों कम हो जाते हैं Speed decreases while frequency increases गति घटती है जबकि आवृत्ति बढ़ती है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 42	The concept of Uniform Civil Code is a part of which category of principles in the Indian Constitution? समान नागरिक संहिता की अवधारणा भारतीय संविधान में सिद्धांतों की किस श्रेणी का हिस्सा है?

	Fundamental Rights मौलिक अधिकार Fundamental Duties मौलिक कर्तव्य
	Directive Principles of State Policy राज्य नीति के निर्देशक सिद्धांत
	Preamble objectives प्रस्तावना के उद्देश्य

Q.No: 43	The slogan "Har Khet Ko Pani" belongs to: "हर खेत को पानी" का नारा किससे संबंधित है? Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana परम्परागत कृषि विकास योजना
	Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana प्रधानमंत्री फसल बीमा योजना
	Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana प्रधानमंत्री कृषि सिंचाई योजना Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana राष्ट्रीय कृषि विकास योजना

Q.No: 44	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** Delhi frequently records the highest AQI levels among Indian cities. **Reason (R):** It lies in a low-lying basin surrounded by the Himalayas. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ: **अभिकथन (A):** दिल्ली में अक्सर भारतीय शहरों में सबसे ज़्यादा AQI स्तर दर्ज किया जाता है। **कारण (R):** यह हिमालय से घिरी एक निचली घाटी में स्थित है।

	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है। lBoth A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 45	Which of the following sets of locations in India is known for having significant coral reef ecosystems? भारत में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा स्थान महत्वपूर्ण प्रवाल भित्ति पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र के लिए जाना जाता है? Bay of Bengal coast and deltas बंगाल की खाड़ी के तट और डेल्टा
	East coast of India near major river mouths भारत के पूर्वी तट पर प्रमुख नदी मुहाने के पास
	Gulf of Kutch, Gulf of Mannar, Lakshadweep, and Andaman & Nicobar Islands कच्छ की खाड़ी, मन्नार की खाड़ी, लक्षद्वीप और अंडमान एवं निकोबार द्वीप समूह
	Deep-sea trenches in the Indian Ocean हिंद महासागर में गहरी समुद्री खाइयाँ

Q.No: 46	Read the statements carefully and select the **correct** option: **Assertion (A):** Production of inorganic chemicals in India is centered in only northern states. **Reason (R):** Sulphuric acid and soda ash are crucial chemicals in the production of fertilizers, detergents, and glass. कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और **सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** भारत में अकार्बनिक रसायनों का उत्पादन केवल उत्तरी राज्यों में केंद्रित है। **कारण (R):** सल्फ्यूरिक अम्ल और सोडा ऐश उर्वरकों, डिटर्जेंट और काँच के उत्पादन में महत्वपूर्ण रसायन हैं।

	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 47	Which of the following statements is/are **correct?** 1. Panthi steps encode teachings from Guru Ghasidas's Amritvani. 2. Masks representing Satpurush are worn in high ritual versions. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही है/हैं?** 1. पंथी सीढ़ियाँ गुरु घासीदास की अमृतवाणी की शिक्षाओं को दर्शाती हैं। 2. उच्च अनुष्ठानों में सत्पुरुष का प्रतिनिधित्व करने वाले मुखौटे पहने जाते हैं।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	1 and 2 both 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	Which Article defines State and Union Territories for the purposes of the Constitution?

	संविधान के प्रयोजनों के लिए कौन सा अनुच्छेद राज्य और संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों को परिभाषित करता है?
	Article 1 अनुच्छेद 1
	Article 3 अनुच्छेद 3
	Article 239 अनुच्छेद 239
	Article 240 अनुच्छेद 240

Q.No: 49	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Delegated legislation is made by administrative authorities. 2. It cannot be challenged in a court of law. Which of the above statements is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. प्रत्यायोजित विधान प्रशासनिक प्राधिकारियों द्वारा बनाया जाता है। 2. इसे न्यायालय में चुनौती नहीं दी जा सकती। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 50	What is the most likely reason for temperature increase in the thermosphere during solar storms? सौर तूफानों के दौरान थर्मोस्फीयर में तापमान वृद्धि का सबसे संभावित कारण क्या है?
	Molecular friction आणविक घर्षण
	UV and X-ray absorption यूवी और एक्स-रे अवशोषण
	Convection currents संवहन प्रवाह
	Cloud condensation बादल संघनन

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51 What is the value of $(\frac{7}{8} \times 2.4) \div 0.6$?

$(\frac{7}{8} \times 2.4) \div 0.6$ का मान क्या है?

	3.5 3.5
	2.5 2.5
	3.2 3.2
	2.8 2.8

Q.No: 52	Which of the following equals 10? निम्नलिखित में से कौन 10 के बराबर है?
	$(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3})^2-2\sqrt{21}$ $(\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3})^2-2\sqrt{21}$
	$(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{5})^2$ $(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{5})^2$
	$(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3})^2+2\sqrt{6}$ $(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3})^2+2\sqrt{6}$
	$(\sqrt{11}+\sqrt{5})^2-2\sqrt{55}$ $(\sqrt{11}+\sqrt{5})^2-2\sqrt{55}$

Q.No: 53	If a:b=5:3, then find (6a+2b):(6a−2b). यदि a:b=5:3, तो (6a+2b):(6a−2b) ज्ञात करें।
	3 : 2

	3 : 2
	2 : 3 2 : 3 5 : 3 5 : 3
	3 : 5 3 : 5

Q.No: 54	A and B invest ₹50,000 and ₹70,000 respectively in a business. After 1 year, the total profit is distributed including simple interest at 10% per annum on the capital of each partner. If the total profit including interest is ₹18,000, what is A's share of the profit? A और B ने एक व्यवसाय में क्रमशः ₹50,000 और ₹70,000 का निवेश किया। 1 वर्ष के बाद, प्रत्येक साझेदार की पूंजी पर 10% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज सहित कुल लाभ वितरित किया जाता है। यदि ब्याज सहित कुल लाभ ₹18,000 है, तो लाभ में A का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹7,000 ₹7,000
	₹7,500 ₹7,500
	₹8,000 ₹8,000
	₹8,500 ₹8,500

Q.No: 55	What is the average of all numbers between 1000 and 1300 that are divisible by 25? 1000 और 1300 के बीच 25 से विभाज्य सभी संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?
	1150 1150
	1200

	1200
	1575 1575 1500 1500

Q.No: 56	There are 5 consecutive even numbers X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, x_5 and 4 consecutive odd numbers Y_1, Y_2, Y_3, Y_4. The average of the even numbers is 5 more than the average of the odd numbers. If the sum of the even numbers is 30 more than the sum of the odd numbers, find the average of the odd numbers. 5 क्रमागत सम संख्याएँ X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, x_5 और 4 क्रमागत विषम संख्याएँ Y_1, Y_2, Y_3, Y_4 हैं। सम संख्याओं का औसत विषम संख्याओं के औसत से 5 अधिक है। यदि सम संख्याओं का योग विषम संख्याओं के योग से 30 अधिक है, तो विषम संख्याओं का औसत ज्ञात कीजिए।
	3 3 4 4
	5 5
	6 6
Not Answered	

Q.No: 57	Evaluate: 80% of $350 - 37\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\%$ of $160 + 11\%$ of 500 मूल्यांकन करें: 80% of $350 - 37\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\%$ of $160 + 11\%$ of 500
	225 225

	250 250
	275 275
	300 300

Q.No: 58	Aman needed ₹30,000 for a start-up and split the sum between two private lenders under simple-interest terms: Lender A charges 9 % p.a. (simple interest) Lender B charges 6 % p.a. (simple interest) Aman kept both loans exactly 4 years and then made a single lump-sum payment that settled only the accumulated interest, which came to ₹9,600. After preparing his books of account, Aman discovered that he interchanged the principal amounts taken from the two lenders, his four-year interest outgo would have been ₹1,200 less than what he actually paid. How much of the original ₹30,000 did Aman borrow at 9 % p.a. from Lender A? अमन को स्टार्ट-अप के लिए ₹30,000 की आवश्यकता थी और उसने इस राशि को साधारण ब्याज शर्तों के तहत दो निजी ऋणदाताओं के बीच विभाजित किया: ऋणदाता A 9% प्रति वर्ष (साधारण ब्याज) लेता है ऋणदाता B 6% प्रति वर्ष (साधारण ब्याज) लेता है अमन ने दोनों ऋणों को ठीक 4 वर्ष तक रखा और फिर एकमुश्त भुगतान किया जिससे केवल संचित ब्याज का निपटान हुआ, जो ₹9,600 था। अपने खाते की पुस्तकें तैयार करने के बाद, अमन ने पाया कि उसने दो ऋणदाताओं से ली गई मूल राशि को आपस में बदल दिया, उसका चार साल का ब्याज व्यय वास्तव में भुगतान की गई राशि से ₹1,200 कम होता। अमन ने ऋणदाता A से 9% प्रति वर्ष की दर से मूल ₹30,000 में से कितना उधार लिया?
	₹10,000 ₹10,000
	₹8,000 ₹8,000
	₹7,000 ₹7,000
	₹20,000 ₹20,000
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	A garment shop sells a shirt for ₹ A, incurring a loss of 5%. During an end-of-season sale, they mark up the same shirt to ₹1.2A. At the sale, they provide a flat discount of 10% on this marked price. What will be the percentage profit or loss for the garment shop on that shirt during the sale? एक गारमेंट शॉप एक शर्ट को ₹A में बेचती है, जिससे उसे 5% का घाटा होता है। सीजन के अंत में होने वाली सेल के दौरान, वे उसी शर्ट की कीमत ₹1.2A तक बढ़ा देते हैं। सेल के दौरान, वे इस अंकित मूल्य पर 10% की फ्लैट छूट देते हैं। सेल के दौरान उस शर्ट पर गारमेंट शॉप को कितना प्रतिशत लाभ या हानि होगी?
	4.6% Profit 4.6% लाभ
	2.6% Loss 2.6% हानि
	2.6% Profit 2.6% लाभ
	4.6% Loss 4.6% हानि

Q.No: 60	A shopkeeper marked an item 50% above its cost price. He then offered two successive discounts of 10% and 20% to a customer. If he made a profit of ₹80, at what price did he sell the item to that customer? एक दुकानदार ने एक वस्तु पर उसके क्रय मूल्य से 50% अधिक मूल्य अंकित किया। फिर उसने एक ग्राहक को 10% और 20% की दो क्रमिक छूट दी। यदि उसे ₹80 का लाभ हुआ, तो उसने उस ग्राहक को वह वस्तु किस मूल्य पर बेची?
	₹2000 ₹2000 ₹2500 ₹2500
	₹1080 ₹1080
	₹1000 ₹1000

Q.No: 61	A shopkeeper has two types of pulses: one costing ₹60/kg and the other costing ₹90/kg. He mixes them in a specific ratio and sells the mixture at ₹84/kg, thereby earning a 20% profit. In what ratio did he mix the two types of pulses? एक दुकानदार के पास दो तरह की दालें हैं: एक की कीमत ₹60/किग्रा और दूसरी की कीमत ₹90/किग्रा है। वह उन्हें एक निश्चित अनुपात में मिलाता है और मिश्रण को ₹84/किग्रा पर बेचता है, जिससे उसे 20% का लाभ होता है। उसने दोनों तरह की दालों को किस अनुपात में मिलाया?
	1 : 3 1 : 3
	2 : 1 2 : 1
	3 : 2 3 : 2
	4 : 1 4 : 1

Q.No: 62	A is three times more efficient as a worker than B, which allows A to complete a job in 60 days less than B. If they work together, they can finish the job in: A, B की तुलना में तीन गुना अधिक कुशल है, जिसके कारण A, B की तुलना में 60 दिन कम समय में कार्य पूरा कर सकता है। यदि वे एक साथ कार्य करें, तो वे कार्य को निम्नलिखित समय में पूरा कर सकते हैं:
	19.2 days 19.2 दिन
	22.5 days 22.5 दिन
	16 days 16 दिन
	20 days 20 दिन

Q.No: 63	A cyclist has to cover a distance of 80 km. After cycling for 4 hours and 48 minutes, he finds that he has completed $\frac{4}{5}$th of the total distance. What is his speed in km/h? एक साइकिल चालक को 80 किमी की दूरी तय करनी है। 4 घंटे और 48 मिनट तक साइकिल चलाने के बाद, उसे पता चलता है कि उसने कुल दूरी का (4/5)वां भाग तय कर लिया है। किमी/घंटा में उसकी गति क्या है?
	15.45 km/h 15.45 किमी/घंटा
	16 km/h 16 किमी/घंटा
	13.33 km/h 13.33 किमी/घंटा
	10 km/h 10 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 64	Sarah invested amounts in three different schemes M, N, and O at simple interest rates of 10% p.a., 12% p.a., and 15% p.a. respectively. If the total interest accrued in one year was ₹2282 and the amount invested in Scheme O was 180% of the amount invested in Scheme M and 250% of the amount invested in Scheme N, what was the amount invested in Scheme N? सारा ने तीन अलग-अलग योजनाओं M, N और O में क्रमश: 10% प्रति वर्ष, 12% प्रति वर्ष और 15% प्रति वर्ष की साधारण ब्याज दरों पर राशि का निवेश किया। यदि एक वर्ष में अर्जित कुल ब्याज ₹2282 था और योजना O में निवेश की गई राशि योजना M में निवेश की गई राशि का 180% और योजना N में निवेश की गई राशि का 250% थी, तो योजना N में निवेश की गई राशि क्या थी?
	₹3000 ₹3000
	₹3200 ₹3200
	₹3600 ₹3600
	₹4000

	₹4000
Not Answered	

Q.No: 65	A vertical pole of height H stands on the ground. From a point P on the ground, the angle of elevation of the top of the pole is 60°. From a different point Q, located 10 meters away from point P (directly along the line extending from the base of the pole), the angle of elevation to the top of the pole is 30°.What is the height of the pole? जमीन पर H ऊंचाई का एक ऊर्ध्वाधर खंभा खड़ा है। जमीन पर एक बिंदु P से, खंभे के शीर्ष का उन्नयन कोण 60° है। बिंदु P से 10 मीटर दूर स्थित एक अलग बिंदु Q से (खंभे के आधार से फैली रेखा के साथ सीधे), खंभे के शीर्ष का उन्नयन कोण 30° है। खंभे की ऊंचाई क्या है?
	$5\sqrt{3}m$ $5\sqrt{3}$मीटर
	$10\sqrt{3}m$ $10\sqrt{3}$मीटर
	10 m 10 मीटर
	20 m 20 मीटर

Q.No: 66	A right circular cone has radius of 7 cm and a height of 24 cm. A sphere is placed inside the cone such that it touches the base and the slanted surface of the cone. Find the radius of this inscribed sphere. एक लम्ब वृत्तीय शंकु की त्रिज्या 7 सेमी तथा ऊँचाई 24 सेमी है। शंकु के अन्दर एक गोला इस प्रकार रखा गया है कि वह शंकु के आधार तथा तिरछी सतह को स्पर्श करता है। इस उत्कीर्ण गोले की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5.25 cm 5.25 सेमी
	4.86 cm 4.86 सेमी
	3.82 cm

	3.82 सेमी
	6.24 cm 6.24 सेमी

Q.No: 67	If the perimeter of a regular octagon is 80 cm, what is the side length? यदि एक सम अष्टभुज का परिमाप 80 सेमी है, तो भुजा की लंबाई क्या होगी?
	10 cm 10सेमी
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	6 cm 6 सेमी

Q.No: 68	A circular wheel is divided into 8 equal sectors. If the area of one sector is 45 cm^2, what is the radius of the wheel? एक वृत्ताकार पहिये को 8 बराबर त्रिज्यखंडों में विभाजित किया गया है। यदि एक त्रिज्यखंड का क्षेत्रफल 45 वर्ग सेमी है, तो पहिये की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	8.6 cm 8.6 सेमी
	6.5 cm 6.5 सेमी
	10.7 cm 10.7 सेमी
	7.5 cm 7.5 सेमी

Not Answered

Q.No: 69	If the lateral surface area of a prism is 240 cm^2 and height is 8 cm, what is the perimeter of the base? यदि किसी प्रिज्म का पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल 240 वर्ग सेमी तथा ऊँचाई 8 सेमी है, तो आधार का परिमाप क्या है?
	30 cm 30सेमी
	24 cm 24 सेमी
	36 cm 36 सेमी
	40 cm 40 सेमी

Q.No: 70	Solve system: $y = 2x + 1$ and $y = -x + 4$ $y = 2x + 1$ और $y = -x + 4$ प्रणाली हल करें:
	(1, 3) (1, 3)
	(2, 5) (2, 5)
	(3, 7) (3, 7)
	(0, 1) (0, 1)

Q.No: 71	**Simplify:** $\sqrt{98} - \sqrt{32} + \sqrt{50}$ **सरलीकरण:** $\sqrt{98} - \sqrt{32} + \sqrt{50}$
	$7\sqrt{2}$ $7\sqrt{2}$
	$6\sqrt{2}$ $6\sqrt{2}$
	$5\sqrt{2}$ $5\sqrt{2}$
	$8\sqrt{2}$ $8\sqrt{2}$

Q.No: 72	If two circles are touching internally how many common tangents do they have? यदि दो वृत्त आंतरिक रूप से स्पर्श कर रहे हैं तो उनमें कितनी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखाएं होंगी? 0 0
	1 1
	2 2
	3 3

Q.No: 73	Two chords, AB and CD, are equal in length and are at a distance of 10 cm from the center of a circle. If the radius is 26 cm, what is the length of AB? दो जीवाएँ, AB और CD, बराबर लंबाई की हैं और एक वृत्त के केंद्र से 10 सेमी की दूरी पर हैं। यदि त्रिज्या 26 सेमी है, तो AB की लंबाई क्या है?
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	24 cm 24 सेमी
	36 cm 36 सेमी
	48 cm 48 सेमी

Q.No: 74	A sector of a circle with radius 6 cm has a central angle of $60°$. What is the area of the corresponding segment? त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त के त्रिज्यखंड 6 सेमी का केंद्रीय कोण है $(60°)$. संगत वृत्तखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	$(3\pi-9\sqrt{3})$ sq. cm $(3\pi-9\sqrt{3})$वर्ग सेमी
	$(6\pi-9\sqrt{3})$ sq. cm $(6\pi-9\sqrt{3})$ वर्ग सेमी
	$(6\pi-18\sqrt{3})$ sq. cm $(6\pi-18\sqrt{3})$वर्ग सेमी
	$(12\pi-18\sqrt{3})$ sq. cm $(12\pi-18\sqrt{3})$ वर्ग सेमी

Q.No: 75	Express 0.121212... as a fraction. 0.121212... को भिन्न के रूप में व्यक्त करें।
	$\frac{4}{33}$ $\frac{4}{33}$
	$\frac{5}{33}$ $\frac{5}{33}$
	$\frac{7}{33}$ $\frac{7}{33}$
	$\frac{12}{33}$ $\frac{12}{33}$

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **IMPLACABLE**
	Soft

	Unyielding
	Flexible
	Gentle

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Obsequious**
	Assertive
	Submissive
	Flattering
	Servile

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Soporific**
	Stimulating
	Drowsy
	Sleep-inducing
	Sedative
Not Answered	

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Tooth and nail**
	With full force or vigour

	Without planning
	Secretly and quietly
	Half-heartedly

Q.No: 80	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Steal a march on**
	Surrender unexpectedly
	Gain an advantage by acting before others do
	Betray one's allies
	Escape punishment

Q.No: 81	Which is the **correct spelling** for a word meaning 'a very large number'?
	Myriad
	Myriod
	Miriad
	Mirriad

Q.No: 82	Spot the **correct spelling** of an autism-linked speech echo.
	Echolallia
	Echolalia

	Echollalia
	Echolaliah
Not Answered	

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'A person who opposes official policy'.
	Activist
	Agitator
	Dissident
	Atheist

Q.No: 84	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'Excessive self-importance or over-confidence.'
	Prudence
	Humility
	Arrogance
	Modesty

Q.No: 85	**Choose the right collocation:** The article offers a _____ critique of contemporary educational paradigms.
	thorough going
	through-going

	thorough-go
	go-through

Q.No: 86	**Select the correct option:** The discovery, ___ was unexpected, altered the trajectory of the entire study.
	that
	which
	what
	whose

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Not only does the report fail to address the structural gaps, (1)/ but also it overlooks the more pressing issue (2)/ of community exclusion which, according to activists, (3)/ have been systematically ignored for years. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 88	**Change the following from active to passive:** Did the analysts anticipate the sudden market downturn?

	Was the sudden market downturn anticipated from the analysts?
	Had the sudden market downturn been anticipated by the analysts?
	Was the sudden market downturn anticipated by the analysts?
	Is the sudden market downturn being anticipated by the analysts?

Q.No: 89	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The monk carried a carved **crosier** into the sanctuary.
	The florist added white crosiers to the bouquet.
	The bishop's crosier gleamed under the candlelight.
	The museum displayed a gilded 14th-century crosier.
	The abbot's ceremonial crosier was stolen.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 90	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The ministers were being briefed about the situation by the intelligence officers.
	The intelligence officers briefed the ministers about the situation.
	The intelligence officers had briefed the ministers.
	The ministers were briefed by the intelligence officers.
	The intelligence officers were briefing the ministers.

Q.No: 91	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He ***is going to abroad*** for higher studies.
	is going abroad
	goes to abroad
	is going to the abroad
	is going for abroad

Q.No: 92	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She ***avoids to go to crowded places.***
	avoids to going to
	avoids from going
	avoids going to crowded places
	is avoiding to go to crowded place

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Art, in its manifold forms—visual, performative, literary, and auditory—constitutes a domain that transcends utilitarian function and enters the realm of the symbolic, the affective, and the transformative. Its significance within society cannot be reduced to decoration or diversion; rather, it operates as a mode of critical reflection, a vessel of collective memory, and a catalyst for socio-cultural evolution. At its core, art interrogates the contours of reality by reframing perception. Whether through the destabilizing surrealism of a Dali canvas or the dissonant harmonies of avant-garde music, art dislodges the observer from complacency and compels re-engagement with the world. It is in this function that art becomes not only an aesthetic but an epistemological act—challenging dominant paradigms and opening discursive space for marginalized narratives. Historically, art has served as an archive of civilizations, encoding within its mediums the aspirations, anxieties, and ideologies of its epoch. From the sacred iconography of temple frescoes to the protest murals adorning urban decay, art becomes a text through which power, resistance, and identity are simultaneously contested and constituted. This historical embeddedness renders art indispensable to understanding not only what a society creates but what it values and fears. In modern democracies, the role of art assumes a distinctly political dimension. Art enables dissent when speech is suppressed, and engenders empathy where rational argument fails. Satire, documentary film, and performance art often articulate the unspeakable, using metaphor and allusion to subvert censure. Yet this potential also renders art vulnerable—to censorship, commodification, and ideological co-option. When stripped of autonomy, art may devolve into propaganda or elitist ornamentation—devoid of critical function. The sociological function of art extends to its capacity to cultivate communal belonging and individual introspection simultaneously. Participatory forms of art—street theatre, public installations, folk traditions—dissolve the binaries of creator and audience, democratizing aesthetic engagement. Meanwhile, solitary encounters with a painting or a poem can occasion personal revelation, catharsis, or ethical inquiry. However, in the algorithmic age, where virality and visibility often dictate cultural value, art faces unprecedented commodification. The aesthetic is frequently reduced to a spectacle optimized for consumption, divorced from nuance, complexity, or transgression. The challenge, therefore, is to preserve the sanctity of artistic integrity in the face of market and media pressures that threaten to flatten it into banality. Ultimately, the role of art in society is neither static nor monolithic. It is a dialectical force—at once reflective and projective, disruptive and redemptive. To safeguard art is to safeguard the capacity of humanity to feel, to question, and to reimagine. What is implied by describing art as an "epistemological act" in the passage?
	Art is an emotional expression.
	Art is a method of acquiring and challenging knowledge structures.
	Art serves as mere historical documentation.
	Art reflects state-sponsored ideologies.

Q.No: 94 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

Art, in its manifold forms—visual, performative, literary, and auditory—constitutes a domain that transcends utilitarian function and enters the realm of the symbolic, the affective, and the transformative. Its significance within society cannot be reduced to decoration or diversion; rather, it operates as a mode of critical reflection, a vessel of collective memory, and a catalyst for socio-cultural evolution. At its core, art interrogates the contours of reality by reframing perception. Whether through the destabilizing surrealism of a Dali canvas or the dissonant harmonies of avant-garde music, art dislodges the observer from complacency and compels re-engagement with the world. It is in this function that art becomes not only an aesthetic but an epistemological act—challenging dominant paradigms and opening discursive space for marginalized narratives. Historically, art has served as an archive of civilizations, encoding within its mediums the aspirations, anxieties, and ideologies of its epoch. From the sacred iconography of temple frescoes to the protest murals adorning urban decay, art becomes a text through which power, resistance, and identity are simultaneously contested and constituted. This historical embeddedness renders art indispensable to understanding not only what a society creates but what it values and fears. In modern democracies, the role of art assumes a distinctly political dimension. Art enables dissent when speech is suppressed, and engenders empathy where rational argument fails. Satire, documentary film, and performance art often articulate the unspeakable, using metaphor and allusion to subvert censure. Yet this potential also renders art vulnerable—to censorship, commodification, and ideological co-option. When stripped of autonomy, art may devolve into propaganda or elitist ornamentation—devoid of critical function. The sociological function of art extends to its capacity to cultivate communal belonging and individual introspection simultaneously. Participatory forms of art—street theatre, public installations, folk traditions—dissolve the binaries of creator and audience, democratizing aesthetic engagement. Meanwhile, solitary encounters with a painting or a poem can occasion personal revelation, catharsis, or ethical inquiry. However, in the algorithmic age, where virality and visibility often dictate cultural value, art faces unprecedented commodification. The aesthetic is frequently reduced to a spectacle optimized for consumption, divorced from nuance, complexity, or transgression. The challenge, therefore, is to preserve the sanctity of artistic integrity in the face of market and media pressures that threaten to flatten it into banality. Ultimately, the role of art in society is neither static nor monolithic. It is a dialectical force—at once reflective and projective, disruptive and redemptive. To safeguard art is to safeguard the capacity of humanity to feel, to question, and to reimagine.

The phrase "commodification of art" in the passage most nearly refers to:

Art being preserved in national archives.

Art being transformed into a consumer product stripped of its critical power.

Art being used exclusively for educational purposes.

Art becoming a tool for political awareness.

Not Answered

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Art, in its manifold forms—visual, performative, literary, and auditory—constitutes a domain that transcends utilitarian function and enters the realm of the symbolic, the affective, and the transformative. Its significance within society cannot be reduced to decoration or diversion; rather, it operates as a mode of critical reflection, a vessel of collective memory, and a catalyst for socio-cultural evolution. At its core, art interrogates the contours of reality by reframing perception. Whether through the destabilizing surrealism of a Dali canvas or the dissonant harmonies of avant-garde music, art dislodges the observer from complacency and compels re-engagement with the world. It is in this function that art becomes not only an aesthetic but an epistemological act—challenging dominant paradigms and opening discursive space for marginalized narratives. Historically, art has served as an archive of civilizations, encoding within its mediums the aspirations, anxieties, and ideologies of its epoch. From the sacred iconography of temple frescoes to the protest murals adorning urban decay, art becomes a text through which power, resistance, and identity are simultaneously contested and constituted. This historical embeddedness renders art indispensable to understanding not only what a society creates but what it values and fears. In modern democracies, the role of art assumes a distinctly political dimension. Art enables dissent when speech is suppressed, and engenders empathy where rational argument fails. Satire, documentary film, and performance art often articulate the unspeakable, using metaphor and allusion to subvert censure. Yet this potential also renders art vulnerable—to censorship, commodification, and ideological co-option. When stripped of autonomy, art may devolve into propaganda or elitist ornamentation—devoid of critical function. The sociological function of art extends to its capacity to cultivate communal belonging and individual introspection simultaneously. Participatory forms of art—street theatre, public installations, folk traditions—dissolve the binaries of creator and audience, democratizing aesthetic engagement. Meanwhile, solitary encounters with a painting or a poem can occasion personal revelation, catharsis, or ethical inquiry. However, in the algorithmic age, where virality and visibility often dictate cultural value, art faces unprecedented commodification. The aesthetic is frequently reduced to a spectacle optimized for consumption, divorced from nuance, complexity, or transgression. The challenge, therefore, is to preserve the sanctity of artistic integrity in the face of market and media pressures that threaten to flatten it into banality. Ultimately, the role of art in society is neither static nor monolithic. It is a dialectical force—at once reflective and projective, disruptive and redemptive. To safeguard art is to safeguard the capacity of humanity to feel, to question, and to reimagine. According to the passage, how does art function in politically repressive environments?
	It reinforces state propaganda through images.
	It loses its relevance.
	It channels dissent and expresses unspeakable truths.
	It remains confined to academic circles.

Q.No: 96	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Art, in its manifold forms—visual, performative, literary, and auditory—constitutes a domain that transcends utilitarian function and enters the realm of the symbolic, the affective, and the transformative. Its significance within society cannot be reduced to decoration or diversion; rather, it operates as a mode of critical reflection, a vessel of collective memory, and a catalyst for socio-cultural evolution. At its core, art interrogates the contours of reality by reframing perception. Whether through the destabilizing surrealism of a Dali canvas or the dissonant harmonies of avant-garde music, art dislodges the observer from complacency and compels re-engagement with the world. It is in this function that art becomes not only an aesthetic but an epistemological act—challenging dominant paradigms and opening discursive space for marginalized narratives. Historically, art has served as an archive of civilizations, encoding within its mediums the aspirations, anxieties, and ideologies of its epoch. From the sacred iconography of temple frescoes to the protest murals adorning urban decay, art becomes a text through which power, resistance, and identity are simultaneously contested and constituted. This historical embeddedness renders art indispensable to understanding not only what a society creates but what it values and fears. In modern democracies, the role of art assumes a distinctly political dimension. Art enables dissent when speech is suppressed, and engenders empathy where rational argument fails. Satire, documentary film, and performance art often articulate the unspeakable, using metaphor and allusion to subvert censure. Yet this potential also renders art vulnerable—to censorship, commodification, and ideological co-option. When stripped of autonomy, art may devolve into propaganda or elitist ornamentation—devoid of critical function. The sociological function of art extends to its capacity to cultivate communal belonging and individual introspection simultaneously. Participatory forms of art—street theatre, public installations, folk traditions—dissolve the binaries of creator and audience, democratizing aesthetic engagement. Meanwhile, solitary encounters with a painting or a poem can occasion personal revelation, catharsis, or ethical inquiry. However, in the algorithmic age, where virality and visibility often dictate cultural value, art faces unprecedented commodification. The aesthetic is frequently reduced to a spectacle optimized for consumption, divorced from nuance, complexity, or transgression. The challenge, therefore, is to preserve the sanctity of artistic integrity in the face of market and media pressures that threaten to flatten it into banality. Ultimately, the role of art in society is neither static nor monolithic. It is a dialectical force—at once reflective and projective, disruptive and redemptive. To safeguard art is to safeguard the capacity of humanity to feel, to question, and to reimagine. Which of the following best explains the dialectical nature of art as per the last paragraph?
	Art is always destructive and marginal.
	Art evolves through opposing forces of creation and criticism.
	Art functions only within elite institutions.

	Art is limited to reflecting the past.

Q.No: 97	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Art, in its manifold forms—visual, performative, literary, and auditory—constitutes a domain that transcends utilitarian function and enters the realm of the symbolic, the affective, and the transformative. Its significance within society cannot be reduced to decoration or diversion; rather, it operates as a mode of critical reflection, a vessel of collective memory, and a catalyst for socio-cultural evolution. At its core, art interrogates the contours of reality by reframing perception. Whether through the destabilizing surrealism of a Dali canvas or the dissonant harmonies of avant-garde music, art dislodges the observer from complacency and compels re-engagement with the world. It is in this function that art becomes not only an aesthetic but an epistemological act—challenging dominant paradigms and opening discursive space for marginalized narratives. Historically, art has served as an archive of civilizations, encoding within its mediums the aspirations, anxieties, and ideologies of its epoch. From the sacred iconography of temple frescoes to the protest murals adorning urban decay, art becomes a text through which power, resistance, and identity are simultaneously contested and constituted. This historical embeddedness renders art indispensable to understanding not only what a society creates but what it values and fears. In modern democracies, the role of art assumes a distinctly political dimension. Art enables dissent when speech is suppressed, and engenders empathy where rational argument fails. Satire, documentary film, and performance art often articulate the unspeakable, using metaphor and allusion to subvert censure. Yet this potential also renders art vulnerable—to censorship, commodification, and ideological co-option. When stripped of autonomy, art may devolve into propaganda or elitist ornamentation—devoid of critical function. The sociological function of art extends to its capacity to cultivate communal belonging and individual introspection simultaneously. Participatory forms of art—street theatre, public installations, folk traditions—dissolve the binaries of creator and audience, democratizing aesthetic engagement. Meanwhile, solitary encounters with a painting or a poem can occasion personal revelation, catharsis, or ethical inquiry. However, in the algorithmic age, where virality and visibility often dictate cultural value, art faces unprecedented commodification. The aesthetic is frequently reduced to a spectacle optimized for consumption, divorced from nuance, complexity, or transgression. The challenge, therefore, is to preserve the sanctity of artistic integrity in the face of market and media pressures that threaten to flatten it into banality. Ultimately, the role of art in society is neither static nor monolithic. It is a dialectical force—at once reflective and projective, disruptive and redemptive. To safeguard art is to safeguard the capacity of humanity to feel, to question, and to reimagine. What is the closest meaning of the word “banality” as used in the sentence: “...threaten to flatten it into banality”?
	Vitality
	Triviality

	Versatility
	Brutality

Q.No: 98	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** The zoologist warned that the island's carrying capacity might be exceeded should invasive species proliferate unchecked.
	The zoologist said, "The island's carrying capacity will be exceeded if invasive species proliferate unchecked."
	The zoologist said, "Should invasive species have proliferated unchecked, the island's carrying capacity would be exceeded."
	The zoologist said, "The island's carrying capacity might be exceeded should invasive species proliferate unchecked."
	The zoologist said, "If invasive species proliferated unchecked, the carrying capacity had been exceeded."

Q.No: 99	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "I bought a new laptop."
	He said that he had bought a new laptop.
	He said that he buys a new laptop.
	He said that he was buying a new laptop.
	He said that he has bought a new laptop.

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. A key strategy is to diversify energy sources, transitioning from fossil fuels to renewable alternatives like solar, wind, and geothermal power. 2. To mitigate the worst effects of climate change, the global community must drastically reduce its reliance on carbon-intensive energy production. 3. This shift not only decreases greenhouse gas emissions but also improves air quality and creates new economic opportunities. 4. Additionally, policies that promote energy efficiency in buildings and transportation can further lower overall energy consumption.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	1, 2, 3, 4
	4, 1, 2, 3
	2, 3, 1, 4

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives.

Mercury : Thermometer :: Fuel : ?

	निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन कीजिए। **पारा : थर्मामीटर :: ईंधन : ?**
	Fire आग
	Power शक्ति
	Engine इंजन
	Oil तेल

Q.No: 2	In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives **Justice : Equity :: Governance : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द का चयन कीजिए **न्याय : समानता :: शासन : ?**
	Democracy प्रजातंत्र
	Regulation विनियमन
	Efficiency क्षमता
	Legitimacy वैधता

Q.No: 3	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **DAG, FCI, ?, JGM, LIO**

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है। **DAG, FCI, ?, JGM, LIO**
	WUG WUG
	YOI YOI
	HOK HOK
	HEK HEK

Q.No: 4	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **RST, UVW, XYZ, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **RST, UVW, XYZ, ?**
	ASD ASD
	ABD ABD
	ABC ABC
	BGA BGA

Q.No: 5	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **MNO, OPQ, QRS, ?**

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **MNO, OPQ, QRS, ?**
	RST RST
	RSP RSP
	STU STU
	TUV TUV

Q.No: 6	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **PCHJ, PGPV, PKXH, POFT, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: **PCHJ, PGPV, PKXH, POFT, ?**
	PSNF PSNF
	PRPG PRPG
	PSOF PSOF
	PSMF PSMF

Q.No: 7	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **BDFH, BFJN, BHNT, BJRZ, ?**

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: **BDFH, BFJN, BHNT, BJRZ, ?**
	BLVF BLVF
	BGFD BGFD
	BNJH BNJH
	BFDS BFDS

Q.No: 8	Complete the series: **28, 42,59,79,102, ?** श्रृंखला पूर्ण करें: **28, 42,59,79,102, ?**
	128 128
	157 157
	167 167
	148 148

Q.No: 9	Each of the letters in the word **FAMILY** is arranged in alphabetical order. How many letters are there in the English alphabetical series between the letter that is second from the left and the one that is third from the right in the new letter-cluster formed? शब्द **FAMILY** के प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णानुक्रम में व्यवस्थित किया गया है। नए अक्षर-समूह में बाएँ से दूसरे अक्षर और दाएँ से तीसरे अक्षर के बीच अंग्रेज़ी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला में कितने अक्षर हैं?

	Two दो Four चार
	Three तीन
	Five पाँच

Q.No: 10	**Which of the following is/are identical to the address given:** Ajay Yadav 16A, Maple Heights, Sector 45, Gurgaon, 122001 1. Ajay Yadav 16A, Maple Heights, Sector 45, Gurgaon, 122001 2. Ajay Yadav 16A, Maple Heights, Sector 45, Gurugram, 122001 3. Ajay Yadav 16A, Maple Heights, Sector 45, Gurgaon, 122002 4. Ajay Yadav 16A, Maple Heights, Sector 45, Gurgaon, 122001 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से पता दिए गए पते के समान है/हैं:** अजय यादव 16ए, मेपल हाइट्स, सेक्टर 45, गुड़गांव, 122001 1. अजय यादव 16ए, मेपल हाइट्स, सेक्टर 45, गुड़गांव, 122001 2. अजय यादव 16ए, मेपल हाइट्स, सेक्टर 45, गुरुग्राम, 122001 3. अजय यादव 16ए, मेपल हाइट्स, सेक्टर 45, गुड़गांव, 122002 4. अजय यादव 16ए, मेपल हाइट्स, सेक्टर 45, गुड़गांव, 122001
	1 and 4 1 और 4
	1 and 3 1 और 3
	2 and 4 2 और 4
	3 and 4 3 और 4

Q.No: 11	**Which of the following is/are identical to the address given:** Neha Singh 10/3, Crystal Park, Faridabad, 121001 1. Neha Singh 10/3, Crystal Park, Faridabad, 121001 2. Neha Singh 10/3, Crystal Park, Faridabad, 121002 3. Neha Singh 10-3, Crystal Park, Faridabad, 121001 4. Neha Singh 10/3, Crystal Park, Faridabad, 121001 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से दिए गए पते के समान है/हैं:** नेहा सिंह 10/3, क्रिस्टल पार्क, फरीदाबाद, 121001 1. नेहा सिंह 10/3, क्रिस्टल पार्क, फरीदाबाद, 121001 2. नेहा सिंह 10/3, क्रिस्टल पार्क, फरीदाबाद, 121002 3. नेहा सिंह 10-3, क्रिस्टल पार्क, फरीदाबाद, 121001 4. नेहा सिंह 10/3, क्रिस्टल पार्क, फरीदाबाद, 121001
	1 and 2 1 और 2
	2 and 3 2 और 3
	1 and 4 1 और 4
	3 and 4 3 और 4

Q.No: 12	Find the group of letters that best completes the analogy based on the given letter transformation pattern. **PAPER : QBUFS :: STONE : ?** दिए गए अक्षर परिवर्तन पैटर्न के आधार पर सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करने वाले अक्षरों का समूह ज्ञात कीजिए। **PAPER : QBUFS :: STONE : ?**
	UTONI UTONI
	QVHRJ QVHRJ
	TUTOF

	TUTOF
	IPFHR IPFHR

Q.No: 13	In the following question, a pair of letters is given, followed by its corresponding product of alphabetical positions (A = 1, B = 2, ..., Z = 26). A second pair of letters is given without its product. Identify the correct product for the second pair that maintains the same relationship as the first. **HxL : 8×12 :: TxZ : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, अक्षरों का एक युग्म दिया गया है, जिसके बाद वर्णमाला क्रम के अनुसार उनके पदों का संगत गुणनफल दिया गया है (A = 1, B = 2, ..., Z = 26)। अक्षरों का एक दूसरा युग्म बिना गुणनफल के दिया गया है। दूसरे युग्म के लिए सही गुणनफल ज्ञात कीजिए जो पहले युग्म के समान संबंध बनाए रखता है। **HxL : 8×12 :: TxZ : ?**
	20×26 20×26
	21×25 21×25 19×24 19×24
	22×23 22×23

Q.No: 14	In a row of 60 students, Meena is 25th from the left and Rupa is 20th from the right. How many students are there between them? 60 छात्रों की एक पंक्ति में, मीना बाएँ से 25वें स्थान पर है और रूपा दाएँ से 20वें स्थान पर है। उनके बीच कितने छात्र हैं?
	11 11 10 10

	12 12
	15 15

Q.No: 15	In each of the following questions, the second word is formed by rearranging the letters of the first word according to a specific pattern. Identify the same rearrangement rule and apply it to the third word to select the correct answer from the given alternatives. **EIGHTY : GIEYTH :: OUTPUT : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द के अक्षरों को एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न के अनुसार पुनर्व्यवस्थित करके दूसरा शब्द बनाया गया है। उसी पुनर्व्यवस्था नियम को पहचानिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनने के लिए इसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू कीजिए। **EIGHTY : GIEYTH :: OUTPUT : ?**
	UTOPTU UTOPTU
	UOTUPT UOTUPT
	TUOPUT TUOPUT
	TUOTUP TUOTUP

Q.No: 16	In each of the following questions, the second word is formed by rearranging the letters of the first word according to a specific pattern. Identify the same rearrangement rule and apply it to the third word to choose the correct answer from the given alternatives. **NATION : ANTINO :: HUNGRY : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द के अक्षरों को एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न के अनुसार पुनर्व्यवस्थित करके दूसरा शब्द बनाया गया है। उसी पुनर्व्यवस्था नियम को पहचानिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनने के लिए इसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू कीजिए। **NATION : ANTINO :: HUNGRY : ?**
	HNUGRY HNUGRY

	UNHGYR UNHGYR YRNGUH YRNGUH
	UHNGYR UHNGYR

Q.No: 17	M introduces R as the son of the only brother of her mother's husband. How is R related to M? M, R का परिचय अपनी माँ के पति के इकलौते भाई के बेटे के रूप में कराती है। R, M से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Cousin चचेरा
	Brother भाई
	Uncle चाचा
	Nephew भतीजा

Q.No: 18	What comes next in the series**: 2, 6, 12, 20, 30, ?** श्रृंखला में आगे क्या आएगा: 2, 6, 12, 20, 30, ?
	40 40
	42 42
	44

	44
	36 36

Q.No: 19	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	M13 : O15 : Q17 M13 : O15 : Q17
	N14 : P16 : R18 N14 : P16 : R18
	L12 : N14 : P16 L12 : N14 : P16
	O15 : Q17 : S21 O15 : Q17 : S21

Q.No: 20	In each of the following questions, a group of three numbers/symbols is given in each option. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern as the others. निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, प्रत्येक विकल्प में तीन संख्याओं/प्रतीकों का एक समूह दिया गया है। उस समूह की पहचान कीजिए जो अन्य के समान स्वरूप का पालन नहीं करता है।
	A2@ : C4# : E6$ A2@ : C4# : E6$
	B3% : D5^ : F7& B3% : D5^ : F7& C4* : E6(: G8)

	C4* : E6(: G8)
	D5_ : G9@ : J13$ D5_ : G9@ : J13$

Q.No: 21	Which group doesn't match the pattern? कौन सा समूह पैटर्न से मेल नहीं खाता है?
	20, 30, 50 20, 30, 50
	15, 25, 40 15, 25, 40
	18, 24, 36 18, 24, 36
	14, 28, 56 14, 28, 56

Q.No: 22	Introducing a boy, a woman says, 'He is the son of my only brother's wife.' How is the boy related to the woman? एक लड़के का परिचय देते हुए एक महिला कहती है, 'वह मेरे इकलौते भाई की पत्नी का बेटा है।' लड़का उस महिला से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Cousin चचेरा
	Grandson पोता
	Nephew भतीजा
	Son बेटा

Q.No: 23	**Given:** P & Q: P is the husband of Q P % Q: P is the daughter of Q P # Q: P is the father of Q P @ Q: P is the brother of Q What does R # S & T mean? **दिया गया है:** P & Q: P, Q **का पति है** P % Q: P, Q **की पुत्री है** P # Q: P, Q **का पिता है** P @ Q: P, Q **का भाई है** R # S & T **का क्या अर्थ है?**
	R is the father of T R, T **का पिता है** R is the brother of T R, T **का भाई है**
	R is the father-in-law of T R, T **का ससुर है**
	R is the husband of T R, T **का पति है**

Q.No: 24	Looking at a man, a woman said, ""His mother is the only daughter of my mother."" How is the man related to the woman? एक आदमी को देखकर एक महिला ने कहा, "उसकी माँ मेरी माँ की इकलौती बेटी है।" वह आदमी उस महिला से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Brother भाई
	Nephew

	भतीजा
	Son बेटा
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 25	If + = ×, × = +, - = ÷; then 5 + 6 × 2 - 2 = ? यदि + = ×, × = +, - = ÷; तो 5 + 6 × 2 - 2 = ?
	16 16
	2 2 12 12
	31 31

Roll No.	:	**3206041406**
Candidate Name	:	**DINDYAL KUMAR**
Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:	**AXEL INFOTECH LLP**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26

Consider the following statements about Gandhara art beyond stone sculptures:

1. A gold reliquary with figures in an arcade was found at Bimaran.
2. Intricately carved ivory plaques were discovered at Begram.

Which of the above statements **is/are correct?**

	पत्थर की मूर्तियों से परे गांधार कला के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. बिमारन में एक आर्केड में आकृतियों वाला एक सोने का अवशेष मिला था। 2. बेग्राम में जटिल नक्काशीदार हाथीदांत पट्टिकाएँ खोजी गईं। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 27	Which of the following best reflects the cultural significance of the Kanuma Festival in Andhra Pradesh? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन आंध्र प्रदेश में कनुमा महोत्सव के सांस्कृतिक महत्व को सर्वोत्तम रूप से दर्शाता है?
	It marks the beginning of monsoon farming activities. यह मानसून कृषि गतिविधियों की शुरुआत का प्रतीक है।
	It is dedicated to honoring cattle used in agriculture. यह कृषि में प्रयुक्त मवेशियों के सम्मान के लिए समर्पित है।
	It celebrates the victory of good over evil through bonfire rituals. यह अलाव अनुष्ठानों के माध्यम से बुराई पर अच्छाई की जीत का जश्न मनाता है।
	It involves the worship of rivers to ensure good harvests. इसमें अच्छी फसल सुनिश्चित करने के लिए नदियों की पूजा की जाती है।

Q.No: 28	Which traditional wind instrument, characterized by its ornate curved hornpipe design and ceremonial use in the folk music of Himachal Pradesh? हिमाचल प्रदेश के लोक संगीत में कौन सा पारंपरिक वायु वाद्य यंत्र अपनी अलंकृत घुमावदार हॉर्नपाइप डिजाइन और औपचारिक उपयोग के लिए जाना जाता है?
	Bhopal भोपाल
	Narsingha नरसिंघा
	Hulki हुल्की
	Kangarange कांगारंग

Q.No: 29	Consider the following statements on World Championship swimming events (50 m pool): 1) Men and women compete in identical freestyle distances from 50 m to 1500 m. 2) Individual Medley is held only up to 400 m for both genders. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** विश्व चैम्पियनशिप तैराकी स्पर्धाओं (50 मीटर पूल) पर निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) पुरुष और महिलाएँ 50 मीटर से 1500 मीटर तक समान फ्रीस्टाइल दूरी में प्रतिस्पर्धा करते हैं। 2) व्यक्तिगत मेडले दोनों लिंगों के लिए केवल 400 मीटर तक आयोजित किया जाता है। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं? Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 सही हैं.
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है.

Q.No: 30	In which year was the Amateur Athletics Federation of India (AAFI), responsible for managing Indian Athletics, established? भारतीय एथलेटिक्स के प्रबंधन के लिए जिम्मेदार एमेच्योर एथलेटिक्स फेडरेशन ऑफ इंडिया (AAFI) की स्थापना किस वर्ष की गई थी?
	1946 1946
	1948 1948
	1950 1950
	1951 1951

Q.No: 31	Where was the 17th edition of the joint India–Mongolia military exercise Nomadic Elephant held in 2025? 2025 में संयुक्त भारत-मंगोलिया सैन्य अभ्यास नोमैडिक एलीफेंट का 17वां संस्करण कहाँ आयोजित किया गया था?
	Umroi, Meghalaya उमरोई, मेघालय
	Leh, Ladakh लेह, लद्दाख
	Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia उलानबटार, मंगोलिया
	Tawang, Arunachal Pradesh तवांग, अरुणाचल प्रदेश
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Over 60 Indian athletes participated in the Asian Athletics Championships 2025 held in which city?

	किस शहर में आयोजित एशियाई एथलेटिक्स चैंपियनशिप 2025 में 60 से अधिक भारतीय एथलीटों ने भाग लिया? Busan, South Korea बुसान, दक्षिण कोरिया
	Gumi, South Korea गुमी, दक्षिण कोरिया
	Seoul, South Korea सियोल, दक्षिण कोरिया
	Tokyo, Japan टोकियो, जापान

Q.No: 33	Which of the following best describes 'Arranged Marriage' by Chitra Banerjee Divakaruni? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा चित्रा बनर्जी दिवाकरुणी द्वारा लिखित 'अरेंज्ड मैरिज' का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	Stories exploring immigrant life, cultural identity, and arranged marriage challenges. आप्रवासी जीवन, सांस्कृतिक पहचान और व्यवस्थित विवाह की चुनौतियों को उजागर करने वाली कहानियाँ।
	Historical novel on India's independence movement. भारत के स्वतंत्रता आंदोलन पर ऐतिहासिक उपन्यास।
	Fantasy saga blending mythology and politics. पौराणिक कथाओं और राजनीति का सम्मिश्रण करती काल्पनिक गाथा।
	Scientific study of social customs and psychology सामाजिक रीति-रिवाजों और मनोविज्ञान का वैज्ञानिक अध्ययन

Q.No: 34	Which of the following best distinguishes glacial till from water-laid glacial sediments? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा हिमनदीय टिल को जल-निर्मित हिमनदीय तलछट से सर्वोत्तम रूप से अलग करता है?
	It is layered and stratified due to flowing meltwater.

	बहते हुए पिघले पानी के कारण यह स्तरित और स्तरीकृत है।
	It is composed of uniformly sized, rounded particles. यह समान आकार के, गोल कणों से बना होता है।
	It is an unsorted mix of materials deposited directly by ice. यह बर्फ द्वारा सीधे जमा किये गए पदार्थों का एक असंयोजित मिश्रण है।
	It forms only in glacial lakes through sediment settling. यह केवल हिमनद झीलों में तलछट के जमाव के कारण बनता है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	**Consider the following statements about Gita Upadhyay:** 1. She is a Hindi writer from Assam. 2. She translated The Diary of Anne Frank into Indian languages. 3. She was conferred the Padma Bhushan in 2025. Which of the above statements is/are **correct**? **गीता उपाध्याय के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. वह असम की एक हिंदी लेखिका हैं। 2. उन्होंने 'द डायरी ऑफ ऐनी फ्रैंक' का भारतीय भाषाओं में अनुवाद किया। 3. उन्हें 2025 में पद्म भूषण से सम्मानित किया गया। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही है/हैं?**
	1 only केवल 1
	2 only केवल 2
	3 only केवल 3
	1,2 and 3 all are correct 1,2 और 3 सभी सही हैं

Q.No: 36	**Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are given below. Choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** The Population Enumeration phase of Census 2011 in most parts of India was conducted in February 2011. **Reason (R):** House Listing and Housing Census was postponed to ensure simultaneous data collection. **नीचे अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) दिए गए हैं। सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** भारत के अधिकांश भागों में जनगणना 2011 का जनसंख्या गणना चरण फरवरी 2011 में आयोजित किया गया था। **कारण (R):** एक साथ आँकड़ों का संग्रह सुनिश्चित करने के लिए मकान सूचीकरण और आवास जनगणना को स्थगित कर दिया गया था।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 37	Evaluate the following statements and select the option that is **accurate:** **Statement 1:** Sun-synchronous orbits allow satellites to maintain consistent local solar time over a specific region. **Statement 2:** This orbital feature is ideal for continuous solar-powered communication satellites in geostationary orbit. निम्नलिखित कथनों का मूल्यांकन कीजिए और **सही** विकल्प चुनिए: **कथन 1:** सूर्य-समकालिक कक्षाएँ उपग्रहों को एक विशिष्ट क्षेत्र में एकसमान स्थानीय सौर समय बनाए रखने की अनुमति देती हैं। **कथन 2:** यह कक्षीय विशेषता भूस्थिर कक्षा में निरंतर सौर ऊर्जा चालित संचार उपग्रहों के लिए आदर्श है।
	Only Statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only Statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are correct

	न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही हैं

Q.No: 38	Which part of the human brain regulates the circadian rhythm? मानव मस्तिष्क का कौन सा भाग सर्कैडियन लय को नियंत्रित करता है?
	Cerebellum सेरिबैलम
	Hypothalamus हाइपोथेलेमस
	Medulla oblongata मेडुला ऑब्लांगेटा
	Thalamus थैलेमस

Q.No: 39	Which of the following statements regarding the constitutional responsibility of the Council of Ministers (CoM) is/are **correct?** 1) The Union Council of Ministers is collectively accountable to the Lok Sabha. 2) In states with bicameral legislatures, the State CoM is collectively responsible to the Legislative Council. मंत्रिपरिषद (CoM) के संवैधानिक उत्तरदायित्व के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं? 1) केंद्रीय मंत्रिपरिषद सामूहिक रूप से लोकसभा के प्रति उत्तरदायी होती है। 2) द्विसदनीय विधायिका वाले राज्यों में, राज्य मंत्रिपरिषद सामूहिक रूप से विधान परिषद के प्रति उत्तरदायी होती है।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2 Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2

	न तो 1 और न ही 2

Q.No: 40	Which of the following statements is/are **correct?** 1) The Governor's discretionary power to recommend President's Rule is mentioned in Article 356(1). 2) The 41st Constitutional Amendment curtailed the Governor's term from 5 years to 4 years. 3) The Sarkaria Commission advised that Governors should not be removed before completing their term unless in rare and compelling circumstances. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही है/हैं?** 1) राष्ट्रपति शासन की सिफारिश करने की राज्यपाल की विवेकाधीन शक्ति का उल्लेख अनुच्छेद 356(1) में किया गया है। 2) 41वें संविधान संशोधन ने राज्यपाल के कार्यकाल को 5 वर्ष से घटाकर 4 वर्ष कर दिया। 3) सरकारिया आयोग ने सलाह दी थी कि राज्यपालों को उनका कार्यकाल पूरा होने से पहले नहीं हटाया जाना चाहिए, सिवाय दुर्लभ और अनिवार्य परिस्थितियों के।
	2 & 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1 & 3 correct 1 और 3 सही
	1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 सही
	3 only केवल 3

Q.No: 41	The least distance of distinct vision for a normal human eye is approximately: सामान्य मानव आँख के लिए स्पष्ट दृष्टि की न्यूनतम दूरी लगभग कितनी होती है?
	2.5 cm 2.5 सेमी
	25 cm 25 सेमी

	2.5 m 2.5 मीटर 25 m 25 मीटर

Q.No: 42	What is the maximum detention period a Magistrate can authorize under Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita(BNSS), 2023, for offences punishable with less than 10 years, before default bail applies? भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस), 2023 के तहत मजिस्ट्रेट 10 वर्ष से कम की सजा वाले अपराधों के लिए डिफ़ॉल्ट जमानत लागू होने से पहले अधिकतम कितनी हिरासत अवधि अधिकृत कर सकता है? 15 days 15 दिन
	30 days 30 दिन
	60 days 60 दिन
	90 days 90 दिन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 43	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A):** SVAMITVA scheme provides property cards using drone technology. **Reason (R):** It covers rural and urban areas. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ:** **अभिकथन (A):** स्वामित्व योजना ड्रोन तकनीक का उपयोग करके संपत्ति कार्ड प्रदान करती है। **कारण (R):** यह ग्रामीण और शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों को कवर करती है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है

	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 44	Poikkal Kuthirai Aattam, or dummy horse dance, is performed primarily during religious festivals in which state? पोइक्कल कुथिराई अट्टम, या डमी घोड़ा नृत्य, मुख्य रूप से किस राज्य में धार्मिक त्योहारों के दौरान किया जाता है?
	Kerala केरल
	Tamil Nadu तमिलनाडु
	Karnataka कर्नाटक
	Telangana तेलंगाना

Q.No: 45	What does a lower score on the Corruption Perception Index (e.g., closer to 0) indicate? भ्रष्टाचार धारणा सूचकांक पर कम स्कोर (जैसे, 0 के करीब) क्या दर्शाता है?
	Less corruption कम भ्रष्टाचार
	More corruption अधिक भ्रष्टाचार
	Higher transparency

	उच्च पारदर्शिता
	Better governance बेहतर शासन

Q.No: 46	Which of the following pairs **correctly** represents agro-based industries? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म कृषि आधारित उद्योगों का **सही** प्रतिनिधित्व करता है?
	Cement and Petrochemicals सीमेंट और पेट्रोकेमिकल्स
	Cotton textiles and Sugar सूती वस्त्र और चीनी
	Jute textiles and Steel जूट वस्त्र और इस्पात
	Edible oil and Aluminium खाद्य तेल और एल्युमीनियम

Q.No: 47	Which national park recorded successful reintroduction of the Great Indian Bustard into the wild in 2025? किस राष्ट्रीय उद्यान ने 2025 में ग्रेट इंडियन बस्टर्ड को सफलतापूर्वक पुन: जंगल में लाने का रिकॉर्ड बनाया है?
	Sariska National Park सरिस्का राष्ट्रीय उद्यान
	Kuno National Park कुनो राष्ट्रीय उद्यान
	Desert National Park रेगिस्तान राष्ट्रीय उद्यान
	Panna Tiger Reserve पन्ना टाइगर रिजर्व

Not Answered

Q.No: 48	Which of the following was **removed** from the list of Fundamental Rights? निम्नलिखित में से किसे मौलिक अधिकारों की सूची से **हटा** दिया गया?
	Right to Equality समानता का अधिकार
	Right to Property संपत्ति का अधिकार
	Right to Freedom स्वतंत्रता का अधिकार
	Right against Exploitation शोषण के विरुद्ध अधिकार

Q.No: 49	Which payload monitors solar wind at L1? L1 बिंदु पर सौर वायु की निगरानी करने वाला पेलोड कौन-सा है?
	ASPEX ASPEX
	SUIT SUIT
	SoLEXS SoLEXS
	HEL1OS HEL1OS

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Indian federalism is biased towards the Centre. 2. The Constitution uses the word 'federal' explicitly. Which of the statements given above is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. भारतीय संघवाद केंद्र के प्रति पक्षपाती है। 2. संविधान में 'संघीय' शब्द का स्पष्ट प्रयोग किया गया है। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	: **AXEL INFOTECH LLP**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51

Simplify: $(3.2 - 1\frac{3}{5}) + (2\frac{1}{4} \div 0.5)$

सरल करें: $(3.2 - 1\frac{3}{5}) + (2\frac{1}{4} \div 0.5)$

	8.2 8.2
	6.1 6.1
	7.7 7.7
	10.5 10.5

Q.No: 52	A ₹36,000 annual bonus is distributed among Sales, Marketing, and Operations in a 4:5:3 ratio. Marketing uses ₹3,000 for team building and ₹1,500 for an intern, then allocates the rest to two top performers in a 5:4 ratio. How much does the top performer with the smaller share receive? ₹36,000 का वार्षिक बोनस बिक्री, विपणन और संचालन के बीच 4:5:3 के अनुपात में वितरित किया जाता है। मार्केटिंग टीम निर्माण के लिए ₹3,000 और एक इंटर्न के लिए ₹1,500 का उपयोग करती है, फिर शेष राशि को 5:4 के अनुपात में दो शीर्ष प्रदर्शनकर्ताओं को आवंटित करती है। कम हिस्से वाले शीर्ष प्रदर्शनकर्ता को कितना मिलता है? ₹5,833.33 ₹5,833.33
	₹5,250 ₹5,250
	₹4,666.67 ₹4,666.67
	₹4,200 ₹4,200
Not Answered	

Q.No: 53	Which of the following represents the correct simplified value of the continued fraction:$x = 1 + \frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2}}}$

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सतत भिन्न का सही सरलीकृत मान दर्शाता है:$x = 1 + \frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2}}}$
	$\frac{8}{5}$ $\frac{8}{5}$
	$\frac{17}{12}$ $\frac{17}{12}$
	$\frac{7}{5}$ $\frac{7}{5}$
	$\frac{9}{7}$ $\frac{9}{7}$

Q.No: 54	Kapil invested ₹1,00,000 in a business. After 3 months, Manish joined with ₹80,000. After 3 more months, Kapil withdrew ₹40,000. Find their profit ratio at the end of the year. कपिल ने एक व्यवसाय में ₹1,00,000 का निवेश किया। 3 महीने बाद मनीष ₹80,000 के साथ शामिल हो गया। 3 और महीने बाद कपिल ने ₹40,000 निकाल लिए। वर्ष के अंत में उनका लाभ अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	4:3 4:3
	2:3 2:3
	1:3 1:3
	5:3 5:3

Q.No: 55	A invests ₹60,000 while B invests ₹90,000, with A's investment lasting for 10 months and B's for 8 months. The total profit amounts to ₹40,000. What is the A's share ? A ने ₹60,000 का निवेश किया जबकि B ने ₹90,000 का निवेश किया, जिसमें A का निवेश 10 महीने और B का 8 महीने तक चला। कुल लाभ ₹40,000 है। A का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹20,181.82 ₹20,181.82
	₹18,181.82 ₹18,181.82
	₹21,181.81 ₹21,181.81
	₹22,181.82 ₹22,181.82

Q.No: 56	The overall average salary for all employees in an office is ₹16,000. Officers earn an average salary of ₹28,000, while non-officers make an average of ₹10,000. If there are 15 officers, determine the number of non-officers. एक कार्यालय में सभी कर्मचारियों का कुल औसत वेतन ₹16,000 है। अधिकारी औसतन ₹28,000 कमाते हैं, जबकि गैर-अधिकारी औसतन ₹10,000 कमाते हैं। यदि 15 अधिकारी हैं, तो गैर-अधिकारियों की संख्या निर्धारित करें।
	30 30
	40 40
	50 50
	60 60

Q.No: 57	Three numbers are such that when the sum of any two of them is added to half of the third, the results are 210, 198, and 192 respectively. What is the average of the three numbers? तीन संख्याएँ ऐसी हैं कि जब उनमें से किसी दो का योग तीसरे के आधे में जोड़ा जाता है, तो परिणाम क्रमशः 210, 198 और 192 होते हैं। तीनों संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?
	80 80
	70 70
	60 60
	50 50

Q.No: 58	In a competitive exam with 120 questions, there are three sections: General Knowledge (20 questions), Reasoning (50 questions), and English (50 questions). A candidate answered 70% of General Knowledge, 50% of Reasoning, and 30% of English questions correctly. If the minimum passing score is 60%, how many more questions did the candidate need to answer correctly to pass? 120 प्रश्नों वाली एक प्रतियोगी परीक्षा में तीन खंड हैं: सामान्य ज्ञान (20 प्रश्न), तर्क (50 प्रश्न), और अंग्रेजी (50 प्रश्न)। एक उम्मीदवार ने सामान्य ज्ञान के 70%, तर्क के 50% और अंग्रेजी के 30% प्रश्नों का सही उत्तर दिया। यदि न्यूनतम उत्तीर्ण अंक 60% है, तो उम्मीदवार को उत्तीर्ण होने के लिए कितने और प्रश्नों का सही उत्तर देने की आवश्यकता है?
	2 2
	15 15
	18 18
	20 20

Q.No: 59	Find the compound interest on ₹7,000 at 9% p.a. for 1 year 8 months, compounded annually. ₹7,000 पर 1 वर्ष 8 महीने के लिए 9% प्रति वर्ष की दर से वार्षिक रूप से संयोजित चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹2,087.80 ₹2,087.80
	₹1,000.80 ₹1,000.80
	₹1,087.80 ₹1,087.80
	₹2,000.80 ₹2,000.80

Q.No: 60	If the amount at the end of the 2nd year and 3rd year on a certain principal at compound interest is ₹12,000 and ₹13,200 respectively, find the rate of interest per annum. यदि किसी मूलधन पर चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर दूसरे वर्ष और तीसरे वर्ष के अंत में राशि क्रमश: ₹12,000 और ₹13,200 है, तो प्रति वर्ष ब्याज की दर ज्ञात कीजिए।
	8% 8%
	7% 7%
	10% 10%
	5% 5%

Q.No: 61	A stationery shop owner buys three types of notebooks. The first type costs him 5 notebooks for ₹20, the second 2 notebooks for ₹9, and the third 10 notebooks for ₹45. He mixes them in the ratio 3 : 4 : 3. If he sells all the notebooks at 4 for ₹19, what is his approximate gain or loss percentage?

	एक स्टेशनरी की दुकान का मालिक तीन तरह की नोटबुक खरीदता है। पहली तरह की नोटबुक की कीमत 5 नोटबुक ₹20 है, दूसरी नोटबुक की कीमत 2 नोटबुक ₹9 है और तीसरी नोटबुक की कीमत 10 नोटबुक ₹45 है। वह उन्हें 3 : 4 : 3 के अनुपात में मिलाता है। यदि वह सभी नोटबुक को 4 नोटबुक ₹19 के हिसाब से बेचता है, तो उसका अनुमानित लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	Loss of 9.2% 9.2% की हानि
	Profit of 9.2% 9.2% का लाभ
	Profit of 10% 10% का लाभ
	Loss of 10% 10% की हानि

Q.No: 62	A seller bought three different types of mobile covers, C1, C2, and C3. The ratio of their selling prices was 3:4:5. He made a profit of 25% on C1, 10% on C2, but incurred a loss of 20% on C3. What was his approximate percent gain or loss in the entire transaction? एक विक्रेता ने तीन अलग-अलग प्रकार के मोबाइल कवर खरीदे, C1, C2 और C3। उनके विक्रय मूल्य का अनुपात 3:4:5 था। उसने C1 पर 25%, C2 पर 10% का लाभ कमाया, लेकिन C3 पर 20% की हानि हुई। पूरे लेन-देन में उसका अनुमानित लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या था?
	profit of 2.33% 2.33% का लाभ
	loss of 2.33% 2.33% की हानि
	loss of 4.62% 4.62% की हानि
	profit of 4.62% 4.62% का लाभ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A high-end watch is initially marked up by 50% above its cost price. During a sale, it is offered at a discount of 20% on its marked price. However, a special customer receives an additional discount of y% on the discounted price, bringing the final selling price to ₹4320. If the shopkeeper still makes a profit of 8% on the cost price after all discounts, what was the original cost price of the watch and the value of y? एक महंगी घड़ी की कीमत शुरू में उसके लागत मूल्य से 50% अधिक है। एक सेल के दौरान, इसे उसके अंकित मूल्य पर 20% की छूट पर पेश किया जाता है। हालांकि, एक विशेष ग्राहक को छूट वाले मूल्य पर y% की अतिरिक्त छूट मिलती है, जिससे अंतिम बिक्री मूल्य ₹4320 हो जाता है। यदि सभी छूट के बाद भी दुकानदार को लागत मूल्य पर 8% का लाभ होता है, तो घड़ी का मूल लागत मूल्य और y का मूल्य क्या था?
	CP = ₹4000, y = 10% क्रय मूल्य = ₹4000, y = 10%
	CP = ₹4500, y = 5% क्रय मूल्य = ₹4500, y = 5%
	CP = ₹4800, y = 12.5% क्रय मूल्य = ₹4800, y = 12.5%
	CP = ₹5000, y = 8% क्रय मूल्य = ₹5000, y = 8%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 64	A and B can complete a task in 12 days and 18 days, respectively. They begin the work together, but B leaves after 4 days. How many more days will A take to finish the remaining work? A और B किसी काम को क्रमशः 12 दिन और 18 दिन में पूरा कर सकते हैं। वे साथ मिलकर काम शुरू करते हैं, लेकिन B 4 दिन बाद काम छोड़ देता है। A को बचा हुआ काम पूरा करने में और कितने दिन लगेंगे?
	$5\frac{1}{3}$ days $5\frac{1}{3}$ दिन
	$2\frac{3}{4}$ days $2\frac{3}{4}$ दिन
	$1\frac{1}{5}$ days

	$1\frac{1}{5}$ दिन
	$8\frac{6}{7}$ days $8\frac{6}{7}$ दिन

Q.No: 65	A shopkeeper mixes two qualities of tea. The first quality costs ₹150 per kg and is mixed with the second quality in the ratio 4 : 5. If the mixture is sold at ₹130 per kg (at no profit, no loss), what is the cost per kg of the second quality of tea? एक दुकानदार दो प्रकार की चाय मिलाता है। पहली गुणवत्ता वाली चाय की कीमत ₹150 प्रति किलोग्राम है और इसे दूसरी गुणवत्ता वाली चाय के साथ 4 : 5 के अनुपात में मिलाया जाता है। यदि मिश्रण को ₹130 प्रति किलोग्राम (न लाभ, न हानि) पर बेचा जाता है, तो दूसरी गुणवत्ता वाली चाय की प्रति किलोग्राम कीमत क्या है?
	₹100 ₹100 ₹110 ₹110
	₹114 ₹114
	₹120 ₹120

Q.No: 66	A and B can complete a certain task together in 30 days. After A works for 16 days, B is left to finish the remaining work by himself in 44 days. How many days would it take for B to complete the entire task on his own? A और B एक निश्चित कार्य को 30 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। A द्वारा 16 दिनों तक काम करने के बाद, B को शेष कार्य अकेले 44 दिनों में पूरा करना है। B को अकेले पूरा कार्य पूरा करने में कितने दिन लगेंगे?
	40 days 40 दिन
	50 days 50 दिन

	60 days 60 दिन
	70 days 70 दिन

Q.No: 67	A container holds a mixture of Orange, Apple, and Guava juices in the ratio of 5:7:4 respectively. 24 litres of this mixture is taken out, and then 10 litres of orange juice and 6 litres of guava juice are added to the vessel. If the resultant quantity of apple juice is 14 litres more than the resultant quantity of orange juice, what was the initial quantity of mixture in the vessel (in litres)? एक बर्तन में संतरे, सेब और अमरूद के रस का मिश्रण क्रमश: 5:7:4 के अनुपात में है। इस मिश्रण का 24 लीटर निकाला जाता है, और फिर बर्तन में 10 लीटर संतरे का रस और 6 लीटर अमरूद का रस मिलाया जाता है। यदि सेब के रस की परिणामी मात्रा संतरे के रस की परिणामी मात्रा से 14 लीटर अधिक है, तो बर्तन में मिश्रण की प्रारंभिक मात्रा (लीटर में) क्या थी?
	216 216
	210 210
	214 214
	235 235

Q.No: 68	A delivery van travels at a constant speed of 60 km/h to cover a certain route in 1 hour and 45 minutes. If traffic increases the time taken by 15 minutes, by what percentage must the van's average speed decrease to complete the route? एक डिलीवरी वैन 60 किमी/घंटा की स्थिर गति से यात्रा करते हुए एक निश्चित मार्ग को 1 घंटे और 45 मिनट में पूरा करती है। यदि यातायात के कारण लगने वाला समय 15 मिनट बढ़ जाता है, तो मार्ग को पूरा करने के लिए वैन की औसत गति में कितने प्रतिशत की कमी होनी चाहिए?
	10.5% 10.5%
	12.5%

	12.5%
	15% 15% 20% 20%

Q.No: 69	A student walks from his home to school at a speed of 4 km/h and reaches 15 minutes late. If he increases his speed to 6 km/h, he reaches 5 minutes early. What is the distance (in km) from his home to school? एक छात्र अपने घर से स्कूल 4 किमी/घंटा की गति से चलता है और 15 मिनट देरी से पहुंचता है। यदि वह अपनी गति बढ़ाकर 6 किमी/घंटा कर देता है, तो वह 5 मिनट पहले पहुंच जाता है। उसके घर से स्कूल की दूरी (किमी में) कितनी है?
	4 km 4 किमी
	6 km 6 किमी
	8 km 8 किमी
	10 km 10 किमी

Q.No: 70	The cost of fencing a circular ground at ₹120/m is ₹3,768. Find the radius of the ground. एक वृत्ताकार मैदान पर ₹120/मीटर की दर से बाड़ लगाने की लागत ₹3,768 है। मैदान की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5 m 5 मी
	10 m 10 मी

	15 m 15 मी 20 m 20 मी

Q.No: 71	A circular logo of radius 14 cm is fitted perfectly inside a square plaque. Find the area of unused square space around the circle. 14 सेमी त्रिज्या वाला एक वृत्ताकार लोगो एक वर्गाकार पट्टिका के अंदर पूरी तरह से फिट किया गया है। वृत्त के चारों ओर अप्रयुक्त वर्गाकार स्थान का क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$168.25\ cm^2$ 168.25 सेमी^{2} $56.78\ cm^2$ 56.78 सेमी^{2}
	$161.54\ cm^2$ 161.54 सेमी^{2} $64.26\ cm^2$ 64.26 सेमी^{2}

Q.No: 72	A circular clock has a radius of 14 cm. Calculate the distance covered by the tip of the minute hand in 30 minutes, assuming it is positioned at the edge of the clock face? (Use π= 22/7) एक वृत्ताकार घड़ी की त्रिज्या 14 सेमी है। मिनट की सुई की नोक द्वारा 30 मिनट में तय की गई दूरी की गणना कीजिए, यह मानते हुए कि यह घड़ी के मुख के किनारे पर स्थित है? (π= 22/7 का प्रयोग करें)
	44 cm 44 सेमी
	48 cm 48 सेमी 46 cm

	46 सेमी
	42 cm 42 सेमी

Q.No: 73	What is the slope of line perpendicular to $y = -3x + 7$? $y = -3x + 7$ लंबवत रेखा का ढलान क्या है?
	$-\frac{1}{3}$ $-\frac{1}{3}$
	3 3
	$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$
	-3 -3

Q.No: 74	Given, $x - \frac{1}{x} = 3$, find the value of $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$. दिया गया है, $x - \frac{1}{x} = 3$, का $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$ मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	119 119
	125 125
	130 130
	145

	145

Q.No: 75	2.5% of 200 = ? 200 का 2.5% = ?
	5 5
	4 4
	3 3
	1 1

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	
Test Date	**: 15 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	**: 04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	**:**

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **PROPITIOUS**
	Doubtful
	Harmful

	Favorable
	Unlucky

Q.No: 77	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Fiddle while Rome burns**
	To play music at night
	To waste time in trivialities during a crisis
	To seek artistic approval
	To incite rebellion

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Oppugn**
	Question
	Defend
	Dispute
	Challenge

Q.No: 79	Identify the **misspelt** word
	Mnemonic
	Occassionally
	Surveillance

	Bureaucracy

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of a happy accident adjective.
	Serendipitous
	Serendipidous
	Serendipitios
	Serendipetous

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A state of mental weariness and lack of enthusiasm'.
	Languor
	Ennui
	Torpor
	Tedium
Not Answered	

Q.No: 82	**Select the correct option:** The architect argued that aesthetics should not be subordinated ___ functionality.
	at
	for
	to
	with

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct option:** If the security protocol ___ breached, the system alerts administrators instantly.
	were
	is
	has
	had been

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** Although the experiment had been meticulously designed, unforeseen variables ___ the reliability of its conclusions.
	undermined
	bolstered
	ratified
	exacerbated
Not Answered	

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** It remains unclear whether the board intends to implement the proposal (1)/ or if the statement was merely a strategic ploy (2)/ aimed at appeasing shareholders (3)/ in light of the recent legal setbacks. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)

	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The presumption, not that the policies themselves were ill-conceived but rather that their rhetorical framing—laden with abstractions alien to grassroots discourse— (1)/ have contributed more to civic apathy (2)/ than implementation failures per se, reflects a deeper institutional detachment (3)/ than previously acknowledged. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** The university may confer honorary degrees upon exceptional scholars.
	Honorary degrees might have been conferred upon exceptional scholars by the university.
	Honorary degrees may be conferred upon exceptional scholars by the university.
	Honorary degrees may have conferred upon exceptional scholars by the university. Honorary degrees must be being conferred upon exceptional scholars by the university.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The legal scholar revised the **digest** of civil statutes.
	He took a tablet to aid his digest after the meal.

	The magazine's monthly digest reached a million readers.
	The editor proofread the tax digest overnight.
	The court referenced an old digest of maritime law.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The instructions have been misunderstood by many candidates.
	Many candidates misunderstood the instructions.
	Many candidates have misunderstood the instructions.
	The instructions misunderstood the candidates.
	The candidates misunderstand the instructions.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has evolved from being a peripheral philanthropic gesture to an integral strategic imperative in contemporary business ecosystems. Modern corporations are increasingly cognizant of their multifaceted responsibilities—not only to shareholders but also to employees, consumers, communities, and the environment. This paradigm shift reflects a recognition that long-term profitability and sustainability are inextricably linked to ethical conduct and inclusive growth. CSR transcends token charity; it encompasses deliberate initiatives aimed at environmental stewardship, equitable labour practices, transparent governance, and community development. For instance, corporations may engage in afforestation drives, fund educational scholarships, ensure fair wages, or invest in renewable energy solutions. Such undertakings are not merely altruistic—they bolster corporate reputation, foster consumer loyalty, and mitigate regulatory risks. In some jurisdictions, like India, CSR has been legislated, mandating certain profit thresholds to be reinvested into socially beneficial projects, thereby institutionalizing moral capitalism. However, genuine CSR is distinguished from superficial public relations exercises by its intent, consistency, and impact measurement. Tokenistic CSR—where companies engage in isolated acts of giving to polish their public image—can often be counterproductive, exposing ethical hollowness when scrutinized. Conversely, purpose-driven CSR, embedded into core business strategies, can catalyze innovation and expand market reach, especially in underserved regions. Furthermore, stakeholders—particularly the socially conscious millennial and Gen Z demographics—now scrutinize corporate behaviour with unprecedented vigilance. With social media amplifying accountability, any dissonance between a company's stated values and its actions can provoke swift reputational damage. Therefore, CSR today is as much about risk mitigation as it is about value creation. Ultimately, the most impactful CSR initiatives are those that align profit motives with societal advancement. When businesses act not merely as economic entities but as responsible social agents, they contribute meaningfully to holistic progress, bridging the chasm between commerce and conscience. What does the author primarily convey about CSR in modern times?
	It is outdated
	It is mandated in all countries
	It is central to business strategy
	It is limited to donations

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has evolved from being a peripheral philanthropic gesture to an integral strategic imperative in contemporary business ecosystems. Modern corporations are increasingly cognizant of their multifaceted responsibilities—not only to shareholders but also to employees, consumers, communities, and the environment. This paradigm shift reflects a recognition that long-term profitability and sustainability are inextricably linked to ethical conduct and inclusive growth. CSR transcends token charity; it encompasses deliberate initiatives aimed at environmental stewardship, equitable labour practices, transparent governance, and community development. For instance, corporations may engage in afforestation drives, fund educational scholarships, ensure fair wages, or invest in renewable energy solutions. Such undertakings are not merely altruistic—they bolster corporate reputation, foster consumer loyalty, and mitigate regulatory risks. In some jurisdictions, like India, CSR has been legislated, mandating certain profit thresholds to be reinvested into socially beneficial projects, thereby institutionalizing moral capitalism. However, genuine CSR is distinguished from superficial public relations exercises by its intent, consistency, and impact measurement. Tokenistic CSR—where companies engage in isolated acts of giving to polish their public image—can often be counterproductive, exposing ethical hollowness when scrutinized. Conversely, purpose-driven CSR, embedded into core business strategies, can catalyze innovation and expand market reach, especially in underserved regions. Furthermore, stakeholders—particularly the socially conscious millennial and Gen Z demographics—now scrutinize corporate behaviour with unprecedented vigilance. With social media amplifying accountability, any dissonance between a company's stated values and its actions can provoke swift reputational damage. Therefore, CSR today is as much about risk mitigation as it is about value creation. Ultimately, the most impactful CSR initiatives are those that align profit motives with societal advancement. When businesses act not merely as economic entities but as responsible social agents, they contribute meaningfully to holistic progress, bridging the chasm between commerce and conscience. Which action reflects **purpose-driven** CSR as per the paragraph?
	Occasional charity events
	Investing in renewable energy
	Publishing glossy brochures
	Avoiding taxes

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has evolved from being a peripheral philanthropic gesture to an integral strategic imperative in contemporary business ecosystems. Modern corporations are increasingly cognizant of their multifaceted responsibilities—not only to shareholders but also to employees, consumers, communities, and the environment. This paradigm shift reflects a recognition that long-term profitability and sustainability are inextricably linked to ethical conduct and inclusive growth. CSR transcends token charity; it encompasses deliberate initiatives aimed at environmental stewardship, equitable labour practices, transparent governance, and community development. For instance, corporations may engage in afforestation drives, fund educational scholarships, ensure fair wages, or invest in renewable energy solutions. Such undertakings are not merely altruistic—they bolster corporate reputation, foster consumer loyalty, and mitigate regulatory risks. In some jurisdictions, like India, CSR has been legislated, mandating certain profit thresholds to be reinvested into socially beneficial projects, thereby institutionalizing moral capitalism. However, genuine CSR is distinguished from superficial public relations exercises by its intent, consistency, and impact measurement. Tokenistic CSR—where companies engage in isolated acts of giving to polish their public image—can often be counterproductive, exposing ethical hollowness when scrutinized. Conversely, purpose-driven CSR, embedded into core business strategies, can catalyze innovation and expand market reach, especially in underserved regions. Furthermore, stakeholders—particularly the socially conscious millennial and Gen Z demographics—now scrutinize corporate behaviour with unprecedented vigilance. With social media amplifying accountability, any dissonance between a company's stated values and its actions can provoke swift reputational damage. Therefore, CSR today is as much about risk mitigation as it is about value creation. Ultimately, the most impactful CSR initiatives are those that align profit motives with societal advancement. When businesses act not merely as economic entities but as responsible social agents, they contribute meaningfully to holistic progress, bridging the chasm between commerce and conscience. How does the author differentiate genuine CSR from tokenistic CSR?
	Through environmental certification
	Through government involvement
	Through intent and impact
	Through marketing partnerships

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has evolved from being a peripheral philanthropic gesture to an integral strategic imperative in contemporary business ecosystems. Modern corporations are increasingly cognizant of their multifaceted responsibilities—not only to shareholders but also to employees, consumers, communities, and the environment. This paradigm shift reflects a recognition that long-term profitability and sustainability are inextricably linked to ethical conduct and inclusive growth. CSR transcends token charity; it encompasses deliberate initiatives aimed at environmental stewardship, equitable labour practices, transparent governance, and community development. For instance, corporations may engage in afforestation drives, fund educational scholarships, ensure fair wages, or invest in renewable energy solutions. Such undertakings are not merely altruistic—they bolster corporate reputation, foster consumer loyalty, and mitigate regulatory risks. In some jurisdictions, like India, CSR has been legislated, mandating certain profit thresholds to be reinvested into socially beneficial projects, thereby institutionalizing moral capitalism. However, genuine CSR is distinguished from superficial public relations exercises by its intent, consistency, and impact measurement. Tokenistic CSR—where companies engage in isolated acts of giving to polish their public image—can often be counterproductive, exposing ethical hollowness when scrutinized. Conversely, purpose-driven CSR, embedded into core business strategies, can catalyze innovation and expand market reach, especially in underserved regions. Furthermore, stakeholders—particularly the socially conscious millennial and Gen Z demographics—now scrutinize corporate behaviour with unprecedented vigilance. With social media amplifying accountability, any dissonance between a company's stated values and its actions can provoke swift reputational damage. Therefore, CSR today is as much about risk mitigation as it is about value creation. Ultimately, the most impactful CSR initiatives are those that align profit motives with societal advancement. When businesses act not merely as economic entities but as responsible social agents, they contribute meaningfully to holistic progress, bridging the chasm between commerce and conscience. What is the role of legislation in CSR according to the passage?
	It promotes shareholder profits
	It enforces minimum standards
	It abolishes business taxes
	It restricts competition

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has evolved from being a peripheral philanthropic gesture to an integral strategic imperative in contemporary business ecosystems. Modern corporations are increasingly cognizant of their multifaceted responsibilities—not only to shareholders but also to employees, consumers, communities, and the environment. This paradigm shift reflects a recognition that long-term profitability and sustainability are inextricably linked to ethical conduct and inclusive growth. CSR transcends token charity; it encompasses deliberate initiatives aimed at environmental stewardship, equitable labour practices, transparent governance, and community development. For instance, corporations may engage in afforestation drives, fund educational scholarships, ensure fair wages, or invest in renewable energy solutions. Such undertakings are not merely altruistic—they bolster corporate reputation, foster consumer loyalty, and mitigate regulatory risks. In some jurisdictions, like India, CSR has been legislated, mandating certain profit thresholds to be reinvested into socially beneficial projects, thereby institutionalizing moral capitalism. However, genuine CSR is distinguished from superficial public relations exercises by its intent, consistency, and impact measurement. Tokenistic CSR—where companies engage in isolated acts of giving to polish their public image—can often be counterproductive, exposing ethical hollowness when scrutinized. Conversely, purpose-driven CSR, embedded into core business strategies, can catalyze innovation and expand market reach, especially in underserved regions. Furthermore, stakeholders—particularly the socially conscious millennial and Gen Z demographics—now scrutinize corporate behaviour with unprecedented vigilance. With social media amplifying accountability, any dissonance between a company's stated values and its actions can provoke swift reputational damage. Therefore, CSR today is as much about risk mitigation as it is about value creation. Ultimately, the most impactful CSR initiatives are those that align profit motives with societal advancement. When businesses act not merely as economic entities but as responsible social agents, they contribute meaningfully to holistic progress, bridging the chasm between commerce and conscience. Why are millennials and Gen Z considered important in the CSR discourse?
	They dislike capitalism
	They support traditional businesses
	They demand ethical transparency
	They avoid social media

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He walked slowly ***lest he should fall.***
	in order to not fall

	so that he may not fall
	lest he fall
	for fear of falling

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He speaks English ***good***.
	very good
	nicely
	fluently
	well

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "My parents will arrive today."
	She said that her parents will arrive that day.
	She said her parents would arrive today.
	She said that her parents would arrive that day.
	She said her parents would be arriving today.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** He said that he wished to speak with the manager.
	"I wish to speak with the manager," he said.
	"I want to speak with the manager," he said. "I wished to speak with the manager," he said.
	"May I speak with the manager?" he said.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. It is a process that involves the systematic and objective investigation of a subject to discover new facts or to confirm existing ones. 2. Research is a foundational pillar of academic and scientific progress. 3. This can be either theoretical, aiming to expand knowledge, or applied, seeking to solve a practical problem. 4. The findings of this investigation are then documented and peer-reviewed to ensure validity and credibility.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	1, 2, 4, 3
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 4, 1, 2

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. A key strategy is to diversify energy sources, transitioning from fossil fuels to renewable alternatives like solar, wind, and geothermal power. 2. To mitigate the worst effects of climate change, the global community must drastically reduce its reliance on carbon-intensive energy production. 3. This shift not only decreases greenhouse gas emissions but also improves air quality and creates new economic opportunities. 4. Additionally, policies that promote energy efficiency in buildings and transportation can further lower overall energy consumption.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	1, 2, 3, 4
	4, 1, 2, 3
	2, 3, 1, 4

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	Sentence: "Reflections are clearer in calm waters."If each letter is mirrored using alphabetical symmetry (A↔Z, B↔Y...), what is the 2^{nd}etter of the 6^{th} word after mirroring? वाक्य: "Reflections are clearer in calm waters." अगर प्रत्येक अक्षर को वर्णमाला समरूपता (A↔Z, B↔Y...) का उपयोग करके प्रतिबिम्बित किया जाता है, तो प्रतिबिम्बित करने के बाद छठे शब्द का दूसरा अक्षर क्या है?
	d d
	x x
	y y
	z z
Not Answered	
Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is exactly the same as the one given below. Flat 201, Sapphire Tower, Garia Station Rd., Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084

	वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के बिल्कुल समान हो। Flat 201, Sapphire Tower, Garia Station Rd., Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084
	Flat 201, Saphire Tower, Garia Station Rd., Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084 Flat 201, Saphire Tower, Garia Station Rd., Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084
	Flat 201, Sapphire Tower, Garia Station Rd., Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084 Flat 201, Sapphire Tower, Garia Station Rd., Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084
	Flat 201, Sapphire Tower, Gariya Station Rd., Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084 Flat 201, Sapphire Tower, Gariya Station Rd., Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084
	Flat 201, Sapphire Tower, Garia Station Road, Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084 Flat 201, Sapphire Tower, Garia Station Road, Kolkata, West Bengal – 700084

Q.No: 3	Which of the following alternative will fill the blanks? **m_u_mg_p_gu_** निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प रिक्त स्थान भरेगा? **m_u_mg_p_gu_**
	g,p,u,m,p g,p,u,m,p
	g,p,u,p,m g,p,u,p,m
	p,u,u,p,m p,u,u,p,m
	p,p,u,m,g p,p,u,m,g

Q.No: 4	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **GBDF, GHMR, GNVD, GTEP, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: **GBDF, GHMR, GNVD, GTEP, ?** G Z M B G Z M B
	G Z N C G Z N C
	G Z N B G Z N B G Y N B

	G Y N B

Q.No: 5	If ' Z ' denotes 'addition', ' X ' denotes 'multiplication', ' Y ' denotes 'division', and ' W ' denotes 'subtraction', then what will be the value of the following expression? 3.2 Z (0.56 Y 1.4 X 4) W 5 X 5 Y 25 Z 5. अगर 'Z' 'जोड़' को दर्शाता है, 'X' 'गुणा' को दर्शाता है, 'Y' 'भाग' को दर्शाता है, और 'W' 'घटाव' को दर्शाता है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या होगा? 3.2 Z (0.56 Y 1.4 X 4) W 5 X 5 Y 25 Z 5.
	6.9 6.9
	8.8 8.8
	8.6 8.6
	9.8 9.8

Q.No: 6	Find the odd one out: विषम चुनें:
	A@1A, A@1A, B@2B, B@2B,
	C@4C, C@4C,
	D@4D D@4D

Q.No: 7	What will come at the place of question mark? **1, 3, 7, 15, 31, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? **1, 3, 7, 15, 31, ?**
	62 62
	63 63
	64

	64
	65 65

Q.No: 8	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** Deforestation in tropical rainforests, primarily driven by agricultural expansion and logging, not only contributes to the loss of biodiversity but also exacerbates global warming by reducing the Earth's capacity to absorb carbon dioxide. **Assumptions:** I. Deforestation reduces the Earth's ability to absorb carbon dioxide. II. Agricultural expansion and logging are the primary causes of deforestation. III. The loss of biodiversity is the most significant consequence of deforestation. **निर्देश**: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: उष्णकटिबंधीय वर्षावनों में वनों की कटाई, मुख्य रूप से कृषि विस्तार और कटाई के कारण, न केवल जैव विविधता के नुकसान में योगदान करती है, बल्कि कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड को अवशोषित करने की पृथ्वी की क्षमता को कम करके ग्लोबल वार्मिंग को भी बढ़ाती है। **मान्यताएँ**: I. वनों की कटाई से पृथ्वी की कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड को अवशोषित करने की क्षमता कम हो जाती है। II. कृषि विस्तार और कटाई वनों की कटाई के प्राथमिक कारण हैं। III. जैव विविधता का नुकसान वनों की कटाई का सबसे महत्वपूर्ण परिणाम है।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है
	All I, II and III are implicit सभी I, II और III निहित हैं

Q.No: 9	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The city experienced its worst rainfall in 50 years. Conclusions: I. The city's drainage systems may have failed. II. Such rainfall occurs regularly. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: शहर में 50 वर्षों में सबसे खराब बारिश हुई। निष्कर्ष: I. शहर की जल निकासी व्यवस्था विफल हो गई होगी। II. ऐसी वर्षा नियमित रूप से होती है।
	Only Conclusion I follows

	केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 10	How many meaningful four-letter English words can be formed using the first, second, third, and fifth letters of the word "TRAVEL" (when counted from left to right), using each letter only once in each word? "TRAVEL" शब्द के पहले, दूसरे, तीसरे और पांचवें अक्षरों का उपयोग करके (बाएं से दाएं गिनने पर) कितने सार्थक चार-अक्षर वाले अंग्रेजी शब्द बनाए जा सकते हैं, प्रत्येक शब्द में प्रत्येक अक्षर का केवल एक बार उपयोग करते हुए?
	One 1
	Three 3
	Two 2
	Five 5
Not Answered	

Q.No: 11	In the following question, a pair of letters is given, followed by its corresponding product of alphabetical positions (A = 1, B = 2, ..., Z = 26). A second pair of letters is given without its product. Identify the correct product for the second pair that maintains the same relationship as the first. **NxP : 14×16 :: ExI : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, अक्षरों का एक युग्म दिया गया है, जिसके बाद वर्णमाला क्रम के अनुसार उनके पदों का संगत गुणनफल दिया गया है (A = 1, B = 2, ..., Z = 26)। अक्षरों का एक दूसरा युग्म बिना गुणनफल के दिया गया है। दूसरे युग्म का सही गुणनफल ज्ञात कीजिए जो पहले युग्म के समान संबंध बनाए रखता है। NxP : 14×16 :: ExI : ?
	5×9 5×9
	6×9 6×9
	5×10 5×10
	6×8 6×8

Q.No: 12	Complete the series. Z1, Y2, X3, W4, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। Z1, Y2, X3, W4, ?
	V5 V5
	V4 V4
	U5 U5
	X5 X5

Q.No: 13	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए: Article 14 अनुच्छेद 14
	Article 19 अनुच्छेद 19
	Article 21 अनुच्छेद 21
	Article 370 अनुच्छेद 370

Q.No: 14	A is the daughter of B. B is the son of C. D is the wife of C. How is D related to A? A, B की पुत्री है। B, C का पुत्र है। D, C की पत्नी है। D, A से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Aunt चाची
	Mother माँ
	Grandmother दादी
	Sister बहन

Q.No: 15	If 3 + 4 = 19 and 2 + 5 = 17, what is 1 + 6 = ? यदि 3 + 4 = 19 और 2 + 5 = 17 है, तो 1 + 6 = क्या है?
	15 15
	13 13
	12 12
	11 11

Q.No: 16	In a certain code language, each letter is assigned a unique digit. Based on the given codes for specific words, determine the code for the target word using the same logic. If **SPEED** is coded as **83551** and **COOL** is coded as **9226**, then how will **SCOOP** be coded किसी विशिष्ट कूट भाषा में, प्रत्येक अक्षर को एक विशिष्ट अंक दिया जाता है। विशिष्ट शब्दों के लिए दिए गए कूटों के आधार पर, उसी तर्क का उपयोग करके लक्ष्य शब्द का कूट निर्धारित कीजिए। यदि **SPEED** को **83551** और **COOL** को **9226** लिखा जाता है, तो **SCOOP** को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	89213 89213
	89276 89276
	89223 89223
	89327 89327

Q.No: 17	If 5 * 4 = 41 and 6 * 3 = 45, what is 7 * 2? यदि 5 * 4 = 41 और 6 * 3 = 45, तो 7 * 2 क्या है?
	48 48
	51 51
	53 53
	55 55

Q.No: 18	If 'READ' is coded as T2@3, and 'DEAR' is coded as 3@2T, then what is the code for 'DARE'? यदि 'READ' को T2@3 के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, और 'DEAR' को 3@2T के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'DARE' के लिए कोड क्या है?
	3@T2 3@T2
	T@23 T@23
	@32T @32T
	@32Y @32Y

Q.No: 19	What is the average of 5 consecutive odd numbers starting from 13? 13 से शुरू होने वाली 5 क्रमागत विषम संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?
	17 17
	18 18
	20 20
	23 23

Q.No: 20	"If the given symbols mean: '+' means 'divided by' '-' means 'multiplied by' 'x' means 'minus' '÷' means 'plus' Then, find the value of the following expressions: 40 x 5 ÷ 8 + 16 - 2=? यदि दिए गए प्रतीकों का अर्थ है: '+' का अर्थ है 'से भाग' '-' का अर्थ है 'से गुणा' 'x' का अर्थ है 'घटाना' '÷' का अर्थ है 'जोड़ना' तो, निम्नलिखित व्यंजकों का मान ज्ञात कीजिए: 40 x 5 ÷ 8 + 16 - 2=?
	56 56

	27 27
	48 48
	36 36

Q.No: 21	Pointing to a photograph, a man says, “She is the daughter of the only son of my father's wife”. Who is the woman to the man? एक तस्वीर की ओर इशारा करते हुए एक आदमी कहता है, "वह मेरे पिता की पत्नी के इकलौते बेटे की बेटी है।" वह महिला उस आदमी की कौन है?
	Sister बहन Cousin चचेरा
	Niece भतीजी
	Daughter बेटी

Q.No: 22	If ‘×’ = ‘+’, ‘+’ = ‘−’, ‘−’ = ‘÷’, ‘÷’ = ‘×’, which equation is correct? यदि ‘×’ = ‘+’, ‘+’ = ‘−’, ‘−’ = ‘÷’, ‘÷’ = ‘×’, तो कौन सा समीकरण सही है?
	10 + 2 × 2 − 4 = 10 10 + 2 × 2 − 4 = 10
	14 ÷ 2 − 2 + 4 = 10 14 ÷ 2 − 2 + 4 = 10
	12 × 2 + 4 − 1 = 27 12 × 2 + 4 − 1 = 27
	8 + 4 − 2 × 1 = 10 8 + 4 − 2 × 1 = 10

Q.No: 23	Read the following **statements** and evaluate the **conclusions** based on traditional syllogistic logic. Consider the statements to be absolutely true, even if they appear contrary to known facts. Determine which conclusion(s) logically follow from the given statements. **Statements:** All metals are elements. Some elements are gases. **Conclusions:** I. Some metals are gases. II. All gases being elements is a possibility. निम्नलिखित **कथनों** को पढ़ें और पारंपरिक न्यायवाक्य तर्क के आधार पर **निष्कर्षों** का मूल्यांकन करें। इन कथनों को पूर्णतः सत्य मानें, भले ही वे ज्ञात तथ्यों के विपरीत प्रतीत हों। निर्धारित करें कि दिए गए कथनों से कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष तार्किक रूप से निकलते हैं/निकलते हैं। **कथन:** सभी धातुएँ तत्व हैं। कुछ तत्व गैस हैं। **निष्कर्ष:** I. कुछ धातुएँ गैस हैं। II. सभी गैसों का तत्व होना एक संभावना है।
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 24	If '+' means '×', '−' means '÷', '×' means '+', then 4 − 2 × 3 + 6 = ? यदि '+' का अर्थ '×' है, '−' का अर्थ '÷' है, '×' का अर्थ '+' है, तो 4 − 2 × 3 + 6 = ?
	12 12
	6 6
	5 5
	20 20

Q.No: 25	The ratio of two numbers is 4:5 and their sum is 180. Find the numbers. दो संख्याओं का अनुपात 4:5 है और उनका योग 180 है। संख्याएँ ज्ञात कीजिए।

	60 and 75 60और 75
	72 and 108 72 और 108
	80 and 100 80 और 100
	64 and 116 64 और 116

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	What feature was used on Golconda Fort's gates to protect it during attacks involving war elephants? युद्ध हाथियों के हमलों के दौरान गोलकुंडा किले की सुरक्षा के लिए इसके द्वारों पर क्या विशेषता का उपयोग किया गया था?
	Deep moat with water channels जल चैनलों के साथ गहरी खाई
	Electrified spikes विद्युतीकृत स्पाइक्स
	Steel spikes on doors दरवाजों पर स्टील की कीलें
	Stone cannon towers पत्थर के तोप टावर
Q.No: 27	Which of the following best captures the core rituals and symbolism of the Fagli (Kus/Kuns) festival in Pattan Valley? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा पट्टन घाटी में फगली (कुस/कुंस) त्योहार के मुख्य अनुष्ठानों और प्रतीकात्मकता को सबसे अच्छी तरह दर्शाता है?
	Baraza, symbolizing Shikhara-Appa, is made with marigold and turmeric and placed at village shrines. शिखर-अप्पा का प्रतीक बरजा, गेंदा और हल्दी से बनाया जाता है और गांव के मंदिरों में रखा जाता है।

	Punha involves symbolic ploughing indoors using willow sticks, reflecting farming hopes during snow. पुन्हा में विलो की लकड़ियों का उपयोग करके घर के अंदर प्रतीकात्मक रूप से हल चलाने की प्रथा शामिल है, जो बर्फबारी के दौरान खेती की उम्मीदों को दर्शाती है।
	Totu, made of wheat and honey, is offered on rooftops to priests, then fed to goats. गेहूं और शहद से बना टोटू, छतों पर पुजारियों को चढ़ाया जाता है, फिर बकरियों को खिलाया जाता है।
	Kwari sweets are made by elder women for temple offerings, as men chant to crow spirits. मंदिर में चढ़ावे के लिए बुजुर्ग महिलाएं क्वारी मिठाई बनाती हैं, जबकि पुरुष आत्माओं को बुलाने के लिए मंत्रोच्चार करते हैं।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 28	Determine the correctly matched Gupta fiscal term with its meaning. गुप्त राजकोषीय शब्द को उसके अर्थ के साथ सही ढंग से सुमेलित कीजिए।
	Hiranya – compulsory labour service हिरण्य – अनिवार्य श्रम सेवा Dhanya – gold tax धान्य – सोने पर कर
	Bhoga – king's share of produce भोग - उपज में राजा का हिस्सा
	Vaishthika – forced or corvée labour वैष्ठिका - जबरन या कारवी श्रम

Q.No: 29	Which musical instrument from Sikkim is believed to have been the first created for the deity Tetlara Lahadongna, and is associated with mythological origins? सिक्किम का वह कौन-सा वाद्य यंत्र है जिसे माना जाता है कि यह देवता टेटलारा लाहाडोंगना के लिए सबसे पहले बनाया गया था, और जिसका संबंध पौराणिक उत्पत्ति से है?
	Niyara Hongsing Ke नियारा होंगसिंग के
	Simikla Koom (Binayo) सिमिकला कूम (बिनायो)
	Yema Dhol येमा ढोल Nagara of Yeba येबा का नगर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Karnam Malleswari became the first Indian woman to win an Olympic medal in which sporting discipline?

	कर्णम मल्लेश्वरी किस खेल में ओलंपिक पदक जीतने वाली पहली भारतीय महिला बनीं?
	Boxing मुक्केबाज़ी
	Athletics क्रीड़ा
	Weightlifting भारोत्तोलन
	Long Jump लंबी छलांग
Q.No: 31	**Match each ruler listed in Column A with their respective period of reign given in Column B:** **Column A: Ruler** | **Column B: Reign Period** A. Qutbuddin Aybak | 1. 1175–1192 B. Prithviraj Chauhan | 2. 1206–1210 C. Alauddin Khalji | 3. 1296–1316 D. Muhammad Tughluq | 4. 1324–1351 **स्तंभ A में दिए गए प्रत्येक शासक का मिलान स्तंभ B में दी गई उनकी शासन अवधि से करें:** **स्तंभ A: शासक** | **स्तंभ B: शासन काल** A. कुतुबुद्दीन ऐबक | 1. 1175–1192 B. पृथ्वीराज चौहान | 2. 1206–1210 C. अलाउद्दीन खिलजी | 3. 1296–1316 D. मुहम्मद तुगलक | 4. 1324–1351
	A → 1, B → 2, C → 3, D → 4 A → 1, B → 2, C → 3, D → 4 A → 4, B → 1, C → 3, D → 2 A → 4, B → 1, C → 3, D → 2
	A → 3, B → 1, C → 2, D → 4 A → 3, B → 1, C → 2, D → 4

	A → 2, B → 1, C → 3, D → 4 A → 2, B → 1, C → 3, D → 4

Q.No: 32	**Fill in the blanks:** At the 1984 Summer Olympics, P. T. Usha narrowly missed a bronze medal by _____ of a second. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** 1984 के ग्रीष्मकालीन ओलंपिक में, पी. टी. उषा _____ सेकंड से कांस्य पदक से चूक गईं।
	One-hundredth एक-सौवां
	One-tenth दसवां
	One-thousandth एक हजारवा
	One-fiftyth एक-पचासवां
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	**Fill in the Blank:** During India's BRICS Chairship in 2021, key initiatives included the Digital Health Summit and the _____ for environmental cooperation. **रिक्त स्थान भरें: 2021 में भारत की ब्रिक्स अध्यक्षता के दौरान, प्रमुख पहलों में डिजिटल स्वास्थ्य शिखर सम्मेलन और पर्यावरण सहयोग के लिए _____ शामिल थे।**
	BRICS Water Security Pact ब्रिक्स जल सुरक्षा समझौता
	BRICS Alliance for Green Tourism हरित पर्यटन के लिए ब्रिक्स गठबंधन
	BRICS Climate Finance Agreement ब्रिक्स जलवायु वित्त समझौता
	BRICS Sustainable Energy Forum ब्रिक्स सतत ऊर्जा मंच

Q.No: 34	Who wrote 'Indica: A Deep Natural History of the Indian Subcontinent'? 'इंडिका: ए डीप नेचुरल हिस्ट्री ऑफ द इंडियन सबकॉन्टिनेंट' किसने लिखी?
	Sanjeev Sanyal संजीव सान्याल
	Pranay Lal

	प्रणय लाल
	Rohan Murty रोहन मूर्ति
	Tony Joseph टोनी जोसेफ

Q.No: 35	Which of the following about the men's hockey event at the 38th National Games 2025 is/are **correct?** 1.) Karnataka beat Uttar Pradesh 3–2 in the final. 2.) Karnataka vs Maharashtra semifinal ended 2–2, decided by shootout. 3.) Punjab won bronze by defeating Maharashtra 1–0. 38वें राष्ट्रीय खेल 2025 में पुरुष हॉकी स्पर्धा के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं? 1.) कर्नाटक ने फाइनल में उत्तर प्रदेश को 3-2 से हराया। 2.) कर्नाटक बनाम महाराष्ट्र सेमीफाइनल 2-2 से बराबरी पर छूटा, जिसका फैसला शूटआउट से हुआ। 3.) पंजाब ने महाराष्ट्र को 1-0 से हराकर कांस्य पदक जीता।
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Both 1 and 3 are correct 1 और 3 दोनों सही हैं
	Both 2 and 3 are correct 3 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 all are Correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	What initiative did Dr. Jitendra Singh launch in May 2025 as MoS PMO and MoS Personnel? मई 2025 में प्रधानमंत्री कार्यालय और कार्मिक राज्य मंत्री के रूप में डॉ. जितेंद्र सिंह ने कौन सी पहल शुरू की?
	National Grievance Redress Portal राष्ट्रीय शिकायत निवारण पोर्टल
	e-Civil List 2025 e-book ई-सिविल सूची 2025 ई-पुस्तक
	Central Police Commemoration Day केंद्रीय पुलिस स्मृति दिवस
	Digital Land Records Survey डिजिटल भूमि अभिलेख सर्वेक्षण
Not Answered	

O.No: 37	Uttar Pradesh accounted for approximately what percent of India's total population in 2011?

	2011 में उत्तर प्रदेश की जनसंख्या भारत की कुल जनसंख्या का लगभग कितना प्रतिशत थी?
	10% 10%
	12% 12%
	16% 16%
	18% 18%

Q.No: 38	What does the designation HLVM3 stand for in the Gaganyaan mission context? गगनयान मिशन के संदर्भ में HLVM3 का क्या अर्थ है?
	Heavy LVM3 भारी LVM3
	Hybrid LVM3 हाइब्रिड LVM3
	Human LVM3 मानव LVM3
	High LVM3 उच्च LVM3

Q.No: 39	Which of the following minerals is found in large quantities in India and holds high economic importance? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा खनिज भारत में बड़ी मात्रा में पाया जाता है और उच्च आर्थिक महत्व रखता है?
	Copper ताँबा
	Petroleum पेट्रोलियम
	Iron ore लौह अयस्क
	Tin टिन

Q.No: 40	Consider the following statements: 1) Both the Prime Minister (PM) and Chief Minister (CM) can advise dissolution of the respective Lower House. 2) Only the PM can recommend President's Rule under Article 356 of the Constitution. Which of the statements is/are **correct?** निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1) प्रधानमंत्री (पीएम) और मुख्यमंत्री (सीएम) दोनों ही संबंधित निचले सदन को भंग करने की सलाह दे सकते हैं। 2) संविधान के अनुच्छेद 356 के तहत केवल प्रधानमंत्री ही राष्ट्रपति शासन की सिफारिश कर सकते हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Q.No: 41	Which of the following pairs of type of nutrient – nutrient is correctly matched? निम्नलिखित में से पोषक तत्व के प्रकार - पोषक तत्व का कौन सा युग्म सही सुमेलित है?
	Micronutrient – Calcium सूक्ष्म पोषक तत्व – कैल्शियम
	Macronutrient – Zinc मैक्रोन्यूट्रिएंट – जिंक
	Micronutrient – Boron सूक्ष्म पोषक तत्व – बोरोन
	Macronutrient – Iron मैक्रोन्यूट्रिएंट – आयरन

Q.No: 42	Which of the following pairs is correctly matched regarding electromagnetic devices? विद्युत चुम्बकीय उपकरणों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म सही सुमेलित है?
	Electric Generator : Converts electrical energy to mechanical energy. विद्युत जनरेटर: विद्युत ऊर्जा को यांत्रिक ऊर्जा में परिवर्तित करता है।
	Transformer : Operates on DC current to change voltage. ट्रांसफार्मर: वोल्टेज बदलने के लिए डीसी करंट पर काम करता है।
	Electromagnet : A permanent magnet. विद्युत चुम्बक : एक स्थायी चुम्बक।
	Electric Bell : Uses the magnetic effect of electric current.

	विद्युत घंटी: विद्युत धारा के चुंबकीय प्रभाव का उपयोग करती है।

Q.No: 43	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A):** Mission Amrit Sarovar promotes water conservation. **Reason (R):** It aims to construct 75 ponds in each district by 2024. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए:** **अभिकथन (A):** मिशन अमृत सरोवर जल संरक्षण को बढ़ावा देता है। **कारण (R):** इसका लक्ष्य 2024 तक प्रत्येक जिले में 75 तालाबों का निर्माण करना है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 44	Consider the statements about Rauf: 1. It is a women's group dance of Kashmir usually performed at Eid. 2. Dancers align in two facing rows executing toe-heel footwork called ras. Which is/are **correct?** रऊफ़ के बारे में कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. यह कश्मीर का महिलाओं का एक समूह नृत्य है जो आमतौर पर ईद पर किया जाता है। 2. नर्तक दो आमने-सामने की पंक्तियों में खड़े होकर पैर की उंगलियों से एड़ी तक के फुटवर्क करते हैं जिसे रास कहा जाता है। कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 correct केवल 1 सही
	Only 2 correct केवल 2 सही
	Both 1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 45	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** India's rank in the Global Happiness Index is lower than most South Asian neighbours. **Reason (R):** India's GDP per capita is the lowest in South Asia. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ: अभिकथन (A): वैश्विक प्रसन्नता सूचकांक में भारत का स्थान अधिकांश दक्षिण एशियाई पड़ोसी देशों से कम है। कारण (R): भारत की प्रति व्यक्ति जीडीपी दक्षिण एशिया में सबसे कम है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 46	Which Indian river was added to the National River Conservation Plan in 2024? 2024 में राष्ट्रीय नदी संरक्षण योजना में किस भारतीय नदी को जोड़ा गया?
	Yamuna यमुना
	Musi मूसी
	Krishna कृष्णा
	Gomti गोमती

Q.No: 47	Article 50 is part of which section of the Constitution? अनुच्छेद 50 संविधान के किस भाग का हिस्सा है?
	Fundamental Duties मौलिक कर्तव्य
	Directive Principles of State Policy राज्य नीति के निर्देशक सिद्धांत
	Fundamental Rights मौलिक अधिकार
	Preamble प्रस्तावना

Q.No: 4	Arrange the following in chronological order: 1. GST Council constituted 2. Constitution (101st Amendment) Act enacted 3. GST launched Choose the correct chronological sequence: निम्नलिखित को कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें: 1. जीएसटी परिषद का गठन 2. संविधान (101वां संशोधन) अधिनियम लागू 3. जीएसटी लागू सही कालानुक्रमिक क्रम चुनें:
	1-2-3 1-2-3
	2-1-3 2-1-3
	3-2-1 3-2-1
	2-3-1 2-3-1

Q.No: 49	Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the **correct** option. **Assertion (A):** The IPR 1956 created an industrial classification into Schedules A, B, and C. **Reason (R):** This was to identify sectors for exclusive state control, joint sectors, and private sector operation. निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें। अभिकथन (A): आईपीआर 1956 ने अनुसूची A, B और C में औद्योगिक वर्गीकरण बनाया। कारण (R): इसका उद्देश्य अनन्य राज्य नियंत्रण, संयुक्त क्षेत्रों और निजी क्षेत्र के संचालन के लिए क्षेत्रों की पहचान करना था।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है। A is false but R is true. A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 50	Regarding Earth's major climatic zones: 1. Tropical zones experience minimal seasonal temperature variation 2. Temperate zones are characterized by four distinct seasons. Which of the above is/are correct?

	पृथ्वी के प्रमुख जलवायु क्षेत्रों के संबंध में: 1. उष्णकटिबंधीय क्षेत्रों में न्यूनतम मौसमी तापमान परिवर्तन होता है। 2. समशीतोष्ण क्षेत्रों की विशेषता चार अलग-अलग ऋतुएँ हैं। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	Statement 1 only केवल कथन 1
	Statement 2 only केवल कथन 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	If P : Q = 6 : 11, Q : R = 5 : 4, and R : S = 9 : 7, find P : Q : R : S. यदि P : Q = 6 : 11, Q : R = 5 : 4, तथा R : S = 9 : 7, तो P : Q : R : S ज्ञात कीजिए।
	270 : 495 : 396 : 308 270 : 495 : 396 : 308
	6 : 11 : 4 : 7 6 : 11 : 4 : 7
	30 : 55 : 44 : 35 30 : 55 : 44 : 35
	270 : 396 : 495 : 308 270 : 396 : 495 : 308
Q.No: 52	A bag contains ₹10, ₹5, and ₹2 coins in the ratio 1 : 2 : 3. If the total amount of money in the bag is ₹390, find the number of coins of each kind. एक बैग में 1 : 2 : 3 के अनुपात में ₹10, ₹5 और ₹2 के सिक्के हैं। यदि बैग में कुल धनराशि ₹390 है, तो प्रत्येक प्रकार के सिक्कों की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	10 coins of ₹10, 20 of ₹5, and 30 of ₹2

	₹10 के 10 सिक्के, ₹5 के 20 सिक्के और ₹2 के 30 सिक्के
	15 coins of ₹10, 30 of ₹5, and 45 of ₹2 ₹10 के 15 सिक्के, ₹5 के 30 सिक्के और ₹2 के 45 सिक्के
	20 coins of ₹10, 40 of ₹5, and 60 of ₹2 ₹10 के 20 सिक्के, ₹5 के 40 सिक्के और ₹2 के 60 सिक्के
	12 coins of ₹10, 24 of ₹5, and 36 of ₹2 ₹10 के 12 सिक्के, ₹5 के 24 सिक्के और ₹2 के 36 सिक्के

Q.No: 53	A tank holds $5\frac{3}{4}$ liters of water. If 2.375 liters are drained twice, how much water remains? एक टैंक में $5\frac{3}{4}$ लीटर पानी है। यदि 2.375 लीटर पानी दो बार खाली कर दिया जाए, तो कितना पानी बचेगा?
	1 1
	$1\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{3}{8}$ $1\frac{3}{8}$
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ $1\frac{1}{2}$

Q.No: 54	Simplify:$[(\frac{2}{3}) + (\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{2}{7})] \div [(\frac{3}{2}) - (\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{4})]$ सरल करें:$[(\frac{2}{3}) + (\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{2}{7})] \div [(\frac{3}{2}) - (\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{4})]$
	$\frac{416}{105}$ $\frac{416}{105}$
	$\frac{418}{110}$ $\frac{418}{110}$ $\frac{425}{250}$ $\frac{425}{250}$
	$\frac{526}{350}$ $\frac{526}{350}$

Q.No: 55	Simplify:$(2\frac{1}{2} + 3.6) \div 0.75 + (1.25 \times \frac{4}{5})$ सरल करें:$(2\frac{1}{2} + 3.6) \div 0.75 + (1.25 \times \frac{4}{5})$
	$\frac{137}{15}$ $\frac{137}{15}$
	$\frac{160}{15}$ $\frac{160}{15}$
	$\frac{127}{15}$ $\frac{127}{15}$
	$\frac{148}{15}$ $\frac{148}{15}$

Q.No: 56	A and B invested in a business in the ratio 5:6. The profit ratio was 10:9. If B invested his money for 12 months, for how many months did A invest? A और B ने 5:6 के अनुपात में एक व्यवसाय में निवेश किया। लाभ अनुपात 10:9 था। यदि B ने अपना पैसा 12 महीने के लिए निवेश किया, तो A ने कितने महीनों के लिए निवेश किया?
	15 months 15 महीने
	16 months 16 महीने
	17 months 17 महीने
	18 months 18 महीने
Not Answered	

Q.No: 57	The average of 9 numbers is 56. When one number is removed, the average becomes 54. What number was removed? 9 संख्याओं का औसत 56 है। जब एक संख्या हटा दी जाती है, तो औसत 54 हो जाता है। कौन सी संख्या हटाई गई?
	52 52
	72 72
	82 82

	92 92

Q.No: 58

Table – Weekly Fuel Usage (litres)

Vehicle	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri
Truck1	18	20	22	21	19
Truck 2	25	24	26	23	24

Q: What is the overall average daily fuel usage for both trucks?

तालिका – साप्ताहिक ईंधन उपयोग (लीटर में)

वाहन	सोम	मंगल	बुध	गुरु	शुक्र
ट्रक1	18	20	22	21	19
ट्रक2	25	24	26	23	24

प्रश्न: दोनों ट्रकों के लिए कुल औसत दैनिक ईंधन उपयोग क्या है?

	27 litres 27 लीटर
	22.2 litres 22.2 लीटर
	28 litres 28 लीटर
	21.5 litres 21.5 लीटर

Q.No: 59

A sum becomes ₹12100 in 2 years at 10% Compound Interest annually. Find the principal.

एक धनराशि 10% वार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज की दर से 2 वर्ष में ₹12100 हो जाती है। मूलधन ज्ञात कीजिए।

	₹10000 ₹10000
	₹11000 ₹11000
	₹11500 ₹11500

	₹10500 ₹10500

Q.No: 60	A grocer purchased 50 kg of rice at ₹40 per kg and 20 kg of another variety of rice at ₹55 per kg. He mixed the two varieties and sold the entire mixture at ₹48 per kg. Find his total profit or loss in this transaction. एक पंसारी ने 50 किलो चावल ₹40 प्रति किलो की दर से और 20 किलो चावल की दूसरी किस्म ₹55 प्रति किलो की दर से खरीदी। उसने दोनों किस्मों को मिलाया और पूरे मिश्रण को ₹48 प्रति किलो की दर से बेचा। इस लेन-देन में उसका कुल लाभ या हानि ज्ञात कीजिए।
	Loss of ₹260 ₹260 का नुकसान
	Loss of ₹240 ₹240 का नुकसान
	Profit of ₹260 ₹260 का लाभ
	Loss of ₹290 ₹290 का नुकसान

Q.No: 61	A television set has a marked price of ₹ 20,000. It is sold after two successive discounts. If the first discount is 15% and the final selling price is ₹ 15,300, what is the percentage of the second discount? एक टेलीविज़न सेट का अंकित मूल्य ₹ 20,000 है। इसे दो क्रमिक छूट के बाद बेचा जाता है। यदि पहली छूट 15% है और अंतिम विक्रय मूल्य ₹ 15,300 है, तो दूसरी छूट का प्रतिशत क्या है?
	10% 10%
	12% 12%
	14% 14% 15% 15%

Q.No: 62	A manufacturer marked a product 30% above its cost price. He provided a discount to a customer, which resulted in him making a profit of 17%. What was the rate of discount given by the manufacturer? एक निर्माता ने एक उत्पाद पर उसके लागत मूल्य से 30% अधिक मूल्य अंकित किया। उसने एक ग्राहक को छूट प्रदान की, जिसके परिणामस्वरूप उसे 17% का लाभ हुआ। निर्माता द्वारा दी गई छूट की दर क्या थी?
	24% 24% 50%

	50%
	60% 60%
	10% 10%

Q.No: 63	Two containers, A and B, contain mixtures of alcohol and water. Container A has alcohol and water in the ratio 4:1, while Container B has them in the ratio 5:2. If 10 liters are drawn from Container A and 14 liters from Container B, and the contents are mixed in a third container, what is the ratio of alcohol to water in the new mixture? दो कंटेनर, A और B, में शराब और पानी का मिश्रण है। कंटेनर A में शराब और पानी का अनुपात 4:1 है, जबकि कंटेनर B में उनका अनुपात 5:2 है। यदि कंटेनर A से 10 लीटर और कंटेनर B से 14 लीटर निकाला जाता है, और सामग्री को तीसरे कंटेनर में मिलाया जाता है, तो नए मिश्रण में शराब और पानी का अनुपात क्या है?
	3:1 3:1
	7:2 7:2
	9:4 9:4
	11:3 11:3

Not Answered

Q.No: 64	If the radius of a sphere is increased to twice its original size, what is the ratio of the new surface area to the original surface area, as well as the proportion of the new volume to the original volume? यदि किसी गोले की त्रिज्या को उसके मूल आकार से दोगुना बढ़ा दिया जाए, तो नए पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल का मूल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या होगा, तथा नए आयतन का मूल आयतन से अनुपात क्या होगा?
	4:1 and 2:1 4:1 और 2:1
	4:1 and 8:1 4:1 और 8:1
	8:1 and 4:1 8:1 और 4:1
	2:1 and 4:1 2:1 और 4:1

Q.No: 65	A hemisphere and a cone share the same base and have equal volumes. Given that their common radius is R, determine the height of the cone.

	एक अर्धगोला और एक शंकु एक ही आधार साझा करते हैं और उनका आयतन बराबर है। दिया गया है कि उनकी सामान्य त्रिज्या R है, शंकु की ऊँचाई निर्धारित करें।
	2R 2R
	R R
	5R 5R
	4R 4R

Q.No: 66	A solid hemisphere of radius 10 cm is melted into two cones of equal height. If each cone's radius is 5 cm, what is the height of each cone? 10 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक ठोस अर्धगोले को पिघलाकर बराबर ऊँचाई के दो शंकु बनाए गए हैं। यदि प्रत्येक शंकु की त्रिज्या 5 सेमी है, तो प्रत्येक शंकु की ऊँचाई क्या है?
	40 cm 40 सेमी
	45 cm 45 सेमी
	50 cm 50 सेमी
	55cm 55 सेमी

Q.No: 67	If base perimeter = 40 cm, slant height = 10 cm, what is lateral surface area of square pyramid? यदि आधार परिमाप = 40 सेमी, तिर्यक ऊँचाई = 10 सेमी, तो वर्गाकार पिरामिड का पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	260 cm^2 260 सेमी^{2}
	200 cm^2 200 सेमी^{2}
	400 cm^2 400 सेमी^{2}
	432 cm^2 432 सेमी^{2}
Not Answered	

Q.No: 68	Two circular pizzas have radii in the ratio 2:3. If the smaller pizza has an area of $100\pi\ cm^2$, what is the area of the larger pizza? दो गोलाकार पिज़्ज़ा की त्रिज्याओं का अनुपात 2:3 है। यदि छोटे पिज़्ज़ा का क्षेत्रफल है $100\pi\ cm^2$,बड़े पिज़्ज़ा का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	$265\pi\ cm^2$ 265π सेमी^{2}
	$225\pi\ cm^2$ 225π सेमी^{2}
	$215\pi\ cm^2$ 215π सेमी^{2}
	$250\pi\ cm^2$ 250π सेमी^{2}

Q.No: 69	In a triangle ABC, medians AD and BE intersect at G. If the length of median AD is 12 cm, what is the length of the segment AG? त्रिभुज ABC में, माध्यिकाएँ AD और BE, G पर प्रतिच्छेद करती हैं। यदि माध्यिका AD की लंबाई 12 सेमी है, तो वृत्तखंड AG की लंबाई क्या है?
	4 cm 4 सेमी
	6 cm 6 सेमी
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	9 cm 9 सेमी

Q.No: 70	Two right-angled triangular blocks, ABC and DEF, have $\angle B=\angle E=90^\circ$. If the lengths of the hypotenuses AC and DF are equal, and the sides AB and DE are equal, are the triangles congruent? If so, by what rule? दो समकोण त्रिभुजाकार ब्लॉक, ABC और DEF, के $\angle B=\angle E=90^\circ$ हैं। यदि कर्ण AC और DF की लंबाइयाँ बराबर हैं, और भुजाएँ AB और DE बराबर हैं, तो क्या त्रिभुज सर्वांगसम हैं? यदि हाँ, तो किस नियम से?
	Yes, by SSS हाँ, SSSद्वारा
	Yes, by SAS हाँ, SAS द्वारा
	Yes, by RHS हाँ, RHS द्वारा
	Yes, by ASA हाँ, ASA द्वारा

Q.No: 71	A right triangle ABC is inscribed in a circle with a diameter of 10 cm. An altitude BD is drawn from the vertex B to the hypotenuse AC. If the length of the leg AB is 6 cm, what is the length of the segment AD? एक समकोण त्रिभुज ABC 10 सेमी व्यास वाले एक वृत्त के अंतर्गत अंकित है। शीर्ष B से कर्ण AC तक एक शीर्षलंब BD खींचा गया है। यदि भुजा AB की लंबाई 6 सेमी है, तो वृत्तखंड AD की लंबाई क्या है?
	3.6 cm 3.6 सेमी
	4 cm 4 सेमी
	4.8 cm 4.8 सेमी
	6 cm 6सेमी

Q.No: 72	Two circles intersect at two points. Which of the following statements is true? दो वृत्त दो बिंदुओं पर प्रतिच्छेद करते हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य है?
	The internal tangent is longer than the external tangent आंतरिक स्पर्शरेखा बाह्य स्पर्शरेखा से लंबी होती है
	Only two common tangents exist केवल दो सामान्य स्पर्शरेखाएँ मौजूद हैं
	The number of tangents depends on radii स्पर्शरेखाओं की संख्या त्रिज्याओं पर निर्भर करती है
	They must be concentric उन्हें संकेन्द्रित होना चाहिए

Q.No: 73	Two circles with radii r_1 and r_2 touch each other externally. If the length of their direct common tangent is T, which of the following is the correct relationship between T, r_1, and r_2? दो वृत्त जिनकी त्रिज्याएँ $r1$ और $r2$ हैं, एक-दूसरे को बाह्य रूप से स्पर्श करते हैं। यदि उनकी सीधी सामान्य स्पर्शरेखा की लंबाई T है, तो T,$r1$ और $r2$ के बीच निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सही संबंध है?
	$T = r_1 + r_2$ $T = r_1 + r_2$
	$T = 2(r_1 + r_2)$ $T = 2(r_1 + r_2)$
	$T = 2\sqrt{r_1 r_2}$ $T = 2\sqrt{r_1 r_2}$
	$T = r_1^2 + r_2^2$

	$T = r_1^2 + r_2^2$

Q.No: 74	A chord of a circle has a length of 12 cm. The angle subtended by the chord at a point on the circumference is 30°. What is the distance from the center of the circle to the chord? एक वृत्त की जीवा की लंबाई 12 सेमी है। परिधि पर स्थित एक बिंदु पर जीवा द्वारा बनाया गया कोण 30° है। वृत्त के केंद्र से जीवा की दूरी कितनी है?
	$6\sqrt{3}$ cm $6\sqrt{3}$ सेमी
	$3\sqrt{3}$ cm $3\sqrt{3}$ सेमी
	6 cm 6 सेमी
	3 cm 3 सेमी

Q.No: 75	What is the area of the segment formed by a chord in a circle of radius 8 cm, if the angle subtended at the center is 60°? 8 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त में एक जीवा द्वारा बनाए गए रेखाखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है, यदि केंद्र पर अंतरित कोण 60° है?
	$\frac{32\pi}{3} - 16\sqrt{3}$ $\frac{32\pi}{3} - 16\sqrt{3}$
	$64\pi.3-16\sqrt{3}$ $64\pi.3-16\sqrt{3}$
	$\frac{32\pi}{3} - 8\sqrt{3}$ $\frac{32\pi}{3} - 8\sqrt{3}$
	$\frac{64\pi}{3} - 32\sqrt{3}$ $\frac{64\pi}{3} - 32\sqrt{3}$
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **ILLUMINATE**
	Explain
	Darken
	Destroy
	Hide

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Demur**
	Agree
	Oppose
	Object
	Resist

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Eat humble pie**
	To demand an apology
	To celebrate one's success
	To accept insult or defeat gracefully
	To prepare for failure

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Zany**
	Sensible
	Bizarre
	Clownish
	Eccentric

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of weather science.
	Meterology
	Meteorology
	Meteorologie
	Metereology

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'A general pardon granted by a government'.
	Amnesty
	Reprieve
	Clemency
	Parole

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A secret or disguised way of writing'.

	Cipher
	Epistle Diatribe Manuscript

Q.No: 83	**Choose the correct phrasal verb:** The issue was so delicate that she chose to _____ it altogether.
	brush aside
	walk into
	shy away from
	lean over

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** The artifact was notable not merely for its age but also for the ___ with which it was preserved.
	meticulousness
	velocity
	brevity
	severity

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The company needs a detailed feedback (1)/ from all departments (2)/ before finalising its restructuring plan (3)/ for the upcoming fiscal year. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** The team will be revising the algorithms during the workshop.
	The algorithms were being revised during the workshop.
	The algorithms will be been revised during the workshop.
	The algorithms will be revised during the workshop.
	The algorithms will be being revised during the workshop.

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Not only the minister but also the bureaucrats (1)/ has been accused of manipulating (2)/ the data presented in the economic survey (3)/ to align with political interests. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The architect discussed the **vault** beneath the cathedral.
	The gymnast performed a perfect vault over the horse.v
	The treasury vault was secured with biometric locks.
	The earthquake cracked the stone vault supporting the nave.
	The nobles were interred in the family vault.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The children were made to apologize by the principal for their behavior.
	The principal was made to apologize to the children.
	The principal had made the children apologize.
	The principal made the children apologize for their behavior.
	The principal was apologizing to the children for their behavior.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the labyrinth of globalization, where intercontinental dialogues shape diplomacy, business, and social cohesion, the intricate terrain of cross-cultural communication remains one of the most formidable cognitive frontiers. Misunderstandings often arise not from lexical deficiencies but from semiotic dissonance—where gestures, silences, intonations, or proxemics are interpreted through incongruent cultural lenses. The assumption that language fluency equates to communicative efficacy is a pernicious fallacy; in reality, fluency may obfuscate cultural asymmetries, allowing misinterpretation to masquerade as comprehension. In high-context cultures—such as Japan or the Arab world—communication is embedded in relational nuance, tacit implications, and communal hierarchies. Conversely, low-context cultures like Germany or the United States prioritize explicitness, objectivity, and individual clarity. When interlocutors from these paradigms converge, the mismatch can generate diplomatic friction, transactional inefficiency, or interpersonal alienation. Even seemingly innocuous behaviors—eye contact, turn-taking, or humor—can catalyze discomfort when interpreted through a monocultural lens. Furthermore, the cognitive filters individuals deploy—shaped by education, tradition, and sociopolitical conditioning—often reinforce in-group validation while relegating unfamiliar communication styles to categories of deviance or incompetence. This ethnocentric predisposition exacerbates stereotyping, reduces empathetic bandwidth, and curtails the potential for collaborative synergy. Technology, while ostensibly bridging geographic divides, further complicates intercultural interaction. Emojis, for instance, are semantically fluid; a single icon may evoke warmth in one culture and sarcasm in another. Algorithmic translation, lacking context-sensitivity, risks converting diplomatic nuance into semantic absurdity. Even video conferencing flattens paralinguistic cues vital to cross-cultural understanding. Ultimately, transcending these communicative chasms demands metacognitive vigilance, cultural humility, and dialogic adaptability. Effective intercultural communicators do not merely learn linguistic syntax but cultivate cultural empathy, interrogate their own perceptual frameworks, and develop a tolerance for ambiguity. It is within this cognitive dissonance that the richest intercultural growth unfolds—not through the elimination of difference, but through its embrace. What is the tone of the passage?
	Didactic
	Celebratory
	Analytical
	Flippant
Not Answered	

Q.No: 91

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

In the labyrinth of globalization, where intercontinental dialogues shape diplomacy, business, and social cohesion, the intricate terrain of cross-cultural communication remains one of the most formidable cognitive frontiers. Misunderstandings often arise not from lexical deficiencies but from semiotic dissonance—where gestures, silences, intonations, or proxemics are interpreted through incongruent cultural lenses. The assumption that language fluency equates to communicative efficacy is a pernicious fallacy; in reality, fluency may obfuscate cultural asymmetries, allowing misinterpretation to masquerade as comprehension. In high-context cultures—such as Japan or the Arab world—communication is embedded in relational nuance, tacit implications, and communal hierarchies. Conversely, low-context cultures like Germany or the United States prioritize explicitness, objectivity, and individual clarity. When interlocutors from these paradigms converge, the mismatch can generate diplomatic friction, transactional inefficiency, or interpersonal alienation. Even seemingly innocuous behaviors—eye contact, turn-taking, or humor—can catalyze discomfort when interpreted through a monocultural lens. Furthermore, the cognitive filters individuals deploy—shaped by education, tradition, and sociopolitical conditioning—often reinforce in-group validation while relegating unfamiliar communication styles to categories of deviance or incompetence. This ethnocentric predisposition exacerbates stereotyping, reduces empathetic bandwidth, and curtails the potential for collaborative synergy. Technology, while ostensibly bridging geographic divides, further complicates intercultural interaction. Emojis, for instance, are semantically fluid; a single icon may evoke warmth in one culture and sarcasm in another. Algorithmic translation, lacking context-sensitivity, risks converting diplomatic nuance into semantic absurdity. Even video conferencing flattens paralinguistic cues vital to cross-cultural understanding. Ultimately, transcending these communicative chasms demands metacognitive vigilance, cultural humility, and dialogic adaptability. Effective intercultural communicators do not merely learn linguistic syntax but cultivate cultural empathy, interrogate their own perceptual frameworks, and develop a tolerance for ambiguity. It is within this cognitive dissonance that the richest intercultural growth unfolds—not through the elimination of difference, but through its embrace.

Which of the following best illustrates a paradox mentioned in the passage?

Technology enables cross-cultural empathy.

Emojis unify people emotionally across cultures.

Fluency in language can still lead to miscommunication.

Humor is universally interpreted.

Not Answered

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the labyrinth of globalization, where intercontinental dialogues shape diplomacy, business, and social cohesion, the intricate terrain of cross-cultural communication remains one of the most formidable cognitive frontiers. Misunderstandings often arise not from lexical deficiencies but from semiotic dissonance—where gestures, silences, intonations, or proxemics are interpreted through incongruent cultural lenses. The assumption that language fluency equates to communicative efficacy is a pernicious fallacy; in reality, fluency may obfuscate cultural asymmetries, allowing misinterpretation to masquerade as comprehension. In high-context cultures—such as Japan or the Arab world—communication is embedded in relational nuance, tacit implications, and communal hierarchies. Conversely, low-context cultures like Germany or the United States prioritize explicitness, objectivity, and individual clarity. When interlocutors from these paradigms converge, the mismatch can generate diplomatic friction, transactional inefficiency, or interpersonal alienation. Even seemingly innocuous behaviors—eye contact, turn-taking, or humor—can catalyze discomfort when interpreted through a monocultural lens. Furthermore, the cognitive filters individuals deploy—shaped by education, tradition, and sociopolitical conditioning—often reinforce in-group validation while relegating unfamiliar communication styles to categories of deviance or incompetence. This ethnocentric predisposition exacerbates stereotyping, reduces empathetic bandwidth, and curtails the potential for collaborative synergy. Technology, while ostensibly bridging geographic divides, further complicates intercultural interaction. Emojis, for instance, are semantically fluid; a single icon may evoke warmth in one culture and sarcasm in another. Algorithmic translation, lacking context-sensitivity, risks converting diplomatic nuance into semantic absurdity. Even video conferencing flattens paralinguistic cues vital to cross-cultural understanding. Ultimately, transcending these communicative chasms demands metacognitive vigilance, cultural humility, and dialogic adaptability. Effective intercultural communicators do not merely learn linguistic syntax but cultivate cultural empathy, interrogate their own perceptual frameworks, and develop a tolerance for ambiguity. It is within this cognitive dissonance that the richest intercultural growth unfolds—not through the elimination of difference, but through its embrace. The phrase “semiotic dissonance” most likely refers to: Discord in musical structure.
	Misinterpretation of cultural symbols and signs.
	Breakdown in Wi-Fi or digital signals.
	Agreement over symbolic meaning.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 93

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

In the labyrinth of globalization, where intercontinental dialogues shape diplomacy, business, and social cohesion, the intricate terrain of cross-cultural communication remains one of the most formidable cognitive frontiers. Misunderstandings often arise not from lexical deficiencies but from semiotic dissonance—where gestures, silences, intonations, or proxemics are interpreted through incongruent cultural lenses. The assumption that language fluency equates to communicative efficacy is a pernicious fallacy; in reality, fluency may obfuscate cultural asymmetries, allowing misinterpretation to masquerade as comprehension. In high-context cultures—such as Japan or the Arab world—communication is embedded in relational nuance, tacit implications, and communal hierarchies. Conversely, low-context cultures like Germany or the United States prioritize explicitness, objectivity, and individual clarity. When interlocutors from these paradigms converge, the mismatch can generate diplomatic friction, transactional inefficiency, or interpersonal alienation. Even seemingly innocuous behaviors—eye contact, turn-taking, or humor—can catalyze discomfort when interpreted through a monocultural lens. Furthermore, the cognitive filters individuals deploy—shaped by education, tradition, and sociopolitical conditioning—often reinforce in-group validation while relegating unfamiliar communication styles to categories of deviance or incompetence. This ethnocentric predisposition exacerbates stereotyping, reduces empathetic bandwidth, and curtails the potential for collaborative synergy. Technology, while ostensibly bridging geographic divides, further complicates intercultural interaction. Emojis, for instance, are semantically fluid; a single icon may evoke warmth in one culture and sarcasm in another. Algorithmic translation, lacking context-sensitivity, risks converting diplomatic nuance into semantic absurdity. Even video conferencing flattens paralinguistic cues vital to cross-cultural understanding. Ultimately, transcending these communicative chasms demands metacognitive vigilance, cultural humility, and dialogic adaptability. Effective intercultural communicators do not merely learn linguistic syntax but cultivate cultural empathy, interrogate their own perceptual frameworks, and develop a tolerance for ambiguity. It is within this cognitive dissonance that the richest intercultural growth unfolds—not through the elimination of difference, but through its embrace.

Why might technology worsen intercultural communication, as per the author?

It amplifies real-time interaction.

It removes the need for shared language.

It flattens important non-verbal cues and misrepresents meaning.

It encourages spontaneous expression.

Not Answered

Q.No: 94

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

In the labyrinth of globalization, where intercontinental dialogues shape diplomacy, business, and social cohesion, the intricate terrain of cross-cultural communication remains one of the most formidable cognitive frontiers. Misunderstandings often arise not from lexical deficiencies but from semiotic dissonance—where gestures, silences, intonations, or proxemics are interpreted through incongruent cultural lenses. The assumption that language fluency equates to communicative efficacy is a pernicious fallacy; in reality, fluency may obfuscate cultural asymmetries, allowing misinterpretation to masquerade as comprehension. In high-context cultures—such as Japan or the Arab world—communication is embedded in relational nuance, tacit implications, and communal hierarchies. Conversely, low-context cultures like Germany or the United States prioritize explicitness, objectivity, and individual clarity. When interlocutors from these paradigms converge, the mismatch can generate diplomatic friction, transactional inefficiency, or interpersonal alienation. Even seemingly innocuous behaviors—eye contact, turn-taking, or humor—can catalyze discomfort when interpreted through a monocultural lens. Furthermore, the cognitive filters individuals deploy—shaped by education, tradition, and sociopolitical conditioning—often reinforce in-group validation while relegating unfamiliar communication styles to categories of deviance or incompetence. This ethnocentric predisposition exacerbates stereotyping, reduces empathetic bandwidth, and curtails the potential for collaborative synergy. Technology, while ostensibly bridging geographic divides, further complicates intercultural interaction. Emojis, for instance, are semantically fluid; a single icon may evoke warmth in one culture and sarcasm in another. Algorithmic translation, lacking context-sensitivity, risks converting diplomatic nuance into semantic absurdity. Even video conferencing flattens paralinguistic cues vital to cross-cultural understanding. Ultimately, transcending these communicative chasms demands metacognitive vigilance, cultural humility, and dialogic adaptability. Effective intercultural communicators do not merely learn linguistic syntax but cultivate cultural empathy, interrogate their own perceptual frameworks, and develop a tolerance for ambiguity. It is within this cognitive dissonance that the richest intercultural growth unfolds—not through the elimination of difference, but through its embrace.

Which of the following metaphors best captures the overall argument of the passage?

A bridge that never meets the other side.

A mirror reflecting only half the image.

A labyrinth filled with shifting doors.

A ladder leading to one clear peak.

Not Answered

Q.No: 95

Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:

We ***enjoyed very much*** at the party.

have enjoyed very much

enjoyed ourselves very much

enjoyed at the party

were enjoyed

Q.No: 96

Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:

Neither the manager nor the employees ***was available***.

	was not available
	were also available
	were available
	was also not available

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "I can solve this problem."
	She said that she will solve that problem.
	She said that she could solve this problem.
	She said that she could solve that problem.
	She said she can solve the problem.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** She said that she used to play the violin when she was young.
	"I played the violin when I was young," she said.
	"I use to play the violin when I was young," she said.
	"I used to play the violin when I was young," she said.
	"I was playing the violin when I was young," she said.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This is especially useful in software development, where multiple programmers can work on the same codebase simultaneously without conflict.2. Version control is a system that records changes to a file or set of files over time so that you can recall specific versions later.3. The process involves a specific set of tools and commands that allow for the manipulation and tracking of changes.4. By using version control, a project can maintain a complete history of its development, allowing for easy rollback and collaboration.
	2, 4, 3, 1
	2, 3, 4, 1
	3, 2, 4, 1
	4, 1, 2, 3

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This is especially useful in software development, where multiple programmers can work on the same codebase simultaneously without conflict. 2. Version control is a system that records changes to a file or set of files over time so that you can recall specific versions later. 3. The process involves a specific set of tools and commands that allow for the manipulation and tracking of changes. 4. By using version control, a project can maintain a complete history of its development, allowing for easy rollback and collaboration.
	2, 4, 3, 1
	2, 3, 4, 1
	3, 2, 4, 1
	4, 1, 2, 3

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	Count consonants between the 2^{nd} and 7^{th} letter of TECHNOLOGY. TECHNOLOGY के 2^{nd} और 7^{th} अक्षर के बीच व्यंजनों की गिनती करें।
	3 3
	4 4
	5 5
	6 6

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. 56/A, Greenwood Villa,Salt Lake City, Kolkata,West Bengal - 700091

	वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। 56/A, Greenwood Villa,Salt Lake City, Kolkata,West Bengal - 700091
	56A, Greenwood Villa, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091 56A, Greenwood Villa, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091
	56/A, Greenwood Villas, Salt Lake City, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091 56/A, Greenwood Villas, Salt Lake City, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091
	56/A, Greenwood Villa, Salt Lake City, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091 56/A, Greenwood Villa, Salt Lake City, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091
	65/A, Greenwood Villa, Salt Lake City, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091 65/A, Greenwood Villa, Salt Lake City, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091

Q.No: 3	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **H D Z L G B P J D T M F ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: H D Z L G B P J D T M F ?
	X P H X P H
	X O H X O H
	X P G X P G
	W P H W P H

Q.No: 4	A is the brother of B. B is the daughter of C. How is A related to C? A, B का भाई है। B, C की पुत्री है। A, C से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Daughter पुत्री
	Son पुत्र
	Father पिता
	Uncle चाचा

Q.No: 5	B is the sister of A. A is the brother of C. C is the daughter of D. How is B related to D? B, A की बहन है। A, C का भाई है। C, D की पुत्री है। B का D से क्या संबंध है?
	Daughter पुत्री
	Sister बहन
	Son पुत्र
	Granddaughter पोती

Q.No: 6	What comes next: **2, 3, 10, 15, 26, 35, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **2, 3, 10, 15, 26, 35, ?**
	50 50
	57 57
	47 47
	49 49
Not Answered	

Q.No: 7	Choose the group in which all numbers belong to the same category: वह समूह चुनें जिसमें सभी संख्याएँ एक ही श्रेणी से संबंधित है:
	2, 4, 6, 8 2, 4, 6, 8
	3, 6, 9, 11 3, 6, 9, 11
	5, 10, 13, 21 5, 10, 13, 21
	7, 14, 26, 38 7, 14, 26, 38

O.No: 8	What will come at the place of question mark? **4, 10, 22, 46, 94, ?**

	प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? **4, 10, 22, 46, 94, ?**
	190 190
	191 191
	192 192
	196 196

Q.No: 9	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** Despite the unpredictability of future technologies, regulatory frameworks must evolve to preempt ethical crises. **Assumptions:** I. Unregulated technological growth can cause ethical dilemmas. II. Ethical standards are often retrofitted to existing technology. III. Regulatory systems can always accurately predict technological outcomes. **निर्देश:** कथन के वैध होने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: भविष्य की प्रौद्योगिकियों की अप्रत्याशितता के बावजूद, नैतिक संकटों को रोकने के लिए विनियामक ढाँचे विकसित होने चाहिए। **मान्यताएँ**: I. अनियमित तकनीकी विकास नैतिक दुविधाओं का कारण बन सकता है। II. नैतिक मानकों को अक्सर मौजूदा प्रौद्योगिकी में फिर से जोड़ा जाता है। III. विनियामक प्रणालियाँ हमेशा तकनीकी परिणामों की सटीक भविष्यवाणी कर सकती हैं।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है।
	All are implicit सभी निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III अंतर्निहित हैं।

Q.No: 10	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The education ministry has made moral education compulsory in schools. Conclusions: I. Students must attend moral education classes. II. Schools were not offering moral education earlier.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: शिक्षा मंत्रालय ने स्कूलों में नैतिक शिक्षा अनिवार्य कर दी है। निष्कर्ष: I. छात्रों को नैतिक शिक्षा कक्षाओं में अवश्य जाना चाहिए। II. पहले स्कूलों में नैतिक शिक्षा नहीं दी जाती थी।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 11	Arrange the following in chronological order (Based on Age/History): 1. Industrial Revolution 2. Bronze Age 3. Information Age 4. Iron Age 5. Stone Age निम्नलिखित को कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें (आयु/इतिहास के आधार पर): 1. औद्योगिक क्रांति 2. कांस्य युग 3. सूचना युग 4. लौह युग 5. पाषाण युग
	5, 2, 4, 1, 3 5, 2, 4, 1, 3
	2, 4, 5, 1, 3 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
	5, 4, 2, 1, 3 5, 4, 2, 1, 3
	1, 2, 3, 4, 5 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Q.No: 12	Choose the correct option to complete the series. Needle : Sew :: Keyboard : ?

	श्रृंखला को पूरा करने के लिए सही विकल्प चुनें। सुई : सिलाई :: कीबोर्ड : ?
	Draw ड्रॉ करना
	Type टाइप करना
	Write लिखना
	Print प्रिंट

Q.No: 13	Find the word that does not fit in the series: Complex, Intricate, Sophisticated, Simple, Elaborate इनमें से वह शब्द ढूंढें जो श्रृंखला में फिट नहीं बैठता: जटिल, पेचीदा, कृत्रिम, सरल, विस्तृत
	Complex जटिल
	Intricate पेचीदा
	Simple सरल
	Sophisticated कृत्रिम

Q.No: 14	Find the unit that does not fit in the series: Kelvin, Celsius, Fahrenheit, Joule, Rankine इनमें से वह इकाई ज्ञात कीजिए जो श्रृंखला में फिट नहीं बैठती: केल्विन, सेल्सियस, फ़ारेनहाइट, जूल, रैंकिन
	Kelvin केल्विन
	Rankine रैंकिन
	Fahrenheit फ़ारेनहाइट

	Joule जूल

Q.No: 15	In each of the following questions, a specific rearrangement of letters has been applied to the first word to form the second. Apply the same rearrangement pattern to the third word and choose the correct answer from the given options**. METAPHOR : EMATHPRO :: NORMAL : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द के अक्षरों को एक विशिष्ट क्रम में व्यवस्थित करके दूसरा शब्द बनाया गया है। इसी क्रम को तीसरे शब्द पर भी लागू कीजिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनिए। **METAPHOR : EMATHPRO :: NORMAL : ?**
	ORMLAN ORMLAN
	ONRMLA ONRMLA
	ONMRLA ONMRLA
	ONMRAL ONMRAL

Q.No: 16	In each of the following questions, a word is transformed into a combination of letters and numbers following a specific pattern. Analyze the transformation used in the first pair and apply the same rule to find the missing term in the second pair. **BOAT : C40U :: JUMP : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, एक शब्द को एक विशिष्ट पैटर्न का अनुसरण करते हुए अक्षरों और संख्याओं के संयोजन में रूपांतरित किया गया है। पहले युग्म में प्रयुक्त रूपांतरण का विश्लेषण कीजिए और दूसरे युग्म में लुप्त पद ज्ञात करने के लिए उसी नियम का प्रयोग कीजिए। **BOAT : C40U :: JUMP : ?**
	K58Q K58Q
	K76P K76P
	K95T K95T
	K52E K52E

Q.No: 17	Which of these words will come last in a dictionary? इनमें से कौन सा शब्द शब्दकोश में सबसे अंत में आएगा?
	bench bench
	beneath

	beneath
	bend bend
	bent bent

Q.No: 18	Comprehension: In a certain number system there are only two notations to represent numbers: Δ and β. 0 is represented by Δ and 1 by β. The subsequent numbers are represented in the following manner: 2 is represented as βΔ, 3 is represented as ββ, 4 is represented as βΔΔ, 5 is represented as βΔβ and so on. How will you represent 81 in the given number system? बोधगम्यता: किसी निश्चित संख्या प्रणाली में संख्याओं को दर्शाने के लिए केवल दो संकेतन हैं: Δ और β। 0 को Δ और 1 को β द्वारा दर्शाया जाता है। इसके बाद की संख्याओं को निम्नलिखित तरीके से दर्शाया जाता है: 2 को βΔ द्वारा दर्शाया जाता है, 3 को ββ द्वारा दर्शाया जाता है, 4 को βΔΔ द्वारा दर्शाया जाता है, 5 को βΔβ द्वारा दर्शाया जाता है, इत्यादि। दी गई संख्या प्रणाली में आप 81 को कैसे दर्शाएँगे?
	βΔΔβΔβΔ βΔΔβΔβΔ
	βΔβΔβΔβ βΔβΔβΔβ
	βΔβΔΔββ βΔβΔΔββ
	βΔβΔΔΔβ βΔβΔΔΔβ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 19	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives. दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए।
	Saturn शनि ग्रह
	Venus शुक्र
	Jupiter

	बृहस्पति
	Sun सूरज

Q.No: 20	In a certain code language, **WATER** is written as **YCVGT**. How is **VAPOR** written in that code? किसी निश्चित कूट भाषा में, WATER को YCVGT लिखा जाता है। उसी कूट भाषा में VAPOR को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	XCRQT XCRQT
	XCQRT XCQRT
	XCPRT XCPRT
	XCQTS XCQTS

Q.No: 21	A principal amount of ₹1,000 yields a simple interest of ₹180 over a period of 2 years. What is the annual rate of simple interest? ₹1,000 की मूल राशि पर 2 वर्ष की अवधि में ₹180 का साधारण ब्याज प्राप्त होता है। साधारण ब्याज की वार्षिक दर क्या है?
	8 % 8 %
	9 % 9 %
	7 % 7 %
	6 % 6 %

Q.No: 22	If 3 @ 4 = 19, 5 @ 6 = 41, then what is 6 @ 7? यदि 3 @ 4 = 19, 5 @ 6 = 41, तो 6 @ 7 क्या है?
	49 49
	55 55
	61 61

	65 65

Q.No: 23	"If the given symbols mean: '+' means 'divided by' '-' means 'multiplied by' 'x' means 'minus' '÷' means 'plus' Then, find the value of the following expressions: 60 + 5 - 4 x 10 ÷ 2=? यदि दिए गए प्रतीकों का अर्थ है: '+' का अर्थ है 'से भाग' '-' का अर्थ है 'से गुणा' 'x' का अर्थ है 'घटाना' '÷' का अर्थ है 'जोड़ना' तो, निम्नलिखित व्यंजकों का मान ज्ञात कीजिए: 60 + 5 - 4 x 10 ÷ 2=?
	35 35
	40 40
	55 55
	65 65

Q.No: 24	If '×' = '−', '−' = '+', '+' = '÷', '÷' = '×', which equation is correct? यदि '×' = '−', '−' = '+', '+' = '÷', '÷' = '×', तो कौन सा समीकरण सही है?
	14 + 2 − 6 × 1 = 10 14 + 2 − 6 × 1 = 10
	12 − 4 + 2 × 2 = 12 12 − 4 + 2 × 2 = 12
	10 × 2 + 4 − 1 = 23 10 × 2 + 4 − 1 = 23
	20 − 2 × 3 + 4 = 18 20 − 2 × 3 + 4 = 18

Q.No: 25	10 friends went for dinner and planned to split Rs. 200 equally. 2 didn't pay. How much did each of the rest pay? 10 दोस्त रात के खाने पर गए और 200 रुपये बराबर-बराबर बाँटने की योजना बनाई। 2 ने भुगतान नहीं किया। बाकी में से प्रत्येक ने कितना भुगतान किया?

	Rs. 25 25 रुपये
	Rs. 20 20 रुपये
	Rs. 22 22 रुपये
	Rs. 28 28 रुपये

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26 What material were the double-storeyed gates of Purana Qila primarily built with?

पुराना किला के दो मंजिला द्वार मुख्यतः किस सामग्री से निर्मित किये गए थे?

Marble

संगमरमर

Red sandstone

लाल बलुआ पत्थर

Glazed tiles

चमकता हुआ टाइल

Rubble

मलवा

Q.No: 27 **Fill in the blank:**

The Tusu festival is primarily celebrated in the tribal belt of Jharkhand, especially around the area between _____, Tamar, and Raidih.

	रिक्त स्थान भरें: टुसू त्यौहार मुख्य रूप से झारखंड के आदिवासी क्षेत्र में मनाया जाता है, खासकर _____, तमार और रायडीह के बीच के क्षेत्र में।
	Dumka दुमका
	Bundu बुंडू
	Daltonganj डाल्टनगंज
	Chaibasa चाईबासा

Q.No: 28	Who is credited with developing the modern notation system for Hindustani classical music and documenting compositions in the Kramik Pustak Maalika? हिंदुस्तानी शास्त्रीय संगीत के लिए आधुनिक संकेतन प्रणाली विकसित करने और क्रमिक पुस्तक मालिका में रचनाओं को दस्तावेजित करने का श्रेय किसे दिया जाता है?
	Ustad Allauddin Khan of Maihar Gharana मैहर घराने के उस्ताद अलाउद्दीन खान
	Pandit Vishnu Digambar Paluskar of Gwalior ग्वालियर के पंडित विष्णु दिगंबर पलुस्कर
	Pandit Vishnu Narayan Bhatkhande of Bombay बम्बई के पंडित विष्णु नारायण भातखंडे
	Saint Tyagaraja of Carnatic Tradition कर्नाटक परंपरा के संत त्यागराज
Not Answered	

Q.No: 29	Consider the following statements about service rules in table tennis: 1) At 10–10, service alternates every two points. 2) In the final doubles game, receiver order changes when one side reaches 5 points. Which of the above is/are **correct?** टेबल टेनिस में सर्विस नियमों के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) 10-10 पर, हर दो अंक पर सर्विस बदल जाती है। 2) अंतिम डबल्स गेम में, जब एक पक्ष 5 अंक तक पहुँच जाता है, तो रिसीवर का क्रम बदल जाता है। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं? Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are correct

	1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Under Pitt's India Act, what restriction was placed on the Governor General and Council? पिट्स इंडिया एक्ट के तहत गवर्नर जनरल और काउंसिल पर क्या प्रतिबंध लगाया गया था?
	They could not pass any civil law without Queen's consent. वे रानी की सहमति के बिना कोई भी नागरिक कानून पारित नहीं कर सकते थे।
	They could not issue orders without majority support. वे बहुमत के समर्थन के बिना आदेश जारी नहीं कर सकते थे।
	They were forbidden to declare war or make treaties without approval. उन्हें बिना अनुमोदन के युद्ध की घोषणा करने या संधि करने से मना किया गया।
	They had to resign after 5 years in office. उन्हें पांच साल तक पद पर रहने के बाद इस्तीफा देना पड़ा।

Q.No: 31	What is meant by an "own goal" in football? फुटबॉल में "स्वयं गोल" का क्या अर्थ है?
	A goal scored by a goalkeeper गोलकीपर द्वारा बनाया गया गोल
	A goal scored from a penalty पेनाल्टी से गोल किया गया
	A goal scored accidentally into one's own net गलती से अपने ही नेट में गोल हो जाना
	A goal scored during injury time चोट के समय में किया गया गोल
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	**Consider the following statements about India's Winter Olympics participation:** 1) Shiva Keshavan competed in six Games and introduced luge to India. 2) Arif Mohammad Khan was the first Indian to qualify for two alpine skiing events in 2022. Which of the statements is/are **correct?** **भारत की शीतकालीन ओलंपिक भागीदारी के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:** 1) शिवा केशवन ने छह खेलों में भाग लिया और भारत को ल्यूज से परिचित कराया। 2) आरिफ मोहम्मद खान 2022 में दो अल्पाइन स्कीइंग स्पर्धाओं के लिए अर्हता प्राप्त करने वाले पहले भारतीय थे। कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only Statement 1 is correct

	केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only Statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	1 and 2 both are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	Which 2024 India–Bangladesh energy project involves a 765 kV cross-border transmission line to boost hydroelectric trade across multiple countries? कौन सी 2024 भारत-बांग्लादेश ऊर्जा परियोजना में कई देशों में जलविद्युत व्यापार को बढ़ावा देने के लिए 765kV सीमा पार ट्रांसमिशन लाइन शामिल है?
	Agartala–Parbotipur–Guwahati Transmission Grid अगरतला-परबोतीपुर-गुवाहाटी ट्रांसमिशन ग्रिड
	Katihar–Parbotipur–Bornagar Interconnection Project कटिहार-परबतीपुर-बोरनगर इंटरकनेक्शन परियोजना
	Jalpaiguri–Chattogram Power Corridor जलपाईगुड़ी-चट्टोग्राम पावर कॉरिडोर
	Siliguri–Bogura–Mymensingh HVDC Link सिलीगुड़ी-बोगुरा-मैमनसिंह एचवीडीसी लिंक

Q.No: 34	Consider the following statements about the book 'Being Indian' by Pavan K. Varma: 1) The book won the Vodafone Crossword Book Award for exploring Indian identity and culture. 2) It received the Sahitya Akademi Award for its contributions to Indian English poetry. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** पवन के. वर्मा की पुस्तक 'बीइंग इंडियन' के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1) इस पुस्तक ने भारतीय पहचान और संस्कृति की खोज के लिए वोडाफोन क्रॉसवर्ड बुक पुरस्कार जीता। 2) इसे भारतीय अंग्रेजी कविता में योगदान के लिए साहित्य अकादमी पुरस्कार मिला। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both statements 1 and 2 are correct कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither statement 1 nor 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Not Answered

Q.No: 35	**Fill in the blank:** Javelin thrower Neeraj Chopra won India's first-ever gold at the World Athletics Championships in _____ in 2023. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** भाला फेंक खिलाड़ी नीरज चोपड़ा ने 2023 में _____ में होने वाली विश्व एथलेटिक्स चैंपियनशिप में भारत का पहला स्वर्ण पदक जीता।
	Eugene यूजीन
	Tokyo टोक्यो
	Budapest बुडापेस्ट
	Doha दोहा

Q.No: 36	Who launched the campaign "Ek Ped Maa Ke Naam " in 2024, encouraging citizens to plant trees in honor of their mothers and Mother Earth? 2024 में "एक पेड़ माँ के नाम" अभियान किसने शुरू किया, जिससे नागरिकों को अपनी माताओं और धरती माता के सम्मान में पेड़ लगाने के लिए प्रोत्साहित किया जा सके?
	Narendra Modi नरेंद्र मोदी
	Leena Nandan लीना नंदन
	Bhupender Yadav भूपेंद्र यादव
	Ashwini Vaishnaw अश्विनी वैष्णव

Q.No: 37	What causes a river to develop meanders? नदी में विसर्प का विकास किस कारण से होता है?
	High-altitude origin उच्च ऊंचाई पर उत्पत्ति
	Sudden tectonic uplift अचानक विवर्तनिक उत्थान
	Lateral erosion in flat terrain समतल भूभाग में पार्श्व अपरदन

	Ocean current influence महासागरीय धारा का प्रभाव

Q.No: 38	**Fill in the Blanks:** NISAR maps the global surface every _____. रिक्त स्थान भरें: NISAR प्रत्येक _____ वैश्विक सतह का मानचित्रण करता है।
	3 days 3 दिन
	12 days 12 दिन
	24 hrs 24 घंटे
	5 days 5 दिन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	Which of the below statements on the plant hormones is **INCORRECT**? पादप हार्मोनों पर नीचे दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा **गलत** है?
	Auxins promote growth ऑक्सिन विकास को बढ़ावा देते हैं
	Cytokinins delay aging साइटोकाइनिन उम्र बढ़ने में देरी करते हैं
	Ethylene promotes seed germination एथिलीन बीज अंकुरण को बढ़ावा देता है
	Gibberellins promote stem elongation जिबरेलिन तने की लम्बाई को बढ़ावा देते हैं

Q.No: 40	Which of the following disputes falls under the Supreme Court's exclusive original jurisdiction as per Article 131 of the Indian Constitution? भारतीय संविधान के अनुच्छेद 131 के अनुसार निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विवाद सर्वोच्च न्यायालय के अनन्य मूल क्षेत्राधिकार के अंतर्गत आता है?
	Inter-State water disputes अंतर-राज्यीय जल विवाद
	Election disputes of MPs and MLAs सांसदों और विधायकों के चुनावी विवाद
	Disputes between Centre and one or more States

	केंद्र और एक या अधिक राज्यों के बीच विवाद
	Appeals against High Court decisions उच्च न्यायालय के निर्णयों के विरुद्ध अपील

Q.No: 41	If the resistance of a conductor is doubled while keeping the potential difference across its ends constant, what will happen to the current flowing through it? यदि किसी चालक के सिरों के बीच विभवान्तर को स्थिर रखते हुए उसका प्रतिरोध दोगुना कर दिया जाए, तो उसमें प्रवाहित धारा पर क्या प्रभाव पड़ेगा?
	It will double यह दोगुना हो जाएगा
	It will halve यह आधा हो जाएगा
	It will remain unchanged यह अपरिवर्तित रहेगा
	It will quadruple यह चौगुना हो जाएगा

Q.No: 42	Under Bharatiya Nagarik suraksha Samhita(BNSS), the period for default bail in minor offences is capped at? भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) के तहत, मामूली अपराधों में डिफ़ॉल्ट जमानत की अवधि कितनी है??
	30 days 30दिन
	45 days 45दिन
	60 days 60 दिन
	90 days 90दिन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 43	Which scheme promotes crop diversification through cluster-based planning? कौन सी योजना क्लस्टर आधारित योजना के माध्यम से फसल विविधीकरण को बढ़ावा देती है?
	PM-AASHA (Pradhan Mantri Annadata Aay Sanrakshan Abhiyan) पीएम-आशा (प्रधानमंत्री अन्नदाता आय संरक्षण अभियान)
	RKVY (Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana) आरकेवीवाई (राष्ट्रीय कृषि विकास योजना)

	SMAM (Sub-Mission on Agricultural Mechanization) एसएमएएम (कृषि मशीनीकरण पर उप-मिशन)
	AIF (Agriculture Infrastructure Fund) एआईएफ (कृषि अवसंरचना कोष)

Not Answered

Q.No: 44	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** PM2.5 is more harmful than PM10 in AQI. **Reason (R):** PM2.5 particles are smaller and can reach deep into the lungs and bloodstream. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए: **अभिकथन (A):** वायु गुणवत्ता सूचकांक (AQI) में PM2.5, PM10 से अधिक हानिकारक है। **कारण (R):** PM2.5 कण छोटे होते हैं और फेफड़ों और रक्तप्रवाह में गहराई तक पहुँच सकते हैं।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Not Answered

Q.No: 45	Which national park reported a successful tiger population rise in 2024, reaching over 150 tigers? किस राष्ट्रीय उद्यान ने 2024 में बाघों की आबादी में सफल वृद्धि दर्ज की है, जो 150 से अधिक बाघों तक पहुंच गई है?
	Ranthambore रणथंभौर
	Nagarhole National Park नागरहोल राष्ट्रीय उद्यान
	Corbett कॉर्बेट
	Satpura सतपुड़ा

Q.No: 46	**Fill in the Blank:** Doctrine of Severability allows the _____ part of a law to be retained.

	रिक्त स्थान भरें: पृथक्करणीयता का सिद्धांत किसी कानून के _____ भाग को बनाए रखने की अनुमति देता है।
	Repealed निरस्त Inconsistent असंगत
	Valid वैध
	Unconstitutional असंवैधानिक

Q.No: 47	Read the statements carefully and choose the **correct** option: **Assertion (A):** Aluminium smelting is the most important metallurgical industry in India. **Reason (R):** Aluminium is used in the manufacture of aircraft, wires, and utensils. कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और **सही** विकल्प चुनें: **अभिकथन (A):** एल्युमीनियम प्रगलन भारत में सबसे महत्वपूर्ण धातुकर्म उद्योग है। **कारण (R):** एल्युमीनियम का उपयोग विमान, तार और बर्तनों के निर्माण में किया जाता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 48	Match the dance with its prime social/religious context:

Dance	social/religious context
1. Rauf	A. Eid & spring-wedding festivities
2. Karma	B. Bhadra Ekadashi agrarian ritual
3. Tamasha	C. Night-long folk-theatre in Shimga season
4. Jhumar	D. Post-monsoon tea-garden recreations

नृत्य को उसके प्रमुख सामाजिक/धार्मिक संदर्भ से मिलाएं:

नृत्य	सामाजिक/धार्मिक संदर्भ
1. रौफ	A. ईद और वसंत-विवाह उत्सव
2. कर्मा	B. भाद्र एकादशी कृषि अनुष्ठान
3. तमाशा	C. शिमगा ऋतु में रात्रि भर चलने वाला लोक-नाट्य
4. झूमर	D. मानसून के बाद चाय बागानों में मनोरंजन

1-A 2-B 3-C 4-D

1-A ,2-B, 3-C, 4-D

1-A 2-C 3-B 4-D

1-A ,2-C, 3-B, 4-D

1-B 2-A 3-C 4-D

1-B, 2-A, 3-C, 4-D

1-A 2-B 3-D 4-C

1-A, 2-B, 3-D, 4-C

Q.No: 49 Which pair correctly matches atmosphere layer & feature?

कौन सी जोड़ी वायुमंडल परत और विशेषता से सही मेल खाती है?

Troposphere - weather

क्षोभमंडल - मौसम

Thermosphere- ozone

थर्मोस्फीयर- ओजोन

Mesosphere - satellites

मध्यमंडल - उपग्रह

Stratosphere - meteors

समताप मंडल - उल्कापिंड

Q.No: 50 **Consider the following statements:**

1. The Concurrent List allows both Centre and States to legislate.
2. In case of conflict, State law prevails over Union law.

Which of the above is/are **correct**?

	निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. समवर्ती सूची केंद्र और राज्य दोनों को कानून बनाने की अनुमति देती है। 2. टकराव की स्थिति में, राज्य का कानून संघ के कानून पर प्रबल होता है। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	: **M_S DASH ADVANCED ENGINEERING**

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	If p:q=4:1, find (5p+3q):(5p−3q). यदि p:q=4:1, तो (5p+3q):(5p−3q) ज्ञात करें।
	23 : 17 23 : 17
	17 : 23 17 : 23
	7 : 17 7 : 17
	17 : 7 17 : 7

Q.No: 52	What is the value of:$(\sqrt{18}+\sqrt{2})^2-(\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{2})^2$ इसका मान क्या है: $(\sqrt{18}+\sqrt{2})^2-(\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{2})^2$

	14 14
	15 15
	16 16
	17 17

Q.No: 53	Simplify: $(\frac{5}{6} + \frac{3}{4}) \div (\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{3})$ सरल करें: $(\frac{5}{6} + \frac{3}{4}) \div (\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{3})$
	$\frac{38}{13}$ $\frac{38}{13}$
	$\frac{48}{13}$ $\frac{48}{13}$
	$\frac{58}{13}$ $\frac{58}{13}$
	$\frac{68}{13}$ $\frac{68}{13}$

Q.No: 54	A, B, and C invested ₹24,000, ₹36,000, and ₹40,000 respectively. A's investment was for 12 months, B's for 8 months, and C's for 6 months. The total profit is ₹50,000. What is B's share of the profit? A, B और C ने क्रमशः ₹24,000, ₹36,000 और ₹40,000 का निवेश किया। A का निवेश 12 महीने के लिए था, B का 8 महीने के लिए और C का 6 महीने के लिए। कुल लाभ ₹50,000 है। लाभ में B का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹17,647.06 ₹17,647.06
	₹27,647.56 ₹27,647.56
	₹23,647.46 ₹23,647.46
	₹21,647.72 ₹21,647.72

Q.No: 55	The average age of a committee of 9 members increases by 3 years when two men aged 42 and 44 years are replaced by two women. What is the average age of these two women? 9 सदस्यों वाली एक समिति की औसत आयु 3 वर्ष बढ़ जाती है जब 42 और 44 वर्ष की आयु वाले दो पुरुषों को दो महिलाओं द्वारा प्रतिस्थापित किया जाता है। इन दो महिलाओं की औसत आयु क्या है?
	50.5 years 50.5 वर्ष
	46.5 years 46.5 वर्ष
	56.5 years 56.5 वर्ष
	60.5 years 60.5 वर्ष

Q.No: 56	There are 6 consecutive integers and 5 consecutive integers. The average of the 6 integers is 2 less than the average of the 5 integers. The sum of the 5 integers is 4 more than the sum of the 6 integers. Find the average of the 6 integers. 6 क्रमागत पूर्णांक और 5 क्रमागत पूर्णांक हैं। 6 पूर्णांकों का औसत 5 पूर्णांकों के औसत से 2 कम है। 5 पूर्णांकों का योग 6 पूर्णांकों के योग से 4 अधिक है। 6 पूर्णांकों का औसत ज्ञात कीजिए।
	6 6
	5 5
	4 4
	3 3

Q.No: 57	Seventy-five percent of a number is 15 more than two-thirds of that number. Find the number. किसी संख्या का पचहत्तर प्रतिशत उस संख्या के दो-तिहाई से 15 अधिक है। संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	120 120
	150 150
	180 180
	210 210

Q.No: 58	A TV set is available for ₹19,650 in cash or for ₹3,100 as a cash down payment and three equal annual instalments. If the shopkeeper charges interest at the rate of 10% per annum compounded annually, calculate the amount of each instalment. एक टीवी सेट ₹19,650 नकद या ₹3,100 नकद अग्रिम भुगतान और तीन बराबर वार्षिक किश्तों में उपलब्ध है। यदि दुकानदार वार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि 10% की दर से ब्याज लेता है, तो प्रत्येक किश्त की राशि की गणना करें।
	₹ 9,655 ₹ 9,655
	₹ 7,655 ₹ 7,655
	₹ 6,655 ₹ 6,655
	₹ 8,655 ₹ 8,655

Q.No: 59	A mobile phone retailer sells a phone for ₹P and earns a profit of 20%. For a special festive offer, he marks the same phone at ₹1.5P. At the offer, he provides a discount of 10%. What will be the percentage profit that he will make during the festive offer? एक मोबाइल फोन रिटेलर एक फोन ₹P में बेचता है और 20% का लाभ कमाता है। एक विशेष त्यौहारी ऑफर के लिए, वह उसी फोन को ₹1.5P पर बेचता है। ऑफर पर, वह 10% की छूट देता है। त्यौहारी ऑफर के दौरान उसे कितना प्रतिशत लाभ होगा?
	26% 26%
	56% 56%
	62% 62%
	60% 60%

Q.No: 60	A gadget is sold at a 15% discount on its marked price. This sale leads to a profit of 20% on its cost price. If the profit earned is ₹450, what would have been the selling price if the gadget was sold at a 25% discount on its marked price? एक गैजेट को उसके अंकित मूल्य पर 15% छूट पर बेचा जाता है। इस बिक्री से उसके क्रय मूल्य पर 20% का लाभ होता है। यदि अर्जित लाभ ₹450 है, तो गैजेट को उसके अंकित मूल्य पर 25% छूट पर बेचने पर विक्रय मूल्य क्या होता?
	₹2,585.36 ₹2,585.36
	₹1,528.24 ₹1,528.24
	₹2,879.45

	₹2,879.45
	₹2382.35 ₹2382.35

Q.No: 61	A, B, and C can complete a certain task in 20, 30, and 60 days, respectively. How many days will it take for A to finish the work if he receives help from B and C every third day? A, B और C किसी कार्य को क्रमशः 20, 30 और 60 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। यदि A को हर तीसरे दिन B और C से मदद मिलती है, तो उसे कार्य पूरा करने में कितने दिन लगेंगे?
	15 days 15 दिन
	12 days 12 दिन
	10 days 10 दिन
	9 days 9 दिन

Q.No: 62	Two distinct grades of rice, one priced at ₹80 per kilogram and the other at ₹120 per kilogram, are amalgamated in an undisclosed proportion. The resultant blend is retailed at ₹132 per kilogram, securing a profit margin of 20% on the overall cost price. Determine the precise ratio in which the two rice varieties were intermingled. चावल की दो अलग-अलग किस्मों, जिनमें से एक की कीमत ₹80 प्रति किलोग्राम और दूसरी की कीमत ₹120 प्रति किलोग्राम है, को एक अज्ञात अनुपात में मिलाया जाता है। परिणामी मिश्रण को ₹132 प्रति किलोग्राम पर खुदरा बेचा जाता है, जिससे कुल लागत मूल्य पर 20% का लाभ मार्जिन प्राप्त होता है। चावल की दो किस्मों को किस सटीक अनुपात में मिलाया गया, इसका निर्धारण करें।
	1 : 3 1 : 3
	2 : 1 2 : 1
	3 : 2 3 : 2
	4 : 1 4 : 1

Q.No: 63	The ratio of the speeds of a car and a bus is 3 : 4. If the bus covers a distance of 320 km in 4 hours, what is the speed of the car in km/h? एक कार और बस की गति का अनुपात 3 : 4 है। यदि बस 4 घंटे में 320 किमी की दूरी तय करती है, तो कार की गति किमी/घंटा में क्या है?
	60 km/h

	60 किमी/घंटा
	75 km/h 75 किमी/घंटा
	80 km/h 80 किमी/घंटा 90 km/h 90 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 64	An individual invested certain amounts in three different schemes P, Q, and R at simple interest rates of 7% p.a., 9% p.a., and 11% p.a. respectively. If the total interest accrued in one year was ₹2520 and the amount invested in Scheme R was 250% of the amount invested in Scheme P and 300% of the amount invested in Scheme Q, what was the amount invested in Scheme P? एक व्यक्ति ने तीन अलग-अलग योजनाओं P, Q और R में क्रमशः 7% प्रति वर्ष, 9% प्रति वर्ष और 11% प्रति वर्ष की साधारण ब्याज दरों पर कुछ राशि का निवेश किया। यदि एक वर्ष में अर्जित कुल ब्याज ₹2520 था और योजना R में निवेश की गई राशि योजना P में निवेश की गई राशि का 250% और योजना Q में निवेश की गई राशि का 300% थी, तो योजना P में निवेश की गई राशि क्या थी?
	₹5000 ₹5000
	₹5500 ₹5500
	₹6000 ₹6000
	₹6500 ₹6500
Not Answered	

Q.No: 65	A tower stands 50 meters tall. From its peak, the angles of depression to the top and bottom of a nearby building are measured at 30° and 45°, respectively. Determine the approximate height of the building as well as the horizontal distance separating the tower from the building. एक मीनार 50 मीटर ऊँची है। इसके शिखर से, पास की एक इमारत के ऊपर और नीचे के अवनमन कोण क्रमशः 30° और 45° मापे गए हैं। इमारत की अनुमानित ऊँचाई और मीनार को इमारत से अलग करने वाली क्षैतिज दूरी निर्धारित करें।
	height= 21 m , distance =50 m ऊंचाई = 21 मीटर, दूरी = 50 मीटर
	height = 25 m , distance = 25 m ऊंचाई = 25 मीटर, दूरी = 25 मीटर
	height = 28 m , distance = 15 m ऊंचाई = 28 मीटर, दूरी = 15 मीटर
	height = 18 m , distance = 15 m ऊंचाई = 18 मीटर, दूरी = 15 मीटर

Q.No: 66	A sphere is melted and recast into 8 identical cones, each with radius 3 cm and height 4 cm. What was the radius of the original sphere? एक गोले को पिघलाकर 8 समान शंकुओं में ढाला गया, जिनमें से प्रत्येक की त्रिज्या 3 सेमी और ऊँचाई 4 सेमी है। मूल गोले की त्रिज्या क्या थी?
	4.16 cm 4.16 सेमी
	5.28 cm 5.28 सेमी
	6.54 cm 6.54 सेमी
	7 .56cm 7 .56 सेमी

Q.No: 67	The area of a regular hexagon is made of how many equilateral triangles? एक नियमित षट्भुज का क्षेत्रफल कितने समबाहु त्रिभुजों से बना होता है?
	3 3
	4 4
	5 5
	6 6

Q.No: 68	A circular fountain with a radius of 7 m is encircled by a grass bed that is 3.5 m wide. Determine the ratio of the area of the grass bed to the area of the fountain. 7 मीटर त्रिज्या वाला एक वृत्ताकार फव्वारा 3.5 मीटर चौड़ी घास की क्यारी से घिरा है। घास की क्यारी के क्षेत्रफल और फव्वारे के क्षेत्रफल का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	3:2 3:2
	2:1 2:1
	5:4 5:4
	4:1

	4:1

Q.No: 69	A tent designed as a triangular prism features a triangular base with an area of 20 m^2 and a height of 6 m. What is the volume of this tent? एक त्रिकोणीय प्रिज्म के रूप में डिज़ाइन किए गए तम्बू का आधार 20 वर्ग मीटर क्षेत्रफल और 6 मीटर ऊँचाई वाला त्रिकोणीय है। इस तम्बू का आयतन क्या है?
	100 m^3 100 मीटर ^{3}
	120 m^3 120 मीटर ^{3}
	130 m^3 130 मीटर ^{3}
	140 m^3 140 मीटर ^{3}

Q.No: 70	Which line has slope −1 and passes through (2,3)? किस रेखा का ढलान −1 है और वह (2,3) से होकर गुजरती है?
	$y = -x + 5$ $y = -x + 5$
	$y = x + 5$ $y = x + 5$
	$y = 5x + 2$ $y = 5x + 2$
	$y = -5x + 2$ $y = -5x + 2$

Q.No: 71	**Simplify:** $\sqrt{45} + \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{5}$. **सरलीकरण:** $\sqrt{45} + \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{5}$.
	$4\sqrt{5}$ $4\sqrt{5}$
	$6\sqrt{5}$ $6\sqrt{5}$
	$8\sqrt{5}$

	$8\sqrt{5}$
	$7\sqrt{5}$ $7\sqrt{5}$

Q.No: 72	Three non-overlapping, non-touching circles are drawn in a plane. What is the maximum number of distinct common tangents that can be drawn to them in total? एक तल में तीन अव्यापनशील, अस्पर्शी वृत्त खींचे गए हैं। उन पर खींची जा सकने वाली अधिकतम स्पष्ट उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखाओं की संख्या कितनी है?
	17 17
	16 16
	9 9
	12 12

Q.No: 73	In a circle, chord AB and chord CD intersect at E such that AE : EB = 2 : 3 and CE : ED = 5 : 2. If AB = x and CD = y, which of the following is true? एक वृत्त में, जीवा AB और जीवा CD बिंदु E पर इस प्रकार प्रतिच्छेद करती हैं कि AE : EB = 2 : 3 और CE : ED = 5 : 2 है। यदि AB = x और CD = y है, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सत्य है?
	$\frac{x^2}{y^2} = \frac{15}{16}$ $\frac{x^2}{y^2} = \frac{15}{16}$
	$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{6}{15}$ $\frac{x}{y} = \frac{6}{15}$ $\frac{x}{y} = \frac{10}{9}$ $\frac{x}{y} = \frac{10}{9}$
	$\frac{x^2}{y^2} = \frac{125}{147}$ $\frac{x^2}{y^2} = \frac{125}{147}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 74	A chord in a circle with radius 10 cm subtends an angle of $90°$ at the center. What is the area of the minor segment?

	10 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त में एक जीवा केंद्र पर 90° का कोण बनाती है। लघु वृत्तखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	$(25\pi-50)$ sq. cm $(25\pi-50)$ वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	$(50\pi-25)$ sq. cm $(50\pi-25)$ वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	$(50\pi-50)$ sq. cm $(50\pi-50)$ वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	$(100\pi-50)$ sq. cm $(100\pi-50)$ वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

Q.No: 75	Evaluate: $(0.05^3 + 0.01^3) \div (0.25^3 + 0.05^3)$ मूल्यांकन करें: $(0.05^3 + 0.01^3) \div (0.25^3 + 0.05^3)$
	0.008 0.008
	0.004 0.004
	0.006 0.006
	0.002 0.002

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **GARRULOUS**
	Talkative
	Reserved
	Silent
	Listen
Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Incessant**
	Constant
	Ceaseless
	Intermittent
	Perpetual

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Piquant**
	Bland
	Spicy
	Zesty
	Tart

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Carry coals to Newcastle**
	Provide something where it is already abundant
	Seek advice from experts
	Complain without cause
	Travel without direction

Q.No: 80	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Toe the line**
	Follow the leader physically
	Join the military
	Obey rules or authority exactly
	Oppose popular opinion

Q.No: 81	Which is the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'self-rule'?
	Autonomy
	Autonamy
	Autonommy
	Autonaumy

Q.No: 82	Spot the **correct spelling** of a 24-hour biological cycle.

	Circadion
	Circadian
	Circadien
	Circadijan

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'Something that is impossible to be read'.
	Illegible
	Decipherable
	Invisible
	Unutterable

Q.No: 84	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A deep and seemingly bottomless chasm'.
	Crevasse
	Crater
	Abyss
	Gorge

Q.No: 85	**Choose the correct phrasal verb:** The scientist was unable to _____ a definitive conclusion from the data.
	draw out
	bring up
	make over
	arrive at

Q.No: 86	**Select the correct option:** He spoke so ___ that even abstruse theories seemed digestible.
	lucid
	lucidly

	lucidity
	lucidness

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** It was the misalignment between projected and actual data (1)/ that cast doubt not only on the calculations (2)/ but also on the assumptions that (3)/ underlied the funding strategy. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Change the following from active to passive:** Someone must have tampered with the encryption keys.
	The encryption keys must have been tampered with.
	The encryption keys must have tampered by someone.
	The encryption keys must be tampered with by someone.
	The encryption keys must had been tampered with.

Q.No: 89	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The artisan engraved a **cartouche** around the royal name.
	The papyrus bore a golden cartouche of the pharaoh.
	The Egyptian cartouche encircled each hieroglyph name.
	The archaeologist uncovered a silver cartouche.
	The sculptor carved a cartouche of floral motifs for the ceiling.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 90	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** A solution has been suggested by the team to resolve the issue.
	The team had suggested a solution to resolve the issue.

	The team was suggesting a solution to resolve the issue.
	The team suggested a solution to resolve the issue.
	The team has suggested a solution to resolve the issue.

Q.No: 91	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She ***told to me*** the news.
	told me
	told for me
	said to me
	has told to me

Q.No: 92	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: Neither of the options ***are suitable for this task***.
	is suitable to the task
	is suitable for this task
	were suitable in this task
	is suitable at this task

Q.No: 93

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

Democracy is frequently extolled as the political system that best guarantees individual liberty. Enshrined in constitutional rights and protected by the rule of law, freedom of speech, association, religion, and conscience are regarded as hallmarks of democratic governance. However, what is less frequently acknowledged—but equally vital—is the reciprocal pillar of responsibility without which such freedoms can degenerate into chaos, polarization, or authoritarian backlashes. Freedom in a democracy is not absolute; it exists within a framework of mutual restraint and civic discipline. The right to express dissent, for instance, is foundational. Yet when freedom of expression is weaponized to disseminate hate speech, misinformation, or seditious propaganda, it ceases to serve the democratic cause. Responsibility thus entails a conscious engagement with the implications of one's actions—not just their legality, but their ethical and civic consequences. The challenge lies in reconciling liberty with accountability in pluralistic societies. With diverse cultural, ideological, and economic constituencies, democracies are inherently sites of contention. In such contexts, responsibility demands more than legal compliance—it requires empathy, critical thinking, and a commitment to collective well-being. A citizen's right to protest, for example, must be exercised with awareness of public order and respect for differing viewpoints. Similarly, the freedom to vote must be matched by an obligation to make informed choices, unswayed by populism, prejudice, or manipulation. The tension between freedom and responsibility is perhaps most visible during moments of crisis—be it a pandemic, a communal riot, or a constitutional standoff. In such times, the temptation to prioritize personal liberty at the cost of collective safety can prove fatal. Refusal to wear masks during a health emergency or the viral spread of unverified news during civil unrest exemplify how unbridled freedom can undermine democratic resilience. Moreover, democracy itself is not self-sustaining; it requires vigilant citizens who recognize that rights are not entitlements in perpetuity, but privileges preserved through active participation. When freedom is divorced from responsibility, democratic institutions become vulnerable to erosion—from within. Demagogues often rise not solely because of state failure, but due to civic apathy or irresponsible use of democratic freedoms by the populace itself. Therefore, in any functioning democracy, freedom and responsibility are not opposing forces but mutually reinforcing imperatives. The preservation of liberty necessitates a citizenry capable of ethical judgment, informed debate, and constructive dissent. In the absence of responsibility, freedom risks transforming from a catalyst of justice into a vehicle of division. Democracy survives not just through the laws it enacts, but through the civic virtues its citizens embody.

According to the passage, what happens when freedom is exercised without responsibility?

It enhances legal systems

It strengthens civic unity

It leads to misuse and societal harm

It guarantees better governance

Q.No: 94

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

Democracy is frequently extolled as the political system that best guarantees individual liberty. Enshrined in constitutional rights and protected by the rule of law, freedom of speech, association, religion, and conscience are regarded as hallmarks of democratic governance. However, what is less frequently acknowledged—but equally vital—is the reciprocal pillar of responsibility without which such freedoms can degenerate into chaos, polarization, or authoritarian backlashes. Freedom in a democracy is not absolute; it exists within a framework of mutual restraint and civic discipline. The right to express dissent, for instance, is foundational. Yet when freedom of expression is weaponized to disseminate hate speech, misinformation, or seditious propaganda, it ceases to serve the democratic cause. Responsibility thus entails a conscious engagement with the implications of one's actions—not just their legality, but their ethical and civic consequences. The challenge lies in reconciling liberty with accountability in pluralistic societies. With diverse cultural, ideological, and economic constituencies, democracies are inherently sites of contention. In such contexts, responsibility demands more than legal compliance—it requires empathy, critical thinking, and a commitment to collective well-being. A citizen's right to protest, for example, must be exercised with awareness of public order and respect for differing viewpoints. Similarly, the freedom to vote must be matched by an obligation to make informed choices, unswayed by populism, prejudice, or manipulation. The tension between freedom and responsibility is perhaps most visible during moments of crisis—be it a pandemic, a communal riot, or a constitutional standoff. In such times, the temptation to prioritize personal liberty at the cost of collective safety can prove fatal. Refusal to wear masks during a health emergency or the viral spread of unverified news during civil unrest exemplify how unbridled freedom can undermine democratic resilience. Moreover, democracy itself is not self-sustaining; it requires vigilant citizens who recognize that rights are not entitlements in perpetuity, but privileges preserved through active participation. When freedom is divorced from responsibility, democratic institutions become vulnerable to erosion—from within. Demagogues often rise not solely because of state failure, but due to civic apathy or irresponsible use of democratic freedoms by the populace itself. Therefore, in any functioning democracy, freedom and responsibility are not opposing forces but mutually reinforcing imperatives. The preservation of liberty necessitates a citizenry capable of ethical judgment, informed debate, and constructive dissent. In the absence of responsibility, freedom risks transforming from a catalyst of justice into a vehicle of division. Democracy survives not just through the laws it enacts, but through the civic virtues its citizens embody.

Why does the author mention protests and voting as examples?

To criticize public participation

To show areas where freedom and responsibility must coexist

To promote legal reforms

To support authoritarian models

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Democracy is frequently extolled as the political system that best guarantees individual liberty. Enshrined in constitutional rights and protected by the rule of law, freedom of speech, association, religion, and conscience are regarded as hallmarks of democratic governance. However, what is less frequently acknowledged—but equally vital—is the reciprocal pillar of responsibility without which such freedoms can degenerate into chaos, polarization, or authoritarian backlashes. Freedom in a democracy is not absolute; it exists within a framework of mutual restraint and civic discipline. The right to express dissent, for instance, is foundational. Yet when freedom of expression is weaponized to disseminate hate speech, misinformation, or seditious propaganda, it ceases to serve the democratic cause. Responsibility thus entails a conscious engagement with the implications of one's actions—not just their legality, but their ethical and civic consequences. The challenge lies in reconciling liberty with accountability in pluralistic societies. With diverse cultural, ideological, and economic constituencies, democracies are inherently sites of contention. In such contexts, responsibility demands more than legal compliance—it requires empathy, critical thinking, and a commitment to collective well-being. A citizen's right to protest, for example, must be exercised with awareness of public order and respect for differing viewpoints. Similarly, the freedom to vote must be matched by an obligation to make informed choices, unswayed by populism, prejudice, or manipulation. The tension between freedom and responsibility is perhaps most visible during moments of crisis—be it a pandemic, a communal riot, or a constitutional standoff. In such times, the temptation to prioritize personal liberty at the cost of collective safety can prove fatal. Refusal to wear masks during a health emergency or the viral spread of unverified news during civil unrest exemplify how unbridled freedom can undermine democratic resilience. Moreover, democracy itself is not self-sustaining; it requires vigilant citizens who recognize that rights are not entitlements in perpetuity, but privileges preserved through active participation. When freedom is divorced from responsibility, democratic institutions become vulnerable to erosion—from within. Demagogues often rise not solely because of state failure, but due to civic apathy or irresponsible use of democratic freedoms by the populace itself. Therefore, in any functioning democracy, freedom and responsibility are not opposing forces but mutually reinforcing imperatives. The preservation of liberty necessitates a citizenry capable of ethical judgment, informed debate, and constructive dissent. In the absence of responsibility, freedom risks transforming from a catalyst of justice into a vehicle of division. Democracy survives not just through the laws it enacts, but through the civic virtues its citizens embody. What is implied about the relationship between citizens and democratic institutions?
	Citizens cannot influence institutions
	Institutions are entirely self-preserving
	Citizens play an active role in sustaining democracy
	Democratic institutions should restrict citizens' rights
Not Answered	

Q.No: 96

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

Democracy is frequently extolled as the political system that best guarantees individual liberty. Enshrined in constitutional rights and protected by the rule of law, freedom of speech, association, religion, and conscience are regarded as hallmarks of democratic governance. However, what is less frequently acknowledged—but equally vital—is the reciprocal pillar of responsibility without which such freedoms can degenerate into chaos, polarization, or authoritarian backlashes. Freedom in a democracy is not absolute; it exists within a framework of mutual restraint and civic discipline. The right to express dissent, for instance, is foundational. Yet when freedom of expression is weaponized to disseminate hate speech, misinformation, or seditious propaganda, it ceases to serve the democratic cause. Responsibility thus entails a conscious engagement with the implications of one's actions—not just their legality, but their ethical and civic consequences. The challenge lies in reconciling liberty with accountability in pluralistic societies. With diverse cultural, ideological, and economic constituencies, democracies are inherently sites of contention. In such contexts, responsibility demands more than legal compliance—it requires empathy, critical thinking, and a commitment to collective well-being. A citizen's right to protest, for example, must be exercised with awareness of public order and respect for differing viewpoints. Similarly, the freedom to vote must be matched by an obligation to make informed choices, unswayed by populism, prejudice, or manipulation. The tension between freedom and responsibility is perhaps most visible during moments of crisis—be it a pandemic, a communal riot, or a constitutional standoff. In such times, the temptation to prioritize personal liberty at the cost of collective safety can prove fatal. Refusal to wear masks during a health emergency or the viral spread of unverified news during civil unrest exemplify how unbridled freedom can undermine democratic resilience. Moreover, democracy itself is not self-sustaining; it requires vigilant citizens who recognize that rights are not entitlements in perpetuity, but privileges preserved through active participation. When freedom is divorced from responsibility, democratic institutions become vulnerable to erosion—from within. Demagogues often rise not solely because of state failure, but due to civic apathy or irresponsible use of democratic freedoms by the populace itself. Therefore, in any functioning democracy, freedom and responsibility are not opposing forces but mutually reinforcing imperatives. The preservation of liberty necessitates a citizenry capable of ethical judgment, informed debate, and constructive dissent. In the absence of responsibility, freedom risks transforming from a catalyst of justice into a vehicle of division. Democracy survives not just through the laws it enacts, but through the civic virtues its citizens embody.

How does the passage describe the impact of crises on freedom in democracies?

Crises validate unlimited liberty

Crises show the need for absolute state control

Crises reveal the dangers of unregulated freedom

Crises diminish the value of rights

Q.No: 97

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

Democracy is frequently extolled as the political system that best guarantees individual liberty. Enshrined in constitutional rights and protected by the rule of law, freedom of speech, association, religion, and conscience are regarded as hallmarks of democratic governance. However, what is less frequently acknowledged—but equally vital—is the reciprocal pillar of responsibility without which such freedoms can degenerate into chaos, polarization, or authoritarian backlashes. Freedom in a democracy is not absolute; it exists within a framework of mutual restraint and civic discipline. The right to express dissent, for instance, is foundational. Yet when freedom of expression is weaponized to disseminate hate speech, misinformation, or seditious propaganda, it ceases to serve the democratic cause. Responsibility thus entails a conscious engagement with the implications of one's actions—not just their legality, but their ethical and civic consequences. The challenge lies in reconciling liberty with accountability in pluralistic societies. With diverse cultural, ideological, and economic constituencies, democracies are inherently sites of contention. In such contexts, responsibility demands more than legal compliance—it requires empathy, critical thinking, and a commitment to collective well-being. A citizen's right to protest, for example, must be exercised with awareness of public order and respect for differing viewpoints. Similarly, the freedom to vote must be matched by an obligation to make informed choices, unswayed by populism, prejudice, or manipulation. The tension between freedom and responsibility is perhaps most visible during moments of crisis—be it a pandemic, a communal riot, or a constitutional standoff. In such times, the temptation to prioritize personal liberty at the cost of collective safety can prove fatal. Refusal to wear masks during a health emergency or the viral spread of unverified news during civil unrest exemplify how unbridled freedom can undermine democratic resilience. Moreover, democracy itself is not self-sustaining; it requires vigilant citizens who recognize that rights are not entitlements in perpetuity, but privileges preserved through active participation. When freedom is divorced from responsibility, democratic institutions become vulnerable to erosion—from within. Demagogues often rise not solely because of state failure, but due to civic apathy or irresponsible use of democratic freedoms by the populace itself. Therefore, in any functioning democracy, freedom and responsibility are not opposing forces but mutually reinforcing imperatives. The preservation of liberty necessitates a citizenry capable of ethical judgment, informed debate, and constructive dissent. In the absence of responsibility, freedom risks transforming from a catalyst of justice into a vehicle of division. Democracy survives not just through the laws it enacts, but through the civic virtues its citizens embody.

What tone best describes the author's stance on freedom in democracy?

Cynical and dismissive

Balanced and cautionary

Indifferent and neutral

Overly optimistic

Q.No: 98

Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.

He observed that, had market liquidity vanished entirely, the exchange would have suspended trading.

He said, "If market liquidity vanishes entirely, the exchange suspends trading."

He said, "Had market liquidity vanished entirely, the exchange would have suspended trading."

He said, "The exchange will suspend trading if market liquidity had vanished entirely."

He said, "If the exchange suspended trading, it was because market liquidity vanished entirely."

Q.No: 99	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "I am reading a book."
	He said he is reading a book.
	He said that he was reading a book.
	He said that he had read a book.
	He said he read a book.

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. Solar energy is one of the most promising renewable energy sources. 2. It has a minimal environmental impact compared to fossil fuels. 3. Solar panels convert sunlight into electricity. 4. However, energy storage remains a significant challenge for solar energy systems.
	2-1-4-3
	1-2-4-3
	3-2-4-1
	4-1-2-3

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
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Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	Italy is a beautiful village and China is a big building. What is the total number of words that begin with a consonant? Italy is a beautiful village and China is a big building. व्यंजन से शुरू होने वाले शब्दों की कुल संख्या कितनी है?
	4 4
	5 5
	6 6
	7 7

Q.No: 2	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **GBD, JFJ, MJP, PNV ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **GBD, JFJ, MJP, PNV ?**
	VHA VHA
	SRB SRB
	SRF SRF
	UHS UHS

Q.No: 3	Choose the address that is exactly the same as the one given below. C-12, Hill View Complex,Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के बिल्कुल समान हो। C-12, Hill View Complex,Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010
	C-12, Hill View Complex,Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010
	C-12, Hill View Complex, Rajaji Nager, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010 C-12, Hill View Complex, Rajaji Nager, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010
	C-12, Hill View Complax, Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010 C-12, Hill View Complax, Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010
	C-12, Hill View Complex, Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560100 C-12, Hill View Complex, Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560100
	C-12, Hill View Complex, Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010 C-12, Hill View Complex, Rajaji Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka – 560010

Q.No: 4	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **S C E G, S F K P, S I Q Y, S L W H, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है: **S C E G, S F K P, S I Q Y, S L W H, ?**
	S O C Q S O C Q
	S O B Q S O B Q
	S P C R

	S P C R
	S P D R S P D R

Q.No: 5	A statement is given followed by two conclusions. Find which conclusion is TRUE based on the given statement. Statement: C= A ≤ T < D ≥ O; G ≥ D < S; T ≥ A Conclusions: I: A < O II: C < G एक कथन के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथन के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है। कथन: C= A ≤ T < D ≥ O; G ≥ D < S; T ≥ A निष्कर्ष: I: A < O II: C < G
	Only II केवल II
	Only I केवल I
	Either I or II या तो I या II
	Neither I nor II न तो I और न ही II

Q.No: 6	Complete the pattern: **2, 12, 36, 80, 150, ?** इस क्रम को पूरा करें: **2, 12, 36, 80, 150, ?**
	246 246
	240 240
	252 252
	258 258

O.No: 7	Find the odd one out:

	विषम चुनें:
	10 # 5 = 5 10 # 5 = 5
	20 # 4 = 5 20 # 4 = 5
	25 # 5 = 5 25 # 5 = 5
	15 # 3 = 5 15 # 3 = 5

Q.No: 8	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** The rapid advancement in gene editing technologies such as CRISPR offers immense potential for curing genetic disorders, but it also raises concerns about the ethical implications of editing the human genome. **Assumptions:** I. Gene editing technologies can potentially cure genetic disorders. II. Ethical concerns are a natural consequence of advancing gene editing technologies. III. The potential for gene editing to cure genetic disorders outweighs the ethical concerns. **निर्देश**: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: CRISPR जैसी जीन संपादन तकनीकों में तेजी से हो रही प्रगति आनुवंशिक विकारों को ठीक करने की अपार संभावनाएं प्रदान करती है, लेकिन यह मानव जीनोम को संपादित करने के नैतिक निहितार्थों के बारे में चिंताएं भी पैदा करती है। **मान्यताएँ**: I. जीन संपादन तकनीकें संभावित रूप से आनुवंशिक विकारों को ठीक कर सकती हैं। II. नैतिक चिंताएँ जीन संपादन तकनीकों के विकास का एक स्वाभाविक परिणाम हैं। III. आनुवंशिक विकारों को ठीक करने के लिए जीन संपादन की क्षमता नैतिक चिंताओं से अधिक है।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है
	All I, II and III are implicit सभी I, II और III निहित हैं

Q.No: 9	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The bank has introduced a biometric login system. Conclusions: I. The bank wants to improve security. II. Customers must carry biometric IDs.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: बैंक ने बायोमेट्रिक लॉगिन प्रणाली शुरू की है। निष्कर्ष: I. बैंक सुरक्षा में सुधार करना चाहता है। II. ग्राहकों को बायोमेट्रिक पहचान पत्र साथ रखना होगा।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष ।।अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 10	Find the group of letters that best completes the analogy. Use alphabetical positions and reverse position logic where necessary. **ACFL : ZXUM :: BDEM : ?** अक्षरों का वह समूह ढूँढ़ें जो सादृश्य को सबसे अच्छी तरह पूरा करता है। जहाँ आवश्यक हो, वर्णमाला क्रम और विपरीत क्रम तर्क का प्रयोग करें। **ACFL : ZXUM :: BDEM : ?**
	YWNL YWNL
	YWML YWML
	YWVN YWVN
	YXML YXML

Q.No: 11	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Some animals are carnivores. Some carnivores are wild. **Conclusions:** I. Some animals are wild. II. All wild are animals.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: कुछ जानवर मांसाहारी होते हैं। कुछ मांसाहारी जंगली होते हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ जानवर जंगली होते हैं। II. सभी जंगली जानवर होते हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 12	In the following question, select the word which cannot be formed using the letters of the given word. QUARRELSOME निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, वह शब्द चुनिए जो दिए गए शब्द के अक्षरों का प्रयोग करके नहीं बनाया जा सकता है। QUARRELSOME
	AIR AIR
	SOME SOME
	QUARREL QUARREL
	LOAM LOAM

Q.No: 13	The 6th term of a geometric progression (GP) is 48. The first term is 1.5. What is the common ratio (CR)? एक गुणोत्तर श्रेणी (GP) का छठा पद 48 है। पहला पद 1.5 है। सार्व अनुपात (CR) क्या है?
	2.0 2.0
	3.0 3.0

	2.5 2.5
	2.2 2.2

Q.No: 14	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए: Bhagat Singh भगत सिंह
	Chandrashekhar Azad चंद्रशेखर आज़ाद
	Rajguru राजगुरु,
	Manmohan Singh मनमोहन सिंह

Q.No: 15	P is the mother of Q. Q is the sister of R. How is P related to R? P, Q की माँ है। Q, R की बहन है। P, R से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Aunt चाची
	Mother माँ
	Grandmother दादी
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 16	In a certain code language, each letter is assigned a unique digit. Based on the following codes: PLANE is coded as 74851 and DOG as 392, how is GOLD coded? एक निश्चित कूट भाषा में, प्रत्येक अक्षर को एक विशिष्ट अंक दिया जाता है। निम्नलिखित कूटों के आधार पर: PLANE को 74851 और DOG को 392 लिखा जाता है। GOLD को कैसे लिखा जाता है? 2843 2843
	2943

	2943
	2394 2394 2934 2934

Q.No: 17	Compute $\sqrt{144} + \sqrt[3]{27} = ?$ गणना करना $\sqrt{144} + \sqrt[3]{27} = ?$ 14 14
	15 15
	16 16
	13 13

Q.No: 18	If 8 # 2 = 64, 7 # 3 = 343, then 6 # 2 = ? यदि 8 # 2 = 64, 7 # 3 = 343, तो 6 # 2 = ? 216 216
	144 144
	100 100
	36 36

Q.No: 19	In a code language, TABLE is written as UDCMF. How will CHAIR be written? एक कूट भाषा में, TABLE को UDCMF लिखा जाता है। CHAIR को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	DKBJS DKBJS
	EJCKS EJCKS

	DJCKR DJCKR
	DJBKR DJBKR

Q.No: 20	A shop sells erasers at ₹8 each and folders at ₹25 each. If a customer buys 5 erasers and 3 folders, what's the total bill? एक दुकान ₹8 प्रति इरेजर और ₹25 प्रति फोल्डर बेचती है। यदि कोई ग्राहक 5 इरेजर और 3 फोल्डर खरीदता है, तो कुल बिल कितना होगा?
	₹99 ₹99
	₹115 ₹115
	₹105 ₹105
	₹111 ₹111

Q.No: 21	A + B means A is the mother of B, A ÷ B means A is the father of B, A − B means A is the sister of B, A × B means A is the brother of B. What does P ÷ Q − R mean? A + B का अर्थ है A, B की माता है, A ÷ B का अर्थ है A, B का पिता है, A − B का अर्थ है A, B की बहन है, A × B का अर्थ है A, B का भाई है। P ÷ Q − R का क्या अर्थ है?
	P is R's uncle P, R का चाचा है
	Q is R's mother Q, R की माँ है
	P is R's father P, R का पिता है
	R is P's mother R, P की माँ है

Q.No: 22	If '×' = '−', '+' = '÷', '−' = '+', '÷' = '×', then which is valid? यदि '×' = '−', '+' = '÷', '−' = '+', '÷' = '×', तो कौन सा मान्य है?
	12 − 4 × 2 + 1 = 7 12 − 4 × 2 + 1 = 7
	10 + 2 − 4 × 1 = 8 10 + 2 − 4 × 1 = 8

	16 ÷ 4 + 2 − 2 = 10 16 ÷ 4 + 2 − 2 = 10
	8 × 2 − 2 + 2 = 1 8 × 2 − 2 + 2 = 1

Q.No: 23	If 'A' means '−', 'B' means '÷', 'C' means '+', and 'D' means '×' what is the value of the following expression? **25 B 5 C 3 D 2 A 4=?** यदि 'A' का अर्थ '−', 'B' का अर्थ '÷', 'C' का अर्थ '+' और 'D' का अर्थ '×' है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या है? **25 B 5 C 3 D 2 A 4=?**
	7 7
	14 14
	21 21
	28 28

Q.No: 24	If + = ×, - = ^, × = -, evaluate: 5 - 2 × 3 + 1 यदि + = ×, - = ^, × = -, तो मूल्यांकन करें: 5 - 2 × 3 + 1
	22 22
	23 23
	24 24
	25 25

Q.No: 25	If the sum of 11 and 40 is multiplied by 5, what is the result? यदि 11 और 40 के योग को 5 से गुणा किया जाए तो परिणाम क्या होगा? 240

	240
	255 255
	265 265
	270 270

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Perini Shivatandavam is a warrior dance revived in modern times. 2. It originated from the court of Chola kings of Tamil Nadu. Which of the above statements is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:** 1. पेरिनि शिवतांडवम एक योद्धा नृत्य है जिसे आधुनिक समय में पुनर्जीवित किया गया है। 2. इसकी उत्पत्ति तमिलनाडु के चोल राजाओं के दरबार से हुई थी। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both statements 1 and 2 are correct कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither statement 1 nor 2 is correct

	न तो कथन 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 27	Which of the following is a typical architectural feature of the Capuchin Church? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी कैपुचिन चर्च की विशिष्ट वास्तुकला विशेषता है?
	Ornate spires and domes अलंकृत शिखर और गुंबद
	Complex traceried rose windows जटिल ट्रेसरीड गुलाब खिड़कियां
	Flat arched entrance with pediment चपटा धनुषाकार प्रवेश द्वार जिसमें पेडिमेंट लगा हो
	Multi-storey shikhara tower बहुमंजिला शिखर टावर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 28	Which of the following statements uniquely identifies a symbolic or lesser-known element linking Teej to both nature and mythology? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन तीज को प्रकृति और पौराणिक कथाओं दोनों से जोड़ने वाले प्रतीकात्मक या कम ज्ञात तत्व की विशिष्ट पहचान करता है?
	Teej is a public holiday in all North Indian states during the month of Aadi. आदि माह के दौरान तीज के दिन सभी उत्तर भारतीय राज्यों में सार्वजनिक अवकाश होता है।
	"Teej" refers to a lunar goddess linked to fertility and rain. "तीज" का तात्पर्य चंद्र देवी से है जो प्रजनन और वर्षा से जुड़ी है।
	The name “Teej” comes from a red insect seen in monsoon "तीज" नाम मानसून में दिखने वाले एक लाल कीड़े से आया है
	Swinging during Teej represents lunar cycles and Shiva’s Tandava. तीज के दौरान झूला झूलना चंद्र चक्र और शिव के तांडव का प्रतिनिधित्व करता है।

Q.No: 29	Which of the following statements about the **Mahasandhivigrahika** during Gupta's rule is **correct**? गुप्त शासन के दौरान **महासंधिविग्रहिका** के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	He was the chief justice of the kingdom and presided over land disputes. वह राज्य के मुख्य न्यायाधीश थे और भूमि विवादों की सुनवाई करते थे।
	He supervised irrigation works and public revenue collection. उन्होंने सिंचाई कार्यों और सार्वजनिक राजस्व संग्रह का पर्यवेक्षण किया।
	He acted as the foreign minister and collaborated closely with the king and military. उन्होंने विदेश मंत्री के रूप में कार्य किया तथा राजा और सेना के साथ निकट सहयोग किया।
	He managed temple endowments and religious affairs.

	वह मंदिर के दान और धार्मिक मामलों का प्रबंधन करते थे।

Q.No: 30	Which of the following pairs of Kashmiri music and its description is correctly matched? निम्नलिखित में से कश्मीरी संगीत और उसके वर्णन का कौन सा युग्म सही सुमेलित है?
	Chakri – Classical form using Santoor and Hafiz Nagma चकरी - संतूर और हाफ़िज़ नगमा का उपयोग करते हुए शास्त्रीय रूप
	Sufiana Music – Folk style sung with Garaha and Rabab सूफियाना संगीत - गरहा और रबाब के साथ गाया जाने वाला लोक शैली
	Hafiz Nagma – Dance based on musical notes of Sufiana music हाफ़िज़ नगमा - सूफ़ियाना संगीत के सुरों पर आधारित नृत्य
	Rouf – Instrumental duet performed with Santoor and Sitar रौफ़ - संतूर और सितार के साथ बजाया जाने वाला वाद्य युगल
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	In pole vault, how many failed attempts are allowed before disqualification? पोल वॉल्ट में, अयोग्यता से पहले कितने असफल प्रयास की अनुमति है?
	2 2
	3 3
	4 4
	1 1
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32 Match the dynasties listed in Column A with the regions they primarily ruled over, as given in Column B:

Column A: Dynasty	Column B: Region
A. Gurjara-Pratiharas	1. Bengal
B. Rashtrakutas	2. Tamil Nadu
C. Palas	3. Gujarat and Rajasthan
D. Cholas	4. Western Deccan

स्तंभ A में दी गई राजवंशों की सूची का मिलान स्तंभ B में दिए गए उनके प्रमुख शासन क्षेत्रों से करें:

स्तंभ A: राजवंश	स्तंभ B: क्षेत्र
A. गुर्जर-प्रतिहार	1. बंगाल
B. राष्ट्रकूट	2. तमिलनाडु
C. पाल वंश	3. गुजरात और राजस्थान
D. चोल वंश	4. पश्चिमी दक्कन

A → 3, B → 4, C → 1, D → 2

A → 3, B → 4, C → 1, D → 2

A → 4, B → 3, C → 1, D → 2

A → 4, B → 3, C → 1, D → 2

A → 2, B → 3, C → 1, D → 4

A → 2, B → 3, C → 1, D → 4

A → 4, B → 3, C → 2, D → 1

A → 4, B → 3, C → 2, D → 1

Q.No: 33 Which city is set to host the 2026 Commonwealth Games after Australia withdrew from hosting?

ऑस्ट्रेलिया द्वारा मेजबानी से हटने के बाद कौन सा शहर 2026 राष्ट्रमंडल खेलों की मेजबानी करने के लिए तैयार है?

Birmingham

बर्मिंघम

Victoria

विक्टोरिया

	Glasgow ग्लासगो
	Toronto टोरंटो
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Which corridor enhances India's access to Central Asia through Chabahar Port? कौन सा गलियारा चाबहार बंदरगाह के माध्यम से मध्य एशिया तक भारत की पहुंच को बढ़ाता है?
	East-West Corridor पूर्व-पश्चिम गलियारा
	India-Myanmar Highway भारत-म्यांमार राजमार्ग
	North-South Transport Corridor उत्तर-दक्षिण परिवहन गलियारा
	South Asian Maritime Path दक्षिण एशियाई समुद्री पथ

Q.No: 35	What is the theme of Avni Doshi's Burnt Sugar, shortlisted for the Booker Prize 2020? बुकर पुरस्कार 2020 के लिए शॉर्टलिस्ट की गई अवनी दोशी की बर्न्ट शुगर का विषय क्या है?
	Romantic tale in pre-independence India स्वतंत्रता-पूर्व भारत की रोमांटिक कहानी
	Political thriller in Delhi दिल्ली में राजनीतिक रोमांच
	Complex mother-daughter bond जटिल माँ-बेटी का बंधन
	Historical fiction on India-Persia trade भारत-फारस व्यापार पर ऐतिहासिक कथा

Q.No: 36	Which campaign did Education Minister Dharmendra Pradhan promote on World Environment Day 2025? विश्व पर्यावरण दिवस 2025 पर शिक्षा मंत्री धर्मेंद्र प्रधान ने किस अभियान को बढ़ावा दिया?
	Plastic-Free India Campaign प्लास्टिक-मुक्त भारत अभियान
	Ek Ped Maa Ke Naam 2.0 tree-planting एक पेड़ माँ के नाम 2.0 वृक्षारोपण
	Clean Ganga Youth Movement

	स्वच्छ गंगा युवा आंदोलन
	National Coastal Cleanup Drive राष्ट्रीय तटीय सफाई अभियान

Q.No: 37	What was India's urban population percentage in Census 2011? जनगणना 2011 में भारत की शहरी जनसंख्या का प्रतिशत क्या था?
	24% 24%
	31% 31%
	36% 36%
	41% 41%

Q.No: 38	What is the maximum payload capacity of India's upcoming Next Generation Launch Vehicle (NGLV) to Low Earth Orbit (LEO)? भारत के आगामी अगली पीढ़ी के प्रक्षेपण यान (एनजीएलवी) की निम्न पृथ्वी कक्षा (एलईओ) तक अधिकतम पेलोड क्षमता क्या है?
	10 tonnes 10 टन
	20 tonnes 20 टन
	30 tonnes 30 टन
	40 tonnes 40 टन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	Which of the following statements **accurately** identifies the venue and complete schedule of the Yonex-Sunrise India Open 2025, classified as a BWF Super 750 badminton tournament? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन BWF सुपर 750 बैडमिंटन टूर्नामेंट के रूप में वर्गीकृत योनेक्स-सनराइज इंडिया ओपन 2025 के स्थल और पूर्ण कार्यक्रम की सटीक पहचान करता है? It was conducted at Thyagaraj Stadium, New Delhi, from January 10 to 15, 2025, as part of the BWF World Tour. इसका आयोजन बीडब्ल्यूएफ वर्ल्ड टूर के भाग के रूप में 10 से 15 जनवरी, 2025 तक त्यागराज स्टेडियम, नई दिल्ली में किया गया।
	The event took place at the Siri Fort Sports Complex, New Delhi, from January 12 to 17, 2025, under the BWF Super Series framework.

	यह आयोजन बीडब्ल्यूएफ सुपर सीरीज ढांचे के तहत 12 से 17 जनवरी, 2025 तक सिरी फोर्ट स्पोर्ट्स कॉम्प्लेक्स, नई दिल्ली में हुआ।
	It was hosted at the K.D. Jadhav Indoor Hall, IG Stadium, New Delhi, from January 14 to 19, 2025, as part of the BWF Super 750 tier. इसे बीडब्ल्यूएफ सुपर 750 टियर के हिस्से के रूप में 14 से 19 जनवरी, 2025 तक केडी जाधव इंडोर हॉल, आईजी स्टेडियम, नई दिल्ली में आयोजित किया गया था।
	It was organized at Talkatora Indoor Stadium, New Delhi, from January 16 to 21, 2025, under the India Badminton Circuit calendar. इसका आयोजन इंडिया बैडमिंटन सर्किट कैलेंडर के तहत 16 से 21 जनवरी, 2025 तक तालकटोरा इंडोर स्टेडियम, नई दिल्ली में किया गया।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	The Sindri fertilizer plant, one of India's oldest and most significant, is located in which state, utilizing its proximity to a major coal-producing region? भारत के सबसे पुराने और सबसे महत्वपूर्ण सिंदरी उर्वरक संयंत्र, किस राज्य में स्थित है, जो एक प्रमुख कोयला उत्पादक क्षेत्र के निकट है?
	West Bengal पश्चिम बंगाल
	Odisha ओडिशा
	Jharkhand झारखंड
	Bihar बिहार

Q.No: 41	Which of the following sequences correctly represents flow of genetic info? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा अनुक्रम आनुवंशिक जानकारी के प्रवाह को सही ढंग से दर्शाता है?
	DNA → Protein → RNA डीएनए → प्रोटीन → आरएनए
	RNA → DNA → Protein आरएनए → डीएनए → प्रोटीन
	DNA → RNA → Protein डीएनए → आरएनए → प्रोटीन
	Protein → RNA → DNA प्रोटीन → आरएनए → डीएनए

Q.No: 42	What does Article 268 of the Indian Constitution primarily deal with? भारतीय संविधान का अनुच्छेद 268 मुख्यतः किससे संबंधित है?
	Service tax levied by Union and collected by States संघ द्वारा लगाया जाने वाला और राज्यों द्वारा संग्रहित सेवा कर
	Income tax levied and collected by States

	राज्यों द्वारा लगाया और संग्रहित आयकर
	Stamp duties levied by Union but collected by States स्टाम्प शुल्क संघ द्वारा लगाया जाता है लेकिन राज्यों द्वारा वसूला जाता है
	Excise duties on medicinal products collected by States राज्य द्वारा औषधीय उत्पादों पर वसूले जाने वाले उत्पाद शुल्क
Not Answered	

Q.No: 43	If the speed of sound in a medium is 340 m/s and a sound wave has a frequency of 680 Hz, what is its wavelength? यदि किसी माध्यम में ध्वनि की गति 340 मीटर/सेकंड है और ध्वनि तरंग की आवृत्ति 680 हर्ट्ज है, तो इसकी तरंगदैर्ध्य क्या है?
	0.5 m 0.5 मीटर
	2 m 2 मीटर
	20 m 20 मीटर
	50 m 50 मीटर

Q.No: 44	What is the primary aim of TIES? TIES का प्राथमिक उद्देश्य क्या है?
	Export infra development निर्यात अवसंरचना विकास
	Cold storage for dairy डेयरी के लिए कोल्ड स्टोरेज
	PMFBY support पीएमएफबीवाई सहायता
	Drug pricing regulation दवा मूल्य निर्धारण विनियमन

Q.No: 45	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** The Happiness Index includes political freedom and social support. **Reason (R):** The Index is published by the UNDP. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए: **अभिकथन (A):** प्रसन्नता सूचकांक में राजनीतिक स्वतंत्रता और सामाजिक समर्थन शामिल हैं। **कारण (R):** यह सूचकांक UNDP द्वारा प्रकाशित किया जाता है।

	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 46	Why is 'Carbon Sink Enhancement' important in India's climate plan? भारत की जलवायु योजना में 'कार्बन सिंक संवर्धन' क्यों महत्वपूर्ण है?
	Encourage deforestation वनों की कटाई को प्रोत्साहित करें
	Store CO_2 in vegetation and soil वनस्पति और मिट्टी में CO_2 का भंडारण करें
	Burn more fossil fuels अधिक जीवाश्म ईंधन जलाएँ
	Promote monocultures एकल फसलों को बढ़ावा देना

Q.No: 47	Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the **correct** option. **Assertion (A):** India adopted import substitution during the planning era. **Reason (R):** This was to protect infant domestic industries from foreign competition. **निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें।** **अभिकथन (A):** भारत ने नियोजन काल के दौरान आयात प्रतिस्थापन को अपनाया। **कारण (R):** इसका उद्देश्य नवजात घरेलू उद्योगों को विदेशी प्रतिस्पर्धा से बचाना था।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false but R is true. A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	Consider these cosmic phenomena: 1. Black holes emit X-rays directly from their event horizon 2. Pulsars are rapidly rotating neutron stars. Which of the above is/are correct? **इन ब्रह्मांडीय घटनाओं पर विचार करें:** 1. ब्लैक होल अपने घटना क्षितिज से सीधे एक्स-रे उत्सर्जित करते हैं। 2. पल्सर तेज़ी से घूमने वाले न्यूट्रॉन तारे हैं। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा सही है/हैं?
	Statement 1 only केवल कथन 1
	Statement 2 only केवल कथन 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Q.No: 49	Which Article allows Parliament to legislate on a subject in the State List during a National Emergency? कौन सा अनुच्छेद राष्ट्रीय आपातकाल के दौरान संसद को राज्य सूची के किसी विषय पर कानून बनाने की अनुमति देता है?
	Article 250 अनुच्छेद 250
	Article 256 अनुच्छेद 256
	Article 254 अनुच्छेद 254
	Article 352 अनुच्छेद 352

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Article 131A gave High Courts exclusive power to decide on central laws' validity. 2. It was repealed by the 43rd Constitutional Amendment. Which of the above is/are **correct**? निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अनुच्छेद 131A उच्च न्यायालयों को केंद्रीय कानूनों की वैधता पर निर्णय लेने का विशेष अधिकार देता है। 2. इसे 43वें संविधान संशोधन द्वारा निरस्त कर दिया गया। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1

	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **16 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **INTRANSIGENT**
	Willing
	Compliant
	Stubborn
	Submissive

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Pulchritude**
	Grace
	Ugliness
	Charm
	Beauty

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **In the doldrums**
	Sailing in high winds
	In a state of depression or inactivity
	On the verge of success
	Working with great energy

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Incorrigible**
	Chronic
	Deep-rooted
	Habitual
	Reclaimable

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of a drug hallucination adj. Hallucinagenic
	Hallucinognic
	Hallucinogenic
	Halluscinogenic

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'One who abandons his religious faith'. Renegade Atheist
	Heretic
	Apostate

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A formal split within a religious organization'.

	Sedition
	Heresy
	Apostasy
	Schism

Q.No: 83	**Fill in the blank with the most appropriate option:** Rarely _____ such an overwhelming consensus among critics.
	has there been
	there has been
	was there
	had been

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** Only after years of archival research did the historian manage to ___ the contradictory accounts of the regime's collapse.
	retract
	revise
	reconcile
	reverberate

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Little did the committee knew (1)/ about the hidden liabilities (2)/ when it approved the merger (3)/ late last quarter. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** Have the engineers resolved the calibration issue yet?

	Has the calibration issue had been resolved by the engineers yet?
	Has the calibration issue been resolved by the engineers yet?
	Has the calibration issue be resolved by the engineers yet?
	Has the calibration issue resolved by the engineers yet?

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** All that is needed for the bill to pass (1)/ are a simple majority (2)/ and a signature from the presiding officer (3)/ to certify the vote. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** He took the **current** route to avoid delays.
	The current was unusually strong near the bridge.
	The report discussed current economic policies.
	She adapted to current fashion quickly.
	He read current events before the exam.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The injured man was taken to the hospital by some villagers.
	Some villagers take the injured man to the hospital.
	Some villagers were taking the injured man to the hospital.
	Some villagers had taken the injured man to the hospital.
	Some villagers took the injured man to the hospital.

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the relentless pursuit of excellence, the dichotomy between hard work and smart work emerges not merely as a matter of preference but as a nuanced dialectic in the broader schema of human productivity. Hard work—often equated with sheer diligence, indefatigable endurance, and linear perseverance—has historically been valorized as the cornerstone of achievement. The laboring individual, armed with nothing but obstinacy and time, is celebrated in folklore and biographies alike. However, in an era punctuated by algorithmic precision and cognitive economy, such traditional notions increasingly invite scrutiny. Contrastingly, smart work embodies a strategic orchestration of effort—an application of metacognition, resource optimization, and situational analysis. It seeks to minimize entropy in labor while maximizing the return on cognitive and physical investment. Smart workers interrogate systems, deconstruct inefficiencies, and leverage available tools—be they digital frameworks or social capital—to expedite outcomes. They transcend the treadmill of unidirectional exertion by inserting intelligence into execution. Nevertheless, the glorification of smart work without the substratum of hard work yields its own inadequacies. Smartness devoid of rigor often culminates in superficiality—a veneer of competence that collapses under sustained demand. Likewise, unmitigated hard work, devoid of strategic redirection, can lead to burnout and inefficacy. Hence, the contemporary paradigm necessitates a confluence: the sagacious worker is one who tempers grit with guile, who labors not just with effort but with efficacy. The juxtaposition, then, is not binary but complementary. To romanticize either extreme is to overlook the variegated realities of performance. In the crucible of modern challenges, the symbiotic blend of persistence and precision is what renders output sustainable and impact magnified. In essence, success is not the fruit of blind toil or cunning alone, but the synthesis of intelligent perseverance. Which of the following best captures the tone of the author in the passage?
	Dogmatic
	Reverent
	Analytical
	Indifferent

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the relentless pursuit of excellence, the dichotomy between hard work and smart work emerges not merely as a matter of preference but as a nuanced dialectic in the broader schema of human productivity. Hard work—often equated with sheer diligence, indefatigable endurance, and linear perseverance—has historically been valorized as the cornerstone of achievement. The laboring individual, armed with nothing but obstinacy and time, is celebrated in folklore and biographies alike. However, in an era punctuated by algorithmic precision and cognitive economy, such traditional notions increasingly invite scrutiny. Contrastingly, smart work embodies a strategic orchestration of effort—an application of metacognition, resource optimization, and situational analysis. It seeks to minimize entropy in labor while maximizing the return on cognitive and physical investment. Smart workers interrogate systems, deconstruct inefficiencies, and leverage available tools—be they digital frameworks or social capital—to expedite outcomes. They transcend the treadmill of unidirectional exertion by inserting intelligence into execution. Nevertheless, the glorification of smart work without the substratum of hard work yields its own inadequacies. Smartness devoid of rigor often culminates in superficiality—a veneer of competence that collapses under sustained demand. Likewise, unmitigated hard work, devoid of strategic redirection, can lead to burnout and inefficacy. Hence, the contemporary paradigm necessitates a confluence: the sagacious worker is one who tempers grit with guile, who labors not just with effort but with efficacy. The juxtaposition, then, is not binary but complementary. To romanticize either extreme is to overlook the variegated realities of performance. In the crucible of modern challenges, the symbiotic blend of persistence and precision is what renders output sustainable and impact magnified. In essence, success is not the fruit of blind toil or cunning alone, but the synthesis of intelligent perseverance. Select the sentence that most clearly presents the limitation of relying solely on smart work.

	"Hard work...has historically been valorized..."
	"They transcend the treadmill..."
	"Smartness devoid of rigor often culminates in superficiality..."
	"The sagacious worker is one..."

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the relentless pursuit of excellence, the dichotomy between hard work and smart work emerges not merely as a matter of preference but as a nuanced dialectic in the broader schema of human productivity. Hard work—often equated with sheer diligence, indefatigable endurance, and linear perseverance—has historically been valorized as the cornerstone of achievement. The laboring individual, armed with nothing but obstinacy and time, is celebrated in folklore and biographies alike. However, in an era punctuated by algorithmic precision and cognitive economy, such traditional notions increasingly invite scrutiny. Contrastingly, smart work embodies a strategic orchestration of effort—an application of metacognition, resource optimization, and situational analysis. It seeks to minimize entropy in labor while maximizing the return on cognitive and physical investment. Smart workers interrogate systems, deconstruct inefficiencies, and leverage available tools—be they digital frameworks or social capital—to expedite outcomes. They transcend the treadmill of unidirectional exertion by inserting intelligence into execution. Nevertheless, the glorification of smart work without the substratum of hard work yields its own inadequacies. Smartness devoid of rigor often culminates in superficiality—a veneer of competence that collapses under sustained demand. Likewise, unmitigated hard work, devoid of strategic redirection, can lead to burnout and inefficacy. Hence, the contemporary paradigm necessitates a confluence: the sagacious worker is one who tempers grit with guile, who labors not just with effort but with efficacy. The juxtaposition, then, is not binary but complementary. To romanticize either extreme is to overlook the variegated realities of performance. In the crucible of modern challenges, the symbiotic blend of persistence and precision is what renders output sustainable and impact magnified. In essence, success is not the fruit of blind toil or cunning alone, but the synthesis of intelligent perseverance. From a philosophical perspective, what argument does the author make about the dichotomy between hard work and smart work?
	They must harmonize to achieve sustainable results.
	One must dominate the other for success.
	They are mutually exclusive paradigms.
	Smart work is the only viable path in the modern age.

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the relentless pursuit of excellence, the dichotomy between hard work and smart work emerges not merely as a matter of preference but as a nuanced dialectic in the broader schema of human productivity. Hard work—often equated with sheer diligence, indefatigable endurance, and linear perseverance—has historically been valorized as the cornerstone of achievement. The laboring individual, armed with nothing but obstinacy and time, is celebrated in folklore and biographies alike. However, in an era punctuated by algorithmic precision and cognitive economy, such traditional notions increasingly invite scrutiny. Contrastingly, smart work embodies a strategic orchestration of effort—an application of metacognition, resource optimization, and situational analysis. It seeks to minimize entropy in labor while maximizing the return on cognitive and physical investment. Smart workers interrogate systems, deconstruct inefficiencies, and leverage available tools—be they digital frameworks or social capital—to expedite outcomes. They transcend the treadmill of unidirectional exertion by inserting intelligence into execution. Nevertheless, the glorification of smart work without the substratum of hard work yields its own inadequacies. Smartness devoid of rigor often culminates in superficiality—a veneer of competence that collapses under sustained demand. Likewise, unmitigated hard work, devoid of strategic redirection, can lead to burnout and inefficacy. Hence, the contemporary paradigm necessitates a confluence: the sagacious worker is one who tempers grit with guile, who labors not just with effort but with efficacy. The juxtaposition, then, is not binary but complementary. To romanticize either extreme is to overlook the variegated realities of performance. In the crucible of modern challenges, the symbiotic blend of persistence and precision is what renders output sustainable and impact magnified. In essence, success is not the fruit of blind toil or cunning alone, but the synthesis of intelligent perseverance. What does the phrase “minimize entropy in labor” imply in the context of smart work?
	Reduce physical strain through technology.
	Eliminate randomness and inefficiency in effort.
	Avoid structured systems of work.
	Increase workload to achieve results faster.

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the relentless pursuit of excellence, the dichotomy between hard work and smart work emerges not merely as a matter of preference but as a nuanced dialectic in the broader schema of human productivity. Hard work—often equated with sheer diligence, indefatigable endurance, and linear perseverance—has historically been valorized as the cornerstone of achievement. The laboring individual, armed with nothing but obstinacy and time, is celebrated in folklore and biographies alike. However, in an era punctuated by algorithmic precision and cognitive economy, such traditional notions increasingly invite scrutiny. Contrastingly, smart work embodies a strategic orchestration of effort—an application of metacognition, resource optimization, and situational analysis. It seeks to minimize entropy in labor while maximizing the return on cognitive and physical investment. Smart workers interrogate systems, deconstruct inefficiencies, and leverage available tools—be they digital frameworks or social capital—to expedite outcomes. They transcend the treadmill of unidirectional exertion by inserting intelligence into execution. Nevertheless, the glorification of smart work without the substratum of hard work yields its own inadequacies. Smartness devoid of rigor often culminates in superficiality—a veneer of competence that collapses under sustained demand. Likewise, unmitigated hard work, devoid of strategic redirection, can lead to burnout and inefficacy. Hence, the contemporary paradigm necessitates a confluence: the sagacious worker is one who tempers grit with guile, who labors not just with effort but with efficacy. The juxtaposition, then, is not binary but complementary. To romanticize either extreme is to overlook the variegated realities of performance. In the crucible of modern challenges, the symbiotic blend of persistence and precision is what renders output sustainable and impact magnified. In essence, success is not the fruit of blind toil or cunning alone, but the synthesis of intelligent perseverance. Which metaphor is used to describe unidirectional exertion?

	Treadmill
	Algorithmic precision
	Crucible of challenges
	Social capital

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He ***is good in*** mathematics.
	is better in
	is good at
	is good for
	is best at

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She insisted that she ***comes with us***.
	came with us
	should come with us
	is coming with us
	has to come with us

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** He speculated that, had stochastic volatility been incorporated, the valuation would perhaps have been more conservative.
	He speculated, "Had stochastic volatility been incorporated, the valuation would perhaps have been more conservative."
	He speculated, "If stochastic volatility is incorporated, valuation will perhaps be conservative."
	He speculated, "If volatility had been incorporated, valuation perhaps more conservative."
	He said, "Stochastic volatility incorporation would make valuation conservative."

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** They said, "We are going on a trip."
	They said they are going on a trip.
	They said they were going on a trip.
	They said they went on a trip.
	They said they had going on a trip.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. Anthropogenic climate change, driven by the emission of greenhouse gases, is causing a wide range of disruptions to global ecosystems. 2. Glacial retreat and the melting of polar ice caps have accelerated, contributing to a rise in global sea levels. 3. This has led to more frequent and intense extreme weather events, including droughts, floods, and heatwaves. 4. The collective impact of these changes poses a serious threat to human societies and biodiversity.
	2, 4, 3, 1
	3, 1, 4, 2
	1, 3, 2, 4
	1, 4, 2, 3

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This process is crucial because it ensures the integrity and reproducibility of experimental results. 2. Scientific experimentation begins with the formulation of a testable hypothesis based on an observation or question. 3. The data collected from these experiments is then analyzed and interpreted to draw conclusions about the hypothesis. 4. Next, a controlled experiment is designed and carried out to collect empirical evidence.
	2, 4, 3, 1
	4, 3, 2, 1
	1, 2, 4, 3
	3, 1, 4, 2

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **17 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

B E K, D G M, F I O, H K Q, ?

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है। **B E K, D G M, F I O, H K Q, ?**
	KSA KSA
	JAS JAS
	JMS JMS
	KJS KJS

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. No. 44, Hillcrest Villas,Shimla,Himachal Pradesh - 171001 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। No. 44, Hillcrest Villas,Shimla,Himachal Pradesh - 171001 No. 44, Hillcrest Villas, Shimla, Uttarakhand - 171001 No. 44, Hillcrest Villas, Shimla, Uttarakhand - 171001
	No. 44, Hillcrest Villas, Shimla, Himachal Pradesh - 171001 No. 44, Hillcrest Villas, Shimla, Himachal Pradesh - 171001
	No. 44, Hillcrest Villas, Shimla, Punjab - 171001 No. 44, Hillcrest Villas, Shimla, Punjab - 171001
	No. 44, Hillcrest Villas, Shimla, Delhi - 171001 No. 44, Hillcrest Villas, Shimla, Delhi - 171001

Q.No: 3	Identify the relation between Statement I and Statement II. Statement I. The bank's net profit increased significantly in the last quarter. Statement II. The bank implemented cost-cutting measures and improved loan recovery. कथन I और कथन II के बीच संबंध पहचानें। कथन I. पिछली तिमाही में बैंक का शुद्ध लाभ उल्लेखनीय रूप से बढ़ा। कथन II. बैंक ने लागत में कटौती के उपाय लागू किए और ऋण वसूली में सुधार किया।
	I is the cause and II is the effect. I कारण है और II प्रभाव है।
	II is the cause and I is the effect. II कारण है और I प्रभाव है।
	Both are independent effects. दोनों स्वतंत्र प्रभाव हैं।
	No relation. कोई संबंध नहीं।

Q.No: 4	The following equation is incorrect. Which two signs should be interchanged to correct the equation? $18 + 6 \times 4 - 12 \div 3 = 17$ निम्नलिखित समीकरण गलत है। समीकरण को सही करने के लिए किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना चाहिए? $18 + 6 \times 4 - 12 \div 3 = 17$
	+ and × + और × × and ÷ × और ÷
	+ and − + और −

	– and ÷ – और ÷

Q.No: 5	The given statements are followed by two conclusions. Find out which conclusion is TRUE based on the given statements. Statements: J > K = L, M ≥ N < K, O < J < P, N > Q > R Conclusions: I. P > M II. N < P दिए गए कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथनों के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है। कथन: J > K = L, M ≥ N < K, O < J < P, N > Q > R निष्कर्ष: I. P > M II. N < P Only conclusion I is true केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है
	Only conclusion II is true केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है
	Neither conclusion I nor II is true न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II सत्य है Both conclusion I and II are true निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों सत्य हैं

Q.No: 6	A is the brother of B. C is the sister of B. D is the father of C. How is D related to A? A, B का भाई है। C, B की बहन है। D, C का पिता है। D का A से क्या संबंध है?
	Father

	पिता
	Uncle चाचा
	Brother भाई
	Grandfather दादा

Q.No: 7	What comes next: **3, 6, 18, 108, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **3, 6, 18, 108, ?**
	1290 1290
	1944 1944
	648 648
	432 432

Q.No: 8	What will come at the place of question mark? **5, 9, 17, 33, 65, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? **5, 9, 17, 33, 65, ?**
	129 129
	120 120

	130 130 127 127

Q.No: 9	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The government has announced a reduction in LPG subsidies. Conclusions: I. Citizens will now have to pay more for LPG. II. The government has no money left. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सरकार ने एलपीजी सब्सिडी में कटौती की घोषणा की है। निष्कर्ष: I. नागरिकों को अब एलपीजी के लिए ज्यादा भुगतान करना होगा। II. सरकार के पास पैसा नहीं बचा है।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 10	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** While technological advancements in energy production have made renewable sources more cost-competitive, their intermittent nature means that large-scale adoption will require significant investments in energy storage technologies to stabilize the grid. **Assumptions:** I. Renewable energy sources are not continuous and need energy storage solutions. II. The high cost of renewable energy production makes its adoption difficult without subsidies. III. Energy storage technologies are a necessary component of a stable energy grid with high renewable energy input. **निर्देश**: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: ऊर्जा उत्पादन में तकनीकी प्रगति ने नवीकरणीय स्रोतों को अधिक लागत-प्रतिस्पर्धी बना दिया है, लेकिन उनकी आंतरायिक प्रकृति का अर्थ है कि बड़े पैमाने पर अपनाने के लिए ग्रिड को स्थिर करने के लिए ऊर्जा भंडारण प्रौद्योगिकियों में महत्वपूर्ण निवेश की आवश्यकता होगी। **मान्यताएँ**: I. नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा स्रोत निरंतर नहीं हैं और उन्हें ऊर्जा भंडारण समाधान की आवश्यकता है। II. नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा उत्पादन की उच्च लागत सब्सिडी के बिना इसे अपनाना मुश्किल बनाती है। III. ऊर्जा भंडारण प्रौद्योगिकियाँ उच्च नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा इनपुट के साथ एक स्थिर ऊर्जा ग्रिड का एक आवश्यक घटक हैं।
	Only I and III are implicit केवल I और III निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III अंतर्निहित हैं।
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है।
	All assumptions are implicit सभी धारणाएं अंतर्निहित हैं।

Q.No: 11	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Traffic violations have decreased after the installation of speed cameras. Conclusions: I. Surveillance discourages rule-breaking. II. People respect traffic rules voluntarily.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: स्पीड कैमरे लगने के बाद ट्रैफिक उल्लंघनों में कमी आई है। निष्कर्ष: I. निगरानी नियम तोड़ने को हतोत्साहित करती है। II. लोग स्वेच्छा से ट्रैफिक नियमों का सम्मान करते हैं।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 12	**Which of the following is/are identical to the address given:** Vikram Singh 18B, Golden Heights, Moti Nagar, Delhi, 110011 1. Vikram Singh 18B, Golden Heights, Moti Nagar, Delhi, 110011 2. Vikram Singh 18-B, Golden Heights, Moti Nagar, Delhi, 110011 3. Vikram Singh 18B, Golden Heights, Moti Nagar, Delhi, 110011 4. Vikram Singh 18B, Golden Heights, Moti Nagar, New Delhi, 110011 **निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से पते दिए गए पते के समान है/हैं:** विक्रम सिंह 18बी, गोल्डन हाइट्स, मोती नगर, दिल्ली, 110011 1. विक्रम सिंह 18बी, गोल्डन हाइट्स, मोती नगर, दिल्ली, 110011 2. विक्रम सिंह 18-बी, गोल्डन हाइट्स, मोती नगर, दिल्ली, 110011 3. विक्रम सिंह 18बी, गोल्डन हाइट्स, मोती नगर, दिल्ली, 110011 4. विक्रम सिंह 18बी, गोल्डन हाइट्स, मोती नगर, नई दिल्ली, 110011
	1 and 2 1 और 2
	1 and 3 1 और 3

	2 and 4 2 और 4 3 and 4 3 और 4

Q.No: 13	Each question involves rearranging specific positions of the letters from the original word, and you must choose the correct transformed version from the options. **PLANET** is to **EAP LNT** as **TARGET** is to: प्रत्येक प्रश्न में मूल शब्द के अक्षरों को विशिष्ट स्थानों पर पुनर्व्यवस्थित करना शामिल है, और आपको विकल्पों में से सही रूपांतरित संस्करण चुनना होगा। **PLANET, EAP LNT** के समान है, जैसे **TARGET:**
	AGETRT AGETRT
	GAE TRT GAE TRT
	ERTAGT ERTAGT
	GEA TRT GEA TRT

Q.No: 14	Find the odd one out: Jawaharlal Nehru, Indira Gandhi, Atal Bihari Vajpayee, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Narendra Modi, Rajiv Gandhi इनमें से विषम चुनें: जवाहरलाल नेहरू, इंदिरा गांधी, अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी, सरदार वल्लभभाई पटेल, नरेंद्र मोदी, राजीव गांधी
	Jawaharlal Nehru जवाहरलाल नेहरू
	Atal Bihari Vajpayee

	अटल बिहारी वाजपेयी
	Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel सरदार वल्लभभाई पटेल
	Narendra Modi नरेंद्र मोदी

Q.No: 15	Rearrange the letters given below to form the name of a weapon: REPSA नीचे दिए गए अक्षरों को पुनर्व्यवस्थित करके एक हथियार का नाम बनाइए: REPSA
	parse parse
	spear spear
	spare spare
	asper asper

Q.No: 16	What comes next? MZM, PXK, SVI, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? MZM, PXK, SVI, ?
	VTG VTG

	USF USF WTG WTG
	XRE XRE

Q.No: 17	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	Alluvial Soil जलोढ़ मिट्टी Black Soil काली मिट्टी
	Red Soil लाल मिट्टी
	Igneous Rock आग्नेय चट्टान

Q.No: 18	If **'SUN'** is coded as **'RTM'**, what is the code for **'MOON'**? यदि **'SUN'** को **'RTM'** के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो **'MOON'** के लिए कोड क्या है?
	LNNP LNNP
	LNNM LNNM
	LNNO

	LNNO
	LMPM LMPM

Q.No: 19	If 25% of a certain number is 15, what is that number? यदि किसी संख्या का 25% 15 है, तो वह संख्या क्या है? 45 45
	60 60
	75 75 90 90

Q.No: 20	If 6 * 3 = 54 and 8 * 2 = 48, what is 5 * 4? यदि 6 * 3 = 54 और 8 * 2 = 48, तो 5 * 4 क्या है? 40 40
	44 44
	45 45
	60 60

Q.No: 21	If 2 @ 3 = 13, 3 @ 4 = 25, then what is 4 @ 5? यदि 2 @ 3 = 13, 3 @ 4 = 25, तो 4 @ 5 क्या है? 36 36
	39 39
	41 41
	33 33

Q.No: 22	A 30 L mixture contains milk and water in the ratio 3:2. How much milk must be added to make it 4:1? 30 लीटर के मिश्रण में दूध और पानी का अनुपात 3:2 है। इसे 4:1 करने के लिए कितना दूध मिलाना होगा? 51 L 51 लीटर
	60 L 60 लीटर
	30 L 30 लीटर
	40 L 40 लीटर

Q.No: 23	"If the given symbols mean: '+' means 'divided by' '-' means 'multiplied by' 'x' means 'minus' '÷' means 'plus' Then, find the value of the following expressions: 8 ÷ 2 x 3 + 18 - 6=? यदि दिए गए प्रतीकों का अर्थ है: '+' का अर्थ है 'से भाग' '-' का अर्थ है 'से गुणा' 'x' का अर्थ है 'घटाना' '÷' का अर्थ है 'जोड़ना' तो, निम्नलिखित व्यंजकों का मान ज्ञात कीजिए: 8 ÷ 2 x 3 + 18 - 6 =?
	9 9
	11 11
	13 13
	15 15

Q.No: 24	Pointing to a boy, a man said, "He is the son of my wife's sister's husband." How is the boy related to the man? एक लड़के की ओर इशारा करते हुए एक आदमी ने कहा, "वह मेरी पत्नी की बहन के पति का बेटा है।" लड़का उस आदमी से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Son बेटा
	Nephew भतीजा
	Brother-in-law

	साला
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 25	If + = ÷, − = ×, ÷ = +, × = −; then 36 + 6 − 2 × 3 = ? यदि + = ÷, − = ×, ÷ = +, × = −; तो 36 + 6 − 2 × 3 = ? 6 6
	15 15
	13 13
	9 9

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **17 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	The festival of Bhagoria begins seven days before which Hindu festival? भगोरिया का त्यौहार किस हिन्दू त्यौहार से सात दिन पहले शुरू होता है?
	Diwali

	दिवाली
	Holika Dahan होलिका दहन
	Navratri नवरात्रि
	Makar Sankranti मकर संक्रांति
Not Answered	

Q.No: 27	Which of the following Mughal tombs deviates from the typical square 'hasht-bihisht' (eight-part) layout? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा मुगल मकबरा विशिष्ट वर्गाकार 'हश्त-बिहिश्त' (आठ भाग) लेआउट से अलग है?
	Humayun's Tomb हुमायूं का मकबरा
	Akbar's Tomb (Sikandra) अकबर का मकबरा (सिकंदरा)
	Itimad-ud-Daulah इतिमादुद्दौला
	Safdarjung's Tomb सफदरजंग का मकबरा

Q.No: 28	**Read the following statements carefully:** **Statement 1 :** The seals of the Harappan culture were made using locally found steatite. **Statement 2 :** These seals often feature animal motifs and undeciphered script symbols. Which of the following **is/are correct?**

	निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें: **कथन 1:** हड़प्पा संस्कृति की मुहरें स्थानीय रूप से पाए जाने वाले स्टीटाइट का उपयोग करके बनाई गई थीं। **कथन 2:** इन मुहरों पर अक्सर जानवरों की आकृतियाँ और अस्पष्ट लिपि चिह्न अंकित होते हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only S1 केवल S1
	Only S2 केवल S2
	Both S1 and S2 are correct S1 और S2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither S1 nor S2 is correct न तो S1 और न ही S2 सही है

Q.No: 29	In Rāga Vivodha, Pt. Somnath defined a rāga through Devamāyā svarūpa (ethos). Which of the following, denoting its tonal structure? राग विवोधा में पं. सोमनाथ ने देवमाया स्वरूप के माध्यम से राग को परिभाषित किया है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा राग इसकी स्वर संरचना को दर्शाता है?
	Tālanga तालांगा
	Rūpa रूपा
	Swarlakshana स्वर्णलक्षण
	Jāti जाति
Not Answered	

O.No: 30	Which of the following terms is specifically associated with the javelin throw?

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द विशेष रूप से भाला फेंक से जुड़ा हुआ है?
	Glide फिसलना
	Sector क्षेत्र
	Vault कलात्मक छलाँग
	Spin स्पिन

Q.No: 31	Which of the following dynasties minted the "Dehliwal" coins in Delhi? निम्नलिखित में से किस राजवंश ने दिल्ली में "देहलीवाल" सिक्के ढाले?
	The Gahadavalas गहड़वाल
	The Tomaras तोमरस
	The Khaljis खिलजी
	The Lodis लोदी

Q.No: 32	Which of the following pairs (Educational Event – Key Outcome/Initiative) is correctly matched? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म (शैक्षिक कार्यक्रम – मुख्य परिणाम/पहल) सही सुमेलित है?
	Charter Act, 1813 – Allocated funds for promotion of education

	चार्टर अधिनियम, 1813 – शिक्षा को बढ़ावा देने के लिए धन आवंटित किया गया
	Macaulay's Minute, 1835 – Emphasized traditional Sanskrit learning मैकाले का मिनट, 1835 – पारंपरिक संस्कृत सीखने पर जोर दिया गया
	Serampore Mission – Promoted technical education for elite Indians सेरामपुर मिशन – कुलीन भारतीयों के लिए तकनीकी शिक्षा को बढ़ावा देना
	Orientalist-Anglicist Debate – Resolved by Charter Act, 1833 ओरिएंटलिस्ट-एंग्लिसिस्ट बहस - चार्टर एक्ट, 1833 द्वारा हल की गई
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	Who won India's first Paralympic medals in the women's 200m T12 and men's javelin throw F41 events at Paris 2024? पेरिस 2024 में महिलाओं की 200 मीटर T12 और पुरुषों की भाला फेंक F41 स्पर्धाओं में भारत के पहले पदक कौन-कौन से खिलाड़ी जीतें?
	Simran (bronze, 200m T12) and Navdeep Singh (gold, javelin F41) सिमरन (कांस्य, 200 मीटर टी12) और नवदीप सिंह (स्वर्ण, भाला फेंक एफ41)
	Navdeep Singh (bronze, 200m T12) and Simran (gold, javelin F41) नवदीप सिंह (कांस्य, 200 मीटर टी12) और सिमरन (स्वर्ण, भाला फेंक एफ41)
	Simran (silver, 200m T12) and Navdeep Singh (gold, javelin F41) सिमरन (रजत, 200 मीटर टी12) और नवदीप सिंह (स्वर्ण, भाला फेंक एफ41)
	Navdeep Singh (gold, 200m T12) and Simran (bronze, javelin F41) नवदीप सिंह (स्वर्ण, 200 मीटर टी12) और सिमरन (कांस्य, भाला फेंक एफ41)

Q.No: 34	Which of the following best reflects India's operational and diplomatic approach to boundary demarcation with Myanmar amidst recent local protests over fencing? हाल ही में बाड़ लगाने को लेकर हुए स्थानीय विरोध प्रदर्शनों के बीच म्यांमार के साथ सीमा निर्धारण के लिए भारत के परिचालन और कूटनीतिक दृष्टिकोण को निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सबसे अच्छा दर्शाता है?
	India invoked a 1987 treaty and BIMSTEC arbitration to settle boundary pillar disputes. भारत ने सीमा स्तंभ विवादों को निपटाने के लिए 1987 की संधि और बिम्सटेक मध्यस्थता का सहारा लिया।

	India and Myanmar conduct joint surveys and proposed a Joint Boundary Working Group. भारत और म्यांमार ने संयुक्त सर्वेक्षण किया तथा एक संयुक्त सीमा कार्य समूह का प्रस्ताव रखा।
	India halted border fencing to avoid ASEAN trade disruptions. भारत ने आसियान व्यापार में व्यवधान से बचने के लिए सीमा पर बाड़ लगाने का काम रोक दिया।
	India dismissed protests and assigned border oversight to AFSPA tribunals. भारत ने विरोध को खारिज कर दिया और सीमा की निगरानी का काम AFSPA न्यायाधिकरणों को सौंप दिया।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	Who is the author of the book 'School to Startup: Navigating the Path of Entrepreneurship'? 'स्कूल टू स्टार्टअप: नेविगेटिंग द पाथ ऑफ एंटरप्रेन्योरशिप' पुस्तक के लेखक कौन हैं?
	Rohit Sinha रोहित सिन्हा
	Romila Thapar रोमिला थापर
	Bipin Chandra बिपिन चंद्रा
	Shashi Tharoor शशि थरूर

Q.No: 36	Where was the 4th KIO National (Senior, U-21 & Para) Karate Championship held from 26–29 March 2025? 26-29 मार्च 2025 तक चौथी KIO राष्ट्रीय (सीनियर, U-21 और पैरा) कराटे चैम्पियनशिप कहाँ आयोजित की गई थी?
	Delhi दिल्ली
	Ahmedabad अहमदाबाद
	Hyderabad

	हैदराबाद
	Bengaluru बेंगलुरु
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	**Which of the following statements about the 2024 Inter-State Athletics Championships is/are correct?** 1.) Sahil Silwal crossed 80m for the first time this season to win javelin gold. 2.) Jyothika and Amoj's 4x400m relay team broke the Asian Games record. **2024 अंतर-राज्यीय एथलेटिक्स चैंपियनशिप के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?** 1.) साहिल सिलवाल ने इस सीज़न में पहली बार 80 मीटर की दूरी पार करके भाला फेंक में स्वर्ण पदक जीता। 2.) ज्योतिका और अमोज की 4x400 मीटर रिले टीम ने एशियाई खेलों का रिकॉर्ड तोड़ा।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	What is the minimum age required to contest the Presidential election in India? भारत में राष्ट्रपति चुनाव लड़ने के लिए न्यूनतम आयु क्या है?
	35 35
	30

	30
	25 25 40 40

Q.No: 39	Read the following statements about aerobic respiration: 1. Glycolysis occurs in the mitochondria. 2. Kreb's cycle occurs in the mitochondrial matrix. 3. The final electron acceptor in aerobic respiration is oxygen. Which of the above statements are **correct**? वायवीय श्वसन के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथन पढ़ें: 1. ग्लाइकोलाइसिस माइटोकॉन्ड्रिया में होता है। 2. क्रेब चक्र माइटोकॉन्ड्रियल मैट्रिक्स में होता है। 3. वायवीय श्वसन में अंतिम इलेक्ट्रॉन ग्राही ऑक्सीजन है। उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन **सत्य हैं?**
	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	Which Article empowers the Parliament to create laws on State List subjects under national interest? कौन सा अनुच्छेद संसद को राष्ट्रीय हित के अंतर्गत राज्य सूची के विषयों पर कानून बनाने का अधिकार देता है?

	Article 249 अनुच्छेद 249
	Article 253 अनुच्छेद 253
	Article 248 अनुच्छेद 248
	Article 254 अनुच्छेद 254
Not Answered	

Q.No: 41	Vilasini Natyam, once performed in temples and courts, is a classical dance form revived in which Indian state? विलासिनी नाट्यम, जो कभी मंदिरों और दरबारों में किया जाता था, किस भारतीय राज्य में पुनर्जीवित किया गया एक शास्त्रीय नृत्य है?
	Tamil Nadu तमिलनाडु
	Karnataka कर्नाटक
	Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश
	Kerala केरल

Q.No: 42	**Consider the following statements and choose the correct option:** **Statement 1:** The Production Possibility Frontier (PPF) shows the trade-offs and opportunity costs faced by an economy. **Statement 2:** The PPF is used to estimate the government's total revenue and expenditure. **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनिए:** **कथन 1:** उत्पादन संभावना सीमा (PPF) किसी अर्थव्यवस्था द्वारा सामना किए जाने वाले व्यापार-नापसंद और अवसर लागतों को दर्शाती है। **कथन 2:** PPF का उपयोग सरकार के कुल राजस्व और व्यय का अनुमान लगाने के लिए किया जाता है।

	Only Statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only Statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct कथन 1 और कथन 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither Statement 1 nor Statement 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही कथन 2 सही है

Q.No: 43	A key component evaluated by the 2025 Index of Economic Freedom concerning "Government Size" is: "सरकार के आकार" के संबंध में 2025 आर्थिक स्वतंत्रता सूचकांक द्वारा मूल्यांकित एक प्रमुख घटक है:
	Public Education Funding सार्वजनिक शिक्षा वित्तपोषण
	Government Spending Levels सरकारी खर्च के स्तर
	National Defense Expenditures राष्ट्रीय रक्षा व्यय
	Foreign Aid Contributions विदेशी सहायता योगदान
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	Which Five-Year Plan focused on heavy industries? कौन सी पंचवर्षीय योजना भारी उद्योगों पर केंद्रित थी?
	First पहला
	Second

	दूसरा
	Third तीसरा
	Fourth चौथी

Q.No: 45	Which Indian initiative under the National Adaptation Fund for Climate Change (NAFCC) aims to improve micro-climate resilience through community-led water harvesting in semi-arid zones? जलवायु परिवर्तन के लिए राष्ट्रीय अनुकूलन कोष (एनएएफसीसी) के तहत किस भारतीय पहल का उद्देश्य अर्ध-शुष्क क्षेत्रों में समुदाय के नेतृत्व वाले जल संचयन के माध्यम से सूक्ष्म जलवायु लचीलापन में सुधार करना है?
	Jal Urja Yojana जल ऊर्जा योजना
	Climate Resilient Watershed Programme जलवायु लचीला जलग्रहण कार्यक्रम
	Hariyali Mission हरियाली मिशन
	Jal Mitra Scheme जल मित्र योजना

Q.No: 46	Economic liberalisation mainly affects which sector? आर्थिक उदारीकरण मुख्यत: किस क्षेत्र को प्रभावित करता है?
	Primary and Tertiary प्राथमिक और तृतीयक
	Primary and Secondary प्राथमिक और माध्यमिक

	Secondary and Tertiary द्वितीयक और तृतीयक
	Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary प्राथमिक, द्वितीयक और तृतीयक

Q.No: 47	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). **Assertion (A):** The 1991 reforms boosted India foreign exchange reserves significantly. **Reason (R):** Liberalized trade policies increased both exports and capital inflows. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के संबंध में **सही** विकल्प चुनिए। **अभिकथन (A):** 1991 के सुधारों ने भारत के विदेशी मुद्रा भंडार को उल्लेखनीय रूप से बढ़ाया। **कारण (R):** उदारीकृत व्यापार नीतियों ने निर्यात और पूंजी प्रवाह दोनों में वृद्धि की।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है। A is false but R is true. A असत्य है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 48 Match the dominant folk dance with the song-theme:

Folk dance	Song-theme
1. Panthi	A. Devotional hymns to Guru Ghasidas (Hari-Gaitri)
2. Gotipua	B. Krishna-Jagannath leela narratives
3. Kalbelia	C. Sensuous serpent metaphors
4. Tippani	D. Work-song pounding couplets (saathiyo re)

प्रमुख लोक नृत्य को गीत-विषय के साथ मिलाएं:

लोक नृत्य	**गीत-विषय**
1.पंथी	A.गुरु घासीदास के भक्ति भजन (हरि-गायत्री)
2.गोटीपुआ	B. कृष्ण-जगन्नाथ लीला कथाएँ
3.कालबेलिया	C. कामुक सर्प उपमाएँ
4. टिप्पणी	D. परिश्रम गीतों की तालबद्ध दोहे (साथियो रे)

1-A 2-B 3-C 4-D

1-A ,2-B, 3-C, 4-D

1-B 2-A 3-D 4-C

1-B ,2-A ,3-D, 4-C

1-C 2-B 3-A 4-D

1-C ,2-B, 3-A, 4-D

	1-A 2-C 3-B 4-D 1-A, 2-C, 3-B, 4-D

Q.No: 49	**Consider the following statements:** 1. The Sixth Schedule is applicable to Nagaland and Arunachal Pradesh. 2. It empowers autonomous district councils to make laws on specified subjects. Which of the above is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. छठी अनुसूची नागालैंड और अरुणाचल प्रदेश पर लागू है। 2. यह स्वायत्त जिला परिषदों को निर्दिष्ट विषयों पर कानून बनाने का अधिकार देती है। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Q.No: 50	Consider the following statements about the James Webb Space Telescope (JWST): 1. It observes in the near-infrared and mid-infrared spectrum. 2. It is positioned at the Sun-Earth Lagrange Point L2. 3. It carries a coronagraph for exoplanet detection. Which of the above statements is/are correct?

	जेम्स वेब स्पेस टेलीस्कोप (JWST) के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. यह निकट-अवरक्त और मध्य-अवरक्त स्पेक्ट्रम में प्रेक्षण करता है। 2. यह सूर्य-पृथ्वी लैग्रेंज बिंदु L2 पर स्थित है। 3. इसमें बाह्यग्रहों का पता लगाने के लिए एक कोरोनाग्राफ लगा है। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 and 2 केवल 1 और 2
	Only 1 and 3 केवल 1 और 3
	Only 2 and 3 केवल 2 और 3
	All 1, 2 and 3 सभी 1, 2 और 3

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
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Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	Simplify: $\sqrt{(12 + 6\sqrt{3})}$ सरल करें: $\sqrt{(12 + 6\sqrt{3})}$
	$2 + \sqrt{3}$

	$2 + \sqrt{3}$
	$3 + \sqrt{3}$ $3 + \sqrt{3}$
	$\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}$
	$3 + \sqrt{9}$ $3 + \sqrt{9}$

Q.No: 52	Given that W : X = 5 : 6, X : Y = 3 : 7, and Y : Z = 8 : 9, find the compound ratio W : X : Y : Z. दिया गया है कि W : X = 5 : 6, X : Y = 3 : 7, तथा Y : Z = 8 : 9, तो यौगिक अनुपात W : X : Y : Z ज्ञात कीजिए।
	20 : 24 : 56 : 63 20 : 24 : 56 : 63
	5 : 6 : 7 : 9 5 : 6 : 7 : 9
	5 : 6 : 14 : 9 5 : 6 : 14 : 9
	20 : 24 : 42 : 63 20 : 24 : 42 : 63

Q.No: 53	What is the value of $\sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \cdots}}}$ $\sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \cdots}}}$ का मान क्या है
	3 3
	2

	2
	5 5 6 6

Q.No: 54	A vendor purchases 7 shirts at the marked price of 6 shirts. If he sells each shirt after giving a 4% discount on its marked price, what is his profit percentage? एक विक्रेता 6 शर्ट के अंकित मूल्य पर 7 शर्ट खरीदता है। यदि वह प्रत्येक शर्ट को उसके अंकित मूल्य पर 4% की छूट देकर बेचता है, तो उसका लाभ प्रतिशत क्या है?
	10% 10%
	11% 11%
	12% 12%
	13% 13%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 55	Pipe A is capable of filling a tank in 16 minutes while Pipe B can fill the same tank in 24 minutes. Both pipes are opened together, but after 4 minutes, the rate of Pipe A doubles and the rate of Pipe B becomes half of its original. How many more minutes will it take to fill the tank completely? पाइप A एक टैंक को 16 मिनट में भर सकता है जबकि पाइप B उसी टैंक को 24 मिनट में भर सकता है। दोनों पाइप एक साथ खोले जाते हैं, लेकिन 4 मिनट के बाद, पाइप A की दर दोगुनी हो जाती है और पाइप B की दर अपनी मूल दर से आधी हो जाती है। टैंक को पूरी तरह से भरने में कितने मिनट और लगेंगे?
	4 min

	4 मिनट
	5 min 5 मिनट
	6 min 6 मिनट
	7 min 7 मिनट

Q.No: 56	If $a + b = 5$ and $ab = 6$, Find: $(a^3 + b^3)^2 - 9a^2b^2 (a + b)^2$. यदि $a + b = 5$ और $ab = 6$, तो ज्ञात कीजिए: $(a^3 + b^3)^2 - 9a^2b^2 (a + b)^2$.
	-6875 -6875
	6875 6875
	-3876 -3876
	3876 3876

Q.No: 57	A sum of ₹10000 is lent out in two parts, one at 7% simple interest and the other at 12% simple interest. If the annual interest is ₹900, the sum lent at 12% is: ₹10000 की राशि दो भागों में उधार दी जाती है, एक 7% साधारण ब्याज पर और दूसरा 12% साधारण ब्याज पर। यदि वार्षिक ब्याज ₹900 है, तो 12% पर उधार दी गई राशि है:
	₹3500 ₹3500
	₹4000

	₹4000
	₹4500 ₹4500 ₹5000 ₹5000

Q.No: 58	Rs. 900 is lent at a certain rate of simple interest. After 9 months, another Rs. 600 is lent at a rate that is 1.5 times the original rate. If the total simple interest after 1 year is Rs. 72, find the original rate. 900 रुपये साधारण ब्याज की एक निश्चित दर पर उधार दिए जाते हैं। 9 महीने बाद, 600 रुपये मूल ब्याज की 1.5 गुना दर पर उधार दिए जाते हैं। यदि 1 वर्ष के बाद कुल साधारण ब्याज 72 रुपये है, तो मूल ब्याज दर ज्ञात करें।
	6.4% 6.4%
	4.5 % 4.5 %
	8.2% 8.2%
	5.6% 5.6%

Q.No: 59	A flagpole has a shadow measuring 10 meters. Given that the height of the flagpole is $10\sqrt{3}$ meters, What is the angle at which the sun is elevated? एक ध्वजस्तंभ की छाया 10 मीटर है। दिया गया है कि ध्वजस्तंभ की ऊंचाई$10\sqrt{3}$ मीटर है, तो सूर्य किस कोण पर ऊंचा है?
	30° 30°
	45° 45°

	60° 60° 75° 75°

Q.No: 60	A hollow metallic sphere has outer radius 10 cm and is melted to make 50 smaller solid spheres of radius 2 cm. What is the inner radius of the original sphere? एक खोखले धातु के गोले की बाहरी त्रिज्या 10 सेमी है और इसे पिघलाकर 2 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले 50 छोटे ठोस गोले बनाए जाते हैं। मूल गोले की आंतरिक त्रिज्या क्या है?
	8.43 cm 8.43 सेमी
	7.48 cm 7.48 सेमी
	5.46 cm 5.46 सेमी 6.44 cm 6.44 सेमी

Q.No: 61	The volume of a hemisphere is numerically equal to four times its curved surface area. Find its radius. एक अर्धगोले का आयतन संख्यात्मक रूप से उसके वक्र पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल के चार गुना के बराबर है। इसकी त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	15 cm 15 सेमी 16 cm 16 सेमी

	17cm 17सेमी

Q.No: 62	What is the minimum number of cuts required to divide a cuboid into 8 equal cuboids? एक आयताकार घनाभ (cuboid) को 8 समान घनाभों में बाँटने के लिए न्यूनतम कितने कट्स (cuts) की आवश्यकता होगी?
	2 2
	3 3
	5 5
	4 4

Q.No: 63	If the height of a cone is tripled and the radius is halved, how does the volume change? यदि किसी शंकु की ऊंचाई तीन गुनी कर दी जाए तथा त्रिज्या आधी कर दी जाए, तो आयतन में क्या परिवर्तन होगा?
	Doubles दोगुना हो जाता है
	Becomes three-fourths of the original मूल का तीन-चौथाई हो जाता है
	Becomes one-third of the original मूल का एक तिहाई हो जाता है
	Remains unchanged अपरिवर्तित

Q.No: 64	If $sin\theta = \frac{12}{13}$, and $\theta \in (0, \pi/2)$, then what is the value of $tan\theta$? $sin\theta = \frac{12}{13}$, and $\theta \in (0, \pi/2)$तो का मूल्य क्या है $tan\theta$?
	$\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{9}{16}$
	$\frac{25}{9}$ $\frac{25}{9}$
	$\frac{12}{5}$ $\frac{12}{5}$
	$\frac{16}{9}$ $\frac{16}{9}$

Q.No: 65	What is the value of tanA + cotA if tanA = 2? यदि tanA = 2 है तो tanA + cotA का मान क्या है?
	$\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{5}{2}$
	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{7}{2}$

	$\frac{7}{2}$

Q.No: 66	What is the slope of the line $2x + 3y = 6$? रेखा $2x + 3y = 6$ का ढलान क्या है?
	$-\frac{2}{3}$ $-\frac{2}{3}$
	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{2}$ $-\frac{3}{2}$ $-\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{2}{3}$

Q.No: 67	A sector of a circle has a central angle of 60° and a radius of 8 cm. Another sector of the same circle has a central angle of $\pi/3$ radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector? एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 60° और त्रिज्या 8 सेमी है। उसी वृत्त के एक अन्य त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण $\pi/3$ रेडियन है। पहले त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है? 2:3 2:3
	1:2 1:2
	1:1 1:1

	1:3 1:3

Q.No: 68	A triangle can have: एक त्रिभुज में हो सकता है: Two right angles दो समकोण
	One obtuse angle and one right angle एक अधिक कोण और एक समकोण
	Only one right or one obtuse angle केवल एक समकोण या एक अधिक कोण
	Three acute angles each measuring more than 60° तीन न्यून कोण जिनमें से प्रत्येक का माप 60° से अधिक हो

Q.No: 69	A line L is the perpendicular bisector of the line segment connecting points A(2, 5) and B(8, -1). What is the y-intercept of line L? एक रेखा L, बिंदुओं A(2, 5) और B(8, -1) को जोड़ने वाले रेखाखंड का लंब समद्विभाजक है। रेखा L का y-अंत:खंड क्या है?
	-3 -3
	2 2
	3 3
	5 5
Not Answered	

Q.No: 70	The area of a triangle ABC is 16 cm^2. If a similar triangle DEF has sides that are twice the length of △ABC's sides, what is the area of △DEF? एक त्रिभुज ABC का क्षेत्रफल 16 वर्ग सेमी है। यदि एक समरूप त्रिभुज DEF की भुजाएँ △ABC की भुजाओं की लंबाई की दोगुनी हैं, तो △DEF का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	32 cm^2 32 सेमी ^{2}
	48 cm^2 48 सेमी ^{2}
	64 cm^2 64 सेमी ^{2}
	80 cm^2 80 सेमी ^{2}

Q.No: 71	$44^3 + 35^3 - 53^3 + 159$ is equal to: $44^3 + 35^3 - 53^3 + 159$बराबर है:
	−20659 −20659
	0 0 −18659 −18659
	1 1

Q.No: 72	If $sinA + cosA = \frac{5}{4}$, find $sin2A$.

	अगर $sinA + cosA = \frac{5}{4}$, खोजो $sin2A$.
	$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$
	$\frac{5}{18}$ $\frac{5}{18}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{7}{8}$
	$\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{9}{16}$

Q.No: 73	From an outside point P, two tangents, PA and PB, are drawn to a circle. Given that the length of PA is 12 cm, what is the length of PB? एक बाह्य बिंदु P से एक वृत्त पर दो स्पर्श रेखाएँ PA और PB खींची गई हैं। PA की लंबाई 12 सेमी है, तो PB की लंबाई क्या है?
	6 cm 6 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	24 cm 24 सेमी

Q.No: 74	A circle is inscribed within a right triangle. Considering that the lengths of the two legs measure 6 cm and 8 cm,what is the radius of the inscribed circle? एक समकोण त्रिभुज के भीतर एक वृत्त अंकित है। यह मानते हुए कि दोनों भुजाओं की लंबाई 6 सेमी और 8 सेमी है, अंकित वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	2 cm 2 सेमी
	3 cm 3 सेमी
	4 cm 4 सेमी
	5 cm 5 सेमी

Q.No: 75	If a = 0.02, b = 0.03, c = −0.05, and a + b + c = 0, find $(a^3 + b^3 + c^3) \div (3abc)$ यदि a = 0.02, b = 0.03, c = −0.05, तथा a + b + c = 0, तो $(a^3 + b^3 + c^3) \div (3abc)$ ज्ञात कीजिए।
	-1 -1
	0 0
	1 1
	2 2

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **17 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **LUMINOUS**
	Dull

	Dim
	Opaque
	Radiant

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **EXIGUOUS**
	Scanty
	Huge
	Excessive
	Abundant

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Abrogate**
	Abolish
	Revoke
	Uphold
	Annul

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **To chew the cud of reflection**
	Eating slowly
	Daydreaming without focus

	Pondering deeply
	Mentally preparing for battle

Q.No: 80	Choose the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'witty, clever, and verbally skillful'.
	Persiflage
	Persiphledge
	Pursiflage
	Persiflagee

Q.No: 81	Find the word that is **spelled correctly** and means the quality of being sarcastic in a bitter way.
	Causticity
	Costicity
	Cawstic
	Caustisity

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who supports change'.
	Conservative
	Radical
	Reformer

	Constitutionalist

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'Extremely old-fashioned; belonging to a time before the biblical flood'.
	Tale
	Obsolete
	Antediluvian
	Medieval

Q.No: 84	**Choose the correct option:** The anthropologist's findings were considered so controversial that they were initially _____.
	disregarded
	celebrated
	acclaimed
	adopted

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The draft policy outlines (1)/ that each employee must adhere to (2)/ the code of conduct (3)/ irrespective of their position. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)

	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** They were showing the movie at 7 pm.
	The movie is shown at 7 pm.
	The movie was shown at 7 pm.
	The movie was being shown at 7 pm.
	The movie has been shown at 7 pm.

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Rarely had the court encountered a petition (1)/ so devoid of legal merit, nor so conspicuously intended (2)/ to attract media attention rather than judicial remedy. (3)/ No error (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The bishop condemned the act as **simony**, citing canonical law.
	The preacher was accused of simony for charging for blessings.

	The court equated indulgence-selling with simony.
	The alchemist failed to explain the simony in his formulas.
	Simony was rampant in medieval ecclesiastical courts.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** A decision has been taken to have the proposal reviewed by an external panel.
	An external panel has reviewed the proposal.
	The proposal is being reviewed by an external panel.
	They have decided to get the proposal reviewed by an external panel.
	The proposal was reviewed by the panel as per the decision.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She is confident ***to win the match***.
	of to win
	that she wins
	of winning the match
	on winning match

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** India's legacy of healing practices—embodied in disciplines such as Yoga, Ayurveda, Siddha, and Unani—presents a complex synthesis of philosophy, biology, and metaphysics. Far from being static relics of the past, these systems have exhibited an evolving dynamism, continuously negotiating their space within both indigenous frameworks and global health discourses. At the heart of this healing ethos lies the idea that the human body is not an isolated physiological entity but a site of interconnected energies and rhythms. Yoga, as codified in the Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, is not merely a physical regimen but a holistic path aimed at harmonizing the body, mind, and spirit. In the modern era, however, it has undergone commodification, particularly in the West, where its philosophical moorings are often diluted into mere physical exercise or stress-reduction techniques. This recontextualization, while facilitating global popularity, raises questions about cultural appropriation and epistemic erosion. Traditional medicine systems such as Ayurveda view disease as an imbalance in the tridosha—vata, pitta, and kapha—principles that regulate bodily function. These systems emphasize prakriti (constitution), ahara (diet), and dinacharya (daily routine) as central to preventive healthcare. Unlike allopathy's symptom-targeting approach, traditional Indian medicine is premised on restoring equilibrium in the body's internal ecology. This integrative vision aligns with contemporary calls for personalized and preventive medicine, though methodological differences continue to stoke skepticism in the biomedical community. State patronage of AYUSH (Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha, and Homeopathy) underlines a renewed institutional interest in traditional systems. However, critics caution against uncritical endorsement, citing the lack of standardized clinical trials, variability in diagnostic models, and challenges in evidence-based validation. Furthermore, pharmaceutical commercialization of Ayurvedic formulations often sidelines traditional knowledge holders, reducing centuries-old practices to marketable commodities. The interface between Yoga and traditional medicine with modern healthcare is therefore both promising and fraught. While integrative models are being explored—especially in palliative care, mental health, and chronic disease management—they require epistemic humility and regulatory rigor. The danger lies in either romanticizing these systems as panaceas or discarding them as pre-scientific relics. Ultimately, the relevance of Yoga and traditional medicine in contemporary India will depend on the country's ability to safeguard their philosophical depth while subjecting them to transparent, rigorous scrutiny. Neither dogmatic revivalism nor dismissive scientism will suffice. What is needed is a dialogical framework where tradition and modernity co-evolve—not in opposition, but in mutual enrichment. What tension does the passage highlight regarding the global adoption of Yoga?
	Lack of flexibility
	Loss of its philosophical essence
	Shortage of teachers
	Over-regulation by India

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** India's legacy of healing practices—embodied in disciplines such as Yoga, Ayurveda, Siddha, and Unani—presents a complex synthesis of philosophy, biology, and metaphysics. Far from being static relics of the past, these systems have exhibited an evolving dynamism, continuously negotiating their space within both indigenous frameworks and global health discourses. At the heart of this healing ethos lies the idea that the human body is not an isolated physiological entity but a site of interconnected energies and rhythms. Yoga, as codified in the Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, is not merely a physical regimen but a holistic path aimed at harmonizing the body, mind, and spirit. In the modern era, however, it has undergone commodification, particularly in the West, where its philosophical moorings are often diluted into mere physical exercise or stress-reduction techniques. This recontextualization, while facilitating global popularity, raises questions about cultural appropriation and epistemic erosion. Traditional medicine systems such as Ayurveda view disease as an imbalance in the tridosha—vata, pitta, and kapha—principles that regulate bodily function. These systems emphasize prakriti (constitution), ahara (diet), and dinacharya (daily routine) as central to preventive healthcare. Unlike allopathy's symptom-targeting approach, traditional Indian medicine is premised on restoring equilibrium in the body's internal ecology. This integrative vision aligns with contemporary calls for personalized and preventive medicine, though methodological differences continue to stoke skepticism in the biomedical community. State patronage of AYUSH (Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha, and Homeopathy) underlines a renewed institutional interest in traditional systems. However, critics caution against uncritical endorsement, citing the lack of standardized clinical trials, variability in diagnostic models, and challenges in evidence-based validation. Furthermore, pharmaceutical commercialization of Ayurvedic formulations often sidelines traditional knowledge holders, reducing centuries-old practices to marketable commodities. The interface between Yoga and traditional medicine with modern healthcare is therefore both promising and fraught. While integrative models are being explored—especially in palliative care, mental health, and chronic disease management—they require epistemic humility and regulatory rigor. The danger lies in either romanticizing these systems as panaceas or discarding them as pre-scientific relics. Ultimately, the relevance of Yoga and traditional medicine in contemporary India will depend on the country's ability to safeguard their philosophical depth while subjecting them to transparent, rigorous scrutiny. Neither dogmatic revivalism nor dismissive scientism will suffice. What is needed is a dialogical framework where tradition and modernity co-evolve—not in opposition, but in mutual enrichment. Which of the following best reflects the Ayurvedic approach to disease? Eradicating bacteria via antibiotics Using synthetic drugs for immediate relief Restoring internal bodily balance through lifestyle Targeting genetic mutations

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** India's legacy of healing practices—embodied in disciplines such as Yoga, Ayurveda, Siddha, and Unani—presents a complex synthesis of philosophy, biology, and metaphysics. Far from being static relics of the past, these systems have exhibited an evolving dynamism, continuously negotiating their space within both indigenous frameworks and global health discourses. At the heart of this healing ethos lies the idea that the human body is not an isolated physiological entity but a site of interconnected energies and rhythms. Yoga, as codified in the Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, is not merely a physical regimen but a holistic path aimed at harmonizing the body, mind, and spirit. In the modern era, however, it has undergone commodification, particularly in the West, where its philosophical moorings are often diluted into mere physical exercise or stress-reduction techniques. This recontextualization, while facilitating global popularity, raises questions about cultural appropriation and epistemic erosion. Traditional medicine systems such as Ayurveda view disease as an imbalance in the tridosha—vata, pitta, and kapha—principles that regulate bodily function. These systems emphasize prakriti (constitution), ahara (diet), and dinacharya (daily routine) as central to preventive healthcare. Unlike allopathy's symptom-targeting approach, traditional Indian medicine is premised on restoring equilibrium in the body's internal ecology. This integrative vision aligns with contemporary calls for personalized and preventive medicine, though methodological differences continue to stoke skepticism in the biomedical community. State patronage of AYUSH (Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha, and Homeopathy) underlines a renewed institutional interest in traditional systems. However, critics caution against uncritical endorsement, citing the lack of standardized clinical trials, variability in diagnostic models, and challenges in evidence-based validation. Furthermore, pharmaceutical commercialization of Ayurvedic formulations often sidelines traditional knowledge holders, reducing centuries-old practices to marketable commodities. The interface between Yoga and traditional medicine with modern healthcare is therefore both promising and fraught. While integrative models are being explored—especially in palliative care, mental health, and chronic disease management—they require epistemic humility and regulatory rigor. The danger lies in either romanticizing these systems as panaceas or discarding them as pre-scientific relics. Ultimately, the relevance of Yoga and traditional medicine in contemporary India will depend on the country's ability to safeguard their philosophical depth while subjecting them to transparent, rigorous scrutiny. Neither dogmatic revivalism nor dismissive scientism will suffice. What is needed is a dialogical framework where tradition and modernity co-evolve—not in opposition, but in mutual enrichment. What is a potential danger of state patronage of AYUSH systems, as per the passage? High cost of medicine Increased rural unemployment Marginalization of traditional knowledge holders Overdependence on foreign investment

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** India's legacy of healing practices—embodied in disciplines such as Yoga, Ayurveda, Siddha, and Unani—presents a complex synthesis of philosophy, biology, and metaphysics. Far from being static relics of the past, these systems have exhibited an evolving dynamism, continuously negotiating their space within both indigenous frameworks and global health discourses. At the heart of this healing ethos lies the idea that the human body is not an isolated physiological entity but a site of interconnected energies and rhythms. Yoga, as codified in the Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, is not merely a physical regimen but a holistic path aimed at harmonizing the body, mind, and spirit. In the modern era, however, it has undergone commodification, particularly in the West, where its philosophical moorings are often diluted into mere physical exercise or stress-reduction techniques. This recontextualization, while facilitating global popularity, raises questions about cultural appropriation and epistemic erosion. Traditional medicine systems such as Ayurveda view disease as an imbalance in the tridosha—vata, pitta, and kapha—principles that regulate bodily function. These systems emphasize prakriti (constitution), ahara (diet), and dinacharya (daily routine) as central to preventive healthcare. Unlike allopathy's symptom-targeting approach, traditional Indian medicine is premised on restoring equilibrium in the body's internal ecology. This integrative vision aligns with contemporary calls for personalized and preventive medicine, though methodological differences continue to stoke skepticism in the biomedical community. State patronage of AYUSH (Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha, and Homeopathy) underlines a renewed institutional interest in traditional systems. However, critics caution against uncritical endorsement, citing the lack of standardized clinical trials, variability in diagnostic models, and challenges in evidence-based validation. Furthermore, pharmaceutical commercialization of Ayurvedic formulations often sidelines traditional knowledge holders, reducing centuries-old practices to marketable commodities. The interface between Yoga and traditional medicine with modern healthcare is therefore both promising and fraught. While integrative models are being explored—especially in palliative care, mental health, and chronic disease management—they require epistemic humility and regulatory rigor. The danger lies in either romanticizing these systems as panaceas or discarding them as pre-scientific relics. Ultimately, the relevance of Yoga and traditional medicine in contemporary India will depend on the country's ability to safeguard their philosophical depth while subjecting them to transparent, rigorous scrutiny. Neither dogmatic revivalism nor dismissive scientism will suffice. What is needed is a dialogical framework where tradition and modernity co-evolve—not in opposition, but in mutual enrichment. What stance does the author take on integrating traditional medicine with modern healthcare? Traditional medicine must replace allopathy Modern science is superior to traditional systems Integration is possible with humility and standards The two should remain completely separate

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** India's legacy of healing practices—embodied in disciplines such as Yoga, Ayurveda, Siddha, and Unani—presents a complex synthesis of philosophy, biology, and metaphysics. Far from being static relics of the past, these systems have exhibited an evolving dynamism, continuously negotiating their space within both indigenous frameworks and global health discourses. At the heart of this healing ethos lies the idea that the human body is not an isolated physiological entity but a site of interconnected energies and rhythms. Yoga, as codified in the Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, is not merely a physical regimen but a holistic path aimed at harmonizing the body, mind, and spirit. In the modern era, however, it has undergone commodification, particularly in the West, where its philosophical moorings are often diluted into mere physical exercise or stress-reduction techniques. This recontextualization, while facilitating global popularity, raises questions about cultural appropriation and epistemic erosion. Traditional medicine systems such as Ayurveda view disease as an imbalance in the tridosha—vata, pitta, and kapha—principles that regulate bodily function. These systems emphasize prakriti (constitution), ahara (diet), and dinacharya (daily routine) as central to preventive healthcare. Unlike allopathy's symptom-targeting approach, traditional Indian medicine is premised on restoring equilibrium in the body's internal ecology. This integrative vision aligns with contemporary calls for personalized and preventive medicine, though methodological differences continue to stoke skepticism in the biomedical community. State patronage of AYUSH (Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha, and Homeopathy) underlines a renewed institutional interest in traditional systems. However, critics caution against uncritical endorsement, citing the lack of standardized clinical trials, variability in diagnostic models, and challenges in evidence-based validation. Furthermore, pharmaceutical commercialization of Ayurvedic formulations often sidelines traditional knowledge holders, reducing centuries-old practices to marketable commodities. The interface between Yoga and traditional medicine with modern healthcare is therefore both promising and fraught. While integrative models are being explored—especially in palliative care, mental health, and chronic disease management—they require epistemic humility and regulatory rigor. The danger lies in either romanticizing these systems as panaceas or discarding them as pre-scientific relics. Ultimately, the relevance of Yoga and traditional medicine in contemporary India will depend on the country's ability to safeguard their philosophical depth while subjecting them to transparent, rigorous scrutiny. Neither dogmatic revivalism nor dismissive scientism will suffice. What is needed is a dialogical framework where tradition and modernity co-evolve—not in opposition, but in mutual enrichment. According to the passage, what is required for the survival and relevance of Yoga and traditional medicine in modern India? Blind national pride Scientific rejection of tradition Dialogical integration of ancient and modern systems Exclusive use of foreign validation techniques

Q.No: 96	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said to me, "You should work harder."
	He said me that I should work harder.
	He told me that I should work harder.
	He told me that you should work harder.
	He told that I should work harder.

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** The scientist said, "We have been working on this project for months."
	The scientist said they had been working on that project for months.
	The scientist said they have been working on this project for months.
	The scientist said that they were working on that project.
	The scientist said that we had worked on this project.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The diplomat said that only after the ceasefire would negotiations begin.
	"Negotiations begin only after the ceasefire," said the diplomat.
	"Only after the ceasefire, negotiations would begin," said the diplomat.
	"Only after the ceasefire will negotiations begin," said the diplomat.

	"Negotiations would begin once the ceasefire is announced," said the diplomat.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. The blueprint is finalized after approval from stakeholders. 2. First, a basic framework is proposed. 3. Then revisions are made after discussions. 4. Finally, execution begins as per plan.
	2-3-1-4
	1-3-2-4
	3-2-1-4
	2-1-3-4

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. A central tenet of this approach is the concept of a "class," which acts as a blueprint for creating objects.2. Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) is a programming paradigm based on the concept of "objects," which can contain data and code.3. This allows a programmer to specify the structure and behavior of an object-oriented program.4. The key advantage of this approach is that it models real-world entities, making complex systems easier to manage and debug.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 1, 4, 2 1, 2, 3, 4

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **17 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	)

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	If each letter is coded as its position in reverse (Z=1, Y=2,...A=26), what is ROAD? अगर प्रत्येक अक्षर को उसके स्थान के अनुसार उलटा कोड किया जाए (Z=1, Y=2,...A=26), तो ROAD क्या होगा?
	10, 12, 25, 23

	10, 12, 25, 23
	9, 12, 25, 23 9, 12, 25, 23 9, 13, 25, 23 9, 13, 25, 23
	9, 12, 26, 23 9, 12, 26, 23

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is exactly the same as the one given below. A-5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Bihar – 800013 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के बिल्कुल समान हो। A-5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Bihar – 800013
	A-5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Biharr – 800013 A-5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Biharr – 800013
	A-5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Bihar – 800013 A-5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Bihar – 800013
	A5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Bihar – 800013 A5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Bihar – 800013
	A-5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colonny, Patna, Bihar – 800013 A-5, Lotus Enclave, Patliputra Colonny, Patna, Bihar – 800013

Q.No: 3	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. **DAC, GWH, JSM, MOR, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **DAC, GWH, JSM, MOR,?**

	PKW PKW
	QKV QKV
	PWK PWK
	PJV PJV

Q.No: 4	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **DAPR, FESU, HIVX, JMYA ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: **DAPR, FESU, HIVX, JMYA ?**
	ZBCX ZBCX
	QCTR QCTR
	PYSB PYSB
	LQBD LQBD

Q.No: 5	Find the two signs to interchange to correct the equation. 30 − 12 ÷ 3 × 2 + 4 = 122

	समीकरण को सही करने के लिए दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलकर सही करें। 30 – 12 ÷ 3 × 2 + 4 = 122
	÷ and – ÷ और –
	– and × – और ×
	× and + × और +
	÷ and + ÷ और +

Q.No: 6	X is the daughter of Y. Y is the son of Z. W is the wife of Z. How is W related to X? X, Y की पुत्री है। Y, Z का पुत्र है। W, Z की पत्नी है। W का X से क्या संबंध है? Mother माँ
	Grandmother दादी
	Aunt चाची Sister बहन

Q.No: 7	Find the missing term: **7, 22, 89,_____, 2677, 18740** लुप्त पद ज्ञात करें: **7, 22, 89,_____, 2677, 18740**
	446

	446
	436 436 448 448
	457 457

Q.No: 8	Find the odd one out: विषम चुनें:
	6 # 2 = 12 6 # 2 = 12 5 # 3 = 15 5 # 3 = 15
	4 # 4 = 16 4 # 4 = 16
	7 # 1 = 21 7 # 1 = 21

Q.No: 9	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** The discovery of gravitational waves has provided strong evidence for Einstein's theory of general relativity, but it also opens up new possibilities for understanding the universe's most extreme phenomena, such as black holes and neutron stars. **Assumptions:** I. Gravitational waves offer new insights into the nature of the universe. II. Einstein's theory of general relativity has been conclusively proven by the discovery of gravitational waves. III. The study of gravitational waves will lead to new breakthroughs in astrophysics.

	निर्देश: इस कथन के मान्य होने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान कीजिए, फिर सही विकल्प चुनिए। **कथन**: गुरुत्वाकर्षण तरंगों की खोज ने आइंस्टीन के सामान्य सापेक्षता सिद्धांत के लिए मजबूत प्रमाण प्रदान किए हैं, लेकिन यह ब्रह्मांड की सबसे चरम घटनाओं, जैसे ब्लैक होल और न्यूट्रॉन तारों को समझने की नई संभावनाओं को भी खोलती है। **मान्यताएँ**: I. गुरुत्वाकर्षण तरंगें ब्रह्मांड की प्रकृति के बारे में नई अंतर्दृष्टि प्रदान करती हैं। II. गुरुत्वाकर्षण तरंगों की खोज से आइंस्टीन का सामान्य सापेक्षता सिद्धांत निर्णायक रूप से सिद्ध हो गया है। III. गुरुत्वाकर्षण तरंगों के अध्ययन से खगोल भौतिकी में नई सफलताएँ प्राप्त होंगी।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III निहित हैं Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है
	All I, II, and III are implicit सभी I, II और III निहित हैं

Q.No: 10	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Fewer people applied for teaching posts this year. Conclusions: I. Teaching is losing popularity. II. Applicants may be seeking better-paying jobs. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: इस वर्ष शिक्षण पदों के लिए कम लोगों ने आवेदन किया। निष्कर्ष: I. शिक्षण की लोकप्रियता कम हो रही है। II. आवेदक बेहतर वेतन वाली नौकरियों की तलाश में हो सकते हैं।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है

	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष I I अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 11	Find the group of letters that best completes the analogy based on the given letter transformation pattern. **CIRCLE : DJSFMD :: SQUARE : ?** दिए गए अक्षर परिवर्तन पैटर्न के आधार पर सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करने वाले अक्षरों का समूह ज्ञात कीजिए। **CIRCLE : DJSFMD :: SQUARE : ?**
	YTUBN YTUBN
	TRVDSD TRVDSD
	CVBGF CVBGF
	QWERTY QWERTY
Not Answered	

Q.No: 12	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All plants are living beings. Some living beings are animals. **Conclusions:** I. Some plants are animals. II. All animals are plants. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सभी पौधे जीवित प्राणी हैं। कुछ जीवित प्राणी जानवर हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ पौधे जानवर हैं। II. सभी जानवर पौधे हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 13	Find the word which is between the 1^{st} and 4^{th} letters of the following word as per the English alphabet series. CUTE अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला श्रृंखला के अनुसार निम्नलिखित शब्द के पहले और चौथे अक्षरों के बीच में आने वाला अक्षर ज्ञात कीजिए। CUTE

	F F
	D D
	V V
	Z Z

Q.No: 14	Complete the series. A1, C2, E3, G4, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। A1, C2, E3, G4, ? J5 J5
	K5 K5
	H5 H5
	I5 I5

Q.No: 15	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए: Monopoly एकाधिकार

	Oligopoly अल्पाधिकार
	Barter वस्तु-विनिमय
	Duopoly द्वयधिकार

Q.No: 16	In a certain code language, each letter is assigned a unique digit. Based on the given codes for specific words, determine the code for the target word using the same logic. If MOUSE is coded as 45291 and RAT as 786, how is STORE coded? किसी विशिष्ट कूट भाषा में, प्रत्येक अक्षर को एक विशिष्ट अंक दिया जाता है। विशिष्ट शब्दों के लिए दिए गए कूटों के आधार पर, उसी तर्क का उपयोग करके लक्ष्य शब्द के लिए कूट निर्धारित कीजिए। यदि MOUSE को 45291 और RAT को 786 के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है, तो STORE को किस प्रकार कूटबद्ध किया जाएगा?
	96571 96571
	97653 97653
	98345 98345
	96278 96278

Q.No: 17	If 4 @ 3 = 19 and 2 @ 5 = 9, then 5 @ 2 = ? यदि 4 @ 3 = 19 और 2 @ 5 = 9, तो 5 @ 2 = ?
	21 21
	23

	23
	25 25
	27 27
Not Answered	

Q.No: 18	In a code language, 'FLOW' is written as 'G#3X', and 'WOLF' is written as 'X3#G'. How is 'FOWL' written? एक कूट भाषा में, 'FLOW' को 'G#3X' और 'WOLF' को 'X3#G' लिखा जाता है। 'FOWL' को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	G#X3 G#X3
	XG3# XG3#
	G3X# G3X#
	X#G3 X#G3

Q.No: 19	If 2 $ 2 = 16 and 3 $ 3 = 36, what is 4 $ 4? यदि 2 $ 2 = 16 और 3 $ 3 = 36, तो 4 $ 4 क्या है?
	48 48
	64 64
	72 72

	80 80

Q.No: 20	In a 40 L solution, the ratio of acid to water is 5:3. How much water must be added to make it 1:1? 40 लीटर के एक घोल में अम्ल और पानी का अनुपात 5:3 है। इसे 1:1 करने के लिए कितना पानी मिलाना होगा?
	5 L 5 लीटर
	6 L 6 लीटर
	17 L 17 लीटर
	10 L 10 लीटर

Q.No: 21	X + Y means X is the mother of Y, X – Y means X is the brother of Y, X * Y means X is the sister of Y. Then what does A – B + C mean? X + Y का अर्थ है X, Y की माँ है, X – Y का अर्थ है X, Y का भाई है, X * Y का अर्थ है X, Y की बहन है। तो A – B + C का क्या अर्थ है?
	A is brother-in-law of C A, C का साला है
	A is maternal uncle of C A, C का मामा है
	A is brother of C A, C का भाई है
	A is father of C A, C का पिता है

Q.No: 22	If 'M' means '+', 'N' means '−', 'O' means '×', and 'P' means '÷' what is the value of the following expression? **18 P 3 M 5 O 2=?** यदि 'M' का अर्थ '+', 'N' का अर्थ '−', 'O' का अर्थ '×' और 'P' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या है? **18 P 3 M 5 O 2=?**
	16 16
	22 22 28 28
	8 8

Q.No: 23	If 'P' = ×, 'Q' = ÷, 'R' = +, 'S' = −, which equation is correct? यदि 'P' = ×, 'Q' = ÷, 'R' = +, 'S' = −, तो कौन सा समीकरण सही है?
	18 R 2 P 4 S 2 Q 1 = 15 18 R 2 P 4 S 2 Q 1 = 15 12 P 3 S 4 Q 2 R 1 = 13 12 P 3 S 4 Q 2 R 1 = 13
	20 Q 5 R 2 P 3 S 1 = 9 20 Q 5 R 2 P 3 S 1 = 9
	30 S 5 R 2 Q 1 P 3 = 32 30 S 5 R 2 Q 1 P 3 = 32

Not Answered

Q.No: 24	If $ = −, % = ×, # = +, then 18 % 2 $ 3 # 1 = ? यदि $ = −, % = ×, # = +, तो 18 % 2 $ 3 # 1 = ?
	33 33
	34 34
	32 32
	35 35

Q.No: 25	In a class of 80 students, 60% are girls. If 75% of the girls passed, how many girls failed? 80 विद्यार्थियों की एक कक्षा में 60% लड़कियाँ हैं। यदि 75% लड़कियाँ उत्तीर्ण हुईं, तो कितनी लड़कियाँ अनुत्तीर्ण हुईं?
	12 12
	15 15
	18 18
	20 20

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **17 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	Which of the following is a notable architectural feature of Notre Dame des Anges Church in Puducherry? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी पुडुचेरी में नोट्रे डेम डेस एंजेस चर्च की उल्लेखनीय वास्तुशिल्प विशेषता है?
	Shikhara with amalaka

	आमलक के साथ शिखर
	Transparent enclosure with piers खम्भों सहित पारदर्शी घेरा
	Minaret with balcony बालकनी के साथ मीनार
	Corbelled arch with lattice work जालीदार कार्य के साथ कोर्बेल्ड मेहराब
Not Answered	

Q.No: 27	Which of the following best captures the cultural and historical essence of Uttarakhand's Bissu Mela? निम्नलिखित में से कौन उत्तराखंड के बिस्सू मेले के सांस्कृतिक और ऐतिहासिक सार को सर्वोत्तम रूप से दर्शाता है?
	A three-day martial arts event by Gorkha settlers in Garhwal to worship Lord Kartikeya as the harvest god. गढ़वाल में गोरखा वासियों द्वारा भगवान कार्तिकेय की फसल के देवता के रूप में पूजा करने के लिए तीन दिवसीय मार्शल आर्ट कार्यक्रम।
	A week-long Jaunsari tribal fair in Chakrata, thanking for harvest and honoring Santoora Devi, a Durga form. चकराता में एक सप्ताह तक चलने वाला जौनसारी जनजातीय मेला, जिसमें फसल के लिए धन्यवाद दिया जाता है तथा दुर्गा के एक रूप संतूरा देवी का सम्मान किया जाता है।
	A pilgrimage where Pandavas are worshipped at stone altars through Himachali Brahmin rituals. एक तीर्थस्थल जहां हिमाचली ब्राह्मण अनुष्ठानों के माध्यम से पत्थर की वेदियों पर पांडवों की पूजा की जाती है।
	A fasting-based fair restricting women from dancing due to ancestral customs. यह एक व्रत-आधारित मेला है जिसमें पैतृक रीति-रिवाजों के कारण महिलाओं को नृत्य करने से प्रतिबंधित किया जाता है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 28	In the context of **Gupta dynasty's taxation**, which pair is **correct**? **गुप्त वंश** के कराधान के संदर्भ में कौन सा युग्म **सही** है?
	Adeya – penalty for libellous speech अदेया - अपमानजनक भाषण के लिए दंड
	Bhaga – king's share of produce

	भाग – उपज में राजा का हिस्सा
	Hiranya – forced labour हिरण्य – जबरन मजदूरी Dhanya – gold bullion fee धन्या – स्वर्ण बुलियन शुल्क

Q.No: 29	Which of the following best describes Achal and Chal swaras in Indian classical music? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा भारतीय शास्त्रीय संगीत में अचल और चल स्वरों का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	All swaras have fixed pitch in both systems दोनों प्रणालियों में सभी स्वरों का सुर निश्चित होता है
	Sa and Pa are fixed; others have variants like Komal or Teevra सा और पा निश्चित हैं; अन्य में कोमल या तीवरा जैसे रूप हैं
	Komal and Teevra swaras are used only in Carnatic music कोमल और तीवरा स्वरों का प्रयोग केवल कर्नाटक संगीत में किया जाता है
	Ga and Ni are always sung in Shuddha form in all styles गा और नि को सभी शैलियों में हमेशा शुद्ध रूप में गाया जाता है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Which of the following is true about "en passant" in chess? शतरंज में "एन पासेंट" के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य है?
	Only after a pawn moves two squares and waits a turn. केवल तभी जब मोहरा दो वर्ग आगे बढ़ जाए और एक बारी का इंतजार करे।
	Can be done within two moves after the pawn's advance. मोहरे के आगे बढ़ने के बाद दो चालों के भीतर ऐसा किया जा सकता है।
	Must be done immediately after the pawn moves two squares.

	यह कार्य मोहरे के दो वर्ग आगे बढ़ने के तुरंत बाद किया जाना चाहिए।
	Only if the capturing pawn is on a dark square. केवल तभी जब कब्जा करने वाला मोहरा अंधेरे वर्ग पर हो।

Not Answered

Q.No: 31 **Match the dynasties listed in Column A with their respective founders mentioned in Column B:**

Column A: Dynasty	Column B: Founder
A. Tomaras	1. Bahlul Lodi
B. Khalji Dynasty	2. Ananga Pala
C. Sayyid Dynasty	3. Jalaluddin Khalji
D. Lodi Dynasty	4. Khizr Khan

स्तम्भ A में सूचीबद्ध राजवंशों का मिलान स्तम्भ B में उल्लिखित उनके संबंधित संस्थापकों से करें:

स्तम्भ A (वंश)	स्तम्भ B: संस्थापक
A. तोमरस	1. बहलुल लोदी
B. खिलजी राजवंश	2. अनंग पाला
C. सैय्यद राजवंश	3. जलालुद्दीन खिलजी
D.लोदी राजवंश	4. खिज़्र ख़ान

	A → 2, B → 3, C → 4, D → 1 A → 2, B → 3, C → 4, D → 1
	A → 3, B → 2, C → 4, D → 1 A → 3, B → 2, C → 4, D → 1
	A → 4, B → 3, C → 2, D → 1 A → 4, B → 3, C → 2, D → 1
	A → 1, B → 3, C → 4, D → 2 A → 1, B → 3, C → 4, D → 2

Q.No: 32	In which Olympic Games did Leander Paes make his debut before winning India's first Olympic tennis medal in the following edition? अगले संस्करण में भारत के लिए पहला ओलंपिक टेनिस पदक जीतने से पहले लिएंडर पेस ने किस ओलंपिक खेल में पदार्पण किया था?
	Barcelona Olympic Games बार्सिलोना ओलंपिक खेल
	Atlanta Olympic Games अटलांटा ओलंपिक खेल
	Sydney Olympic Games सिडनी ओलंपिक खेल
	New Delhi Olympic Games नई दिल्ली ओलंपिक खेल
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	At which BIMSTEC Summit was the agreement to set up the Technology Transfer Facility in Colombo signed? कोलंबो में प्रौद्योगिकी हस्तांतरण सुविधा स्थापित करने के समझौते पर किस बिम्सटेक शिखर सम्मेलन में हस्ताक्षर किए गए थे?
	Third Summit तीसरा शिखर सम्मेलन
	Fourth Summit

	चौथा शिखर सम्मेलन
	Fifth Summit पाँचवाँ शिखर सम्मेलन
	Sixth Summit छठा शिखर सम्मेलन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Who wrote 'An Era of Darkness: The British Empire in India'? 'एन एरा ऑफ डार्कनेस: द ब्रिटिश एम्पायर इन इंडिया' किसने लिखी है?
	Shashi Tharoor शशि थरूर
	Vikram Seth विक्रम सेठ
	Pavan Varma पवन वर्मा
	Romila Thapar रोमिला थापर

Q.No: 35	A key appointment in India's disaster management sector was made in 2024. Which Indian Police Service (IPS) officer took charge as the "Director General of the National Disaster Response Force", leading the nation's primary disaster relief efforts? भारत के आपदा प्रबंधन क्षेत्र में 2024 में एक महत्वपूर्ण नियुक्ति की गई। किस भारतीय पुलिस सेवा (आईपीएस) अधिकारी ने देश के प्राथमिक आपदा राहत प्रयासों का नेतृत्व करते हुए "राष्ट्रीय आपदा प्रतिक्रिया बल के महानिदेशक" के रूप में कार्यभार संभाला?
	Piyush Anand पीयूष आनंद
	Atul Karwal अतुल करवाल

	Rajeev Kapoor राजीव कपूर Pradeep Kumar प्रदीप कुमार
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	Gaganyaan is planned to orbit Earth at approximately what altitude? गगनयान को पृथ्वी की लगभग कितनी ऊंचाई पर परिक्रमा करने की योजना है?
	100 km 100 किमी
	400 km 400 किमी
	1000 km 1000 किमी
	36,000 km 36,000 किमी

Q.No: 37	Which of the following is unrelated to the components of population change? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा जनसंख्या परिवर्तन के घटकों से असंबंधित है?
	Births जन्म Deaths मौतें
	Migration प्रवास
	Employment

	रोज़गार

Q.No: 38	With reference to the All India Inter-Club U21 Men & Women Water Polo League – 2025, which of the following statements are **accurate?** 1. The tournament was hosted at Mayo College in Ajmer, Rajasthan. 2. It was organized under the aegis of the Western Naval Command. 3. The event took place from 14 to 18 April 2025. अखिल भारतीय अंतर-क्लब U21 पुरुष एवं महिला वाटर पोलो लीग - 2025 के संदर्भ में, निम्नलिखित में से कौन से कथन सही हैं? 1. यह टूर्नामेंट राजस्थान के अजमेर स्थित मेयो कॉलेज में आयोजित किया गया था। 2. इसका आयोजन पश्चिमी नौसेना कमान के तत्वावधान में किया गया था। 3. यह आयोजन 14 से 18 अप्रैल 2025 तक हुआ था।
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 only केवल 1 और 2
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3

Q.No: 39	Which state among the following is a major contributor to India's iron ore reserves? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा राज्य भारत के लौह अयस्क भंडार में प्रमुख योगदानकर्ता है?
	Maharashtra महाराष्ट्र
	Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश

	Karnataka कर्नाटक
	Tamil Nadu तमिलनाडु

Q.No: 40	Which of these is an odd one out? इनमें से कौन सा विषम है?
	ATP एटीपी
	Glucose शर्करा
	DNA डीएनए
	NADH एनएडीएच

Q.No: 41	Through which Constitutional Amendment was Article 21A introduced, mandating free and compulsory education as a Fundamental Right for children between 6 and 14 years of age? किस संवैधानिक संशोधन के माध्यम से अनुच्छेद 21A पेश किया गया था, जिसमें 6 से 14 वर्ष की आयु के बच्चों के लिए मुफ्त और अनिवार्य शिक्षा को मौलिक अधिकार के रूप में अनिवार्य बनाया गया था?
	42nd Amendment Act 42वां संशोधन अधिनियम
	86th Amendment Act 86वां संशोधन अधिनियम
	93rd Amendment Act 93वां संशोधन अधिनियम

	44th Amendment Act 44वां संशोधन अधिनियम

Q.No: 42	What happens when an ideal fluid flows through a narrowing horizontal pipe? क्या होता है जब एक आदर्श तरल पदार्थ एक संकीर्ण क्षैतिज पाइप से होकर बहता है?
	Speed decreases, Pressure increases गति घटती है, दबाव बढ़ता है
	Speed increases, Pressure decreases गति बढ़ती है, दबाव घटता है
	Both Speed and Pressure increases गति और दबाव दोनों बढ़ जाते हैं
	Both speed and pressure decreases गति और दबाव दोनों कम हो जाते हैं

Q.No: 43	Which of the following best describes the purpose of the National Single Window System (NSWS) portal launched by the Ministry of Commerce & Industry? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय द्वारा शुरू किए गए राष्ट्रीय एकल खिड़की प्रणाली (NSWS) पोर्टल के उद्देश्य का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	To streamline pension disbursal mechanisms for unorganized workers असंगठित श्रमिकों के लिए पेंशन वितरण तंत्र को सुव्यवस्थित करना
	To facilitate industrial clearances and approvals through a single digital platform एकल डिजिटल प्लेटफॉर्म के माध्यम से औद्योगिक मंजूरी और अनुमोदन की सुविधा प्रदान करना
	To monitor school enrollments across states using Aadhaar linkage आधार लिंकेज का उपयोग करके राज्यों में स्कूल नामांकन की निगरानी करना
	To centralize water quality testing across urban and rural regions शहरी और ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में जल गुणवत्ता परीक्षण को केंद्रीकृत करना

Q.No: 44	Consider the statements about Tippani : 1. Originated among Saurashtra women tamping lime floors with wooden rods. 2. Male drummers provide dhol–nagara accompaniment. Which is/are **correct?** टिप्पाणी के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. इसकी उत्पत्ति सौराष्ट्र की महिलाओं द्वारा लकड़ी की छड़ों से चूने के फर्श पर पटकने से हुई। 2. पुरुष ढोल वादक ढोल-नगाड़ा की संगत करते हैं। कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	Only 1 correct केवल 1 सही
	Only 2 correct केवल 2 सही
	Both 1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Q.No: 45	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** Human Development Index (HDI) in India improved significantly post-2010. **Reason (R):** The methodology was revised globally to include inequality-adjusted Human Development Index (HDI). नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए: **अभिकथन (A):** भारत में मानव विकास सूचकांक (HDI) में 2010 के बाद उल्लेखनीय सुधार हुआ है। **कारण (R):** असमानता-समायोजित मानव विकास सूचकांक (HDI) को शामिल करने के लिए कार्यप्रणाली को वैश्विक स्तर पर संशोधित किया गया।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है। A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 46	Why are the Western Ghats considered globally significant according to UNESCO? यूनेस्को(UNESCO) के अनुसार पश्चिमी घाट को विश्व स्तर पर महत्वपूर्ण क्यों माना जाता है?
	They categorize urban rivers based on their economic contribution to the city. वे शहरी नदियों को शहर में उनके आर्थिक योगदान के आधार पर वर्गीकृत करते हैं।
	They influence the Indian monsoon and are among the world's top biodiversity hotspots. वे भारतीय मानसून को प्रभावित करते हैं और विश्व के शीर्ष जैव विविधता हॉटस्पॉट में से एक हैं।
	They are located near the equator and host polar species. वे भूमध्य रेखा के निकट स्थित हैं और ध्रुवीय प्रजातियों के पोषक हैं।
	They form the only volcanic plateau in peninsular India with desert flora. वे प्रायद्वीपीय भारत में रेगिस्तानी वनस्पतियों वाला एकमात्र ज्वालामुखीय पठार बनाते हैं।

Q.No: 47	Article 312 provides for creation of new _____ by Parliament. अनुच्छेद 312 संसद द्वारा नए _____ के निर्माण का प्रावधान करता है।
	Union Territories केंद्र शासित प्रदेश
	Constitutional Amendments संवैधानिक संशोधन
	All India Services अखिल भारतीय सेवाएँ
	Finance Commissions

	वित्त आयोग

Q.No: 48	Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the **correct** option. **Assertion (A):** Self-reliance was a major objective of India's early planning era. **Reason (R):** India sought to reduce dependence on foreign aid and imports post-independence. निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और **सही** विकल्प चुनें। **अभिकथन (A):** आत्मनिर्भरता भारत के प्रारंभिक नियोजन युग का एक प्रमुख उद्देश्य था। **कारण (R):** भारत ने स्वतंत्रता के बाद विदेशी सहायता और आयात पर निर्भरता कम करने का प्रयास किया।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है। A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false but R is true. A असत्य है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 49	What is India's first successful interplanetary mission? भारत का पहला सफल अंतरग्रहीय मिशन कौन सा है?
	Chandrayaan-1 चंद्रयान-1
	Mangalyaan मंगलयान
	Gaganyaan गगनयान
	Aditya-L1

	आदित्य-एल 1

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Article 262 empowers Parliament to set up tribunals for river disputes. 2. The Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction in such disputes. Which of the above is/are **correct**? निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अनुच्छेद 262 संसद को नदी विवादों के लिए न्यायाधिकरण स्थापित करने का अधिकार देता है। 2. ऐसे विवादों में सर्वोच्च न्यायालय को अपीलीय क्षेत्राधिकार प्राप्त है। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2 Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
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Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	Simplify: $(2.4 + 3.125) \times 0.25 - (0.75 \div 0.3)$ सरल करें: $(2.4 + 3.125) \times 0.25 - (0.75 \div 0.3)$
	-1.11875

	-1.11875
	1.11875 1.11875 2.8756 2.8756
	-2.8756 -2.8756
Not Answered	

Q.No: 52	If 20% of (P + Q) = 50% of (P − Q), then find the ratio P: Q. यदि (P + Q) का 20% = (P − Q) का 50% है, तो P: Q का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	3 : 7 3 : 7
	7 : 3 7 : 3
	2 : 5 2 : 5
	5 : 2 5 : 2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 53	A shopkeeper mixes two varieties of pulses – one costing ₹80 per kg and the other costing ₹100 per kg, in the ratio 3 : 1. If he sells the mixed variety at ₹91.80 per kg, find his gain or loss percent. एक दुकानदार दो प्रकार की दालों को मिलाता है - एक की कीमत 80 रुपये प्रति किलोग्राम और दूसरी की कीमत 100 रुपये प्रति किलोग्राम है, अनुपात 3: 1 है। यदि वह मिश्रित किस्म को 91.80 रुपये प्रति किलोग्राम पर बेचता है, तो उसका लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए। 8% Loss 8% हानि

	10% Gain 10% लाभ
	8% Gain 8% लाभ
	10% Loss 10% हानि
Not Answered	

Q.No: 54	A and B invest ₹45,000 and ₹60,000 respectively. A remains in business for 8 months, B for 6 months. If the total profit is ₹36,000, what is A's share? A और B ने क्रमश: ₹45,000 और ₹60,000 का निवेश किया। A 8 महीने तक व्यवसाय में रहा, B 6 महीने तक। यदि कुल लाभ ₹36,000 है, तो A का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹16,000 ₹16,000
	₹18,000 ₹18,000
	₹20,000 ₹20,000
	₹24,000 ₹24,000

Q.No: 55	The average weight of 30 students is 60 kg. If one student is removed, the average drops to 59.5 kg. What is the weight of the removed student? 30 छात्रों का औसत वजन 60 किलोग्राम है। यदि एक छात्र को हटा दिया जाए, तो औसत वजन 59.5 किलोग्राम हो जाता है। हटाए गए छात्र का वजन क्या है?
	74.5 kg 74.5 किलोग्राम
	84.5 kg

	84.5 किलोग्राम
	70.5 kg 70.5 किलोग्राम
	16.5 kg 16.5 किलोग्राम

Q.No: 56	In a group of 40 boys, the average height was initially determined to be 160 cm. However, it was later discovered that the height of one boy was incorrectly recorded as 165 cm when it should have been 156 cm. Calculate the accurate average height. 40 लड़कों के एक समूह में, औसत ऊंचाई शुरू में 160 सेमी निर्धारित की गई थी। हालांकि, बाद में पता चला कि एक लड़के की ऊंचाई गलत तरीके से 165 सेमी दर्ज की गई थी, जबकि यह 156 सेमी होनी चाहिए थी। सटीक औसत ऊंचाई की गणना करें।
	129.675cm 129.675 सेमी
	150.845 cm 150.845 सेमी
	159.775 cm 159.775 सेमी
	179.275 cm 179.275 सेमी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 57	If ₹5000 amounts to ₹6050 over 2 years with compound interest, what is the annual interest rate? यदि 2 वर्ष में चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज के साथ ₹5000 की राशि ₹6050 हो जाती है, तो वार्षिक ब्याज दर क्या है?
	10% 10%
	9% 9%

	8% 8% 11% 11%

Q.No: 58	A fruit vendor sells 15 kg of apples for ₹750, thereby gaining the cost price of 5 kg of apples. What is his profit percentage? एक फल विक्रेता 15 किलोग्राम सेब ₹750 में बेचता है, जिससे उसे 5 किलोग्राम सेब के क्रय मूल्य का लाभ होता है। उसका लाभ प्रतिशत क्या है?
	28.65% 28.65%
	33.33% 33.33%
	26.32% 26.32%
	31.56% 31.56%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	An oven has a marked price of ₹ 12,000. It is sold with two successive discounts. If the second discount is 20% and the final selling price is ₹ 8,400, what is the percentage of the first discount? एक ओवन का अंकित मूल्य ₹ 12,000 है। इसे दो क्रमिक छूटों के साथ बेचा जाता है। यदि दूसरी छूट 20% है और अंतिम विक्रय मूल्य ₹ 8,400 है, तो पहली छूट का प्रतिशत क्या है?
	10% 10%
	12% 12%
	12.5%

	12.5%
	15% 15%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 60	A barrel contains a mixture of alcohol and water in the ratio 7:4 respectively. If 12 litres of water are added to it, the ratio of alcohol to water becomes 7:6. Find the initial total quantity of the mixture in the barrel. एक बैरल में शराब और पानी का मिश्रण क्रमशः 7:4 के अनुपात में है। यदि इसमें 12 लीटर पानी मिलाया जाए, तो शराब और पानी का अनुपात 7:6 हो जाता है। बैरल में मिश्रण की प्रारंभिक कुल मात्रा ज्ञात कीजिए।
	33 litres 33 लीटर 44 litres 44 लीटर
	55 litres 55 लीटर
	66 litres 66 लीटर

Q.No: 61	A furniture store marks its items at 80% above the cost price. They offer a discount of 30% on the marked price. If a customer receives an additional loyalty discount of ₹250, and the store still makes a 12% profit on the cost price, what is the cost price of the furniture item? एक फर्नीचर स्टोर अपने सामान की कीमत लागत मूल्य से 80% अधिक पर अंकित करता है। वे अंकित मूल्य पर 30% की छूट देते हैं। यदि किसी ग्राहक को ₹250 की अतिरिक्त लॉयल्टी छूट मिलती है, और स्टोर को अभी भी लागत मूल्य पर 12% का लाभ होता है, तो फर्नीचर आइटम की लागत कीमत क्या है?
	₹1,785.71 ₹1,785.71 ₹2,585.36 ₹2,585.36

	₹1,528.24 ₹1,528.24 ₹2,879.45 ₹2,879.45

Q.No: 62	A spherical ball is submerged in water in a cylindrical container. The radius of the cylindrical container is 5 cm, and the height is 30 cm. What is the volume of water displaced by the ball if its radius is 4 cm? एक गोलाकार गेंद को एक बेलनाकार बर्तन में पानी में डुबोया गया है। बेलनाकार बर्तन की त्रिज्या 5 सेमी है, और ऊंचाई 30 सेमी है। यदि गेंद की त्रिज्या 4 सेमी है, तो गेंद द्वारा हटाए गए पानी का आयतन क्या है?
	$\frac{640}{3}\pi$ cm^3 $\frac{640}{3}\pi$ सेमी ^{3}
	$\frac{320}{3}\pi$ cm^3 $\frac{320}{3}\pi$ सेमी ^{3}
	$\frac{160}{3}\pi$ cm^3 $\frac{160}{3}\pi$ सेमी^{3}
	$\frac{256}{3}\pi$ cm^3 $\frac{256}{3}\pi$ सेमी ^{3}
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A hemispherical dome covers a circular area of diameter 20 m. What is the approximate curved surface area of this dome? एक अर्धगोलाकार गुंबद 20 मीटर व्यास के एक वृत्ताकार क्षेत्र को कवर करता है। इस गुंबद का अनुमानित वक्र पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	$628m^2$ 628मीटर^2

	$514m^2$ 514मीटर^2 $408m^2$ 408मीटर^2 $762m^2$ 762मीटर^2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 64	A hollow hemisphere has uniform thickness. Its inner radius is r, and outer radius is R. If R=2r, find the ratio of outer to inner curved surface areas. एक खोखले अर्धगोले की मोटाई एक समान है। इसकी आंतरिक त्रिज्या r है, और बाहरी त्रिज्या R है। यदि R=2r है, तो बाहरी और आंतरिक वक्र पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफलों का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	4 : 1 4 : 1
	7:4 7:4
	6:5 6:5
	2:5 2:5
Not Answered	

Q.No: 65	A square pyramid has lateral surface area equal to twice the base area. If base side = 6 cm, find slant height. एक वर्गाकार पिरामिड का पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल आधार के क्षेत्रफल के दोगुने के बराबर है। यदि आधार भुजा = 6 सेमी है, तो तिर्यक ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।
	6 cm 6 सेमी

	5 cm 5 सेमी 4 cm 4 सेमी
	2 cm 2 सेमी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 66	A circular garden has a diameter of 28 m. If a gardener wants to fence 75% of the garden's circumference, what length of fencing is needed? (Use π= 22/7) एक गोलाकार बगीचे का व्यास 28 मीटर है। यदि कोई माली बगीचे की परिधि के 75% हिस्से पर बाड़ लगाना चाहता है, तो कितनी लंबाई की बाड़ की आवश्यकता होगी? (π= 22/7 का प्रयोग करें)
	56 m 56 मीटर
	66 m 66 मीटर
	64 m 64 मीटर
	62 m 62 मीटर

Q.No: 67	In an equilateral triangle with side length 'a', what is the ratio of the circumradius to the inradius? भुजा की लंबाई 'a' वाले एक समबाहु त्रिभुज में, परित्रिज्या और अन्तःत्रिज्या का अनुपात क्या है?
	2:1 2:1
	3:1

	3:1
	4:1 4:1 1:2 1:2

Q.No: 68	A triangle ABC is inscribed in a circle. A tangent is drawn to the circle at point A, intersecting the extension of side BC at D. If AD=6 cm and CD=4 cm, what is the length of side BC? एक वृत्त के अंतर्गत एक त्रिभुज ABC अंकित है। वृत्त पर बिंदु A पर एक स्पर्श रेखा खींची गई है जो भुजा BC के विस्तार को D पर प्रतिच्छेद करती है। यदि AD=6 सेमी और CD=4 सेमी है, तो भुजा BC की लंबाई क्या है?
	5 cm 5 सेमी
	6 cm 6 सेमी
	7 cm 7सेमी
	8 cm 8सेमी

Q.No: 69	In a trapezoid ABCD with AB parallel to CD, the diagonals AC and BD intersect at E. What is the ratio of the area of △ABE to the area of △CDE? एक समलम्ब चतुर्भुज ABCD में AB, CD के समान्तर है, विकर्ण AC और BD एक दूसरे को E पर प्रतिच्छेद करते हैं। △ABE के क्षेत्रफल का △CDE के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	The ratio of AB to CD squared. AB से CD का वर्गानुपात।
	The ratio of AB to CD.

	AB से CD का अनुपात.
	The ratio of the perimeter of △ABE to the perimeter of △CDE. △ABE के परिमाप का △CDE के परिमाप से अनुपात। The ratio of the area of △ABC to the area of △BCD. △ABC के क्षेत्रफल का △BCD के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात।

Q.No: 70	A circle with radius x touches another circle with radius $2x$ externally. What is the length of a direct common tangent? त्रिज्या वाला एक वृत्त x त्रिज्या वाले दूसरे वृत्त को $2x$ बाह्य रूप से स्पर्श करता है। एक सीधी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई क्या है?
	$2x$ $2x$
	$3x$ $3x$
	$2x\sqrt{2}$ $2x\sqrt{2}$
	$3x\sqrt{2}$ $3x\sqrt{2}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 71	Two circles with radii 6 cm and 2 cm have their centers 10 cm apart. How many common tangents can be drawn between them, and what type(s) of tangents are they? 6 सेमी और 2 सेमी त्रिज्याओं वाले दो वृत्तों के केंद्र 10 सेमी दूर हैं। उनके बीच कितनी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखाएँ खींची जा सकती हैं, और वे किस प्रकार की स्पर्श रेखाएँ हैं?
	4 tangents: 2 direct and 2 transverse 4 स्पर्शरेखाएँ: 2 प्रत्यक्ष और 2 अनुप्रस्थ
	3 tangents: 2 direct and 1 transverse 3 स्पर्शरेखाएँ: 2 प्रत्यक्ष और 1 अनुप्रस्थ

	2 tangents: only direct tangents 2 स्पर्शरेखाएँ: केवल प्रत्यक्ष स्पर्शरेखाएँ
	0 tangents: the larger circle completely contains the smaller one 0 स्पर्शरेखाएँ: बड़ा वृत्त छोटे वृत्त को पूरी तरह से समाहित करता है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 72	Two chords AB and CD intersect at a point P inside a circle. If AP = 6 cm, PB = 8 cm, and CP = 4 cm, what is the length of PD? दो जीवाएँ AB और CD एक वृत्त के अन्दर बिंदु P पर प्रतिच्छेद करती हैं। यदि AP = 6 सेमी, PB = 8 सेमी और CP = 4 सेमी है, तो PD की लंबाई क्या है?
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	16 cm 16 सेमी
	18 cm 18 सेमी

Q.No: 73	In a circle, a chord AB is 12 cm long and is at a distance of 4 cm from the center. What is the radius of the circle? एक वृत्त में, एक जीवा AB 12 सेमी लंबी है और केंद्र से 4 सेमी की दूरी पर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	√52 cm √52 सेमी
	√65 cm √65 सेमी
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	None of these

	इनमें से कोई नहीं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 74	What is the value of $(0.02^3 + 0.004^3) \div (0.2^3 + 0.04^3)$? $(0.02^3 + 0.004^3) \div (0.2^3 + 0.04^3)$ का मान क्या है?
	0.002 0.002
	0.0045 0.0045
	0.0102 0.0102
	0.001 0.001
Not Answered	

Q.No: 75	What is the value of $(0.4\times0.4\times0.4 + 0.02\times0.02\times0.02) \div (1.2\times1.2\times1.2 + 0.06\times0.06\times0.06)$? $(0.4\times0.4\times0.4 + 0.02\times0.02\times0.02) \div (1.2\times1.2\times1.2 + 0.06\times0.06\times0.06)$ का मान क्या है?
	$\frac{1}{27}$ $\frac{1}{27}$
	$\frac{5}{27}$ $\frac{5}{27}$
	$\frac{11}{67}$ $\frac{11}{67}$
	$\frac{41}{27}$

	$\frac{41}{27}$
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **17 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	: **)**

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **HAPHAZARD**
	Organized

	Intentional
	Random
	Planned

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Reverence**
	Respect
	Devotion
	Contempt
	Worship

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Not fit to hold a candle to**
	Excellent in comparison
	Similar in ability
	Greatly inferior to
	Superior to in some aspects

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Incandescent**
	Dusky
	Resplendent

	Glistening
	Fulgent
Not Answered	

Q.No: 80	Spot the **correct spelling** of a lab toxicity assay term.
	Cytotoxisity
	Cytotoxicity
	Cytotoxicety
	Cytotoxcity

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who is indifferent to pain or pleasure'.
	Apathetic
	Stoic
	Ascetic
	Hedonist

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'One who pretends to have knowledge or skills'.
	Savante
	Charlatan
	Virtuoso

	Connoisseur

Not Answered

Q.No: 83	**Select the correct phrasal verb:** We need to _____ the old files before moving the new ones.
	clean out
	clear off
	wipe over
	go over

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** In light of recent discoveries, the theory has been subject to rigorous ___ and reinterpretation.
	scrutiny
	sanction
	insinuation
	subversion

Not Answered

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Much efforts have been made (1)/ by the development team (2)/ to reduce the application's loading time (3)/ without compromising features. (4)/
	(1)

	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** The professor could have been explaining differential topology for hours.
	Differential topology could have be being explained for hours by the professor.
	Differential topology could have explained for hours by the professor.
	Differential topology could have been being explained for hours by the professor.
	Differential topology could have had been been explained for hours by the professor.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Rarely if ever have there been a time (1)/ when dissent was met (2)/ with such institutional disregard (3)/ as in the present administration. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The ancient **sconce** held a flickering torch along the corridor.
	The thief smashed the wall sconce and fled.
	The student was sconced for violating tradition.
	The bronze sconce was engraved with floral motifs.
	The hallway featured a new LED sconce.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The documents had been submitted by the assistant before the deadline.
	The assistant submits the documents before the deadline.
	The assistant had submitted the documents before the deadline.
	The assistant was submitting the documents before the deadline.
	The assistant is submitting the documents before the deadline.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She ***is senior than*** me in college.
	is more senior than
	is senior from
	is elder than
	is senior to

Q.No: 91	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He did not know ***where was the book kept.***
	where the book was kept
	where was the book
	where did the book kept
	where the book has kept

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionized access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational. According to the passage, what is the main paradox of financial inclusion in rural India?
	Lack of infrastructure

	Overreliance on technology
	Access without actual usage
	Excess of digital banking

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionized access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational. Why do informal credit systems persist despite formal financial inclusion efforts?
	Due to strict documentation
	Trust and familiarity of local lenders
	Higher interest rates attract borrowers
	Government incentives are unavailable

Not Answered

Q.No: 94 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionized access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational.

Which factor does **not** contribute to dormant rural bank accounts, as per the passage?

Patriarchal social norms

Digital illiteracy

Mobile network expansion

Lack of financial literacy

Not Answered

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionized access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational. What assumption does the author **criticize** regarding digital financial systems?
	Mobile payments are fast
	Biometrics ensure security
	OTPs can replace financial education
	Rural people distrust technology
Not Answered	

Q.No: 96	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionized access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational. What is implied about women's financial inclusion in rural India?
	They benefit more from informal lenders
	Lack of Aadhaar is the main barrier
	Cultural factors hinder their financial agency
	They lead financial decisions at home
Not Answered	

Q.No: 97	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** The composer explained that, were the leitmotif transposed an octave higher, the tension might dissipate prematurely.
	The composer said, "If the leitmotif was transposed an octave higher, the tension will dissipate prematurely."

	The composer said, "Were the leitmotif transposed an octave higher, the tension might dissipate prematurely."
	The composer said, "The tension will dissipate prematurely if the leitmotif had been transposed an octave higher."
	The composer said, "Had the leitmotif been transposed an octave higher, the tension must have dissipated prematurely."
Not Answered	

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "I have seen that movie already."
	He said that he saw that movie already.
	He said that he had seen that movie already.
	He said that he have seen that movie already.
	He said that he was seeing that movie already.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. The most prevalent of these is the peer review process, where a manuscript is evaluated by other experts in the same field. 2. The integrity of scientific publications is upheld by a series of rigorous checks and balances. 3. The goal of this process is to validate the methodology, findings, and conclusions of the research before it is made public. 4. This external scrutiny helps to ensure that only high-quality, credible research is disseminated to the scientific community.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	1, 2, 3, 4
	3, 4, 1, 2
	4, 3, 2, 1

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This allows them to navigate and perform tasks with a high degree of precision in various environments, from factory floors to surgical theaters. 2. Robotics is an interdisciplinary field of engineering and computer science that deals with the design, construction, and operation of robots. 3. The core of a modern robot is its programming, which utilizes sophisticated algorithms and sensors to process information. 4. These machines are designed to assist humans by automating tasks that are either repetitive, hazardous, or require a level of accuracy beyond human capability.
	2, 4, 3, 1
	4, 3, 1, 2 3, 1, 2, 4
	2, 3, 4, 1
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **17 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

MNO, JKL, GHI, DEF, ?

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **MNO, JKL, GHI, DEF, ?**
	ASD ASD
	CGF CGF
	ABC ABC
	JHB JHB

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. 10, Rani Ghat Road,Lucknow,Uttar Pradesh - 226003 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। 10, Rani Ghat Road,Lucknow,Uttar Pradesh - 226003 10, Rani Ghat Road, Lucknow, Delhi - 226003 10, Rani Ghat Road, Lucknow, Delhi - 226003
	10, Rani Ghat Road, Lucknow, Rajasthan - 226003 10, Rani Ghat Road, Lucknow, Rajasthan - 226003
	10, Rani Ghat Road, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh - 226003 10, Rani Ghat Road, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh - 226003
	10, Rani Ghat Road, Lucknow, Bihar - 226003 10, Rani Ghat Road, Lucknow, Bihar - 226003

Q.No: 3	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Villa No. 204, Lake View Estate,Banjara Hills, Hyderabad,Telangana - 500034 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Villa No. 204, Lake View Estate,Banjara Hills, Hyderabad,Telangana - 500034
	Villa No. 204, Lake View Estate, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500034 Villa No. 204, Lake View Estate, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500034
	Villa 204, Lakeview Estate, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500034 Villa 204, Lakeview Estate, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500034
	Villa No. 204, Lake View Estates, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500034 Villa No. 204, Lake View Estates, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500034
	Villa No. 240, Lake View Estate, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500034 Villa No. 240, Lake View Estate, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500034

Q.No: 4	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Problem: Frequent breakdown of ATM machines in remote areas. Course of: Action I. Banks should deploy mobile ATMs in these areas. Action II. Banks should shut down ATMs that face regular issues. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। समस्या: दूरदराज के इलाकों में एटीएम मशीनों का बार-बार खराब होना। कार्यवाही: कार्रवाई I. बैंकों को इन इलाकों में मोबाइल एटीएम तैनात करने चाहिए। कार्रवाई II. बैंकों को उन एटीएम को बंद कर देना चाहिए जिनमें नियमित रूप से समस्याएँ आती हैं।
	Only I follows

	केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both follows दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 5	If 3 @ 2= 7 6 @ 3=21 8 @ 2=22 Then 5@4=? अगर 3 @ 2 = 7 6 @ 3 = 21 8 @ 2 = 22 तो 5 @ 4 =?
	21 21
	15 15
	30 30
	20 20

Q.No: 6	If 'P' denotes 'addition', 'D' denotes 'subtraction', 'S' denotes 'multiplication', and 'V' denotes 'division', then what will be the value of the following expression? (48 V 8 P 25 D 6 S 4 P 3) D (25 V 5 S 3 D 4 S 3) अगर 'P' 'जोड़' को दर्शाता है, 'D' 'घटाव' को दर्शाता है, 'S' 'गुणा' को दर्शाता है, और 'V' 'भाग' को दर्शाता है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या होगा? (48 V 8 P 25 D 6 S 4 P 3) D (25 V 5 S 3 D 4 S 3)
	4 4
	5 5
	6 6
	7 7

Q.No: 7	The given statements are followed by two conclusions. Find out which conclusion is TRUE based on the given statements. Statements: S > T = U, V ≥ W < T, O = S = P, W > Q > R Conclusions: I. T= O II. T > O दिए गए कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथनों के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है। कथन: S > T = U, V ≥ W < T, O = S = P, W > Q > R निष्कर्ष: I. T= O II. T > O
	Only conclusion I is true

	केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है
	Only conclusion II is true केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है
	Both conclusion I and II are true निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों सत्य हैं
	Neither conclusion I nor II is true न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II सत्य है

Q.No: 8	P is the son of Q. Q is the brother of R. R is the son of S. How is P related to S? P, Q का पुत्र है। Q, R का भाई है। R, S का पुत्र है। P का S से क्या संबंध है?
	Son पुत्र
	Nephew भतीजा
	Grandson पोता
	Uncle चाचा

Q.No: 9	Complete the series: **1331, 10648, 35937, 85184, ?** श्रृंखला पूर्ण करें: **1331, 10648, 35937, 85184, ?**
	15478
	15478 189384
	189384

	166375 166375
	136789 136789

Q.No: 10	**Instruction: Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option.** **Statement:** The Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSPs) are non-justiciable in nature, meaning they cannot be enforced by the courts. However, they serve as guidelines for the government to formulate policies that promote social justice, economic welfare, and the overall well-being of the citizens. **Assumptions:** I. The DPSPs serve as instructions to the government to create policies aimed at promoting welfare. II. Since the DPSPs are not enforceable by courts, they have limited significance in real governance. III. The incorporation of DPSPs in the Constitution reflects the importance of social justice and welfare in Indian governance. **निर्देश: कथन के वैध होने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें।** **कथन:** राज्य नीति के निर्देशक सिद्धांत (DPSP) प्रकृति में गैर-न्यायसंगत हैं, जिसका अर्थ है कि उन्हें न्यायालयों द्वारा लागू नहीं किया जा सकता है। हालाँकि, वे सरकार के लिए सामाजिक न्याय, आर्थिक कल्याण और नागरिकों की समग्र भलाई को बढ़ावा देने वाली नीतियाँ बनाने के लिए दिशा-निर्देश के रूप में कार्य करते हैं। **मान्यताएँ:** I. DPSP कल्याण को बढ़ावा देने के उद्देश्य से नीतियाँ बनाने के लिए सरकार को निर्देश के रूप में कार्य करते हैं। II. चूँकि DPSP न्यायालयों द्वारा लागू नहीं किए जा सकते हैं, इसलिए वास्तविक शासन में उनका सीमित महत्व है। III. संविधान में DPSP को शामिल करना भारतीय शासन में सामाजिक न्याय और कल्याण के महत्व को दर्शाता है।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only I and III are implicit केवल I और III निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है।
	All I, II, and III are implicit सभी I, II और III निहित हैं

Q.No: 11	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The government has increased import duty on luxury cars. Conclusions: I. Imported luxury cars will become more expensive. II. Local car manufacturers will stop making budget cars. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सरकार ने लग्ज़री कारों पर आयात शुल्क बढ़ा दिया है। निष्कर्ष: I. आयातित लग्ज़री कारें और महंगी हो जाएँगी। II. स्थानीय कार निर्माता बजट कारें बनाना बंद कर देंगे।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 12	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Attendance in public libraries has increased in recent years. Conclusions: I. People are regaining interest in reading. II. Digital platforms have become less popular.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: हाल के वर्षों में सार्वजनिक पुस्तकालयों में उपस्थिति बढ़ी है। निष्कर्ष: I. लोगों की पढ़ने में रुचि फिर से बढ़ रही है। II. डिजिटल प्लेटफ़ॉर्म कम लोकप्रिय हो गए हैं।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 13	Find the option that best completes the analogy. **AB : IJ :: EF : ?** वह विकल्प ज्ञात कीजिए जो सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करता है। **AB : IJ :: EF : ?**
	MN MN
	OP OP
	QR QR
	KL KL

Q.No: 14	If "PATNA" is written as "ANTAP", how is "RAJASTHAN" written?

	यदि "PATNA" को "ANTAP" लिखा जाता है, तो "RAJASTHAN" को क्या लिखा जाएगा? NAHSTAJAR NAHSTAJAR
	NAHTSAJAR NAHTSAJAR
	NAHTSRAJA NAHTSRAJA NAHTSAJRA NAHTSAJRA

Q.No: 15	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	National Park राष्ट्रीय उद्यान
	Biosphere Reserve जीवमंडल रिज़र्व Sanctuary अभयारण्य
	Census जनगणना

Q.No: 16	What comes next? RST, STU, TUV, UVW, VWX, WXY, XYZ, YZA, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? RST, STU, TUV, UVW, VWX, WXY, XYZ, YZA, ?

	ZAB ZAB
	RST RST
	ABC ABC
	ACD ACD

Q.No: 17	A train 180 m long passes a point in 12 s. Find the speed of the train. 180 मीटर लंबी एक रेलगाड़ी एक बिंदु को 12 सेकंड में पार करती है। रेलगाड़ी की गति ज्ञात कीजिए। 45 km/h 45 किमी/घंटा
	54 km/h 54 किमी/घंटा
	60 km/h 60 किमी/घंटा
	72 km/h 72 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 18	If 4 & 4 = 32 and 5 & 5 = 50, what is 6 & 6? यदि 4 & 4 = 32 और 5 & 5 = 50, तो 6 & 6 क्या है?
	72 72
	64

	64
	84 84 76 76

Q.No: 19	If in a certain code, 'TRUTH' is written as 'UQSVI', how is 'FALSE' written? यदि किसी निश्चित कोड में 'TRUTH' को 'UQSVI' लिखा जाता है, तो 'FALSE' को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	GXMTF GXMTF
	GZJUF GZJUF GPLTF GPLTF
	GQLTF GQLTF

Q.No: 20	If 6 machines complete a task in 10 days, how many days for 15 machines at same rate? यदि 6 मशीनें किसी कार्य को 10 दिनों में पूरा करती हैं, तो उसी दर पर 15 मशीनें कितने दिनों में पूरा करेंगी?
	4 4
	6 6 5 5

	8 8

Q.No: 21	If 8 # 2 = 65 and 7 # 3 = 55, then 6 # 5 = ? यदि 8 # 2 = 65 और 7 # 3 = 55, तो 6 # 5 = ?
	35 35
	44 44
	58 58
	69 69

Q.No: 22	Introducing a woman, Jay said, "She is the daughter of the only child of my grandfather." How is the woman related to Jay? एक महिला का परिचय देते हुए जय ने कहा, "वह मेरे दादाजी की इकलौती संतान की बेटी है।" वह महिला जय से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Aunt चाची
	Sister बहन
	Niece भतीजी
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 23	If '+' means '×', '×' means '−', '−' means '÷', then 10 − 5 + 3 × 2 = ? यदि '+' का अर्थ '×' है, '×' का अर्थ '−' है, '−' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो 10 − 5 + 3 × 2 = ?
	1 1
	2 2
	3 3
	4 4

Q.No: 24	Find the next number in the series:3, 7, 15, 31, 63, ? श्रृंखला में अगला अंक ज्ञात कीजिए: 3, 7, 15, 31, 63, ?
	127 127
	125 125
	126 126
	129 129

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination.25 , 29 , 37 , 53 , 87 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 25, 29, 37, 53, 87
	29

	29
	37 37 53 53
	87 87

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **17 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26 Which of the following statements about Mumbai's architectural heritage **is/are correct?**

1. Victorian Gothic buildings in Mumbai reflect colonial-era architecture with Neo-Gothic elements.
2. Art Deco buildings in Mumbai were part of the 19th-century colonial urban development.
3. The Oval Maidan distinctly separates the Victorian Gothic and Art Deco architectural styles.

	मुंबई की वास्तुकला विरासत के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं? 1. मुंबई में विक्टोरियन गोथिक इमारतें नियो-गोथिक तत्वों के साथ औपनिवेशिक युग की वास्तुकला को दर्शाती हैं। 2. मुंबई में आर्ट डेको इमारतें 19वीं सदी के औपनिवेशिक शहरी विकास का हिस्सा थीं। 3. ओवल मैदान विक्टोरियन गोथिक और आर्ट डेको वास्तुकला शैलियों को अलग करता है।
	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	All 1, 2, and 3 are correct सभी 1, 2, और 3 सही हैं

Q.No: 27	**Fill in the blank:** The hornbill bird, after which the festival is named, symbolizes boldness and _____ in Naga folklore. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** हॉर्नबिल पक्षी, जिसके नाम पर इस त्यौहार का नाम रखा गया है, नागा लोककथाओं में साहस और _____ का प्रतीक है।
	wisdom बुद्धि
	prosperity समृद्धि
	grandeur शान
	peace शांति

Q.No: 28	Which one of the following pairs is **correctly matched** in accordance with Gupta's administration (Officer-Stated Role)? गुप्ता के प्रशासन (अधिकारी-कथित भूमिका) के अनुसार निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म सही सुमेलित है?
	Dhruvadhikaranika -Treasurer ध्रुवाधिकारणिका - कोषाध्यक्ष
	Bhandagaradhikrita-Chief of Police भण्डागराधिकृता-पुलिस प्रमुख
	Talavataka-Village Accountant तलवाटक-ग्राम लेखाकार
	Utkhetayita-Land-Survey Officer उत्खेतायिता-भूमि-सर्वेक्षण अधिकारी

Q.No: 29	Which classical musical treatise, composed in the 13th century CE by Sharangadeva in Maharashtra, is considered a foundational text in Indian musicology? महाराष्ट्र में शारंगदेव द्वारा 13वीं शताब्दी में रचित कौन सा शास्त्रीय संगीत ग्रंथ भारतीय संगीतशास्त्र का आधारभूत ग्रन्थ माना जाता है?
	Natya Shastra नाट्य शास्त्र
	Sangeet Sudha संगीत सुधा
	Sangeet Ratnakara संगीत रत्नाकर
	Abhinaya Darpana अभिनय दर्पण

Q.No: 30	When was the Amateur Athletics Federation of India (AAFI) established? भारतीय एमेच्योर एथलेटिक्स महासंघ (AAFI) की स्थापना कब की गई थी?
	1936

	1936
	1946 1946
	1956 1956
	1966 1966

Q.No: 31	**Fill in the blank:** After defeating the Mughal emperor, _____ declared himself the ruler and founded the Second Afghan Empire. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** मुगल सम्राट को हराने के बाद, _____ ने स्वयं को शासक घोषित किया और दूसरा अफगान साम्राज्य स्थापित किया।
	Humayun हुमायूं
	Sher Shah Suri शेर शाह सूरी
	Bahlul Lodi बहलूल लोदी
	Sikandar Lodi सिकंदर लोदी

Q.No: 32	What was the primary objective of the Ring-Fencing Policy adopted by the British in India during the 18th century? 18वीं शताब्दी के दौरान भारत में अंग्रेजों द्वारा अपनाई गई रिंग-फेंसिंग नीति का प्राथमिक उद्देश्य क्या था?
	To expand British territory by annexing Indian states भारतीय राज्यों पर कब्ज़ा करके ब्रिटिश क्षेत्र का विस्तार करना

	To economically exploit coastal trading companies तटीय व्यापारिक कम्पनियों का आर्थिक शोषण करना
	To create buffer states to defend British territories ब्रिटिश क्षेत्रों की रक्षा के लिए बफर राज्यों का निर्माण करना
	To impose direct rule over all princely territories सभी रियासतों पर प्रत्यक्ष शासन लागू करना

Q.No: 33	Which of the following statements about India's boxing medals at the 2000 Sydney Olympics is **correct?** 2000 सिडनी ओलंपिक में भारत के मुक्केबाजी पदकों के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	India did not win any boxing medals at Sydney 2000. भारत ने सिडनी 2000 में मुक्केबाजी में कोई पदक नहीं जीता।
	India won multiple boxing medals at Sydney 2000. भारत ने सिडनी 2000 में मुक्केबाजी में कई पदक जीते। Karnam Malleswari won a boxing bronze medal at Sydney 2000. कर्णम मल्लेश्वरी ने सिडनी 2000 में मुक्केबाजी में कांस्य पदक जीता।
	India won its first Olympic boxing medal at Sydney 2000. भारत ने अपना पहला ओलंपिक मुक्केबाजी पदक सिडनी 2000 में जीता।

Q.No: 34	What was the strategic focus of the 10th India–Sri Lanka Mitra Shakti exercise in August 2024? अगस्त 2024 में 10वें भारत-श्रीलंका मित्र शक्ति अभ्यास का रणनीतिक फोकस क्या था?
	Maritime piracy response and naval drills समुद्री डकैती प्रतिक्रिया और नौसैनिक अभ्यास
	NATO-style warfare in desert terrain रेगिस्तानी इलाके में नाटो शैली का युद्ध
	Joint counter-insurgency in semi-urban zones under UN mandate

	संयुक्त राष्ट्र अधिदेश के तहत अर्ध-शहरी क्षेत्रों में संयुक्त उग्रवाद-विरोधी अभियान
	Cyber defence and digital warfare simulations साइबर रक्षा और डिजिटल युद्ध सिमुलेशन

Q.No: 35	Who authored 'The White Tiger', winner of the 2008 Man Booker Prize? 2008 मैन बुकर पुरस्कार विजेता 'द व्हाइट टाइगर' के लेखक कौन हैं?
	Aravind Adiga अरविंद अडिगा
	Rohinton Mistry रोहिंटन मिस्त्री
	Arundhati Roy अरुंधति रॉय Vikram Seth विक्रम सेठ

Q.No: 36	**Fill in the blanks:** The Indian Olympic Association (IOA) was officially formed in _____, with Sir Dorabji Tata as its founding President and Dr. A.G. Noehren as Secretary. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** भारतीय ओलंपिक संघ (IOA) का आधिकारिक गठन _____ में हुआ था, जिसके संस्थापक अध्यक्ष सर दोराबजी टाटा और सचिव डॉ. ए.जी. नोहरेन थे।
	1920 1920 1922 1922
	1930 1930

	1927 1927

Q.No: 37	**Which of the following statements regarding the 56th National Kho Kho Championship 2023–24 is/are correct?** 1.) Maharashtra won both the men's and women's titles, becoming overall champions. 2.) The championship matches were held at Delhi's Indira Gandhi Indoor Stadium and Karnail Singh Stadium. **56वीं राष्ट्रीय खो-खो चैंपियनशिप 2023-24 के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?** 1.) महाराष्ट्र ने पुरुष और महिला दोनों वर्ग के खिताब जीते और समग्र चैंपियन बना। 2.) चैंपियनशिप के मैच दिल्ली के इंदिरा गांधी इंडोर स्टेडियम और करनैल सिंह स्टेडियम में आयोजित किए गए।
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Q.No: 38	By which Constitutional Amendment was education transferred to the Concurrent List? किस संविधान संशोधन द्वारा शिक्षा को समवर्ती सूची में स्थानांतरित किया गया?
	42nd 42 वें
	24th 24 वें
	44th 44 वें

	61st 61 वें

Q.No: 39	Read the below statements about transpiration: 1. Transpiration is highest in dry and windy conditions. 2. It helps in the ascent of sap through cohesion-tension. 3. Transpiration always results in wilting. Which of the above statements are **correct**? वाष्पोत्सर्जन के बारे में नीचे दिए गए कथनों को पढ़ें: 1. शुष्क और हवादार परिस्थितियों में वाष्पोत्सर्जन सबसे अधिक होता है। 2. यह संसंजन-तनाव के माध्यम से रस के ऊपर चढ़ने में मदद करता है। 3. वाष्पोत्सर्जन के परिणामस्वरूप हमेशा मुरझाना होता है। उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन **सही हैं?**
	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 are correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Q.No: 40	Which major constitutional feature was first introduced by the Government of India Act, 1935 and later adopted in the Indian Constitution? कौन सी प्रमुख संवैधानिक विशेषता सर्वप्रथम भारत सरकार अधिनियम, 1935 द्वारा प्रस्तुत की गई तथा बाद में भारतीय संविधान में अपनाई गई?
	Fundamental Duties मौलिक कर्तव्य
	Federal structure with Provincial Autonomy

	प्रांतीय स्वायत्तता के साथ संघीय संरचना
	Parliamentary Sovereignty संसदीय संप्रभुता Universal Adult Franchise सार्वभौमिक वयस्क मताधिकार

Q.No: 41	**Fill in the Blank:** Tippani dance uses _____ tools to pound the floor. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** **टिप्पानी नृत्य में फर्श पर प्रहार करने के लिए _____ उपकरणों का उपयोग किया जाता है।**
	Metal rods धातु की छड़ें
	Wooden sticks लकड़ी की छड़ें
	Bamboo poles बांस के खंभे
	Stones पत्थर

Q.No: 42	Which Swiss-based business school is known for publishing the annual World Competitiveness Index? कौन सा स्विस-आधारित बिजनेस स्कूल वार्षिक विश्व प्रतिस्पर्धात्मकता सूचकांक प्रकाशित करने के लिए जाना जाता है?
	University of Geneva School जिनेवा विश्वविद्यालय स्कूल
	IMD Business School आईएमडी बिजनेस स्कूल

	ETH Zurich Institute ETH ज्यूरिख संस्थान University of St. Gallen सेंट गैलन विश्वविद्यालय

Q.No: 43	If the price of a product goes up by 10% and, as a result, the quantity demanded falls by 20%, how would you classify the demand? यदि किसी उत्पाद की कीमत 10% बढ़ जाती है और परिणामस्वरूप, मात्रा की मांग 20% कम हो जाती है, तो आप मांग को कैसे वर्गीकृत करेंगे?
	Demand is elastic (elasticity greater than 1) मांग लोचदार है (लोच 1 से अधिक)
	Demand is inelastic (elasticity less than 1) मांग बेलोचदार है (लोच 1 से कम)
	Demand is unitary elastic (elasticity equals 1) मांग एकात्मक लोचदार है (लोच 1 के बराबर है)
	Demand is perfectly elastic (elasticity is infinite) मांग पूर्णतः लोचदार है (लोच अनंत है)

Q.No: 44	The Mahalanobis Model was used in which plan? महालनोबिस मॉडल का प्रयोग किस योजना में किया गया था?
	First पहला
	Second दूसरा
	Fourth चौथी
	Fifth

	पांचवां

Q.No: 45	Which of the following initiatives launched in 2025 aims to combine mangrove regeneration with rural employment under the MGNREGS platform? 2025 में शुरू की गई निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी पहल का उद्देश्य एमजीएनआरईजीएस प्लेटफॉर्म के तहत ग्रामीण रोजगार के साथ मैंग्रोव पुनर्जनन को जोड़ना है?
	Mission Mangrove Mitra मिशन मैंग्रोव मित्र
	Sagar Suraksha Yojana सागर सुरक्षा योजना EcoJobs for Coasts तटों के लिए इकोजॉब्स
	Blue Belt Programme ब्लू बेल्ट कार्यक्रम

Q.No: 46	The BOP crisis of 1991 involved a shortage of? 1991 के बीओपी संकट में किसकी कमी शामिल थी?
	Water पानी Electricity बिजली
	Foreign exchange विदेशी मुद्रा
	Labour श्रम

Q.No: 47	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). **Assertion (A):** India had to approach the IMF and World Bank in 1991 for a bailout loan. **Reason (R):** Foreign exchange reserves had declined to the point that they could barely finance two weeks of imports. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के संबंध में सही विकल्प चुनें। अभिकथन (A): भारत को 1991 में बेलआउट ऋण के लिए IMF और विश्व बैंक से संपर्क करना पड़ा। कारण (R): विदेशी मुद्रा भंडार इस हद तक कम हो गया था कि वे मुश्किल से दो सप्ताह के आयात का वित्तपोषण कर सकते थे।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A is true but R is false. A is false but R is true. A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 48	What makes Chhau a syncretic Indian dance form? छऊ नृत्य को एक समन्वयात्मक भारतीय नृत्य रूप क्यों माना जाता है?
	It uses Sanskrit-only chants in temple rituals यह मंदिर के अनुष्ठानों में केवल संस्कृत मंत्रों का उपयोग करता है
	It merges tribal, folk, and classical Hindu elements इसमें आदिवासी, लोक और शास्त्रीय हिंदू तत्वों का सम्मिश्रण है
	It evolved purely from Vaishnav temple dance यह विशुद्ध रूप से वैष्णव मंदिर नृत्य से विकसित हुआ
	It prohibits all forms of theatrical expression यह सभी प्रकार की नाटकीय अभिव्यक्ति पर प्रतिबंध लगाता है

Q.No: 49	**Arrange the following judicial events chronologically:** 1. Berubari Union case 2. Kesavananda Bharati case 3. S.R. Bommai case **निम्नलिखित न्यायिक घटनाओं को कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित कीजिए:** 1. बेरुबारी यूनियन मामला 2. केशवानंद भारती मामला 3. एस.आर. बोम्मई मामला
	1-2-3 1-2-3
	3-2-1 3-2-1
	2-1-3 2-1-3
	3-1-2 3-1-2

Q.No: 50	Which of the following is NOT a consequence of space weather events like solar flares and CMEs? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सौर ज्वालाओं और सीएमई जैसी अंतरिक्ष मौसम की घटनाओं का परिणाम नहीं है?
	Disruption of satellite communication उपग्रह संचार में व्यवधान
	Blackouts in radio frequencies रेडियो आवृत्तियों में ब्लैकआउट
	Alteration of ocean currents समुद्री धाराओं में परिवर्तन
	Damage to power grids बिजली ग्रिड को नुकसान

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	A gardener organizes plants into rows to create a square formation but discovers that 15 plants are not included. If the total number of plants is 3984, then what is the number of plants in each row?

	एक माली पौधों को पंक्तियों में व्यवस्थित करके एक वर्गाकार संरचना बनाता है, लेकिन पाता है कि 15 पौधे इसमें शामिल नहीं हैं। यदि पौधों की कुल संख्या 3984 है, तो प्रत्येक पंक्ति में पौधों की संख्या क्या है?
	43 43
	45 45
	63 63
	65 65

Q.No: 52	If A is 25% more than B, and B is 20% more than C, then what is A : C? यदि A, B से 25% अधिक है, और B, C से 20% अधिक है, तो A : C क्या है?
	3 : 2 3 : 2
	2 : 3 2 : 3
	5 : 4 5 : 4
	6 : 5 6 : 5

Q.No: 53	Evaluate $\sqrt{12+\sqrt{12+\sqrt{12+\cdots}}}$ मूल्यांकन करें $\sqrt{12+\sqrt{12+\sqrt{12+\cdots}}}$

	5 5
	4 4
	6 6
	2 2

Q.No: 54	The cost price of an article is ₹500. A shopkeeper sells it at a discount of 20% on the marked price. If the marked price is ₹600, what is the shopkeeper's profit or loss percentage? एक वस्तु का क्रय मूल्य ₹500 है। एक दुकानदार इसे अंकित मूल्य पर 20% की छूट पर बेचता है। यदि अंकित मूल्य ₹600 है, तो दुकानदार का लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	5% Profit 5% लाभ
	4% Loss 4% हानि
	8% Profit 8% लाभ
	10% Loss 10% हानि

Q.No: 55	Pipes A and B can fill a tank in 20 minutes and 30 minutes, respectively. Meanwhile, a drainpipe C can empty the tank in 60 minutes. If all three pipes are opened simultaneously, how long will it take to fill the tank? पाइप A और B एक टैंक को क्रमश: 20 मिनट और 30 मिनट में भर सकते हैं। इस बीच, एक ड्रेनपाइप C टैंक को 60 मिनट में खाली कर सकता है। यदि तीनों पाइप एक साथ खोले जाते हैं, तो टैंक को भरने में कितना समय लगेगा?
	15 min

15 मिनट

20 min

20 मिनट

25 min

25 मिनट

10 min

10 मिनट

Q.No: 56 Given $x + y + z = 0$, and $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = 3xyz$, evaluate $(x - y)^3 + (y - z)^3 + (z - x)^3$.

दिया गया है $x + y + z = 0$, और $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = 3xyz$, $(x - y)^3 + (y - z)^3 + (z - x)^3$ का मूल्यांकन करें।

0

0

$9(x - y)(y - z)(z - x)$

$9(x - y)(y - z)(z - x)$

$27xyz$

$27xyz$

$3(x - y)(y - z)(z - x)$

$3(x - y)(y - z)(z - x)$

Q.No: 57 A sum of ₹5000 is lent out in two parts, one at 6% simple interest and the other at 9% simple interest. If the annual interest is ₹390, the sum lent at 6% is:

₹5000 की राशि दो भागों में उधार दी जाती है, एक 6% साधारण ब्याज पर और दूसरा 9% साधारण ब्याज पर। यदि वार्षिक ब्याज ₹390 है, तो 6% पर उधार दी गई राशि है:

₹2000

₹2000

	₹2500 ₹2500 ₹3000 ₹3000
	₹3500 ₹3500

Q.No: 58	A man has ₹15,000. He lends a part of it to X for 3 years at 10% simple interest and the remaining to Y for 3 years at 12% simple interest. If the total interest received from both X and Y after 3 years is ₹4,950, find the amount lent to X. एक आदमी के पास ₹15,000 हैं। वह इसका एक हिस्सा X को 3 साल के लिए 10% साधारण ब्याज पर और बाकी हिस्सा Y को 3 साल के लिए 12% साधारण ब्याज पर उधार देता है। यदि 3 साल बाद X और Y दोनों से प्राप्त कुल ब्याज ₹4,950 है, तो X को उधार दी गई राशि ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹7,000 ₹7,000
	₹7,500 ₹7,500
	₹8,000 ₹8,000 ₹8,500 ₹8,500

Q.No: 59	A taut wire supports a vertical pole. The wire is fixed to the ground 10 meters away from the base of the pole and makes an angle of 60° with the ground. What is the length of the wire? एक तना हुआ तार एक ऊर्ध्वाधर खंभे को सहारा देता है। तार खंभे के आधार से 10 मीटर दूर जमीन पर टिका हुआ है और जमीन के साथ 60° का कोण बनाता है। तार की लंबाई क्या है?
	10 m 10 मीटर

	$10\sqrt{3}$ m $10\sqrt{3}$ मीटर
	20 m 20 मीटर
	$20\sqrt{3}$ m $20\sqrt{3}$ मीटर

Q.No: 60	A cone and a sphere have equal volumes. If the cone's height is twice its radius, what is the ratio of the cone's radius to the sphere's radius? एक शंकु और एक गोले का आयतन बराबर है। यदि शंकु की ऊंचाई उसकी त्रिज्या से दोगुनी है, तो शंकु की त्रिज्या और गोले की त्रिज्या का अनुपात क्या है?
	$\sqrt[3]{2} : 1$ $\sqrt[3]{2} : 1$
	$\sqrt[3]{4} : 1$ $\sqrt[3]{4} : 1$
	$\sqrt[3]{6} : 1$ $\sqrt[3]{6} : 1$
	$\sqrt[3]{9} : 1$ $\sqrt[3]{9} : 1$

Q.No: 61	A hemisphere and cylinder of equal radii have equal total surface areas. Find the ratio of cylinder height to radius. समान त्रिज्या वाले एक अर्धगोले और बेलन का कुल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल समान है। बेलन की ऊँचाई और त्रिज्या का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1:2 1:2
	7:4

	7:4
	6:5 6:5 2:5 2:5

Q.No: 62	A large cubical cake needs to be cut into 64 smaller, identical cubical pieces. What is the minimum number of straight cuts required? एक बड़े घनाकार केक को 64 छोटे, एक जैसे घनाकार टुकड़ों में काटना है। सीधे कटों की न्यूनतम संख्या कितनी होनी चाहिए?
	8 8
	9 9
	16 16
	63 63

Q.No: 63	The radius of a cone is raised by 20%, while the height is reduced by 10%. What is the percentage change in the volume of the cone? एक शंकु की त्रिज्या 20% बढ़ा दी जाती है, जबकि ऊँचाई 10% कम कर दी जाती है। शंकु के आयतन में प्रतिशत परिवर्तन क्या है?
	27.4% decrease 27.4% की कमी
	29.6% increase 29.6% की वृद्धि
	4.8% increase 4.8% की वृद्धि

	5.2% increase 5.2% की वृद्धि

Q.No: 64	If $sinA = \frac{3}{5}$ and A lies in the second quadrant, find the value of $(sinA + cosA)^2$. $sinA = \frac{3}{5}$ और A दूसरे चतुर्थांश में स्थित है, का मान ज्ञात कीजिए$(sinA + cosA)^2$.
	0 0
	1 1
	$\frac{1}{25}$ $\frac{1}{25}$
	$\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{5}$

Q.No: 65	If$\sin A = \frac{m}{n}$, then what is the value of $(1 + \tan^2 A)$? यदि $\sin A = \frac{m}{n}$, तो $(1 + \tan^2 A)$ का मान क्या है?
	$\frac{n^2}{n^2-m^2}$ $\frac{n^2}{n^2-m^2}$ $\frac{2n^2}{n^2-m^2}$ $\frac{2n^2}{n^2-m^2}$
	$\frac{n^2}{2(n^2-m^2)}$

	$\frac{n^2}{2(n^2-m^2)}$
	$\frac{5n^2}{n^2-m^2}$ $\frac{5n^2}{n^2-m^2}$

Q.No: 66	What is the slope of the line passing through points (2,3) and (4,7)? बिन्दु (2,3) और (4,7) से गुजरने वाली रेखा का ढलान क्या है?
	2 2
	3 3 5 5
	4 4

Q.No: 67	A sector has a central angle of 180∘ and a radius of 12 cm. Another sector has a central angle of π/2 radians and the same radius. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector? एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 180° और त्रिज्या 12 सेमी है। दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण π/2 रेडियन है और त्रिज्या भी उतनी ही है। पहले त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	1:2 1:2
	2:1 2:1 3:1

	3:1
	1:3 1:3

Q.No: 68	What is the total measure of all interior angles in a ten-sided polygon? दस भुजाओं वाले बहुभुज में सभी आंतरिक कोणों का कुल माप क्या है?
	540° 540°
	1440° 1440°
	720° 720°
	900° 900°

Q.No: 69	What is the equation of the perpendicular bisector of the line segment connecting the points (2, 8) and (6, 4)? बिन्दुओं (2, 8) और (6, 4) को जोड़ने वाले रेखाखंड के लंबवत द्विभाजक का समीकरण क्या है?
	y=−x−10 y=−x−10
	y=x−2 y=x−2
	y=−x+10 y=−x+10
	y=x+2 y=x+2

Q.No: 70	The ratios of the perimeters of two similar triangles are expressed as of 3 : 5. Together, their areas total 34 cm^2. What is the area of the larger triangle? दो समरूप त्रिभुजों के परिमापों का अनुपात 3 : 5 है। इनका कुल क्षेत्रफल 34 वर्ग सेमी है। बड़े त्रिभुज का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	9 cm^2 9 सेमी^{2}
	15 cm^2 15 सेमी^{2}
	25 cm^2 25 सेमी^{2}
	35 cm^2 35 सेमी^{2}

Q.No: 71	$19^3 + 20^3 - 39^3 + 118$ is equal to: $19^3 + 20^3 - 39^3 + 118$ बराबर है:
	-44342 -44342
	-6789 -6789
	0 0 1 1

Q.No: 72	If $\cot A = x + \frac{1}{x}$, find $cosec^2 A$.

	यदि $\cot A = x + \frac{1}{x}$, तो $cosec^2 A$ ज्ञात कीजिए. $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 1$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 1$
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 2$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 2$
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 3$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 3$
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 4$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 4$

Q.No: 73	A tangent line PA is drawn from an external point P to a circle. If the radius is 8 cm and the distance from P to the center is 17 cm, what is the length of the tangent PA? एक बाह्य बिंदु P से एक वृत्त पर एक स्पर्श रेखा PA खींची गई है। यदि त्रिज्या 8 सेमी है और P से केंद्र की दूरी 17 सेमी है, तो स्पर्श रेखा PA की लंबाई क्या है? 9 cm 9सेमी
	15 cm 15 सेमी
	25 cm 25सेमी 28 cm 28 सेमी

Q.No: 74	When two tangents, PA and PB, are drawn to a circle from a point P outside the circle, and the angle between them is 90°,what is the distance from P to the center (O) of the circle, if the radius is 5 cm? जब दो स्पर्श रेखाएं PA और PB, वृत्त के बाहर एक बिंदु P से वृत्त पर खींची जाती हैं, और उनके बीच का कोण 90° है, तो P से वृत्त के केंद्र (O) की दूरी क्या है, यदि त्रिज्या 5 सेमी है?
	$5\,cm$ 5 सेमी
	$5\sqrt{2}\,cm$ $5\sqrt{2}$ सेमी
	$10\,cm$ 10 सेमी
	$5\sqrt{3}\,cm$ $5\sqrt{3}$ सेमी

Q.No: 75	Multiply 0.45 by 0.6 and express the result as a decimal. 0.45 को 0.6 से गुणा करें और परिणाम को दशमलव के रूप में व्यक्त करें। 0.86 0.86
	0.27 0.27
	0.76 0.76 0.54 0.54

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **REBELLIOUS**
	Submissive

	Obedient
	Disobedient
	Agreeable

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **EULOGY**
	Tribute
	Criticism
	Insult
	Condemnation

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Turpitude**
	Depravity
	Vice
	Morality
	Sin

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **To cry stinking fish**
	Boasting excessively
	Ridiculing others

	Taking pride silently
	Undervaluing one's own worth or effort

Q.No: 80	Which is the **correct spelling** for 'a statement of beliefs'?
	Creed
	Creade
	Crid
	Credd

Q.No: 81	Find the **correctly spelled** word meaning having a harmful effect.
	Deleterious
	Deliterious
	Deleterous
	Deletrious

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who opposes war or use of violence'.
	Pacifist
	Terrorist
	Militant
	Revolutionary

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A belief or opinion that goes against the established doctrine, especially in religion or ideology'.
	Sedition
	Heresy
	Blasphemy
	Schism

Q.No: 84	**Fill in the blank with the correct inversion structure:** No sooner had he entered the room _____ the fire alarm went off.
	when
	than
	but
	and then

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The training program was designed (1)/ to make the employees capable to handle (2)/ complex queries efficiently (3)/ in customer support operations. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)

	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** The nurse will give you the injection.
	You will be given the injection by the nurse.
	You are given the injection by the nurse.
	You will have been given the injection by the nurse.
	You were being given the injection by the nurse.

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** It was not until the second report (1)/ was leaked to the press (2)/ did the ministry issue (3)/ a formal clarification. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The monk meditated beneath the ancient **corbel** protruding from the chapel wall.
	The corbel cracked under the weight of the vaulted stone.
	The corbel was adorned with grotesques typical of Gothic style.

	The scholar explained the political corbel in Machiavellian strategy.
	The mason restored the damaged stone corbel last year.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The audience was made to believe that the product was revolutionary.
	The presenter made the audience believe the product was revolutionary.
	The audience believed the product to be revolutionary.
	The audience was forced to believe in the product.
	The presenter convinced the audience of the product's use.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He ***took pain*** to finish the task on time.
	had pain
	took pains
	gave pain
	took the pain

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Language has rarely been a neutral vehicle of communication; in colonial India, it functioned as an instrument of control, ideology, and identity. The British administration, while ostensibly engaged in civilizing and educating the colonized, meticulously manipulated linguistic hierarchies to entrench authority. English, elevated to the status of official and judicial language, was not merely a tool of governance—it became a symbol of intellectual legitimacy and social mobility. Indigenous languages, by contrast, were systematically subordinated, fragmented, and recast as vernaculars—a term that subtly suggested parochialism and inferiority. The imposition of English education through Macaulay's Minute of 1835 was more than a curricular reform; it was a calculated cultural intervention. The production of a class of Indians who were, in Macaulay's words, "Indian in blood and color, but English in taste," exemplified a form of linguistic hegemony designed to internalize colonial values. English became the medium through which the colonized were taught to perceive themselves and their traditions through the lens of imperial rationality, often resulting in alienation from indigenous epistemologies. Simultaneously, the colonial state's treatment of regional languages was riddled with contradictions. While British administrators encouraged the codification of Indian languages, such efforts often stripped them of their oral fluidity and cultural nuance. Sanskrit and Persian, once associated with prestige, were gradually marginalized, while languages like Hindi and Urdu became arenas of communal and political contestation—each championed by different religious and regional groups, further entrenching societal divisions. This reshaping of linguistic order served dual purposes: facilitating administrative efficiency and diffusing dissent. A populace divided along linguistic and communal lines was easier to govern. Moreover, fluency in English became a gatekeeping mechanism for bureaucratic inclusion and economic opportunity, thereby embedding inequality into the fabric of colonial modernity. In essence, language under colonial rule was not just about grammar or vocabulary—it was about access, allegiance, and authority. Understanding this interplay offers a lens into how colonial power was sustained not only through coercion but also through cultural engineering. In post-colonial India, the legacies of this linguistic stratification continue to reverberate in educational policy, social mobility, and debates over language and identity. What was the primary role of English in colonial India according to the passage?
	Enhancing regional unity
	Facilitating oral traditions
	Legitimizing colonial ideology and control
	Promoting Indian languages

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Language has rarely been a neutral vehicle of communication; in colonial India, it functioned as an instrument of control, ideology, and identity. The British administration, while ostensibly engaged in civilizing and educating the colonized, meticulously manipulated linguistic hierarchies to entrench authority. English, elevated to the status of official and judicial language, was not merely a tool of governance—it became a symbol of intellectual legitimacy and social mobility. Indigenous languages, by contrast, were systematically subordinated, fragmented, and recast as vernaculars—a term that subtly suggested parochialism and inferiority. The imposition of English education through Macaulay's Minute of 1835 was more than a curricular reform; it was a calculated cultural intervention. The production of a class of Indians who were, in Macaulay's words, "Indian in blood and color, but English in taste," exemplified a form of linguistic hegemony designed to internalize colonial values. English became the medium through which the colonized were taught to perceive themselves and their traditions through the lens of imperial rationality, often resulting in alienation from indigenous epistemologies. Simultaneously, the colonial state's treatment of regional languages was riddled with contradictions. While British administrators encouraged the codification of Indian languages, such efforts often stripped them of their oral fluidity and cultural nuance. Sanskrit and Persian, once associated with prestige, were gradually marginalized, while languages like Hindi and Urdu became arenas of communal and political contestation—each championed by different religious and regional groups, further entrenching societal divisions. This reshaping of linguistic order served dual purposes: facilitating administrative efficiency and diffusing dissent. A populace divided along linguistic and communal lines was easier to govern. Moreover, fluency in English became a gatekeeping mechanism for bureaucratic inclusion and economic opportunity, thereby embedding inequality into the fabric of colonial modernity. In essence, language under colonial rule was not just about grammar or vocabulary—it was about access, allegiance, and authority. Understanding this interplay offers a lens into how colonial power was sustained not only through coercion but also through cultural engineering. In post-colonial India, the legacies of this linguistic stratification continue to reverberate in educational policy, social mobility, and debates over language and identity. What is implied by calling native languages "vernaculars"?
	They were widely respected
	They were seen as equal to English
	They were considered culturally rich
	They were regarded as inferior or parochial

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Language has rarely been a neutral vehicle of communication; in colonial India, it functioned as an instrument of control, ideology, and identity. The British administration, while ostensibly engaged in civilizing and educating the colonized, meticulously manipulated linguistic hierarchies to entrench authority. English, elevated to the status of official and judicial language, was not merely a tool of governance—it became a symbol of intellectual legitimacy and social mobility. Indigenous languages, by contrast, were systematically subordinated, fragmented, and recast as vernaculars—a term that subtly suggested parochialism and inferiority. The imposition of English education through Macaulay's Minute of 1835 was more than a curricular reform; it was a calculated cultural intervention. The production of a class of Indians who were, in Macaulay's words, "Indian in blood and color, but English in taste," exemplified a form of linguistic hegemony designed to internalize colonial values. English became the medium through which the colonized were taught to perceive themselves and their traditions through the lens of imperial rationality, often resulting in alienation from indigenous epistemologies. Simultaneously, the colonial state's treatment of regional languages was riddled with contradictions. While British administrators encouraged the codification of Indian languages, such efforts often stripped them of their oral fluidity and cultural nuance. Sanskrit and Persian, once associated with prestige, were gradually marginalized, while languages like Hindi and Urdu became arenas of communal and political contestation—each championed by different religious and regional groups, further entrenching societal divisions. This reshaping of linguistic order served dual purposes: facilitating administrative efficiency and diffusing dissent. A populace divided along linguistic and communal lines was easier to govern. Moreover, fluency in English became a gatekeeping mechanism for bureaucratic inclusion and economic opportunity, thereby embedding inequality into the fabric of colonial modernity. In essence, language under colonial rule was not just about grammar or vocabulary—it was about access, allegiance, and authority. Understanding this interplay offers a lens into how colonial power was sustained not only through coercion but also through cultural engineering. In post-colonial India, the legacies of this linguistic stratification continue to reverberate in educational policy, social mobility, and debates over language and identity. According to the passage, why was Macaulay's Minute significant?
	It promoted multilingual education
	It introduced oral language reforms
	It institutionalized English as a tool of cultural dominance
	It strengthened Sanskrit and Persian education

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Language has rarely been a neutral vehicle of communication; in colonial India, it functioned as an instrument of control, ideology, and identity. The British administration, while ostensibly engaged in civilizing and educating the colonized, meticulously manipulated linguistic hierarchies to entrench authority. English, elevated to the status of official and judicial language, was not merely a tool of governance—it became a symbol of intellectual legitimacy and social mobility. Indigenous languages, by contrast, were systematically subordinated, fragmented, and recast as vernaculars—a term that subtly suggested parochialism and inferiority. The imposition of English education through Macaulay's Minute of 1835 was more than a curricular reform; it was a calculated cultural intervention. The production of a class of Indians who were, in Macaulay's words, "Indian in blood and color, but English in taste," exemplified a form of linguistic hegemony designed to internalize colonial values. English became the medium through which the colonized were taught to perceive themselves and their traditions through the lens of imperial rationality, often resulting in alienation from indigenous epistemologies. Simultaneously, the colonial state's treatment of regional languages was riddled with contradictions. While British administrators encouraged the codification of Indian languages, such efforts often stripped them of their oral fluidity and cultural nuance. Sanskrit and Persian, once associated with prestige, were gradually marginalized, while languages like Hindi and Urdu became arenas of communal and political contestation—each championed by different religious and regional groups, further entrenching societal divisions. This reshaping of linguistic order served dual purposes: facilitating administrative efficiency and diffusing dissent. A populace divided along linguistic and communal lines was easier to govern. Moreover, fluency in English became a gatekeeping mechanism for bureaucratic inclusion and economic opportunity, thereby embedding inequality into the fabric of colonial modernity. In essence, language under colonial rule was not just about grammar or vocabulary—it was about access, allegiance, and authority. Understanding this interplay offers a lens into how colonial power was sustained not only through coercion but also through cultural engineering. In post-colonial India, the legacies of this linguistic stratification continue to reverberate in educational policy, social mobility, and debates over language and identity. What contradiction does the passage point out in British treatment of Indian languages?
	English was discouraged for administration
	Persian was elevated over Hindi
	Codification preserved linguistic purity
	Codification ignored oral and cultural nuances

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Language has rarely been a neutral vehicle of communication; in colonial India, it functioned as an instrument of control, ideology, and identity. The British administration, while ostensibly engaged in civilizing and educating the colonized, meticulously manipulated linguistic hierarchies to entrench authority. English, elevated to the status of official and judicial language, was not merely a tool of governance—it became a symbol of intellectual legitimacy and social mobility. Indigenous languages, by contrast, were systematically subordinated, fragmented, and recast as vernaculars—a term that subtly suggested parochialism and inferiority. The imposition of English education through Macaulay's Minute of 1835 was more than a curricular reform; it was a calculated cultural intervention. The production of a class of Indians who were, in Macaulay's words, "Indian in blood and color, but English in taste," exemplified a form of linguistic hegemony designed to internalize colonial values. English became the medium through which the colonized were taught to perceive themselves and their traditions through the lens of imperial rationality, often resulting in alienation from indigenous epistemologies. Simultaneously, the colonial state's treatment of regional languages was riddled with contradictions. While British administrators encouraged the codification of Indian languages, such efforts often stripped them of their oral fluidity and cultural nuance. Sanskrit and Persian, once associated with prestige, were gradually marginalized, while languages like Hindi and Urdu became arenas of communal and political contestation—each championed by different religious and regional groups, further entrenching societal divisions. This reshaping of linguistic order served dual purposes: facilitating administrative efficiency and diffusing dissent. A populace divided along linguistic and communal lines was easier to govern. Moreover, fluency in English became a gatekeeping mechanism for bureaucratic inclusion and economic opportunity, thereby embedding inequality into the fabric of colonial modernity. In essence, language under colonial rule was not just about grammar or vocabulary—it was about access, allegiance, and authority. Understanding this interplay offers a lens into how colonial power was sustained not only through coercion but also through cultural engineering. In post-colonial India, the legacies of this linguistic stratification continue to reverberate in educational policy, social mobility, and debates over language and identity. What lasting impact of colonial language policy does the passage highlight?
	Improved literacy in rural areas
	Complete linguistic equality post-Independence
	Lingering stratification in education and opportunity
	Decentralized governance

Q.No: 96	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "What are you doing?"
	He asked what are you doing.
	He asked what I had been doing.
	He asked what was I doing.
	He asked what I was doing.

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "Let him not be disturbed during the meeting."
	She asked not to disturb him during the meeting.
	She advised that he should not be disturbed during the meeting.
	She said that let him not be disturbed.
	She ordered no one disturb him.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The professor said that had he known earlier, he would have made the necessary arrangements.
	"If I knew earlier, I would have made the necessary arrangements," said the professor.
	"Had I known earlier, I would have made the necessary arrangements," said the professor.
	"If I would have known earlier, I would make arrangements," the professor said.

	"Had I knew earlier, I would arrange things," said the professor.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. Ocean acidification is a consequence of increased CO2 emissions. 2. This leads to a decline in marine biodiversity. 3. Coral reefs are particularly vulnerable to acidification. 4. Urgent action is required to reduce emissions and mitigate damage. 2-3-1-4
	1-3-2-4
	3-1-2-4
	4-1-2-3

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. Therefore, emotional intelligence is highly valued in leadership. 2. Emotional intelligence (EQ) is distinct from IQ. 3. It involves understanding and managing one's own emotions. 4. It also includes perceiving and influencing others' emotions.
	2-1-3-4
	2-3-4-1
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

C F J, F I M, I L P, ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है।

C F J, F I M, I L P, ?

	LKN LKN
	LOS LOS
	NHS NHS
	KIS KIS

Q.No: 2	A statement is given followed by two conclusions. Find which conclusion is TRUE based on the given statement. Statement: C ≥ T ; A = D ≥ O; G ≥ D < S; T ≥ A Conclusions: I: A ≤ O II: C ≥ G एक कथन के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथन के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है। कथन: C ≥ T ; A = D ≥ O; G ≥ D < S; T ≥ A निष्कर्ष: I: A ≤ O II: C ≥ G Either I or II या तो I या II
	Only II केवल II
	Only I केवल I
	Neither I nor II

	न तो । और न ही II

Q.No: 3	A is the wife of B. B is the son of C. D is the daughter of A. How is D related to C? A, B की पत्नी है। B, C का पुत्र है। D, A की पुत्री है। D का C से क्या संबंध है?
	Granddaughter पोती
	Daughter पुत्री
	Sister बहन
	Niece भतीजी

Q.No: 4	Solve: LEAF : ? :: TIME : EMIT हल करें : LEAF : ? :: TIME : EMIT
	FEAL FEAL
	FAEL FAEL
	LFAE LFAE
	FELA

	FELA

Q.No: 5	What comes next: **1, 2, 6, 24, 120, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **1, 2, 6, 24, 120, ?**
	720 720
	504 504
	840 840
	600 600

Q.No: 6	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All citizens must abide by traffic laws. Conclusion I: Citizens who disobey traffic laws must be punished. Conclusion II: Obeying traffic laws shows civic responsibility. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यान से पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सभी नागरिकों को ट्रैफिक नियमों का पालन करना चाहिए। निष्कर्ष I: ट्रैफिक नियमों का उल्लंघन करने वाले नागरिकों को दंडित किया जाना चाहिए। निष्कर्ष II: ट्रैफिक नियमों का पालन करना नागरिक जिम्मेदारी दर्शाता है। Only I केवल I
	Only II केवल II

	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता

Q.No: 7	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** To reduce traffic congestion in urban areas, cities should invest in public transportation infrastructure, even though it requires significant initial investments. **Assumptions:** I. Public transportation can effectively reduce traffic congestion. II. The initial cost of building transportation infrastructure is high. III. People are willing to shift from private vehicles to public transportation. **निर्देश**: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन**: शहरी क्षेत्रों में यातायात की भीड़ को कम करने के लिए, शहरों को सार्वजनिक परिवहन बुनियादी ढांचे में निवेश करना चाहिए, भले ही इसके लिए महत्वपूर्ण प्रारंभिक निवेश की आवश्यकता हो। **मान्यताएँ**: I. सार्वजनिक परिवहन यातायात की भीड़ को प्रभावी ढंग से कम कर सकता है। II. परिवहन बुनियादी ढांचे के निर्माण की प्रारंभिक लागत अधिक है। III. लोग निजी वाहनों से सार्वजनिक परिवहन में जाने के लिए तैयार हैं।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III निहित हैं All I, II and III are implicit सभी I, II और III निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है

Q.No: 8	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Thousands of students appeared for the entrance exam conducted across the country. Conclusions: I. The exam is popular and competitive. II. All students who appeared will get admission. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: देश भर में आयोजित प्रवेश परीक्षा में हजारों छात्र शामिल हुए। निष्कर्ष: I. यह परीक्षा लोकप्रिय और प्रतिस्पर्धी है। II. इसमें शामिल होने वाले सभी छात्रों को प्रवेश मिलेगा।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 9	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All circles are shapes. Some shapes are squares. All squares are polygons. **Conclusions:** I. Some shapes are polygons. II. Some polygons are circles.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सभी वृत्त आकृतियाँ हैं। कुछ आकृतियाँ वर्ग हैं। सभी वर्ग बहुभुज हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ आकृतियाँ बहुभुज हैं। II. कुछ बहुभुज वृत्त हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 10	Find the odd one out: Rose, Lotus, Sunflower, Oak, Tulip इनमें से विषम चुनें: गुलाब, कमल, सूरजमुखी, ओक, ट्यूलिप
	Rose गुलाब
	Lotus कमल
	Oak ओक

	Tulip ट्यूलिप

Q.No: 11	In each of the following questions, the second word is formed by applying a specific rearrangement or transformation to the first. Identify the same pattern and apply it to the third word to find the correct answer from the given alternatives. **FLOWER : REWOLF :: FRUITS : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, दूसरा शब्द पहले शब्द में एक विशिष्ट पुनर्व्यवस्था या परिवर्तन लागू करके बनाया गया है। दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर खोजने के लिए उसी पैटर्न को पहचानिए और इसे तीसरे शब्द पर लागू कीजिए। **FLOWER : REWOLF :: FRUITS : ?** STUIRF STUIRF
	STIURF STIURF
	STUIFR STUIFR STRUIF STRUIF

Q.No: 12	If LEMON is coded as KDNLN, how is MANGO written? अगर LEMON को KDNLN के रूप में कोड किया जाता है, तो MANGO को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	LZODO LZODO
	LZLFP LZLFP LZMFQ LZMFQ
	LZLFO

	LZLFO

Q.No: 13	Rearrange the letters of the word "LOVE" to form the name of an animal. "LOVE" शब्द के अक्षरों को पुनर्व्यवस्थित करके किसी जानवर का नाम बनाइए।
	VOLE VOLE
	VEOL VEOL
	VLEO VLEO
	OLEV OLEV

Q.No: 14	Complete the series. 3, 5, 10, 12, 24, 26, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न के स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? 3, 5, 10, 12, 24, 26, ?
	52 52
	54 54
	53 53
	50 50

Q.No: 15	What comes next? MOA, NPB, OQC, PRD, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? MOA, NPB, OQC, PRD, ?
	QRE QRE
	QTE QTE RST RST
	QSE QSE

Q.No: 16	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives दिए गए विकल्पों में से बेमेल विकल्प चुनिए Lothal लोथल
	Harappa हड़प्पा
	Mohenjodaro मोहनजोदड़ो
	Nalanda नालंदा

Q.No: 17	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives. दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए। Tabla तबला
	Mridangam मृदंगम
	Pakhawaj पखावज
	Sitar सितार

Q.No: 18	Which of the following groups does not follow the same arithmetic rule? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समूह समान अंकगणितीय नियम का पालन नहीं करता है?
	10, 20, 40 10, 20, 40
	5, 15, 45 5, 15, 45
	2, 6, 18 2, 6, 18
	3, 9, 27 3, 9, 27

Q.No: 19	If 8 * 2 = 20 and 6 * 3 = 27, then what is 5 * 4 = ? यदि 8 * 2 = 20 और 6 * 3 = 27 है, तो 5 * 4 = क्या है?
	32

	32
	24 24
	36 36
	22 22

Q.No: 20	**instruction:** In a code language, "The tree grows tall" is coded as "so mo no lo", "The tree grows short" is coded as "so mo po lo", "The plant grows tall" is coded as "to mo no lo". **Question:** What is the code for "The plant grows short"? **निर्देश:** एक कूट भाषा में, "The tree grows tall" को "so mo no lo" के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है, "The tree grows short" को "so mo po lo" के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है, "The plant grows tall" को "to mo no lo" के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है। **प्रश्न:** "The plant grows short" के लिए कूट क्या है?
	to mo lo po to mo lo po
	so lo to fo so lo to fo po ko go jo po ko go jo
	no ko mo no no ko mo no

Q.No: 21	A boat travels 60 kilometers upstream in 3 hours and covers the same distance of 60 kilometers downstream in 2 hours. What is the speed of the boat in still water? एक नाव धारा के प्रतिकूल 60 किलोमीटर की दूरी 3 घंटे में तय करती है और धारा के अनुकूल 60 किलोमीटर की समान दूरी 2 घंटे में तय करती है। स्थिर जल में नाव की गति क्या है?

	20 km/h 20 किमी/घंटा
	18 km/h 18 किमी/घंटा
	25 km/h 25 किमी/घंटा
	15 km/h 15 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 22	A man says, "The son of my wife's brother is my ____. एक आदमी कहता है, "मेरी पत्नी के भाई का बेटा मेरा ____ है। Brother-in-law साला
	Nephew भतीजा
	Cousin चचेरा Son-in-law दामाद

Q.No: 23	If '×' means '−', '−' means '+', '+' means '÷', then 12 + 6 × 2 − 4 = ? यदि '×' का अर्थ '−' है, '−' का अर्थ '+' है, '+' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो 12 + 6 × 2 − 4 = ?
	4 4
	8

	8
	6 6 10 10

Q.No: 24	If the sum of 31 and 19 is multiplied by 9, what is the result? यदि 31 और 19 के योग को 9 से गुणा किया जाए तो परिणाम क्या होगा?
	423 423 432 432
	441 441
	450 450

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination 4 , 5 , 14 , 14 , 34 , 36 , 74 , 68 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 4, 5, 14, 14, 34, 36, 74, 68
	74 74
	34 34
	36 36

	68 68

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	
Test Date	**: 18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	**: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	**:**

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	Which of the following animals were **NOT** found on Mauryan stone pillars? निम्नलिखित में से कौन से जानवर मौर्य पत्थर के स्तंभों पर **नहीं** पाए गए? Lions

	शेर
	Bulls साँड़ Elephants हाथियों
	Eagle गरुड़

Q.No: 27	**Fill in the blank:** Ladakhi new year (Losar) is welcomed with symbolic dough models of _____, sun, and moon placed in households. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** लद्दाखी नव वर्ष (लोसर) का स्वागत घरों में _____, सूर्य और चंद्रमा के प्रतीकात्मक आटे के मॉडल रखकर किया जाता है।
	Ibex औबेक्स Yak याक
	Snow leopard हिम तेंदुआ Buddha बुद्धा

Q.No: 28	What was the political significance of Bimbisara’s marriage to a Kosalan princess? कोसल की राजकुमारी से बिम्बिसार के विवाह का राजनीतिक महत्व क्या था?
	Spread of Buddhism बौद्ध धर्म का प्रसार
	Peace with Kosala

	कोसल के साथ शांति
	Trade with South India दक्षिण भारत के साथ व्यापार
	Fall of Pasenadi पासेनदी का पतन

Q.No: 29	Which of the following **correctly** describes the musical form Svarajati? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा स्वराजति संगीत शैली का **सही** वर्णन करता है?
	A bhajan form used only in temples केवल मंदिरों में प्रयुक्त होने वाला भजन रूप
	A dance item without fixed structure बिना किसी निश्चित संरचना वाला नृत्य आइटम
	A vocal form later adapted for dance एक गायन शैली जिसे बाद में नृत्य के लिए अनुकूलित किया गया
	A film-based item with fast rhythm तेज़ लय के साथ एक फ़िल्म-आधारित आइटम
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Which of the following statements regarding the Dronacharya Award is/are **correct?** 1) It carries a cash prize of ₹10 lakhs and features a gold statue of Guru Dronacharya. 2) O.M. Nambiar was honored with the first Dronacharya Award in 1985 for outstanding coaching. द्रोणाचार्य पुरस्कार के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं? 1) इसमें ₹10 लाख का नकद पुरस्कार दिया जाता है और इसमें गुरु द्रोणाचार्य की सोने की प्रतिमा होती है। 2) ओ.एम. नांबियार को उत्कृष्ट कोचिंग के लिए 1985 में पहले द्रोणाचार्य पुरस्कार से सम्मानित किया गया था।
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है

	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 सही हैं.
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है.

Q.No: 31	What position did Hindu Beg hold during Humayun's reign? हुमायूँ के शासनकाल में हिन्दू बेग का क्या पद था?
	Rajput chief राजपूत सरदार
	Court scholar दरबारी विद्वान
	Provincial governor प्रांतीय गवर्नर
	Spiritual guide आध्यात्मिक मार्गदर्शक
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Which of the following statements regarding the Government of India Act, 1919 is correctly matched with its constitutional implication? भारत सरकार अधिनियम, 1919 के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन इसके संवैधानिक निहितार्थ से सही ढंग से मेल खाता है?
	Transferred and Reserved subjects – Created functional overlap between central and provincial powers हस्तांतरित और आरक्षित विषय – केंद्रीय और प्रांतीय शक्तियों के बीच कार्यात्मक ओवरलैप बनाया गया
	Creation of bicameralism – Introduced two houses at the central level for the first time द्विसदनीय व्यवस्था का निर्माण - पहली बार केंद्रीय स्तर पर दो सदनों की शुरुआत की गई

	Establishment of Public Service Commission – Gave financial control to Indian members in the Viceroy's Council लोक सेवा आयोग की स्थापना – वायसराय की परिषद में भारतीय सदस्यों को वित्तीय नियंत्रण दिया गया Introduction of diarchy in provinces – Empowered Indian ministers to control defence and foreign affairs प्रांतों में द्वैध शासन की शुरुआत - भारतीय मंत्रियों को रक्षा और विदेशी मामलों पर नियंत्रण करने का अधिकार दिया गया
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	Consider the following statements about Judo competition areas and contestants: 1) The competition area is divided into an inner contest area (minimum 8m×8m) and an outer safety area (minimum 3m wide). 2) The blue uniform contestant is called first, followed by the white uniform contestant. Which of the statements is/are **correct?** जूडो प्रतियोगिता क्षेत्रों और प्रतियोगियों के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) प्रतियोगिता क्षेत्र को एक आंतरिक प्रतियोगिता क्षेत्र (न्यूनतम 8 मीटर × 8 मीटर) और एक बाहरी सुरक्षा क्षेत्र (न्यूनतम 3 मीटर चौड़ा) में विभाजित किया गया है। 2) नीली वर्दी वाले प्रतियोगी को पहले बुलाया जाता है, उसके बाद सफेद वर्दी वाले प्रतियोगी को बुलाया जाता है। कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are Correct 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Which country partners with India in the Maitri military exercise aimed at defence cooperation? रक्षा सहयोग के उद्देश्य से मैत्री सैन्य अभ्यास में भारत के साथ कौन सा देश भागीदार है?
	Bhutan

	भूटान
	Sri Lanka श्रीलंका Bangladesh बांग्लादेश
	Thailand थाईलैंड
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	Who is the author of the book 'The Argumentative Indian'? 'द आर्गुमेंटेटिव इंडियन' पुस्तक के लेखक कौन हैं?
	Amartya Sen अमर्त्य सेन
	Shashi Tharoor शशि थरूर Ramachandra Guha रामचंद्र गुहा
	Arvind Subramanian अरविंद सुब्रमण्यन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	Which of the following pairs is correctly matched with reference to limestone cave formations? चूना पत्थर गुफा संरचनाओं के संदर्भ में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म सही सुमेलित है?
	Stalactite – Rises from cave floor स्टैलेक्टाइट - गुफा के तल से उठता है
	Stalagmite – Hangs from cave roof

	स्टैलाग्माइट - गुफा की छत से लटका हुआ
	Pillar – Formed by union of stalactite and stalagmite स्तंभ - स्टैलेक्टाइट और स्टैलेग्माइट के मिलन से निर्मित
	Stalagmite – Formed by water falling from floor स्टैलेग्माइट - फर्श से गिरने वाले पानी से बनता है

Q.No: 37	Which instrument description on XPoSat is **correct?** XPoSat पर कौन सा उपकरण विवरण सही है?
	XSPECT extends POLIX's polarimetry range to 0.5–20 keV. XSPECT, POLIX की ध्रुवणमापी सीमा को 0.5-20 keV तक बढ़ाता है।
	POLIX performs X-ray spectroscopy and timing. POLIX एक्स-रे स्पेक्ट्रोस्कोपी और टाइमिंग का कार्य करता है।
	XSPECT measures X-ray polarization. XSPECT एक्स-रे ध्रुवीकरण को मापता है।
	POLIX measures X-ray polarization (8–30 keV) to study black holes. POLIX ब्लैक होल का अध्ययन करने के लिए एक्स-रे ध्रुवीकरण (8-30 keV) को मापता है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	Which of the following statements best explains why age-specific rates are used in demography? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सबसे अच्छे ढंग से बताता है कि जनसांख्यिकी में आयु-विशिष्ट दरों का उपयोग क्यों किया जाता है?
	They help identify regional literacy levels वे क्षेत्रीय साक्षरता स्तरों की पहचान करने में मदद करते हैं
	They reflect age-wise variation in fertility or mortality वे प्रजनन क्षमता या मृत्यु दर में आयु-वार भिन्नता को दर्शाते हैं
	They show the economic condition of elderly people

	वे बुजुर्ग लोगों की आर्थिक स्थिति को दर्शाते हैं They reduce the total number of indicators needed वे आवश्यक संकेतकों की कुल संख्या को कम कर देते हैं

Q.No: 39	**"Amit Shah already has the key portfolios of Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation in 2025. Think of these statements:** 1. He remains Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation post the 2024 elections. 2. The Home Ministry is responsible for internal security, borders, and disaster management. 3. The Home Minister enjoys a constitutionalized fixed 6-year term. Which one of the above is/are **true?** **अमित शाह के पास 2025 में केंद्रीय गृह मंत्री और सहकारिता मंत्री के प्रमुख विभाग पहले से ही हैं। इन कथनों पर विचार करें:** 1. वह 2024 के चुनावों के बाद भी केंद्रीय गृह मंत्री और सहकारिता मंत्री बने रहेंगे। 2. गृह मंत्रालय आंतरिक सुरक्षा, सीमाओं और आपदा प्रबंधन के लिए ज़िम्मेदार है। 3. गृह मंत्री का संवैधानिक रूप से निश्चित 6-वर्षीय कार्यकाल होता है। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन **सत्य** है/हैं?
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं

Q.No: 40	Which events were initially announced as demonstration sports but later became full-fledged medal events in the 38th National Games held at Uttrakhand? उत्तराखंड में आयोजित 38वें राष्ट्रीय खेलों में किन स्पर्धाओं को शुरू में प्रदर्शन खेल के रूप में घोषित किया गया था, लेकिन बाद में वे पूर्ण पदक स्पर्धा बन गईं? Kho-Kho and Kabaddi खो-खो और कबड्डी

	Yogasana and Mallakhamb योगासन और मल्लखंभ
	Shooting and Athletics निशानेबाजी और एथलेटिक्स
	Kayaking and Rowing कयाकिंग और रोइंग
Not Answered	

Q.No: 41	The Kudremukh mines in Karnataka are primarily known for the extraction of which important mineral resource? कर्नाटक में कुद्रेमुख खदानें मुख्य रूप से किस महत्वपूर्ण खनिज संसाधन के निष्कर्षण के लिए जानी जाती हैं?
	Bauxite बाक्साइट
	Limestone चूना पत्थर
	Iron Ore लौह अयस्क
	Copper ताँबा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 42	Which of the following statements correctly applies the weighted voting mechanism under Article 279A(9) of the Indian Constitution? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारतीय संविधान के अनुच्छेद 279A(9) के तहत भारित मतदान तंत्र को सही ढंग से लागू करता है?
	The Centre holds 75% of the voting power in the GST Council. जीएसटी परिषद में केंद्र के पास 75% मतदान शक्ति है।
	A GST Council decision can be passed solely with the support of the Centre and one State.

	जीएसटी परिषद का निर्णय केवल केन्द्र और एक राज्य के सहयोग से पारित किया जा सकता है।
	The States collectively have twice the voting weight of the Centre in the GST Council. जीएसटी परिषद में राज्यों का सामूहिक रूप से केन्द्र से दोगुना मत-भार है।
	Each State has equal weightage as the Centre in GST Council voting. जीएसटी परिषद के मतदान में प्रत्येक राज्य को केंद्र के समान महत्व प्राप्त है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 43	**Consider the given statements regarding the behavior of ideal gases:** 1. Ideal gas molecules have negligible volume compared to the total volume of the container. 2. There are strong intermolecular attractive forces between ideal gas molecules. 3. Collisions between ideal gas molecules are perfectly elastic. Which of the statements given above is/are correct? **आदर्श गैसों के व्यवहार के संबंध में दिए गए कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. आदर्श गैस के अणुओं का आयतन पात्र के कुल आयतन की तुलना में नगण्य होता है। 2. आदर्श गैस के अणुओं के बीच प्रबल अंतराण्विक आकर्षण बल होते हैं। 3. आदर्श गैस के अणुओं के बीच संघट्ट पूर्णतः प्रत्यास्थ होते हैं। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	In Bharatiya Nagarik suraksha Samhita(BNSS), which court may grant default bail after time limit lapses?

	भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) में, कौन सी अदालत समय सीमा समाप्त होने के बाद डिफ़ॉल्ट जमानत दे सकती है? District Court जिला अदालत
	Magistrate मजिस्ट्रेट
	High Court उच्च न्यायालय
	Gram Nyayalaya ग्राम न्यायालय
Not Answered	

Q.No: 45	Which of the following schemes or initiatives is conceptually different from the others in terms of its sectoral focus? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी योजना या पहल अपने क्षेत्रीय फोकस के संदर्भ में अन्य से वैचारिक रूप से भिन्न है?
	NSWS एनएसडब्ल्यूएस
	LEADS लीड्स
	Gati Shakti गति शक्ति
	PMFBY पीएमएफबीवाई
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	**Fill in the Blank:** Ghoomar was listed among top local dances globally in _____ year. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** घूमर को _____ वर्ष में विश्व स्तर पर शीर्ष स्थानीय नृत्यों में सूचीबद्ध किया गया था।

	2010 2010
	2013 2013
	2015 2015
	2018 2018
Not Answered	

Q.No: 47	According to Transparency International, what is a major concern with EU golden passport and visa schemes? ट्रांसपेरेंसी इंटरनेशनल के अनुसार, यूरोपीय संघ की गोल्डन पासपोर्ट और वीज़ा योजनाओं के संबंध में मुख्य चिंता क्या है?
	They increase legal migration and help boost employment वे कानूनी प्रवासन को बढ़ाते हैं और रोजगार को बढ़ावा देने में मदद करते हैं
	They encourage cultural exchange across the EU वे यूरोपीय संघ में सांस्कृतिक आदान-प्रदान को प्रोत्साहित करते हैं
	They enable the corrupt to exploit citizenship and residency systems for personal gain वे भ्रष्ट लोगों को व्यक्तिगत लाभ के लिए नागरिकता और निवास प्रणालियों का शोषण करने में सक्षम बनाते हैं
	They promote tourism through relaxed visa regulations वे वीज़ा नियमों में ढील देकर पर्यटन को बढ़ावा देते हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	Which Indian city topped the Swachh Vayu Sarvekshan 2024 in the category of cities with a population over 10 lakh? 10 लाख से अधिक आबादी वाले शहरों की श्रेणी में स्वच्छ वायु सर्वेक्षण 2024 में कौन सा भारतीय शहर शीर्ष पर रहा? Bengaluru बेंगलुरु

	Indore इंदौर
	Mumbai मुंबई
	Ahmedabad अहमदाबाद

Q.No: 49	Aditya-L1 is placed in a halo orbit around which type of gravitationally balanced point in space? आदित्य-एल1 को अंतरिक्ष में किस प्रकार के गुरुत्वाकर्षण संतुलित बिंदु के चारों ओर हेलो कक्षा में रखा गया है?
	Polar ध्रुवीय
	Lagrangian लाग्रंगियन
	Sun-synchronous सूर्य समकालिक
	Geostationary भू-स्थिर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. The GST Council makes binding recommendations on GST rates. 2. Article 246A allows States to legislate on intra-state supply of goods and services. Which of the above is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. जीएसटी परिषद जीएसटी दरों पर बाध्यकारी सिफारिशें करती है। 2. अनुच्छेद 246A राज्यों को वस्तुओं और सेवाओं की अंतर-राज्यीय आपूर्ति पर कानून बनाने की अनुमति देता है। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**

	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51 What will come in place of **?** to satisfy the equation : $(\sqrt{3}+2)^2 = ? + 4\sqrt{3}$

समीकरण को संतुष्ट करने के लिए ? के स्थान पर क्या आएगा:

$(\sqrt{3}+2)^2 = ? + 4\sqrt{3}$

	7 7
	6 6
	5 5
	4 4

Q.No: 52	Solve:$(\sqrt{7225}-\sqrt{1225}) \times (\frac{1}{5})$ हल करना:$(\sqrt{7225}-\sqrt{1225}) \times (\frac{1}{5})$
	10 10
	20 20
	30 30 40 40

Q.No: 53	If 25% of (P + Q) = 75% of (P − Q), then find the ratio P: Q. यदि (P + Q) का 25% = (P − Q) का 75% है, तो P: Q का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1 : 2 1 : 2
	2 : 1

	2 : 1
	1 : 3 1 : 3 3 : 1 3 : 1

Q.No: 54	A bag contains ₹5, ₹2, and ₹1 coins in the ratio 2 : 3 : 4. If the total amount of money in the bag is ₹200, find the number of coins of each kind. एक बैग में 2 : 3 : 4 के अनुपात में ₹5, ₹2 और ₹1 के सिक्के हैं। यदि बैग में कुल धनराशि ₹200 है, तो प्रत्येक प्रकार के सिक्कों की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	16 coins of ₹5, 24 coins of ₹2, and 32 coins of ₹1 ₹5 के 16 सिक्के, ₹2 के 24 सिक्के और ₹1 के 32 सिक्के
	20 coins of ₹5, 30 coins of ₹2, and 40 coins of ₹1 ₹5 के 20 सिक्के, ₹2 के 30 सिक्के और ₹1 के 40 सिक्के
	25 coins of ₹5, 35 coins of ₹2, and 45 coins of ₹1 ₹5 के 25 सिक्के, ₹2 के 35 सिक्के और ₹1 के 45 सिक्के
	18 coins of ₹5, 27 coins of ₹2, and 36 coins of ₹1 ₹5 के 18 सिक्के, ₹2 के 27 सिक्के और ₹1 के 36 सिक्के

Q.No: 55	A shopkeeper marked a watch at ₹800. He sold it after allowing a 15% discount. If his profit on the sale was 20%, what was the cost price of the watch? एक दुकानदार ने एक घड़ी का मूल्य ₹800 अंकित किया। उसने इसे 15% छूट देकर बेचा। यदि बिक्री पर उसका लाभ 20% था, तो घड़ी का क्रय मूल्य क्या था?
	₹542.36 ₹542.36
	₹536.47 ₹536.47
	₹566.67

	₹566.67
	₹596.34 ₹596.34

Q.No: 56	A product is sold at a 20% discount on its marked price. This transaction results in a profit of 10% on its cost price. If the profit earned is ₹300, what would have been the selling price if the product was sold at a 30% discount on its marked price? एक उत्पाद को उसके अंकित मूल्य पर 20% छूट पर बेचा जाता है। इस लेन-देन के परिणामस्वरूप उसके क्रय मूल्य पर 10% का लाभ होता है। यदि अर्जित लाभ ₹300 है, तो उत्पाद को उसके अंकित मूल्य पर 30% छूट पर बेचे जाने पर विक्रय मूल्य क्या होता?
	₹2887.50 ₹2887.50
	₹3000.26 ₹3000.26
	₹3300 ₹3300
	₹3150 ₹3150

Q.No: 57	If the cubic equation $a^3 - 4a^2 + 5a - 2 = 0$ has the root x, y, z then find the value of x + y + z. यदि घन समीकरण $a^3 - 4a^2 + 5a - 2 = 0$ का मूल x, y, z है तो x + y + z का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5 5
	6 6
	7 7

	4 4

Q.No: 58	C borrowed ₹6000 from D on 15 March 2023 at a simple interest rate of 10% per annum. C decided to repay the loan on 15 September 2023. How much total amount must C return to D? C ने 15 मार्च 2023 को D से 10% प्रति वर्ष की साधारण ब्याज दर पर ₹6000 उधार लिए। C ने 15 सितंबर 2023 को ऋण चुकाने का फैसला किया। C को D को कुल कितनी राशि वापस करनी होगी?
	₹6300 ₹6300
	₹6500 ₹6500
	₹5400 ₹5400 ₹5800 ₹5800
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	A person invested a total sum of ₹2200 in three different schemes of simple interest at 4%, 5%, and 10% per annum. At the end of one year, he got the same interest from all three schemes. What was the amount (in ₹) invested at 5%? एक व्यक्ति ने ₹2200 की कुल राशि को साधारण ब्याज की तीन विभिन्न योजनाओं में 4%, 5% और 10% वार्षिक दर पर एक वर्ष के लिए निवेश किया। एक वर्ष के अंत में उसे तीनों योजनाओं से समान ब्याज प्राप्त हुआ। बताइए, उसने 5% ब्याज दर वाली योजना में कितनी राशि (₹ में) निवेश की थी?
	₹1000 ₹1000
	₹800 ₹800
	₹600 ₹600

	₹400 ₹400

Q.No: 60	A man standing on the top of a 120 m high tower observes the angles of depression of two cars on opposite sides of the tower to be 30°and 45°. What is the distance between the two cars? 120 मीटर ऊँचे टावर के शीर्ष पर खड़ा एक व्यक्ति टावर के विपरीत दिशाओं में खड़ी दो कारों के अवनमन कोण 30°और 45°देखता है। दोनों कारों के बीच की दूरी क्या है?
	$120(\sqrt{3}-1)$ m $120(\sqrt{3}-1)$ मीटर
	$120\sqrt{3}$ m $120\sqrt{3}$ मीटर $120\left(1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$ m $120\left(1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$ मीटर
	$120(\sqrt{3}+1)$ m $120(\sqrt{3}+1)$ मीटर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 61	A vertical pole TF has its base F on the ground. From a point A, 25 meters from F, the angle of elevation of T is x°. From another point B, 75 meters from F (and in the same line as A), the angle of elevation of T is y°. If the height of the pole is $25\sqrt{3}$ meters, what is the value of x° + y°? एक ऊर्ध्वाधर खंभा TF का आधार F ज़मीन पर है। F से 25 मीटर दूर एक बिंदु A से, T का उन्नयन कोण x° है। F से 75 मीटर दूर (और A के समान रेखा में) दूसरे बिंदु B से, T का उन्नयन कोण y° है। यदि खंभे की ऊँचाई $25\sqrt{3}$ मीटर है, तो x° + y° का मान क्या है?
	60° 60°
	75°

	75°
	90° 90°
	120° 120°
Not Answered	

Q.No: 62	Two identical solid hemispheres, each with a radius of 21 cm, are melted and recast into a single sphere. What is the radius of the new sphere formed? दो समान ठोस अर्धगोले, जिनमें प्रत्येक का त्रिज्या 21 सेमी है, को पिघलाकर एक पूर्ण गोला बनाया गया। बने हुए नए गोले की त्रिज्या क्या होगी?
	18 cm 18 सेमी
	21 cm 21 सेमी
	24 cm 24 सेमी
	27 cm 27 सेमी

Q.No: 63	Creating a frustum, a right circular cone is sliced parallel to its base,. The height of the original cone is 30 cm, and the cut is made 10 cm from the vertex. What is the ratio of the volumes of the frustum to that of the entire cone? एक छिन्नक बनाते हुए, एक लम्बवृत्तीय शंकु को उसके आधार के समांतर काटा जाता है। मूल शंकु की ऊँचाई 30 सेमी है, और कट शीर्ष से 10 सेमी की दूरी पर काटा जाता है। छिन्नक के आयतन और पूरे शंकु के आयतन का अनुपात क्या है?
	26:27 26:27
	11:18

	11:18
	16:19 16:19 14:15 14:15
Not Answered	

Q.No: 64	The side of a regular octagon is half the side of a regular quadrilateral (square). If the perimeter of the quadrilateral is 20cm, what is the perimeter of the octagon? एक सम अष्टभुज की भुजा एक सम चतुर्भुज (वर्ग) की भुजा की आधी है। यदि चतुर्भुज का परिमाप 20 सेमी है, तो अष्टभुज का परिमाप क्या है?
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	20 cm 20सेमी
	30 cm 30 सेमी
	40 cm 40सेमी

Q.No: 65	A decorative column is made in the shape of a regular hexagonal prism. The side length of its base is 10 cm. The column is built from multiple sections, and their heights form an arithmetic progression: the first section is 5 cm tall, and each subsequent section is 2 cm taller than the previous one. If the column has 4 sections in total, what is the total volume of the column? एक सजावटी स्तंभ एक सम षट्कोणीय प्रिज्म के आकार में बना है। इसके आधार की भुजा की लंबाई 10 सेमी है। स्तंभ कई खंडों से बना है, और उनकी ऊँचाई एक अंकगणितीय श्रेणी बनाती है: पहला खंड 5 सेमी ऊँचा है, और प्रत्येक अगला खंड पिछले वाले से 2 सेमी ऊँचा है। यदि स्तंभ में कुल 4 खंड हैं, तो स्तंभ का कुल आयतन क्या है?
	$4500\sqrt{3}\ \text{cm}^3$ $4500\sqrt{3}$ सेमी^{3}

	$4800\sqrt{3}$ cm^3 $4800\sqrt{3}$ सेमी^{3}
	$5100\sqrt{3}$ cm^3 $5100\sqrt{3}$ सेमी^{3}
	$5400\sqrt{3}$ cm^3 $5400\sqrt{3}$ सेमी^{3}

Not Answered

Q.No: 66	Find the midpoint of segment joining (3,4) and (7,8). (3,4) और (7,8) को मिलाने वाले रेखाखण्ड का मध्यबिंदु ज्ञात कीजिए।
	(3, 4) (3, 4)
	(5, 6) (5, 6)
	(4, 5) (4, 5)
	(6, 7) (6, 7)

Q.No: 67	The number of diagonals in a hexagon is: एक षट्भुज में विकर्णों की संख्या है:
	6 6
	9

	9
	12 12 15 15

Q.No: 68	Triangle ABC has its centroid at point G(4, 5), and vertex A is located at (2, 3). If point D is the midpoint of side BC, what are the coordinates of D? त्रिभुज ABC का केन्द्रक बिंदु G(4, 5) पर है, तथा शीर्ष A, (2, 3) पर स्थित है। यदि बिंदु D, भुजा BC का मध्य-बिंदु है, तो D के निर्देशांक क्या हैं?
	(5, 6) (5, 6)
	(5, 8) (5, 8)
	(6, 7) (6, 7)
	(6, 8) (6, 8)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 69	Given, $\sqrt{x+3}+\sqrt{x-2}=5$, then find the value of x. दिया गया है, $\sqrt{x+3}+\sqrt{x-2}=5$, तो x का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5 5
	6 6
	7

	7
	8 8

Q.No: 70	A common internal tangent connecting two circles is 9 cm long. The distance between the circles' centers is 15 cm. If the larger circle has a radius of 8 cm, what is the radius of the smaller circle? दो वृत्तों को जोड़ने वाली एक उभयनिष्ठ आंतरिक स्पर्श रेखा 9 सेमी लंबी है। वृत्तों के केंद्रों के बीच की दूरी 15 सेमी है। यदि बड़े वृत्त की त्रिज्या 8 सेमी है, तो छोटे वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	4 cm 4 सेमी
	1 cm 1 सेमी
	6 cm 6 सेमी
	7 cm 7 सेमी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 71	In a cyclic quadrilateral ABCD, AB is the diameter of the circle. If angle ACD is 40°, what is the measure of angle BAD? एक चक्रीय चतुर्भुज ABCD में, AB वृत्त का व्यास है। यदि कोण ACD 40° है, तो कोण BAD का माप क्या है?
	40° 40°
	50° 50°
	80°

	80°
	90°
	90°
Not Answered	

Q.No: 72	If $\sin^2 A - \cos^2 A = \frac{1}{2}$, find the value of $\cos^2 A$. यदि $\sin^2 A - \cos^2 A = \frac{1}{2}$, तो $\cos^2 A$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$
	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{2}{3}$

Q.No: 73	If $\cot A = x + \frac{1}{x}$, find $cosec^2 A$. यदि $\cot A = x + \frac{1}{x}$, तो $cosec^2 A$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए. .
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 1$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 1$

	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 1$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 1$
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 3$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 3$
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 1$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 1$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 74	What is the value of $(0.12^3 + 0.06^3) \div (0.24^3 + 0.12^3)$? $(0.12^3 + 0.06^3) \div (0.24^3 + 0.12^3)$ का मान क्या है?
	0.125 0.125
	0.5 0.5
	0.25 0.25
	1 1

Q.No: 75	Simplify: $((0.5)^3 + (0.05)^3 + (0.005)^3) \div ((0.1)^3 + (0.01)^3 + (0.001)^3)$ सरलीकरण:$((0.5)^3 + (0.05)^3 + (0.005)^3) \div ((0.1)^3 + (0.01)^3 + (0.001)^3)$
	5 5
	25

	25
	125 125
	625 625

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **COGENT**
	Weak

	Dubious
	Convincing
	Unclear

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Lassitude**
	Exhaustion
	Apathy
	Vigor
	Lethargy

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Won his laurels**
	Achieved distinction or fame
	Lost everything
	Changed his opinion
	Saved money

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Came of age**
	Reached adulthood legally or socially

	Understood morality for the first time
	Abandoned earlier beliefs
	Inherited property

Q.No: 80	Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'cheerfully optimistic, especially in difficult times'.
	Sanguine
	Sangwine
	Sanguin
	Sangueenm

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'A loud and confused noise'.
	Cacophony
	Soliloquy
	Racket
	Roar

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'One who writes traditional poems'.
	Bard
	Lyricist

	Dramatist
	Essayist

Q.No: 83	**Fill in the blank with the right phrasal verb:** The investigation was _____ after new evidence emerged.
	called off
	picked up
	taken up
	revived up

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** The biochemist insisted ___ conducting a double-blind trial before publication.
	with
	on
	to
	about

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The interns were asked (1)/ to complete the assignment quickly (2)/ and submit it (3)/ with neat handwriting. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)

	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** It was at the summit in Vienna (1)/ where the treaty was officially ratified, (2)/ thereby bringing to an end (3)/ decades of political uncertainty in the region. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** They had been negotiating the deal for months.
	The deal had been negotiating for months.
	The deal had been being negotiated for months.
	The deal has been being negotiated for months.
	The deal was being negotiated for months.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The nobleman received a ceremonial **fief** from the sovereign.

	The farmer leased the fief to a local tenant.
	The law student confused fief with deed transfer.
	The engineer calibrated the hydraulic fief for flow control.
	The archives recorded the transfer of fief in Latin.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The possibility of the files being leaked before the official release was not ruled out.
	Officials ruled out the leak before the files were released.
	The leak of the files was ruled out before the release.
	Someone did not rule out the possibility that the files were leaked before release.
	The release happened before ruling out the leak possibility.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The manager ***is angry on*** the clerk.
	is angry at
	is annoyed by
	is angry with
	is angry over

Q.No: 91	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He was ***accused for stealing*** the documents.

	accused of stealing
	accused to steal
	accused with stealing
	charged for steal

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The accelerating depletion of fossil fuels, coupled with mounting ecological degradation, has propelled renewable energy from a peripheral concern to a central component of global energy discourse. Yet, the conversation often fixates on production rather than application. A nuanced understanding of renewable energy must include not only its sources—solar, wind, hydro, geothermal, and biomass—but also the multifaceted domains in which it can transform economies, decentralize power structures, and promote environmental justice. In the domain of electricity generation, renewables have already begun to displace conventional energy systems. Solar photovoltaic installations now power not only urban rooftops but remote rural hamlets long excluded from centralized grids. Micro-hydel projects have enabled mountain communities to harness perennial streams for electricity without the ecological upheaval of large dams. Similarly, wind energy has emerged as a significant contributor in coastal and arid zones, transforming local economies by creating decentralized, sustainable employment ecosystems. Beyond electricity, renewable energy finds compelling applications in transportation, industrial heating, and agriculture. The rise of biofuels—especially second-generation variants derived from agricultural waste—offers a pathway to decarbonize aviation and freight transport, sectors that have traditionally been resistant to electrification. In agrarian contexts, solar-powered pumps have reduced farmers' dependence on erratic grid supply and diesel generators, enhancing irrigation autonomy while mitigating carbon emissions. Industries, often vilified for their carbon intensity, are also experimenting with renewable alternatives. Concentrated solar thermal technologies, for instance, are being employed in textile processing, food dehydration, and even metallurgy, demonstrating that clean energy need not be confined to low-intensity applications. Furthermore, geothermal energy is increasingly being harnessed for space heating in colder regions and for cooling through absorption chillers—thereby offsetting conventional HVAC loads. However, the significance of renewable energy transcends utility. At a deeper level, it challenges existing geopolitical hierarchies shaped by fossil fuel dependency. While oil-rich nations have historically wielded disproportionate influence, renewable resources—abundant yet diffuse—enable energy sovereignty for resource-scarce regions. This democratization of energy, if properly managed, can catalyze more equitable development paradigms. Nevertheless, integration challenges persist. Intermittency, storage limitations, land use conflicts, and upfront costs are not insignificant barriers. A hasty transition without resilient infrastructure or community consent could replicate the very injustices renewables seek to redress. Therefore, the question is not merely how to produce renewable energy, but how to embed it meaningfully across sectors, geographies, and social hierarchies. What primary argument does the author make about renewable energy?
	It can only replace fossil fuels in electricity generation
	It has limited potential beyond solar energy
	Its transformative use lies across multiple sectors
	It is primarily a Western innovation

Not Answered

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The accelerating depletion of fossil fuels, coupled with mounting ecological degradation, has propelled renewable energy from a peripheral concern to a central component of global energy discourse. Yet, the conversation often fixates on production rather than application. A nuanced understanding of renewable energy must include not only its sources—solar, wind, hydro, geothermal, and biomass—but also the multifaceted domains in which it can transform economies, decentralize power structures, and promote environmental justice. In the domain of electricity generation, renewables have already begun to displace conventional energy systems. Solar photovoltaic installations now power not only urban rooftops but remote rural hamlets long excluded from centralized grids. Micro-hydel projects have enabled mountain communities to harness perennial streams for electricity without the ecological upheaval of large dams. Similarly, wind energy has emerged as a significant contributor in coastal and arid zones, transforming local economies by creating decentralized, sustainable employment ecosystems. Beyond electricity, renewable energy finds compelling applications in transportation, industrial heating, and agriculture. The rise of biofuels—especially second-generation variants derived from agricultural waste—offers a pathway to decarbonize aviation and freight transport, sectors that have traditionally been resistant to electrification. In agrarian contexts, solar-powered pumps have reduced farmers' dependence on erratic grid supply and diesel generators, enhancing irrigation autonomy while mitigating carbon emissions. Industries, often vilified for their carbon intensity, are also experimenting with renewable alternatives. Concentrated solar thermal technologies, for instance, are being employed in textile processing, food dehydration, and even metallurgy, demonstrating that clean energy need not be confined to low-intensity applications. Furthermore, geothermal energy is increasingly being harnessed for space heating in colder regions and for cooling through absorption chillers—thereby offsetting conventional HVAC loads. However, the significance of renewable energy transcends utility. At a deeper level, it challenges existing geopolitical hierarchies shaped by fossil fuel dependency. While oil-rich nations have historically wielded disproportionate influence, renewable resources—abundant yet diffuse—enable energy sovereignty for resource-scarce regions. This democratization of energy, if properly managed, can catalyze more equitable development paradigms. Nevertheless, integration challenges persist. Intermittency, storage limitations, land use conflicts, and upfront costs are not insignificant barriers. A hasty transition without resilient infrastructure or community consent could replicate the very injustices renewables seek to redress. Therefore, the question is not merely how to produce renewable energy, but how to embed it meaningfully across sectors, geographies, and social hierarchies. What distinguishes second-generation biofuels, as mentioned in the passage?
	They are made from animal fats
	They derive from non-edible agricultural waste

	They require petroleum additives
	They emit more carbon than coal

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The accelerating depletion of fossil fuels, coupled with mounting ecological degradation, has propelled renewable energy from a peripheral concern to a central component of global energy discourse. Yet, the conversation often fixates on production rather than application. A nuanced understanding of renewable energy must include not only its sources—solar, wind, hydro, geothermal, and biomass—but also the multifaceted domains in which it can transform economies, decentralize power structures, and promote environmental justice. In the domain of electricity generation, renewables have already begun to displace conventional energy systems. Solar photovoltaic installations now power not only urban rooftops but remote rural hamlets long excluded from centralized grids. Micro-hydel projects have enabled mountain communities to harness perennial streams for electricity without the ecological upheaval of large dams. Similarly, wind energy has emerged as a significant contributor in coastal and arid zones, transforming local economies by creating decentralized, sustainable employment ecosystems. Beyond electricity, renewable energy finds compelling applications in transportation, industrial heating, and agriculture. The rise of biofuels—especially second-generation variants derived from agricultural waste—offers a pathway to decarbonize aviation and freight transport, sectors that have traditionally been resistant to electrification. In agrarian contexts, solar-powered pumps have reduced farmers' dependence on erratic grid supply and diesel generators, enhancing irrigation autonomy while mitigating carbon emissions. Industries, often vilified for their carbon intensity, are also experimenting with renewable alternatives. Concentrated solar thermal technologies, for instance, are being employed in textile processing, food dehydration, and even metallurgy, demonstrating that clean energy need not be confined to low-intensity applications. Furthermore, geothermal energy is increasingly being harnessed for space heating in colder regions and for cooling through absorption chillers—thereby offsetting conventional HVAC loads. However, the significance of renewable energy transcends utility. At a deeper level, it challenges existing geopolitical hierarchies shaped by fossil fuel dependency. While oil-rich nations have historically wielded disproportionate influence, renewable resources—abundant yet diffuse—enable energy sovereignty for resource-scarce regions. This democratization of energy, if properly managed, can catalyze more equitable development paradigms. Nevertheless, integration challenges persist. Intermittency, storage limitations, land use conflicts, and upfront costs are not insignificant barriers. A hasty transition without resilient infrastructure or community consent could replicate the very injustices renewables seek to redress. Therefore, the question is not merely how to produce renewable energy, but how to embed it meaningfully across sectors, geographies, and social hierarchies. Why is geothermal energy cited in the passage?
	To highlight a rare and impractical solution

	To show its political implications
	To exemplify its industrial cooling and heating utility
	To criticize its high cost

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The accelerating depletion of fossil fuels, coupled with mounting ecological degradation, has propelled renewable energy from a peripheral concern to a central component of global energy discourse. Yet, the conversation often fixates on production rather than application. A nuanced understanding of renewable energy must include not only its sources—solar, wind, hydro, geothermal, and biomass—but also the multifaceted domains in which it can transform economies, decentralize power structures, and promote environmental justice. In the domain of electricity generation, renewables have already begun to displace conventional energy systems. Solar photovoltaic installations now power not only urban rooftops but remote rural hamlets long excluded from centralized grids. Micro-hydel projects have enabled mountain communities to harness perennial streams for electricity without the ecological upheaval of large dams. Similarly, wind energy has emerged as a significant contributor in coastal and arid zones, transforming local economies by creating decentralized, sustainable employment ecosystems. Beyond electricity, renewable energy finds compelling applications in transportation, industrial heating, and agriculture. The rise of biofuels—especially second-generation variants derived from agricultural waste—offers a pathway to decarbonize aviation and freight transport, sectors that have traditionally been resistant to electrification. In agrarian contexts, solar-powered pumps have reduced farmers' dependence on erratic grid supply and diesel generators, enhancing irrigation autonomy while mitigating carbon emissions. Industries, often vilified for their carbon intensity, are also experimenting with renewable alternatives. Concentrated solar thermal technologies, for instance, are being employed in textile processing, food dehydration, and even metallurgy, demonstrating that clean energy need not be confined to low-intensity applications. Furthermore, geothermal energy is increasingly being harnessed for space heating in colder regions and for cooling through absorption chillers—thereby offsetting conventional HVAC loads. However, the significance of renewable energy transcends utility. At a deeper level, it challenges existing geopolitical hierarchies shaped by fossil fuel dependency. While oil-rich nations have historically wielded disproportionate influence, renewable resources—abundant yet diffuse—enable energy sovereignty for resource-scarce regions. This democratization of energy, if properly managed, can catalyze more equitable development paradigms. Nevertheless, integration challenges persist. Intermittency, storage limitations, land use conflicts, and upfront costs are not insignificant barriers. A hasty transition without resilient infrastructure or community consent could replicate the very injustices renewables seek to redress. Therefore, the question is not merely how to produce renewable energy, but how to embed it meaningfully across sectors, geographies, and social hierarchies. According to the author, how does renewable energy challenge global power structures?

	By reducing electricity usage
	By centralizing production
	By enabling energy independence in diverse regions
	By increasing oil exports
Not Answered	

Q.No: 96	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The accelerating depletion of fossil fuels, coupled with mounting ecological degradation, has propelled renewable energy from a peripheral concern to a central component of global energy discourse. Yet, the conversation often fixates on production rather than application. A nuanced understanding of renewable energy must include not only its sources—solar, wind, hydro, geothermal, and biomass—but also the multifaceted domains in which it can transform economies, decentralize power structures, and promote environmental justice. In the domain of electricity generation, renewables have already begun to displace conventional energy systems. Solar photovoltaic installations now power not only urban rooftops but remote rural hamlets long excluded from centralized grids. Micro-hydel projects have enabled mountain communities to harness perennial streams for electricity without the ecological upheaval of large dams. Similarly, wind energy has emerged as a significant contributor in coastal and arid zones, transforming local economies by creating decentralized, sustainable employment ecosystems. Beyond electricity, renewable energy finds compelling applications in transportation, industrial heating, and agriculture. The rise of biofuels—especially second-generation variants derived from agricultural waste—offers a pathway to decarbonize aviation and freight transport, sectors that have traditionally been resistant to electrification. In agrarian contexts, solar-powered pumps have reduced farmers' dependence on erratic grid supply and diesel generators, enhancing irrigation autonomy while mitigating carbon emissions. Industries, often vilified for their carbon intensity, are also experimenting with renewable alternatives. Concentrated solar thermal technologies, for instance, are being employed in textile processing, food dehydration, and even metallurgy, demonstrating that clean energy need not be confined to low-intensity applications. Furthermore, geothermal energy is increasingly being harnessed for space heating in colder regions and for cooling through absorption chillers—thereby offsetting conventional HVAC loads. However, the significance of renewable energy transcends utility. At a deeper level, it challenges existing geopolitical hierarchies shaped by fossil fuel dependency. While oil-rich nations have historically wielded disproportionate influence, renewable resources—abundant yet diffuse—enable energy sovereignty for resource-scarce regions. This democratization of energy, if properly managed, can catalyze more equitable development paradigms. Nevertheless, integration challenges persist. Intermittency, storage limitations, land use conflicts, and upfront costs are not insignificant barriers. A hasty transition without resilient infrastructure or community consent could replicate the very injustices renewables seek to redress. Therefore, the question is not merely how to produce renewable energy, but how to embed it meaningfully across sectors, geographies, and social hierarchies. What is the author's caution about the rapid adoption of renewable energy?
	It is economically unsustainable
	It may repeat existing patterns of injustice
	It leads to fossil fuel scarcity
	It diminishes employment

Q.No: 97	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** He confessed that the violin concerto would have remained fragmentary had the late maestro not bequeathed his annotated sketches.
	He said, "The violin concerto would have remained fragmentary had the late maestro not bequeathed his annotated sketches."
	He said, "The violin concerto would have remained fragmentary if the late maestro not bequeathed his annotated sketches."
	He said, "The violin concerto will be remaining fragmentary had the late maestro not bequeathed his annotated sketches."
	He said, "The violin concerto would be fragmentary if sketches had not been bequeathed."

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "I didn't see him at the station."
	She said that she hasn't seen him at the station.
	She said that she had not seen him at the station.
	She said she didn't saw him at the station.
	She said that she was not seeing him at the station.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This phenomenon is often referred to as a "network effect," where the value of a service increases with the number of its users. 2. Consequently, they tend to dominate their respective markets, leading to the creation of powerful monopolies or oligopolies. 3. The digital economy has given rise to new business models that rely on the accumulation of data and the scale of their user base. 4. A prime example is the platform economy, where companies like social media networks and ride-sharing apps create value by connecting users.

	2, 3, 4, 1
	4, 1, 2, 3
	3, 4, 1, 2
	1, 3, 2, 4

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This helps prevent nutrient depletion and soil erosion. 2. Crop rotation is a sustainable agricultural practice. 3. It involves planting different crops sequentially on the same land. 4. It also reduces the need for synthetic fertilizers.
	2-3-1-4
	1-2-3-4 2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

QAZ, RBY, SCX, TDW, ?

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **QAZ, RBY, SCX, TDW, ?**
	UBS UBS
	UEV UEV
	JKS JKS
	VSA VSA

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers,Park Street, Kolkata,West Bengal - 700016 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers,Park Street, Kolkata,West Bengal - 700016
	Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers, Park Street, Kolkata, Bihar - 700016 Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers, Park Street, Kolkata, Bihar - 700016 Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers, Park Street, Kolkata, Jharkhand - 700016 Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers, Park Street, Kolkata, Jharkhand - 700016
	Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers, Park Street, Kolkata, Odisha - 700016 Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers, Park Street, Kolkata, Odisha - 700016
	Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers, Park Street, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700016 Flat No. 12B, Sunrise Towers, Park Street, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700016

Q.No: 3	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Sample Address:#301, Galaxy Towers,Hinoo, Ranchi,Jharkhand - 834002 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Sample Address:#301, Galaxy Towers,Hinoo, Ranchi,Jharkhand - 834002
	#301, Galaxy Towers, Hinoo, Ranchi, Jharkhand - 834002 #301, Galaxy Towers, Hinoo, Ranchi, Jharkhand - 834002
	#301, Galaxy Tower, Hinoo, Ranchi, Jharkhand - 834002 #301, Galaxy Tower, Hinoo, Ranchi, Jharkhand - 834002 301, Galaxy Towers, Hinoo, Ranchi, Jharkhand - 834002 301, Galaxy Towers, Hinoo, Ranchi, Jharkhand - 834002
	#301, Galaxy Towers, Hinu, Ranchi, Jharkhand - 834002 #301, Galaxy Towers, Hinu, Ranchi, Jharkhand - 834002

Q.No: 4	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statement: The railway authority decided to reduce ticket prices on long-distance trains. Assumptions: I. Lower prices will attract more passengers. II. The authority wants to compete with airlines. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: रेलवे प्राधिकरण ने लंबी दूरी की ट्रेनों में टिकट की कीमतें कम करने का निर्णय लिया है। धारणाएँ: I. कम कीमतें अधिक यात्रियों को आकर्षित करेंगी। II. प्राधिकरण एयरलाइनों के साथ प्रतिस्पर्धा करना चाहता है।
	Only I is implicit

	केवल I निहित है
	Only II is implicit केवल II निहित है Both are implicit दोनों निहित हैं
	Neither is implicit कोई भी निहित नहीं है

Q.No: 5	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statements: I. Banks have increased staff training on cyber security. II. There has been a surge in cyber attacks. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: I. बैंकों ने साइबर सुरक्षा पर कर्मचारियों के प्रशिक्षण में वृद्धि की है। II. साइबर हमलों में वृद्धि हुई है।
	I is the cause and II is the effect. I कारण है और II प्रभाव है।
	II is the cause and I is the effect. II कारण है और I प्रभाव है। Both are unrelated. दोनों असंबंधित हैं।
	No relation. इनमें कोई संबंध नहीं है।

Q.No: 6	Find the WRONG term in the given series. 5, 10, 15, 26, 37, 50 दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत पद ज्ञात कीजिए। 5, 10, 15, 26, 37, 50
	50 50
	26 26
	15 15
	5 5
Not Answered	

Q.No: 7	Replace special characters with mathematical signs as given in options to make it meaningful equation. 16 # 4 @ 2 = 62 इसे अर्थपूर्ण समीकरण बनाने के लिए विकल्पों में दिए गए गणितीय चिह्नों से विशेष वर्णों को प्रतिस्थापित करें। 16 # 4 @ 2 = 62
	÷, − ÷, − −, ÷ −, ÷
	×, − ×, −
	−, × −, ×

Q.No: 8	Which two signs should be swapped to correct the following? 28 ÷ 4 × 3 – 5 + 7 = 19 निम्नलिखित को सही करने के लिए किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना चाहिए? 28 ÷ 4 × 3 – 5 + 7 = 19
	÷ and × ÷ और ×
	× and – × और –
	÷ and + ÷ और +
	+ and – + और –

Q.No: 9	By interchanging the given two signs which of the following equation will be NOT correct? + and - I. 18 ÷ 3 + 8 × 5 - 4 = 20 II. 6 + 8 × 9 ÷ 3 - 4 = 14 दिए गए दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलने पर निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समीकरण सही नहीं होगा? + और - I. 18 ÷ 3 + 8 × 5 - 4 = 20 II. 6 + 8 × 9 ÷ 3 - 4 = 14
	Neither I nor II न तो I और न ही II
	Both I and II I और II दोनों

	Only II केवल II Only I केवल I

Q.No: 10	In a family, there are 6 members P, Q, R, S, T and U. • P and Q are a married couple • R is the son of P • T is the sister of R • Q is the mother of S U is the brother of PWho is the father of S? एक परिवार में 6 सदस्य P, Q, R, S, T और U है • P और Q विवाहित जोड़े हैं • R, P का पुत्र है • T, R की बहन है • Q, S की माँ है U, P का भाई है S का पिता कौन है?
	P P Q Q
	U U
	R R

Q.No: 11	What comes at the place of question mark**: 2, 6, 12, 20, 30, ?**

	प्रश्न चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा: **2, 6, 12, 20, 30, ?**
	42 42
	56 56
	38 38
	48 48

Q.No: 12	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The library will remain closed on Sunday due to renovation. I. The renovation is planned for Sunday. II. People cannot use the library this Sunday. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: नवीनीकरण के कारण रविवार को पुस्तकालय बंद रहेगा। I. नवीनीकरण रविवार के लिए नियोजित है। II. लोग इस रविवार को पुस्तकालय का उपयोग नहीं कर सकते। Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 13	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The price of petrol has increased due to international oil prices. Conclusions: I. Petrol prices are linked to global markets. II. The government has no control over fuel prices. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: अंतर्राष्ट्रीय तेल कीमतों के कारण पेट्रोल की कीमत में वृद्धि हुई है। निष्कर्ष: I. पेट्रोल की कीमतें वैश्विक बाजारों से जुड़ी हैं। II. सरकार का ईंधन की कीमतों पर कोई नियंत्रण नहीं है।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 14	Find the option that best completes the analogy. **DP : XZ :: EN : ?** वह विकल्प चुनिए जो सादृश्य को सर्वोत्तम रूप से पूरा करता है। **DP : XZ :: EN : ?**
	YZ YZ
	YB YB

	ZB ZB
	YX YX

Q.No: 15	If "CANADA" is written as "ADANAC", what is "MEXICO" written as? यदि "CANADA" को "ADANAC" लिखा जाता है, तो "MEXICO" को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	OCIXME OCIXME
	OCIXEM OCIXEM
	OCXEIM OCXEIM
	OCMXIE OCMXIE

Q.No: 16	What comes next? ZYX, YXW, XWV, WVU, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? ZYX, YXW, XWV, WVU, ?
	VUT VUT
	UVT UVT
	VTS VTS

	TUV TUV

Q.No: 17	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	Reuse पुन: उपयोग
	Reduce कम करना
	Recycle पुनर्चक्रण करें
	Refuel पुन: ईंधन भरना

Q.No: 18	**Instruction:** In a certain code language, Greek letters are used to represent English letters consistently. Using the provided code, decode the target sequence. If γ α λ α ξ ι α is coded as GALAXIA, σ τ α ρ is coded as STAR, **Question:** Then what does σ γ α λ α represent? निर्देश: एक विशिष्ट कूट भाषा में, अंग्रेजी अक्षरों को दर्शाने के लिए ग्रीक अक्षरों का प्रयोग लगातार किया जाता है। दिए गए कोड का उपयोग करके, लक्ष्य अनुक्रम को डिकोड करें। यदि γ α λ α ξ ι α को GALAXIA, σ τ α ρ को STAR लिखा जाता है, तो प्रश्न: तो σ γ α λ α क्या दर्शाता है?
	SGALA SGALA
	SPALA SPALA
	SRALA

	SRALA
	SMALA SMALA

Q.No: 19	In a 30 L mixture, milk: water = 3:2. How much water must be added to make the ratio 1:1? 30 लीटर के मिश्रण में, दूध: पानी = 3:2. अनुपात 1:1 करने के लिए कितना पानी मिलाना होगा?
	6 L 6 लीटर
	10 L 10 लीटर 9 L 9 लीटर
	12 L 12 लीटर

Q.No: 20	Find the LCM of 12, 18, 30? 12, 18, 30 का लघुत्तम समापवर्त्य ज्ञात कीजिए? 90 90
	180 180
	60 60 120 120

Q.No: 21	If 10 @ 2 = 120 and 5 @ 5 = 100, what is 8 @ 3? यदि 10 @ 2 = 120 और 5 @ 5 = 100, तो 8 @ 3 क्या है? 80 80
	96 96
	108 108
	110 110

Q.No: 22	If P is the brother of Q, R is the sister of Q, and S is the father of P, how is R related to S? यदि P, Q का भाई है, R, Q की बहन है, और S, P का पिता है, तो R, S से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Daughter बेटी
	Niece भतीजी Wife पत्नी
	Sister बहन

Q.No: 23	Find the next number in the series: 10, 21, 43, 87, ?, 351

	श्रृंखला में अगला अंक ज्ञात कीजिए: 10, 21, 43, 87, ?, 351
	175 175
	173 173
	177 177 179 179

Q.No: 24	If a man's present age is twice what it was 10 years ago, what is his current age? यदि किसी व्यक्ति की वर्तमान आयु 10 वर्ष पहले की आयु से दोगुनी है, तो उसकी वर्तमान आयु क्या है?
	20 20
	30 30
	40 40
	25 25

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination 6, 7, 16, 51, 210 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 6, 7, 16, 51, 210
	210 210

	16 16 7 7
	51 51

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	The Nabanna (new rice) during the Nuakhai festival in Sambalpur, Odisha, is first offered to which deity? ओडिशा के संबलपुर में नुआखाई त्योहार के दौरान नबान्न (नया चावल) सबसे पहले किस देवता को चढ़ाया जाता है?
	Maa Samaleswari

	माँ समलेश्वरी
	Maa Mangala माँ मंगला Maa Bhubaneswari माँ भुवनेश्वरी
	Maa Budhi Thakurani माँ बूढ़ी ठकुरानी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 27	Which of the following pairs of temple style & region are **correctly** matched? 1. Vesara – Deccan 2. Rekha-Deul – Odisha 3. Bhumija – Malwa 4. Kalinga – Tamil Nadu मंदिर शैली और क्षेत्र के निम्नलिखित युग्मों में से कौन सा **सही** ढंग से मेल खाता है? 1. वेसरा - दक्कन 2. रेखा-देउल - ओडिशा 3. भूमिजा - मालवा 4. कलिंग - तमिलनाडु
	1 & 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	1, 2 & 3 are correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं
	2 & 4 only केवल 2 और 4
	only 1 केवल 1

Q.No: 28	According to the Gupta dynasty's administrative structure, which one of the following pairs of officer and role is **correctly** matched? गुप्त वंश की प्रशासनिक संरचना के अनुसार, अधिकारी और भूमिका के निम्नलिखित युग्मों में से कौन सा युग्म सही सुमेलित है?
	Prathamakulika – Public Works Supervisor प्रथमकुलिका – लोक निर्माण पर्यवेक्षक
	Gramika (Gramadhyaksha) – Village Headman ग्रामिका (ग्रामाध्यक्ष) - ग्राम प्रधान
	Talavataka – Military Paymaster तलवाटक - सैन्य भुगतानकर्ता
	Pustapala – Tax-Collection Officer पुस्तपाल-कर-संग्रह अधिकारी

Q.No: 29	Which of the following is a folk song form of Jharkhand that reflects the lived experiences, social unity, and often accompanies dance and drama performances? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा झारखंड का लोकगीत रूप है जो जीवंत अनुभवों, सामाजिक एकता को दर्शाता है और अक्सर नृत्य और नाटक प्रदर्शन के साथ होता है?
	Lavani लावणी
	Domkach डोमकाच
	Bhavai भवाई
	Baul बाउल

Q.No: 30	What is the standard width of a singles badminton court as per international regulations? अंतर्राष्ट्रीय नियमों के अनुसार एकल बैडमिंटन कोर्ट की मानक चौड़ाई कितनी है?

	6.10 meters 6.10 मीटर
	13.40 meters 13.40 मीटर
	5.18 meters 5.18 मीटर
	12.00 meters 12.00 मीटर

Q.No: 31	Who among the following Chola emperors constructed the grand temple at Gangaikonda Cholapuram? निम्नलिखित में से किस चोल सम्राट ने गंगईकोंडा चोलपुरम में भव्य मंदिर का निर्माण कराया था?
	Rajaraja Chola I राजराजा चोल प्रथम
	Rajendra Chola I राजेंद्र चोल प्रथम
	Rajadhiraja Chola I राजाधिराज चोल प्रथम
	Kulothunga Chola I कुलोथुंगा चोल I

Q.No: 32	**Read the following statements:** **Statement I:** The Act of 1793 followed the tradition of personal rule without bringing in any legal reforms. **Statement II:** Judges were assigned to interpret laws rather than depend on the ruler's personal judgment. Which of the above statements is/are **true**?

	निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़ें: **कथन I:** 1793 के अधिनियम ने कोई कानूनी सुधार लाए बिना व्यक्तिगत शासन की परंपरा का पालन किया। **कथन II:** न्यायाधीशों को शासक के व्यक्तिगत निर्णय पर निर्भर रहने के बजाय कानूनों की व्याख्या करने के लिए नियुक्त किया गया था। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सत्य** है/हैं?
	Only 1 is true केवल 1 सत्य है
	Only 2 is true केवल 2 सत्य है
	Both Statement 1 and 2 are true कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सत्य हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is true न तो 1 और न ही 2 सत्य है

Q.No: 33	Consider the following statements about the **high jump**: 1) The minimum length of the runway is 15 meters. 2) The diameter of the crossbar ranges between 15 cm and 20 cm. Which of the statements is/are **correct?** **ऊंची कूद** के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) रनवे की न्यूनतम लंबाई 15 मीटर है। 2) क्रॉसबार का व्यास 15 सेमी और 20 सेमी के बीच होता है। कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are Correct 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct

	न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Which of the following best reflects the strategic impact of the India–Australia Economic Cooperation and Trade Agreement (ECTA) after three years of implementation? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन कार्यान्वयन के तीन वर्षों के बाद भारत-ऑस्ट्रेलिया आर्थिक सहयोग और व्यापार समझौते ईसीटीए(ECTA) के रणनीतिक प्रभाव को सर्वोत्तम रूप से दर्शाता है?
	ECTA removed all tariffs on Australian farm goods unilaterally. ईसीटीए(ECTA) ने ऑस्ट्रेलियाई कृषि वस्तुओं पर एकतरफा रूप से सभी टैरिफ हटा दिए।
	ECTA mainly benefitted old sectors like cotton, with little new growth. ईसीटीए(ECTA) से मुख्य रूप से कपास जैसे पुराने क्षेत्रों को लाभ हुआ, जबकि नई वृद्धि बहुत कम हुई।
	ECTA led to 14% export growth (2022–24) and added new items like Air Liquefaction Machinery. ईसीटीए(ECTA) के कारण 14% निर्यात वृद्धि (2022-24) हुई और एयर लिक्विफैक्शन मशीनरी जैसी नई वस्तुओं को जोड़ा गया।
	ECTA includes mutual defence procurement via an Indo-Pacific charter. ईसीटीए(ECTA) में इंडो-पैसिफिक चार्टर के माध्यम से पारस्परिक रक्षा खरीद शामिल है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	An Area of Darkness is a travelogue by which Indian author? एन एरिया ऑफ डार्कनेस किस भारतीय लेखक द्वारा लिखा गया यात्रा वृत्तांत है?
	Raja Rao राजा राव
	V.S. Naipaul वी.एस. नायपॉल
	R.K. Narayan आर.के. नारायण
	Vikram Seth विक्रम सेठ

Q.No: 36	Which Indian fencer secured the bronze medal in the women's Cadet Epee category at the 2022 Asian Junior and Cadet Fencing Championships? किस भारतीय फ़ेंसर ने 2022 एशियाई जूनियर और कैडेट फ़ेंसिंग चैंपियनशिप में महिला कैडेट एपी श्रेणी में कांस्य पदक हासिल किया?
	Bhavani Devi भवानी देवी
	Prachi Lohan प्राची लोहान
	C.A. Bhavya सी.ए. भव्या
	Kushi Chaudhary कुशी चौधरी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	Which of the following statements about the Khelo India Youth Games (KIYG) 2023 is **correct?** खेलो इंडिया यूथ गेम्स (KIYG) केआईवाईजी 2023 के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही है?**
	The KIYG 2023 were held in four cities of Maharashtra. केआईवाईजी(KIYG) 2023 महाराष्ट्र के चार शहरों में आयोजित किया गया।
	The games included 20 disciplines and no demo sport. खेलों में 20 खेल शामिल थे और कोई डेमो खेल नहीं था।
	The event lasted for 13 days across 15 venues. यह आयोजन 15 स्थानों पर 13 दिनों तक चला।
	Only 4000 athletes participated in KIYG 2023. केआईवाईजी(KIYG) 2023 में केवल 4000 एथलीटों ने भाग लिया।

Q.No: 38	**Fill in the blanks:** The Union Home Minister chairs a Zonal Council meeting as _____ chairman. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** केंद्रीय गृह मंत्री _____ अध्यक्ष के रूप में क्षेत्रीय परिषद की बैठक की अध्यक्षता करते हैं।
	ex-officio पदेन
	rotating घूर्णनशील
	ceremonial अनुष्ठानिक
	honorary मानद

Q.No: 39	Which of the following statements regarding human antibodies is/are **accurate**? 1. IgG constitutes the largest proportion of antibodies in human blood. 2. IgE plays a key role in allergic responses. 3. IgA is primarily located in bodily secretions such as saliva and breast milk. मानव एंटीबॉडी के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं? 1. मानव रक्त में एंटीबॉडी का सबसे बड़ा अनुपात IgG होता है। 2. एलर्जी प्रतिक्रियाओं में IgE की महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका होती है। 3. IgA मुख्य रूप से लार और स्तन के दूध जैसे शारीरिक स्रावों में पाया जाता है।
	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct

	1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	Arrange the following in chronological order: A) Sarkaria Commission report submitted B) Inter-State Council constituted C) Punchhi Commission constituted निम्नलिखित को कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित कीजिए: A) सरकारिया आयोग की रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत की गई B) अंतर-राज्यीय परिषद का गठन किया गया C) पुंछी आयोग का गठन किया गया
	A-B-C A-B-C
	A-C-B A-C-B
	B-C-A B-C-A
	C-B-A C-B-A

Q.No: 41	**Fill in the Blank:** Tippani arises from the _____ region of Gujarat. **रिक्त स्थान को भरें:** टिप्पाणी गुजरात के _____ क्षेत्र से उत्पन्न होती है।
	Kutch कच्छ
	Saurashtra

	सौराष्ट्र Surat सूरत
	Vadodara वडोदरा

Q.No: 42	Which of the following is a key economic role of the government in both developed and developing countries? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी विकसित और विकासशील दोनों देशों में सरकार की प्रमुख आर्थिक भूमिका है?
	Only regulating private firms केवल निजी फर्मों का विनियमन
	Only promoting exports केवल निर्यात को बढ़ावा देना
	Framing laws and delivering justice कानून बनाना और न्याय प्रदान करना
	Engaging in currency exchange मुद्रा विनिमय में संलग्न होना

Q.No: 43	The 2025 Global Peace Index indicates that global peacefulness has generally shown a: 2025 वैश्विक शांति सूचकांक यह दर्शाता है कि वैश्विक शांति ने आम तौर पर निम्न दर्शाया है:
	Consistent upward trend लगातार ऊपर की ओर रुझान
	Gradual downward trend क्रमिक गिरावट की प्रवृत्ति
	Significant improvement सार्थक सुधार

	Stable and unchanging state स्थिर और अपरिवर्तनीय अवस्था

Q.No: 44	When was the first Industrial Policy announced in independent India? स्वतंत्र भारत में पहली औद्योगिक नीति कब घोषित की गई थी?
	1948 1948
	1950 1950
	1951 1951 1952 1952

Q.No: 45	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). **Assertion (A):** Globalization led to increased inequality in India. **Reason (R):** Growth was unevenly distributed, benefiting mostly urban elite and service sectors. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के संबंध में **सही** विकल्प चुनिए। **अभिकथन (A):** वैश्वीकरण के कारण भारत में असमानता बढ़ी। **कारण (R):** विकास असमान रूप से वितरित हुआ, जिसका लाभ मुख्यतः शहरी अभिजात वर्ग और सेवा क्षेत्रों को हुआ।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है। A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।

	A is false but R is true. A असत्य है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 46	Disinvestment involves selling stakes in? विनिवेश में किसमें हिस्सेदारी बेचना शामिल है?
	NGOs गैर सरकारी संगठनों
	Private firms निजी फर्मों
	Public enterprises सार्वजनिक उद्यम
	Trade unions ट्रेड यूनियन

Q.No: 47	Which one of the following National Park–State pairs is correctly matched? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा राष्ट्रीय उद्यान-राज्य युग्म सही सुमेलित है?
	Namdapha National Park – Nagaland नमदाफा राष्ट्रीय उद्यान – नागालैंड
	Similipal National Park – Odisha सिमिलिपाल राष्ट्रीय उद्यान – ओडिशा
	Bandipur National Park – Andhra Pradesh बांदीपुर राष्ट्रीय उद्यान – आंध्र प्रदेश
	Vansda National Park – Rajasthan वांसदा राष्ट्रीय उद्यान – राजस्थान

Q.No: 48	The concept of **"Reasonable Classification"** as a limitation to the Right to Equality (Article 14) was established in which case? समानता के अधिकार (अनुच्छेद 14) पर एक सीमा के रूप में **"उचित वर्गीकरण"** की अवधारणा किस मामले में स्थापित की गई थी?
	Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala केशवानंद भारती बनाम केरल राज्य
	State of West Bengal v. Anwar Ali Sarkar पश्चिम बंगाल राज्य बनाम अनवर अली सरकार
	Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India पश्चिम बंगाल राज्य बनाम अनवर अली सरकार
	Golaknath Case v. State of Punjab & Anrs. गोलकनाथ मामला बनाम पंजाब राज्य और अन्य
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Match the dance with its core tribe/community.

Dance	Tribe/Community
1. Kalbelia	A. Nomadic snake-charmers of Rajasthan
2. Panthi	B. Satnami (Chhattisgarh)
3. Dangi Nritya	C. Dang district Bhil-origin tribes
4. Paika	D. Khandayat warrior caste of Odisha

	नृत्य को उसके मूल जनजाति/समुदाय से मिलाएं। **नृत्य** — **जनजाति/समुदाय** 1.कालबेलिया — A.राजस्थान के घुमंतू सपेरे 2. पंथी — B. सतनामी (छत्तीसगढ़) 3. डांगी नृत्य — C. डांग जिले में भील मूल की जनजातियाँ हैं 4. पाइका — D. ओडिशा की खंडायत योद्धा जाति
	1-A 2-B 3-C 4-D 1-A, 2-B, 3-C, 4-D
	1-B 2-A 3-D 4-C 1-B, 2-A, 3-D, 4-C
	1-C 2-B 3-A 4-D 1-C, 2-B, 3-A, 4-D
	1-A 2-C 3-B 4-D 1-A, 2-C, 3-B, 4-D

Q.No: 50	Identify the incorrect match of satellite type and application: उपग्रह प्रकार और अनुप्रयोग के गलत मिलान की पहचान करें:
	Weather satellite - Cyclone tracking मौसम उपग्रह - चक्रवात ट्रैकिंग
	Communication satellite - TV broadcast उपग्रह संचार - टीवी प्रसारण
	Navigation satellite - Forest fire monitoring

	उपग्रह नेविगेशन - वन अग्नि निगरानी
	Remote sensing satellite - Land use mapping सुदूर संवेदन उपग्रह - भूमि उपयोग मानचित्रण
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
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Note:

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	If 30% of m is equal to 18% of n, what is the ratio m: n? यदि m का 30% n के 18% के बराबर है, तो m:n का अनुपात क्या है?
	5 : 3

	5 : 3
	2 : 3 2 : 3
	3 : 5 3 : 5
	3 : 2 3 : 2

Q.No: 52	Find the value of $\sqrt{(388+\sqrt{(127+\sqrt{289})})}$ $\sqrt{(388+\sqrt{(127+\sqrt{289})})}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए
	20 20
	30 30
	40 40
	50 50

Q.No: 53	Identify the incorrect relationship(s) from the list below: (i) $\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}=\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}$ (ii) $\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}<\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}$ (iii) $\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}>\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}$

	नीचे दी गई सूची में से गलत संबंध पहचानें: (i) $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}$ (ii) $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} < \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}$ (iii) $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} > \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}$
	(i) (i)
	(ii) (ii)
	(i) and (iii) (i) and (iii)
	(ii) and (iii) (ii) और (iii)

Q.No: 54	A bookseller purchases 5 novels at the marked price of 4 novels from a distributor. If he then sells these novels to customers, offering a discount of 5% on the marked price, what is his profit percentage? एक पुस्तक विक्रेता एक वितरक से 4 उपन्यासों के अंकित मूल्य पर 5 उपन्यास खरीदता है। यदि वह इन उपन्यासों को अंकित मूल्य पर 5% की छूट देकर ग्राहकों को बेचता है, तो उसका लाभ प्रतिशत क्या है?
	15% 15%
	18.75% 18.75%
	20.26% 20.26%
	25% 25%

Q.No: 55	A and B can finish a certain job in 28 and 35 days, respectively. They started working together, but A left after a while, and B managed to complete the remaining work in 17 days. How many days did A work before leaving? A और B किसी काम को क्रमश: 28 और 35 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। उन्होंने साथ मिलकर काम करना शुरू किया, लेकिन कुछ समय बाद A ने काम छोड़ दिया और B ने शेष काम 17 दिनों में पूरा कर लिया। काम छोड़ने से पहले A ने कितने दिन काम किया?
	8 days 8 दिन
	5 days 5 दिन
	$6\frac{7}{2}$ days $6\frac{7}{2}$ दिन
	$7\frac{5}{2}$ days $7\frac{5}{2}$ दिन

Q.No: 56	Given, $x+\frac{1}{x}=4$,Find the value of: $x^6+\frac{1}{x^6}-3\left(x^4+\frac{1}{x^4}\right)+4\left(x^2+\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$ दिया गया है, $x+\frac{1}{x}=4$, तो $x^6+\frac{1}{x^6}-3\left(x^4+\frac{1}{x^4}\right)+4\left(x^2+\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$का मान ज्ञात कीजिए:
	2176 2176
	2087 2087
	2562 2562
	2476 2476

Q.No: 57	Reena borrowed Rs. 1200 at simple interest for a number of years equal to the rate of interest. At the end of the loan term, she paid Rs. 432 in interest. What was the interest rate? रीना ने 1200 रुपये साधारण ब्याज पर कई वर्षों के लिए उधार लिए, जो ब्याज दर के बराबर था। ऋण अवधि के अंत में, उसने 432 रुपये ब्याज के रूप में चुकाए। ब्याज दर क्या थी?
	6% 6%
	7% 7%
	8% 8%
	9% 9%

Q.No: 58	A person invested ₹20,000 in two different schemes. He invested one part for 4 years at 8% simple interest and the other part for the same duration at 10% simple interest. If the interest earned from the second part was ₹2,240 more than the interest earned from the first part, how much money was invested in the second scheme? एक व्यक्ति ने दो अलग-अलग योजनाओं में ₹20,000 का निवेश किया। उसने एक भाग को 4 वर्ष के लिए 8% साधारण ब्याज पर तथा दूसरे भाग को समान अवधि के लिए 10% साधारण ब्याज पर निवेश किया। यदि दूसरे भाग से अर्जित ब्याज पहले भाग से अर्जित ब्याज से ₹2,240 अधिक था, तो दूसरी योजना में कितना पैसा निवेश किया गया?
	₹8,000 ₹8,000
	₹10,000 ₹10,000
	₹12,000 ₹12,000
	₹12,500 ₹12,500

Q.No: 59	A rock climber uses a rope to ascend a cliff. If the vertical height of the cliff is 35 meters and the rope makes an angle of 30° with the level ground, what is the minimum length of the rope required to reach the top? एक चट्टान पर चढ़ने वाला व्यक्ति चट्टान पर चढ़ने के लिए रस्सी का उपयोग करता है। यदि चट्टान की ऊर्ध्वाधर ऊंचाई 35 मीटर है और रस्सी समतल जमीन के साथ 30° का कोण बनाती है, तो शीर्ष तक पहुँचने के लिए रस्सी की न्यूनतम लंबाई कितनी होनी चाहिए?
	35m 35 मीटर
	40m 40 मीटर
	60m 60 मीटर
	70m 70 मीटर

Q.No: 60	A marble is spherical in shape with a radius of 4 cm. If the marble is placed inside a cube with side length 10 cm, what is the volume of the cube that is not occupied by the marble? एक मार्बल गोलाकार है जिसकी त्रिज्या 4 सेमी है। यदि मार्बल को 10 सेमी भुजा वाले घन के अंदर रखा जाए, तो उस घन का आयतन क्या होगा जिसमें मार्बल नहीं है?
	100 cm^3 100 सेमी ^{3}
	732.06 cm^3 732.06 सेमी ^{3}
	300 cm^3 300 सेमी ^{3}
	624.82 cm^3 624.82 सेमी ^{3}

Q.No: 61	Two hemispheres of radii 2 cm and 4 cm respectively are melted and recast into another hemisphere. What is the approximate total surface area of the newly formed hemisphere? दो अर्धगोलों की त्रिज्याएँ क्रमशः 2 सेमी और 4 सेमी हैं। इन्हें पिघलाकर एक नए अर्धगोले में ढाला गया है। नए बने अर्धगोले का कुल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल लगभग कितना होगा?
	$163cm^2$ 163सेमी^{2}
	$142cm^3$ 142सेमी^{3}
	$150cm^2$ 150सेमी^{2}
	$138cm^2$ 138सेमी^{2}

Q.No: 62	If all three dimensions of a cuboid are increased by 10%, the volume increases by what percentage? यदि किसी घनाभ के तीनों आयामों में 10% की वृद्धि कर दी जाए, तो आयतन में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होगी?
	10% 10%
	21% 21%
	30% 30%
	33.1% 33.1%

Q.No: 63	A cone is sliced into two sections by a plane that is parallel to its base, with the upper section representing 1/8 of the overall volume. What is the ratio of the heights of the smaller cone to the original cone?

	एक शंकु को उसके आधार के समांतर एक समतल द्वारा दो भागों में काटा गया है, जिसमें ऊपरी भाग कुल आयतन का 1/8 भाग दर्शाता है। छोटे शंकु की ऊँचाई का मूल शंकु से अनुपात क्या है?
	1 : 2 1 : 2
	1 : 7 1 : 7
	5 : 1 5 : 1
	6 : 1 6 : 1

Q.No: 64	If $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ and $\cos B = \frac{12}{13}$, A *and* $B \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$, find $\sin(A + B)$. अगर $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ और $\cos B = \frac{12}{13}$, A *and* $B \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$, खोजो $\sin(A + B)$.
	$\frac{56}{65}$ $\frac{56}{65}$
	$\frac{63}{65}$ $\frac{63}{65}$
	$\frac{33}{65}$ $\frac{33}{65}$
	$\frac{77}{85}$ $\frac{77}{85}$

Q.No: 65	A tower generates a shadow that is 40 meters long when the sun's angle of elevation is 45 degrees. What is the height of the tower? एक मीनार की परछाई 40 मीटर लंबी होती है जब सूर्य का उन्नयन कोण 45 डिग्री होता है। मीनार की ऊँचाई कितनी है?
	50 m 50 मीटर
	40 m 40 मीटर
	20 m 20 मीटर
	10 m 10 मीटर

Q.No: 66	A line y = mx + 2 passes through (3,8). Find m. एक रेखा y = mx + 2, (3,8) से होकर जाती है। m ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5 5
	4 4
	3 3
	2 2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 67	A sector of a circle has a central angle of 120∘ and a radius of 5 cm. Another sector of the same circle has a central angle of 2π/3 radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector?

	एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 120° और त्रिज्या 5 सेमी है। उसी वृत्त के एक अन्य त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 2π/3 रेडियन है। पहले त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	1:1 1:1
	3:4 3:4
	2:3 2:3 5:6 5:6

Q.No: 68	What is the measure of each interior angle in a regular eight-sided polygon? एक नियमित आठ भुजाओं वाले बहुभुज में प्रत्येक आंतरिक कोण का माप क्या है?
	120° 120°
	135° 135°
	150° 150°
	165° 165°

Q.No: 69	In a trapezoid, the two parallel sides are in the ratio 3:5. If the height of the trapezoid is 10 cm and its total area is 240 cm^2, determine the lengths of the parallel sides. एक समलम्ब चतुर्भुज में, दो समांतर भुजाएँ 3:5 के अनुपात में हैं। यदि समलम्ब चतुर्भुज की ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है और इसका कुल क्षेत्रफल 240 वर्ग सेमी है, तो समांतर भुजाओं की लंबाई ज्ञात कीजिए।

	15 cm and 25 cm 15 सेमी और 25 सेमी
	18 cm and 30 cm 18 सेमी और 30 सेमी
	20 cm and 40 cm 20 सेमी और 40 सेमी
	30 cm and 50 cm 30 सेमी और 50 सेमी

Q.No: 70	△ABC has sides AB=5 cm, BC=6 cm, AC=7 cm. △XYZ is congruent to △ABC. What is the perimeter of △XYZ? △ABC की भुजाएँ AB=5 सेमी, BC=6 सेमी, AC=7 सेमी हैं। △XYZ, △ABC के सर्वांगसम है। △XYZ का परिमाप क्या है?
	13 cm 13 सेमी
	18 cm 18 सेमी
	20 cm 20 सेमी
	24 cm 24 सेमी

Q.No: 71	Given, $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = 4$, then what is $x + \frac{1}{x}$? दिया गया है, $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = 4$, तो क्या है $x + \frac{1}{x}$?
	15 15
	14

	14
	16 16 17 17

Q.No: 72	If $cotA = 2$, then $sinA - cosA$ = ? अगर$cotA = 2$, तब $sinA - cosA$ = ?
	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$ $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
	0 0
	$\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{3}{5}$

Q.No: 73	A circle has radius 7 cm. A tangent is drawn from an external point P. If the length of the tangent is 24 cm, what is the distance from P to the center of the circle? एक वृत्त की त्रिज्या 7 सेमी है। बाह्य बिंदु P से एक स्पर्श रेखा खींची गई है। यदि स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई 24 सेमी है, तो P से वृत्त के केंद्र की दूरी क्या है? 17 cm 17 सेमी
	25 cm

	25 सेमी
	31 cm 31 सेमी
	576 cm 576 सेमी

Q.No: 74	From a point outside a circle, two tangents are drawn to the circle. If one of the tangents measures 12 cm, what is the length of the other tangent? एक वृत्त के बाहर एक बिंदु से वृत्त पर दो स्पर्श रेखाएँ खींची गई हैं। यदि एक स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई 12 सेमी है, तो दूसरी स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई क्या है?
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	11 cm 11 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	14 cm 14 सेमी

Q.No: 75	Evaluate: $(0.04^3 + 0.02^3) \div (0.2^3 + 0.1^3)$ मूल्यांकन करें: $(0.04^3 + 0.02^3) \div (0.2^3 + 0.1^3)$
	0.008 0.008
	0.004 0.004
	0.002

	0.002
	0.016 0.016

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **INVECTIVE**
	Eulogy

	Compliment
	Praise
	Tirade

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **EBULLIENT**
	Depressed
	Dull
	Enthusiastic
	Calm

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Sagacious**
	Insightful
	Wise
	Foolish
	Prudent

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Gall and wormwood**
	Lingering curiosity
	Harmless envy

	Sudden realization or enlightenment
	Deep frustration or resentment

Q.No: 80	Choose the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'a person of high rank or title'.
	Nobble
	Noblie
	Noble
	Nobel

Q.No: 81	Choose the **correctly spelt** word for Expression of mild disapproval
	Expostulation
	Expossulation
	Expostelation
	Expostullation

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'A person who is excessively concerned with minor details'.
	Critic
	Grammarian
	Scholar

	Pedant

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "To leave suddenly and hurriedly".
	Abscond
	Perambulate
	Circumambulate
	Loiter

Q.No: 84	**Fill in the Blanks :** Had they submitted the proposal earlier, they _____ the funding.
	would get
	would have received
	had received
	will have received

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The CEO along with his deputies (1)/ were present during the final negotiations (2)/ with the investors (3)/ and regulators. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)

	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** The storm damaged many houses. Many houses are damaged by the storm.
	Many houses had been damaged by the storm.
	Many houses were damaged by the storm.
	Many houses have been damaged by the storm.

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** If the allegations were substantiated (1)/ and procedural lapses proven, the committee might have (2)/ had enough reason to initiate an internal probe (3)/ which never occurred. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The bishop wore a **mitre** embroidered with gold thread.
	The welder fitted a steel mitre joint at a 45° angle.

	The cardinal's mitre was trimmed in crimson.
	The procession displayed an ancient mitre in a glass case.
	The children admired the sparkling mitre on the altar.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The findings were interpreted to have been misrepresented by the spokesperson in the official release. It is believed that the spokesperson misrepresented the findings.
	The official release was said to have misrepresented the spokesperson.
	The spokesperson is believed to have misrepresented the findings.
	It was believed that the spokesperson had misinterpreted the release.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: I ***am liking this movie*** a lot.
	have liked
	like
	liked
	am enjoy this movie

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In contemporary discourse, "free will" is often celebrated as the cornerstone of individual autonomy and democratic agency. Yet, a deeper examination reveals that this perceived freedom may be more constructed than authentic. Modern society, while outwardly championing liberty, subtly engineers conformity through systems of social conditioning, digital surveillance, and algorithmic manipulation. The choices we make—what to wear, what to consume, even what to believe—are frequently shaped less by volition than by invisible frameworks of control. Consumer behavior is a telling example. Market forces, armed with behavioral data and predictive analytics, sculpt preferences before individuals are even conscious of them. Personalization engines masquerade as facilitators of choice, but in reality, they nudge individuals toward decisions already engineered to optimize corporate profit. Similarly, social media platforms curate information ecosystems that reinforce existing biases, creating cognitive echo chambers that masquerade as informed choice. Even political decisions—arguably the most significant expression of agency—are susceptible to manipulation. Campaign strategies leveraging psychographic profiling can influence voting behavior by exploiting psychological vulnerabilities rather than rational deliberation. The illusion of participation, thus, replaces genuine engagement. Moreover, societal norms, instilled through education, media, and cultural traditions, define the boundaries within which 'freedom' operates. A person may "choose" a career path, but that choice is often filtered through expectations shaped by socioeconomic class, geography, and familial pressures. What appears voluntary is often a conditioned response disguised as self-determination. To be clear, this is not an argument for fatalism, but rather a call for awareness. Recognizing the architecture that underpins our choices is the first step toward reclaiming autonomy. True agency, therefore, is not the absence of influence but the conscious interrogation of it. Without such reflection, free will in modern society may remain a comforting mirage rather than an existential reality. What is the central argument of the passage?
	Free will is incompatible with democracy
	True freedom requires interrogation of influences
	Modern society gives full autonomy to individuals
	Autonomy is best achieved through capitalism

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In contemporary discourse, "free will" is often celebrated as the cornerstone of individual autonomy and democratic agency. Yet, a deeper examination reveals that this perceived freedom may be more constructed than authentic. Modern society, while outwardly championing liberty, subtly engineers conformity through systems of social conditioning, digital surveillance, and algorithmic manipulation. The choices we make—what to wear, what to consume, even what to believe—are frequently shaped less by volition than by invisible frameworks of control. Consumer behavior is a telling example. Market forces, armed with behavioral data and predictive analytics, sculpt preferences before individuals are even conscious of them. Personalization engines masquerade as facilitators of choice, but in reality, they nudge individuals toward decisions already engineered to optimize corporate profit. Similarly, social media platforms curate information ecosystems that reinforce existing biases, creating cognitive echo chambers that masquerade as informed choice. Even political decisions—arguably the most significant expression of agency—are susceptible to manipulation. Campaign strategies leveraging psychographic profiling can influence voting behavior by exploiting psychological vulnerabilities rather than rational deliberation. The illusion of participation, thus, replaces genuine engagement. Moreover, societal norms, instilled through education, media, and cultural traditions, define the boundaries within which 'freedom' operates. A person may "choose" a career path, but that choice is often filtered through expectations shaped by socioeconomic class, geography, and familial pressures. What appears voluntary is often a conditioned response disguised as self-determination. To be clear, this is not an argument for fatalism, but rather a call for awareness. Recognizing the architecture that underpins our choices is the first step toward reclaiming autonomy. True agency, therefore, is not the absence of influence but the conscious interrogation of it. Without such reflection, free will in modern society may remain a comforting mirage rather than an existential reality. What is meant by "cognitive echo chambers"?
	Media echoing public opinions
	Repetitive political slogans
	Information environments reinforcing existing beliefs
	Chatbots mimicking users

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In contemporary discourse, "free will" is often celebrated as the cornerstone of individual autonomy and democratic agency. Yet, a deeper examination reveals that this perceived freedom may be more constructed than authentic. Modern society, while outwardly championing liberty, subtly engineers conformity through systems of social conditioning, digital surveillance, and algorithmic manipulation. The choices we make—what to wear, what to consume, even what to believe—are frequently shaped less by volition than by invisible frameworks of control. Consumer behavior is a telling example. Market forces, armed with behavioral data and predictive analytics, sculpt preferences before individuals are even conscious of them. Personalization engines masquerade as facilitators of choice, but in reality, they nudge individuals toward decisions already engineered to optimize corporate profit. Similarly, social media platforms curate information ecosystems that reinforce existing biases, creating cognitive echo chambers that masquerade as informed choice. Even political decisions—arguably the most significant expression of agency—are susceptible to manipulation. Campaign strategies leveraging psychographic profiling can influence voting behavior by exploiting psychological vulnerabilities rather than rational deliberation. The illusion of participation, thus, replaces genuine engagement. Moreover, societal norms, instilled through education, media, and cultural traditions, define the boundaries within which 'freedom' operates. A person may "choose" a career path, but that choice is often filtered through expectations shaped by socioeconomic class, geography, and familial pressures. What appears voluntary is often a conditioned response disguised as self-determination. To be clear, this is not an argument for fatalism, but rather a call for awareness. Recognizing the architecture that underpins our choices is the first step toward reclaiming autonomy. True agency, therefore, is not the absence of influence but the conscious interrogation of it. Without such reflection, free will in modern society may remain a comforting mirage rather than an existential reality. According to the passage, how do personalization algorithms affect consumer choice?
	They eliminate market competition They empower user decisions
	They manipulate preferences subtly
	They increase data privacy

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In contemporary discourse, "free will" is often celebrated as the cornerstone of individual autonomy and democratic agency. Yet, a deeper examination reveals that this perceived freedom may be more constructed than authentic. Modern society, while outwardly championing liberty, subtly engineers conformity through systems of social conditioning, digital surveillance, and algorithmic manipulation. The choices we make—what to wear, what to consume, even what to believe—are frequently shaped less by volition than by invisible frameworks of control. Consumer behavior is a telling example. Market forces, armed with behavioral data and predictive analytics, sculpt preferences before individuals are even conscious of them. Personalization engines masquerade as facilitators of choice, but in reality, they nudge individuals toward decisions already engineered to optimize corporate profit. Similarly, social media platforms curate information ecosystems that reinforce existing biases, creating cognitive echo chambers that masquerade as informed choice. Even political decisions—arguably the most significant expression of agency—are susceptible to manipulation. Campaign strategies leveraging psychographic profiling can influence voting behavior by exploiting psychological vulnerabilities rather than rational deliberation. The illusion of participation, thus, replaces genuine engagement. Moreover, societal norms, instilled through education, media, and cultural traditions, define the boundaries within which 'freedom' operates. A person may "choose" a career path, but that choice is often filtered through expectations shaped by socioeconomic class, geography, and familial pressures. What appears voluntary is often a conditioned response disguised as self-determination. To be clear, this is not an argument for fatalism, but rather a call for awareness. Recognizing the architecture that underpins our choices is the first step toward reclaiming autonomy. True agency, therefore, is not the absence of influence but the conscious interrogation of it. Without such reflection, free will in modern society may remain a comforting mirage rather than an existential reality. Why does the author mention career choices in the context of free will?
	To show how education leads to autonomy To highlight the irrelevance of family
	To illustrate the illusion of self-determination shaped by societal filters
	To argue that class no longer matters

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In contemporary discourse, "free will" is often celebrated as the cornerstone of individual autonomy and democratic agency. Yet, a deeper examination reveals that this perceived freedom may be more constructed than authentic. Modern society, while outwardly championing liberty, subtly engineers conformity through systems of social conditioning, digital surveillance, and algorithmic manipulation. The choices we make—what to wear, what to consume, even what to believe—are frequently shaped less by volition than by invisible frameworks of control. Consumer behavior is a telling example. Market forces, armed with behavioral data and predictive analytics, sculpt preferences before individuals are even conscious of them. Personalization engines masquerade as facilitators of choice, but in reality, they nudge individuals toward decisions already engineered to optimize corporate profit. Similarly, social media platforms curate information ecosystems that reinforce existing biases, creating cognitive echo chambers that masquerade as informed choice. Even political decisions—arguably the most significant expression of agency—are susceptible to manipulation. Campaign strategies leveraging psychographic profiling can influence voting behavior by exploiting psychological vulnerabilities rather than rational deliberation. The illusion of participation, thus, replaces genuine engagement. Moreover, societal norms, instilled through education, media, and cultural traditions, define the boundaries within which 'freedom' operates. A person may "choose" a career path, but that choice is often filtered through expectations shaped by socioeconomic class, geography, and familial pressures. What appears voluntary is often a conditioned response disguised as self-determination. To be clear, this is not an argument for fatalism, but rather a call for awareness. Recognizing the architecture that underpins our choices is the first step toward reclaiming autonomy. True agency, therefore, is not the absence of influence but the conscious interrogation of it. Without such reflection, free will in modern society may remain a comforting mirage rather than an existential reality. What tone best describes the author's perspective?
	Fatalistic and passive Neutral and historical
	Reflective and critical
	Optimistic and persuasive

Q.No: 96	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** Rita said, "I haven't eaten anything."
	Rita said that she didn't eat anything.

	Rita said that she hasn’t eaten anything.
	Rita said that she hadn't eaten anything.
	Rita said that she wasn't eating anything.

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** They said, “We shall overcome this challenge together.”
	They said they will overcome that challenge together.
	They said they should overcome this challenge together.
	They said they would overcome that challenge together.
	They said they shall overcome that challenge together.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The lawyer said that had the evidence not been tampered with, the verdict could have been different.
	“If the evidence had not tampered with, the verdict could change,” said the lawyer.
	“If the evidence were not tampered with, the verdict could have changed,” the lawyer said.
	“Had the evidence not been tampered with, the verdict could have been different,” said the lawyer.
	“Had not the evidence tampered, the verdict may differ,” said he.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. Artificial intelligence is a field of computer science focused on creating machines that can simulate human cognitive functions. 2. This process is used in various applications, from self-driving cars to medical diagnosis systems. 3. This is typically achieved by training machine learning models on vast datasets, allowing them to identify patterns and make predictions. 4. Through this training, an AI system learns to perform specific tasks, such as recognizing objects in images or translating text.
	2, 3, 4, 1
	3, 1, 2, 4
	1, 3, 4, 2
	1, 4, 3, 2

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. Therefore, protecting them is a shared responsibility. 2. Coral reefs are vital marine ecosystems. 3. They provide habitats for countless species and protect coastlines. 4. Pollution and climate change pose severe threats to their survival.
	2-1-3-4 2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1
	2-3-4-1

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
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Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

D I N, I N S, N S X, S X C, ?

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **D I N, I N S, N S X, S X C, ?**
	LKA LKA
	JNA JNA
	GVA GVA
	XCH XCH

Q.No: 2	If 6 @ 2 = 9, 15 @ 3 =125, then 8 @ 4 = ? अगर 6 @ 2 = 9, 15 @ 3 = 125, तो 8 @ 4 = ?
	4 4
	8 8
	16 16
	10 10
Not Answered	

Q.No: 3	Choose the correct signs to swap. 40 ÷ 8 + 10 – 5 × 2 = 5

	अदला-बदली के लिए सही चिह्न चुनें। 40 ÷ 8 + 10 – 5 × 2 = 5
	÷ and × ÷ और ×
	+ and – + और –
	÷ and + ÷ और +
	– and × – और ×
Not Answered	

Q.No: 4	A is the brother of B. B is the sister of C. C is the brother of D. How is B related to D? A, B का भाई है। B, C की बहन है। C, D का भाई है। B का D से क्या संबंध है?
	Sister बहन
	Aunt चाची
	Niece भतीजी
	Can’t say कह नहीं सकतें

Q.No: 5	Solve: FD : KH :: QM : ?

	हल करें : FD : KH :: QM : ?
	VP VP
	WT WT
	VQ VQ
	UW UW

Q.No: 6	What comes next: **13, 16, 21, 30, 45, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **13, 16, 21, 30, 45, ?**
	70 70
	66 66
	67 67
	68 68

Q.No: 7	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Rising noise pollution in urban areas is affecting children's concentration. Conclusion I: Urban children can't study well. Conclusion II: Controlling noise pollution may improve children's concentration. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यान से पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: शहरी क्षेत्रों में बढ़ता ध्वनि प्रदूषण बच्चों की एकाग्रता को प्रभावित कर रहा है। निष्कर्ष I: शहरी बच्चे अच्छी तरह से पढ़ाई नहीं कर सकते। निष्कर्ष II: ध्वनि प्रदूषण को नियंत्रित करने से बच्चों की एकाग्रता में सुधार हो सकता है।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 8	Identify the odd one out: इनमें से विषम को पहचानें:
	121 121 131 131
	444 444
	544

544

Not Answered

Q.No: 9	**Instruction:** Identify the assumptions that must hold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option. **Statement:** The introduction of Artificial Intelligence into healthcare systems can enhance diagnostic accuracy, but its widespread implementation may lead to ethical dilemmas in patient care. **Assumptions:** I. AI can improve healthcare diagnostics. II. The ethical concerns surrounding AI in healthcare are significant. III. AI will eventually replace human healthcare professionals. **निर्देश:** कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक मान्यताओं की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें। **कथन:** स्वास्थ्य सेवा प्रणालियों में आर्टिफिशियल इंटेलिजेंस की शुरूआत निदान सटीकता को बढ़ा सकती है, लेकिन इसके व्यापक कार्यान्वयन से रोगी देखभाल में नैतिक दुविधाएँ पैदा हो सकती हैं। **मान्यताएँ:** I. AI स्वास्थ्य सेवा निदान में सुधार कर सकता है। II. स्वास्थ्य सेवा में AI से जुड़ी नैतिक चिंताएँ महत्वपूर्ण हैं। III. AI अंततः मानव स्वास्थ्य सेवा पेशेवरों की जगह ले लेगा।
	Only I and II are implicit केवल I और II निहित हैं
	Only II and III are implicit केवल II और III निहित हैं
	All I, II and III are implicit सभी I, II और III निहित हैं
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है

Q.No: 10	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All metro stations are under CCTV surveillance. Conclusions: I. Activities at metro stations are being monitored. II. No criminal activity can happen in metro stations. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सभी मेट्रो स्टेशन सीसीटीवी निगरानी में हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. मेट्रो स्टेशनों पर गतिविधियों पर नज़र रखी जा रही है। II. मेट्रो स्टेशनों पर कोई आपराधिक गतिविधि नहीं हो सकती।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 11	Direction: Study the information carefully and answer the given questions. Eight People Tina, Raj, Dia, Viraj, Soma, Meena, Neha and Ria are living in an eight-storey building, but not necessarily in the same order. The ground floor is numbered 1 and the floor above it is numbered 2, and so on, until the topmost floor is numbered 8. Dia lives on the lowermost floor. Only three people live between Dia and Ria. Tina lives on the 4th floor. Only two people live between Tina and Raj. Only five people live between Viraj and Soma. Neha lives on an odd numbered floor. Only one person lives between Meena and Viraj. Who lives three floors below the one who lives immediate below Raj?

निर्देश: दी गई जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

आठ व्यक्ति टीना, राज, दीया, विराज, सोमा, मीना, नेहा और रिया एक आठ मंजिला इमारत में रहते हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। भूतल को 1 से क्रमांकित किया गया है और उसके ऊपर की मंजिल को 2 से क्रमांकित किया गया है, और इसी प्रकार सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल को 8 से क्रमांकित किया जाता है। दीया सबसे निचली मंजिल पर रहती है। दीया और रिया के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति रहते हैं। टीना चौथी मंजिल पर रहती है। टीना और राज के बीच केवल दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। विराज और सोमा के बीच केवल पाँच व्यक्ति रहते हैं। नेहा विषम क्रमांकित मंजिल पर रहती है। मीना और विराज के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति रहता है।

राज के ठीक नीचे रहने वाले व्यक्ति से तीन मंजिल नीचे कौन रहता है?

Neha

नेहा

Tina

टीना

Dia

दीया

Raj

राज

Not Answered

Q.No: 12 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
No painters are athletes. Some artists are athletes. All artists are painters.

Conclusions:
I. Some painters are athletes.
II. Some athletes are not painters.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: कोई भी चित्रकार एथलीट नहीं है। कुछ कलाकार एथलीट हैं। सभी कलाकार चित्रकार हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ चित्रकार एथलीट हैं। II. कुछ एथलीट चित्रकार नहीं हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 13	Find the odd one out: Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Arctic, Mediterranean इनमें से विषम चुनें: प्रशांत, अटलांटिक, हिंद, आर्कटिक, भूमध्य सागर
	Pacific प्रशांत Atlantic अटलांटिक
	Mediterranean भूमध्य सागर

	Arctic आर्कटिक

Q.No: 14	If CLOUD is coded as BKNTC, how is RAINY written? अगर CLOUD को BKNTC के रूप में कोड किया जाता है, तो RAINY को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	QZHMX QZHMX
	QZHLX QZHLX
	QZHLW QZHLW QZHMV QZHMV

Q.No: 15	In each of the following questions, a specific alphabetical pattern is applied to the first set of letters to form the second. Apply the same logic to find the missing term that relates to the third set in the same way. Choose the correct option from the given alternatives. **AEFJ : KOPT :: ? : QUVZ** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले अक्षरों के समूह को दूसरे समूह में बदलने के लिए एक विशिष्ट वर्णमाला क्रम लागू किया गया है। इसी तर्क का प्रयोग करके तीसरे समूह से संबंधित लुप्त पद ज्ञात कीजिए। दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनिए। **AEFJ : KOPT :: ? : QUVZ** HKQL HKQL
	GLKP GLKP
	GKLP

	GKLP
	HLKP HLKP

Q.No: 16	TEACHER is to CLASSROOM as SURGEON is to: जिस प्रकार TEACHER को CLASSROOM लिखा जाता है, उसी प्रकार SURGEON को क्या लिखा जाएगा?
	PATIENT PATIENT
	SCALPEL SCALPEL
	OPERATION OPERATION
	OT (Operation Theatre) OT (Operation Theatre)

Q.No: 17	What is the sum of the first 10 terms of the series? 1, 3, 5, 7, ...? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला के प्रथम 10 पदों का योग क्या है? 1, 3, 5, 7, ...?
	90 90
	100 100
	110 110
	120

	120

Q.No: 18	What comes next? BYD, DWF, FUH, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? BYD, DWF, FUH, ?
	HSJ HSJ
	IQK IQK
	HQJ HQJ JQL JQL

Q.No: 19	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	Troposphere क्षोभ मंडल Stratosphere स्ट्रैटोस्फियर
	Hydrosphere हीड्रास्फीयर
	Mesosphere मीसोस्फीयर

Q.No: 20	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	Retina रेटिना
	Cornea कॉर्निया
	Iris आइरिस
	Femur जांध की हड्डी

Q.No: 21	In a certain code, NIGHT is written as OHJIS How will LIGHT be written? एक निश्चित कोड में, NIGHT को OHJIS लिखा जाता है। LIGHT को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	MHJIS MHJIS
	KJHIS KJHIS
	LIHIS LIHIS
	MIHIS MIHIS

Q.No: 22	"Pointing to a woman, John says, “She is the wife of my uncle’s only son.” How is the woman related to John? एक महिला की ओर इशारा करते हुए जॉन कहता है, “वह मेरे चाचा के इकलौते बेटे की पत्नी है।” वह महिला जॉन से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Sister

	बहन
	Cousin चचेरा
	Sister-in-law भाभी
	Niece भतीजी

Q.No: 23	If × = +, + = -, - = ×; then 4 × 5 + 2 - 3 = ? यदि × = +, + = -, - = ×; तो 4 × 5 + 2 - 3 = ?
	3 3
	7 7
	35 35
	29 29

Q.No: 24	If the sum of 13 and 39 is multiplied by 2, what is the result? यदि 13 और 39 के योग को 2 से गुणा किया जाए तो परिणाम क्या होगा?
	100 100
	104 104

	106 106 110 110

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination.25 , 32 , 46 , 67 , 97 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 25, 32, 46, 67, 97
	32 32
	46 46
	97 97
	67 67

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	What is the contribution of Vikram Sarabhai Space Centre (VSSC) to India's space program? भारत के अंतरिक्ष कार्यक्रम में विक्रम साराभाई अंतरिक्ष केंद्र (वीएसएससी) का क्या योगदान है?
	Launch site for ISRO missions

	इसरो मिशन के लिए प्रक्षेपण स्थल
	Designs and builds launch vehicles प्रक्षेपण वाहनों का डिजाइन और निर्माण
	Trains Indian astronauts भारतीय अंतरिक्ष यात्रियों को प्रशिक्षित करता है
	Controls ISRO satellites इसरो उपग्रहों को नियंत्रित करता है

Q.No: 27	The "Atal Innovation Mission (AIM)" is a flagship initiative to promote innovation and entrepreneurship in India. Which of the following is a key component or program under AIM? "अटल इनोवेशन मिशन (एआईएम)" भारत में नवाचार और उद्यमिता को बढ़ावा देने के लिए एक प्रमुख पहल है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा एआईएम के तहत एक प्रमुख घटक या कार्यक्रम है?
	Skill India Centers कौशल भारत केंद्र
	Startup India Seed Fund Scheme स्टार्टअप इंडिया सीड फंड योजना
	Atal Tinkering Labs (ATLs) अटल टिंकरिंग लैब्स (एटीएल)
	Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) प्रधानमंत्री कौशल विकास योजना (पीएमकेवीवाई)

Q.No: 28	The integration of the princely states into the Indian Union after 1947 involved a complex interplay of political negotiation, popular movements, and, at times, coercion. Which of the following factors most significantly undermined the initial aspirations of some princely rulers to maintain independent or autonomous status? 1947 के बाद रियासतों के भारतीय संघ में एकीकरण में राजनीतिक बातचीत, लोकप्रिय आंदोलनों और कई बार जबरदस्ती की जटिल अंतर्क्रिया शामिल थी। निम्नलिखित में से किस कारक ने कुछ रियासतों की स्वतंत्र या स्वायत्त स्थिति बनाए रखने की शुरुआती आकांक्षाओं को सबसे महत्वपूर्ण रूप से कमजोर किया?
	The overwhelming military superiority of the newly formed Pakistani state, compelling the rulers to seek protection within India.

	नवगठित पाकिस्तानी राज्य की अत्यधिक सैन्य श्रेष्ठता के कारण शासकों को भारत में सुरक्षा लेने के लिए बाध्य होना पड़ा। The consistent and unwavering support provided by the British government to the princely states seeking independence. स्वतंत्रता चाहने वाली रियासतों को ब्रिटिश सरकार द्वारा प्रदान किया गया निरंतर और अटूट समर्थन।
	The strong undercurrent of popular will within the princely states favoring accession to India, often expressed through organized movements and protests. रियासतों के भीतर भारत में विलय के पक्ष में लोकप्रिय इच्छा की प्रबल भावना, अक्सर संगठित आंदोलनों और विरोध प्रदर्शनों के माध्यम से व्यक्त की जाती थी।
	The economic prosperity and stability offered by remaining independent, making integration into the financially strained Indian Union unattractive. स्वतंत्र रहने से प्राप्त होने वाली आर्थिक समृद्धि और स्थिरता, वित्तीय रूप से तनावग्रस्त भारतीय संघ में एकीकरण को अनाकर्षक बनाती है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 29	The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) was introduced as part of: भारतीय न्याय संहिता (बीएनएस) को इसके भाग के रूप में पेश किया गया था:
	The effort to codify personal laws. व्यक्तिगत कानूनों को संहिताबद्ध करने का प्रयास।
	The effort to modernize and decolonize India's criminal justice system. भारत की आपराधिक न्याय प्रणाली को आधुनिक बनाने और उपनिवेशवाद मुक्त करने का प्रयास।
	The new taxation policy. नई कराधान नीति।
	A trade agreement. एक व्यापार समझौता।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	Digboi, Moran, Sivasagar, and Naharkatiya oil fields are located in which of the following regions of India? डिगबोई, मोरन, शिवसागर और नहरकटिया तेल क्षेत्र भारत के निम्नलिखित में से किस क्षेत्र में स्थित हैं? Aravalli and Delhi Ridge

	अरावली और दिल्ली रिज
	Deccan Plateau दक्कन का पठार
	North-Eastern India पूर्वोत्तर भारत
	Western Coastal Plains पश्चिमी तटीय मैदान

Q.No: 31	The term 'svaravalis' refers to what in the context of Indian classical music? भारतीय शास्त्रीय संगीत के संदर्भ में 'स्वरावली' शब्द का क्या अर्थ है? A specific type of raga राग का एक विशिष्ट प्रकार
	A melody composed using the seven notes of the scale स्केल के सात स्वरों का उपयोग करके रचित एक राग
	Ornamentation and embellishment of a raga राग का अलंकरण और ठाठ A rhythmic cycle used in carnatic music कर्नाटक संगीत में प्रयुक्त एक लयबद्ध चक्र
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Consider the following physiographic features. 1. Tors 2. Spurs 3. Block Mountains Which of the feature/features given above is/are found in the peninsular plateau of India?

	निम्नलिखित भौतिक विशेषताओं पर विचार करें। 1. टोर 2. स्पर्स 3. ब्लॉक पर्वत उपर्युक्त विशेषता/विशेषताओं में से कौन सी/कौन सी विशेषता भारत के प्रायद्वीपीय पठार में पाई जाती है/हैं?
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3 3 only केवल 3
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1, 2, and 3 1, 2, और 3
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	Which of the following building materials were primarily used in constructing Purana Qila? पुराना किला के निर्माण में मुख्य रूप से निम्नलिखित में से किस निर्माण सामग्री का उपयोग किया गया था?
	Granite and lime plaster ग्रेनाइट और चूने का प्लास्टर
	Concrete and red bricks कंक्रीट और लाल ईंटें
	Sandstone and marble बलुआ पत्थर और संगमरमर
	Wood and terracotta लकड़ी और टेराकोटा

Q.No: 34	During the Solung festival celebrated by the Adi tribe of Arunachal Pradesh, which traditional drink is shared to promote social bonding? अरुणाचल प्रदेश की आदि जनजाति द्वारा मनाए जाने वाले सोलुंग त्योहार के दौरान सामाजिक बंधन को बढ़ावा देने के लिए कौन सा पारंपरिक पेय साझा किया जाता है?
	Soma सोम
	Apong अपोंग
	Thukpa थुकपा Chhang छांग

Q.No: 35	The drainage system at Mohenjodaro was notable because each house was connected to: मोहनजोदड़ो की जल निकासी प्रणाली उल्लेखनीय थी क्योंकि प्रत्येक घर निम्नलिखित से जुड़ा हुआ था:
	An underground water tank एक भूमिगत पानी की टंकी
	A central pillar for support समर्थन के लिए एक केंद्रीय स्तंभ
	A covered street drain एक ढकी हुई सड़क नाली
	A rooftop reservoir छत पर जलाशय

Q.No: 36	Which of the following statements is **correct** regarding the Golden Raid and card system in Kabaddi? कबड्डी में गोल्डन रेड और कार्ड प्रणाली के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?

	A team is allowed two Golden Raids before the result is decided. परिणाम तय होने से पहले एक टीम को दो गोल्डन रेड की अनुमति होती है।
	A Green Card leads to a 2-minute suspension from the game. ग्रीन कार्ड मिलने पर खिलाड़ी को खेल से 2 मिनट के लिए निलंबित कर दिया जाता है।
	A fresh toss is taken if the match is tied even after 5–5 raids. यदि 5-5 रेड के बाद भी मैच बराबर रहता है तो पुनः टॉस लिया जाता है।
	A Red Card results in a warning with no match suspension. रेड कार्ड के परिणामस्वरूप चेतावनी दी जाती है, मैच पर कोई प्रतिबंध नहीं लगाया जाता।

Q.No: 37	What was a major challenge for agriculture in the Chola kingdom apart from rocky land? चट्टानी भूमि के अलावा चोल साम्राज्य में कृषि के लिए प्रमुख चुनौती क्या थी?
	Lack of seeds बीजों की कमी
	Lack of labour श्रमिक अभाव
	Irrigation water सिंचाई जल
	Pest infestation कीट संक्रमण

Q.No: 38	Consider the following statements about recent National Basketball Championships: 1) Tamil Nadu won the 74th Senior Men's title; Punjab and Indian Railways were runner-up and second runner-up. 2) Rajasthan won the 39th Youth Boys, and Karnataka won the Youth Girls tournament. Which of the statements is/are **correct?**

	हाल ही में आयोजित राष्ट्रीय बास्केटबॉल चैंपियनशिप के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) तमिलनाडु ने 74वां सीनियर पुरुष खिताब जीता; पंजाब और भारतीय रेलवे उपविजेता और दूसरे उपविजेता रहे। 2) राजस्थान ने 39वां युवा लड़कों का खिताब जीता और कर्नाटक ने युवा लड़कियों का टूर्नामेंट जीता। कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are Correct 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	The “Kaladan Multimodal Transit Transport Project” links India with which country? "कलादान मल्टीमॉडल ट्रांजिट ट्रांसपोर्ट प्रोजेक्ट" भारत को किस देश से जोड़ता है?
	China चीन
	Myanmar म्यांमार
	Bangladesh बांग्लादेश
	Nepal नेपाल

Q.No: 40	'The Namesake' is a famous novel by which Indian-American author?

	'द नेमसेक' किस भारतीय-अमेरिकी लेखक का प्रसिद्ध उपन्यास है?
	Jhumpa Lahiri झुम्पा लाहिड़ी
	Arundhati Roy अरुंधति रॉय
	Chitra Banerjee चित्रा बनर्जी
	Kiran Desai किरण देसाई

Q.No: 41	Which of the following statements is correct regarding population stabilization? जनसंख्या स्थिरीकरण के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
	Stabilization occurs when birth rate exceeds death rate स्थिरीकरण तब होता है जब जन्म दर मृत्यु दर से अधिक हो जाती है
	Stabilization is reached when fertility rate drops to zero स्थिरीकरण तब होता है जब प्रजनन दर शून्य हो जाती है
	Stabilization occurs when birth and death rates are nearly equal स्थिरीकरण तब होता है जब जन्म और मृत्यु दर लगभग बराबर होती हैं
	Stabilization refers to doubling of population every decade स्थिरीकरण का अर्थ है हर दशक में जनसंख्या का दोगुना होना

Q.No: 42	Ajit Doval is known as a key figure in India's strategic affairs, remains the National Security Advisor (NSA). In light of his ongoing tenure and recent developments, which of the following statements **best reflects** his current status as of July 2025? अजीत डोभाल भारत के रणनीतिक मामलों में एक प्रमुख व्यक्ति के रूप में जाने जाते हैं और राष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा सलाहकार (NSA) के पद पर बने हुए हैं। उनके वर्तमान कार्यकाल और हालिया घटनाक्रमों के मद्देनजर, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन जुलाई 2025 तक उनकी वर्तमान स्थिति को सबसे **अच्छी तरह दर्शाता** है?

	Ajit Doval's current tenure as NSA, which began in June 2025, is his first independent term after serving as Principal Advisor on National Security for a decade. एनएसए के रूप में अजीत डोभाल का वर्तमान कार्यकाल, जो जून 2025 में शुरू होगा, एक दशक तक राष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा पर प्रधान सलाहकार के रूप में कार्य करने के बाद उनका पहला स्वतंत्र कार्यकाल है। He holds the ex-officio rank equivalent to a Cabinet Secretary, with his appointment typically for a fixed five-year term irrespective of the government's tenure. वह कैबिनेट सचिव के समकक्ष पद पर होते हैं, तथा उनकी नियुक्ति आमतौर पर सरकार के कार्यकाल से परे, पांच वर्ष की निश्चित अवधि के लिए होती है।
	Having been reappointed for a fresh term in June 2024, his current position is co-terminus with the Prime Minister's term and he holds the rank of a Cabinet Minister. जून 2024 में नए कार्यकाल के लिए पुनर्नियुक्त होने के बाद, उनका वर्तमान पद प्रधानमंत्री के कार्यकाल के साथ समाप्त हो जाएगा और उन्हें कैबिनेट मंत्री का दर्जा प्राप्त होगा।
	As NSA, his primary role is to chair the National Security Council (NSC), where he holds voting power on all key security policy decisions, including those related to defence procurement. एनएसए के रूप में उनकी प्राथमिक भूमिका राष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा परिषद (एनएससी) की अध्यक्षता करना है, जहां उनके पास रक्षा खरीद से संबंधित निर्णयों सहित सभी प्रमुख सुरक्षा नीति निर्णयों पर मतदान का अधिकार है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 43	Which of the following combinations of athletics winners at the 2025 National Games is entirely **correct?** 2025 राष्ट्रीय खेलों में एथलेटिक्स विजेताओं का निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा संयोजन पूरी तरह से **सही है?**
	Parul Chaudhary – 3000m steeplechase; Jyothi Yarraji – 100m hurdles पारुल चौधरी – 3000 मीटर स्टीपलचेज़; ज्योति यारा़जी – 100 मीटर बाधा दौड़
	Lovlina – 100m hurdles; Amoj Jacob – Shot Put लवलीना – 100 मीटर बाधा दौड़; अमोज जैकब – शॉटपुट
	Swapnil Kusale – Boxing; Sarabjot – Sprint स्वप्निल कुसाले - मुक्केबाजी; सरबजोत - स्प्रिंट
	Amoj Jacob – Wrestling; Jyothi – Relay अमोज जैकब - कुश्ती; ज्योति - रिले
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	Under Article 258A, what power is granted to States? अनुच्छेद 258ए के तहत राज्यों को क्या शक्ति प्रदान की गई है?
	States need Presidential assent to assign functions to Union राज्यों को संघ को कार्य सौंपने के लिए राष्ट्रपति की सहमति की आवश्यकता है
	Governor can entrust Union tasks to State Legislature with President's consent राज्यपाल राष्ट्रपति की सहमति से संघीय कार्यों को राज्य विधानमंडल को सौंप सकते हैं
	State Legislature can entrust Union work to State officers with Centre's approval राज्य विधानमंडल केंद्र की मंजूरी से राज्य के अधिकारियों को संघीय कार्य सौंप सकता है
	State Government can, with Union's consent, assign Union functions to its officers राज्य सरकार संघ की सहमति से अपने अधिकारियों को संघ के कार्य सौंप सकती है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 45	**Read the following statements about the photoelectric effect:** 1. The kinetic energy of emitted photoelectrons increases with increasing intensity of incident light. 2. The photoelectric effect demonstrates the particle nature of light. 3. There is a threshold frequency below which no photoemission occurs, regardless of light intensity. Which of the above statements are **correct?** प्रकाश-विद्युत प्रभाव के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथन पढ़ें: 1. उत्सर्जित प्रकाश-इलेक्ट्रॉनों की गतिज ऊर्जा, आपतित प्रकाश की तीव्रता बढ़ने पर बढ़ती है। 2. प्रकाश-विद्युत प्रभाव प्रकाश की कणिकीय प्रकृति को दर्शाता है। 3. एक सीमा आवृत्ति होती है जिसके नीचे प्रकाश की तीव्रता चाहे जो भी हो, कोई प्रकाश-उत्सर्जन नहीं होता है। उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन सत्य हैं? 1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3

	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	**Fill in the Blank:** Ghoomar was originally performed to worship _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** **घूमर मूल रूप से _____ की पूजा करने के लिए किया जाता था।**
	Shiva शिव
	Saraswati सरस्वती
	Krishna कृष्ण
	Ganesha गणेश

Q.No: 47	Which new element was incorporated in the 2023 edition of the Logistics Performance Index (LPI)? लॉजिस्टिक्स परफॉर्मेंस इंडेक्स (LPI) के 2023 संस्करण में कौन सा नया तत्व शामिल किया गया?
	It evaluates only land-based transport systems यह केवल भूमि-आधारित परिवहन प्रणालियों का मूल्यांकन करता है
	It ranks countries based on tourism potential यह पर्यटन क्षमता के आधार पर देशों को रैंक करता है
	It includes indicators measuring trade speed using big data इसमें बड़े डेटा का उपयोग करके व्यापार की गति को मापने वाले संकेतक शामिल हैं
	It excludes lower-income economies from the analysis

	यह विश्लेषण से निम्न-आय वाली अर्थव्यवस्थाओं को बाहर रखता है

Q.No: 48	Which institute has been studying the Pensilungpa Glacier in Zanskar, Ladakh, to monitor its retreat and mass balance? कौन सा संस्थान लद्दाख के ज़ांस्कर में पेनसिलुंगपा ग्लेशियर का अध्ययन कर रहा है, ताकि इसके पीछे हटने और द्रव्यमान संतुलन की निगरानी की जा सके?
	Indian National Centre for Ocean Information Services (INCOIS) भारतीय राष्ट्रीय महासागर सूचना सेवा केंद्र (आईएनसीओआईएस)
	Wadia Institute of Himalayan Geology (WIHG) वाडिया हिमालय भूविज्ञान संस्थान (डब्ल्यूआईएचजी)
	Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute (CMFRI) केंद्रीय समुद्री मत्स्य अनुसंधान संस्थान (सीएमएफआरआई)
	Zoological Survey of India (ZSI) भारतीय प्राणी सर्वेक्षण(जेडएसआई)

Q.No: 49	Earth's atmosphere reaches what height approximately(Kármán line)? पृथ्वी का वायुमंडल लगभग कितनी ऊंचाई तक पहुंचता है (कारमन रेखा)?
	100 km 100 किमी
	1000 km 1000 किमी
	10,000 km 10,000 किमी
	100,000 km 100,000 किमी

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Article 300 allows legal suits against State Governments. 2. The term 'Government of India' is a legal entity under Article 300. Which of the above is/are **correct**? निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अनुच्छेद 300 राज्य सरकारों के विरुद्ध कानूनी मुकदमों की अनुमति देता है। 2. अनुच्छेद 300 के अंतर्गत 'भारत सरकार' शब्द एक कानूनी इकाई है। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51 Solve: $(\sqrt{6400}-\sqrt{2401}) \times (\frac{1}{4})$

हल करना: $(\sqrt{6400}-\sqrt{2401}) \times (\frac{1}{4})$

7.75

	7.75
	8.75 8.75
	9.75 9.75
	10.75 10.75

Q.No: 52	Solve: $(\sqrt{5776}-\sqrt{4761}) \times (\frac{1}{2})$ हल करना: $(\sqrt{5776}-\sqrt{4761}) \times (\frac{1}{2})$
	3.5 3.5
	4.5 4.5
	6.5 6.5
	7.5 7.5

Q.No: 53	If 40% of A = 0.5 of B = $\frac{1}{4}$ of C, then what is A: B: C? यदि A का 40% = B का 0.5 = C का $\frac{1}{4}$ तो A: B: C क्या है? 5 : 4 : 2 5 : 4 : 2
	10 : 8 : 5

	10 : 8 : 5
	5 : 4 : 8 5 : 4 : 8
	5 : 10 : 20 5 : 10 : 20
Not Answered	

Q.No: 54	Two containers of equal capacity filled with milk and water. The first contains milk and water in the ratio 2 : 3, and the second in the ratio 3 : 2. The mixtures are then combined. What is the ratio of milk to water in the resulting mixture? बराबर क्षमता वाले दो बर्तन दूध और पानी से भरे हुए हैं। पहले बर्तन में दूध और पानी का अनुपात 2 : 3 है, और दूसरे बर्तन में 3 : 2 है। फिर मिश्रण को मिलाया जाता है। परिणामी मिश्रण में दूध और पानी का अनुपात क्या है?
	1:1 1:1
	2:3 2:3
	3:2 3:2
	5:5 5:5

Q.No: 55	A pair of shoes is listed at ₹ 800. After two successive discounts, it is sold for ₹ 612. If the first discount offered was 10%, what was the second discount percentage? एक जोड़ी जूते का मूल्य ₹ 800 है। दो क्रमिक छूट के बाद इसे ₹ 612 में बेचा जाता है। यदि दी गई पहली छूट 10% थी, तो दूसरी छूट का प्रतिशत क्या था?
	12% 12%
	14%

	14%
	15% 15%
	18% 18%

Q.No: 56	A retailer marked a product 60% above its cost price. He provided two successive discounts of 25% and 10%. If he earned a profit of ₹160, what was the cost price of the product? एक खुदरा विक्रेता ने एक उत्पाद को उसके लागत मूल्य से 60% अधिक मूल्य पर अंकित किया। उसने 25% और 10% की दो क्रमिक छूट प्रदान की। यदि उसने ₹160 का लाभ कमाया, तो उत्पाद का लागत मूल्य क्या था?
	₹2000 ₹2000
	₹2500 ₹2500
	₹1080 ₹1080
	₹1000 ₹1000

Q.No: 57	If$(x + \frac{2}{x} = 7)$, find the value of$x^3 + \frac{8}{x^3}$. यदि $(x + \frac{2}{x} = 7)$, तो $x^3 + \frac{8}{x^3}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	256 256
	301 301

	352 352
	298 298

Q.No: 58	An educational fund of ₹6,00,000 earns simple interest at 9% per annum. This annual interest is used to grant three scholarships. If the first and third scholarships are ₹18,000 and ₹22,000 respectively, what is the value of the second scholarship? ₹6,00,000 के एक शैक्षिक कोष पर 9% प्रति वर्ष साधारण ब्याज मिलता है। इस वार्षिक ब्याज का उपयोग तीन छात्रवृत्तियाँ प्रदान करने के लिए किया जाता है। यदि पहली और तीसरी छात्रवृत्तियाँ क्रमशः ₹18,000 और ₹22,000 हैं, तो दूसरी छात्रवृत्ति का मूल्य क्या है?
	₹14,000 ₹14,000
	₹16,000 ₹16,000 ₹18,000 ₹18,000
	₹20,000 ₹20,000
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	Suppose ₹X is invested, and after 2 years at 5% simple interest, it yields ₹Y interest. If ₹Y is then invested for 2 years at 5% simple interest, it yields ₹Z interest. Which of the following is true? मान लीजिए ₹X का निवेश किया जाता है, और 2 वर्ष बाद 5% साधारण ब्याज पर, इस पर ₹Y ब्याज मिलता है। यदि ₹Y को 2 वर्ष के लिए 5% साधारण ब्याज पर निवेश किया जाता है, तो इस पर ₹Z ब्याज मिलता है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य है?
	$Y = X + Z$ $Y = X + Z$
	$Y^2 = XZ$

	$Y^2 = XZ$
	$X = Y + Z$ $X = Y + Z$ $X^2 = Y + Z$ $X^2 = Y + Z$

Q.No: 60	An airplane flying at a height of 300 m notices the angles of depression to two boats located on opposite sides as 45° and 30°. Find the distance between the two boats. 300 मीटर की ऊंचाई पर उड़ता एक हवाई जहाज विपरीत दिशाओं में स्थित दो नावों के अवनमन कोण 45° और 30° देखता है। दोनों नावों के बीच की दूरी ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$300(\sqrt{3} - 1)$ m $300(\sqrt{3} - 1)$ मीटर
	$300\sqrt{3}$ m $300\sqrt{3}$ मीटर
	$300\,(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})$ m $300\,(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})$ मीटर
	$300(\sqrt{3} + 1)$ m $300(\sqrt{3} + 1)$ मीटर

Q.No: 61	A statue that is 1.6 meters in height is positioned on top of a pedestal. From a location on the ground, the angle of elevation to the top of the statue measures 60 degrees, while the angle of elevation to the top of the pedestal from the same point is 45 degrees. Determine the height of the pedestal. एक प्रतिमा जिसकी ऊँचाई 1.6 मीटर है, एक आधारस्तंभ (पेडेस्टल) के ऊपर स्थित है। जमीन पर एक बिंदु से, प्रतिमा के शीर्ष तक का उन्नयन कोण 60° है, जबकि उसी बिंदु से आधारस्तंभ के शीर्ष तक का उन्नयन कोण 45° है। आधारस्तंभ की ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।

	$0.8(\sqrt{3}-1)$ m $0.8(\sqrt{3}-1)$ मीटर
	$1.6(\sqrt{3}-1)$ m $1.6(\sqrt{3}-1)$ मीटर
	$0.8(\sqrt{3}+1)$ m $0.8(\sqrt{3}+1)$ मीटर
	$1.6(\sqrt{3}+1)$ m $1.6(\sqrt{3}+1)$ मीटर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 62	The inner and outer radius of a hollow hemispherical shell are 7 cm and 14 cm respectively. Find the approximate volume of the metal used. एक खोखले अर्धगोलाकार खोल की आंतरिक और बाहरी त्रिज्याएँ क्रमश: 7 सेमी और 14 सेमी हैं। प्रयुक्त धातु का लगभग आयतन ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5987.25 cm^3 5987.25 सेमी ^{3}
	5026.33 cm^3 5026.33 सेमी ^{3}
	4500.8 cm^3 4500.8 सेमी ^{3} 5500 cm^3 5500 सेमी ^{3}
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A right circular cone is divided into two sections by a plane that is parallel to the base, with the volumes of the frustum and the smaller cone having a ratio of 7:1. Determine the ratio of their heights.

	एक समकोण वृत्तीय शंकु को उसके आधार के समांतर एक तल द्वारा दो भागों में विभाजित किया गया है। इन भागों में से एक एक छोटा शंकु है और दूसरा एक खंड (फ्रसटम)। यदि खंड और छोटे शंकु के आयतनों का अनुपात 7:1 है, तो उनके ऊँचाइयों का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1:1 1:1
	1:7 1:7
	5:1 5:1
	6:1 6:1
Not Answered	

Q.No: 64	If the side of a regular hexagon is doubled, what happens to its area? यदि एक समषट्भुज की भुजा को दोगुना कर दिया जाए, तो उसके क्षेत्रफल पर क्या प्रभाव पड़ेगा?
	Doubled दोगुनी Tripled तीन गुना
	Quadrupled चार गुना
	Increases 6 times 6 गुना बढ़ जाता है

Q.No: 65	A cylindrical storage container has a base radius of 3 cm. It is designed with sections whose heights form an arithmetic progression, starting from 2 cm for the bottom section and reaching 10 cm for the topmost section, covering a total of 5 sections. What is the total volume of the container? (Use $\pi \approx 3.14$)

	एक बेलनाकार भंडारण पात्र की आधार त्रिज्या 3 सेमी है। इसे ऐसे खंडों में डिज़ाइन किया गया है जिनकी ऊँचाई एक अंकगणितीय क्रम में है, जो सबसे निचले भाग के लिए 2 सेमी से शुरू होकर सबसे ऊपरी भाग के लिए 10 सेमी तक है, और कुल 5 खंडों को कवर करती है। पात्र का कुल आयतन क्या है? (π≈3.14 का प्रयोग करें)
	753.6 cm^3 753.6 सेमी ^{3}
	847.8 cm^3 847.8 सेमी ^{3}
	942.0 cm^3 942.0 सेमी ^{3}
	1130.4 cm^3 1130.4 सेमी ^{3}
Not Answered	

Q.No: 66	Find slope of line $7x + 4y = 8$. $7x + 4y = 8$ रेखा का ढाल ज्ञात कीजिए
	$-\frac{7}{4}$ $-\frac{7}{4}$
	$\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$
	$-\frac{4}{7}$ $-\frac{4}{7}$
	$\frac{4}{7}$ $\frac{4}{7}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 67	What is the total sum of the exterior angles of any polygon, one at each vertex? किसी बहुभुज के प्रत्येक शीर्ष पर एक बाह्य कोणों का कुल योग क्या होता है?
	180° 180°
	360° 360°
	Depends on the number of sides पक्षों की संख्या पर निर्भर करता है
	540° 540°

Q.No: 68	In triangle ABC, medians AD, BE, and CF intersect at the Centroid G. If the area of triangle ABC is 60 cm^2, what is the area of triangle GBC? त्रिभुज ABC में, माध्यिकाएँ AD, BE और CF केन्द्रक G पर प्रतिच्छेद करती हैं। यदि त्रिभुज ABC का क्षेत्रफल 60 वर्ग सेमी है, तो त्रिभुज GBC का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	10 cm^2 10 cm^2
	15 cm^2 15 cm^2
	20 cm^2 20 cm^2
	30 cm^2 30 cm^2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 69	Given, $\frac{\sqrt{5+x}+\sqrt{5-x}}{\sqrt{5+x}-\sqrt{5-x}} = 3$, then what is the value of x?

	दिया गया है, $\frac{\sqrt{5+x}+\sqrt{5-x}}{\sqrt{5+x}-\sqrt{5-x}} = 3$, तो x का मान क्या है?
	3 3
	4 4
	5 5 2 2

Q.No: 70	Two circles have radii in the ratio $2 : 1$. The length of a direct common tangent is 8 cm, and the distance between their centers is 10 cm. What is the radius of the smaller circle? दो वृत्तों की त्रिज्याएँ इस अनुपात में हैं $2 : 1$. एक सीधी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई है8 सेमी, और उनके केंद्रों के बीच की दूरी है 10 सेमी. छोटे वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	3 cm 3 सेमी
	4 cm 4 सेमी
	5 cm 5 सेमी
	6 cm 6 सेमी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 71	In a circle having a radius 10 cm, a chord is 6 cm away from the center. Find the length of the chord.

	10 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त में, एक जीवा केंद्र से 6 सेमी दूर है। जीवा की लंबाई ज्ञात कीजिए।
	16 cm 16 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	14 cm 14 सेमी
	18 cm 18 सेमी

Q.No: 72	If $tanA + cotA = 4$ and $tanA \cdot cotA = 1$, find $tan^2A + sec^2A$. यदि $tanA + cotA = 4$ और $tanA \cdot cotA = 1$, तो ज्ञात कीजिए$tan^2A + sec^2A$
	$14 + 8\sqrt{3}$ $14 + 8\sqrt{3}$
	$15 + 8\sqrt{3}$ $15 + 8\sqrt{3}$
	$16 + 6\sqrt{2}$ $16 + 6\sqrt{2}$
	$13 + 4\sqrt{3}$ $13 + 4\sqrt{3}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 73	If $\sin A = \frac{2x}{1+x^2}$, what is $cosA$? $\sin A = \frac{2x}{1+x^2}$, $cosA$ क्या है ?

	$\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}$ $\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}$
	$\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}$ $\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}$
	$\frac{2x}{1-x^2}$ $\frac{2x}{1-x^2}$
	$\frac{1-x^2}{2x}$ $\frac{1-x^2}{2x}$

Q.No: 74	Simplify: $(0.25^3 + 0.05^3) \div (0.5^3 + 0.1^3)$ सरल करें: $(0.25^3 + 0.05^3) \div (0.5^3 + 0.1^3)$
	0.25 0.25
	0.125 0.125
	0.5 0.5
	0.75 0.75

Q.No: 75	Find the value of $(0.05^3 + 0.005^3) \div (0.25^3 + 0.025^3)$

	$(0.05^3 + 0.005^3) \div (0.25^3 + 0.025^3)$का मान ज्ञात कीजिए
	1/5 1/5 1/25 1/25
	1/125 1/125
	1/625 1/625

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **18 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **COMPLAISANT**
	Insecure

	Anxious
	Alert
	Submissive

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Opprobrium**
	Disgrace
	Contempt
	Honor
	Censure

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **The sword of Damocles**
	A pleasant illusion
	A constant threat hanging over someone
	A royal invitation
	A wise judgment

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Keeps a good table**
	Serves generous and high-quality meals

	Maintains a disciplined home
	Follows religious rules strictly
	Provides food to the poor regularly

Q.No: 80	Which is the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'clever or skillful'?
	Adept
	Adapt
	Addept
	Adeptt

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'One who lives entirely for pleasure'.
	Hermit
	Reveler
	Glutton
	Epicure

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'A person who believes in fate or destiny'.
	Dreamer
	Realist

	Idealist
	Fatalist

Q.No: 83	**Select the appropriate word form:** The policy's lack of clarity led to widespread _____.
	confuse
	confusing
	confusion
	confused

Q.No: 84	**Select the correct option:** She arrived at the interview ten minutes early, ___ showed professionalism. what
	which
	that
	this

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The CEO demanded that the report is submitted (1)/ to the board (2)/ not later than Wednesday afternoon (3)/ for immediate evaluation. (4)/
	(1)

	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** No sooner had the proposal been circulated (1)/ that objections were raised (2)/ regarding its feasibility and financial implications (3)/ across all departments. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** They feed the animals twice a day.
	The animals are fed twice a day.
	The animals were fed twice a day.
	The animals are being fed twice a day.
	The animals have been fed twice a day.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The cleric wore a silk **amice** over his alb during the liturgy.
	The altar server retrieved the amice from the vestry.
	The novelist described her protagonist's scarf as an amice.
	The bishop adjusted the amice before the blessing.
	The amice was embroidered with gold thread.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The draft is understood to have been reviewed by the legal department last week.
	The legal department is understood to have reviewed the draft last week.
	The draft was reviewed last week, as is understood.
	It was understood the legal team is reviewing the draft.
	The draft understood itself to be reviewed.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He is ***having a car*** for five years.
	has
	had
	has had
	is having

Q.No: 91	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He worked very hard ***lest he may fail***.
	in order that he does not fail
	for not failing
	lest he should fail
	so that he did not fail

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the tapestry of human civilization, communication functions as the warp thread—a foundational axis around which all societal patterns are woven. Far from being a mere conduit of information, communication embodies the dynamic interplay of perception, cognition, intention, and empathy. The profound necessity of communication arises not solely from the need to disseminate knowledge or coordinate actions, but from the imperative to construct meaning, cultivate understanding, and negotiate the complex terrain of human relationships. Historically, communication has been the catalytic force behind societal transformation—from the oral traditions that preserved mythological cosmologies to the written word that enabled legal systems and codified morality. The printing press, the telegraph, and now digital media are not just technological milestones; they are paradigmatic shifts in the communicative capacity of humankind. Each advancement has not only expanded the velocity and reach of messages but has also redefined the epistemological contours of truth, authority, and discourse. At the interpersonal level, communication is far from unidirectional. It encompasses verbal, non-verbal, and paralinguistic dimensions that function in concert to convey nuance and intention. Eye contact, silence, body posture, and even prosody become carriers of latent meaning—often transcending the spoken word. The failure to decode or acknowledge these layers frequently leads to misapprehension, conflict, or alienation. Thus, effective communication is not merely the transmission of speech, but the art of calibrated expression and attentive reception. In professional and organizational contexts, the strategic deployment of communication is pivotal. It determines leadership efficacy, influences team cohesion, and governs decision-making processes. Hierarchical structures often obfuscate open communication, resulting in informational asymmetries and the erosion of institutional trust. In contrast, transparent, dialogic, and inclusive communication frameworks nurture a culture of accountability and innovation. Cultural semiotics also shape communication, embedding within language a constellation of values, assumptions, and power dynamics. What is deemed assertive in one cultural matrix may be interpreted as aggressive in another. Consequently, intercultural communication necessitates a heightened awareness of contextual sensitivity, linguistic pluralism, and implicit biases. In an era marked by algorithmic echo chambers and hyper-mediated realities, the ethical imperative of responsible communication becomes paramount. The virality of misinformation, the commodification of attention, and the erosion of discourse norms threaten the democratic fabric of societies. Hence, communicative competence today must be coupled with critical media literacy, epistemic humility, and ethical discernment. Ultimately, communication is not ancillary to human existence—it is constitutive of it. To communicate is to assert presence, to co-create reality, and to engage in the continuous reconstitution of the social world. In its highest form, communication becomes a moral act: a commitment to understanding, mutuality, and the transcendence of solipsism. Which of the following best encapsulates the primary thesis of the passage?
	Communication is a tool for fast information delivery.
	It is an act of linguistic persuasion.
	Communication is foundational to constructing shared human realities.

It functions primarily as a cultural symbol across civilizations.

Not Answered

Q.No: 93 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

In the tapestry of human civilization, communication functions as the warp thread—a foundational axis around which all societal patterns are woven. Far from being a mere conduit of information, communication embodies the dynamic interplay of perception, cognition, intention, and empathy. The profound necessity of communication arises not solely from the need to disseminate knowledge or coordinate actions, but from the imperative to construct meaning, cultivate understanding, and negotiate the complex terrain of human relationships. Historically, communication has been the catalytic force behind societal transformation—from the oral traditions that preserved mythological cosmologies to the written word that enabled legal systems and codified morality. The printing press, the telegraph, and now digital media are not just technological milestones; they are paradigmatic shifts in the communicative capacity of humankind. Each advancement has not only expanded the velocity and reach of messages but has also redefined the epistemological contours of truth, authority, and discourse. At the interpersonal level, communication is far from unidirectional. It encompasses verbal, non-verbal, and paralinguistic dimensions that function in concert to convey nuance and intention. Eye contact, silence, body posture, and even prosody become carriers of latent meaning—often transcending the spoken word. The failure to decode or acknowledge these layers frequently leads to misapprehension, conflict, or alienation. Thus, effective communication is not merely the transmission of speech, but the art of calibrated expression and attentive reception. In professional and organizational contexts, the strategic deployment of communication is pivotal. It determines leadership efficacy, influences team cohesion, and governs decision-making processes. Hierarchical structures often obfuscate open communication, resulting in informational asymmetries and the erosion of institutional trust. In contrast, transparent, dialogic, and inclusive communication frameworks nurture a culture of accountability and innovation. Cultural semiotics also shape communication, embedding within language a constellation of values, assumptions, and power dynamics. What is deemed assertive in one cultural matrix may be interpreted as aggressive in another. Consequently, intercultural communication necessitates a heightened awareness of contextual sensitivity, linguistic pluralism, and implicit biases. In an era marked by algorithmic echo chambers and hyper-mediated realities, the ethical imperative of responsible communication becomes paramount. The virality of misinformation, the commodification of attention, and the erosion of discourse norms threaten the democratic fabric of societies. Hence, communicative competence today must be coupled with critical media literacy, epistemic humility, and ethical discernment. Ultimately, communication is not ancillary to human existence—it is constitutive of it. To communicate is to assert presence, to co-create reality, and to engage in the continuous reconstitution of the social world. In its highest form, communication becomes a moral act: a commitment to understanding, mutuality, and the transcendence of solipsism.

In the context of intercultural communication, what is implied by the phrase “constellation of values”?

	Cultures are astronomically defined.
	Values are isolated and static in different cultures.
	Communication patterns are random across cultures.
	Communication carries embedded assumptions and norms shaped by culture.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the tapestry of human civilization, communication functions as the warp thread—a foundational axis around which all societal patterns are woven. Far from being a mere conduit of information, communication embodies the dynamic interplay of perception, cognition, intention, and empathy. The profound necessity of communication arises not solely from the need to disseminate knowledge or coordinate actions, but from the imperative to construct meaning, cultivate understanding, and negotiate the complex terrain of human relationships. Historically, communication has been the catalytic force behind societal transformation—from the oral traditions that preserved mythological cosmologies to the written word that enabled legal systems and codified morality. The printing press, the telegraph, and now digital media are not just technological milestones; they are paradigmatic shifts in the communicative capacity of humankind. Each advancement has not only expanded the velocity and reach of messages but has also redefined the epistemological contours of truth, authority, and discourse. At the interpersonal level, communication is far from unidirectional. It encompasses verbal, non-verbal, and paralinguistic dimensions that function in concert to convey nuance and intention. Eye contact, silence, body posture, and even prosody become carriers of latent meaning—often transcending the spoken word. The failure to decode or acknowledge these layers frequently leads to misapprehension, conflict, or alienation. Thus, effective communication is not merely the transmission of speech, but the art of calibrated expression and attentive reception. In professional and organizational contexts, the strategic deployment of communication is pivotal. It determines leadership efficacy, influences team cohesion, and governs decision-making processes. Hierarchical structures often obfuscate open communication, resulting in informational asymmetries and the erosion of institutional trust. In contrast, transparent, dialogic, and inclusive communication frameworks nurture a culture of accountability and innovation. Cultural semiotics also shape communication, embedding within language a constellation of values, assumptions, and power dynamics. What is deemed assertive in one cultural matrix may be interpreted as aggressive in another. Consequently, intercultural communication necessitates a heightened awareness of contextual sensitivity, linguistic pluralism, and implicit biases. In an era marked by algorithmic echo chambers and hyper-mediated realities, the ethical imperative of responsible communication becomes paramount. The virality of misinformation, the commodification of attention, and the erosion of discourse norms threaten the democratic fabric of societies. Hence, communicative competence today must be coupled with critical media literacy, epistemic humility, and ethical discernment. Ultimately, communication is not ancillary to human existence—it is constitutive of it. To communicate is to assert presence, to co-create reality, and to engage in the continuous reconstitution of the social world. In its highest form, communication becomes a moral act: a commitment to understanding, mutuality, and the transcendence of solipsism. According to the passage, what role do non-verbal cues primarily serve in interpersonal communication?
	They replace verbal communication entirely.
	They act as secondary embellishments.
	They convey subtle or latent meanings often missed by verbal speech.

They are irrelevant in professional contexts.

Not Answered

Q.No: 95 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

In the tapestry of human civilization, communication functions as the warp thread—a foundational axis around which all societal patterns are woven. Far from being a mere conduit of information, communication embodies the dynamic interplay of perception, cognition, intention, and empathy. The profound necessity of communication arises not solely from the need to disseminate knowledge or coordinate actions, but from the imperative to construct meaning, cultivate understanding, and negotiate the complex terrain of human relationships. Historically, communication has been the catalytic force behind societal transformation—from the oral traditions that preserved mythological cosmologies to the written word that enabled legal systems and codified morality. The printing press, the telegraph, and now digital media are not just technological milestones; they are paradigmatic shifts in the communicative capacity of humankind. Each advancement has not only expanded the velocity and reach of messages but has also redefined the epistemological contours of truth, authority, and discourse. At the interpersonal level, communication is far from unidirectional. It encompasses verbal, non-verbal, and paralinguistic dimensions that function in concert to convey nuance and intention. Eye contact, silence, body posture, and even prosody become carriers of latent meaning—often transcending the spoken word. The failure to decode or acknowledge these layers frequently leads to misapprehension, conflict, or alienation. Thus, effective communication is not merely the transmission of speech, but the art of calibrated expression and attentive reception. In professional and organizational contexts, the strategic deployment of communication is pivotal. It determines leadership efficacy, influences team cohesion, and governs decision-making processes. Hierarchical structures often obfuscate open communication, resulting in informational asymmetries and the erosion of institutional trust. In contrast, transparent, dialogic, and inclusive communication frameworks nurture a culture of accountability and innovation. Cultural semiotics also shape communication, embedding within language a constellation of values, assumptions, and power dynamics. What is deemed assertive in one cultural matrix may be interpreted as aggressive in another. Consequently, intercultural communication necessitates a heightened awareness of contextual sensitivity, linguistic pluralism, and implicit biases. In an era marked by algorithmic echo chambers and hyper-mediated realities, the ethical imperative of responsible communication becomes paramount. The virality of misinformation, the commodification of attention, and the erosion of discourse norms threaten the democratic fabric of societies. Hence, communicative competence today must be coupled with critical media literacy, epistemic humility, and ethical discernment. Ultimately, communication is not ancillary to human existence—it is constitutive of it. To communicate is to assert presence, to co-create reality, and to engage in the continuous reconstitution of the social world. In its highest form, communication becomes a moral act: a commitment to understanding, mutuality, and the transcendence of solipsism.

What does the passage suggest is the consequence of informational asymmetry within hierarchical institutions?

	Increased productivity due to streamlined authority.
	Erosion of institutional trust and communication breakdown.
	Faster decision-making due to lack of dissent.
	Decentralization of organizational roles.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 96	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** In the tapestry of human civilization, communication functions as the warp thread—a foundational axis around which all societal patterns are woven. Far from being a mere conduit of information, communication embodies the dynamic interplay of perception, cognition, intention, and empathy. The profound necessity of communication arises not solely from the need to disseminate knowledge or coordinate actions, but from the imperative to construct meaning, cultivate understanding, and negotiate the complex terrain of human relationships. Historically, communication has been the catalytic force behind societal transformation—from the oral traditions that preserved mythological cosmologies to the written word that enabled legal systems and codified morality. The printing press, the telegraph, and now digital media are not just technological milestones; they are paradigmatic shifts in the communicative capacity of humankind. Each advancement has not only expanded the velocity and reach of messages but has also redefined the epistemological contours of truth, authority, and discourse. At the interpersonal level, communication is far from unidirectional. It encompasses verbal, non-verbal, and paralinguistic dimensions that function in concert to convey nuance and intention. Eye contact, silence, body posture, and even prosody become carriers of latent meaning—often transcending the spoken word. The failure to decode or acknowledge these layers frequently leads to misapprehension, conflict, or alienation. Thus, effective communication is not merely the transmission of speech, but the art of calibrated expression and attentive reception. In professional and organizational contexts, the strategic deployment of communication is pivotal. It determines leadership efficacy, influences team cohesion, and governs decision-making processes. Hierarchical structures often obfuscate open communication, resulting in informational asymmetries and the erosion of institutional trust. In contrast, transparent, dialogic, and inclusive communication frameworks nurture a culture of accountability and innovation. Cultural semiotics also shape communication, embedding within language a constellation of values, assumptions, and power dynamics. What is deemed assertive in one cultural matrix may be interpreted as aggressive in another. Consequently, intercultural communication necessitates a heightened awareness of contextual sensitivity, linguistic pluralism, and implicit biases. In an era marked by algorithmic echo chambers and hyper-mediated realities, the ethical imperative of responsible communication becomes paramount. The virality of misinformation, the commodification of attention, and the erosion of discourse norms threaten the democratic fabric of societies. Hence, communicative competence today must be coupled with critical media literacy, epistemic humility, and ethical discernment. Ultimately, communication is not ancillary to human existence—it is constitutive of it. To communicate is to assert presence, to co-create reality, and to engage in the continuous reconstitution of the social world. In its highest form, communication becomes a moral act: a commitment to understanding, mutuality, and the transcendence of solipsism. The phrase “epistemic humility” in the passage most likely refers to which of the following?
	Reluctance to speak in public discourse.
	Acceptance of one’s cultural superiority.
	Awareness of the limits of one’s knowledge in communicative contexts.

	Dependence on traditional forms of communication.

Not Answered

Q.No: 97	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** He remarked that the sculpture would have commanded greater gravitas had the pedestal been proportionally austere.
	He said, "The sculpture would have commanded greater gravitas had the pedestal been proportionally austere."
	He said, "If the pedestal is proportionally austere, the sculpture commands greater gravitas."
	He said, "The sculpture will command greater gravitas if the pedestal had been austere."
	He said, "Had the pedestal been austere, the sculpture must have commanded greater gravitas."

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "Why did you lie to me?"
	She asked why I lied to her.
	She asked why I had lied to her.
	She asked why had I lied to her. She asked why did I lie to her.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. Machine learning models require large datasets to train. 2. Data preprocessing ensures that the input is clean and formatted correctly. 3. The model is tested to evaluate its accuracy. 4. Once trained, the model can be deployed for real-world applications.
	2-1-3-4

	3-1-2-4
	1-2-3-4
	4-3-2-1

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. The first step is to recognize unhealthy patterns. 2. Breaking bad habits requires discipline and self-awareness. 3. Seeking support from friends or professionals can be helpful. 4. Consistency in applying new behaviors is key to lasting change.
	2-1-3-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1
	2-3-1-4

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Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

C F J, H K O, M P T, ?

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है। **C F J, H K O, M P T, ?**
	RAS RAS
	RYS RYS
	TSG TSG
	RUY RUY

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. S-50, Gokul Dham,Ajmer Road, Jaipur,Rajasthan - 302006 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। S-50, Gokul Dham,Ajmer Road, Jaipur,Rajasthan - 302006
	S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Haryana - 302006 S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Haryana - 302006
	S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Madhya Pradesh - 302006 S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Madhya Pradesh - 302006
	S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Gujarat - 302006 S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Gujarat - 302006
	S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302006 S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302006

Q.No: 3	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Sample Address:27, White Orchid Complex,S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad,Gujarat - 380054 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Sample Address:27, White Orchid Complex,S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad,Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054 27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27 White Orchid Complex, SG Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054 27 White Orchid Complex, SG Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, SG. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054 27, White Orchid Complex, SG. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, S.G Highway, Ahmadabad, Gujarat - 380054 27, White Orchid Complex, S.G Highway, Ahmadabad, Gujarat - 380054

Q.No: 4	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statement: A large number of city dwellers are subscribing to organic vegetable delivery services. Conclusion I. People are becoming more health conscious. Conclusion II. Supermarkets are no longer preferred. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: शहर में रहने वाले लोगों की बड़ी आबादी जैविक सब्जी वितरण सेवाओं की सदस्यता ले रहे हैं। निष्कर्ष I. लोग स्वास्थ्य के प्रति अधिक जागरूक हो रहे हैं। निष्कर्ष II. सुपरमार्केट अब पसंद नहीं किए जाते हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows

	केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both follows दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 5	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statements: I. The government launched a financial literacy mission. II. Many citizens remain unaware of basic banking facilities. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: I. सरकार ने एक वित्तीय साक्षरता मिशन शुरू किया। II. कई नागरिक बुनियादी बैंकिंग सुविधाओं से अनभिज्ञ हैं।
	I is the cause and II is the effect. I कारण है और II प्रभाव है।
	II is the cause and I is the effect. II कारण है और I प्रभाव है।
	Both are effects of the same cause. दोनों एक ही कारण के प्रभाव हैं।
	No relation. इनमें कोई संबंध नहीं है

Q.No: 6	Find out the WRONG number in the given series. 336, 246, 166, 94, 36, -14 दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 336, 246, 166, 94, 36, -14

	94 94
	166 166
	246 246
	36 36
Not Answered	

Q.No: 7	Read the given statement and conclusions carefully. Decide which of the given conclusions is/are definitely TRUE from the statement. Statement: P > Q < S ≤ T = R ≥ U > V Conclusion I: Q < R Conclusion II: U > T दिए गए कथन और निष्कर्षों को ध्यान से पढ़ें। निर्णय लें कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष कथन से निश्चित रूप से सत्य है/हैं। कथन: P > Q < S ≤ T = R ≥ U > V निष्कर्ष I: Q < R निष्कर्ष II: U > T
	Only Conclusion I is True. केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है। Only Conclusion II is True. केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है। Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are True. निष्कर्ष I और निष्कर्ष II दोनों सत्य हैं।
	Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are False. निष्कर्ष I और निष्कर्ष II दोनों असत्य हैं।

Q.No: 8	Which two signs should be interchanged to make the given equation CORRECT? 97 × 23 - 18 + 9 ÷ 3 = 66 दिए गए समीकरण को सही बनाने के लिए किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना चाहिए? 97 × 23 - 18 + 9 ÷ 3 = 66
	× and + × और +
	× and ÷ × और ÷
	÷ and - ÷ और - + and - + और -

Q.No: 9	If "+" means subtraction, "-" means division, "×" means addition, and "÷" means multiplication, then find: 16 ÷ 2 – 4 + 3 × 5 = ? अगर "+" का अर्थ घटाना है, "-" का अर्थ भाग है, "×" का अर्थ जोड़ है, और "÷" का अर्थ गुणा है, तो ज्ञात कीजिए: 16 ÷ 2 – 4 + 3 × 5 = ?
	27 27
	10 10
	25 25
	20

	20

Q.No: 10	A is the only daughter of B, who is the only son of C. How is A related to C? A, B की एकमात्र पुत्री है, जो C का एकमात्र पुत्र है। A का C से क्या संबंध है?
	Daughter पुत्री Sister बहन
	Granddaughter पोती
	Cousin चचेरी

Q.No: 11	In the following question, find out the alternative that will replace the question mark. SEAT : TEAS :: ROPE : ? निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, वह विकल्प ज्ञात कीजिए जो प्रश्न चिह्न के स्थान पर आएगा। SEAT : TEAS :: ROPE : ?
	PEOR PEOR
	PERO PERO
	EPRO EPRO
	EOPR EOPR

Q.No: 12	What comes next: **2, 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **2, 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, ?**
	65 65
	63 63
	61 61
	67 67

Q.No: 13	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: India imports large quantities of crude oil every year. Conclusions: I. India is not self-sufficient in oil production. II. All oil consumed in India is imported. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: भारत हर वर्ष बड़ी मात्रा में कच्चे तेल का आयात करता है। निष्कर्ष: I. भारत तेल उत्पादन में आत्मनिर्भर नहीं है। II. भारत में खपत होने वाला सारा तेल आयात किया जाता है।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows

	न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 14	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Government vehicles are instructed to avoid using sirens except during emergencies. Conclusions: I. Sirens are often used unnecessarily. II. This will help reduce noise pollution. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सरकारी वाहनों को आपात स्थिति को छोड़कर सायरन का उपयोग न करने का निर्देश दिया जाता है। निष्कर्ष: I. सायरन का प्रयोग अक्सर बिन-ज़रूरी रूप से किया जाता है। II. इससे ध्वनि प्रदूषण कम करने में मदद मिलेगी।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 15	If "ROME" is coded as "VSQI", what is the code for "GREECE"? यदि "ROME" को "VSQI" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "GREECE" का कोड क्या होगा?
	KVIIGI KVIIGI

	KVHHFD KVHHFD KWHHDF KWHHDF
	KVIHHD KVIHHD

Q.No: 16	What comes next? AX, JQ, SJ, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AX, JQ, SJ, ?
	BA BA
	BC BC
	ZC ZC
	YC YC

Q.No: 17	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	Tansen तानसेन Birbal बीरबल

	Abul Fazl अबुल फ़ज़ल
	Tagore टैगोर

Q.No: 18	If **GOAL** is coded as **HPBM**, what is the code for **FAIL**? यदि GOAL को HPBM के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो FAIL के लिए कोड क्या होगा?
	GBJM GBJM
	EBJN EBJN FBKM FBKM
	GAJL GAJL

Q.No: 19	A and B are partners in a business. A invests ₹20,000 for a period of 2 years. B invests ₹30,000 for a period of 3 years. If A's share of the total profit is ₹4,000, what is B's share of the profit? A और B एक व्यवसाय में साझेदार हैं। A, 2 वर्ष की अवधि के लिए ₹20,000 का निवेश करता है। B, 3 वर्ष की अवधि के लिए ₹30,000 का निवेश करता है। यदि कुल लाभ में A का हिस्सा ₹4,000 है, तो लाभ में B का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹9,000 ₹9,000
	₹4,000 ₹4,000
	₹5,000 ₹5,000

	₹7,000 ₹7,000

Q.No: 20	If 9 % 2 = 81 and 8 % 2 = 64, what is 7 % 2? यदि 9 % 2 = 81 और 8 % 2 = 64 है, तो 7 % 2 क्या है? 56 56
	49 49
	45 45 63 63

Q.No: 21	If 4 taps can fill a tank in 15 minutes, how many taps are needed to fill it in 6 minutes? यदि 4 नल एक टैंक को 15 मिनट में भर सकते हैं, तो इसे 6 मिनट में भरने के लिए कितने नलों की आवश्यकता होगी?
	10 10
	8 8 6 6
	5 5

Q.No: 22	If A is the brother of B, B is the sister of C, and C is the father of D, how is A related to D? यदि A, B का भाई है, B, C की बहन है, और C, D का पिता है, तो A, D से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Uncle चाचा
	Father पिता
	Brother भाई
	Cousin चचेरा

Q.No: 23	If '+' means '−', '−' means '×', '×' means '÷', and '÷' means '+', then 20 + 5 × 4 − 2 = ? यदि '+' का अर्थ '−', '−' का अर्थ '×', '×' का अर्थ '÷', और '÷' का अर्थ '+' है, तो 20 + 5 × 4 − 2 = ?
	12 12
	5 5
	16.78 16.78
	17.5 17.5

Q.No: 24	Find the next number in the series : 2, 5, 11, 23, 47, ? श्रृंखला में अगला अंक ज्ञात कीजिए: 2, 5, 11, 23, 47, ?
	95

	95
	97 97 93 93
	99 99

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination.3 , 12 , 48 , 194 , 768 , 3074 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 3 , 12 , 48 , 194 , 768 , 3074
	12, 194 12, 194
	768, 3074 768, 3074
	48 , 194 48 , 194
	194, 3074 194, 3074

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	The Kambala Festival of coastal Karnataka is primarily associated with which of the following traditions? तटीय कर्नाटक का कंबाला महोत्सव मुख्य रूप से निम्नलिखित में से किस परंपरा से जुड़ा हुआ है?
	Temple fairs

	मंदिर मेले
	Classical music शास्त्रीय संगीत
	Buffalo racing भैंसा दौड़
	Tribal rituals आदिवासी अनुष्ठान

Q.No: 27	**Arrange the following historical structures in chronological order of their completion (earliest to latest):** (a) Red Fort, Delhi (b) Jahangir Mahal, Orchha (c) Agra Fort (Akbar) **निम्नलिखित ऐतिहासिक संरचनाओं को उनके निर्माण के कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें (सबसे पहले से लेकर सबसे बाद में):** (a) लाल किला, दिल्ली (b) जहाँगीर महल, ओरछा (c) आगरा किला (अकबर)
	(a) → (b) → (c) (a) → (b) → (c)
	(c) → (b) → (a) (c) → (b) → (a)
	(b) → (c) → (a) (b) → (c) → (a)
	(c) → (a) → (b) (c) → (a) → (b)
Not Answered	

O.No: 28	Determine the correctly matched pair for **Gupta-era obligations.**

	गुप्तकाल के कर्तव्यों/उत्तरदायित्वों से संबंधित सही सुमेलित युग्म की पहचान करें।
	Dasaparadha – fines from ten offences दशपराध - दस अपराधों पर जुर्माना
	Bhoga – free-labour levy भोगा – नि:शुल्क श्रम कर
	Adeya – registry-keeping duty अदेया – रजिस्ट्री रखने का कर्तव्य
	Dhanya – forced labour धन्या – जबरन मजदूरी

Q.No: 29	**Fill in the blanks:** The composition "Guru Bin Kaise Gun Gaaye" is set to the rhythmic cycle known as _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** रचना "गुरु बिन कैसे गुण गाए" को _____ नामक लयबद्ध चक्र पर सेट किया गया है।
	Jhaptaal झपताल
	Keharwa केहरवा
	Teentaal तीनताल
	Roopak रूपक
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	**Fill in the blanks:** According to official rules, a standard table tennis ball has a diameter of :

	रिक्त स्थान भरें: आधिकारिक नियमों के अनुसार, एक मानक टेबल टेनिस गेंद का व्यास होता है:
	38 millimeters 38 मिलीमीटर
	40 millimeters 40 मिलीमीटर
	42 millimeters 42 मिलीमीटर
	44 millimeters 44 मिलीमीटर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Which Rashtrakuta king defeated Parantaka I of the Chola dynasty? किस राष्ट्रकूट राजा ने चोल वंश के परंतक प्रथम को हराया था?
	Krishna I कृष्ण प्रथम
	Dantidurga डेनटिदुर्गा
	Krishna III कृष्ण तृतीय
	Govinda III गोविंदा तृतीय
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Which of the following pairs (Governor-General – Policy followed) is correctly matched? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म (गवर्नर-जनरल - नीति का पालन) सही सुमेलित है?
	Lord Hastings – Anti-expansionist policy

	लॉर्ड हेस्टिंग्स – विस्तारवाद विरोधी नीति
	Marquis of Hastings – Followed fiscal conservatism मार्क्विस ऑफ हेस्टिंग्स - राजकोषीय रूढ़िवाद का पालन किया
	Lord Wellesley – Pursued imperialist conquests लॉर्ड वेलेस्ली - साम्राज्यवादी विजय अभियान
	Henry Dundas – Opposed Charter renewal हेनरी डंडास – चार्टर नवीनीकरण का विरोध किया
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	How is the lane width for athletes in races up to 400 meters determined on a synthetic track? सिंथेटिक ट्रैक पर 400 मीटर तक की दौड़ में एथलीटों के लिए लेन की चौड़ाई कैसे निर्धारित की जाती है?
	Each lane is 2 meters wide, marked by 10 cm lines. प्रत्येक लेन 2 मीटर चौड़ी है, जिसे 10 सेमी की रेखाओं से चिह्नित किया गया है।
	Each lane is 1.22 to 1.25 meters wide, marked by 5 cm lines. प्रत्येक लेन 1.22 से 1.25 मीटर चौड़ी है, जो 5 सेमी की रेखाओं से चिह्नित है।
	Lanes vary in width depending on the number of athletes. एथलीटों की संख्या के आधार पर लेन की चौड़ाई अलग-अलग होती है।
	There are no separate lanes for races up to 400 meters. 400 मीटर तक की दौड़ के लिए कोई अलग लेन नहीं है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	**Examine the statements below and select the most appropriate option.** **Assertion (A):** India's Dornier aircraft aid and OCC role show a shift in its development partnership with Sri Lanka towards defence focus. **Reason (R):** President Disanayaka declined India's maritime security assistance and requested only cultural and financial cooperation.

	नीचे दिए गए कथनों की जाँच कीजिए और सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प चुनिए। **अभिकथन (A):** भारत की डोर्नियर विमान सहायता और ओसीसी की भूमिका, श्रीलंका के साथ उसकी विकास साझेदारी में रक्षा पर ध्यान केंद्रित करने की दिशा में बदलाव दर्शाती है। **कारण (R):** राष्ट्रपति दिसानायका ने भारत की समुद्री सुरक्षा सहायता को अस्वीकार कर दिया और केवल सांस्कृतिक और वित्तीय सहयोग का अनुरोध किया।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	'Half the Night is Gone' is written by which Sahitya Akademi winner? 'हाफ द नाइट इज़ गॉन' किस साहित्य अकादमी विजेता द्वारा लिखी गई है?
	Amitav Ghosh अमिताव घोष
	Amit Chaudhuri अमित चौधरी
	Anuradha Roy अनुराधा रॉय
	Amitabha Bagchi अमिताभ बागची
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	Who won the men’s and women’s recurve titles at the 2024 National Archery Championships held in Jamshedpur?

	जमशेदपुर में आयोजित 2024 राष्ट्रीय तीरंदाजी चैंपियनशिप में पुरुष और महिला रिकर्व खिताब किसने जीते?
	Atanu Das and Deepika Kumari अतनु दास और दीपिका कुमारी
	Dhiraj Bommadevara and Ankita Bhakat धीरज बोम्मदेवरा और अंकिता भक्त
	Dhiraj Bommadevara and Deepika Kumari धीरज बोम्मदेवरा और दीपिका कुमारी
	Pravin Jadhav and Komalika Bari प्रवीण जाधव और कोमलिका बारी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	**Which of the following about the 73rd Inter Services Water Polo Championship 2024–25 is/are correct?** 1.) Hosted by Eastern Naval Command at Dolphin Hill Pool, Visakhapatnam. 2.) Navy defeated Army to win the title. **73वीं अंतर-सेवा वाटर पोलो चैंपियनशिप 2024-25 के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?** 1.) पूर्वी नौसेना कमान द्वारा डॉल्फिन हिल पूल, विशाखापत्तनम में आयोजित। 2.) नौसेना ने सेना को हराकर खिताब जीता।
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	**Fill in the blanks:** Taxes on interstate trade are restricted by Article ____ unless Parliament otherwise provides. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** अंतरराज्यीय व्यापार पर कर अनुच्छेद ____ द्वारा प्रतिबंधित हैं, जब तक कि संसद अन्यथा प्रावधान न करे।
	286 286
	269 269
	276 276
	294 294
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	Read the below statements about enzymes and choose the correct option: 1. Enzymes increase the activation energy of a reaction. 2. Enzymes are specific to substrates due to active site configuration. 3. Enzyme activity is affected by pH and temperature. Which of the above statements are **correct**? एंजाइमों के बारे में नीचे दिए गए कथनों को पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें: 1. एंजाइम अभिक्रिया की सक्रियण ऊर्जा को बढ़ाते हैं। 2. एंजाइम सक्रिय स्थल विन्यास के कारण सब्सट्रेट के लिए विशिष्ट होते हैं। 3. एंजाइम की सक्रियता pH और तापमान से प्रभावित होती है। उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन **सही हैं?** Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct

	केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	Which of the following statements about the Finance Commission of India is **correct?** भारत के वित्त आयोग के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही है?**
	Its recommendations are binding on the Union and State governments. इसकी सिफारिशें केन्द्र और राज्य सरकारों पर बाध्यकारी हैं।
	Its members enjoy a fixed tenure protected from executive removal. इसके सदस्यों को एक निश्चित कार्यकाल मिलता है, जो कार्यकारी निष्कासन से सुरक्षित होता है।
	Its recommendations are advisory in nature and not legally binding. इसकी सिफारिशें सलाहकारी प्रकृति की हैं और कानूनी रूप से बाध्यकारी नहीं हैं।
	It submits its report directly to the Parliament for enactment. यह अधिनियमन के लिए अपनी रिपोर्ट सीधे संसद को प्रस्तुत करता है।

Q.No: 41	According to the 2025 Energy Transition Index, which factor is crucial for attracting long-term investment in energy transition? 2025 ऊर्जा संक्रमण सूचकांक के अनुसार, ऊर्जा संक्रमण में दीर्घकालिक निवेश को आकर्षित करने के लिए कौन सा कारक महत्वपूर्ण है?
	High electricity tariffs उच्च विद्युत शुल्क
	Adaptive and stable policy frameworks अनुकूली और स्थिर नीति ढांचे
	Rapid fossil fuel subsidies तीव्र जीवाश्म ईंधन सब्सिडी
	Deregulated industrial zones विनियंत्रित औद्योगिक क्षेत्र

Not Answered

Q.No: 42	Hojagiri dance, performed by women balancing bottles and lamps, is associated with which tribe and state? बोतलों और लैंप को संतुलित करते हुए महिलाओं द्वारा किया जाने वाला होजागिरी नृत्य किस जनजाति और राज्य से संबंधित है?
	Bodo – Assam बोडो – असम
	Reang – Tripura रियांग – त्रिपुरा
	Angami – Nagaland अंगामी – नागालैंड
	Mishing – Arunachal Pradesh मिशिंग – अरुणाचल प्रदेश

Q.No: 43	What is the main reason for the decline in core inflation across most countries in 2024? 2024 में अधिकांश देशों में कोर मुद्रास्फीति में गिरावट का मुख्य कारण क्या है?
	Fall in service sector productivity सेवा क्षेत्र की उत्पादकता में गिरावट
	Decrease in export demand निर्यात मांग में कमी
	Drop in international commodity prices अंतर्राष्ट्रीय वस्तुओं की कीमतों में गिरावट
	Increase in fiscal deficit राजकोषीय घाटे में वृद्धि

Not Answered

Q.No: 44	What is meant by 'mixed economy'? 'मिश्रित अर्थव्यवस्था' से क्या तात्पर्य है?
	Only private sector केवल निजी क्षेत्र
	Only public sector केवल सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र
	Both private and public sectors निजी और सार्वजनिक दोनों क्षेत्रों
	Only foreign companies केवल विदेशी कंपनियां

Q.No: 45	What is the key objective of India's **Green Credit Programme**, recently operationalised under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986? पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 के तहत हाल ही में शुरू किए गए भारत के **ग्रीन क्रेडिट कार्यक्रम** का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या है?
	Generate green bonds for renewable industries नवीकरणीय उद्योगों के लिए हरित बांड तैयार करना
	Reward voluntary environmental actions by individuals or entities व्यक्तियों या संस्थाओं द्वारा स्वैच्छिक पर्यावरणीय कार्यों को पुरस्कृत करें
	Penalize high carbon footprint industries उच्च कार्बन उत्सर्जन वाले उद्योगों को दंडित करें
	Enforce green finance for real estate sector रियल एस्टेट क्षेत्र के लिए हरित वित्त लागू करें
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	Consider the following statements: 1. Article 131 provides exclusive original jurisdiction to High Courts in federal disputes. 2. The Supreme Court can adjudicate disputes between States under Article 131. Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

	निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अनुच्छेद 131 संघीय विवादों में उच्च न्यायालयों को अनन्य आरंभिक अधिकारिता प्रदान करता है। 2. सर्वोच्च न्यायालय अनुच्छेद 131 के अंतर्गत राज्यों के बीच विवादों का निपटारा कर सकता है। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन **सा सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 47	Which reform enabled MNCs to enter India? किस सुधार ने बहुराष्ट्रीय कम्पनियों को भारत में प्रवेश करने में सक्षम बनाया?
	Land Reform भूमि सुधार
	Globalisation भूमंडलीकरण
	Labour Law श्रम कानून
	Swadeshi स्वदेशी

Q.No: 48	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). **Assertion (A):** The disinvestment policy has been widely criticized in India. **Reason (R):** It resulted in increased market monopoly by public sector undertakings. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) के संबंध में सही विकल्प चुनिए। अभिकथन (A): भारत में विनिवेश नीति की व्यापक रूप से आलोचना की गई है। कारण (R): इसके परिणामस्वरूप सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों का बाजार एकाधिकार बढ़ गया।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false but R is true. A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	What is the most notable feature of the Rouf dance of Kashmir? कश्मीर के रौफ नृत्य की सबसे उल्लेखनीय विशेषता क्या है?
	Colorful costumes रंग-बिरंगी वेशभूषा
	Hand gestures हस्त संकेत
	Footwork of dancers नर्तकों के पैरों की गति
	Musical instruments संगीत वाद्ययंत्र
Not Answered	

Q.No: 50	Which matched pair is incorrect? कौन सा सुमेलित युग्म गलत है?
	Mesosphere - meteors burn मध्यमंडल - उल्कापिंड जलते हैं
	Stratosphere - ozone layer समताप मंडल - ओजोन परत
	Exosphere - tropospheric clouds बहिर्मंडल - क्षोभमंडलीय बादल
	Thermosphere - ISS orbit थर्मोस्फीयर - आईएसएस कक्षा
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: 19 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name	: E

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

1

Q.No: 51 Simplify the expression: $\sqrt{(9+4\sqrt{5})}$

व्यंजक को सरल करें:: $\sqrt{(9+4\sqrt{5})}$

	√5 + 2 √5 + 2
	3 + √5 3 + √5
	2 + √6 2 + √6
	3 + √4 3 + √4

Q.No: 52	If 25% of A = 20% of B = 10% of C, find A : B : C. यदि A का 25% = B का 20% = C का 10%, तो A : B : C ज्ञात कीजिए।
	4 : 5 : 10 4 : 5 : 10
	10 : 5 : 4 10 : 5 : 4
	5 : 4 : 10 5 : 4 : 10
	2 : 3 : 5 2 : 3 : 5

Q.No: 53	**Which of the following is correct?** (i) √7 + √2 > √6 + √3 (ii) √7 + √2 < √6 + √3 (iii) √7 + √2 = √6 + √3

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सही है? (i) √7 + √2 > √6 + √3 (ii) √7 + √2 < √6 + √3 (iii) √7 + √2 = √6 + √3
	(i) (i)
	(ii) (ii)
	(iii) (iii)
	(i), (ii) and (iii) (i), (ii) और (iii)

Q.No: 54	A laptop is priced at ₹40,000. A customer gets a discount of ₹4,000 on it. After the discount, the customer buys a mouse for ₹1,500 at a 20% discount. What is the total amount the customer spends on both items? एक लैपटॉप की कीमत ₹40,000 है। एक ग्राहक को इस पर ₹4,000 की छूट मिलती है। छूट के बाद, ग्राहक 20% छूट पर ₹1,500 में एक माउस खरीदता है। ग्राहक दोनों वस्तुओं पर कुल कितनी राशि खर्च करता है?
	₹35,500 ₹35,500
	₹36,500 ₹36,500
	₹37,200 ₹37,200
	₹38,600 ₹38,600

Q.No: 55	Two pipes A and B can fill a tank in 18 and 24 minutes respectively. After both are opened together for 6 minutes, the rate of pipe A becomes half, and pipe B becomes double its original. In how many more minutes will the tank be full? दो पाइप A और B एक टैंक को क्रमशः 18 और 24 मिनट में भर सकते हैं। दोनों को 6 मिनट के लिए एक साथ खोलने के बाद, पाइप A की दर आधी हो जाती है, और पाइप B अपनी मूल दर से दोगुनी हो जाती है। टैंक कितने और मिनट में भर जाएगा?
	3 min 45 sec 3 मिनट 45 सेकंड
	2 min 8 sec 2 मिनट 8 सेकंड
	5 min 42 sec 5 मिनट 42 सेकंड
	6 min 50 sec 6 मिनट 50 सेकंड

Q.No: 56	If $x + \frac{1}{x} = -1$, then compute: $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} + 2x^2 + \frac{2}{x^2}$. यदि $x + \frac{1}{x} = -1$, तो : $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} + 2x^2 + \frac{2}{x^2}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	-3 -3
	3 3
	4 4 -4 -4

Q.No: 57	Sarah lent ₹12000 to John on 10 January 2024 at a simple interest rate of 6% per annum. John plans to pay back the entire amount on 10 July 2024. What is the total amount John needs to return?

	सारा ने 10 जनवरी 2024 को जॉन को 6% प्रति वर्ष की साधारण ब्याज दर पर ₹12000 उधार दिए। जॉन ने 10 जुलाई 2024 को पूरी राशि वापस करने की योजना बनाई है। जॉन को कुल कितनी राशि वापस करनी है? ₹12300 ₹12300
	₹12360 ₹12360
	₹12400 ₹12400 ₹12420 ₹12420

Q.No: 58	If A, B, and C are three amounts of money such that B is the simple interest on A, and C is the simple interest on B, all for the same time and at the same rate of interest, then which of the following is true? यदि A, B और C तीन धनराशियाँ इस प्रकार हैं कि B, A पर साधारण ब्याज है, और C, B पर साधारण ब्याज है, सभी एक ही समय के लिए और एक ही ब्याज दर पर हैं, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सत्य है? $A^2 = BC$ $A^2 = BC$
	$B^2 = AC$ $B^2 = AC$
	$C^2 = AB$ $C^2 = AB$
	$A + B = C$ $A + B = C$

Q.No: 59	A tower is 20 meters tall. What is the length of the shadow cast by the tower when the sun's elevation is 45°?

	एक 20 मीटर ऊँचा मीनार (टावर) है। जब सूर्य की ऊँचाई का कोण (Elevation angle) 45° हो, तब उस मीनार की छाया की लम्बाई क्या होगी?
	10m 10मीटर
	20m 20मीटर
	$20\sqrt{3}$ m $20\sqrt{3}$ मीटर
	$10\sqrt{3}$ m $10\sqrt{3}$ मीटर

Q.No: 60	A hemisphere of radius 5 cm is carved from a sphere. What is the volume of the hemisphere? एक गोले को काटकर 5 सेमी त्रिज्या वाला एक अर्धगोला बनाया गया है। अर्धगोले का आयतन क्या है?
	$\frac{65\pi}{6}$ cm^3 $\frac{65\pi}{6}$ सेमी ^{3}
	$\frac{125\pi}{6}$ cm^3 $\frac{125\pi}{6}$ सेमी ^{3}
	$\frac{250\pi}{3}$ cm^3 $\frac{250\pi}{3}$ सेमी ^{3}
	$\frac{375\pi}{6}$ cm^3 $\frac{375\pi}{6}$ सेमी ^{3}

Q.No: 61	A solid sphere is placed inside a cube such that it touches all six faces. What percentage of the cube's volume is **not** occupied by the sphere? एक ठोस गोला एक घन के भीतर इस प्रकार रखा गया है कि वह घन की सभी छहों सतहों को स्पर्श करता है।तो, घन के आयतन का कितना प्रतिशत भाग गोले द्वारा **नहीं** घेरा गया है?
	47.67% 47.67%
	48.56% 48.56%
	49.28% 49.28%
	42.54% 42.54%

Q.No: 62	The sides of a rectangular prism are in the ratio 4:5:6. If the volume of the prism is $960\ cm^3$ what is the length of its longest side? एक आयताकार प्रिज्म की भुजाएँ 4:5:6 के अनुपात में हैं। यदि प्रिज्म का आयतन है 960 सेमी^{3} इसकी सबसे लंबी भुजा की लंबाई क्या है?
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	16 cm 16 सेमी

Q.No: 63	A conical bucket is cut at one-third its height from the top. What is the ratio of the volumes of the two parts (top part to bottom part)?

	एक शंक्वाकार बाल्टी को उसकी ऊँचाई के एक-तिहाई भाग पर ऊपर से काटा गया है। दोनों भागों (ऊपरी भाग से निचले भाग) के आयतनों का अनुपात क्या है?
	1 : 8 1 : 8
	1 : 26 1 : 26
	1 : 27 1 : 27
	1 : 7 1 : 7

Q.No: 64	If $tanA + cotA = 2$ and $A \in (0, \pi/2)$, then what is $sinA + cosA$? यदि $tanA + cotA = 2$ और $A \in (0, \pi/2)$, तो $sinA + cosA$ क्या है?
	1 1
	$\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$
	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Q.No: 65	What is the value of $\sin 20° \cos 10° + \cos 20° \sin 10°$? $\sin 20° \cos 10° + \cos 20° \sin 10°$ का मान क्या है?
	$\frac{1}{2}$

	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{7}{8}$

Q.No: 66	The graph of y = 4x - 5 passes through which point? y = 4x - 5 का ग्राफ किस बिंदु से होकर गुजरता है?
	(1, -1) (1, -1)
	(0, -5) (0, -5)
	(2, 3) (2, 3)
	All the above उपरोक्त सभी

Q.No: 67	A sector of a circle has a central angle of 60∘ and a radius of 9 cm. Another sector of the same circle has a central angle of $\frac{\pi}{3}$ radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector? एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 60∘ और त्रिज्या 9 सेमी है। उसी वृत्त के एक अन्य त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण है $\frac{\pi}{3}$ रेडियन। पहले सेक्टर के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे सेक्टर के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?

	1:1 1:1
	2:3 2:3
	3:5 3:5
	5:6 5:6

Q.No: 68	A parallelogram is a quadrilateral in which: समांतर चतुर्भुज एक चतुर्भुज है जिसमें: Only one pair of opposite sides is parallel. विपरीत भुजाओं का केवल एक युग्म समांतर होता है।
	All four interior angles are 90° सभी चार आंतरिक कोण 90° हैं
	Opposite sides are parallel and of equal length. विपरीत भुजाएँ समान्तर एवं समान लम्बाई की होती हैं।
	The diagonals are perpendicular. विकर्ण लंबवत हैं।

Q.No: 69	A right-angled triangle has a hypotenuse of 13 cm and one leg of 5 cm. A second right-angled triangle is similar to the first, and its hypotenuse is 39 cm. What is the area of the second triangle? एक समकोण त्रिभुज का कर्ण 13 सेमी और एक भुजा 5 सेमी है। एक दूसरा समकोण त्रिभुज पहले वाले के समरूप है और इसका कर्ण 39 सेमी है। दूसरे त्रिभुज का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	30 cm^2 30 सेमी ^{2}

	90 cm^2 90 सेमी ^{2} 160 cm^2 160 सेमी ^{2}
	270 cm^2 270 सेमी ^{2}

Q.No: 70	In a quadrilateral ABCD, a line segment BD is a diagonal such that AB=CD and ∠ABD=∠CDB. Are the triangles ABD and CDB congruent? If so, by what rule? एक चतुर्भुज ABCD में, रेखाखंड BD एक विकर्ण है जिससे AB=CD और ∠ABD=∠CDB है। क्या त्रिभुज ABD और CDB सर्वांगसम हैं? यदि हाँ, तो किस नियम से?
	Yes, by SSS हाँ, एसएसएस द्वारा
	Yes, by SAS हाँ, एसएएस द्वारा
	Yes, by ASA हाँ, एएसए द्वारा
	No, they are not congruent नहीं, वे सर्वांगसम नहीं हैं

Q.No: 71	$27^3 + 10^3 - 29^3 + 246$ is equal to: $27^3 + 10^3 - 29^3 + 246$बराबर है:
	0 0
	−3460 −3460

	−2860 −2860 1 1

Q.No: 72	If $sinx = \frac{3}{5}$ and $x \in (0, \pi/2)$, then find $\frac{1+\tan x}{1-\tan x}$ यदि $sinx = \frac{3}{5}$ और $x \in (0, \pi/2)$, तो $\frac{1+\tan x}{1-\tan x}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	6 6
	7 7
	8 8
	9 9

Q.No: 73	The length of each of two tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is 10 cm. What is the approximate distance from the external point to the center of the circle, if the radius is 6 cm? एक बाह्य बिंदु से वृत्त पर खींची गई दो स्पर्श रेखाओं की लंबाई 10 सेमी है। यदि त्रिज्या 6 सेमी है, तो बाह्य बिंदु से वृत्त के केंद्र की अनुमानित दूरी क्या है?
	4 cm 4 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी

	16 cm 16 सेमी
Q.No: 74	A circle is inscribed in a right triangle with legs of length 5 and 12. What is the radius of the circle? एक वृत्त एक समकोण त्रिभुज के अन्दर बना है जिसके भुजाओं की लम्बाई 5 और 12 है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	2 2
	3 3
	4 4
	5 5

Q.No: 75	What is the result of $(0.5^3 + 0.1^3 - 0.6^3) \div (3\times0.5\times0.1\times0.6)$? $(0.5^3 + 0.1^3 - 0.6^3) \div (3\times0.5\times0.1\times0.6)$ का परिणाम क्या है?
	-1 -1
	0 0 1 1
	2 2

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **FELICITOUS**
	Odd

	Irrelevant
	Unsuitable
	Appropriate

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **DILATORY**
	Quick
	Efficient
	Prompt
	Tardy
Not Answered	

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Refulgent**
	Dull
	Radiant
	Gleaming
	Luminous

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Hoist with one's own petard** He has benefited by sheer luck

	He has risen through deceit
	He has gained unearned praise
	He is destroyed by his own trap or scheme
Not Answered	

Q.No: 80	Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'a person who avoids work or effort'.
	Sluggard
	Sluggerd
	Sluggart
	Slugerd

Q.No: 81	Which of these is the **correct spelling** of a theory centered on utility and outcomes?
	Utilitarienism
	Utiliterianism
	Utilitarianism
	Utillitarianism

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'A person who pretends to be what he is not'.
	Mimic

	Actor
	Impostor
	Hypocrite

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A government or state in which those in power exploit national resources and steal'.
	Plutocracy
	Kleptomania
	Oligarchy
	Kleptocracy

Q.No: 84	**Choose the correct semantic fit:** The intervention was seen as a _____ to escalating tensions.
	deterrent
	detention
	detraction
	derision

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** She spoke (1)/ concise during the press briefing (2)/ to ensure the journalists (3)/ captured the key points accurately. (4)/
	(1)

	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** The agent could have sold the house.
	The house could have been sold by the agent.
	The house could be sold by the agent.
	The house could have sold by the agent.
	The house could had been sold by the agent.

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** So intense was the resistance (1)/ that the proposal not only failed (2)/ but also faced with widespread criticism (3)/ across institutional stakeholders. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The **basilica** was renowned for its acoustics and proportions. The archaeologist uncovered the foundations of a Roman basilica. The musician composed an oratorio for performance in the basilica.
	The botanist catalogued a rare basilica with serrated leaves.
	Pilgrims gathered inside the ancient basilica at dusk.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** New protocols are expected to have been implemented by the end of the fiscal year.
	Authorities implemented the protocols by the fiscal year-end.
	The administration expects to implement protocols soon.
	Authorities are expected to implement new protocols by fiscal year-end.
	The protocols were implemented as expected.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The baby was sleeping ***since two hours***.
	from two hours
	for two hours
	by two hours
	since two hour

Q.No: 91

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

What central idea does the passage emphasize about legality?

It is always aligned with morality

It should be based solely on religious values

It is contextually shaped and not always just

It evolves without societal influence

Not Answered

Q.No: 92

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

Why does the author mention acts like Gandhi's Salt March and Rosa Parks' defiance?

To show how legal systems support all moral actions

To illustrate when legal disobedience is morally valid

To argue for stricter law enforcement

To show that all moral actions are illegal

Not Answered

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice. According to the passage, what risk arises from equating morality with legality in pluralistic societies?
	Laws will be outdated
	Citizens will become immoral
	It may lead to authoritarian imposition of a singular worldview
	Democracy will flourish
Not Answered	

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice. What challenge does the passage highlight in the legal treatment of emerging technologies?
	Technology reduces legal violations
	All ethical dilemmas are solved by law
	Laws often precede moral considerations
	Ethics arise before legal frameworks are formed
Not Answered	

Q.No: 95

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

What is the author's ultimate recommendation regarding the interplay of law and morality?

Laws should replace moral reasoning

Citizens must obey all laws blindly

Law and morality should be entirely separate

Law must balance justice with moral responsiveness

Not Answered

Q.No: 96	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "The sun rises in the east."
	He said that the sun rose in the east.
	He said that the sun has risen in the east.
	He said that the sun rises in the east.
	He said that the sun had risen in the east.

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "Why didn't you tell me the truth earlier?"
	She asked why I hadn't told her the truth earlier.
	She asked why hadn't I told her the truth earlier.
	She said why I didn't tell her the truth earlier.
	She questioned why did I not tell her the truth.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The analyst said that were the policies amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided.
	"If the policies were amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided," said the analyst.
	"Had the policies been amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided," said the analyst.
	"If only the policies would be amended, the crisis was avoided," he said.

	"Had we amended the policies, we avoided the crisis," the analyst said.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This process, a crucial part of the water cycle, ensures that freshwater resources are replenished and distributed globally. 2. The sun's energy drives the evaporation of water from oceans, lakes, and rivers. 3. When the moist air cools, it condenses to form clouds, which then release the water back to the Earth as precipitation. 4. The resulting water vapor then rises into the atmosphere, carried by air currents.
	2, 4, 3, 1
	1, 2, 4, 3
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 2, 1, 4

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This requires strong leadership and teamwork. 2. Organizational change is often met with resistance. 3. Effective communication strategies are essential for a smooth transition. 4. It is a necessary process for growth and adaptation.
	2-1-3-4
	2-3-1-4
	3-4-2-1
	4-2-1-3

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statement: The bank has introduced green bonds to fund eco-friendly projects. Conclusions: I. The bank is supporting sustainable development. II. Green bonds are more profitable than regular bonds. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: बैंक ने पर्यावरण-अनुकूल परियोजनाओं के वित्तपोषण हेतु ग्रीन बॉन्ड प्रस्तुत किए हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. बैंक सतत विकास का समर्थन कर रहा है। II. ग्रीन बॉन्ड, नियमित बॉन्ड की तुलना में अधिक लाभदायक होते हैं।
	Only I follow केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follow केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follow कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 2	If 3 + 2 = 13, 4 + 3 = 25, then 5 + 4 = ? अगर 3 + 2 = 13, 4 + 3 = 25, तो 5 + 4 = ?
	41 41
	29 29

	45 45 37 37
Not Answered	

Q.No: 3	Interchange two signs to correct. 50 ÷ 5 + 8 – 6 × 2 = 56 सही करने के लिए दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलें। 50 ÷ 5 + 8 – 6 × 2 = 56
	÷ and – ÷ और –
	+ and – + और –
	÷ and × ÷ और ×
	– and × – और ×

Q.No: 4	A is the daughter of B. B is the son of C. C is the father of D. How is A related to D? A, B की पुत्री है। B, C का पुत्र है। C, D का पिता है। A का D से क्या संबंध है?
	Sister बहन
	Niece भतीजी

	Granddaughter पोती
	Cousin चचेरी

Q.No: 5	Pointing to a woman, Raj said, "She is the daughter-in-law of the grandmother of my father's only son." How is the woman related to Raj? एक महिला की ओर इशारा करते हुए राज ने कहा, "वह मेरे पिता के इकलौते पुत्र की दादी की पुत्रवधू है।" वह महिला राज से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Wife पत्नी
	Sister-in-law भाभी
	Cousin चचेरी
	Mother माँ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 6	Solve: AC : DF :: GI : ? हल करें: AC : DF :: GI : ?
	JL JL
	KM

	KM
	LN LN MO MO

Q.No: 7	Complete the pattern: **1, 4, 13, 40, 121, ?** पैटर्न पूरा करें: **1, 4, 13, 40, 121, ?**
	364 364
	360 360 362 362
	365 365

Q.No: 8	Read the following statement carefully and identify the action that follows. Statement: Students often get distracted during online classes. Course of Action: 1. Introduce interactive tools and quizzes. 2. Ban online classes permanently.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद की कार्रवाई की पहचान करें। कथन: ऑनलाइन कक्षाओं के दौरान छात्र अक्सर विचलित हो जाते हैं। कार्रवाई: 1. इंटरैक्टिव टूल और क्विज़ शुरू करें। 2. ऑनलाइन कक्षाओं पर स्थायी रूप से प्रतिबंध लगाएँ।
	Only 1 follows केवल 1 अनुसरण करता है
	Only 2 follows केवल 2 अनुसरण करते हैं
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 9	Identify the odd one out: इनमें से विषम को पहचानें:
	6 % 3 = 2 6 % 3 = 2
	9 % 3 = 3 9 % 3 = 3
	8 % 2 = 4 8 % 2 = 4
	7 % 3 = 2 7 % 3 = 2

Q.No: 10	Direction: Read the given information carefully and answer the questions asked below. Seven people A, B, C, D, E, F, and G live on seven different floors of a building but not necessarily in the same order. The lowermost floor of the building is numbered as 1 and topmost floor is numbered as 7. A does not live on the topmost floor. B lives immediately below F. C lives on an even-numbered floor. Three people live between F and C. The number of people living between F and D is equal to the number of people living between D and C. More than four people live between E and G. B lives on one of the floors below G. Who among the following lives two floors below A? निर्देश: दी गई जानकारी को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और नीचे पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। सात व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F और G एक इमारत की सात अलग-अलग मंजिलों पर रहते हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। इमारत की सबसे निचली मंजिल को 1 और सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल को 7 नंबर दिया गया है। A सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल पर नहीं रहता है। B, F के ठीक नीचे रहता है। C एक सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है। F और C के बीच तीन व्यक्ति रहते हैं। F और D के बीच रहने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या D और C के बीच रहने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या के बराबर है। E और G के बीच चार से अधिक व्यक्ति रहते हैं। B, G के नीचे किसी मंजिल पर रहता है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन A से दो मंजिल नीचे रहता है?
	B B
	C C
	E E
	D D
Not Answered	

Q.No: 11	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All actors are professionals. All professionals are creative. Some creative people are lazy. **Conclusions:** I. Some actors are lazy. II. All actors are creative. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सभी अभिनेता पेशेवर होते हैं। सभी पेशेवर रचनात्मक होते हैं। कुछ रचनात्मक लोग आलसी होते हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ अभिनेता आलसी होते हैं। II. सभी अभिनेता रचनात्मक होते हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 12	Find the odd one out: Square, Triangle, Rectangle, Sphere, Pentagon इनमें से विषम चुनें: वर्ग, त्रिभुज, आयत, गोला, पंचभुज

	Square वर्ग Triangle त्रिभुज
	Sphere गोला
	Pentagon पंचभुज

Q.No: 13	In each of the following questions, a specific letter-to-letter coding pattern is applied to the first word to obtain the second word. Apply the same pattern to the third word and choose the correct option from the given alternatives. **xxyzyy : ccbabb :: xyyzzy : ?** निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक प्रश्न में, पहले शब्द पर एक विशिष्ट अक्षर-दर-अक्षर कोडिंग पैटर्न लागू करके दूसरा शब्द प्राप्त किया गया है। यही पैटर्न तीसरे शब्द पर भी लागू कीजिए और दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनिए। **xxyzyy : ccbabb :: xyyzzy : ?**
	abbacc abbacc
	bbacca bbacca abbcca abbcca
	cbbaab cbbaab

Q.No: 14	If FRIEND becomes FDNIRE, how is TICKET written? अगर FRIEND को FDNIRE बना दिया जाए तो TICKET को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	TETKIC TETKIC

	TKETIC TKETIC TEKTIC TEKTIC
	TTECIK TTECIK

Q.No: 15	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	GDP जीडीपी NNP एनएनपी
	GNP जीएनपी
	RBI आरबीआई
Not Answered	

Q.No: 16	Which of the following words is formed by changing exactly one letter at one place in the word “PROFESSION”? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द “PROFESSION” शब्द में एक स्थान पर केवल एक अक्षर बदलकर बनाया गया है? PROVISION PROVISION
	POSSESSION POSSESSION
	PROCESSION

	PROCESSION
	PROGRESSION PROGRESSION

Q.No: 17	Complete the series. 60, 30, 20, 15, 12, 10, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। 60, 30, 20, 15, 12, 10, ?
	7.5 7.5
	8.57 8.57
	9 9
	6 6

Q.No: 18	What comes next? DZA, FXC, HVE, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? DZA, FXC, HVE, ?
	KSH KSH
	LRI LRI
	JTG

	JTG
	IUG IUG

Q.No: 19	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives दिए गए विकल्पों में से बेमेल विकल्प चुनिए
	Independence Movement स्वतंत्रता आंदोलन
	Khilafat Movement खिलाफत आंदोलन
	Swadeshi Movement स्वदेशी आंदोलन
	Bhoodan Movement भूदान आंदोलन

Q.No: 20	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **AZ, BY, CX, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन कीजिए जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है: **AZ, BY, CX, ?**
	DW DW
	DU DU
	EV EV
	DX

	DX

Q.No: 21	If + = -, - = +; then 20 + 8 - 5 = ? यदि + = -, - = +; तो 20 + 8 - 5 = ?
	23 23
	27 27
	17 17
	15 15
Not Answered	

Q.No: 22	A group of 20 students are sitting in a circle. Each shakes hands with exactly 3 neighbors. How many handshakes occur? 20 छात्रों का एक समूह एक वृत्त में बैठा है। प्रत्येक छात्र अपने ठीक तीन पड़ोसियों से हाथ मिलाता है। कुल कितनी बार हाथ मिलाया जाता है?
	20 20
	30 30
	40 40
	60 60
Not Answered	

Q.No: 23	If MASTER is coded as NBTUFS, how is NBTUFS coded? यदि MASTER को NBTUFS के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो NBTUFS को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	OCUVGT OCUVGT
	OCVTGT OCVTGT
	OBTVGT OBTVGT
	OBTVFS OBTVFS

Q.No: 24	If the 7th day of a month is three days earlier than Friday, What day will it be on the 20th day of the month? अगर किसी महीने का 7वां दिन शुक्रवार से तीन दिन पहले है, तो महीने के 20वें दिन कौन सा दिन होगा?
	Monday सोमवार
	Tuesday मंगलवार
	Sunday रविवार
	Wednesday बुधवार
Not Answered	

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination.9 , 17 , 36 , 72 , 144 , 288 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 9, 17, 36, 72, 144, 288

	17 17
	36 36
	72 72
	288 288

Roll No.	:	**8204009466**
Candidate Name	:	**M S LEXMANA BHARATHI**
Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:	**NAGARATHINAM ANGALAMMAL ARTS & SCIENCE COLLEGE**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	Which of the following is NOT a benefit of the Gaganyaan mission? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा गगनयान मिशन का लाभ नहीं है?
	Increased global collaborations in space science

	अंतरिक्ष विज्ञान में वैश्विक सहयोग में वृद्धि
	Advancement in space-related R&D and technology अंतरिक्ष से संबंधित अनुसंधान एवं विकास तथा प्रौद्योगिकी में उन्नति
	Boost to India's human spaceflight capability भारत की मानव अंतरिक्ष उड़ान क्षमता में वृद्धि
	Reduction in Earth's temperature पृथ्वी के तापमान में कमी

Q.No: 27	Which QUAD country has the largest economy? किस QUAD देश की अर्थव्यवस्था सबसे बड़ी है?
	Japan जापान
	USA यूएसए
	India भारत
	Australia ऑस्ट्रेलिया

Q.No: 28	The "National Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) Policy" aims to foster creativity and innovation in India. Which of the following is a key objective of this policy? "राष्ट्रीय बौद्धिक संपदा अधिकार (आईपीआर) नीति" का उद्देश्य भारत में रचनात्मकता और नवाचार को बढ़ावा देना है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा इस नीति का मुख्य उद्देश्य है?
	To discourage the filing of patents by domestic inventors to reduce bureaucratic hurdles. नौकरशाही बाधाओं को कम करने के लिए घरेलू आविष्कारकों द्वारा पेटेंट दाखिल करने को हतोत्साहित करना।
	To create public awareness about the economic, social, and cultural benefits of IPRs.

	बौद्धिक संपदा अधिकारों के आर्थिक, सामाजिक और सांस्कृतिक लाभों के बारे में जन जागरूकता पैदा करना।
	To solely focus on strengthening the enforcement mechanisms against counterfeiting and piracy. जालसाजी और चोरी के विरुद्ध प्रवर्तन तंत्र को मजबूत करने पर पूर्णत: ध्यान केंद्रित करना।
	To advocate for the abolition of international treaties related to intellectual property. बौद्धिक संपदा से संबंधित अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संधियों को समाप्त करने की वकालत करना।

Q.No: 29	The Salt Satyagraha of 1930 was a direct civil disobedience movement against which British policy? 1930 का नमक सत्याग्रह किस ब्रिटिश नीति के विरुद्ध प्रत्यक्ष सविनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन था?
	The imposition of heavy taxes on land revenue. भू-राजस्व पर भारी कर लगाना।
	The British monopoly on the manufacture and sale of salt. नमक के निर्माण और बिक्री पर ब्रिटिशों का एकाधिकार था।
	The restrictions on the movement and assembly of Indians. भारतीयों के आवागमन और एकत्र होने पर प्रतिबंध।
	The introduction of separate electorates for different communities. विभिन्न समुदायों के लिए पृथक निर्वाचिका मंडल की शुरूआत।

Q.No: 30	Under the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023, what is required for digital evidence to be presented in court? भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम, 2023 के तहत अदालत में डिजिटल साक्ष्य प्रस्तुत करने के लिए क्या ज़रूरी है?
	It must be presented in hard copy form only इसे केवल हार्ड कॉपी के रूप में ही प्रस्तुत किया जाना चाहिए
	It must come from a reliable, government-approved platform यह विश्वसनीय, सरकार द्वारा मान्य प्लेटफॉर्म से आना चाहिए
	It must be accompanied by a valid digital signature इसके साथ वैध डिजिटल हस्ताक्षर भी होना चाहिए

	It must be verified by a government official before submission इसे प्रस्तुत करने से पहले किसी सरकारी अधिकारी द्वारा सत्यापित किया जाना चाहिए
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Who became the Chairperson of the National Statistical Commission (NSC) in 2022? 2022 में राष्ट्रीय सांख्यिकी आयोग (एनएससी) के अध्यक्ष कौन बने?
	Pronab Sen प्रणब सेन
	Bimal Jalan बिमल जालान
	Arvind Virmani अरविंद विरमानी
	Rajeeva Laxman Karandikar राजीव लक्ष्मण करंदीकर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Which of the given statements is/are INCORRECT regarding iron ore in India? भारत में लौह अयस्क के संबंध में दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा/से गलत है/हैं?
	Only the hematite ore of iron occurs in India. भारत में केवल लौहे का हेमेटाइट अयस्क पाया जाता है।
	In Odisha, iron ore occurs in a series of hill ranges in Sundargarh, Mayurbhanj and Jhar. ओडिशा में लौह अयस्क सुन्दरगढ़, मयूरभंज और झार की पहाड़ी श्रृंखलाओं में पाया जाता है।
	India consists of the largest reserves of iron ore in Asia. भारत में एशिया में लौह अयस्क का सबसे बड़ा भंडार मौजूद है।
	More than 90% of iron ore reserves are found in Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh, Karnataka and Goa. 90% से ज्यादा लौह अयस्क भंडार झारखंड, छत्तीसगढ़, कर्नाटक और गोवा में पाए जाते हैं।

Not Answered

Q.No: 33	What is the primary instrument used in the performance of Burrakatha in Andhra Pradesh? आंध्र प्रदेश में बुर्राकथा के प्रदर्शन में प्रयुक्त होने वाला मुख्य वाद्य यंत्र क्या है?
	Dholak ढोलक
	Tambura तम्बूरा
	Noot नूत
	Rabab रबाब

Not Answered

Q.No: 34	Which of the Indian States/Union Territories had lowest sex ratio in 2011? 2011 में किस भारतीय राज्य/केंद्र शासित प्रदेश में लिंगानुपात सबसे कम था?
	Haryana हरियाणा
	Daman and Diu दमन और दीव
	Punjab पंजाब
	Dadar and Nagar Haveli दादर और नागर हवेली

Not Answered

Q.No: 35	Which of the given pairs is NOT matched correctly? दिए गए युग्मों में से कौन-सा युग्म सही सुमेलित नहीं है?
	Bari Doab - between Beas and Ravi बारी दोआब - ब्यास और रावी के बीच
	Bisht Doab - between Beas and Chenab बिष्ट दोआब - ब्यास और चिनाब के बीच
	Rachna Doab - between Ravi and Chenab रचना दोआब - रावी और चिनाब के बीच
	Jech Doab - between Chenab and Jhelum जेच दोआब - चिनाब और झेलम के बीच
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	What is the typical base design of the simplest Nagara-style shikhara? सबसे सरल नागर शैली के शिखर का विशिष्ट आधार डिजाइन क्या है?
	Circular base with domes गुंबदों के साथ गोलाकार आधार
	Square base with curving walls घुमावदार दीवारों के साथ चौकोर आधार
	Triangular base with garden बगीचे के साथ त्रिकोणीय आधार
	Rectangular base with domes गुंबदों के साथ आयताकार आधार
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	The Kharchi festival is primarily associated with: खर्ची त्यौहार मुख्यतः किससे सम्बंधित है:

	Worship of Lord Jagannath भगवान जगन्नाथ की पूजा
	Veneration of indigenous tribal deities स्वदेशी जनजातीय देवताओं की पूजा
	Commemoration of Tripura's statehood day त्रिपुरा के राज्य दिवस का स्मरणोत्सव
	Worship of River Goddess Yamuna नदी देवी यमुना की पूजा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	What title did many Kushana rulers adopt to signify their divine status? अनेक कुषाण शासकों ने अपनी दैवीय स्थिति दर्शाने के लिए कौन सी उपाधि अपनाई थी?
	Rajadhiraja राजाधिराज
	Chakravartin चक्रवर्ती
	Devaputra देवपुत्र
	Maharajadhiraja महाराजाधिराज
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	Which of the following statements about Judo techniques and rules is **correct?** जूडो तकनीक और नियमों के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	Shime-Waza are arm locks targeting the elbows. शिमे-वाजा कोहनी को लक्ष्य करके किया जाने वाला आर्म लॉक है।

	A Judo match ends immediately if a player scores an Ippon or receives a Hansoku-make. यदि कोई खिलाड़ी इप्पोन स्कोर करता है या हांसोकू-मेक प्राप्त करता है तो जूडो मैच तुरंत समाप्त हो जाता है।
	Judoka can strike and kick but cannot attack joints other than elbows. जूडोका प्रहार और किक कर सकता है, लेकिन कोहनी के अलावा अन्य जोड़ों पर प्रहार नहीं कर सकता।
	Hansoku-make is a minor penalty in Judo. हांसोकू-मेक जूडो में एक छोटा दंड है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	Which region did Babur first conquer during his initial campaigns in India? भारत में अपने प्रारंभिक अभियान के दौरान बाबर ने सबसे पहले किस क्षेत्र पर विजय प्राप्त की?
	Panipat पानीपत
	Lahore लाहौर
	Sialkot सियालकोट
	Bhira भीरा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 41	How did Sushil Kumar secure India's first Olympic wrestling medal in 56 years? सुशील कुमार ने 56 वर्षों में भारत के लिए पहला ओलंपिक कुश्ती पदक कैसे हासिल किया?
	By winning all his bouts consecutively without any loss बिना किसी हार के लगातार अपने सभी मुकाबले जीतकर
	By winning three repechage bouts after losing his opening match अपना पहला मैच हारने के बाद तीन रेपेचेज मुकाबले जीतकर

	By defeating the reigning champion in the finals फाइनल में मौजूदा चैंपियन को हराकर By receiving a walkover in the semifinals सेमीफाइनल में वॉकओवर प्राप्त करके
Not Answered	

Q.No: 42	Who won the International Booker Prize in 2025? 2025 में अंतर्राष्ट्रीय बुकर पुरस्कार किसने जीता?
	Samantha Harvey सामंथा हार्वे
	Banu Mushtaq & Deepa Bhasthi बानू मुश्ताक और दीपा भष्ठी
	Geetanjali Shree गीतांजलि श्री
	Vincenzo Latronico विन्सेन्ज़ो लैट्रोनिको

Q.No: 43	The '73rd Inter Services Water Polo Championship' held in 2024–25 showcased top talent from the armed forces' aquatic teams. Which of the following statements are **true?** 1. The Eastern Naval Command organises this championship. 2. Visakhapatnam served as the host city for the year 2024-25. 3. The tournament took place in April 2025, in line with the annual aquatic events calendar of the Services. 2024-25 में आयोजित '73वीं अंतर-सेवा वाटर पोलो चैंपियनशिप' में सशस्त्र बलों की जलीय टीमों की शीर्ष प्रतिभाओं का प्रदर्शन किया गया। निम्नलिखित में से कौन से कथन **सत्य हैं?** 1. पूर्वी नौसेना कमान इस चैंपियनशिप का आयोजन करती है। 2. विशाखापत्तनम वर्ष 2024-25 के लिए मेजबान शहर था। 3. यह टूर्नामेंट सेनाओं के वार्षिक जलीय कार्यक्रम कैलेंडर के अनुसार अप्रैल 2025 में आयोजित किया गया था।
	1 and 2 only

	केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	What is the role of Article 263 in maintaining Union–State coordination? संघ-राज्य समन्वय बनाए रखने में अनुच्छेद 263 की क्या भूमिका है?
	Settles taxation disputes कराधान विवादों का निपटारा
	Creates Zonal Councils क्षेत्रीय परिषदों का निर्माण
	Provides Inter-State Council framework अंतर-राज्यीय परिषद ढांचा प्रदान करता है
	Enforces Emergency Provisions आपातकालीन प्रावधानों को लागू करता है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 45	Which statements about thermodynamic processes and heat engines **is/are correct?** 1. Work done in irreversible expansion is greater than in quasi-static expansion. 2. Efficiency of an ideal heat engine depends only on reservoir temperatures. 3. Heat flows from cold to hot only with external work.

	ऊष्मागतिक प्रक्रियाओं और ऊष्मा इंजनों के बारे में कौन सा/से कथन **सही है/हैं?** 1. अनुत्क्रमणीय प्रसार में किया गया कार्य, अर्ध-स्थैतिक प्रसार की तुलना में अधिक होता है। 2. एक आदर्श ऊष्मा इंजन की दक्षता केवल भण्डार के तापमान पर निर्भर करती है। 3. ऊष्मा केवल बाह्य कार्य द्वारा ही ठण्डे से गर्म की ओर प्रवाहित होती है।
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	**Fill in the Blank:** In Jhora dance, participants hold each other by the _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** झोरा नृत्य में, प्रतिभागी एक-दूसरे को _____ से पकड़ते हैं।
	Shoulders कंधों
	Arms बांहें
	Waist कमर
	Wrists कलाई

Q.No: 47	In the 2025 Global Firepower (GFP) review, which of the following statements is correct regarding the ranking methodology? 2025 ग्लोबल फायरपावर (GFP) समीक्षा में, रैंकिंग पद्धति के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
	It considers only the number of active military personnel यह केवल सक्रिय सैन्य कर्मियों की संख्या पर विचार करता है
	It ranks nations solely based on nuclear capabilities यह केवल परमाणु क्षमता के आधार पर राष्ट्रों को रैंक करता है
	It uses over 60 factors including logistics and geography to calculate the PowerIndex यह पावर इंडेक्स की गणना के लिए लॉजिस्टिक्स और भूगोल सहित 60 से अधिक कारकों का उपयोग करता है
	It ranks countries alphabetically within continents यह महाद्वीपों के भीतर देशों को वर्णानुक्रम में रैंक करता है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	Where is India's first Green Hydrogen Hub planned? भारत का पहला ग्रीन हाइड्रोजन हब कहाँ स्थापित करने की योजना है?
	Punjab पंजाब
	Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश
	West Bengal पश्चिम बंगाल
	Maharashtra महाराष्ट्र
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Which ISRO mission first discovered lunar hydration? इसरो के किस मिशन ने सबसे पहले चंद्र जलयोजन की खोज की थी?

	Chandrayaan-1 चंद्रयान- 1
	Chandrayaan-2 चंद्रयान--2
	Chandrayaan-3 चंद्रयान--3
	Chandrayaan-4 चंद्रयान--4

Q.No: 50	**Consider the following statements:** 1. Both President and Governor can grant pardons under Article 72. 2. The Governor cannot pardon in cases of death sentence. Which of the above statements is/are **correct**? **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1. राष्ट्रपति और राज्यपाल दोनों अनुच्छेद 72 के अंतर्गत क्षमादान दे सकते हैं। 2. राज्यपाल मृत्युदंड के मामलों में क्षमादान नहीं दे सकते। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Roll No.		
Candidate Name		
Exam Level		
Test Date	:	**19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51 If $\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} = 5$ and $\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b} = 1$, what is the value of a and b?

यदि $\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} = 5$ और $\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b} = 1$, तो a और b का मान क्या है?

a = 4, b = 1

	a = 4, b = 1
	a = 9, b = 4 a = 9, b = 4
	a = 16, b = 9 a = 16, b = 9
	a = 25, b = 16 a = 25, b = 16

Q.No: 52	Which of the following is the least 6-digit number, which is a perfect square? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी 6 अंकों की सबसे छोटी संख्या है, जो पूर्ण वर्ग है?
	100489 100489
	100588 100588
	100688 100688
	100788 100788
Not Answered	

Q.No: 53	If 12.5% of p is equal to 50% of q, what is the ratio p : q? यदि p का 12.5%, q के 50% के बराबर है, तो p : q का अनुपात क्या है?
	1 : 4 1 : 4
	4 : 1 4 : 1

	1 : 2 1 : 2 2 : 1 2 : 1

Q.No: 54	A grocer mixes two varieties of rice – one costing ₹40 per kg and the other costing ₹60 per kg, in the ratio 2 : 3. If he sells the mixed variety at ₹57.20 per kg, find his gain or loss percent. एक पंसारी चावल की दो किस्मों को मिलाता है - एक की कीमत ₹40 प्रति किग्रा और दूसरे की कीमत ₹60 प्रति किग्रा है, अनुपात 2 : 3 में। यदि वह मिश्रित किस्म को ₹57.20 प्रति किग्रा पर बेचता है, तो उसका लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।
	10% Loss 10% हानि
	10% Gain 10% लाभ
	8% Gain 8% लाभ 8% Loss 8% हानि
Not Answered	

Q.No: 55	A book, originally priced at ₹600, is subject to a reduction in cost through two consecutive discounts: an initial markdown of 10%, followed by an additional 20% discount. The question then is to determine the conclusive selling price of the book once both these successive price adjustments have been applied. एक किताब, जिसकी मूल कीमत ₹600 है, दो लगातार छूटों के माध्यम से कीमत में कमी के अधीन है: 10% की प्रारंभिक छूट, उसके बाद 20% की अतिरिक्त छूट। फिर सवाल यह है कि इन दोनों क्रमिक मूल्य समायोजनों को लागू करने के बाद पुस्तक की अंतिम बिक्री कीमत निर्धारित की जाए।
	₹432 ₹432
	₹396

	₹396
	₹384 ₹384 ₹350 ₹350

Q.No: 56	Having initially established the marked price of a particular commodity at a 20% premium over its cost price, a retail vendor subsequently extended an unspecified discount. If, following this concession, the transaction ultimately yielded a profit of 8% on the cost price, what was the exact percentage of the discount given? किसी वस्तु का अंकित मूल्य शुरू में उसके लागत मूल्य से 20% अधिक निर्धारित करने के बाद, एक खुदरा विक्रेता ने बाद में एक अनिर्दिष्ट छूट दी। यदि इस छूट के बाद, लेन-देन में अंततः लागत मूल्य पर 8% का लाभ हुआ, तो दी गई छूट का सही प्रतिशत क्या था?
	80% 80% 50% 50%
	60% 60%
	10% 10%

Q.No: 57	If $a^3 + b^3=35$ and $ab = 6$, find the value of $a + b$. यदि $a^3 + b^3=35$ और $ab = 6$ है, तो $a + b$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	5 5
	6 6

	7 7 8 8
Not Answered	

Q.No: 58	At what rate of simple interest will ₹2,000 become ₹2,520 in 4 years? साधारण ब्याज की किस दर पर ₹2000 की राशि 4 वर्षों में ₹2520 हो जाएगी?
	7.5% 7.5%
	6.5% 6.5%
	7.8% 7.8%
	6.8% 6.8%

Q.No: 59	A person invested ₹8,000 in one scheme at 6% simple interest and ₹5,000 in another scheme at 8% simple interest for the same duration. If he received a total interest of ₹1,760 from both investments, what was the duration (time period) of the investments? एक व्यक्ति ने एक योजना में 6% साधारण ब्याज पर ₹8,000 और दूसरी योजना में 8% साधारण ब्याज पर समान अवधि के लिए ₹5,000 का निवेश किया। यदि उसे दोनों निवेशों से कुल ₹1,760 का ब्याज प्राप्त हुआ, तो निवेश की अवधि (समय अवधि) क्या थी?
	1 year 1 साल
	2 years 2 साल
	2.5 years

	2.5 साल
	3 years 3 साल
Not Answered	

Q.No: 60	A wheelchair ramp needs to reach a platform that is 1.5 meters high. If the ramp is designed to make an angle of 30° with the level ground, what is the length of the ramp? व्हीलचेयर रैंप को 1.5 मीटर ऊंचे प्लेटफॉर्म तक पहुंचने की जरूरत है। यदि रैंप को समतल जमीन के साथ 30° का कोण बनाने के लिए डिज़ाइन किया गया है, तो रैंप की लंबाई क्या है?
	1.5m 1.5मीटर
	2m 2मीटर
	2.5m 2.5मीटर
	3m 3मीटर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 61	From a point A on the ground, the angle of elevation to the top of a building is 30°. From a point B, which is directly between A and the foot of the building, the angle of elevation is 60°. What is the ratio of the distance of point A from the building's foot to the distance of point B from the building's foot? जमीन पर एक बिंदु A से, एक इमारत के शीर्ष का उन्नयन कोण 30° है। एक बिंदु B से, जो A और इमारत के तल के बीच में है, उन्नयन कोण 60° है। इमारत के तल से बिंदु A की दूरी और इमारत के तल से बिंदु B की दूरी का अनुपात क्या है? 1 : 3 1 : 3
	$\sqrt{3} : 1$

	$\sqrt{3} : 1$
	2 : 1 2 : 1
	3 : 1 3 : 1

Q.No: 62	If the curved surface area of a hemisphere is $154\ cm^2$ find its diameter. यदि किसी गोलार्ध का वक्र पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल $154\ cm^2$ है तो उसका व्यास ज्ञात कीजिए।
	9.9 cm 9.9 सेमी
	8.4 cm 8.4 सेमी
	6.2 cm 6.2 सेमी 5.2 cm 5.2 सेमी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 63	A cone has height h and radius r. The cone is melted and recast into a smaller cone whose height is $\frac{h}{2}$ and radius is $\frac{r}{3}$ What fraction of the original volume is unused? एक शंकु की ऊँचाई h और त्रिज्या r है। शंकु को पिघलाकर एक छोटे शंकु में ढाला गया है जिसकी ऊँचाई है $\frac{h}{2}$ और त्रिज्या है $\frac{r}{3}$ मूल आयतन का कितना भाग अप्रयुक्त है?
	$\frac{17}{18}$ $\frac{17}{18}$

	$\frac{15}{16}$ $\frac{15}{16}$
	$\frac{12}{17}$ $\frac{12}{17}$
	$\frac{16}{19}$ $\frac{16}{19}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 64	What is the ratio of the area of a regular hexagon to that of an equilateral triangle of the same side length? एक नियमित षट्भुज के क्षेत्रफल का समान भुजा लंबाई वाले समबाहु त्रिभुज के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	6:1 6:1
	3:1 3:1 $\sqrt{3} : 1$ $\sqrt{3} : 1$
	1:6 1:6
Not Answered	

Q.No: 65	A prism has an equilateral triangular base with a side length of 4 cm. Its height starts at 5 cm and increases by 1 cm for each subsequent layer, forming 5 layers in total. What is the total volume of the prism? (Use $\sqrt{3}$≈1.732) एक प्रिज्म का आधार समबाहु त्रिभुजाकार है और इसकी भुजा 4 सेमी है। इसकी ऊँचाई 5 सेमी से शुरू होती है और प्रत्येक परत के साथ 1 सेमी बढ़ती जाती है, जिससे कुल 5 परतें बनती हैं। प्रिज्म का कुल आयतन कितना है? (प्रयोग करें $\sqrt{3} \approx 1.732$)

	207.84 cm^3 207.84 cm^3
	242.48 cm^3 242.48 cm^3
	259.80 cm^3 259.80 cm^3
	303.10 cm^3 303.10 cm^3
Not Answered	

Q.No: 66	What is the quation of line through (-1,-2) with slope -3. (-1,-2) से होकर जाने वाली रेखा का समीकरण क्या है, जिसकी ढलान -3 है।
	$y = -3x - 5$ $y = -3x - 5$
	$y = -3x + 1$ $y = -3x + 1$
	$y = -3x - 2$ $y = -3x - 2$
	$y = -3x + 3$ $y = -3x + 3$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 67	If every exterior angle of a regular polygon is 60°, how many sides does the polygon have? यदि एक नियमित बहुभुज का प्रत्येक बाह्य कोण 60° है, तो बहुभुज में कितनी भुजाएँ होंगी? 4

	4
	5 5
	6 6
	8 8

Q.No: 68	In a triangle PQR, the centroid is at G(1, 2). If the vertices P and Q are at (3, -1) and (-2, 4) respectively, what are the coordinates of vertex R? त्रिभुज PQR में, केन्द्रक G(1, 2) पर है। यदि शीर्ष P और Q क्रमशः (3, -1) और (-2, 4) पर हैं, तो शीर्ष R के निर्देशांक क्या हैं?
	(2, 5) (2, 5)
	(2, 4) (2, 4)
	(1, 3) (1, 3)
	(2, 3) (2, 3)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 69	**Evaluate:** $(\sqrt{11}+\sqrt{7})^2-(\sqrt{11}-\sqrt{7})^2$ **मूल्यांकन कीजिए :**$(\sqrt{11}+\sqrt{7})^2-(\sqrt{11}-\sqrt{7})^2$
	$4\sqrt{77}$ $4\sqrt{77}$

	$2\sqrt{77}$ $2\sqrt{77}$
	$6\sqrt{77}$ $6\sqrt{77}$
	$8\sqrt{77}$ $8\sqrt{77}$

Q.No: 70	Two circles, with radii of r_1 and r_2 respectively, have their centers separated by a distance of d. If the length of a direct common tangent is equal to the distance between the centers, which of the following is true? दो वृत्त, जिनकी त्रिज्याएँ क्रमशः r1 और r 2 हैं, उनके केंद्रों के बीच की दूरी d है। यदि एक सीधी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई केंद्रों के बीच की दूरी के बराबर है, तो निम्न में से कौन सा सत्य है?
	$d = r_1 - r_2$ $d = r_1 - r_2$
	$d = (r_1 - r_2)^2$ $d = (r_1 - r_2)^2$
	$r_1 = r_2$ $r_1 = r_2$
	$r_1 = 2r_2$ $r_1 = 2r_2$

Q.No: 71	A chord of a circle has a length of $2\sqrt{21}$ cm. The distance of the chord from the center is 5 cm. What is the radius of the circle? एक वृत्त की जीवा की लंबाई है $2\sqrt{21}$ सेमी. केंद्र से जीवा की दूरी 5 सेमी है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	6 cm 6 सेमी

	6.78 cm 6.78 सेमी
	8.89 cm 8.89 सेमी
	9 cm 9 सेमी

Q.No: 72	If $sinA + cosA = x$, then find the value of $sin^2A + cos^2A + 2sinAcosA$. यदि $sinA + cosA = x$, तो $sin^2A + cos^2A + 2sinAcosA$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	x x
	x^2 x^2
	1 1
	x+1 $x + 1$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 73	If sin x = cos x, find $\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x$. यदि sin x = cos x, तो $\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x$ ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 74	If $a + b + c = 0$ and $a = 0.1$, $b = 0.2$, $c = -0.3$, then what is $(a^3 + b^3 + c^3) \div (3abc)$? यदि $a + b + c = 0$ और $a = 0.1$, $b = 0.2$, $c = -0.3$, तो $(a^3 + b^3 + c^3) \div (3abc)$ क्या है?
	-3 -3
	0 0
	1 1
	-2 -2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 75	If $p = 0.8$ and $q = 0.02$, find the value of $\frac{(4p)^3+(4q)^3}{p^3+q^3}$. यदि $p = 0.8$ और $q = 0.02$ है, तो $\frac{(4p)^3+(4q)^3}{p^3+q^3}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	56 56
	37 37

	59 59
	64 64
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CIRCUMSPECT**
	Reckless

	Brash
	Carefree
	Cautious
Not Answered	

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Obdurate**
	Callous
	Yielding
	Adamant
	Hardened
Not Answered	

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Hand and glove**
	Working in rivalry
	Acting carelessly
	Very closely associated
	Openly suspicious

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Currying favour**

	Seeking emotional validation
	Seeking approval through flattery
	Avoiding direct confrontation
	Asking for forgiveness subtly
Not Answered	

Q.No: 80	Choose the **correct spelling** for a word meaning 'concise and forcefully expressive'.
	Pithy
	Pithey
	Pithhy
	Pithie

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'A place where wild animals are kept'.
	Aviary
	Sanctuary
	Menagerie
	Park

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for: 'A building where dead bodies are kept temporarily'.
	Sanctuary

	Sepulcher
	Crematorium
	Mortuary

Q.No: 83	**Choose the correct form:** The committee, along with its chairperson, _____ scheduled to meet on Monday.
	are
	is
	were
	have been

Q.No: 84	**Fill in the blank with the correct tense:** They _____ their objections by the time the committee convened.
	raised
	have raised
	will raise
	had raised

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Neither of the proposed strategies (1)/ seem to address the core issue (2)/ that the committee identified (3)/ during last month's review. (4)/

	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The team's objective, despite its vagueness, (1)/ were understood by the evaluators (2)/ to focus more on inclusivity (3)/ than on quantifiable metrics. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** The authorities are to close the road.
	The road to be closed by the authorities.
	The road is to be closed by the authorities.
	The road has to be closed by the authorities.
	The road will be closed by the authorities.

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The medieval monk copied the **codex** meticulously.
	The scribe placed the codex beside the incunabulum.
	The librarian digitized a rare codex from Florence.
	The AI engineer optimized the codex for faster computation.
	The codex was bound in goatskin vellum.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The allegation that the system had been hacked was denied by the company.
	The company denied that the system had been hacked.
	The hacking of the system was denied by the company.
	It was denied that the hacking occurred by the company.
	The company had denied hacking the system.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He is ***more tall than*** his brother.
	taller to
	much taller than
	taller than
	more taller than

Q.No: 91	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He did not succeed ***despite of his hard work.***
	in spite of his working hard
	despite his hard work
	although his hard work
	although he worked hard

Not Answered

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Creativity, often misconstrued as a sporadic burst of inspiration, is in fact a cultivated disposition—a dynamic confluence of cognitive agility, emotional openness, and environmental stimuli. While society celebrates the mythos of the "lone genius," true creativity thrives within a matrix of intentional practice, structural latitude, and psychological resilience. The fostering of creativity, therefore, necessitates a paradigmatic shift from product-centric appraisals to process-oriented cultivation. At its epistemic root, creativity involves the capacity to transcend conventional schemas and synthesize seemingly disparate elements into novel configurations. This process is neither arbitrary nor purely intuitive; it rests upon a foundation of deep domain knowledge, iterative exploration, and recursive reflection. Innovation emerges not in spite of constraints but often because of them—forcing the mind to navigate beyond linearity into realms of associative reasoning and metaphorical abstraction. Pedagogically, fostering creativity demands a disruption of didactic orthodoxy. Traditional models that valorize rote memorization and standardized testing engender cognitive rigidity, discouraging risk-taking and divergent thinking. Instead, educational paradigms must prioritize open-ended inquiry, collaborative problem-solving, and transdisciplinary exposure. The cultivation of creative potential is as much about unlearning ossified habits as it is about acquiring new competencies. Equally vital is the emotional ecology in which creativity is incubated. Psychological safety—a space where failure is reframed as experimentation rather than inadequacy—empowers individuals to take imaginative leaps. Fear, perfectionism, and external validation often corrode the creative impulse, replacing curiosity with compliance. Thus, fostering creativity is inseparable from nurturing emotional intelligence and self-efficacy. Cultural narratives, too, shape the horizons of creative possibility. Societies that stigmatize deviation from normative behavior tend to pathologize originality. Conversely, environments that valorize heterodoxy and intellectual risk often become fertile grounds for creative flourishing. This implies that fostering creativity is a sociocultural endeavor as much as an individual one—it requires dismantling hierarchies of value that privilege conformity over experimentation. Technological mediation further complicates the landscape. While digital tools democratize access to creative resources, they can also overwhelm cognitive bandwidth with passive consumption. The algorithmic curation of attention favors predictability and virality over nuance and depth. Therefore, intentional disengagement—spaces of solitude, boredom, and analog play—must be reclaimed as essential components of creative incubation. Ultimately, fostering creativity is not a linear prescription but a multilayered praxis. It entails cognitive elasticity, emotional resilience, epistemic humility, and cultural permission. It is a commitment to living in questions rather than chasing answers, to constructing meaning rather than consuming it. According to the passage, how do constraints impact creativity?
	They invariably limit original thinking.
	They catalyze creativity by challenging conventional problem-solving.
	They make creative thinking predictable and repetitive.
	They increase reliance on external sources.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Creativity, often misconstrued as a sporadic burst of inspiration, is in fact a cultivated disposition—a dynamic confluence of cognitive agility, emotional openness, and environmental stimuli. While society celebrates the mythos of the "lone genius," true creativity thrives within a matrix of intentional practice, structural latitude, and psychological resilience. The fostering of creativity, therefore, necessitates a paradigmatic shift from product-centric appraisals to process-oriented cultivation. At its epistemic root, creativity involves the capacity to transcend conventional schemas and synthesize seemingly disparate elements into novel configurations. This process is neither arbitrary nor purely intuitive; it rests upon a foundation of deep domain knowledge, iterative exploration, and recursive reflection. Innovation emerges not in spite of constraints but often because of them—forcing the mind to navigate beyond linearity into realms of associative reasoning and metaphorical abstraction. Pedagogically, fostering creativity demands a disruption of didactic orthodoxy. Traditional models that valorize rote memorization and standardized testing engender cognitive rigidity, discouraging risk-taking and divergent thinking. Instead, educational paradigms must prioritize open-ended inquiry, collaborative problem-solving, and transdisciplinary exposure. The cultivation of creative potential is as much about unlearning ossified habits as it is about acquiring new competencies. Equally vital is the emotional ecology in which creativity is incubated. Psychological safety—a space where failure is reframed as experimentation rather than inadequacy—empowers individuals to take imaginative leaps. Fear, perfectionism, and external validation often corrode the creative impulse, replacing curiosity with compliance. Thus, fostering creativity is inseparable from nurturing emotional intelligence and self-efficacy. Cultural narratives, too, shape the horizons of creative possibility. Societies that stigmatize deviation from normative behavior tend to pathologize originality. Conversely, environments that valorize heterodoxy and intellectual risk often become fertile grounds for creative flourishing. This implies that fostering creativity is a sociocultural endeavor as much as an individual one—it requires dismantling hierarchies of value that privilege conformity over experimentation. Technological mediation further complicates the landscape. While digital tools democratize access to creative resources, they can also overwhelm cognitive bandwidth with passive consumption. The algorithmic curation of attention favors predictability and virality over nuance and depth. Therefore, intentional disengagement—spaces of solitude, boredom, and analog play—must be reclaimed as essential components of creative incubation. Ultimately, fostering creativity is not a linear prescription but a multilayered praxis. It entails cognitive elasticity, emotional resilience, epistemic humility, and cultural permission. It is a commitment to living in questions rather than chasing answers, to constructing meaning rather than consuming it. What does the passage suggest about standardized education's effect on creativity?
	It fosters risk-taking by giving structured guidance.
	It creates an ideal environment for innovative thinking.
	It impedes creative growth through rigid, memory-based methods.

It enhances problem-solving by reinforcing tested frameworks.

Not Answered

Q.No: 94 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

Creativity, often misconstrued as a sporadic burst of inspiration, is in fact a cultivated disposition—a dynamic confluence of cognitive agility, emotional openness, and environmental stimuli. While society celebrates the mythos of the "lone genius," true creativity thrives within a matrix of intentional practice, structural latitude, and psychological resilience. The fostering of creativity, therefore, necessitates a paradigmatic shift from product-centric appraisals to process-oriented cultivation. At its epistemic root, creativity involves the capacity to transcend conventional schemas and synthesize seemingly disparate elements into novel configurations. This process is neither arbitrary nor purely intuitive; it rests upon a foundation of deep domain knowledge, iterative exploration, and recursive reflection. Innovation emerges not in spite of constraints but often because of them—forcing the mind to navigate beyond linearity into realms of associative reasoning and metaphorical abstraction. Pedagogically, fostering creativity demands a disruption of didactic orthodoxy. Traditional models that valorize rote memorization and standardized testing engender cognitive rigidity, discouraging risk-taking and divergent thinking. Instead, educational paradigms must prioritize open-ended inquiry, collaborative problem-solving, and transdisciplinary exposure. The cultivation of creative potential is as much about unlearning ossified habits as it is about acquiring new competencies. Equally vital is the emotional ecology in which creativity is incubated. Psychological safety—a space where failure is reframed as experimentation rather than inadequacy—empowers individuals to take imaginative leaps. Fear, perfectionism, and external validation often corrode the creative impulse, replacing curiosity with compliance. Thus, fostering creativity is inseparable from nurturing emotional intelligence and self-efficacy. Cultural narratives, too, shape the horizons of creative possibility. Societies that stigmatize deviation from normative behavior tend to pathologize originality. Conversely, environments that valorize heterodoxy and intellectual risk often become fertile grounds for creative flourishing. This implies that fostering creativity is a sociocultural endeavor as much as an individual one—it requires dismantling hierarchies of value that privilege conformity over experimentation. Technological mediation further complicates the landscape. While digital tools democratize access to creative resources, they can also overwhelm cognitive bandwidth with passive consumption. The algorithmic curation of attention favors predictability and virality over nuance and depth. Therefore, intentional disengagement—spaces of solitude, boredom, and analog play—must be reclaimed as essential components of creative incubation. Ultimately, fostering creativity is not a linear prescription but a multilayered praxis. It entails cognitive elasticity, emotional resilience, epistemic humility, and cultural permission. It is a commitment to living in questions rather than chasing answers, to constructing meaning rather than consuming it.

The phrase "emotional ecology" in the context of creativity most likely refers to:

The neurochemical balance in artistic individuals.

	The environment of emotional cues influencing creative potential.
	A set of standardized emotional responses to failure. The artistic expression of environmental issues.

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Creativity, often misconstrued as a sporadic burst of inspiration, is in fact a cultivated disposition—a dynamic confluence of cognitive agility, emotional openness, and environmental stimuli. While society celebrates the mythos of the "lone genius," true creativity thrives within a matrix of intentional practice, structural latitude, and psychological resilience. The fostering of creativity, therefore, necessitates a paradigmatic shift from product-centric appraisals to process-oriented cultivation. At its epistemic root, creativity involves the capacity to transcend conventional schemas and synthesize seemingly disparate elements into novel configurations. This process is neither arbitrary nor purely intuitive; it rests upon a foundation of deep domain knowledge, iterative exploration, and recursive reflection. Innovation emerges not in spite of constraints but often because of them—forcing the mind to navigate beyond linearity into realms of associative reasoning and metaphorical abstraction. Pedagogically, fostering creativity demands a disruption of didactic orthodoxy. Traditional models that valorize rote memorization and standardized testing engender cognitive rigidity, discouraging risk-taking and divergent thinking. Instead, educational paradigms must prioritize open-ended inquiry, collaborative problem-solving, and transdisciplinary exposure. The cultivation of creative potential is as much about unlearning ossified habits as it is about acquiring new competencies. Equally vital is the emotional ecology in which creativity is incubated. Psychological safety—a space where failure is reframed as experimentation rather than inadequacy—empowers individuals to take imaginative leaps. Fear, perfectionism, and external validation often corrode the creative impulse, replacing curiosity with compliance. Thus, fostering creativity is inseparable from nurturing emotional intelligence and self-efficacy. Cultural narratives, too, shape the horizons of creative possibility. Societies that stigmatize deviation from normative behavior tend to pathologize originality. Conversely, environments that valorize heterodoxy and intellectual risk often become fertile grounds for creative flourishing. This implies that fostering creativity is a sociocultural endeavor as much as an individual one—it requires dismantling hierarchies of value that privilege conformity over experimentation. Technological mediation further complicates the landscape. While digital tools democratize access to creative resources, they can also overwhelm cognitive bandwidth with passive consumption. The algorithmic curation of attention favors predictability and virality over nuance and depth. Therefore, intentional disengagement—spaces of solitude, boredom, and analog play—must be reclaimed as essential components of creative incubation. Ultimately, fostering creativity is not a linear prescription but a multilayered praxis. It entails cognitive elasticity, emotional resilience, epistemic humility, and cultural permission. It is a commitment to living in questions rather than chasing answers, to constructing meaning rather than consuming it. Which of the following is *NOT* suggested by the passage as a factor in fostering creativity?

	Cultural tolerance for non-conformity.
	Technological tools that encourage consumption over creation. Psychological environments that treat failure as inadequacy.
	Emphasis on strict sequential reasoning.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 96	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Creativity, often misconstrued as a sporadic burst of inspiration, is in fact a cultivated disposition—a dynamic confluence of cognitive agility, emotional openness, and environmental stimuli. While society celebrates the mythos of the "lone genius," true creativity thrives within a matrix of intentional practice, structural latitude, and psychological resilience. The fostering of creativity, therefore, necessitates a paradigmatic shift from product-centric appraisals to process-oriented cultivation. At its epistemic root, creativity involves the capacity to transcend conventional schemas and synthesize seemingly disparate elements into novel configurations. This process is neither arbitrary nor purely intuitive; it rests upon a foundation of deep domain knowledge, iterative exploration, and recursive reflection. Innovation emerges not in spite of constraints but often because of them—forcing the mind to navigate beyond linearity into realms of associative reasoning and metaphorical abstraction. Pedagogically, fostering creativity demands a disruption of didactic orthodoxy. Traditional models that valorize rote memorization and standardized testing engender cognitive rigidity, discouraging risk-taking and divergent thinking. Instead, educational paradigms must prioritize open-ended inquiry, collaborative problem-solving, and transdisciplinary exposure. The cultivation of creative potential is as much about unlearning ossified habits as it is about acquiring new competencies. Equally vital is the emotional ecology in which creativity is incubated. Psychological safety—a space where failure is reframed as experimentation rather than inadequacy—empowers individuals to take imaginative leaps. Fear, perfectionism, and external validation often corrode the creative impulse, replacing curiosity with compliance. Thus, fostering creativity is inseparable from nurturing emotional intelligence and self-efficacy. Cultural narratives, too, shape the horizons of creative possibility. Societies that stigmatize deviation from normative behavior tend to pathologize originality. Conversely, environments that valorize heterodoxy and intellectual risk often become fertile grounds for creative flourishing. This implies that fostering creativity is a sociocultural endeavor as much as an individual one—it requires dismantling hierarchies of value that privilege conformity over experimentation. Technological mediation further complicates the landscape. While digital tools democratize access to creative resources, they can also overwhelm cognitive bandwidth with passive consumption. The algorithmic curation of attention favors predictability and virality over nuance and depth. Therefore, intentional disengagement—spaces of solitude, boredom, and analog play—must be reclaimed as essential components of creative incubation. Ultimately, fostering creativity is not a linear prescription but a multilayered praxis. It entails cognitive elasticity, emotional resilience, epistemic humility, and cultural permission. It is a commitment to living in questions rather than chasing answers, to constructing meaning rather than consuming it. What is the closest synonym for "ossified" as used in the line "...about unlearning ossified habits..."?
	Flexible
	Rigid
	Synthetic
	Tangential
Not Answered	

Q.No: 97	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** He commented that the policy's efficacy would remain conjectural until longitudinal data accrued.
	He commented "The efficacy of the policy remains conjectural as the data are yet to be collected."
	He commented, "The policy's efficacy will remain conjectural until longitudinal data accrue."
	He commented, "Until longitudinal data had accrued, the policy's efficacy might have remained conjectural." He commented, "Efficacy remains conjecture till data accumulates."
Not Answered	

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "I enjoy painting."
	She said that she enjoys painting.
	She said that she enjoyed painting.
	She said she was enjoying painting.
	She said that she had enjoyed painting.
Not Answered	

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. Overfishing poses a significant threat to global marine ecosystems, leading to the collapse of fish stocks and disrupting the food web. 2. This measure helps to restore fish populations, enhance biodiversity, and ultimately support sustainable fishing practices in adjacent waters. 3. The depletion of key species, such as sharks and tuna, can trigger a cascading effect, with far-reaching consequences for the entire ecosystem. 4. To combat this issue, many governments and conservation organizations have established marine protected areas (MPAs) where fishing is either restricted or prohibited.

	2, 3, 1, 4
	3, 4, 1, 2
	1, 3, 4, 2
	4, 3, 1, 2

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This involves careful budgeting and debt management. 2. Financial literacy is essential for individual well-being. 3. It empowers people to make informed decisions about money. 4. Education plays a vital role in improving financial literacy rates.
	2-1-3-4
	2-3-1-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

BCD, EFG, HIJ, ?

	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके। **BCD, EFG, HIJ, ?**
	KLM KLM
	GHS GHS
	BHS BHS
	KMN KMN

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Bungalow 9, Marine Drive,Mumbai,Maharashtra - 400020 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Bungalow 9, Marine Drive,Mumbai,Maharashtra - 400020
	Bungalow 9, Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 401020 Bungalow 9, Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 401020
	Bungalow 9, Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400012 Bungalow 9, Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400012
	Bungalow 9, Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400020 Bungalow 9, Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400020
	Bungalow 9, Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400021 Bungalow 9, Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400021

Q.No: 3	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Sample Address:House No. 77, Block C,Janakpuri, New Delhi,Delhi - 110058 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Sample Address:House No. 77, Block C,Janakpuri, New Delhi,Delhi - 110058
	House No. 77, Block-C, Janakpuri, New Delhi, Delhi - 110058 House No. 77, Block-C, Janakpuri, New Delhi, Delhi - 110058
	House No. 77, Block C, Janakpuri, New Delhi, Delhi - 110058 House No. 77, Block C, Janakpuri, New Delhi, Delhi - 110058
	House 77, Block C, Janakpuri, New Delhi, Delhi - 110058 House 77, Block C, Janakpuri, New Delhi, Delhi - 110058
	House No. 77, Block D, Janakpuri, New Delhi, Delhi - 110058 House No. 77, Block D, Janakpuri, New Delhi, Delhi - 110058

Q.No: 4	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statement: The bank has introduced a rewards program for debit card users. Conclusions: I. More customers will start using debit cards. II. Credit card usage may decline. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: बैंक ने डेबिट कार्ड उपयोगकर्ताओं के लिए एक रिवॉर्ड प्रोग्राम शुरू किया है। निष्कर्ष: I. अधिक ग्राहक डेबिट कार्ड का उपयोग शुरू करेंगे। II. क्रेडिट कार्ड का उपयोग कम हो सकता है।
	Only I follows

	केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both follows दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 5	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Problem: Customers report long wait times at branches. Course of Action: I. Increase the number of service counters. II. Encourage use of online and mobile banking. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। समस्या: ग्राहक, शाखाओं में लंबे समय तक प्रतीक्षा करने की शिकायत करते हैं। कार्यवाही: I. सेवा काउंटरों की संख्या बढ़ाएँ। II. ऑनलाइन और मोबाइल बैंकिंग के उपयोग को प्रोत्साहित करें।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows

	कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 6	A number is increased by 20% and then decreased by 20%. What is the net change in the number? एक संख्या में 20% की वृद्धि की जाती है और फिर 20% की कमी की जाती है। संख्या में कुल परिवर्तन क्या है?
	4% increase 4% वृद्धि
	4% decrease 4% कमी
	No change कोई परिवर्तन नहीं
	1% decrease 1% कमी

Q.No: 7	If × stands for addition, ÷ stands for subtraction, + stands for multiplication, and - stands for division, then 7 × 3 ÷ 6 - 4 + 2 = ? अगर × का अर्थ जोड़ है, ÷ का अर्थ घटाना है, + का अर्थ गुणा है, और - का अर्थ भाग है, तो 7 × 3 ÷ 6 - 4 + 2 = ?
	7 7
	9 9
	10 10
	8 8

Q.No: 8	If 'P' denotes 'addition', 'D' denotes 'subtraction', 'S' denotes 'multiplication', and 'V' denotes 'division', then what will be the value of the following expression? {20 D (25 D 33)} V {- 5 S 4 D (- 6)} P 56 V (- 27 P 13) अगर 'P' 'जोड़' को दर्शाता है, 'D' 'घटाव' को दर्शाता है, 'S' 'गुणा' को दर्शाता है, और 'V' 'भाग' को दर्शाता है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या होगा? {20 D (25 D 33)} V {- 5 S 4 D (- 6)} P 56 V (- 27 P 13)
	- 6 - 6
	6 6
	4 4
	-4 -4

Q.No: 9	If "+" means division, "-" means multiplication, "×" means addition, and "÷" means subtraction, then what is: 24 – 6 + 3 ÷ 2 × 4 = ? अगर "+" का अर्थ भाग है, "-" का अर्थ गुणा है, "×" का अर्थ जोड़ है, और "÷" का अर्थ घटाना है, तो क्या है: 24 – 6 + 3 ÷ 2 × 4 = ?
	14 14
	50 50
	20 20
	12 12

Q.No: 10	A is the father of B. B is the husband of C. D is the daughter of C. How is A related to D? A, B का पिता है। B, C का पति है। D, C की पुत्री है। A का D से क्या संबंध है?
	Father पिता
	Grandfather दादा
	Uncle चाचा
	Brother भाई

Q.No: 11	Solve: STOP : ? :: FLOW : WOLF हल करें: STOP : ? :: FLOW : WOLF
	POTS POTS
	TPOS TPOS
	PSOT PSOT
	TSOP TSOP

Q.No: 12	Complete the given pattern : **13, 17, 23, 31, 41, ?** दिए गए पैटर्न को पूरा करें: **13, 17, 23, 31, 41, ?**
	47 47
	53 53
	59 59
	61 61

Q.No: 13	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The new mobile app launched by the municipality helps citizens report garbage or broken infrastructure. Conclusions: I. Citizens can contribute to better civic maintenance through the app. II. The municipality no longer needs field inspectors. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: नगरपालिका द्वारा लॉन्च किया गया नया मोबाइल ऐप नागरिकों को कचरा या टूटे हुए इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर की सूचना देने में मदद करता है। निष्कर्ष: I. नागरिक ऐप के माध्यम से बेहतर नागरिक रखरखाव में योगदान दे सकते हैं। II. नगरपालिका को अब क्षेत्रीय निरीक्षकों की ज़रूरत नहीं है।
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow

	I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 14	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The city traffic department has installed speed bumps on major roads. Conclusions: I. Speed bumps help in reducing accidents. II. Drivers are often overspeeding on major roads. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: शहर के ट्रैफिक विभाग ने प्रमुख सड़कों पर स्पीड बम्प लगाए हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. स्पीड बम्प दुर्घटनाओं को कम करने में मदद करते हैं। II. चालक अक्सर प्रमुख सड़कों पर तेज गति से वाहन चलाते हैं। Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 15	If GANGA is coded as 711471, how will YAMUNA be coded? यदि GANGA का कोड 711471 है, तो YAMUNA को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	2511314211

	2511314211
	2511314214 2511314214 251113421 251113421
	2511321141 2511321141

Q.No: 16	What comes next? AZA, BYB, CXC, DWD, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AZA, BYB, CXC, DWD, ?
	EVE EVE
	FUF FUF EUE EUE
	EXE EXE

Q.No: 17	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	Rainwater Harvesting वर्षा जल संचयन
	Afforestation

	वनीकरण
	Deforestation वनों की कटाई
	Solar Panels सौर पेनल्स

Q.No: 18	If **'RUN'** is coded as **'SVO'**, what is the code for **'JUMP'**? यदि 'RUN' को 'SVO' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'JUMP' के लिए कोड क्या है?
	KVRQ KVRQ
	KVMO KVMO KVMQ KVMQ
	KVNQ KVNQ

Q.No: 19	What will come at the place of question mark 4 9 2 3 5 7 8 1 ? प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? 4 9 2 3 5 7 8 1 ?

	6 6
	3 3
	5 5
	9 9
Not Answered	

Q.No: 20	"If the given symbols mean: '+' means 'divided by' '-' means 'multiplied by' 'x' means 'minus' '÷' means 'plus' Then, find the value of the following expressions: 12 + 3 - 8 x 2 ÷ 1=? यदि दिए गए प्रतीकों का अर्थ है: '+' का अर्थ है 'से भाग' '-' का अर्थ है 'से गुणा' 'x' का अर्थ है 'घटाना' '÷' का अर्थ है 'जोड़ना' तो, निम्नलिखित व्यंजकों का मान ज्ञात कीजिए: 12 + 3 - 8 x 2 ÷ 1=? 17 17
	31 31
	46 46 67

	67

Q.No: 21	A says to B, "I am the daughter of the only son of your father." How is B related to A? A, B से कहता है, "मैं तुम्हारे पिता के इकलौते पुत्र की पुत्री हूँ।" B, A से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Grandfather दादाजी
	Father पिता
	Uncle चाचा
	Brother भाई

Q.No: 22	If '×' = '−', '−' = '+', '/' = '×', '+' = '÷', which equation is correct? यदि '×' = '−', '−' = '+', '/' = '×', '+' = '÷', तो कौन सा समीकरण सही है?
	12 × 4 − 2 + 8 / 4 = 11 12 × 4 − 2 + 8 / 4 = 11
	18 − 6 × 3 + 2 / 2 = 13 18 − 6 × 3 + 2 / 2 = 13
	14 + 7 − 3 / 2 × 1 = 16 14 + 7 − 3 / 2 × 1 = 16
	20 − 4 + 8 / 2 × 1 = 20 20 − 4 + 8 / 2 × 1 = 20

Q.No: 23	If '×' means '+', '+' means '−', '−' means '÷', then 8 × 4 + 2 − 2 = ? यदि '×' का अर्थ '+' है, '+' का अर्थ '−' है, '−' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो 8 × 4 + 2 − 2 = ?
	10 10
	8 8 6 6
	11 11

Q.No: 24	What should come at the place of question mark? **: 3, 6, 18, 108, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? : **3, 6, 18, 108, ?**
	1944. 1944. 648 648
	216 216
	864 864

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination. 5, 8, 16, 19, 39, 41, 81 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 5, 8, 16, 19, 39, 41, 81 16, 39

	16, 39
	16, 41 16, 41
	39, 81 39, 81
	41, 81 41, 81

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	**Fill in the blank:** The sacred masked dances performed by monks at Hemis represent various _____ of the Drugpa lineage.

	रिक्त स्थान भरें: हेमिस में भिक्षुओं द्वारा किए जाने वाले पवित्र मुखौटा नृत्य द्रुकपा वंश के विभिन्न _____ का प्रतिनिधित्व करते हैं।
	reincarnated lamas पुनर्जन्म वाले लामा
	ancient kings प्राचीन राजा
	guardian divinities संरक्षक देवता
	ancestral spirits पैतृक आत्माएं

Q.No: 27	**Read the following statements and choose the correct option:** **Statement 1:** The amalaka sits atop the shikhara in Nagara-style temples. **Statement 2 :** In Drāviḍa-style temples, the vimana refers to the gateway tower (gopuram). **निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें:** **कथन 1:** नागर शैली के मंदिरों में आमलक शिखर के ऊपर स्थित होता है। **कथन 2:** द्रविड़ शैली के मंदिरों में विमान का तात्पर्य प्रवेश द्वार (गोपुरम) से है।
	Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct कथन 1 और कथन 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are incorrect कथन 1 और कथन 2 दोनों गलत हैं
	Statement 1 is correct, but Statement 2 is incorrect कथन 1 सही है, लेकिन कथन 2 गलत है
	Statement 1 is incorrect, but Statement 2 is correct कथन 1 ग़लत है, लेकिन कथन 2 सही है

O.No: 28	Which term–meaning pair is **accurate** in relation to the Gupta dynasty?

	गुप्त वंश के संबंध में कौन सा शब्द-अर्थ युग्म सटीक है? Vaishthika – enjoyment tax विष्ठिका – भोग कर
	Bhaga – forced-labour levy भगा – जबरन श्रम कर
	Adeya – "that which is to be surrendered" (tribute/dues) अदेया – "वह जो समर्पित किया जाना है" (श्रद्धांजलि/शुल्क)
	Dasaparadha – grain tithe दशपराध – अन्न का दशांश
Not Answered	

Q.No: 29	Which type of folk song in Haryana is popularly known as 'Ragani', despite having no connection with the classical Raga–Ragini system? हरियाणा में किस प्रकार के लोकगीत को शास्त्रीय राग-रागिनी प्रणाली से कोई संबंध न होने के बावजूद लोकप्रिय रूप से 'रागनी' के रूप में जाना जाता है?
	Seasonal Songs मौसमी गीत
	Marriage Ritual Songs विवाह अनुष्ठान गीत
	Folk Songs लोक संगीत
	Lullabies लोरियां
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	What is the standard length of the zone where runners exchange the baton in a relay race? रिले दौड़ में धावकों द्वारा बैटन का आदान-प्रदान करने वाले क्षेत्र की मानक लंबाई क्या है?

	10 meters 10 मीटर 15 meters 15 मीटर
	20 meters 20 मीटर
	30 meters 30 मीटर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Which of the following kingdom was under the rule of the Sisodia dynasty during the 15th century? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा राज्य 15वीं शताब्दी के दौरान सिसोदिया राजवंश के शासन के अधीन था?
	Gujarat गुजरात
	Malwa मालवा
	Mewar मेवाड़
	Bengal बंगाल

Q.No: 32	How did Pitt's India Act contribute to unifying British administration in India? पिट्स इंडिया एक्ट ने भारत में ब्रिटिश प्रशासन को एकीकृत करने में किस प्रकार योगदान दिया?
	By allowing Governors to act independently. राज्यपालों को स्वतंत्र रूप से कार्य करने की अनुमति देकर।
	By dissolving the Court of Directors.

	निदेशक मंडल को भंग करके।
	By giving the Governor General supreme authority over Presidencies. गवर्नर जनरल को प्रेसीडेंसी पर सर्वोच्च अधिकार देकर. By merging civil and military departments. नागरिक और सैन्य विभागों का विलय करके।

Q.No: 33	Consider the statements about pawn promotion in chess: 1) A pawn can promote to any piece except king or pawn on reaching the other side. 2) Pawns can only promote to previously captured pieces. Which of the statements is/are **correct?** शतरंज में मोहरे की पदोन्नति के बारे में कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) मोहरा दूसरी तरफ पहुँचने पर राजा या मोहरे को छोड़कर किसी भी मोहरे पर पदोन्नत हो सकता है। 2) मोहरे केवल पहले से पकड़े गए मोहरों पर ही पदोन्नत हो सकते हैं। कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है 1 and 2 are Correct 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R).** **Assertion (A):** Pakistan's move from a 'Positive List' to a 'Negative List' of 1209 tariff lines for Indian goods under SAFTA was challenged by India as a violation of the agreement. **Reason (R):** Article 23 of the SAFTA Agreement permits member countries to make unilateral tariff reservations in case of political disagreement. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के रूप में चिह्नित करें।** **अभिकथन (A):** SAFTA के तहत भारतीय वस्तुओं के लिए 1209 टैरिफ लाइनों की 'सकारात्मक सूची' से 'नकारात्मक सूची' में पाकिस्तान के कदम को भारत ने समझौते का उल्लंघन बताते हुए चुनौती दी थी। **कारण (R):** SAFTA समझौते का अनुच्छेद 23 सदस्य देशों को राजनीतिक असहमति की स्थिति में एकतरफा टैरिफ आरक्षण करने की अनुमति देता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	Who is the author of 'Sleeping on Jupiter', a novel longlisted for the Booker Prize in 2015? 'स्लीपिंग ऑन जुपिटर' उपन्यास के लेखक कौन हैं, जो 2015 के बुकर पुरस्कार के लिए नामांकित है?
	Kiran Desai किरण देसाई
	Anuradha Roy अनुराधा रॉय
	Jhumpa Lahiri झुम्पा लाहिड़ी
	T.N. Ninan

	टी.एन. निनान

Q.No: 36	Which Indian para-athlete became the first para archer to receive the Padma Shri after winning a historic gold medal at the 2024 Paris Paralympics? कौन सा भारतीय पैरा-एथलीट 2024 पेरिस पैरालिंपिक में ऐतिहासिक स्वर्ण पदक जीतने के बाद पद्म श्री प्राप्त करने वाला पहला पैरा तीरंदाज बन गया?
	Rakesh Kumar राकेश कुमार
	Harvinder Singh हरविंदर सिंह
	Mariyappan Thangavelu मरियप्पन थंगावेलु
	Sumit Antil सुमित अंतिल
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	Consider the following statements regarding the South Asian Federation (SAF) Games and identify which are **correct:** 1) The first edition was held in Kathmandu, Nepal, in 1984 with participation from all seven SAARC nations. 2) India has hosted the SAF Games more times than any other country up to 2016. दक्षिण एशियाई महासंघ (SAF) खेलों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए और बताइए कि कौन से कथन **सही** हैं: 1) पहला संस्करण 1984 में काठमांडू, नेपाल में आयोजित किया गया था जिसमें सभी सात सार्क देशों ने भाग लिया था। 2) भारत ने 2016 तक किसी भी अन्य देश की तुलना में SAF खेलों की सबसे अधिक बार मेजबानी की है।
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है

	Neither 1 nor 2 are correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	**Fill in the blanks:** The Chairperson of the GST Council is the _____ of India. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** जीएसटी परिषद के अध्यक्ष भारत के _____ हैं। Prime Minister प्रधानमंत्री
	Union Finance Minister केंद्रीय वित्त मंत्री
	President राष्ट्रपति Vice-President उपराष्ट्रपति

Q.No: 39	Read the below statements about connective tissues: 1. Tendons connect muscles to bones and are made of dense regular connective tissue. 2. Ligaments connect bones to bones and are slightly elastic. 3. Cartilage contains calcium salts and is harder than bone. Which of the above statements are **correct**? संयोजी ऊतकों के बारे में नीचे दिए गए कथनों को पढ़ें: 1. टेंडन मांसपेशियों को हड्डियों से जोड़ते हैं और घने नियमित संयोजी ऊतक से बने होते हैं। 2. स्नायुबंधन हड्डियों को हड्डियों से जोड़ते हैं और थोड़े लचीले होते हैं। 3. उपास्थि में कैल्शियम लवण होते हैं और यह हड्डी से अधिक कठोर होती है। उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन **सही** हैं?
	Only 1 and 2 are correct

	केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं

Q.No: 40	Consider the following statements about the Rajya Sabha and choose the **correct** option: 1) Rajya Sabha is a continuing house of the Parliament, immune to dissolution under any circumstance. 2) Rajya Sabha members serve staggered six-year terms, with one-third retiring every two years. राज्यसभा के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए और **सही** विकल्प चुनिए: 1) राज्यसभा संसद का एक सतत सदन है, जो किसी भी परिस्थिति में भंग नहीं हो सकता। 2) राज्यसभा के सदस्य छह वर्ष के कार्यकाल के लिए सेवा करते हैं, जिनमें से एक-तिहाई सदस्य हर दो वर्ष में सेवानिवृत्त होते हैं।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Q.No: 41	**Fill in the Blank:** Tamasha is a folk theatre form mainly found in _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** तमाशा एक लोक नाट्य शैली है जो मुख्य रूप से _____ में पाई जाती है।

	Kerala केरल Karnataka कर्नाटक
	Maharashtra महाराष्ट्र
	Odisha ओडिशा

Q.No: 42	Which curve shows all combinations of two goods that give a consumer equal satisfaction? कौन सा वक्र दो वस्तुओं के उन सभी संयोजनों को दर्शाता है जो उपभोक्ता को समान संतुष्टि देते हैं?
	Indifference curve इनडीफरन्स कर्व
	Budget constraint बजट बाध्यता
	Isoquant curve आइसोक्वेंट वक्र Marginal cost curve सीमांत लागत वक्र

Q.No: 43	According to the Global Peace Index 2024, what is the role of Positive Peace in the context of violent conflict and economic instability? वैश्विक शांति सूचकांक 2024 के अनुसार, हिंसक संघर्ष और आर्थिक अस्थिरता के संदर्भ में सकारात्मक शांति की क्या भूमिका है?
	It measures the number of conflicts per country यह प्रति देश संघर्षों की संख्या को मापता है
	It predicts military expenditure trend

	यह सैन्य व्यय की प्रवृत्ति का अनुमान लगाता है
	It identifies structural factors that promote peace and can forecast declines in peacefulness यह उन संरचनात्मक कारकों की पहचान करता है जो शांति को बढ़ावा देते हैं और शांति में गिरावट का पूर्वानुमान लगा सकते हैं
	It calculates the percentage of GDP lost due to war यह युद्ध के कारण जीडीपी के नुकसान के प्रतिशत की गणना करता है

Q.No: 44	Which plan introduced Minimum Needs Programme? किस योजना ने न्यूनतम आवश्यकता कार्यक्रम शुरू किया?
	Third तीसरा
	Fourth चौथी
	Fifth पांचवां
	Sixth छठा

Q.No: 45	Which is NOT part of the Washington Consensus? वाशिंगटन सहमति का हिस्सा कौन नहीं है?
	Trade liberalisation व्यापार उदारीकरण
	Fiscal discipline राजकोषीय अनुशासन
	Export subsidies निर्यात सब्सिडी

	Tax reform कर सुधार
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	Which Indian state became the first to notify all its wetlands under the Wetlands (Conservation and Management) Rules, 2017 by mid-2025? कौन सा भारतीय राज्य 2025 के मध्य तक वेटलैंड्स (संरक्षण और प्रबंधन) नियम, 2017 के तहत अपने सभी वेटलैंड्स को अधिसूचित करने वाला पहला राज्य बन गया?
	Kerala केरल
	Odisha ओडिशा
	Madhya Pradesh मध्य प्रदेश
	Himachal Pradesh हिमाचल प्रदेश
Not Answered	

Q.No: 47	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). **Assertion (A):** The New Economic Policy of 1991 resulted in the abolition of industrial licensing for most industries. **Reason (R):** Licensing was re-imposed to regulate growing private sector monopolies. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) के संबंध में सही विकल्प चुनिए। अभिकथन (A): 1991 की नई आर्थिक नीति के परिणामस्वरूप अधिकांश उद्योगों के लिए औद्योगिक लाइसेंसिंग समाप्त कर दी गई। कारण (R): बढ़ते निजी क्षेत्र के एकाधिकार को नियंत्रित करने के लिए लाइसेंसिंग को पुनः लागू किया गया।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है। Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है। A is false but R is true. A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 48	Which Article of the Constitution confers the right to constitutional remedies, and how is it linked to Fundamental Rights? संविधान का कौन सा अनुच्छेद संवैधानिक उपचारों का अधिकार प्रदान करता है, और यह मौलिक अधिकारों से कैसे जुड़ा है?
	Article 32; it is called the "heart and soul" of the Constitution अनुच्छेद 32; इसे संविधान का "हृदय और आत्मा" कहा जाता है
	Article 226; it is a protective mechanism for Directive Principles अनुच्छेद 226; यह नीति निर्देशक सिद्धांतों के लिए एक सुरक्षात्मक तंत्र है
	Article 21; it deals with personal liberty only अनुच्छेद 21; यह केवल व्यक्तिगत स्वतंत्रता से संबंधित है Article 14; it ensures equality before law अनुच्छेद 14; यह कानून के समक्ष समानता सुनिश्चित करता है

Q.No: 49	Which of the following statements **correctly** describes a unique feature of the **Dumhal dance** of Kashmir? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन कश्मीर के **दुम्हाल नृत्य** की अनूठी विशेषता का **सही** वर्णन करता है?
	It is performed by women during harvest festivals. यह नृत्य फसल उत्सव के दौरान महिलाओं द्वारा किया जाता है।
	It is accompanied solely by string instruments and solo singing. इसमें केवल तार वाद्यों और एकल गायन का प्रयोग होता है।
	Only Wattal men perform it around a banner planted into the ground. केवल वट्टल पुरुष ही जमीन में गाड़े गए बैनर के चारों ओर यह प्रदर्शन करते हैं। It allows spontaneous performance by any community on any occasion.

	यह किसी भी अवसर पर किसी भी समुदाय द्वारा स्वत:स्फूर्त प्रदर्शन की अनुमति देता है।

Q.No: 50	Which phenomenon is primarily responsible for auroras near Earth's poles? पृथ्वी के ध्रुवों के निकट ऑरोरा के लिए मुख्य रूप से कौन सी घटना जिम्मेदार है?
	Earthquake waves भूकंप की लहरें Lightning discharges बिजली का निर्वहन
	Solar wind and magnetic field interaction सौर वायु और चुंबकीय क्षेत्र की परस्पर क्रिया
	Volcanic ash dispersion ज्वालामुखीय राख का फैलाव

Roll No.	
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Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	If (x+y):(x−y) =5:2, find $(x^3+y^3) : (x^3-y^3)$ यदि (x+y):(x−y) =5:2, तो ज्ञात करें $(x^3+y^3) : (x^3-y^3)$
	185 : 158

	185 : 158
	158 : 185 158 : 185 17 : 23 17 : 23
	23 : 17 23 : 17

Q.No: 52	If you subtract the square of a number from 4052 and then multiply the result by 15, you get 41340. What is that number? यदि आप किसी संख्या के वर्ग को 4052 से घटाते हैं और फिर परिणाम को 15 से गुणा करते हैं, तो आपको 41340 प्राप्त होता है। वह संख्या क्या है?
	46 46
	36 36
	26 26
	86 86

Q.No: 53	**Choose the correct relation:** (i) $\sqrt{10} < 3.2$ (ii) $\sqrt{11} < \sqrt{12}$ (iii) $\sqrt{13} < \sqrt{14}$

	सही संबंध चुनें: (i) √10 < 3.2 (ii) √11 < √12 (iii) √13 < √14
	(i) only (i) केवल
	(i) and (ii) (i) और (ii)
	(ii) and (iii) (ii) और (iii)
	(i), (ii) and (iii) (i), (ii) और (iii)

Q.No: 54	A trader marked an article 40% above its cost price. He then allowed a discount of 20% on the marked price. If the selling price of the article was ₹560, what was its cost price? एक व्यापारी ने एक वस्तु को उसके लागत मूल्य से 40% अधिक मूल्य पर अंकित किया। फिर उसने अंकित मूल्य पर 20% की छूट दी। यदि वस्तु का विक्रय मूल्य ₹560 था, तो उसका लागत मूल्य क्या था?
	₹500 ₹500
	₹209 ₹209
	₹306 ₹306
	₹456 ₹456

Q.No: 55	A & B together earn ₹840 for a job. A works the whole time; B joins after the job is 25 % done. B is twice as efficient as A. Find B's share. A और B मिलकर किसी काम के लिए ₹840 कमाते हैं। A पूरे समय काम करता है; B काम 25% पूरा होने के बाद शामिल होता है। B, A से दोगुना कुशल है। B का हिस्सा ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹ 420 ₹ 420
	₹ 300 ₹ 300
	₹ 360 ₹ 360
	₹ 400 ₹ 400

Q.No: 56	Given: $x + \frac{1}{x} = -2$, then determine the value of $x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} - 3(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}) + 4(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2})$. दिया गया है: $x + \frac{1}{x} = -2$, तो का मान निर्धारित करें$x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} - 3(x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}) + 4(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2})$.
	5 5
	8 8 3 3
	4 4

Q.No: 57	A sum becomes 2.5 times of itself in 5 years under simple interest. In how many years will it become 5 times itself at the same rate?

	एक धनराशि साधारण ब्याज के तहत 5 वर्षों में 2.5 गुना हो जाती है। समान दर पर कितने वर्षों में यह 5 गुना हो जाएगी?
	$12\frac{2}{3}$ years $12\frac{2}{3}$ वर्ष
	$13\frac{1}{3}$ years $13\frac{1}{3}$ वर्ष
	$14\frac{2}{3}$ years $14\frac{2}{3}$ वर्ष
	$11\frac{1}{3}$ years $11\frac{1}{3}$ वर्ष

Q.No: 58	A person invested a total sum of ₹1900 in three different schemes of simple interest at 2%, 4%, and 5% per annum. At the end of one year, he got the same interest from all three schemes. What was the amount (in ₹) invested at 4%? एक व्यक्ति ने 2%, 4% और 5% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज की तीन अलग-अलग योजनाओं में कुल ₹1900 का निवेश किया। एक वर्ष के अंत में, उसे तीनों योजनाओं से समान ब्याज मिला। 4% पर निवेश की गई राशि (₹ में) क्या थी?
	₹1000 ₹1000
	₹500 ₹500
	₹400 ₹400
	₹350 ₹350

Q.No: 59	A ladder reaches a window 8 meters high on a vertical wall. If the ladder is positioned at a 45° angle to the ground, what is its length?(nearest to a whole number) एक सीढ़ी एक ऊर्ध्वाधर दीवार पर 8 मीटर ऊंची खिड़की तक पहुंचती है। यदि सीढ़ी जमीन से 45° के कोण पर स्थित है, तो इसकी लंबाई क्या है? (पूर्णांक के सबसे निकट)
	10m 10 मीटर
	11m 11 मीटर
	12m 12 मीटर
	13m 13 मीटर

Q.No: 60	A solid cylinder has a radius of 5 cm and a height of 10 cm. A smaller cylindrical hole of radius 3 cm is drilled coaxially through its entire length. What is the approximate volume of the remaining solid? एक ठोस बेलन की त्रिज्या 5 सेमी और ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है। इसकी पूरी लंबाई में 3 सेमी त्रिज्या का एक छोटा बेलनाकार छेद समाक्षीय रूप से ड्रिल किया जाता है। शेष ठोस का लगभग आयतन क्या है?
	282.6 cm^3 282.6 cm^3
	785 cm^3 785 cm^3
	502 cm^3 502 cm^3
	628.3 cm^3 628.3 cm^3

Q.No: 61	A tank is in the shape of a rectangular parallelepiped of size 50 m × 40 m × 3 m. Its capacity in kilolitres is

	एक टैंक 50 मीटर × 40 मीटर × 3 मीटर आकार के एक आयताकार समांतर चतुर्भुज के आकार का है। इसकी क्षमता किलोलीटर में है
	6,000 kilolitres 6,000 किलोलीटर
	5,000 kilolitres 5,000 किलोलीटर
	4,500 kilolitres 4,500 किलोलीटर
	5,500 kilolitres 5,500 किलोलीटर

Q.No: 62	A right circular cone having height of 30 cm is cut by two parallel planes at heights 10 cm and 20 cm from the base. What is the ratio of the volumes of the three parts (from top to bottom)? 30 सेमी ऊँचाई वाले एक लम्बवृत्तीय शंकु को आधार से 10 सेमी और 20 सेमी ऊँचाई पर दो समांतर समतलों द्वारा काटा गया है। तीनों भागों के आयतनों का अनुपात (ऊपर से नीचे तक) क्या है?
	8 : 19 : 27 8 : 19 : 27
	1 : 6 : 20 1 : 6 : 20
	8 : 19 : 64 8 : 19 : 64
	1 : 7 : 19 1 : 7 : 19

Q.No: 63	A solid hemisphere of radius R is melted and recast into n smaller hemispheres of radius r. Find the value of n. त्रिज्या R वाले एक ठोस अर्धगोले को पिघलाकर r त्रिज्या वाले n छोटे अर्धगोले में ढाला गया है। n का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

	$(\frac{R}{r})^3$ $(\frac{R}{r})^3$
	$(\frac{2R}{r})^3$ $(\frac{2R}{r})^3$
	$(\frac{R}{2r})^3$ $(\frac{R}{2r})^3$
	$(\frac{4R}{3r})^3$ $(\frac{4R}{3r})^3$

Q.No: 64	If $cotA = \sqrt{3}$, what is the value of$(1 + sinA)(1 + cosA)$? यदि $cotA = \sqrt{3}$, तो $(1 + sinA)(1 + cosA)$ का मान क्या है?
	$\frac{(2+3\sqrt{3})}{2}$ $\frac{(2+3\sqrt{3})}{2}$
	$\frac{(6+3\sqrt{3})}{4}$ $\frac{(6+3\sqrt{3})}{4}$ $\frac{(7+3\sqrt{3})}{4}$ $\frac{(7+3\sqrt{3})}{4}$
	$\frac{(11+3\sqrt{3})}{5}$

	$\frac{(11+3\sqrt{3})}{5}$

Q.No: 65	If $\sin x + \cos x = \sqrt{2}$, what is the value of sin x − cos x? यदि $\sin x + \cos x = \sqrt{2}$, sinx − cosx का मान क्या है?
	0 0
	1 1
	2 2
	3 3

Q.No: 66	Which point lies on y = -3x + 7? कौन सा बिंदु y = -3x + 7 पर स्थित है?
	(0, 7) (0, 7)
	(2, 1) (2, 1)
	(3, -2) (3, -2)
	(0,7), (2,1) and (3,-2) all (0,7), (2,1) और (3,-2) सभी

Q.No: 67	A sector has a central angle of 90∘ and a radius of 6 cm. Another sector has a central angle of π/2radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector? एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 90° और त्रिज्या 6 सेमी है। दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण π/2 रेडियन है। पहले त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे त्रिज्यखंड के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	2:1 2:1
	1:1 1:1
	3:2 3:2
	5:6 5:6

Q.No: 68	A regular polygon has each interior angle measuring 150°. Find the number of its sides एक समबहुभुज का प्रत्येक आंतरिक कोण 150° का है। इसकी भुजाओं की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	10 10
	12 12
	15 15
	18 18

Q.No: 69	A point P is 13 cm away from the center of a circle. A tangent is drawn from P to the circle, and its length is 12 cm. What is the area of the circle?

	एक बिंदु P, वृत्त के केंद्र से 13 सेमी दूर है। P से वृत्त पर एक स्पर्श रेखा खींची गई है, जिसकी लंबाई 12 सेमी है। वृत्त का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	25π cm^2 25π सेमी ^{2}
	144π cm^2 144π सेमी ^{2}
	36π cm^2 36π सेमी ^{2}
	169π cm^2 169π सेमी ^{2}

Q.No: 70	In △ABC, an angle bisector from A meets BC at D. If AD bisects ∠BAC, and AB=AC, are △ABD and △ACD congruent? If so, by what rule? △ABC में, A से कोण समद्विभाजक BC से D पर मिलता है। यदि AD, ∠BAC को समद्विभाजित करता है, और AB=AC है, तो क्या △ABD और △ACD सर्वांगसम हैं? यदि हाँ, तो किस नियम से?
	Yes, by SSS हाँ, एसएसएस द्वारा
	Yes, by SAS हाँ, एसएएस द्वारा
	Yes, by ASA हाँ, एएसए द्वारा
	No, they are not congruent नहीं, वे सर्वांगसम नहीं हैं

Q.No: 71	**Simplify:** $\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3}}$

	सरल: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{3}}$
	$\sqrt{7}$ $\sqrt{7}$
	$2\sqrt{7}$ $2\sqrt{7}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{2}$ $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{2}$
	$5\sqrt{7}$ $5\sqrt{7}$

Q.No: 72	If $sinA = x$, then what is cos^2A in terms of x? यदि $sinA = x$, तो x के पदों में cos^2A क्या है?
	$1 - x^2$ $1 - x^2$
	$2 - x^2$ $2 - x^2$
	$3 - x^2$ $3 - x^2$
	$1 - 2x^2$ $1 - 2x^2$

Q.No: 73	The angle between two tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is 60°. What is the angle subtended by the chord connecting their points of contact at the center?

	एक बाह्य बिंदु से वृत्त पर खींची गई दो स्पर्श रेखाओं के बीच का कोण 60° है। उनके संपर्क बिंदुओं को केंद्र पर जोड़ने वाली जीवा द्वारा बनाया गया कोण कितना है?
	60° 60°
	120° 120°
	90° 90°
	30° 30°
Q.No: 74	From a point P outside a circle, a tangent PA and a secant PBC are drawn. If PA=6 cm and BC=5 cm, what is the length of the segment PB? From a point P outside a circle, a tangent PA and a secant PBC are drawn. If PA=6 cm and BC=5 cm, what is the length of the segment PB?
	4 cm 4 cm
	5 cm 5 cm
	9 cm 9 cm 12 cm 12 cm

Q.No: 75	What is the value of $(0.2^3 + 0.02^3) \div (0.4^3 + 0.04^3)$? $(0.2^3 + 0.02^3) \div (0.4^3 + 0.04^3)$ का मान क्या है?
	0.055

	0.055
	0.051 0.051
	0.125 0.125
	0.052 0.052

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **19 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CADAVEROUS**
	Vibrant

	Pale
	Lively Healthy

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CORUSCATE**
	Blur
	Dim
	Sparkle
	Fade

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Pusillanimous**
	Timid
	Brave
	Cowardly Faint-hearted

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Chapter and verse**
	With half-formed reasoning Incomplete explanation

	With precise reference and detail
	Through analogy or example

Q.No: 80	Choose the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'to express disapproval or disappointment'.
	Reproove
	Reprove
	Reprovve
	Repruve

Q.No: 81	Find the **correctly spelled** word meaning for extreme frugality.
	Parsimonious
	Parsimmonious
	Parsimonius
	Parcimonious

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A system of government where priests rule in the name of God'.
	Plutocracy
	Theocracy
	Autocracy

	Aristocracy

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A harmless, inert substance or pill prescribed more for psychological benefit than for any physiological effect'.
	Panacea
	Placebo
	Antidote
	Palliative

Q.No: 84	**Fill in the blank with the correct option:** He spoke so _____ that the audience was mesmerized.
	fluently
	fluent
	fluented
	fluency

Q.No: 85	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The finance team (1)/ comprises of experts (2)/ in risk, audit, and compliance (3)/ from various industries. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)

	(4)

Q.No: 86	**Change the following from active to passive:** They will be delivering the parcels this afternoon.
	The parcels will be being delivered this afternoon.
	The parcels are being delivered this afternoon.
	The parcels will being delivered this afternoon. The parcels will have been delivered this afternoon.

Q.No: 87	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Each of the committee members (1)/ were obligated to disclose any potential conflict (2)/ regardless of how trivial it might appear (3)/ during the selection process. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The **tableau** of human suffering was etched into memory by the war artist.
	The group performed a silent tableau on stage.

	The historian examined the tableau of events after partition.
	The tableau included metaphorical symbols and figures.
	The cabinet's tableau was rearranged after the reshuffle.

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The road was blocked by the fallen tree.
	The fallen tree blocked the road.
	The fallen tree had blocked the road.
	The road blocks the tree.
	The road had been blocked by the tree.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He ***returned back*** to his hometown after many years.
	returned again
	returned
	came back
	has returned back

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The discourse on gender roles in modern India occupies a complex intersection between inherited patriarchal structures and evolving socio-political consciousness. While constitutional provisions guarantee equality and the policy framework has increasingly incorporated gender-sensitive measures, deep-seated cultural scripts continue to govern the lived experiences of both women and men across diverse social strata. Contrary to the homogenizing narrative of progress, gender dynamics in India remain highly uneven. Urban centers may exhibit surface-level liberalization in female workforce participation and social autonomy, but these indicators often camouflage the persistent undercurrents of gendered expectations. Women, even when educated and employed, are frequently subjected to the "double burden"—juggling professional obligations with entrenched domestic responsibilities. The idea of the "ideal Indian woman" remains tethered to notions of chastity, compliance, and familial prioritization, subtly reinforced through popular media, matrimonial conventions, and institutional biases. In rural and semi-urban contexts, the scenario becomes even more layered. While grassroots movements and self-help groups have undoubtedly empowered many women economically and politically, the transformation in gender attitudes is far from uniform. Customary practices such as dowry, son-preference, and moral policing continue to restrict female agency. The intersection of gender with caste, class, and religion further complicates this matrix, rendering some women doubly or triply marginalized. For instance, a Dalit woman in a patriarchal village setup not only grapples with gendered subjugation but also caste discrimination and socio-economic precarity. Meanwhile, discussions around masculinity in India have remained relatively under-theorized. The cultural construct of the Indian male continues to valorize dominance, emotional stoicism, and economic provisioning. These norms are not only restrictive for women but also profoundly limiting for men, who face stigmatization when deviating from prescribed masculine roles. The lack of space for emotional vulnerability or non-conformist identity expression among men reveals that patriarchal systems, while privileging one gender, dehumanize both. Education, digital media, and feminist activism have undoubtedly created ruptures in traditional gender narratives. However, the backlash against progressive gender norms—evident in increasing online misogyny, moral vigilantism, and politicization of women's autonomy—signals that change is not linear. Legislation alone cannot undo centuries of cultural indoctrination; transformation demands a deeper, intergenerational shift in values. To genuinely transcend regressive gender binaries, India must invest not just in policies but in pedagogies—ones that dismantle gender essentialism from early childhood, promote inclusive masculinities, and validate diverse gender expressions. Without such a fundamental reimagining, the rhetoric of equality will continue to outpace reality, and gender roles will remain ensnared in a paradox of progress and persistence. What does the term "double burden" refer to in the context of urban Indian women?
	Dual employment
	Economic dependence and social isolation
	Gender-based violence at home
	Balancing job and household responsibilities

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The discourse on gender roles in modern India occupies a complex intersection between inherited patriarchal structures and evolving socio-political consciousness. While constitutional provisions guarantee equality and the policy framework has increasingly incorporated gender-sensitive measures, deep-seated cultural scripts continue to govern the lived experiences of both women and men across diverse social strata. Contrary to the homogenizing narrative of progress, gender dynamics in India remain highly uneven. Urban centers may exhibit surface-level liberalization in female workforce participation and social autonomy, but these indicators often camouflage the persistent undercurrents of gendered expectations. Women, even when educated and employed, are frequently subjected to the "double burden"—juggling professional obligations with entrenched domestic responsibilities. The idea of the "ideal Indian woman" remains tethered to notions of chastity, compliance, and familial prioritization, subtly reinforced through popular media, matrimonial conventions, and institutional biases. In rural and semi-urban contexts, the scenario becomes even more layered. While grassroots movements and self-help groups have undoubtedly empowered many women economically and politically, the transformation in gender attitudes is far from uniform. Customary practices such as dowry, son-preference, and moral policing continue to restrict female agency. The intersection of gender with caste, class, and religion further complicates this matrix, rendering some women doubly or triply marginalized. For instance, a Dalit woman in a patriarchal village setup not only grapples with gendered subjugation but also caste discrimination and socio-economic precarity. Meanwhile, discussions around masculinity in India have remained relatively under-theorized. The cultural construct of the Indian male continues to valorize dominance, emotional stoicism, and economic provisioning. These norms are not only restrictive for women but also profoundly limiting for men, who face stigmatization when deviating from prescribed masculine roles. The lack of space for emotional vulnerability or non-conformist identity expression among men reveals that patriarchal systems, while privileging one gender, dehumanize both. Education, digital media, and feminist activism have undoubtedly created ruptures in traditional gender narratives. However, the backlash against progressive gender norms—evident in increasing online misogyny, moral vigilantism, and politicization of women's autonomy—signals that change is not linear. Legislation alone cannot undo centuries of cultural indoctrination; transformation demands a deeper, intergenerational shift in values. To genuinely transcend regressive gender binaries, India must invest not just in policies but in pedagogies—ones that dismantle gender essentialism from early childhood, promote inclusive masculinities, and validate diverse gender expressions. Without such a fundamental reimagining, the rhetoric of equality will continue to outpace reality, and gender roles will remain ensnared in a paradox of progress and persistence. What contradiction is highlighted in gender progress in urban India?
	Women are excluded from legislation
	Women are unwilling to work

	Superficial autonomy masks persistent traditional roles
	Male literacy has declined

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The discourse on gender roles in modern India occupies a complex intersection between inherited patriarchal structures and evolving socio-political consciousness. While constitutional provisions guarantee equality and the policy framework has increasingly incorporated gender-sensitive measures, deep-seated cultural scripts continue to govern the lived experiences of both women and men across diverse social strata. Contrary to the homogenizing narrative of progress, gender dynamics in India remain highly uneven. Urban centers may exhibit surface-level liberalization in female workforce participation and social autonomy, but these indicators often camouflage the persistent undercurrents of gendered expectations. Women, even when educated and employed, are frequently subjected to the "double burden"—juggling professional obligations with entrenched domestic responsibilities. The idea of the "ideal Indian woman" remains tethered to notions of chastity, compliance, and familial prioritization, subtly reinforced through popular media, matrimonial conventions, and institutional biases. In rural and semi-urban contexts, the scenario becomes even more layered. While grassroots movements and self-help groups have undoubtedly empowered many women economically and politically, the transformation in gender attitudes is far from uniform. Customary practices such as dowry, son-preference, and moral policing continue to restrict female agency. The intersection of gender with caste, class, and religion further complicates this matrix, rendering some women doubly or triply marginalized. For instance, a Dalit woman in a patriarchal village setup not only grapples with gendered subjugation but also caste discrimination and socio-economic precarity. Meanwhile, discussions around masculinity in India have remained relatively under-theorized. The cultural construct of the Indian male continues to valorize dominance, emotional stoicism, and economic provisioning. These norms are not only restrictive for women but also profoundly limiting for men, who face stigmatization when deviating from prescribed masculine roles. The lack of space for emotional vulnerability or non-conformist identity expression among men reveals that patriarchal systems, while privileging one gender, dehumanize both. Education, digital media, and feminist activism have undoubtedly created ruptures in traditional gender narratives. However, the backlash against progressive gender norms—evident in increasing online misogyny, moral vigilantism, and politicization of women's autonomy—signals that change is not linear. Legislation alone cannot undo centuries of cultural indoctrination; transformation demands a deeper, intergenerational shift in values. To genuinely transcend regressive gender binaries, India must invest not just in policies but in pedagogies—ones that dismantle gender essentialism from early childhood, promote inclusive masculinities, and validate diverse gender expressions. Without such a fundamental reimagining, the rhetoric of equality will continue to outpace reality, and gender roles will remain ensnared in a paradox of progress and persistence. What does the author suggest about masculinity in Indian society?

	It imposes restrictive roles on men as well
	It is more progressive than femininity It promotes emotional well-being
	Masculinity is biologically fixed

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The discourse on gender roles in modern India occupies a complex intersection between inherited patriarchal structures and evolving socio-political consciousness. While constitutional provisions guarantee equality and the policy framework has increasingly incorporated gender-sensitive measures, deep-seated cultural scripts continue to govern the lived experiences of both women and men across diverse social strata. Contrary to the homogenizing narrative of progress, gender dynamics in India remain highly uneven. Urban centers may exhibit surface-level liberalization in female workforce participation and social autonomy, but these indicators often camouflage the persistent undercurrents of gendered expectations. Women, even when educated and employed, are frequently subjected to the "double burden"—juggling professional obligations with entrenched domestic responsibilities. The idea of the "ideal Indian woman" remains tethered to notions of chastity, compliance, and familial prioritization, subtly reinforced through popular media, matrimonial conventions, and institutional biases. In rural and semi-urban contexts, the scenario becomes even more layered. While grassroots movements and self-help groups have undoubtedly empowered many women economically and politically, the transformation in gender attitudes is far from uniform. Customary practices such as dowry, son-preference, and moral policing continue to restrict female agency. The intersection of gender with caste, class, and religion further complicates this matrix, rendering some women doubly or triply marginalized. For instance, a Dalit woman in a patriarchal village setup not only grapples with gendered subjugation but also caste discrimination and socio-economic precarity. Meanwhile, discussions around masculinity in India have remained relatively under-theorized. The cultural construct of the Indian male continues to valorize dominance, emotional stoicism, and economic provisioning. These norms are not only restrictive for women but also profoundly limiting for men, who face stigmatization when deviating from prescribed masculine roles. The lack of space for emotional vulnerability or non-conformist identity expression among men reveals that patriarchal systems, while privileging one gender, dehumanize both. Education, digital media, and feminist activism have undoubtedly created ruptures in traditional gender narratives. However, the backlash against progressive gender norms—evident in increasing online misogyny, moral vigilantism, and politicization of women's autonomy—signals that change is not linear. Legislation alone cannot undo centuries of cultural indoctrination; transformation demands a deeper, intergenerational shift in values. To genuinely transcend regressive gender binaries, India must invest not just in policies but in pedagogies—ones that dismantle gender essentialism from early childhood, promote inclusive masculinities, and validate diverse gender expressions. Without such a fundamental reimagining, the rhetoric of equality will continue to outpace reality, and gender roles will remain ensnared in a paradox of progress and persistence. According to the passage, what complicates gender oppression further for rural women? Access to internet
	Urban migration
	Intersection with caste and class
	Western education

Q.No: 95	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** The discourse on gender roles in modern India occupies a complex intersection between inherited patriarchal structures and evolving socio-political consciousness. While constitutional provisions guarantee equality and the policy framework has increasingly incorporated gender-sensitive measures, deep-seated cultural scripts continue to govern the lived experiences of both women and men across diverse social strata. Contrary to the homogenizing narrative of progress, gender dynamics in India remain highly uneven. Urban centers may exhibit surface-level liberalization in female workforce participation and social autonomy, but these indicators often camouflage the persistent undercurrents of gendered expectations. Women, even when educated and employed, are frequently subjected to the "double burden"—juggling professional obligations with entrenched domestic responsibilities. The idea of the "ideal Indian woman" remains tethered to notions of chastity, compliance, and familial prioritization, subtly reinforced through popular media, matrimonial conventions, and institutional biases. In rural and semi-urban contexts, the scenario becomes even more layered. While grassroots movements and self-help groups have undoubtedly empowered many women economically and politically, the transformation in gender attitudes is far from uniform. Customary practices such as dowry, son-preference, and moral policing continue to restrict female agency. The intersection of gender with caste, class, and religion further complicates this matrix, rendering some women doubly or triply marginalized. For instance, a Dalit woman in a patriarchal village setup not only grapples with gendered subjugation but also caste discrimination and socio-economic precarity. Meanwhile, discussions around masculinity in India have remained relatively under-theorized. The cultural construct of the Indian male continues to valorize dominance, emotional stoicism, and economic provisioning. These norms are not only restrictive for women but also profoundly limiting for men, who face stigmatization when deviating from prescribed masculine roles. The lack of space for emotional vulnerability or non-conformist identity expression among men reveals that patriarchal systems, while privileging one gender, dehumanize both. Education, digital media, and feminist activism have undoubtedly created ruptures in traditional gender narratives. However, the backlash against progressive gender norms—evident in increasing online misogyny, moral vigilantism, and politicization of women's autonomy—signals that change is not linear. Legislation alone cannot undo centuries of cultural indoctrination; transformation demands a deeper, intergenerational shift in values. To genuinely transcend regressive gender binaries, India must invest not just in policies but in pedagogies—ones that dismantle gender essentialism from early childhood, promote inclusive masculinities, and validate diverse gender expressions. Without such a fundamental reimagining, the rhetoric of equality will continue to outpace reality, and gender roles will remain ensnared in a paradox of progress and persistence. What long-term solution does the author propose to resolve gender inequality?
	Stringent laws and penalties
	Reforming pedagogy and cultural values

	Promoting arranged marriages
	Expanding reservations for women

Q.No: 96	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** Teacher said, "Who broke the window?"
	Teacher asked who had broken the window.
	Teacher asked who has broken the window.
	Teacher asked who did break the window.
	Teacher said who broke the window.

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** The patient said, "It has been three days since I last slept."
	The patient said that it was three days since he last slept.
	The patient said that it had been three days since he had last slept.
	The patient said that he didn't sleep for three days.
	The patient said that he was not sleeping for three days.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** He said that little did he realize what consequences his words would have.

	"Little do I realize what consequences my words would have," he said.
	"Little did I realize what consequences my words would have," he said.
	"I realized little about the consequences of my words," he said. "I hardly realize the consequences of my words," said he.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. These factors include the amount of sunlight received, the composition of the atmosphere, and the Earth's orbit.2. The long-term variations in Earth's climate are influenced by a complex interplay of natural and anthropogenic factors.3. The most significant anthropogenic factor is the emission of greenhouse gases from industrial activities.4. Together, these elements determine the planet's overall energy balance and, consequently, its average temperature.
	2, 1, 4, 3
	1, 2, 3, 4
	3, 4, 1, 2
	4, 2, 3, 1

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This provides real-time information for decision-making. 2. Data analytics is transforming modern business. 3. It involves collecting, processing, and interpreting large datasets. 4. Companies leverage data to identify trends and predict consumer behavior.
	2-1-3-4 4-3-2-1
	2-4-1-3

	2-3-1-4

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Section : I

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No- 76 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: OBFUSCATION

- Explanation
- Clarity
- Transparency
- Confusion

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No- 77 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Vociferous**

- Noisy
- Loud
- Silent
- Boisterous

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No- 78 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Flash in the pan

- A bright idea
- A sudden success that fails to last
- A criminal plan
- A methodical worker

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No- 79 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
To bite one's thumb at someone

- To mock one's own pride
- To insult someone contemptuously
- To offer false flattery
- To express internal fear

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No- 80 Which spelling is **correct** for a word meaning 'calm and peaceful'?

- Serine
- Serenne
- Serene
- Sirreen

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No- 81 Choose the **correct spelling** for a word meaning 'basic or fundamental'.

- Rudimentry
- Rudimentary
- Rudementary
- Rudementary

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No- 82 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'Cancellation of a penalty or debt.'

- Acquittal
- Remission
- Reprieve
- Pardon

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No- 83 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'The use of trickery to achieve a political or financial goal'.

- Diplomacy
- Chicanery
- Bribery
- Propaganda

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No- 84 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Postcolonial infrastructures often inhabit a schizochronic condition—a simultaneity of obsolescence and futurity. Flyovers half-finished, railway stations calcified mid-renovation, and electric grids oscillating between blackout and surplus do not signify simple malfunction. Rather, they manifest a **(1)** _____ temporality in which the present is neither a continuity of the past nor a stable projection of the future. These infrastructures function not as inert utilities but as affective indexes of temporal rupture. Modernity, once telegraphed through asphalt and concrete, now flickers within these arrested developments—gestures of progress suspended in bureaucratic amber. Here, functionality is beside the point. What matters is the performative **(2)** _____ of development: roads that signify mobility even when impassable, metros that symbolize futurity even when immobile. In this schema, infrastructure ceases to be an engineering problem and becomes a narrative technology—a spatial discourse that **(3)** _____ the nation-state's promises into sedimented form. Bridges-to-be and always-rebuilding airports constitute not failure, but continuity: the continual renewal of unfinished intention. Such spatial artifacts require a reutilitarised hermeneutics. To read them literally is to miss their symbolic resonance. Their dissonant is not dross but **(4)** _____—a visual vocabulary of state temporality, in which incompletion is the political idiom of continuity. This is the temporal grammar of anticipation without arrival. Thus, the postcolonial built environment articulates not stasis, but **(5)** _____—a condition where motion exists without direction, and progress is simulated through perpetual incompletion.

What should come in the place of blank number **(1)**?

- stagnant
- regressive
- disjunctive
- sovereign

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No- 85 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Postcolonial infrastructures often inhabit a schizochronic condition—a simultaneity of obsolescence and futurity. Flyovers half-finished, railway stations calcified mid-renovation, and electric grids oscillating between blackout and surplus do not signify simple malfunction. Rather, they manifest a **(1)** _____ temporality in which the present is neither a continuity of the past nor a stable projection of the future. These infrastructures function not as inert utilities but as affective indexes of temporal rupture. Modernity, once telegraphed through asphalt and concrete, now flickers within these arrested developments—gestures of progress suspended in bureaucratic amber. Here, functionality is beside the point. What matters is the performative **(2)** _____ of development: roads that signify mobility even when impassable, metros that symbolize futurity even when immobile. In this schema, infrastructure ceases to be an engineering problem and becomes a narrative technology—a spatial discourse that **(3)** _____ the nation-state's promises into sedimented form. Bridges-to-be and always-rebuilding airports constitute not failure, but continuity: the continual renewal of unfinished intention. Such spatial artifacts require a reutilitarised hermeneutics. To read them literally is to miss their symbolic resonance. Their dissonant is not dross but **(4)** _____—a visual vocabulary of state temporality, in which incompletion is the political idiom of continuity. This is the temporal grammar of anticipation without arrival. Thus, the postcolonial built environment articulates not stasis, but **(5)** _____—a condition where motion exists without direction, and progress is simulated through perpetual incompletion.

What should come in the place of blank number **(2)**?

- collapse
- simulacra
- hesitation
- repair

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No- 86 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Postcolonial infrastructures often inhabit a schizochronic condition—a simultaneity of obsolescence and futurity. Flyovers half-finished, railway stations calcified mid-renovation, and electric grids oscillating between blackout and surplus do not signify simple malfunction. Rather, they manifest a **(1)** _____ temporality in which the present is neither a continuity of the past nor a stable projection of the future. These infrastructures function not as inert utilities but as affective indexes of temporal rupture. Modernity, once telegraphed through asphalt and concrete, now flickers within these arrested developments—gestures of progress suspended in bureaucratic amber. Here, functionality is beside the point. What matters is the performative **(2)** _____ of development: roads that signify mobility even when impassable, metros that symbolize futurity even when immobile. In this schema, infrastructure ceases to be an engineering problem and becomes a narrative technology—a spatial discourse that **(3)** _____ the nation-state's promises into sedimented form. Bridges-to-be and always-rebuilding airports constitute not failure, but continuity: the continual renewal of unfinished intention. Such spatial artifacts require a reutilitarised hermeneutics. To read them literally is to miss their symbolic resonance. Their dissonant is not dross but **(4)** _____—a visual vocabulary of state temporality, in which incompletion is the political idiom of continuity. This is the temporal grammar of anticipation without arrival. Thus, the postcolonial built environment articulates not stasis, but **(5)** _____—a condition where motion exists without direction, and progress is simulated through perpetual incompletion.

What should come in the place of blank number **(3)**?

- transpose
- articulate
- obscure
- materialize

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No- 87 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Postcolonial infrastructures often inhabit a schizochronic condition—a simultaneity of obsolescence and futurity. Flyovers half-finished, railway stations calcified mid-renovation, and electric grids oscillating between blackout and surplus do not signify simple malfunction. Rather, they manifest a **(1)** _____ temporality in which the present is neither a continuity of the past nor a stable projection of the future. These infrastructures function not as inert utilities but as affective indexes of temporal rupture. Modernity, once telegraphed through asphalt and concrete, now flickers within these arrested developments—gestures of progress suspended in bureaucratic amber. Here, functionality is beside the point. What matters is the performative **(2)** _____ of development: roads that signify mobility even when impassable, metros that symbolize futurity even when immobile. In this schema, infrastructure ceases to be an engineering problem and becomes a narrative technology—a spatial discourse that **(3)** _____ the nation-state's promises into sedimented form. Bridges-to-be and always-rebuilding airports constitute not failure, but continuity: the continual renewal of unfinished intention. Such spatial artifacts require a reutilitarised hermeneutics. To read them literally is to miss their symbolic resonance. Their dissonant is not dross but **(4)** _____—a visual vocabulary of state temporality, in which incompletion is the political idiom of continuity. This is the temporal grammar of anticipation without arrival. Thus, the postcolonial built environment articulates not stasis, but **(5)** _____—a condition where motion exists without direction, and progress is simulated through perpetual incompletion.

What should come in the place of blank number **(4)**?

- regression
- default
- entropy
- nostalgia

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No- 88 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Postcolonial infrastructures often inhabit a schizochronic condition—a simultaneity of obsolescence and futurity. Flyovers half-finished, railway stations calcified mid-renovation, and electric grids oscillating between blackout and surplus do not signify simple malfunction. Rather, they manifest a **(1)** _____ temporality in which the present is neither a continuity of the past nor a stable projection of the future. These infrastructures function not as inert utilities but as affective indexes of temporal rupture. Modernity, once telegraphed through asphalt and concrete, now flickers within these arrested developments—gestures of progress suspended in bureaucratic amber. Here, functionality is beside the point. What matters is the performative **(2)** _____ of development: roads that signify mobility even when impassable, metros that symbolize futurity even when immobile. In this schema, infrastructure ceases to be an engineering problem and becomes a narrative technology—a spatial discourse that **(3)** _____ the nation-state's promises into sedimented form. Bridges-to-be and always-rebuilding airports constitute not failure, but continuity: the continual renewal of unfinished intention. Such spatial artifacts require a reutilitarised hermeneutics. To read them literally is to miss their symbolic resonance. Their dissonant is not dross but **(4)** _____—a visual vocabulary of state temporality, in which incompletion is the political idiom of continuity. This is the temporal grammar of anticipation without arrival. Thus, the postcolonial built environment articulates not stasis, but **(5)** _____—a condition where motion exists without direction, and progress is simulated through perpetual incompletion.

What should come in the place of blank number **(5)**?

- inertia
- kinesis
- exhaustion
- permanence

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No- 89 **Choose the correct phrasal verb:**
The professor asked the student to ____ on her thesis argument.

- follow up
- expand on
- point out
- call for

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No- 90 **Select the correct option:**
Far from taking a liability, his dissenting views often served as a ___ to complacency within the group.

- counterweight
- detriment
- regression
- repudiation

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No- 91 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
The report was more preferable [1]/ to the previous version [2]/ due to its structured layout [3]/ and clarity of language. [4]/

- [1]
- [2]
- [3]
- [4]

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No- 92 **Change the following from active to passive:**
They had been making the staff report discrepancies silently.

- The staff had been made to report discrepancies silently.
- The staff were made to report discrepancies silently.
- Discrepancies had been reported silently by the staff.
- The staff had been made report discrepancies silently.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No- 93 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The alloy cloth bore a crimson **gallon** border.

- The seamstress embroidered a metallic gallon on the vestment.
- The merchant exported gallons rolls to ecclesiastical suppliers.
- The nutritionist prescribed a gallon for boosting metabolism.
- The pall was edged with fine silk gallon.

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No- 94 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
The funds were believed to have been misdirected by certain board members over several quarters.

- Certain board members believed to misallocate the funds.
- Certain board members are believed to have misallocated the funds.
- It is believed that board members misallocate the funds.
- Board members believed that funds were misallocated.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No- 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
My friend **lives in a village since** 2015.

- living in a village from
- is living since
- has been living in a village since
- has lived in a village from

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No- 96 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
They enjoyed **during the holidays**.

- enjoyment in the holidays
- enjoyed in the holidays
- themselves during the holidays
- themselves in holidays

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No- 97 **A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.**
She mentioned that she was working on a classified project.

- She said, "I work on a classified project."
- She said, "I am working on a classified project."
- She said, "I had worked on a classified project."
- She said, "I will work on a classified project."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No- 98 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
Rita said, "Please close the window."

- Rita asked to close the window.
- Rita said to close the window.
- Rita requested that the window is closed.
- Rita requested to close the window.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No- 99 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:**
1. Protein folding determines its biological function.2. Misfolding can lead to diseases like Alzheimer's.3. Molecular chaperones assist in correct folding.4. It lasts like Alphafold predict structures accurately.

- 1-2-3-4
- 1-3-2-4
- 3-1-4-2
- 4-1-3-2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No- 100 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.**
1. Digital literacy skills are essential for navigating this landscape.
2. The proliferation of information online is immense.
3. Not all information is accurate or unbiased.
4. Media literacy skills are essential for navigating this landscape.

- 2-1-3-4
- 2-3-1-4
- 3-4-1-3
- 3-4-2-1

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 51

Q.No- 51 Find the value of x in given equation: $\frac{\sqrt{x+5}+\sqrt{x-5}}{\sqrt{x+5}-\sqrt{x-5}} = 2$

दिए गए समीकरण में x का मान ज्ञात कीजिए: $\frac{\sqrt{x+5}+\sqrt{x-5}}{\sqrt{x+5}-\sqrt{x-5}} = 2$

- 0
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 52

Q.No- 52 A furniture establishment initially disposes of a particular dining table for ₹2, thereby realizing a 25% profit margin. Subsequently, as a promotional strategy for a festive period, the marked price of this identical table is elevated to ₹3,62. Following this adjustment, a discount is extended, culminating in the table being supplied to the newly established market area. The inquiry then seeks to ascertain the resultant percentage profit garnered by the same during this specific commissary sales period. What is the percentage profit earned by the store during the festive sale?

एक फर्नीचर प्रतिष्ठान शुरू में एक विशेष भोजनिक टेबल को ₹2 में बेचता है, जिससे उसे 25% का लाभ मार्जिन मिलता है। इसके बाद, एक उत्सव अवधि के लिए एक प्रचार रणनीति के रूप में, इस समान टेबल का अंकित मूल्य ₹3.62 तक बढ़ा दिया जाता है। इस समायोजन के बाद, एक रियायत पेशकश की जाती है, जिसके परिणाम स्वरूप यह मेज़ नई स्थापित बिक्री क्षेत्र में आपूर्ति की जाती है। फिर प्रश्न इस विशिष्ट कमिसरी बिक्री अवधि के दौरान संबंधित द्वारा प्राप्त परिणामी प्रतिशत लाभ का पता लगाने का प्रयास करता है। इस उत्सव बिक्री के दौरान स्टोर द्वारा अर्जित प्रतिशत लाभ क्या है?

- 24%
- 26%
- 56%
- 58%
- 62%
- 63%
- 64%
- 65%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 53

Q.No- 53 What is the compound interest on a sum of Rs. 12,500 at 15% p.a. in 2 years, if the interest is compounded 8-monthly?

12,500 रुपये की राशि पर 2 वर्षों में 15% प्रति वर्ष की दर से चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिए, अगर ब्याज 8 तिमाहियों संयोजित होता है?

- 4100
- 4160
- 4137.50
- 4137.50
- 4000
- 4200
- 4250
- 4200

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 54

Q.No- 54 A contractor employs 15 men to complete a work in 24 days, working 8 hours per day. After six days, he asks five more men but also reduces the working hours by 2 hours per day. What is the number of hours per day the remaining workers will have to work now, if they must work with the same efficiency throughout, how many more days will be required to finish the remaining work?

एक ठेकेदार 15 आदमियों को एक काम 24 दिनों में पूरा करने के लिए नियुक्त करता है, जो प्रतिदिन 8 घंटे काम करते हैं। छह दिनों के बाद, वह पाँच और आदमियों को बुलाता है, लेकिन कार्य दिवस में काम के घंटों को भी 2 घंटे घटा देता है। यदि सभी आदमी पूरी दक्षता बनाए रखें तो शेष कार्य को पूरा करने में अब कितने घंटे प्रतिदिन काम करना होगा, और शेष कार्य को पूरा करने के लिए कितने और दिनों की आवश्यकता होगी?

- 20
- 10
- 2
- 21
- 22
- 22

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 55

Q.No- 55 A thief and a police officer are 500 meters apart, if they run in the same direction, the police officer catches the thief in 10 minutes, if they run towards each other, they meet in 2 minutes. What is the speed of the thief in meters per minute?

एक चोर और एक पुलिस अधिकारी 500 मीटर की दूरी पर हैं। यदि वे एक ही दिशा में दौड़ते हैं, तो पुलिस अधिकारी चोर को 10 मिनट में पकड़ लेता है। यदि वे एक दूसरे की ओर दौड़ते हैं, तो 2 मिनट में मिलते हैं। चोर की गति मीटर प्रति मिनट में कितनी है?

- 150 meters/minute
- 150 मीटर/मिनट
- 100 meters/minute
- 100 मीटर/मिनट
- 200 meters/minute
- 200 मीटर/मिनट
- 50 meters/minute
- 50 मीटर/मिनट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 56

Q.No- 56 What type of number is the result of multiplying a Rational Number with an Irrational Number?

एक परिमेय संख्या को एक अपरिमेय संख्या से गुणा करने पर किस प्रकार की संख्या प्राप्त होती है?

- Always Rational
- सदैव परिमेय
- Always Irrational
- सदैव अपरिमेय
- Always Integer
- सदैव पूर्णांक
- Sometimes Rational, Sometimes Irrational
- कभी परिमेय, कभी अपरिमेय

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 57

Q.No- 57 Three metallic spheres with radii 3 cm,4 cm, and 5 cm respectively are melted together and recast into a single solid sphere. What is the radius of the new sphere?

तीन धातु के गोले जिनकी त्रिज्याएँ क्रमशः 3 सेमी, 4 सेमी और 5 सेमी हैं, एक साथ पिघलाकर एक ठोस गोले में ढाला गया है। नए गोले की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए?

- 12 cm
- 12 सेमी
- 6 cm
- 6 सेमी
- 8 cm
- 8 सेमी
- 7 cm
- 7 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 58

Q.No- 58 A car runs 18.4 km using 2 ½ liters of petrol. What is the mileage in km per liter (rounded to 2 decimals)?

एक कार 2 ½ लीटर पेट्रोल का उपयोग करके 18.4 किमी चलती है। प्रति लीटर किमी में माइलेज क्या है (2 दशमलव तक पूर्णांकित)?

- 7.28
- 7.28
- 7.36
- 7.36
- 7.44
- 7.44
- 7.52
- 7.52

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 59

Q.No- 59 In a three-way joint venture, the first investor contributes capital, the second contributes time and strategy, and the third brings a network of suppliers. They agree to share profits in the ratio 3:2:2. If the venture earns Rs. 1,40,000 in the first year, how much should the strategist (second partner) receive?

एक त्रि-पक्षीय संयुक्त उद्यम में, पहला निवेशक पूँजी लगाता है, दूसरा समय और रणनीति प्रदान करता है, और तीसरा आपूर्तिकर्ताओं का एक नेटवर्क लाता है। वे 3:2:2 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटने के लिए सहमत होते हैं। अगर उद्यम पहले वर्ष में ₹ 1,40,000 कमाता है, तो रणनीतिकार (दूसरे साझीदार) को कितना मिलना चाहिए?

- Rs. 35,000
- रु. 35,000
- Rs. 30,000
- रु. 30,000
- Rs. 40,000
- रु. 40,000
- Rs. 45,000
- रु. 45,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 60

Q.No- 60 A ribbon is cut into three pieces in the ratio 2:3:5. If the length of the longest piece is 20 cm, what is the total length of the ribbon?

एक रिबन को 2:3:5 के अनुपात में तीन टुकड़ों में काटा जाता है। अगर सबसे लंबे टुकड़े की लंबाई 20 सेमी है, तो रिबन की कुल लंबाई कितनी है?

- 30 cm
- 30 सेमी
- 40 cm
- 40 सेमी
- 50 cm
- 50 सेमी
- 60 cm
- 60 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 61

Q.No- 61 In an urban project, triangular plots with side ratios 3:4:5 are allocated. If the perimeter is 60 m, find the area.

एक शहरी परियोजना में, 3:4:5 भुजा अनुपात वाले त्रिभुजाकार भूखंड आवंटित किए गए हैं। यदि परिमाप 60 मीटर है, तो क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात कीजिए।

- 180 m^2
- 180 मीटर^2
- 120 m^2
- 120 मीटर^2
- 150 m^2
- 150 मीटर^2
- 160 m^2
- 160 मीटर^2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 62

Q.No- 62 A student's marks in Mathematics were 20% more than in Physics, if he scored 72 in Physics, how many marks did he score in Mathematics?

एक छात्र के गणित में अंक भौतिकी से 20% अधिक थे। अगर छात्र भौतिकी में 72 अंक लाया तथा गणित, तो उसने गणित में कितने अंक प्राप्त किए?

- 82.4
- 82.4
- 86.4
- 86.4
- 84.4
- 84.4
- 86.4
- 86.4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 63

Q.No- 63 8 women and 4 men can complete a work in 10 days, while 4 women and 5 men complete it in 18 days. In how many days will 8 women complete it?

8 महिलाएँ और 4 पुरुष एक काम को 10 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं, जबकि 4 महिलाएँ और 5 पुरुष इसे 18 दिनों में पूरा करते हैं। 8 महिलाएँ इसे कितने दिनों में पूरा करेंगी?

- 12 days
- 12 दिन
- 14 days
- 14 दिन
- 13.5 days
- 13.5 दिन
- 15 days
- 15 दिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 64

Q.No- 64 The average of a group of 8 consecutive even numbers is 41. What is the sum of the smallest and largest numbers in the group?

8 क्रमागत सम संख्याओं के समूह का औसत 41 है। समूह में सबसे छोटी और सबसे बड़ी संख्याओं का योग क्या है?

- 78
- 78
- 80
- 80
- 82
- 82
- 84
- 84

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 65

Q.No- 65 A prism with a square base of side length 5 cm is constructed in layers, its height follows an arithmetic progression, increasing from 4 cm in the first layer to 16 cm in the fourth layer. What is the total volume of the prism?

5 सेमी भुजा लंबाई वाले वर्गाकार आधार वाला एक प्रिज्म परतों में निर्मित किया गया है, इसकी ऊँचाई एक समांतर श्रेढ़ी का पालन करती है, जो पहली परत में 4 सेमी से बढ़कर चौथी परत में 16 सेमी हो जाती है। प्रिज्म का कुल आयतन निर्धारित कीजिए?

- 800 cm^3
- 800 सेमी^{3}
- 900 cm^3
- 900 सेमी^{3}
- 1000 cm^3
- 1000 सेमी^{3}
- 1200 cm^3
- 1200 सेमी^{3}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 66

Q.No- 66 A bucket has 60 litres of a solution with sugar and water in the ratio 5:7. If 12 litres of the solution are replaced with water, what is the new ratio?

एक बाल्टी में 60 लीटर पानी और चीनी का घोल 5:7 के अनुपात में है। अगर घोल के 12 लीटर को पानी से बदल दिया जाए, तो नया अनुपात क्या होगा?

- 2:3
- 2:3
- 2:3
- 3:1
- 3:1
- 3:2
- 3:2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 67

Q.No- 67 If $\cos A = \frac{5}{13}$, then what is $\csc cA$?

अगर $\cos A = \frac{5}{13}$, तो दिया गया है $\csc cA$?

- $\frac{13}{5}$
- $\frac{13}{5}$
- $\frac{5}{13}$
- $\frac{5}{13}$
- $\frac{12}{13}$
- $\frac{12}{13}$
- $\frac{13}{12}$
- $\frac{13}{12}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 68

Q.No- 68 Find the solution to the system: $y = 3x - 4$ and $y = -x + 2$.

प्रणाली का हल ज्ञात करें: $y = 3x - 4$ और $y = -x + 2$.

- (1, -1)
- (1, -1)
- (0, 2)
- (0, 2)
- (1.5, 0.5)
- (1.5, 0.5)
- (1.5, -0.5)
- (1.5, -0.5)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 69

Q.No- 69 When a transversal intersects two parallel lines, one of the alternate interior angles is 115°. What is the measure of the angle that lies opposite to it on the alternate interior side?

एक छेदक जिसके विपरीत दो समांतर रेखाओं को प्रतिच्छेदित करती है, एक एकांतर आंतरिक कोणों में से एक 115° का होता है। एकांतर आंतरिक भुजा पर इसके विपरीत कोण का माप क्या है?

- 65°
- 65°
- 90°
- 90°
- 180°
- 180°
- 115°
- 115°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 70

Q.No- 70 If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ and AB=4 cm, BC=6 cm, EF=9 cm, what is the length of ZY?

यदि $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ तथा AB=4 सेमी, BC=6 सेमी, EF=9 सेमी, तो ZY की लंबाई ज्ञात है?

- 10 cm
- 10 सेमी
- 12 cm
- 12 सेमी
- 14 cm
- 14 सेमी
- 16 cm
- 16 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 71

Q.No- 71 If $x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$, find $x - \frac{1}{x}$.

यदि $x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$, ज्ञात करें $x - \frac{1}{x}$ का मान कीजिए?

- $\sqrt{3}$
- $\sqrt{3}$
- $2\sqrt{3}$
- $2\sqrt{3}$
- $3\sqrt{2}$
- $3\sqrt{2}$
- $2\sqrt{3}$
- $2\sqrt{3}$
- $5\sqrt{3}$
- $5\sqrt{3}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 72

Q.No- 72 A circle that has a radius of 5 centimeters, and there is a chord measuring 8 centimeters in length. What is the distance from the center of the circle to the chord?

एक वृत्त जिसकी त्रिज्या 5 सेंटीमीटर है, और एक जीवा है सेंटीमीटर लम्बाई की वृत्त केंद्र से जीवा के बीच की दूरी कितनी है?

- 2 centimeters
- 4 सेंटीमीटर
- 4 centimeters
- 4 सेंटीमीटर
- 5 centimeters
- 3 सेंटीमीटर
- 6 centimeters
- 4 सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 73

Q.No- 73 A circle of radius of 12 cm. Two radii are drawn such that the length of the chord connecting their endpoints is 12 cm. what is the area of the minor segment formed?

त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त में 12 सेमी, दो त्रिज्याएँ इस प्रकार खींची गई हैं कि उनके अंत बिंदुओं को जोड़ने वाली जीवा की लंबाई है 12 सेमी।निर्मित लघु वृत्त का क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात है?

- $(12\pi - 18\sqrt{3})$ sq. cm
- $(12\pi - 18\sqrt{3})$ वर्ग. सेमी
- $(24\pi - 36\sqrt{3})$ sq. cm
- $(24\pi - 36\sqrt{3})$ वर्ग. सेमी
- $(12\pi - 36\sqrt{3})$ sq. cm
- $(12\pi - 36\sqrt{3})$ वर्ग. सेमी
- $(24\pi - 18\sqrt{3})$ sq. cm
- $(24\pi - 18\sqrt{3})$ वर्ग. सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 74

Q.No- 74 If $\cos x = 0.6$ and $x \in [0, \pi/2]$, find $\cos 2x + \cos 2x$.

यदि $\cos x = 0.6$ और $x \in [0, \pi/2]$ है, तो $\cos 2x + \cos 2x$ ज्ञात कीजिए?

- 2.68
- 2.68
- 0.52
- 0.52
- 1.68
- 1.68
- 1.24
- 1.24

Click Here to Challenge Question No.- 75

Q.No- 75 Multiply 12.345 by 0.067 and round your answer to 4 decimal places.

12.345 को 0.067 से गुणा करें और अपने उत्तर को 4 दशमलव स्थानों तक पूर्णांकित करें।

- 0.8271
- 0.8271
- 0.8264
- 0.8264
- 0.8467
- 0.8467
- 0.8765
- 0.8765

Roll No.
Candidate Name
Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier I *
Test Date : 29 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift : 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name

Total Questions : 100 | Total Marks : 200 | Correct Marks : 2 | Duration : 60

Name (Test)

Undertaking by the candidate :
I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and will not distribute or share it with anyone else and I am not commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:
The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the question as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift during the examination while the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer keys selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click here for PART-A | Click here for PART-B | Click here for PART-C | Click here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No.: 26 Who was appointed as the Secretary of the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE) in April 2025?
अप्रैल 2025 में नवीन और नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा मंत्रालय (एमएनआरई) के सचिव के रूप में किसे नियुक्त किया गया?
Ali Pasha
के.के. पाठक
Varinesh Kumar Sanangi
वरिनेश कुमार सनंगी
Rajesh Kumar Sinha
राजेश कुमार सिन्हा
Abhishek Singh
अभिषेक सिंह
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No.: 27 What is the main tower of a Srikanda-style temple known as?
श्रीकंद शैली के मंदिरों के मुख्य टॉवर को क्या कहा जाता है?
Sirshara
Shikara
शिखर
Vimana
विमान
Gopuram
गोपुरम
Prastha
प्रस्थ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No.: 28 Which of the following best captures the key rituals and symbolism of the Nicole Vrba's Lotu festival?
निम्नलिखित में कौन सा/से निकोल व्रबा के लोटु उत्सव के प्रमुख अनुष्ठानों और प्रतीकवाद को सबसे अच्छी तरह से दर्शाता/दर्शाते है?
"Tramtars" involves cream-making by elders to determine their joints before the buffalo slaughter begins.
'Basan'- में गौ एक पुल होती है जहाँ वृद्ध व्यक्तियों को भैंसों के वध से पूर्व दूधों द्वारा शुभ-मूल्यांकन किया है
"Chemtaja" includes puppets at Chasiers, Charmeghosing dance, and gunfire at the chief's house.
"मेमताजा"- में कठपुतली शो शामिल, चार्मेघोसिंग नृत्य और मुख्य के घर पर गोलीबारी शामिल है।
"Thangsinga" features forest families, rice-beer offerings, and blood-tracking by women soldiers.
"थांगसिंगा"- में वनवास के आसपास परिवार, चावल-बीयर अनुष्ठान, तथा महिला सैनिकों द्वारा रक्त-निशानियों शामिल है।
"Lalu" derives from "lang-lu" meaning prosperity and is fixed by diviners on a lunar-solar night.
"लालू" नाम "लंग-लू" से निकला है जिसका अर्थ है समृद्धि, और यह चंद्र-सूर्य पंचांग की रात को भविष्यवक्ताओं द्वारा निर्धारित किया जाता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No.: 29 Which Mahāpariṇibbāṇa-sutta is political and military prominence between the 8th and 4th centuries BCE?
कौन सी महा-परिनिब्बान सुत्त 8वीं से 4थी शताब्दी ईसा पूर्व के बीच प्रमुख राजनीतिक और सैन्य प्रमुखता का प्रमुख है?
Avanti
अवंती
Kosala
कोसल
Gandhāra
गांधार
Magadha
मगध

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No.: 30 Which of the following statements about basketball equipment specifications is accurate?
निम्नलिखित में से बास्केटबॉल के उपकरणों की विशिष्टता के बारे में कौन-सा कथन सत्य है?
The backboard must be 1.05 meters wide and 1.80 meters tall.
विकल्प 1: बैक बोर्ड की चौड़ाई 1.05 मीटर तथा ऊँचाई 1.80 मीटर होनी चाहिए।
The diameter of the ring must be exactly 450 mm.
रिंग का व्यास ठीक 450 मिमी होना चाहिए।
The lines on the backboard must be white and 50 mm wide.
बैकबोर्ड पर चिह्नित रेखाएँ सफेद और 50 मिमी चौड़ी होनी चाहिए।
The net must be black with 30 loops to attach it to the ring.
जाल काले रंग का होना चाहिए तथा उसमें रिंग से जोड़ने के लिए 30 लूप होने चाहिए।
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No.: 31 Who won India's most recent Olympic medal in freestyle wrestling at the Paris 2024 Olympics?
पेरिस 2024 ओलंपिक में फ्रीस्टाइल कुश्ती में भारत का सबसे हालिया ओलंपिक पदक किसने जीता?
Ravi Kumar Dahiya
रवि कुमार दहिया
Bajrang Punia
बजरंग पूनिया
Sakshi Malik
साक्षी मलिक
Vinesh Phogat
विनेश फोगाट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No.: 32 Which of the following statements is **correct** regarding Vijayanagara traditions?
विजयनगर परंपराओं के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
Rayas were called Ashvapati; Sultans were Hanagodi
रायों को अश्वपति कहा जाता था; सुल्तानों को हनगोडी।
Rayas were called Gajapati; Sultans were Rajguru
रायों को गजपति कहा जाता था; सुल्तानों को राजगुरु।
Rayas were called Hanagodi; Sultans were Ashvapati
रायों को हनगोडी कहा जाता था; सुल्तानों को अश्वपति।
Both Rayas and Sultans were called Rajadhiraj
राजा और सुल्तान दोनों को राजाधिराज कहा जाता था।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No.: 33 The Age of Consent Act 1891 raised the minimum marital age for girls from:
सहमति आयु अधिनियम 1891 ने लड़कियों के लिए न्यूनतम वैवाहिक आयु को बढ़ा दिया:
10 to 13 years
10 से 11 वर्ष
10 to 12 years
12 से 13 वर्ष
10 to 13 years
10 से 13 वर्ष
10 to 12 years
10 से 14 वर्ष

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No.: 34 **Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R).**
Assertion (A): India and Nepal continue to experience unresolved border tensions in regions like Kalapani and Susta, despite finalizing boundary pillars in the Mahakali River.
Reason (R): The border dispute in Susta arises due to inconsistencies by Nepalese villagers since the Treaty of Sugauli of 1816.
नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के रूप में चिह्नित करें।
अभिकथन (A): भारत और नेपाल महाकाली नदी पर सीमा पिलर पूरी करने के बावजूद, कालापानी और सुस्ता जैसे क्षेत्रों में अनसुलझे सीमा तनाव का सामना कर रहे हैं।
कारण (R): सुस्ता में सीमा विवाद 1816 की सुगौली संधि द्वारा निर्दिष्ट असंगतियों के कारण नेपाली ग्रामीणों द्वारा अभिकथन के कारण उत्पन्न होता है।
Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, किंतु R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
A is true, but R is false
A सत्य है, किंतु R असत्य है
A is false, but R is true
A असत्य है, किंतु R सत्य है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No.: 35 What is the primary focus of Hiren Pradeepsar's book The Silk Roads: A New History of the World?
हीरेन प्रदीपसार की पुस्तक द सिल्क रोड्स: ए न्यू हिस्ट्री ऑफ द वर्ल्ड का मुख्य फोकस क्या है?
The colonization of the Americas by European powers
यूरोपीय शक्तियों द्वारा अमेरिका का उपनिवेशीकरण
The trade disputes between ancient Rome and China
प्राचीन रोम और चीन के बीच व्यापार विवाद
A global history centered on cultural and political exchanges along the Silk Road regions
सिल्क रोड क्षेत्रों में सांस्कृतिक और राजनीतिक आदान-प्रदान केंद्रित एक वैश्विक इतिहास
The history of Western Europe from the Renaissance to the Industrial Revolution
पुनर्जागरण से औद्योगिक क्रांति तक पश्चिमी यूरोप का इतिहास

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No.: 36 **Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the correct option:**
Assertion (A): The Northern Plains are one of the most agriculturally productive regions in India.
Reason (R): These plains are composed of rich alluvial soils, have a favourable climate, and receive adequate water supply from major rivers.
निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें:
अभिकथन (A): उत्तरी मैदान भारत के सबसे कृषि-उत्पादक क्षेत्रों में से एक हैं।
कारण (R): ये मैदान जलोढ़ मृदा से निर्मित हैं, अनुकूल जलवायु है और प्रमुख नदियों से पर्याप्त जल आपूर्ति प्राप्त होती है।
Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, किंतु R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
A is true, but R is false.
A सत्य है, किंतु R असत्य है।
A is false, but R is true.
A असत्य है, किंतु R सत्य है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No.: 37 **Fill in the Blanks:**
India's Space Vision 2047 aims to have the Bharatiya Antariksha Station in orbit by the year _____ and land Indians on the Moon using indigenous technologies by the year _____.
रिक्त स्थानों को भरें:
भारत के अंतरिक्ष विजन 2047 का लक्ष्य वर्ष _____ तक भारतीय अंतरिक्ष स्टेशन को कक्षा में स्थापित करना और वर्ष _____ तक स्वदेशी तकनीकों का उपयोग करके भारतीयों को चंद्रमा पर उतारना है।
2030, 2035
2035, 2035
2035, 2040
2040, 2040
2040, 2047
2047, 2035
2027, 2035

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No.: 38 Identify the athlete **NOT** correctly paired with their sport as per National Games 2025:
राष्ट्रीय खेल 2025 के अनुसार खेलों और के खेलों को सही नहीं जोड़ी वाले एथलीट की पहचान करें:
Lovina Borgohain – Boxing
लवलीना बोरगोहेन – मुक्केबाजी
Tajinderpal Singh Toor – Shot Put
तजिंदरपाल सिंह तूर – शॉट पुट
Sarabjot Singh – Swimming
सरबजोत सिंह – तैराकी
Jyothi Yarraji – 100m hurdles
ज्योति याराजी – 100 मीटर बाधा दौड़
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No.: 39 **Fill in the blanks:**
The Sarkaria Commission (Centre-State Relations) was set up in the year _____.
रिक्त स्थान भरें:
सरकारिया आयोग (केंद्र-राज्य संबंध) की स्थापना वर्ष _____ में हुई थी।
1983
1983
1985
1990
1992
1950
2000
2005

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No.: 40 A LED lit electric lamp is used for 5 hours daily. Calculate the energy consumed in 'units' (kilowatt-hours) in 30 days.
एक एलईडी बल्ब का विद्युत ऊर्जा प्रतिदिन 5 घंटे उपयोग किया जाता है। 30 दिनों में खपत हुई ऊर्जा की गणना 'यूनिट्स' (किलोवाट-घंटे) में कीजिए।
5 units
5 यूनिट्स
15 units
15 यूनिट्स
0.5 units
0.5 यूनिट्स
90 units
90 यूनिट्स

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No.: 41 The Uniform Civil Code primarily seeks to replace which types of laws currently governing personal matters in India?
समान नागरिक संहिता मुख्य रूप से भारत में वर्तमान में व्यक्तिगत मामलों को नियंत्रित करने वाले किस प्रकार के कानूनों को प्रतिस्थापित करना चाहती है?
Criminal laws
आपराधिक कानून
Property laws
संपत्ति कानून
Religious personal laws (e.g., Hindu Marriage Act, Muslim Personal Law)
धार्मिक व्यक्तिगत कानून (जैसे, हिंदू विवाह अधिनियम, मुस्लिम पर्सनल लॉ)
Environmental laws
पर्यावरण कानून

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No.: 42 The primary aim of the Soil Health Card Scheme is:
मृदा स्वास्थ्य कार्ड योजना का प्राथमिक उद्देश्य है:
Improve seed quality
बीज की गुणवत्ता में सुधार करना
Promote organic farming
जैविक खेती को बढ़ावा दे
Assess nutrient status
पोषक तत्व की स्थिति का आकलन करें
Prevent land acquisition
भूमि अधिग्रहण को रोके

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No.: 43 What was the key contribution of Baikuntha Shukla in the Indian freedom struggle?
भारतीय स्वतंत्रता संग्राम में बैकुंठ शुक्ल का प्रमुख योगदान क्या था?
He led the Champaran Satyagraha
उन्होंने चंपारण सत्याग्रह का नेतृत्व किया
He protested against Simon Commission
उन्होंने साइमन कमीशन का विरोध किया
He assassinated a prominent approver
उन्होंने एक प्रमुख अप्रूवर की हत्या की
He founded the HSRA
उन्होंने एचएसआरए की स्थापना की

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No.: 44 Consider the statements about Dangi:
1. Performed by Dangi Adivasi of Dangi district, Gujarat.
2. The dance is a solo narrative mimicking farm tools.
Which is/are **correct**?
डांगी के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:
1. यह गुजरात के डांगी जिले के डांगी आदिवासी द्वारा किया जाता है।
2. यह एक एकल नृत्य-नाटिका है जो खेत-कार्य का अनुकरण करता है।
सही कथन/कथनों को चुनें?
Only 1 correct
केवल 1 सही
Only 2 correct
केवल 2 सही
Both 1 & 2 correct
1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
Neither 1 nor 2 correct
न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No.: 45 Which of the following best defines the concept of "opportunity cost"?
निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा 'अवसर लागत' की अवधारणा को सर्वोत्तम रूप से परिभाषित करता है?
The cost of production
उत्पादन की लागत
The next best alternative foregone
अगला सर्वश्रेष्ठ अवसर जिसका त्याग किया गया
The cost of labor
श्रम की लागत
The total money spent
कुल खर्च की गई राशि

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No.: 46 According to the Global Firepower (GFP) methodology, what is the purpose of using special modifiers like bonuses and penalties in its ranking formula?
फायरपावर (जीएफपी) पद्धति के अनुसार, इसके रैंकिंग फॉर्मूले में बोनस और पेनल्टी जैसे विशेष संशोधकों का उपयोग करने का उद्देश्य क्या है?
To exclude non-military nations from the ranking
गैर-सैन्य राष्ट्रों को रैंकिंग से बाहर करने के लिए
To prioritize countries with higher nuclear stockpiles
अधिक परमाणु भंडार वाले देशों को प्राथमिकता देने के लिए
To balance rankings between technologically advanced and lesser-developed nations
तकनीकी रूप से उन्नत और कम विकसित देशों के बीच रैंकिंग को संतुलित करना
To calculate the GDP-to-defence spending ratio
सकल घरेलू उत्पाद-रक्षा व्यय अनुपात की गणना करने के लिए
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No.: 47 Who among the following was the key leader of the Khongjom War (1891) against British annexation of Manipur?
निम्नलिखित में से कौन मणिपुर पर ब्रिटिश कब्जे के विरोध में खोंगजोम युद्ध (1891) का प्रमुख नेता था?
Nongkaol Singh commanded the Manipuri army and was later executed.
नोंगकाओल सिंह ने मणिपुरी सेना की कमान संभाली और बाद में उन्हें फांसी दे दी गई।
Seni Gaikhangam led resistance against the British in Naga regions post-1880s.
सेनी गाइखांगम ने 1880 के दशक के बाद नागा क्षेत्रों में अंग्रेजों के खिलाफ प्रतिरोध का नेतृत्व किया।
Pheiroj Kongbam led uprisings in Kachin territories against colonial intrusions.
फेइरोज कोंगबाम ने औपनिवेशिक घुसपैठ के खिलाफ कचिन क्षेत्रों में विद्रोह का नेतृत्व किया।
Heer Gambhira led resistance against the British in Tangkhul areas.
हीर गंभीरा ने तांगखुल क्षेत्रों में अंग्रेजों के खिलाफ प्रतिरोध का नेतृत्व किया।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No.: 48 What was the main rationale for the policy of import substitution during the first seven five Year Plans?
प्रथम सात पंचवर्षीय योजनाओं के दौरान आयात प्रतिस्थापन की नीति का मुख्य तर्क क्या था?
To expand international trade
अंतर्राष्ट्रीय व्यापार का विस्तार करने के लिए
To attract foreign investors
विदेशी निवेशकों को आकर्षित करने के लिए
To protect infant domestic industries
घरेलू शिशु उद्योगों की रक्षा के लिए
To create export dependency
निर्यात पर निर्भरता बनाने के लिए

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No.: 49 The "Green Credit Programme" launched under the Environment Ministry rewards individuals and companies for which activity?
पर्यावरण मंत्रालय के अंतर्गत शुरू किया गया "ग्रीन क्रेडिट प्रोग्राम" किस गतिविधि के लिए व्यक्तियों और कंपनियों को पुरस्कृत करता है?
Water conservation only
केवल जल संरक्षण
Planting trees and ecosystem restoration
वृक्षारोपण और पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र की बहाली
Air pollution monitoring
वायु प्रदूषण निगरानी
Solar panel installation
सौर पैनल स्थापना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No.: 50 Consider the following statements:
1. Criminal law is exclusively under the Union List.
2. Agriculture is a State subject.
3. In case of repugnancy, a State fails under the State List.
Which of the above is/are **correct**?
निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:
1. आपराधिक कानून विशेष रूप से संघ सूची के अंतर्गत आता है।
2. कृषि राज्य का विषय है।
3. समवर्ती सूची के मामले में, यदि कोई टकराव होता है, तो राज्य सूची के अंतर्गत आता है।
उपर्युक्त में से कौन-सा/से सही है/हैं?
1 and 2 only
केवल 1 और 2
2 and 3 only
केवल 2 और 3
1, 2 and 3
1, 2 और 3
1 only
केवल 1

Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier I *

Test Date : 09 Sep 2020

Test Time and Shift : 09:00 AM (Shift-1)

Centre Name

Total Questions : 100 | Total Correct Marks : 0 | Total Incorrect Marks : 0 | Total Score : 0

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Note:
The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared for a particular shift when during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 1

Q.No. 1 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

Sample Address:Shop No. 15, Ground Floor,Plaza Mall, Sector 18, Noida,Uttar Pradesh - 201301

वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो।

Sample Address:Shop No. 15, Ground Floor,Plaza Mall, Sector 18, Noida,Uttar Pradesh - 201301
Shop No. 15, Ground Floor, Plaza Mall, Sector 18, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201301
Shop No. 15, Ground Floor, Plaza Mall, Sector 18, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201301
Shop No. 15, Ground Floor, Plaza Mall, Sector 18, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201301
Shop 15, Ground Floor, Plaza Mall, Sector 18, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201301
Shop No. 15, Ground Floor, Plaza Mall, Sector 18, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201301
Shop No. 15, Ground Floor, Plaza Mall, Sec 18, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201301
Shop No. 15, Ground Floor, Plaza Mall, Sec 18, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201301

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 2

Q.No. 2 Which two signs should be interchanged to make the following equation CORRECT?

(((15 + 3) - 24 × 23) ÷ 24 - 42) + 15 = 19

निम्नलिखित समीकरण को सही बनाने के लिए किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना चाहिए?

(((15 + 3) - 24 × 23) ÷ 24 - 42) + 15 = 19

+ and -
- और ÷
÷ and ×
× और +
+ and ÷
÷ और -

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 3

Q.No. 3 If "+" means "×," "-" means "÷," "×" means "+" and "÷" means "-", which of the following options is CORRECT?

आपरेशन "+" को यदि "×", "-" को यदि "÷", "×" को यदि "+" तथा "÷" को यदि "-" से दर्शाया जाए तो निम्न में से कौन सा विकल्प सही है?

7 × 42 × 7 ÷ 3 + 42 - 6 = 2 - 7
7 × 42 ÷ 7 × 3 + 42 - 6 = 2 - 7
50 × 49 × 7 ÷ 1 × 2 + 30 = 6 × 9 - 5
50 × 49 × 7 ÷ 1 × 2 + 30 = 6 × 9 - 5
6 × 16 × 2 × 8 ÷ 3 × 14 × 7 = 6 - 2
6 × 16 × 2 × 8 ÷ 3 × 14 × 7 = 6 - 2
9 × 16 × 8 ÷ 3 × 32 × 32 = 4 - 8
9 × 16 × 8 ÷ 3 × 32 × 32 = 4 - 8

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 4

Q.No. 4 Pointing to a man, Ravi said, "He is the son of my father's only son." How is the man related to Ravi?

एक आदमी की ओर इशारा करते हुए रवि ने कहा, "यह मेरे पिता के इकलौते पुत्र का पुत्र है।" वह आदमी रवि के किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

Uncle
चाचा
Brother
भाई
Nephew
भतीजा
Son
पुत्र

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 5

Q.No. 5 Q is the daughter of N, who is the mother of S. I is the father of Q. How is T related to S?

Q, N की पुत्री है, जो S की माता है। I, Q का पिता है। T का S से क्या संबंध है?

Son
पुत्र
Husband
पति
Brother
भाई
Daughter
पुत्री

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 6

Q.No. 6 **Instruction:** Identify the judgements that most fold for the statement to be valid, then choose the correct option.
Statement: In an attempt to modernize agricultural output, the government has introduced AI-based crop surveillance tools in rural zones with high farmer suicide rates.
Judgements:
1.Technological methods of crop monitoring are entirely ineffective.
2.Technological interventions may indirectly improve farmer well-being.
निर्देश: कथन को मान्य बनाने के लिए आवश्यक निर्णयों की पहचान करें, फिर सही विकल्प चुनें।
कथन: कृषि उत्पादन को आधुनिक बनाने के प्रयास में, सरकार ने उच्च किसान आत्महत्या दर वाले ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में AI-आधारित फसल निगरानी उपकरण पेश किए हैं।
निर्णय:
1. **फसल निगरानी के पारंपरिक तरीके पूरी तरह से अप्रभावी हैं।**
2. **तकनीकी हस्तक्षेप अप्रत्यक्ष रूप से किसान कल्याण में सुधार कर सकते हैं।**
Only judgement 1 follows
केवल निर्णय 1 अनुसरण करता है
Only judgement 2 follows
केवल निर्णय 2 अनुसरण करता है
Both 1 and 2 follow
दोनों 1 और 2 दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
Neither 1 nor 2 follows
न तो 1 और न ही 2 अनुसरण करते हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 7

Q.No. 7 Find the odd one out:
विषम युग्म:
3 × 4 × 7
3 × 4 × 7
5 × 6 × 11
5 × 6 × 11
7 × 2 × 5
7 × 2 × 5
8 × 1 × 9
8 × 1 × 9

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 8

Q.No. 8 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.
Statement:
All poets are writers.Some writers are critics. No critics is a fool.
Conclusions:
I. Some poets are critics.
II. Some writers are not fools.
निम्नलिखित कथन को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसमें बताए गए निष्कर्षों की पहचान करें।
कथन:
सभी कवि लेखक हैं। कुछ लेखक आलोचक हैं। कोई भी आलोचक मूर्ख नहीं है।
निष्कर्ष:
I. **कुछ कवि आलोचक हैं।**
II. **कुछ लेखक मूर्ख नहीं हैं।**
Only I follows
केवल I अनुसरण करता है
Only II follows
केवल II अनुसरण करता है
Both I and II follow
दोनों I और II अनुसरण करते हैं
Neither I nor II follows
न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करते हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 9

Q.No. 9 Find the odd one out:
Asia, Europe, Africa, Brazil, Australia
इनमें से विषम युग्म:
एशिया, यूरोप, अफ्रीका, ब्राजील, ऑस्ट्रेलिया
Asia
एशिया
Europe
यूरोप
Brazil
ब्राजील
Africa
अफ्रीका
Australia
ऑस्ट्रेलिया

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 10

Q.No. 10 The following word uses an extra letter not found in the main word is:
RELATIONSHIP
इनमें से किस विकल्प में अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला अक्षर का प्रयोग किया गया है जो निम्नलिखित मूलशब्द में प्रयुक्त नहीं है?
RELATIONSHIP
PICKAXE
FRIENDS
LEAVE
EARTH
POLISH
THRILLS
THRILLS

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 11

Q.No. 11 Which meaningful word can be formed from the letters "MOTLESTE"?
"MOTLESTE" **अक्षरों के क्रमित एवं सार्थक रूप बनाएं तो बनता है?**
OMLETTES
MOTELLES
MOTELLES
MOTELLES
SMOTELS
SMOTELS
OMLETTES
OMLETTES

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 12

Q.No. 12 If DESIGN is written as FGAVIL how is VISION written?
अगर DESIGN **को** FGAVIL **लिखा जाता है, तो** VISION **को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?**
WPNQP
WPNQP
XQLSP
XQLSP
PHYSIQ
PHYSIQ
YKVLP
YKVLP

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 13

Q.No. 13 What comes next?
CRA, DCB, EDC, FED, ?
निम्नलिखित अनुक्रम में अगला स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
CRA, DCB, EDC, FED, ?
GGF
GFF
GFE
GGF
FGE
FGE

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 14

Q.No. 14 Find the odd one out from the given alternatives
दिए गए विकल्पों में से बेमेल विकल्प चुनिए
Geographical Phenomena
भौगोलिक घटनाएं
Earthquake
भूकंप
Volcano
ज्वालामुखी

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 15

Q.No. 15 Complete the series **AZ, BY, CX, DW, ?**
अनुक्रम को पूरा करें AZ, BY, CX, DW, ?
EV
EU
FU
FV
GV
GU
GV

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 16

Q.No. 16 A person walks 5 km to a destination in 1 hour. On the return journey, they walk the same 5 km distance back to the starting point in 30 minutes. What is the average speed of the person for the entire journey?
एक व्यक्ति 5 किमी दिशा सामान्य आधे घण्टा तक 1 घंटे में पहुँचता है। वापसी में, वे उसी 5 किमी की दूरी 30 मिनट में तय करते वापसिस मिनट तक पहुँचते है। पूरी यात्रा में व्यक्ति की औसत गति क्या है?
7.5 km/h
7.5 किमी/घंटा
5 km/h
5 किमी/घंटा
10 km/h
10 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 17

Q.No. 17 If 5 @ 2 = 17 and 6 @ 3 = 27, what is 7 @ 4?
यदि 5 @ 2 = 17 और 6 @ 3 = 27, तो 7 @ 4 का मान है?
35
35
37
37
39
39
41
41

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 18

Q.No. 18 If 9 @ 1 = 82 and 8 @ 2 = 38, what is the value of 7 @ 3?
यदि 9 @ 1 = 82 और 8 @ 2 = 38, तो 7 @ 3 का मान ज्ञात है?
50
50
60
60
62
62
66
66

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 19

Q.No. 19 You're an administrative officer. You see bias in staff recruitment. What should you do?
आप एक प्रशासनिक अधिकारी हैं। आपको कर्मचारियों की भर्ती में पक्षपात दिख रहा है। आपको क्या करना चाहिए?
Keep silent to avoid conflict
संघर्ष से बचने के लिए चुप रहें
Refute objection with evidence
तथ्यों के साथ आपत्ति खारिज
Inform selected candidate quietly
चयनित अभ्यर्थियों को चुपचाप सूचित करें
Delay the joining process
शामिल होने की प्रक्रिया में देरी

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 20

Q.No. 20 You are given a mathematical expression with basic operations, however, the symbols used are not their usual meaning. You must follow these symbol substitution rules:
"+" means "-"
"-" means "×"
"×" means "÷"
"÷" means "+"
125 + 6 × 5 - 10 ÷ 4 = ?
आपको कुछ गणितीय अभिव्यक्तियां प्रदान की जाएंगी, जिनमें, प्रयुक्त प्रतीक अपने सामान्य अर्थ नहीं हैं।
आपको निम्नलिखित गणितीय चिह्न प्रतिस्थापन नियमों का पालन करना होगा:
"+" का अर्थ है "-"
"-" का अर्थ है "×"
"×" का अर्थ है "÷"
"÷" का अर्थ है "+"
125 + 6 × 5 - 10 ÷ 4 = ?
85
85
114
114
130
130
100
100
98
98

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 21

Q.No. 21 A doctor mistakenly discloses patient data. What legal principle is violated?
एक डॉक्टर गलती से रोगियों का डेटा साझा करता है। यह किस कानूनी सिद्धांत का उल्लंघन है?
Negligence
लापरवाही
Confidentiality
गोपनीयता
Defamation
मानहानि
Right to dignity
गरिमा का अधिकार

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 22

Q.No. 22 What should come at the place of question mark? **8, 27, 64, 125, ?, 343**
प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? 8, 27, 64, 125, ?, 343
200
200
216
216
243
243
250
250

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 23

Q.No. 23 Statements: All dancers are artists. No artist is lazy. Conclusions: I. No dancer is lazy. II. Some lazy are dancers.
कथन:
सभी नर्तक कलाकार हैं। कोई भी कलाकार आलसी नहीं है।
निष्कर्ष:
I. **कोई भी नर्तक आलसी नहीं है।**
II. **कुछ आलसी नर्तक हैं।**
Only I follows
केवल I अनुसरण करता है
Only II follows
केवल II अनुसरण करता है
Both I and II follow
दोनों I और II अनुसरण करते हैं
Neither I nor II follows
न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करते हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 24

Q.No. 24 If "LION" is coded as "15-25-27-", how will "WOLF" be coded?
यदि "LION" को "15-25-27-" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "WOLF" को किसी कोडित किया जाएगा?
18-15-5
18-7-5
23-15-3
23-15-3
19-24-25
19-24-25
8-6-11
8-6-11

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 25

Q.No. 25 If SCHOOL is coded as TDPPM, how is TOPPM coded?
यदि SCHOOL **को** TDPPM **के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो** TOPPM **को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?**
UDSDN
UDSDN
UPSDN
UPSDN
VPSDN
VPSDN

were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

What is the 5th vowel from the right in the alphabet?

वर्णमाला में दाईं ओर से 5th स्वर क्या है?

	A A
	E E
	I I
	U U

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

Sample Address:Plot No. 7, Green Park Extension,South Delhi, Delhi - 110016

वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो।

Sample Address:Plot No. 7, Green Park Extension,South Delhi, Delhi - 110016

	Plot No. 7, Greenpark Extension, South Delhi, Delhi - 110016 Plot No. 7, Greenpark Extension, South Delhi, Delhi - 110016
	Plot 7, Green Park Extension, South Delhi, Delhi - 110016 Plot 7, Green Park Extension, South Delhi, Delhi - 110016
	Plot No. 7, Green Park Extension, South Delhi, Delhi - 110016 Plot No. 7, Green Park Extension, South Delhi, Delhi - 110016
	Plot No. 7, Green Park Extn., South Delhi, Delhi - 110016 Plot No. 7, Green Park Extn., South Delhi, Delhi - 110016

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows.

Statements:

I. People are preferring UPI payments over cash.
II. UPI is more convenient and widely accepted.

निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए।

कथन:
I. लोग नकद भुगतान की बजाय UPI भुगतान को प्राथमिकता दे रहे हैं।
II. UPI अधिक सुविधाजनक और व्यापक रूप से अपनाई जा रही है।

	I is the cause and II is the effect

	I कारण है और II प्रभाव है
✓	II is the cause and I is the effect II कारण है और I प्रभाव है
	Both are independent दोनों स्वतंत्र हैं
	No relation इनमें कोई संबंध नहीं है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

	Which of the following alternative will fill the blanks? f_hk_gh_fg_k निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प रिक्त स्थान भरेगा? f_hk_gh_fg_k
✓	g,f,k,h g,f,k,h
	g,k,h,f g,k,h,f k,g,f,h k,g,f,h
	k,g,h,f k,g,h,f

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

	In the following number series, a wrong number is given. Find out the WRONG number. 1, 4, 16, 64, 324 निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में एक गलत संख्या दी गई है। गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 1, 4, 16, 64, 324
	1 1
	16 16
	4 4
✓	324 324

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

	If × stands for addition, ÷ stands for subtraction, + stands for multiplication, and - stands for division, then 12 × 6 ÷ 3 - 2 + 5 = ? अगर × का अर्थ जोड़ है, ÷ का अर्थ घटाना है, + का अर्थ गुणा है, और - का अर्थ भाग है, तो 12 × 6 ÷ 3 - 2 + 5 = ?
	36 36
✓	10.5 10.5
	18 18
	12

12

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Which two signs need to be interchanged?

22 – 4 × 2 ÷ 2 + 6 = 20

किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना होगा?

22 – 4 × 2 ÷ 2 + 6 = 20

× and +

× और +

– and +

– और ÷

÷ and –

÷ और –

+ and –

+ और –

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

If in an examination the centre codes and roll numbers are decided by the initial of States/UT followed by digits in a particular pattern like **MH10967** for Maharashtra, then Which of the following roll numbers is likely to be from **Uttar Pradesh**?

यदि किसी परीक्षा में केंद्र कोड और रोल नंबर राज्यों/केंद्र शासित प्रदेश के नाम के पहले अक्षर के बाद एक विशेष पैटर्न में अंकों द्वारा तय किए जाते हैं जैसे महाराष्ट्र के लिए **MH10967**, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा रोल नंबर **उत्तर प्रदेश** से होने की संभावना है?

MH20987

MH20987

UP19021

UP19021

GJ10243

GJ10243

RJ30391

RJ30391

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Find the word that does not fit in the group.

वह शब्द ढूंढें जो समूह में फिट नहीं बैठता।

Apple

सेब

Orange

नारंगी

Litchi

लीची

Marigold

गेंदा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Pointing to a woman, John said, "She is my mother's only daughter." How is the woman related to John?

एक महिला की ओर इशारा करते हुए जॉन ने कहा, "वह मेरी माँ की इकलौती पुत्री है।" वह महिला जॉन से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

Mother

माँ

Sister

बहन

Wife

पत्नी

Aunt

चाची

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

In a family of six members A, B, C, D, E, and F:

- A and B are a married couple.
- C is the only son of A.
- D is the daughter of B.
- F is the mother of B.

Who is the grandmother of C?

छह सदस्यों A, B, C, D, E और F के एक परिवार में:

- A और B एक विवाहित जोड़ा हैं।
- C, A का इकलौता पुत्र है।
- D, B की पुत्री है।
- F, B की माँ है।

C की दादी कौन है?

D

D

B

B

E

E

F

F

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

What comes next: **0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, ?, ?**

इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, ?, ?**

21, 34

21, 34

20, 33

20, 33

22, 35

22, 35

23, 36

23, 36

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Identify the odd one out:

इनमें से विषम को पहचानें:

	289 289
	347 347
	361 361
	441 441

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Directions: Study the following information to answer the given Questions:

Eight persons Dhruv, Dipak, Khush, Sapna, Sudhir, Vaibhav, Vimal and Vivek lives on eight different floors of 8-storey building from bottom to top such as ground floor is numbered as 1st and top floor is numbered as 8th.Vaibhav lives on even numbered floor but not on 6th floor. Vivek lives below Khush's floor. Sudhir lives two floors above Dipak's floor. Dhruv lives on an even numbered floor but not adjacent to Sudhir's floor. Vaibhav lives just above Vimal's floor. Khush lives on 3rd floor. Sudhir does not live on topmost floor. Sapna's floor is not adjacent to Dipak's floor.

Who lives two floors below Sapna's floor?

निर्देश: दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने के लिए निम्नलिखित जानकारी का अध्ययन कीजिए:

आठ व्यक्ति ध्रुव, दीपक, खुश, सपना, सुधीर, वैभव, विमल और विवेक एक 8 मंजिला इमारत की आठ अलग-अलग मंजिलों पर नीचे से ऊपर तक इस प्रकार रहते हैं कि भूतल को पहली मंजिल और सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल को आठवीं मंजिल कहा जाता है। वैभव सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है लेकिन छठी मंजिल पर नहीं। विवेक खुश की मंजिल से नीचे रहता है। सुधीर दीपक की मंजिल से दो मंजिल ऊपर रहता है। ध्रुव एक सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है लेकिन सुधीर की मंजिल से सटा हुआ नहीं है। वैभव विमल की मंजिल के ठीक ऊपर रहता है। खुश तीसरी मंजिल पर रहता है। सुधीर सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल पर नहीं रहता है। सपना की मंजिल दीपक की मंजिल से सटी हुई नहीं है।

सपना की मंजिल से दो मंजिल नीचे कौन रहता है?

	Vivek विवेक
	Dipak दीपक
	Khush खुश
	Sudhir सुधीर

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Directions: These questions are based on the following information:

'P@Q' means 'Q is the mother of P'.
'P $ Q' means 'Q is the husband of P'.
'P#Q' means 'Q is the sister of P'.
'P&Q' means 'Q is the son of P'.

If '2 # M $ C & D & E' then how is E related with M?

निर्देश: ये प्रश्न निम्नलिखित जानकारी पर आधारित हैं:

'P@Q' का अर्थ है 'Q, P की माता है'।
'P $ Q' का अर्थ है 'Q, P का पति है'।
'P#Q' का अर्थ है 'Q, P की बहन है'।
'P&Q' का अर्थ है 'Q, P का पुत्र है'।

अगर 'Z # M $ C & D & E' तो E, M से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

■	Grandson पोता
	Granddaughter पोती
	Daughter पुत्री
	Son पुत्र

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
All oranges are fruits. No fruit is a vegetable. All vegetables are green.

Conclusions:
I. No orange is green.
II. No orange is a vegetable.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:
सभी संतरे फल हैं। कोई भी फल सब्जी नहीं है। सभी सब्जियाँ हरी हैं।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कोई भी संतरा हरा नहीं है।
II. कोई भी संतरा सब्जी नहीं है।

	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
■	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

In the following question, from the given alternative words, select the word which can be formed using the letters of the given word.

Hollowness

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, दिए गए वैकल्पिक शब्दों में से वह शब्द चुनिए जो दिए गए शब्द के अक्षरों का प्रयोग करके बनाया जा सकता है।

Hollowness

■	Hole Hole

	whale whale
	Hang Hang
	Hung Hung

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

	What comes next? AB, BC, CD, DE, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AB, BC, CD, DE, ?
	GH GH
	FG FG
	HI HI
	EF EF

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

	In a certain code, WATER becomes VZSDQ, how is SUGAR written? एक निश्चित कोड में WATER, VZSDQ बन जाता है, तो SUGAR को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	RTFZQ RTFZQ
	RTDYQ RTDYQ
	RTDYZ RTDYZ
	RTDZQ RTDZQ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives. दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए।
	Balance of Trade व्यापार का संतुलन
	Balance of Payments भुगतान संतुलन
	Current Account Deficit चालू खाता घाटा
	Food Security Act खाद्य सुरक्षा अधिनियम

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

As a judge, you notice a lawyer influencing a witness. What should you do?

एक न्यायाधीश के रूप में, आप देखते हैं कि एक वकील एक गवाह को प्रभावित कर रहा है। आपको क्या करना चाहिए?

Ignore unless it repeats

जब तक यह दोहराया न जाए, अनदेखा करें

Hold the lawyer in contempt

वकील को अवमानना का दोषी ठहराएँ

Adjourn the case permanently

मामले को स्थायी रूप से स्थगित करें

Request the witness to stay silent

गवाह से चुप रहने का अनुरोध करें

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Which interchanges of numbers and signs will make the equation correct? **8 × 3 + 4 = 28**

संख्याओं और चिह्नों के किस आदान-प्रदान से समीकरण सही हो जाएगा? **8 × 3 + 4 = 28**

+ and ×, 3 and 4

+ और ×, 3 और 4

+ and ×, 8 and 3

+ और ×, 8 और 3

+ and ×, 8 and 4

+ और ×, 8 और 4

+ and ×, 4 and 3

+ और ×, 4 और 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

What should come at the place of question mark?
100, 81, 64, 49, ?, 25

प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए?
100, 81, 64, 49, ?, 25

40

40

36

36

38

38

34

34

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

In a club of 9 members, a sub-committee of 4 members is to be formed. How many different sub-committe

9 सदस्यों वाले एक क्लब में 4 सदस्यों की एक उप-समिति बनानी है। क्लब में कितनी अलग-अलग उप-समितियाँ होंगी?

124

124

167

167

126

	126
	169 169

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

	If FAMILY is coded as GBNJMZ, how is GBNJMZ coded? यदि FAMILY को GBNJMZ के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो GBNJMZ को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	HCOKNA HCOKNA
	HCONLA HCONLA
	HCOKMZ HCOKMZ
	HCONMZ HCONMZ

answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Which government initiative primarily focuses on improving learning outcomes and digital literacy in schools across India?

कौन सी सरकारी पहल मुख्य रूप से भारत भर के स्कूलों में सीखने के परिणामों और डिजिटल साक्षरता में सुधार लाने पर केंद्रित है?

- Swachh Bharat Abhiyan
  स्वच्छ भारत अभियान
- Digital India Mission
  डिजिटल इंडिया मिशन
- PM Gati Shakti National Master Plan
  पीएम गति शक्ति राष्ट्रीय मास्टर प्लान
- PM eVIDYA
  पीएम ईविद्या

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Which of the following witness types is formally recognized in the BSA, 2023?

निम्नलिखित में से किस प्रकार के गवाह को बीएसए, 2023 में औपचारिक रूप से मान्यता दी गई है?

- Political representatives
  राजनीतिक प्रतिनिधि
- Character witnesses only
  चरित्र गवाह ही
- Mythological witnesses
  पौराणिक गवाह
- Expert witnesses such as forensic analysts
  फोरेंसिक विश्लेषक जैसे विशेषज्ञ गवाह

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

The Vindhyan system of rocks is known for the production of which of the following?

विंध्यन चट्टान प्रणाली निम्नलिखित में से किसके उत्पादन के लिए जानी जाती है?

- Manganese
  मैंगनीज
- Iron ore and coal
  लौह अयस्क और कोयला
- Limestones
  चूना पत्थर
- Bauxite
  बॉक्साइट

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Which Kodava harvest festival, celebrated with chants of "Poli, Poli, Deva" and a ceremonial paddy harvest, invokes Lord Iguthappa?

कौन सा कोडवा फसल उत्सव, "पोली, पोली, देवा" के मंत्रों और एक औपचारिक धान की फसल के साथ मनाया जाता है, जिसमें भगवान इगुथप्पा का आह्वान किया जाता है?

Kambala

कंबाला

Kailpodh

कैलपोध

Puthari

पुथरी

Onam

ओणम

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:
Assertion (A): The sculptures of the Nalanda School are three-dimensional and delicately ornamented.
Reason (R): The Nalanda sculptural tradition was influenced by Sarnath, local Bihar styles, and central Indian art.

नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के रूप में चिह्नित करके पढ़ें। सही विकल्पों को चिह्नित करें:
अभिकथन (A): नालंदा स्कूल की मूर्तियाँ त्रि-आयामी और नाजुक ढंग से अलंकृत हैं।
कारण (R): नालंदा मूर्तिकला परंपरा सारनाथ, स्थानीय बिहार शैलियों और मध्य भारतीय कला से प्रभावित थी।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

A is true, but R is false.

A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।

A is false, but R is true.

A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

In Buddhist teachings, what does the term metta primarily refer to?

बौद्ध शिक्षाओं में, मेत्ता शब्द मुख्यतः किसको संदर्भित करता है?

Mindful meditation

सचेतन ध्यान

Ritual purity

अनुष्ठान शुद्धता

Fellow feeling

साथी भावना

Celibacy and renunciation

ब्रह्मचर्य और त्याग

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

What is the standard height of a football goal post?

फुटबॉल गोल पोस्ट की मानक ऊंचाई कितनी है?

2.44 m

2.44 मीटर

3.66m

3.66 मीटर

1.99 m

1.99 मीटर

3.54 m

3.54 मीटर

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Fill in the blank:

The Federal Court of India, as provided under the Government of India Act 1935, was established in the year ___.

रिक्त स्थान भरें:

भारत सरकार अधिनियम 1935 के तहत भारत का संघीय न्यायालय वर्ष ___ में स्थापित किया गया था।

1936

1936

1937

1937

1939

1939

1942

1942

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Which one of the following statements accurately describes a feature of the Vijayanagara Empire?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन विजयनगर साम्राज्य की विशेषता को सही रूप में दर्शाता है?

The Hazara Rama temple was a public temple for commoners.

हजारा राम मंदिर आम लोगों के लिए एक सार्वजनिक मंदिर था।

The Lotus Mahal shows clear Persian(indo-islamic) architectural influence.

लोटस महल पर स्पष्ट फ़ारसी (इंडो-इस्लामिक) वास्तुकला का प्रभाव दिखाई देता है।

The Mahanavami Dibba is topped by a stone superstructure.

महानवमी डिब्बा के शीर्ष पर एक पत्थर की अधिसंरचना बनी हुई है।

The city's sacred centre lay north of the Tungabhadra.

शहर का पवित्र केंद्र तुंगभद्रा के उत्तर में स्थित था।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Which of the following is **true** about relay races?

रिले दौड़ के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सत्य** है?

A relay team has 6 members, with 4 running members.

एक रिले टीम में 6 सदस्य होते हैं, जिसमें 4 दौड़ने वाले सदस्य होते हैं।

The baton exchange zone is 50 meters long.

डंडों के आदान-प्रदान का क्षेत्र 50 मीटर लंबा है।

The baton must weigh exactly 100 grams.

डंडे का वजन ठीक 100 ग्राम होना चाहिए।

The length of the baton is 10–12 cm.

डंडे की लंबाई 10-12 सेमी होती है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Which of the following best reflects the evolved focus of the India–US Exercise Tiger Triumph 2025 compared to its 2019 debut?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन 2019 की शुरुआत की तुलना में भारत-अमेरिका अभ्यास टाइगर ट्रायम्फ 2025 के विकसित फोकस को सबसे अच्छी तरह दर्शाता है?

From HADR to space combat

HADR से अंतरिक्ष युद्ध तक

Cyber ops over amphibious drills

उभयचर अभ्यास पर साइबर ऑपरेशन

HADR + logistics via LEMOA

HADR + LEMOA के माध्यम से रसद

Dropped tri-service format

त्रि-सेवा प्रारूप को हटा दिया गया

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

What is the primary literary significance of the book 'Bonkers!' by Natasha Sharma?

नताशा शर्मा की पुस्तक 'बोनकर्स!' का प्राथमिक साहित्यिक महत्व क्या है?

Known as a memoir of rural life

ग्रामीण जीवन के संस्मरण के रूप में जाना जाता है

Known as a historical epic on colonial India

औपनिवेशिक भारत पर एक ऐतिहासिक महाकाव्य के रूप में जाना जाता है

Known for experimental style and social themes

प्रयोगात्मक शैली और सामाजिक विषयों के लिए जाने जाते हैं

Known as a science fiction on future societies

भविष्य के समाजों पर एक विज्ञान कथा के रूप में जाना जाता है

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Which Union Minister officially announced that the Khelo India University Games 2025 will be held in Rajasthan this November?

किस केंद्रीय मंत्री ने आधिकारिक तौर पर घोषणा की कि खेलो इंडिया यूनिवर्सिटी गेम्स 2025 इस नवंबर में राजस्थान में आयोजित किए जाएंगे?

Mansukh Mandaviya

मनसुख मंडाविया

Kiren Rijiju

किरेन रिजिजू

Anurag Thakur

अनुराग ठाकुर

	Nitin Gadkari नितिन गडकरी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

	Which is/ are correct about the first Asian Games held in 1951? A) Held at Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium with 12 nations. B) Japan topped the medals, India was second; venue was National Stadium, Delhi. **1951 में आयोजित पहले एशियाई खेलों के बारे में कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?** A) जवाहरलाल नेहरू स्टेडियम में 12 देशों के साथ आयोजित। B) जापान पदक तालिका में शीर्ष पर रहा, भारत दूसरे स्थान पर; आयोजन स्थल दिल्ली का राष्ट्रीय स्टेडियम था।
	Only A is correct केवल A सही है
	Only B is correct केवल B सही है
	Both A and B are correct A और B दोनों सही हैं
	Neither A nor B are Correct न तो A और न ही B सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

	Fill in the blanks: The _____ List in Schedule VII deals solely with matters of national importance like defence and foreign affairs. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** अनुसूची VII की _____ सूची केवल राष्ट्रीय महत्व के मामलों जैसे रक्षा और विदेशी मामलों से संबंधित है।
	Union संघ
	State राज्य
	Concurrent समवर्ती
	Residuary अवशिष्ट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

	Why is generative-design software used in launch vehicle (LV) structural engineering? प्रक्षेपण वाहन (एल.वी.) संरचनात्मक इंजीनियरिंग में जनरेटिव-डिजाइन सॉफ्टवेयर का उपयोग क्यों किया जाता है?
	To increase the mass of structural components संरचनात्मक घटकों का द्रव्यमान बढ़ाने के लिए
	To reduce structural weight while maintaining performance प्रदर्शन को बनाए रखते हुए संरचनात्मक भार को कम करना
	To simplify 2D CAD drafting in mission drawings मिशन चित्रों में 2D CAD ड्राफ्टिंग को सरल बनाने के लिए
	To boost overall mission cost through advanced algorithms उन्नत एल्गोरिदम के माध्यम से समग्र मिशन लागत को बढ़ावा देना

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Which of the following statements regarding State Funds under the Indian Constitution is/are **correct?**
1) The Consolidated Fund of the State is defined under Article 266.
2) The Contingency Fund of the State is operated by the Governor in accordance with rules made by the State Legislature.

भारतीय संविधान के अंतर्गत राज्य निधि के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं?
1) राज्य की संचित निधि को अनुच्छेद 266 के अंतर्गत परिभाषित किया गया है।
2) राज्य की आकस्मिकता निधि का संचालन राज्यपाल द्वारा राज्य विधानमंडल द्वारा बनाए गए नियमों के अनुसार किया जाता है।

Only 1

केवल 1

Only 2

केवल 2

Both 1 and 2

1 और 2 दोनों

Neither 1 nor 2

न तो 1 और न ही 2

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Why is it more difficult to walk on sand than on a concrete pavement?

कंक्रीट के फुटपाथ पर चलने की अपेक्षा रेत पर चलना अधिक कठिन क्यों है?

Sand has a higher coefficient of static friction than concrete.

रेत में कंक्रीट की तुलना में स्थैतिक घर्षण गुणांक अधिक होता है।

Sand is less dense than concrete, causing less gravitational pull.

रेत कंक्रीट की तुलना में कम घनी होती है, जिसके कारण गुरुत्वाकर्षण बल भी कम होता है।

Sand displaces, reducing pushback

रेत विस्थापित होती है, जिससे धक्का कम होता है

Sand particles are magnetic, creating an opposing force.

रेत के कण चुंबकीय होते हैं, जो एक विरोधी बल उत्पन्न करते हैं।

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

dance form Ka Shad Suk Mynsiem is a thanks giving dance of which community?

का शाद सुक म्यन्सिएम नृत्य शैली किस समुदाय का धन्यवाद देने वाला नृत्य है?

Khasi

खासी

Ao

एओ

Apatani

अपातानी

Adi

आदि

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options:
Assertion (A): The Human Development Index can increase even if income drops.
Reason (R): Improvements in life expectancy and education can offset income decline.

नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ:
अभिकथन (A): आय में गिरावट होने पर भी मानव विकास सूचकांक बढ़ सकता है।
कारण (R): जीवन प्रत्याशा और शिक्षा में सुधार आय में गिरावट की भरपाई कर सकता है।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

A is true, but R is false.

A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।

A is false, but R is true.

A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct option:
Assertion (A): In macroeconomics, treating a single commodity as representative of all goods allows simplification of aggregate analysis.
Reason (R): This is because all individual goods always behave identically under inflationary trends.

नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। सही विकल्प चुनिए:
अभिकथन (A): समष्टि अर्थशास्त्र में, एक ही वस्तु को सभी वस्तुओं का प्रतिनिधि मानने से समग्र विश्लेषण सरल हो जाता है।
कारण (R): ऐसा इसलिए है क्योंकि मुद्रास्फीति की प्रवृत्तियों के तहत सभी व्यक्तिगत वस्तुएँ हमेशा एक समान व्यवहार करती हैं।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

A is true, but R is false.

A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।

A is false, but R is true.

A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

What was the primary aim of import substitution policy in India's early planning era?

भारत के प्रारंभिक नियोजन युग में आयात प्रतिस्थापन नीति का प्राथमिक उद्देश्य क्या था?

Promote export-led industrialisation

निर्यात-आधारित औद्योगीकरण को बढ़ावा देना

Encourage foreign capital inflow

विदेशी पूंजी प्रवाह को प्रोत्साहित करें

Replace foreign imports with domestic production

विदेशी आयात को घरेलू उत्पादन से प्रतिस्थापित करें

Liberalise trade barriers

व्यापार बाधाओं को उदार बनाना

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Which of the following **correctly** describes a heavy industry?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा भारी उद्योग का सही वर्णन करता है?

It uses light raw materials like cotton.

इसमें कपास जैसे हल्के कच्चे माल का उपयोग किया जाता है।

It produces light consumer goods.

यह हल्की उपभोक्ता वस्तुओं का उत्पादन करता है।

Uses bulky inputs to produce heavy goods.

भारी सामान के उत्पादन के लिए भारी इनपुट का उपयोग करता है।

It manufactures cosmetics and toiletries.

यह सौंदर्य प्रसाधन और प्रसाधन सामग्री बनाती है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Consider the following statements on the PRITHvi Vigyan Mission:
1. It aims to unify ocean, weather, and geoscience observations.
2. It supports India's early warning systems for tsunamis and cyclones.
3. It was launched by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare.

पृथ्वी विज्ञान मिशन पर निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:
1. इसका उद्देश्य महासागर, मौसम और भूविज्ञान संबंधी अवलोकनों को एकीकृत करना है।
2. यह सुनामी और चक्रवातों के लिए भारत की पूर्व चेतावनी प्रणालियों का समर्थन करता है।
3. इसे स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय द्वारा लॉन्च किया गया था।

Only 1 and 2 are correct

केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं

Only 2 and 3 are correct

केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं

Only 1 and 3 are correct

केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं

All 1, 2 and 3 are correct

सभी 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Which international organizations played a crucial role in triggering the 1991 economic reforms in India?

भारत में 1991 के आर्थिक सुधारों को शुरू करने में किन अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संगठनों ने महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाई?

UN and WHO

संयुक्त राष्ट्र और विश्व स्वास्थ्य संगठन

World Bank and IMF

विश्व बैंक और आईएमएफ

WTO and UNESCO

विश्व व्यापार संगठन और यूनेस्को

ADB and WTO

एडीबी और विश्व व्यापार संगठन

were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

What is the value of $\sqrt{9801} - \sqrt{1681}$

$\sqrt{9801} - \sqrt{1681}$ का मान क्या है?

58

58

68

68

78

78

88

88

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

The investments of three partners, P, Q, and R, are initially in the ratio 6 : 7 : 9. After a year, P adds ₹30,000, Q adds ₹25,000, and R adds some amount to their respective investments. The new ratio of their investments becomes 8 : 9 : 11. Find the amount (in ₹) added by partner R.

तीन साझेदारों P, Q और R के निवेश का आरंभिक अनुपात 6 : 7 : 9 है। एक वर्ष बाद, P ₹30,000 जोड़ता है, Q ₹25,000 जोड़ता है, तथा R अपने-अपने निवेश में कुछ राशि जोड़ता है। उनके निवेश का नया अनुपात 8 : 9 : 11 हो जाता है। साझेदार R द्वारा जोड़ी गई राशि (₹ में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

₹10,000

₹10,000

₹12,500

₹12,500

₹15,000

₹15,000

18,000

₹18,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

q.no: 53

An employee contributes 20% of their salary to charity. From the remaining amount, 40% is allocated to investments. The rest is divided for education and travel in the ratio 7: 5. If the expense on travel is ₹6000, what is the employee's total salary?

एक कर्मचारी अपने वेतन का 20% दान में देता है। शेष राशि में से 40% निवेश में लगा दिया जाता है। शेष राशि को शिक्षा और यात्रा में 7:5 के अनुपात में बाँटा जाता है। यदि यात्रा पर व्यय ₹6000 है, तो कर्मचारी का कुल वेतन कितना है?

₹28,000

₹28,000

₹30,000

₹30,000

₹32,000

₹32,000

₹35,000

₹35,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

A certain amount increases to five times its initial value after 10 years of compounding interest. How many years will it take for it to grow to twenty-five times its original amount?

एक निश्चित राशि 10 वर्ष के चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज के बाद अपने प्रारंभिक मूल्य से पांच गुना बढ़ जाती है। इसे अपनी मूल राशि से पच्चीस गुना बढ़ने में कितने वर्ष लगेंगे?

22

22

20

20

19

19

18

18

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

A software company developed 800 licenses for a new application at a total cost of ₹4,000,000. They provided 50 licenses free to their top beta testers. For the remaining licenses, they offered a 15% discount on the market price of ₹6000 per license. Additionally, they gave 1 license free for every 9 licenses bought. If all 800 licenses were distributed, what is the company's overall gain or loss percentage?

एक सॉफ्टवेयर कंपनी ने ₹4,000,000 की कुल लागत पर एक नए एप्लिकेशन के लिए 800 लाइसेंस विकसित किए। उन्होंने अपने शीर्ष बीटा परीक्षकों को 50 लाइसेंस निःशुल्क प्रदान किए। शेष लाइसेंसों के लिए, उन्होंने प्रति लाइसेंस ₹6000 के बाजार मूल्य पर 15% की छूट की पेशकश की। इसके अतिरिक्त, उन्होंने खरीदे गए प्रत्येक 9 लाइसेंसों के लिए 1 लाइसेंस निःशुल्क दिया। यदि सभी 800 लाइसेंस वितरित किए गए, तो कंपनी का कुल लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?

15.64% profit

15.64% लाभ

13.94% profit

13.94% लाभ

13.94% loss

13.94% हानि

15.64% profit

15.64% लाभ

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

The speeds of two motorcyclists are in the ratio 5 : 3. If the slower motorcyclist has a 24 km head start, and his speed is 12 km/h, how far (in km) will the faster motorcyclist travel to overtake him?

दो मोटरसाइकिल चालकों की गति का अनुपात 5 : 3 है। यदि धीमी गति से चलने वाला मोटरसाइकिल चालक 24 किमी आगे है, और उसकी गति 12 किमी/घंटा है, तो तेज मोटरसाइकिल चालक उसे पछाड़ने के लिए कितनी दूरी (किमी में) तय करेगा?

40 km

40 किमी

48 km

48 किमी

60 km

60 किमी

72 km

72 किमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

A shopkeeper took a loan of ₹7500 from a bank on 1 April 2025 with simple interest at 9% per annum. He decided to clear the loan on 1 September 2025. How much amount did he pay back to the bank?

एक दुकानदार ने 1 अप्रैल 2025 को 9% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज पर बैंक से ₹7500 का ऋण लिया। उसने 1 सितंबर 2025 को ऋण चुकाने का फैसला किया। उसने बैंक को कितनी राशि वापस चुकाई?

	₹7775.00 ₹7775.00
■	₹7781.25 ₹7781.25
	₹7784.79 ₹7784.79
	₹7790.00 ₹7790.00

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Which of these is both an integer and a whole number?

इनमें से कौन-सी संख्या पूर्णांक और पूर्ण दोनों है?

	-4 -4
■	0 0
	3.5 3.5
	1/2 1/2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

A, B, and C invested in a business in the ratio 2:3:5. After a year, the total profit is Rs. 1,00,000. What is B's share?

A, B और C ने एक व्यवसाय में 2:3:5 के अनुपात में निवेश किया। एक वर्ष बाद, कुल लाभ ₹1,00,000 है। B का हिस्सा क्या है?

■	Rs. 30,000 30,000 रुपये
	Rs. 25,000 25,000 रुपये
	Rs. 20,000 20,000 रुपये
	Rs. 40,000 40,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

A solid pyramid is to be painted. If paint covers 2 m^2/litre and total surface is 48 m^2, how much paint is needed, including 5% extra for retouch?

एक ठोस पिरामिड को रंगना है। यदि रंग 2 वर्ग मीटर/लीटर क्षेत्रफल को कवर करता है और कुल सतह 48 वर्ग मीटर है, तो सुधार के लिए 5% अतिरिक्त रंग सहित कितने रंग की आवश्यकता होगी?

■	25.2 litres

	25.2 लीटर
	35.8 litres 35.8 लीटर
	20.4 litres 20.4 लीटर
	15.5 litres 15.5 लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

An L-shaped floor is made of two rectangles (6 m × 4 m and 8 m × 6 m). Tiles cost ₹450/m², but a 10% discount is given if more than 70 m² is tiled. What is the total cost after discount?

एक L-आकार का फर्श दो आयतों (6 मीटर × 4 मीटर और 8 मीटर × 6 मीटर) से बना है। टाइलों की कीमत ₹450/वर्ग मीटर है, लेकिन 70 वर्ग मीटर से ज़्यादा क्षेत्रफल पर टाइल लगाने पर 10% की छूट मिलती है। छूट के बाद कुल लागत कितनी है?

	₹30, 600 ₹30, 600
	₹29, 160 ₹29, 160
	₹29, 240 ₹29, 240
	₹29, 540 ₹29, 540

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

A large regular polygon is made by combining 6 regular hexagons around a common center. What is the ratio of area of the combined shape to one hexagon?

एक सामान्य केंद्र के चारों ओर 6 सम षट्भुजों को मिलाकर एक बड़ा सम बहुभुज बनाया गया है। संयुक्त आकृति के क्षेत्रफल और एक षट्भुज के क्षेत्रफल का अनुपात क्या है?

	5:1 5:1
	6:1 6:1
	7:1 7:1
	8:1 8:1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

A triangular traffic sign has sides measuring 13 m, 14 m, and 15 m. If the cost to paint the sign is ₹5 per square meter, what will be the total expense to paint the entire sign?

एक त्रिभुजाकार यातायात चिन्ह की भुजाएँ क्रमशः 13 मीटर, 14 मीटर और 15 मीटर हैं। यदि चिन्ह को रंगने की लागत ₹5 प्रति वर्ग मीटर है, तो पूरे चिन्ह को रंगने का कुल खर्च कितना होगा?

	₹420 ₹420
	₹380 ₹380
	₹360 ₹360

	₹480 ₹480

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

	If $\sin\theta = \cos\theta$, what is the value of θ (in degrees)? अगर $\sin\theta = \cos\theta$, का मूल्य क्या है θ (in degrees)?
	45° 45°
	35° 35°
	30° 30°
	40° 40°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

	The base area of a prism is increased by 25%, while the height remains the same. By what percentage does the volume increase? एक प्रिज्म के आधार का क्षेत्रफल 25% बढ़ा दिया गया है, जबकि ऊँचाई वही रहती है। आयतन में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होगी?
	10% 10%
	20% 20%
	25% 25%
	30% 30%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

	A man and a woman are together filling a tank with water. The man pours 4 liters of water every 3 minutes, while the woman pours 3 liters every 4 minutes. How much time will it take to fill 100 liters of water in the tank? एक पुरुष और एक महिला मिलकर एक टैंक में पानी भर रहे हैं। पुरुष हर 3 मिनट में 4 लीटर पानी डालता है, जबकि महिला हर 4 मिनट में 3 लीटर पानी डालती है। टैंक में 100 लीटर पानी भरने में कितना समय लगेगा?
	38 min 38 मिनट
	40 min 40 मिनट
	44 min 44 मिनट
	48 min 48 मिनट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

	Three numbers are in the ratio 2:3:5. If their average is 100, what is the difference between the largest and the smallest number? तीन संख्याएँ 2:3:5 के अनुपात में हैं। अगर उनका औसत 100 है, तो सबसे बड़ी और सबसे छोटी संख्या के बीच का अंतर क्या है?
	100

	100
	90 90
	80 80
	70 70

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

A can contains 40 litres of oil at Rs. 50/litre. Another can contains 60 litres of oil at Rs. 60/litre. They are mixed, and 20 litres are sold at Rs. 70/litre. How much profit or loss does the seller make on this sale?

एक कैन में 40 लीटर तेल है जिसकी कीमत 50 रुपये प्रति लीटर है। दूसरे कैन में 60 लीटर तेल है जिसकी कीमत 60 रुपये प्रति लीटर है। इन्हें मिला दिया जाता है और 20 लीटर तेल 70 रुपये प्रति लीटर की दर से बेचा जाता है। इस बिक्री पर विक्रेता को कितना लाभ या हानि होती है?

	Rs. 160 profit 160 रुपये का लाभ
	Rs. 160 loss 160 रुपये की हानि
	Rs. 280 loss 280 रुपये की हानि
	Rs. 280 profit 280 रुपये का लाभ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

If $cosA = 1-2sin^2A$, then what is the value of $cos2A$?

यदि $cosA = 1-2sin^2A$, तो $cos2A$ का मान क्या है ?

	$sinA$ $sinA$
	$1-2sin^2A$ $1-2sin^2A$
	$secA$ $secA$
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

What is the equation of line through (1,2) and (3,8)

(1,2) और (3,8) से होकर जाने वाली रेखा का समीकरण क्या है?

	$y = 3x - 1$ $y = 3x - 1$
	$y = 2x + 1$ $y = 2x + 1$
	$y = 4x - 2$ $y = 4x - 2$
	$y = 4x + 2$ $y = 4x + 2$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

If $\sin(3x + 10^\circ) = \cos(2x - 5^\circ)$, find x.

यदि $\sin(3x + 10^\circ) = \cos(2x - 5^\circ)$ हो, तो x ज्ञात कीजिए।

	27° 27°
	30° 30°
	25° 25°
■	17° 17°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

The number of triangles formed by diagonals from one vertex of an octagon is:

एक अष्टभुज के एक शीर्ष से विकर्णों द्वारा निर्मित त्रिभुजों की संख्या है:

	5 5
■	6 6
	7 7
	8 8

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

A right triangle has vertices at P(0, 0), Q(8, 0), and R(0, 6). What are the coordinates of its Circumcenter?

एक समकोण त्रिभुज के शीर्ष P(0, 0), Q(8, 0) और R(0, 6) पर हैं। इसके परिकेन्द्र के निर्देशांक क्या हैं?

■	(4, 3) (4, 3)
	(3, 4) (3, 4)
	(4, 4) (4, 4)
	(2, 2) (2, 2)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Simplify:

$\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{75}$

सरलीकरण:

$\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{75}$

	$6\sqrt{3}$ $6\sqrt{3}$

	$7\sqrt{3}$ $7\sqrt{3}$
	$8\sqrt{3}$ $8\sqrt{3}$
	$9\sqrt{3}$ $9\sqrt{3}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

A 5-foot person casts a 4-foot shadow. At the same time, a tree casts a 20-foot shadow. How tall is the tree?

5 फुट लंबे व्यक्ति की परछाई 4 फुट लंबी होती है। उसी समय, एक पेड़ की परछाई 20 फुट लंबी होती है। पेड़ की ऊँचाई कितनी है?

	20 feet 20 फुट
	25 feet 25 फुट
	30 feet 30 फुट
	40 feet 40 फुट

were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

The _____ of the ancient manuscript was a painstaking process.

- resurection
- ressurection
- resurrection
- resurraction

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Choose the correct one-word substitution for the words in italics.

The professor specialized in the *study of ancient societies.*

- Anthropology
- Sociology
- Archaeology
- Paleontology

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CHICANERY**

- Truth
- Deception
- Honesty
- Loyalty

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Furtive**

- Covert
- Sneaky

Open

Stealthy

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Whistle in the dark

Speak without clarity

Put on a brave front despite fear

Refuse to take sides

Enjoy loneliness

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Sound and fury

Echoes of truth from the past

Great uproar that signifies nothing

Confession followed by silence

Loud actions with enduring impact

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Select the **correct spelling** for a word meaning "capable of being done".

Feaseable

Feasible

Fiesible

Fiesable

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Find the **correct spelling** for a term meaning to speak ambiguously or avoid the truth.

Prevericate

Prevaricate

Prevarricate

Privaricate

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "A person who loves and collects books".

- Philatelist
- Bibliophile
- Calligrapher
- Archivist

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Select the correct option:
The director demanded the screenplay be revised to eliminate ___ dialogue.

- superfluous
- superfluity
- superfluously
- superfluousness

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:
To ensure every participant be heard (1)/ the chairperson requested that questions (2)/ be submitted in advance and that (3)/ moderators be assigned to each group. (4)

- (1)
- (2)
- (3)
- (4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Change the following from active to passive:
The audience applauded the singer enthusiastically.

- The singer was applauded enthusiastically by the audience.
- The singer is applauded enthusiastically by the audience.
- The singer has been applauded enthusiastically by the audience.
- The singer was being applauded enthusiastically by the audience.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

	Find the part of the sentence that contains an error: The official, addressing the press yesterday, (1)/ claimed that the matter had been resolved (2)/ though no evidence supporting the statement (3)/ was ever made available. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

	Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word: He could not **lead** the team under pressure.
	They used lead pipes in old construction.
	He tried to lead the meeting professionally.
	She leads the choir every Sunday.
	He wrote a report on leadership styles.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

	Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure: Was the conclusion reached by the jury after reviewing all the evidence?
	Did the jury reach the conclusion after reviewing all the evidence?
	Was all the evidence reviewed after reaching a conclusion by the jury?
	Had the jury reached a conclusion by the time the evidence was reviewed? Did the evidence conclude the jury's review?

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike.

What primary democratic function does social media serve, as per the passage?

Monitoring elections

Encouraging economic debates

Enabling real-time civic participation

Promoting cultural diversity

ered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike.

What sociocultural factor impedes the growth of vocational education in India?

Skill India Mission

National Education Policy 2020

Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan

Digital India Policy

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike.

What sociocultural factor impedes the growth of vocational education in India?

High tuition costs

Illiteracy

Stigma against manual labor

Shortage of teachers

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike.

What distinguishes vocational education from traditional academic education according to the author?

It is cheaper

It promotes memorization

It focuses on practical competencies

It has more exams

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The proliferation of social media has fundamentally transformed the democratic landscape, acting both as a catalyst for civic engagement and a conduit for manipulation. Platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram, once relegated to the domain of personal expression, now serve as powerful instruments of political discourse, enabling citizens to articulate opinions, mobilize for causes, and scrutinize authority in real-time. At its core, democracy thrives on the free flow of information, and social media ostensibly democratizes this process by dismantling traditional gatekeeping. Political leaders communicate directly with constituents, bypassing editorial filters, while grassroots movements harness virality to amplify marginalized voices. During critical events—be it elections, protests, or legislative debates—social media acts as a digital agora, fostering participatory dialogue that was once confined to town halls or print columns. However, this unprecedented openness is double-edged. The same platforms that disseminate truth can also propagate misinformation, polarize public opinion, and algorithmically reinforce ideological silos. Electoral interference through fake accounts, coordinated trolling, and the spread of disinformation campaigns have threatened electoral integrity in several democracies. Moreover, emotionally charged content, optimized for engagement rather than accuracy, often eclipses nuanced debate, reducing political discourse to a cacophony of outrage. The role of social media in democracy, therefore, is contingent not just on its technological architecture, but on the ethical frameworks governing its use. Regulatory oversight, media literacy, and algorithmic transparency are essential to harness its democratic potential while mitigating its subversive tendencies. In essence, social media is neither inherently virtuous nor inherently corrosive—it is a mirror of societal intent. Whether it becomes a pillar of democratic resilience or a tool of populist distortion depends largely on how it is wielded by citizens, institutions, and platforms alike.

According to the author, what broader role does vocational education serve beyond economic purposes?

Reducing corruption

Encouraging foreign investment

Democratizing opportunity

Promoting private universities

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
I object ***for your behaviour.***

to your behaviour

with your behaviour

on your behaviour

against your behaviour

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.
She indicated that, unless the quorum were met promptly, the charter amendments would lapse.

She said, "Unless the quorum had been met promptly, the charter amendments would have lapsed."

She said, "Unless the quorum is met promptly, the charter amendments will lapse."

She said, "If the quorum was not met promptly, the charter amendments might have lapsed."

	She said, "If the quorum is promptly met, the charter amendments must not lapse."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

	A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech. The teacher said, "Be quiet in the class."
	The teacher told be quiet in the class.
	The teacher told them to quiet in the class.
	The teacher said them to be quiet in the class.
	The teacher told them to be quiet in the class.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

	Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage. 1. The team submitted the compiled data to the analytics division. 2. Raw survey responses were extracted from multiple sources. 3. Each dataset underwent preprocessing and standardization. 4. Redundant entries were eliminated using automated filters.
	2-3-4-1
	2-4-3-1
	3-2-4-1
	1-3-2-4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

	Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph: 1. A key strategy is to diversify energy sources, transitioning from fossil fuels to renewable alternatives like solar, wind, and geothermal power. 2. To mitigate the worst effects of climate change, the global community must drastically reduce its reliance on carbon-intensive energy production. 3. This shift not only decreases greenhouse gas emissions but also improves air quality and creates new economic opportunities. 4. Additionally, policies that promote energy efficiency in buildings and transportation can further lower overall energy consumption.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	1, 2, 3, 4
	4, 1, 2, 3
	2, 3, 1, 4

SSC CHSL/DEF TY EXAMINATION

CANDIDATE'S RESPONSE SHEET/उम्मीदवार के उत्तर का पत्रक

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Roll No.	:
Candidate Name	:
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: 28 Sep 2023
Test Time and Shift	: 04:00 PM (Shift: 1)
Centre Name	:

Total Questions: 100 Total Marks: 200 Correct Options: 84 Attempts: 84

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Unattaching by the candidate :

I acknowledge that the secure question paper is for my personal use and will study it. I understand that any tearing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes, is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidate may note that in the challenge module the response of the candidate and the options can be viewed by him/her from it approved during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the response of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared for a particular shift while during the actual examination these responses were different for different candidates. However the answers key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A Click Here for PART-B Click Here for PART-C Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 1

Q.No: 1 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

Sample Address:Dawn-5, Flat 1102,Skyline Greens, New Town,Kolkata - 700156

यह प्रश्न पूर्ण की गई पद्धति के समान है।

Sample Address:Dawn-5, Flat 1102,Skyline Greens, New Town,Kolkata - 700156

Dawn-5, Flat 1102, Skyline Greens, New Town, Kolkata - 701056

Dawn-5, Flat 1102, Skyline Greens, New Town, Kolkata - 701056

Dawn-5, Flat 1102, Skyline Greens, New Town, Kolkata - 700156

Dawn-5, Flat 1102, Skyline Greens, New Town, Kolkata - 700156

Dawn-5, Flat 1102, Skyline Greens, New Town, Kolkata - 700156

Dawn-5, Flat 1202, Skyline Greens, New Town, Kolkata - 700156

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 2

Q.No: 2 Find the signs to be interchanged.

16 + 4 × 8 − 3 = 2 = 31

सही संकेतों को पहचानें जिन्हें बदला जाना चाहिए।

16 + 4 × 8 − 3 = 2 = 31

- और +
- और ×
- और =
- और −

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 3

Q.No: 3 If "+" means subtraction, "-" means addition, "x" means division, and "÷" means multiplication, evaluate:

18 − 6 ÷ 2 + 2 = 8 × 1

अगर "+" का अर्थ घटाना है, "-" का अर्थ जोड़ना, "x" का अर्थ भाग और "÷" का अर्थ गुणा है, तो मूल्यांकन करें:

18 − 6 ÷ 2 + 2 = 8 × 1

12

10

8

6

5

10

16

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 4

Q.No: 4 A is the sister of B. B is the brother of C. C is the son of D.

How is A related to D?

A, B और C के बारे में दिया गया है। C, D का पुत्र है।

A, D के किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

Daughter

पुत्री

Mother

माँ

Sister

बहन

Brother

भाई

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 5

Q.No: 5 M is the mother of N. N is the father of C. Q is the son of M. How is Q related to P?

M, N की माँ है। N, C का पिता है। Q, M का पुत्र है। Q का P के साथ संबंध है?

Uncle

चाचा

Father

पिता

Cousin

चचेरा

Brother

भाई

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 6

Q.No: 6 You see someone drop their wallet on the street. What should you do?

आप देखते हैं कि किसी का बटुआ सड़क पर गिर गया है। आपको क्या करना चाहिए?

Ignore

नजरअंदाज करें

Keep it

इसे रखें

Donate it

इसे दान करें

Return it

वापस करें

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 7

Q.No: 7 Find the odd one out:

विषम पूर्ण

2 5 4 = 81

2 5 4 = 81

2 5 4 = 36

2 5 4 = 36

5 5 4 = 121

5 5 4 = 121

1 5 2 = 9

1 5 2 = 9

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 8

Q.No: 8 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:

All smartphones are gadgets. Some gadgets are expensive. All expensive things are insured.

Conclusions:

I. Some gadgets are insured.

II. Some smartphones are expensive.

निम्नलिखित कथन को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्षों पर विचार करें।

कथन:

सभी स्मार्टफोन गैजेट हैं। कुछ गैजेट महंगे हैं। सभी महंगी चीजों का बीमा होता है।

निष्कर्ष:

I. कुछ गैजेट का बीमा होता है।

II. कुछ स्मार्टफोन महंगे हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 9

Q.No: 9 From the given words, select the word which cannot be formed using the letters of the given word.

PREACHER

दिए गए शब्दों में से वह शब्द चुनिए जो दिए गए शब्द के अक्षरों का उपयोग करके नहीं बनाया जा सकता।

PREACHER

PEACH

MOAT

PARCH

PEACH

PEACH

HARES

HARES

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 10

Q.No: 10 "SCRITTAR" is to "SVTRACT" as "HUSTEA" is to?

जिस प्रकार "SCRITTAR" को "SVTRACT" लिखा जाता है, उसी प्रकार "HUSTEA" को क्या लिखा जाएगा?

MOURTE

MOUNTE

MOURTE

CATHRES

SECRET

MOURTE

MASSCRT

MASSCRT

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 11

Q.No: 11 If FISH is written as 4-25-, how is WORM written?

अगर FISH को 4-25- लिखा जाता है, तो WORM को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?

XPSL

XPSL

XPSN

XPSN

XQSN

XQSN

VOSL

VOSL

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 12

Q.No: 12 What comes next?

135, 270, 90, ?

निम्नलिखित अनुक्रम में अगली संख्या का चयन कौन सा विकल्प करेगा?

135, 270, 90, ?

180

450

360

90

PT

PT

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 13

Q.No: 13 Find the odd one out from the given alternatives

दिए गए विकल्पों में से सेट विषम चिह्नित कीजिए

Economic indicators

आर्थिक संकेतक

GDP

सकल घरेलू उत्पाद

GDP

राष्ट्रीयकृत सकल मूल्यवर्धन

NPI

शुद्ध मूल्य मूल्यवर्धन

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 14

Q.No: 14 Find the next term: BDFH, EFKJ, FHJL, ?

अगली पद क्या आएगा है: BDFH, EFKJ, FHJL, ?

GJLN

GJLN

GMP

GMP

GJMP

GJMP

KMOQ

KMOQ

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 15

Q.No: 15 If 5 letters 5 machines 5 minutes to make 5 widgets, how long would it take 100 machines to make 100 widgets?

यदि 5 व्यक्तियों को 5 मिनिट बनाने में 5 विजट लगते हैं, तो 100 मशीनों को 100 विजेट बनाने में कितना समय लगेगा?

5 minutes

5 मिनट

100 minutes

100 मिनट

5 minutes

5 minutes

5 मिनट

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 16

Q.No: 16 You are a hospital receptionist. A patient in critical condition arrives. What should you do first?

आप एक अस्पताल की रिसेप्शनिस्ट हैं। एक गंभीर रोगी आता है। आपको सबसे पहले क्या करना चाहिए?

Complete paperwork before calling the doctor

डॉक्टर को बुलाने से पहले कागजी कार्रवाई पूरी करें

Call the doctor and then start paperwork

डॉक्टर को बुलाएँ और फिर कागजी कार्रवाई शुरू करें

Send patient back to get documents

दस्तावेज़ प्राप्त करने के लिए रोगी को वापस भेजें

Wait for senior approval

वरिष्ठ अनुमोदन की प्रतीक्षा करें

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 17

Q.No: 17 You are given a mathematical expression with basic operations. However, the symbols used are not their usual meaning. Choose the correct option from the given substitution rules:

"+" means "-"

"-" means "×"

"×" means "÷"

"÷" means "+"

240 + 60 ÷ 4 × 10 − 5 = ?

आपको एक गणितीय अभिव्यक्ति बताई जाती है जिसमें बुनियादी संक्रियाएँ होती हैं। हालाँकि, उपयोग किए जाने वाले प्रतीकों का वह अर्थ नहीं होता है जो आमतौर पर होता है। दिए गए प्रतिस्थापन नियमों का उपयोग करके सही उत्तर चुनें:

"+" का अर्थ है "-"

"-" का अर्थ है "×"

"×" का अर्थ है "÷"

"÷" का अर्थ है "+"

240 + 60 ÷ 4 × 10 − 5 = ?

295

295

271

271

285

285

261

261

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 18

Q.No: 18 If the signs are interchanged as follows:

- "+" means "÷"
- "−" means "+"
- "×" means "−"
- "÷" means "×"

Choose the correct equation from the options below.

यदि निम्नलिखित रूप में चिह्नों का आदान-प्रदान किया जाए:

- **"+" का अर्थ है "÷"**
- **"−" का अर्थ है "+"**
- **"×" का अर्थ है "−"**
- **"÷" का अर्थ है "×"**

तो दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही समीकरण चुनें।

10×3÷7=13

10×3÷7=13

12×5=64

12×5=64

13×3=9

13×3=10

9×4=24

9×4=24

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 19

Q.No: 19 If the signs are interchanged as follows:

- "÷" means "×"
- "×" means "−"
- "+" means "÷"
- "−" means "+"

What is the value of the following expression?

10×3−3=7

यदि चिह्नों का निम्न प्रकार से आदान-प्रदान किया जाए:

- **"÷" का अर्थ है "×"**
- **"×" का अर्थ है "−"**
- **"+" का अर्थ है "÷"**
- **"−" का अर्थ है "+"**

निम्नलिखित अभिव्यक्ति का मान क्या है?

10×3−3=7

11

44

11

11

33

22

22

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 20

Q.No: 20 You're a front desk officer in a government building and there's a fire alarm. What do you do?

आप एक सरकारी इमारत में फ्रंट डेस्क अधिकारी हैं और वहाँ आग का अलार्म बज रहा है। आप क्या करते हैं?

Continue working and ignore the alarm

काम करते रहें और अलार्म को अनदेखा करें

Ask someone to check if it's real

किसी और से पता लगाने के लिए कहें कि क्या यह असली है

Shout at people

लोगों पर चिल्लाएं

Turn off the alarm

अलार्म बंद करें

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 21

Q.No: 21 What should come at the place of question mark?

120, 99, 80, 63, 48, ?

प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए?

120, 99, 80, 63, 48, ?

35

35

35

34

34

33

33

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 22

Q.No: 22 Statements: No apple is orange. Some oranges are bananas. Conclusions: I. Some bananas are not apples. II. No bananas is an apple.

कथन: सभी सेब संतरा नहीं हैं। कुछ संतरे केले हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ केले सेब नहीं हैं। II. कोई केला सेब नहीं है।

Only Conclusion I follows

केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है

Only Conclusion II follows

केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 23

Q.No: 23 If "TIGER" is coded as "E-R-I-G-T", how will "FOX" be coded?

यदि "TIGER" को "E-R-I-G-T" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "FOX" को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?

X-O-F

X-O-F-S

X-O-F-S

X-O-S-T

X-O-S-T

X-O-T

X-O-T

Y-P-G

Y-P-G

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 24

Q.No: 24 If STONE is coded as TUPOF, how is TUPOF coded?

यदि STONE को TUPOF के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो TUPOF को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?

VUQPG

TUPOG

TUPOG

VUQPG

VUPOF

VUPOF

Click here to Challenge Question No. - 25

Q.No: 25 In the sequence, what is the next number?

10, 20, 40, 80, 160, ...?

अनुक्रम में अगली संख्या क्या होगी?

10, 20, 40, 80, 160, ...?

320

200

240

240

320

320

400

400

Roll No. :
Candidate Name :
Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier I
Test Date : 09 Sep 2024
Test Time and Shift : 04:00 PM (Shift-1)
Centre Name :

Total Questions : 100 | Total Marks : 200 | Centre Code : | Roll Number :

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Roll No :
Candidate Name :
Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier I
Test Date : 09 Sep 2017
Test Time and Shift : 04:00 PM (Shift 2)
Centre Name :

Total Questions | Total Attempted | Correct Options | Not Attempted

Date | Print

Undertaking by the candidate :
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Note:
The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 31

Q.No- 31 Find the value of x in the given equation: $\frac{\sqrt{x+5}+\sqrt{x-5}}{\sqrt{x+5}-\sqrt{x-5}} = 4$

दिए गए समीकरण में x का मान ज्ञात कीजिए: $\frac{\sqrt{x+5}+\sqrt{x-5}}{\sqrt{x+5}-\sqrt{x-5}} = 4$

- 5/3
- 3/5
- 5/4
- 4/5
- 4/3
- 3/4
- 5/3
- 3/5

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 32

Q.No- 32 How much will the compound interest on Rs. 16000 at 20% per annum for 9 months if it is compounded quarterly?

16000 रुपये का 20% प्रति वर्ष की दर से 9 महीनों के लिए चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज कितना होगा, यदि इसे तिमाही आधार पर कंपाउंड किया जाता है?

- 2,222
- 2,222
- 2,402
- 2,402
- 1,522
- 1,522
- 2,522
- 2,522

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 33

Q.No- 33 20 women can do work in 16 days, 10 men can complete the same work in 12 days. what is the ratio between the efficiency of a man and a woman?

20 महिलाएँ किसी काम को 16 दिन में कर सकती हैं। 10 पुरुष उसी काम को 12 दिन में पूरा कर सकते हैं। एक पुरुष और एक महिला की कार्यकुशलता के बीच अनुपात क्या है?

- 4:3
- 5:4
- 5:4
- 2:5
- 2:5
- 8:9
- 8:9

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 34

Q.No- 34 A number that is both an integer and a whole number is:

वह संख्या जो पूर्णांक और पूर्ण संख्या दोनों है, वह है:

- -5
- -5
- 1
- 3/5
- 3/5
- √2
- √2

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 35

Q.No- 35 Sachin covers half of his journey at 12 km/h and the remaining half at 8 km/h. His average speed is:

सचिन अपनी आधी यात्रा 12 किमी/घंटा की गति से और शेष आधी यात्रा 8 किमी/घंटा की गति से तय करता है। उसकी औसत गति है:

- 5.5 km/h
- 5.5 किमी/घंटा
- 4.5 km/h
- 4.5 किमी/घंटा
- 4.8 km/h
- 4.8 किमी/घंटा
- 9 km/h
- 9 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 36

Q.No- 36 A hemisphere is inscribed in a cube of side 6 cm. what is the volume of the hemisphere?

एक अर्धगोलक 6 सेमी भुजा वाले घन के अन्दर अंकित है। अर्धगोले का आयतन ज्ञात है?

- $56.55 cm^3$
- $56.55 cm^{3}$
- $54.24 m^3$
- $54.24 m^{3}$
- $50.26 m^3$
- $50.26 m^{3}$
- $52.18 m^3$
- $52.18 m^{3}$

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 37

Q.No- 37 A car travels 13.5 km using 1.8 liters of fuel. How many kilometers does it travel per liter?

एक कार 1.8 लीटर ईंधन का उपयोग करके 13.5 किमी चलती है। वह प्रति लीटर कितनी किमी चलती है?

- 7.25 km
- 7.25 किमी
- 7.5 km
- 7.5 किमी
- 7.75 km
- 7.75 किमी
- 8 km
- 8 किमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 38

Q.No- 38 A startup has three stakeholders. It bought 40% of the capital, and it bought the rest. I joined later and was promised 20% of the total profit for investing. If total profit was Rs. 2,50,000, how much was my share?

एक स्टार्टअप में तीन हितधारक हैं। इसने 40% पूंजी खरीदी और शेष खरीदी। मैं बाद में शामिल हुआ और मुझे निवेश के लिए कुल लाभ का 20% देने का वादा किया गया। अगर कुल लाभ ₹2,50,000 था, तो मेरा हिस्सा कितना था?

- Rs. 1,20,000
- 1,20,000 रुपये
- Rs. 1,00,000
- 1,00,000 रुपये
- Rs. 90,000
- 90,000 रुपये
- Rs. 1,10,000
- 1,10,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 39

Q.No- 39 A basket contains apples and oranges in the ratio 4:3. After removing 8 apples and adding 6 oranges, the new ratio becomes 1:1. How many fruits were there originally?

एक टोकरी में सेब और संतरों का 4:3 के अनुपात में है। सेब निकालने और 6 संतरे मिलाने के बाद, नया अनुपात 1:1 हो जाता है। मूल रूप से टोकरी में कितने फल थे?

- 63
- 63
- 70
- 70
- 63
- 63
- 98
- 98

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 40

Q.No- 40 A triangular window has dimensions such that its area is 40% of a square window of area 200 m^2. If its base is 10 m, find its height.

एक त्रिभुजाकार खिड़की की लंबाई इस प्रकार है कि उसका क्षेत्रफल 200 वर्ग मीटर क्षेत्रफल वाली वर्ग आकार खिड़की के क्षेत्रफल का 40% है। यदि इसका आधार 10 मीटर है, तो इसकी ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।

- 12 m
- 12 मी.
- 9 m
- 9 मी.
- 16 m
- 16 मी.
- 24 m
- 24 मी.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 41

Q.No- 41 A and B can complete a task in 12 days together. A is 25% more efficient than B. What percentage of the work is done by A alone?

A और B मिलकर एक काम को 12 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। A, B से 25% अधिक कुशल है। B द्वारा अकेले किये गये प्रतिशत काम कितना था?

- 55.56%
- 55.56%
- 60.0%
- 60.0%
- 62.5%
- 62.5%
- 66.66%
- 66.66%

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 42

Q.No- 42 A businessman invests Rs. 50,000 in buying items and spends Rs. 5,000 on transportation and Rs. 3,000 on storage. If he sells the items for Rs. 63,000, what is his profit or loss percentage?

एक व्यापारी 50,000 रुपये वस्तुएँ खरीदने में लगाता है और 5,000 रुपये परिवहन पर और 3,000 रुपये भंडारण पर खर्च करता है। अगर वह वस्तुएँ 63,000 रुपये में बेचता है, तो लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत ज्ञात है?

- 8.62% profit
- 8.62% लाभ
- 8.62% loss
- 8.62% हानि
- 7.26% loss
- 7.26% हानि
- 7.26% profit
- 7.26% लाभ

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 43

Q.No- 43 Sujit can do a piece of work in 4 days, and Rakesh can do it in 8 days. If they work together for 2 days, how much of the work will be left?

सुजीत एक काम को 4 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है और राकेश उसे 8 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। अगर वे दोनों मिलकर 2 दिन काम करते हैं, तो कितना काम बचेगा?

- 25%
- 25%
- 50%
- 50%
- 25%
- 25%
- 21%
- 21%

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 44

Q.No- 44 A man covered a certain distance in 3 parts with average speeds of 30 km/h, 60 km/h, and 90 km/h. what is his average speed over the entire journey, assuming equal distances?

एक व्यक्ति ने एक निश्चित दूरी को 3 भागों में तय किया, 30 किमी/घंटा, 60 किमी/घंटा और 90 किमी/घंटा की औसत गति से। समान दूरियों को मानते हुए, पूरी यात्रा में उसकी औसत गति क्या है?

- 52.35 km/h
- 52.35 किमी/घंटा
- 60 km/h
- 60 किमी/घंटा
- 49.09 km/h
- 49.09 किमी/घंटा
- 56.25 km/h
- 56.25 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 45

Q.No- 45 A display stand is shaped like a right triangular prism. The triangular base is a right-angled triangle with perpendicular sides measuring 3 cm and 4 cm. The height of the prism is 10 cm. what is the ratio of the area of the largest rectangular face to the area of the smallest rectangular face of the prism?

एक डिस्प्ले स्टैंड एक समकोण त्रिभुजाकर प्रिज्म के आकार का है। त्रिभुजाकर आधार एक समकोण त्रिभुज है जिसकी लंबवत भुजाएँ 3 सेमी और 4 सेमी लंबी हैं। प्रिज्म की ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है। प्रिज्म के सबसे बड़े आयताकार फलक के क्षेत्रफल और सबसे छोटे आयताकार फलक के क्षेत्रफल का अनुपात क्या है?

- 3:2
- 4:3
- 4:3
- 5:3
- 5:3
- 5:4
- 5:4

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 46

Q.No- 46 In a mixture of 80 litres of orange juice and soda, the amount of soda is 30 litres. How many litres of soda should be added to make the ratio of juice to soda 1:2?

80 लीटर संतरे के रस और सोडा के मिश्रण में सोडा की मात्रा 30 लीटर है। रस और सोडा का अनुपात 1:2 बनाने के लिए कितने लीटर सोडा मिलाना चाहिए?

- 10 litres
- 10 लीटर
- 50 litres
- 50 लीटर
- 40 litres
- 40 लीटर
- 70 litres
- 70 लीटर

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 47

Q.No- 47 If $\cos\theta = \frac{1}{3}$ and θ is acute, then what is the value of $\tan\theta$?

यदि $\cos\theta = \frac{1}{3}$ और θ न्यूनकोण है, तो $\tan\theta$ का मान क्या है?

- $\frac{2}{3}$
- $\frac{2}{3}$
- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- $2\sqrt{2}$
- $2\sqrt{2}$
- $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$
- $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 48

Q.No- 48 If line passing through (3, r) with slope -6, find r-intercept.

यदि रेखा (3, r) से होकर गुजरती है और उसकी ढलान -6 है, तो r- अवरोध ज्ञात कीजिए।

- 13
- 13
- 12
- 12
- 14
- 14
- -14
- -14

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 49

Q.No- 49 Two parallel lines are intersected by a transversal. If a pair of corresponding angles is formed, and one of the angles measures 130°, what is the measure of the other angle?

दो समांतर रेखाएँ एक तिर्यक रेखा द्वारा प्रतिच्छेदित होती हैं। यदि संगत कोणों की एक युग्म बनता है, और उनमें से एक कोण का माप 130° है, तो दूसरी कोण का माप ज्ञात करें?

- 50°
- 50°
- 40°
- 40°
- 50°
- 50°
- 130°
- 130°
- 180°
- 180°

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 50

Q.No- 50 If $\sin\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$, find $\sec\theta + \tan\theta$.

यदि $\sin\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$, तो $\sec\theta + \tan\theta$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

- 5
- 5
- 6
- 6
- 8
- 8
- 7
- 7

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 51

Q.No- 51 If $x = \sqrt{5} + 2$, find the value of $x^2 - 4\sqrt{5}$.

यदि $x = \sqrt{5} + 2$, तो $x^2 - 4\sqrt{5}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

- 5
- 5
- 9
- 9
- 8
- 8
- 7
- 7

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 52

Q.No- 52 Two chords in a circle each measure 10 cm. If one of the chords is located 8 cm from the center, what is the distance of the other chord from the center?

एक वृत्त की दो जीवाएँ हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक की माप 10 cm है। यदि एक जीवा केंद्र से 8 सेमी की दूरी पर स्थित है, तो दूसरी जीवा केंद्र से कितनी दूरी पर है?

- 2 cm
- 2 सेमी
- 6 cm
- 6 सेमी
- 5 cm
- 5 सेमी
- 8 cm
- 8 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 53

Q.No- 53 By an external point P, two tangents are drawn to a circle, touching the circle at points A and B. The chord of contact AB subtends an angle θ at the center of the circle O. What is the angle $\angle APB$ between the tangents in terms of θ?

एक बाह्य बिंदु P द्वारा एक वृत्त पर दो स्पर्श रेखाएँ खींची जाती हैं, जो वृत्त को बिंदु A और B पर स्पर्श करती हैं। संपर्क की तीसरी AB वृत्त के केंद्र O पर कोण θ अंतरित करती है। θ के रूप में रेखाओं PA और PB के बीच कोण $\angle APB$ क्या है?

- θ
- θ
- 2θ
- 2θ
- $180° - \theta$
- $180° - \theta$
- $90° - \frac{\theta}{2}$
- $90° - \frac{\theta}{2}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 54

Q.No- 54 If $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$, find the value of $\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A$.

यदि $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ है, तो $\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

- $\frac{25}{25}$
- $\frac{25}{25}$
- $\frac{16}{25}$
- $\frac{16}{25}$
- $\frac{9}{25}$
- $\frac{9}{25}$
- $\frac{24}{25}$
- $\frac{24}{25}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 55

Q.No- 55 Add: 3.45 + 6.78 + 0.027

जोड़ें: 3.45 + 6.78 + 0.027

- 10.257
- 10.257
- 5.867
- 5.867
- 4.758
- 4.758
- 11.786
- 11.786

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xam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 76

Q.No: 61 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word. **PERSPICUOUS**
Confused
Clear
Precarious
Muddled

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 77

Q.No: 62 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Eriguous**
Meager
Plentiful
Sparse
Grimpy

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 78

Q.No: 63 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Yeoman service
A trivial task done quickly
A dishonest act in uniform
A brave but foolish deed
An exceptionally loyal and useful service

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 79

Q.No: 64 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Coals of fire upon his head
To punish someone for hypocrisy
To provide guilt through accusation
To offer false forgiveness
To shame an enemy through kindness

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 80

Q.No: 65 Select the **correct spelling** for a word meaning "an official pardon".
Amnisty
Aconnesty
Amnesty
Amnisiee

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 81

Q.No: 66 Select the **correct spelling** for a word meaning "lasting a short time".
Ephemenel
Ephemanal
Ephemeral
Ephemenal

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 82

Q.No: 67 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "Something that is no longer in use".
Obsolete
Reclulate
Medieval
Antique

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 83

Q.No: 68 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "a person with great skill in music or arts".
Performer
Virtuoso
Composer
Prodigy

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 84

Q.No: 69 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Urban decay is not merely a symptom of infrastructural attrition, but a semantic artifact—where stone and steel become archives of deferred modernities. Cracks, corrosion, and spectral scaffolds do not degrade meaning; they transmute it, encoding absence as presence and entropy as [1] _____. These architectural residues defy the chronological hygiene of masterpieces, offering instead a fugitive temporality—woozy, sedimented, and unresolved. The ruin, in this schema, is not a failure of design, but an overdetermined syntax of collapse. Its grammar spreads through spalling concrete and oxidized signage, refusing the gloss of civic optimism. Its aesthetician such decay without critique is to partake in ontological [2] _____—rendering disorder decorative and suffering sublime. What masquerades as renewal often constitutes spatial exclamation, where memory is evacuated in favor of speculative capital and "heritage" becomes a euphemism for curatorial sanitization. To read ruins poetically is to displace utility with [3] _____ to allow detritus to articulate that which infrastructure occludes. These spaces demand not beautification, but semiotic excavation—where rusted balustrades and defunct corridors become sites of interpretive insurgency. Yet decay resists even romanticization. It is not allegory, but antic excess—a surplus that confounds enclosure. Gentrification cannot domesticate it; nostalgia cannot vivify it. It lingers, mutinous and irreverent, as a [4] _____ syntax etched across municipal forgetting. The city's ruins are not relics. They are discursive glitches—interruptions in the urban script that demand to be read not as loss, but as infrastructural [5] _____.
What should come in the place of blank number [1]?
Colonial
Legibility
decadence
monumentality

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 85

Q.No: 70 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Urban decay is not merely a symptom of infrastructural attrition, but a semantic artifact—where stone and steel become archives of deferred modernities. Cracks, corrosion, and spectral scaffolds do not degrade meaning; they transmute it, encoding absence as presence and entropy as [1] _____. These architectural residues defy the chronological hygiene of masterpieces, offering instead a fugitive temporality—woozy, sedimented, and unresolved. The ruin, in this schema, is not a failure of design, but an overdetermined syntax of collapse. Its grammar spreads through spalling concrete and oxidized signage, refusing the gloss of civic optimism. Its aesthetician such decay without critique is to partake in ontological [2] _____—rendering disorder decorative and suffering sublime. What masquerades as renewal often constitutes spatial exclamation, where memory is evacuated in favor of speculative capital and "heritage" becomes a euphemism for curatorial sanitization. To read ruins poetically is to displace utility with [3] _____ to allow detritus to articulate that which infrastructure occludes. These spaces demand not beautification, but semiotic excavation—where rusted balustrades and defunct corridors become sites of interpretive insurgency. Yet decay resists even romanticization. It is not allegory, but antic excess—a surplus that confounds enclosure. Gentrification cannot domesticate it; nostalgia cannot vivify it. It lingers, mutinous and irreverent, as a [4] _____ syntax etched across municipal forgetting. The city's ruins are not relics. They are discursive glitches—interruptions in the urban script that demand to be read not as loss, but as infrastructural [5] _____.
What should come in the place of blank number [2]?
excess
burdening
disintegration
reiteration

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 86

Q.No: 71 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Urban decay is not merely a symptom of infrastructural attrition, but a semantic artifact—where stone and steel become archives of deferred modernities. Cracks, corrosion, and spectral scaffolds do not degrade meaning; they transmute it, encoding absence as presence and entropy as [1] _____. These architectural residues defy the chronological hygiene of masterpieces, offering instead a fugitive temporality—woozy, sedimented, and unresolved. The ruin, in this schema, is not a failure of design, but an overdetermined syntax of collapse. Its grammar spreads through spalling concrete and oxidized signage, refusing the gloss of civic optimism. Its aesthetician such decay without critique is to partake in ontological [2] _____—rendering disorder decorative and suffering sublime. What masquerades as renewal often constitutes spatial exclamation, where memory is evacuated in favor of speculative capital and "heritage" becomes a euphemism for curatorial sanitization. To read ruins poetically is to displace utility with [3] _____ to allow detritus to articulate that which infrastructure occludes. These spaces demand not beautification, but semiotic excavation—where rusted balustrades and defunct corridors become sites of interpretive insurgency. Yet decay resists even romanticization. It is not allegory, but antic excess—a surplus that confounds enclosure. Gentrification cannot domesticate it; nostalgia cannot vivify it. It lingers, mutinous and irreverent, as a [4] _____ syntax etched across municipal forgetting. The city's ruins are not relics. They are discursive glitches—interruptions in the urban script that demand to be read not as loss, but as infrastructural [5] _____.
What should come in the place of blank number [3]?
ellucement
evaluation
causality
symmetry

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 87

Q.No: 72 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Urban decay is not merely a symptom of infrastructural attrition, but a semantic artifact—where stone and steel become archives of deferred modernities. Cracks, corrosion, and spectral scaffolds do not degrade meaning; they transmute it, encoding absence as presence and entropy as [1] _____. These architectural residues defy the chronological hygiene of masterpieces, offering instead a fugitive temporality—woozy, sedimented, and unresolved. The ruin, in this schema, is not a failure of design, but an overdetermined syntax of collapse. Its grammar spreads through spalling concrete and oxidized signage, refusing the gloss of civic optimism. Its aesthetician such decay without critique is to partake in ontological [2] _____—rendering disorder decorative and suffering sublime. What masquerades as renewal often constitutes spatial exclamation, where memory is evacuated in favor of speculative capital and "heritage" becomes a euphemism for curatorial sanitization. To read ruins poetically is to displace utility with [3] _____ to allow detritus to articulate that which infrastructure occludes. These spaces demand not beautification, but semiotic excavation—where rusted balustrades and defunct corridors become sites of interpretive insurgency. Yet decay resists even romanticization. It is not allegory, but antic excess—a surplus that confounds enclosure. Gentrification cannot domesticate it; nostalgia cannot vivify it. It lingers, mutinous and irreverent, as a [4] _____ syntax etched across municipal forgetting. The city's ruins are not relics. They are discursive glitches—interruptions in the urban script that demand to be read not as loss, but as infrastructural [5] _____.
What should come in the place of blank number [4]?
syntactic
insurgent
economical
equivocal

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 88

Q.No: 73 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**
Urban decay is not merely a symptom of infrastructural attrition, but a semantic artifact—where stone and steel become archives of deferred modernities. Cracks, corrosion, and spectral scaffolds do not degrade meaning; they transmute it, encoding absence as presence and entropy as [1] _____. These architectural residues defy the chronological hygiene of masterpieces, offering instead a fugitive temporality—woozy, sedimented, and unresolved. The ruin, in this schema, is not a failure of design, but an overdetermined syntax of collapse. Its grammar spreads through spalling concrete and oxidized signage, refusing the gloss of civic optimism. Its aesthetician such decay without critique is to partake in ontological [2] _____—rendering disorder decorative and suffering sublime. What masquerades as renewal often constitutes spatial exclamation, where memory is evacuated in favor of speculative capital and "heritage" becomes a euphemism for curatorial sanitization. To read ruins poetically is to displace utility with [3] _____ to allow detritus to articulate that which infrastructure occludes. These spaces demand not beautification, but semiotic excavation—where rusted balustrades and defunct corridors become sites of interpretive insurgency. Yet decay resists even romanticization. It is not allegory, but antic excess—a surplus that confounds enclosure. Gentrification cannot domesticate it; nostalgia cannot vivify it. It lingers, mutinous and irreverent, as a [4] _____ syntax etched across municipal forgetting. The city's ruins are not relics. They are discursive glitches—interruptions in the urban script that demand to be read not as loss, but as infrastructural [5] _____.
What should come in the place of blank number [5]?
relief
testimony
blueprint
origin

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 89

Q.No: 74 **Select the correct option:**
Hardly had the meeting began ___ the auditors demanded additional documentation.
when
than
before
as

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 90

Q.No: 75 **Select the correct option:**
The researcher was criticized not for what she published but ___ she chose to omit.
what
which
that
for what

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 91

Q.No: 76 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
The auditorium is spacious and can accommodate [1]/ large number of participants [2]/ for the seminar on rural banking [3]/ being held next week. [4]/
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 92

Q.No: 77 **Change the following from active to passive:**
Editors deem such practices incompatible with editorial ethics.
Such practices are deemed incompatible with editorial ethics.
Editorial ethics deems such practices as incompatible.
Editors have deemed editorial ethics incompatible with such practices.
Editorial compatibility is deemed absent in such practices.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 93

Q.No: 78 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The parchment bore the symbol of a **tau** cross.
The Greek tau marked the margin of the codex.
The mason engraved a tau on the keystone.
The investor tracked the rising tau in currency markets.
The friar carved a wooden tau for pilgrimage.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 94

Q.No: 79 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
The changes must have been implemented without consulting the advisory board.
They must implement the changes without consulting anyone.
The advisory board must not have been consulted during changes.
Someone must have implemented the changes without consulting the advisory board.
The changes must be implemented without advisory consultation.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 95

Q.No: 80 **Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:**
He walked **bare footed** into the room.
barefoot
bear feet
barefooted
with naked feet

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 96

Q.No: 81 **Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:**
The manager **has been dismissed on charges to accept bribes**.
has been dismissed on charges of accepting bribes
was dismissed for accepting bribes
had been dismissed on charges of bribing

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 97

Q.No: 82 **A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.**
The officer ordered the troops to retreat immediately.
"Retreat now!" ordered the officer.
"Troops, you must retreat!" said the officer.
"Retreat immediately," the officer ordered.
The officer said, "They must retreat now."

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 98

Q.No: 83 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
She said, "I had already finished the work."
She said she already finished the work.
She said that she had already finished the work.
She said she has already finished the work.
She said that she would finish the work.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 99

Q.No: 84 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:**
1. Augmented reality (AR) enhances user interaction by overlaying digital elements onto the physical world. 2. It has applications in gaming, education, and training. 3. AR uses devices like smartphones and AR glasses to deliver experiences. 4. However, widespread adoption is limited due to the cost of AR hardware.
2-4-1-3
1-2-3-4
4-1-3-2
1-3-2-4

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 100

Q.No: 100 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.**
1. This has profoundly impacted global communication.
2. The invention of the internet was a monumental achievement.
3. It connected people across continents instantly.
4. Information dissemination also became faster and wider.
3-1-4-2
2-4-1-3
3-4-2-1
2-3-4-1

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Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 If in the word ELECTRIC, all vowels are removed, which letter will be the 3^{rd} from the left?

अगर शब्द ELECTRIC में सभी स्वरों को हटा दिया जाए, तो कौन सा अक्षर बाएं से 3^{rd} होगा?

L

	L
	C C T T
	R R

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Sample Address:Flat 3C, White Lily Tower,Rajendra Nagar, Patna,Bihar - 800016 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Sample Address:Flat 3C, White Lily Tower,Rajendra Nagar, Patna,Bihar - 800016
	Flat 3C, White Lily Towers, Rajendra Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800016 Flat 3C, White Lily Towers, Rajendra Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800016
	Flat 3C, White Lilly Tower, Rajendra Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800016 Flat 3C, White Lilly Tower, Rajendra Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800016
	Flat 3C, White Lily Tower, Rajendra Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800016 Flat 3C, White Lily Tower, Rajendra Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800016
	Flat 3B, White Lily Tower, Rajendra Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800016 Flat 3B, White Lily Tower, Rajendra Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800016

Q.No: 3	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statement: The interest rates on fixed deposits have been lowered. Inferences: I. Investors may shift to alternative investment options. II. Fixed deposits are no longer considered safe. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: सावधि जमा पर ब्याज दरें कम कर दी गई हैं। अनुमान: I. निवेशक, वैकल्पिक निवेश वाले विकल्पों की ओर रुख कर सकते हैं। II. सावधि जमा अब सुरक्षित नहीं मानी जाती हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both follows दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 4	Replace special characters with mathematical signs as given in options to make it meaningful equation. 12 $ 4 & 2 = 50 इसे अर्थपूर्ण समीकरण बनाने के लिए विकल्पों में दिए गए गणितीय चिह्नों से विशेष वर्णों को प्रतिस्थापित करें। 12 $ 4 & 2 = 50
	×, + ×, +

	+, × +, × −, × −, ×
	÷, + ÷, +

Q.No: 5	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **B E Y B I U B M Q B Q M ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके: **B E Y B I U B M Q B Q M ?**
	BCA BCA
	BVA BVA
	BUI BUI
	BHA BHA

Q.No: 6	What is the remainder when 987654321 is divided by 9? 987654321 को 9 से भाग देने पर शेषफल क्या होगा?
	1 1
	3 3

	0 0
	9 9

Q.No: 7	Identify the correct pair of signs to interchange. 12 × 2 + 6 ÷ 3 – 8 = 8 परस्पर बदलने के लिए सही चिह्नों का युग्म पहचानें। 12 × 2 + 6 ÷ 3 – 8 = 8
	+ and – + और –
	× and ÷ × और ÷ ÷ and – ÷ और –
	× and + × और +

Q.No: 8	Identify the pattern. 111X222, 222X333, 333X444, _____. Which fits next? पैटर्न पहचानें। 111X222, 222X333, 333X444, _____. अगला कौन सा फिट होगा?
	444X555 444X555
	432X321 432X321

	345x654 345x654 555x666 555x666

Q.No: 9	Identify the word that is different. उस शब्द को पहचानें जो अलग है।
	Hooghly हुगली
	Tapti ताप्ती
	Indian Ocean हिंद महासागर
	Mahanadi महानदी

Q.No: 10	Choose the odd one out. विषम चुनें।
	Feathers पंख
	Claw पंजा
	Ear कान
	Lung

	फेफड़ा

Q.No: 11	A is B's father. C is B's sister. D is A's wife. How is D related to C? A, B का पिता है। C, B की बहन है। D, A की पत्नी है। D का C से क्या संबंध है?
	Mother माँ Grandmother दादी
	Aunt चाची
	Cousin चचेरी

Q.No: 12	If A is the father of B, but B is not the son of A, then how is B related to A? अगर A, B का पिता है, लेकिन B, A का पुत्र नहीं है, तो B का A से क्या संबंध है?
	Sister बहन Mother माँ
	Cousin चचेरी
	Daughter पुत्री

O.No: 13	Find the next number in the series: **3, 9, 27, 81, ?, 729**

	श्रृंखला में अगला अंक ज्ञात कीजिए: **3, 9, 27, 81, ?, 729**
	243 243
	218 218
	270 270 261 261

Q.No: 14	Your team misses a major deadline. What do you do as team lead? आपकी टीम एक बड़ी समयसीमा से चूक जाती है। टीम लीडर के तौर पर आप क्या करते हैं?
	Quit the project परियोजना छोड़ें
	Stay silent चुप रहें
	Analyze reasons and communicate next steps कारणों का विश्लेषण करें और अगले कदमों के बारे में बताएं
	Blame someone किसी को दोष दें

Q.No: 15	If 2 = 12 3 = 36 4=80 5=150 6=252 7=392 Then 8 = ? अगर 2 = 12 3 = 36 4=80 5=150 6=252 7=392 तो 8 = ?
	576 576
	625 625
	484 484
	925 925

Q.No: 16	Directions: Study the following information to answer the given Questions: Eight persons Dhruv, Dipak, Khush, Sapna, Sudhir, Vaibhav, Vimal and Vivek lives on eight different floors of 8-storey building from bottom to top such as ground floor is numbered as 1st and top floor is numbered as 8th.Vaibhav lives on even numbered floor but not on 6th floor. Vivek lives below Khush's floor. Sudhir lives two floors above Dipak's floor. Dhruv lives on an even numbered floor but not adjacent to Sudhir's floor. Vaibhav lives just above Vimal's floor. Khush lives on 3rd floor. Sudhir does not live on topmost floor. Sapna's floor is not adjacent to Dipak's floor. How many persons live between Vaibhav's and Dipak's floor?

निर्देश: दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने के लिए निम्नलिखित जानकारी का अध्ययन कीजिए:

आठ व्यक्ति ध्रुव, दीपक, खुश, सपना, सुधीर, वैभव, विमल और विवेक एक 8 मंजिला इमारत की आठ अलग-अलग मंजिलों पर नीचे से ऊपर तक इस प्रकार रहते हैं कि भूतल को पहली मंजिल और सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल को आठवीं मंजिल कहा जाता है। वैभव एक सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है लेकिन छठी मंजिल पर नहीं। विवेक, खुश की मंजिल से नीचे रहता है। सुधीर, दीपक की मंजिल से दो मंजिल ऊपर रहता है। ध्रुव एक सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है लेकिन सुधीर की मंजिल के निकट नहीं है। वैभव, विमल की मंजिल के ठीक ऊपर रहता है। खुश तीसरी मंजिल पर रहता है। सुधीर सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल पर नहीं रहता है। सपना की मंजिल, दीपक की मंजिल के निकट नहीं है।

वैभव और दीपक की मंजिल के बीच कितने व्यक्ति रहते हैं?

Three

तीन

Five

पाँच

Four

चार

Six

छह

Q.No: 17

Directions: These questions are based on the following information.

There are 7 family members: P, Q, R, S, T, U and V going to a party. There are three generations in which only two are married couples. P is the grandfather of U who is a male. R is the son in law of S.V is the son of Q.S has only two children, both of the same gender. T is the sister in law of R.

How many males are there?

निर्देश: निम्नलिखित जानकारी के आधार पर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

परिवार के 7 सदस्य: P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक पार्टी में जा रहे हैं। परिवार में तीन पीढ़ियाँ हैं जिनमें केवल दो विवाहित जोड़े हैं। P, U का ग्रैंड फादर है और U एक पुरुष है। R, S का दामाद है। V, Q का पुत्र है। S के केवल दो बच्चे हैं, दोनों समान लिंग के हैं। T, R की सिस्टर-इन-लॉ है।

परिवार में कितने पुरुष हैं?

	4 4
	5 5
	3 3
	2 2

Q.No: 18	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All musicians are artists. Some artists are dancers. No dancer is blind. **Conclusions:** I. Some artists are not blind. II. All blind are not dancers. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: सभी संगीतकार कलाकार हैं। कुछ कलाकार नर्तक हैं। कोई भी नर्तक अंधा नहीं है। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ कलाकार अंधे नहीं हैं। II. सभी अंधे नर्तक नहीं हैं। Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow

	I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 19	The letters given below, when are arranged, form an appropriate (Meaningful) word: A V S E B O R I N T O What is the position of letter A in the word formed from the left? नीचे दिए गए अक्षरों को व्यवस्थित करने पर एक उपयुक्त (सार्थक) शब्द बनता है: A V S E B O R I N T O नए बने शब्द में अक्षर A बाएँ से किस स्थान पर है?
	5 5
	7 7
	8 8
	9 9
Not Answered	

Q.No: 20	What comes next in the series? A, D, G, J, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? A, D, G, J, ?

	M M
	N N
	O O
	P P

Q.No: 21	What comes next? CE, EG, GI, ? आगे क्या आएगा? CE, EG, GI, ?
	KN KN
	KM KM JL JL
	IK IK

Q.No: 22	If '×' = '+', '+' = '−', '−' = '×', and '/' = '÷', then which equation is correct? यदि '×' = '+', '+' = '−', '−' = '×', तथा '/' = '÷' है, तो कौन सा समीकरण सही है?
	10 × 2 + 4 − 1 = 21 10 × 2 + 4 − 1 = 21

	$8 - 2 \times 3 + 1 = 15$ $8 - 2 \times 3 + 1 = 15$ $12 + 6 - 2 \times 2 = 28$ $12 + 6 - 2 \times 2 = 28$
	$14 - 3 + 5 \times 2 = 39$ $14 - 3 + 5 \times 2 = 39$

Q.No: 23	What should come at the place of question mark? **2, 5, 11, 23, 47, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? **2, 5, 11, 23, 47, ?**
	95 95
	97 97
	93 93 99 99

Q.No: 24	In a room of 6 people, how many different handshakes are possible if each person shakes hands once with every other? 6 व्यक्तियों के एक कमरे में, यदि प्रत्येक व्यक्ति एक-दूसरे से एक बार हाथ मिलाता है, तो कितनी बार अलग-अलग हाथ मिलाना संभव है?
	10 10
	12 12

	15 15
	20 20

Q.No: 25	If BRICK is coded as CSJDL, how is CSJDL coded? यदि BRICK को CSJDL के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो CSJDL को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	DTKEM DTKEM
	DSKEL DSKEL DTKFL DTKFL
	CSKDL CSKDL

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	: **Mount Abu Public School**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	Which of the following is a main goal of the Chabahar port project? चाबहार बंदरगाह परियोजना का मुख्य लक्ष्य निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा है?
	To increase military presence in the region

	क्षेत्र में सैन्य उपस्थिति बढ़ाना
	To mine for undersea minerals समुद्र के अन्दर खनिजों का खनन करना
	To increase tourism in Iran ईरान में पर्यटन को बढ़ावा देना
	To boost regional trade क्षेत्रीय व्यापार को बढ़ावा देना
Not Answered	

Q.No: 27	Which government initiative focuses on improving the road infrastructure in rural areas of India? कौन सी सरकारी पहल भारत के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में सड़क इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर में सुधार पर केंद्रित है?
	Bharatmala Pariyojana भारतमाला परियोजना
	Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) प्रधानमंत्री ग्राम सड़क योजना (पीएमजीएसवाई)
	National Highways Development Project (NHDP) राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग विकास परियोजना (एनएचडीपी)
	Setu Bharatam Programme सेतु भारतम कार्यक्रम

Q.No: 28	Which major legal framework does the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023, seek to align with in recognizing electronic evidence? भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम, 2023 इलेक्ट्रॉनिक साक्ष्य को मान्यता देने के लिए किस प्रमुख कानूनी ढांचे के साथ संरेखित होना चाहता है?
	The Information Technology Act, 2000 सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी अधिनियम, 2000
	The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम, 1872

	The National Investigation Agency Act, 2008 राष्ट्रीय जांच एजेंसी अधिनियम, 2008
	The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 घरेलू हिंसा से महिलाओं का संरक्षण अधिनियम, 2005

Q.No: 29	Which Indian state has become the first to implement the Uniform Civil Code (UCC)? कौन सा भारतीय राज्य समान नागरिक संहिता (यूसीसी) लागू करने वाला पहला राज्य बन गया है?
	Uttarakhand उत्तराखंड
	Goa गोवा
	Maharashtra महाराष्ट्र
	Gujarat गुजरात

Q.No: 30	'Permaculture', a term often seen in the news, pertains to: 'पर्माकल्चर', जो अक्सर समाचारों में आता है, निम्नलिखित से संबंधित है:
	Cropping and vegetation in permafrost regions. पर्माफ्रॉस्ट क्षेत्रों में फसल और वनस्पति।
	Ex-situ growth of organisms facilitated in a semi-solid medium. अर्द्ध-ठोस माध्यम में जीवों की बाह्य-स्थिति वृद्धि सुगम होती है।
	A bioremediation technique to remove oil spills. तेल रिसाव को हटाने के लिए एक जैव-उपचार तकनीक।
	Development of sustainable agricultural ecosystems.

	टिकाऊ कृषि पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र का विकास।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Chambal Ravines are found in which Indian states? चम्बल के बीहड़ भारत के किन राज्यों में पाए जाते हैं?
	Rajasthan, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh राजस्थान, गुजरात, मध्य प्रदेश
	Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh राजस्थान, मध्य प्रदेश, उत्तर प्रदेश
	Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Gujarat मध्य प्रदेश, उत्तर प्रदेश, गुजरात
	Punjab, Haryana, Madhya Pradesh पंजाब, हरियाणा, मध्य प्रदेश

Q.No: 32	The first recorded origin of Bonalu festival is traced back to which disease outbreak in Hyderabad? बोनालु त्यौहार की पहली दर्ज उत्पत्ति हैदराबाद में किस बीमारी के प्रकोप से जुड़ी है?
	Smallpox चेचक
	Cholera हैजा
	Plague प्लेग
	Malaria मलेरिया
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	**Consider the following statements about Chittorgarh Fort:** 1. The fort features iconic structures like the Vijay Stambha and Kirti Stambha. 2. The fort complex includes nineteen main temples. 3. Its main entrance was established in the 5th century. Which of the statements given above is/are **correct?** **चित्तौड़गढ़ किले के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:** 1. किले में विजय स्तम्भ और कीर्ति स्तम्भ जैसी प्रतिष्ठित संरचनाएँ हैं। 2. किले के परिसर में उन्नीस मुख्य मंदिर शामिल हैं। 3. इसका मुख्य प्रवेश द्वार 5वीं शताब्दी में स्थापित किया गया था। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा **सही** है/हैं?
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Elite long jumpers typically use how many strides in their approach run? श्रेष्ठ लम्बी कूद खिलाड़ी आमतौर पर अपनी दौड़ में कितने कदम चलते हैं?
	10–14 10–14
	14–18 14–18
	18–22 18–22

	22–26 22–26
Q.No: 35	In ancient India, **Chanhudaro** was primarily a centre for: प्राचीन भारत में, **चन्हूदड़ो** मुख्य रूप से निम्नलिखित का केंद्र था: Agriculture कृषि
	Metalworking धातु
	Bead-making मनका बनाने Textile weaving कपड़ा बुनाई
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	**Consider the following statements regarding political rivalries in early medieval India:** **Statement I:** The Rashtrakutas launched several campaigns to gain control over the region of Kanauj. **Statement II:** The Pratiharas were primarily based in eastern India, while the Palas were established in the western and central regions. Which of the statements given above is/are **correct?** **प्रारंभिक मध्ययुगीन भारत में राजनीतिक प्रतिद्वंद्विता के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:** **कथन I:** राष्ट्रकूटों ने कन्नौज क्षेत्र पर नियंत्रण पाने के लिए कई अभियान चलाए। **कथन II:** प्रतिहार मुख्य रूप से पूर्वी भारत में स्थित थे, जबकि पाल पश्चिमी और मध्य क्षेत्रों में स्थापित थे। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only Statement I is correct केवल कथन I सही है
	Only Statement II is correct केवल कथन II सही है
	Both Statement I and II are correct

	कथन I और II दोनों सही हैं
	Neither Statement I nor Statement II is correct न तो कथन I न ही कथन II सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	Who introduced the law that abolished the practice of Sati in British India in 1829? 1829 में ब्रिटिश भारत में सती प्रथा को समाप्त करने वाला कानून किसने पेश किया?
	Lord Dalhousie लॉर्ड डलहौजी
	Lord Curzon लॉर्ड कर्जन
	Lord William Bentinck लॉर्ड विलियम बेंटिक
	Lord Canning लॉर्ड कैनिंग

Q.No: 38	Which of the following statements about India's participation in the 2008 Beijing Olympics is **correct?** 1) India won medals in Shooting, Boxing, and Wrestling, including its first-ever individual Olympic Gold. 2) Saina Nehwal participated in the women's singles badminton event representing India. Which of the above statements are **correct?** 2008 बीजिंग ओलंपिक में भारत की भागीदारी के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा **कथन सही है?** 1) भारत ने निशानेबाजी, मुक्केबाजी और कुश्ती में पदक जीते, जिसमें उसका पहला व्यक्तिगत ओलंपिक स्वर्ण भी शामिल है। 2) साइना नेहवाल ने भारत का प्रतिनिधित्व करते हुए महिला एकल बैडमिंटन स्पर्धा में भाग लिया। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा **कथन सही है?**
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct

	केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are Correct 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 सही है और न ही 2 सही है

Q.No: 39	Which of the following best encapsulates the core philosophy presented in Shane Watson's book 'The Winner's Mindset'? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन शेन वॉटसन की पुस्तक 'द विनर्स माइंडसेट' में प्रस्तुत मूल दर्शन को सर्वोत्तम रूप से अभिव्यक्त करता है?
	Technical manual on cricket techniques क्रिकेट तकनीकों पर तकनीकी मैनुअल
	Sociological study of sports and gender खेल और लिंग का समाजशास्त्रीय अध्ययन
	Psychological resilience and strategic adaptability in elite sports विशिष्ट खेलों में मनोवैज्ञानिक लचीलापन और रणनीतिक अनुकूलनशीलता
	Biography of Shane Watson's cricket career शेन वॉटसन के क्रिकेट करियर की जीवनी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	**Read the statements below and choose the correct option regarding the 38th National Games:** **Statement 1:** The 38th National Games were held in Uttarakhand. **Statement 2:** It was the first edition of the National Games held across multiple cities in the state. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को पढ़ें और 38वें राष्ट्रीय खेलों के संबंध में सही विकल्प चुनें:** **कथन 1:** 38वें राष्ट्रीय खेल उत्तराखंड में आयोजित किए गए थे। **कथन 2:** यह राज्य के कई शहरों में आयोजित राष्ट्रीय खेलों का पहला संस्करण था।
	Only Statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है

	Only Statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct कथन 1 और कथन 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither Statement 1 nor Statement 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही कथन 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 41	**Fill in the blanks:** The Rajya Sabha's special power under Art 249 allows it to authorise Parliament to legislate on a _____ List subject. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** अनुच्छेद 249 के तहत राज्यसभा की विशेष शक्ति उसे संसद को _____ सूची के विषय पर कानून बनाने के लिए अधिकृत करती है।
	State राज्य
	Union संघ
	Concurrent समवर्ती
	Residuary अवशिष्ट

Q.No: 42	**Read the following statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct option.** **Assertion (A):** The development of Spark Torch Igniters is essential for the feasibility of fully reusable rocket booster stages and spacecraft requiring multiple engine firings in orbit. **Reason (R):** Spark Torch Igniters provide highly reliable and repeatable ignition capability in vacuum conditions, a critical requirement for successive engine restarts during complex mission profiles.

	अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़िए। सही विकल्प चुनिए। **अभिकथन (A):** स्पार्क टॉर्च इग्नाइटर्स का विकास पूरी तरह से पुन: प्रयोज्य रॉकेट बूस्टर चरणों और अंतरिक्ष यान की व्यवहार्यता के लिए आवश्यक है, जिन्हें कक्षा में कई इंजनों को प्रज्वलित करने की आवश्यकता होती है। **कारण (R):** स्पार्क टॉर्च इग्नाइटर्स निर्वात स्थितियों में अत्यधिक विश्वसनीय और पुनरावर्ती प्रज्वलन क्षमता प्रदान करते हैं, जो जटिल मिशन प्रोफाइल के दौरान इंजन को बार-बार पुन: आरंभ करने के लिए एक महत्वपूर्ण आवश्यकता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 43	Which of the following statements about the Inter-State Council (ISC) is/are correct? A) The Inter-State Council is headed by the Prime Minister of India. B) It functions as a recommendatory body rather than a tribunal for dispute resolution. अंतर-राज्यीय परिषद (आईएससी) के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही है/हैं?** A) अंतर-राज्यीय परिषद का नेतृत्व भारत के प्रधानमंत्री करते हैं। B) यह विवाद समाधान के लिए न्यायाधिकरण के बजाय एक अनुशंसात्मक निकाय के रूप में कार्य करता है।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2

	न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	Which mirror type is used in solar furnaces to focus sunlight? सौर भट्टियों में सूर्य के प्रकाश को केन्द्रित करने के लिए किस प्रकार के दर्पण का उपयोग किया जाता है?
	Convex उत्तल
	Plane समतल
	Concave अवतल
	Biconvex उभयोत्तल
Not Answered	

Q.No: 45	Lavani is a rhythmic and sensual folk dance form from Maharashtra. What is the traditional percussion instrument used to accompany it? लावणी महाराष्ट्र का एक लयबद्ध और कामुक लोक नृत्य है। इसके साथ कौन सा पारंपरिक ताल वाद्य बजाया जाता है?
	Mridangam मृदंगम
	Tabla तबला
	Dholki ढोलकी
	Nagada नगाड़ा

Q.No: 46	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** Increase in autonomous investment leads to a multiplied rise in national income. **Reason (R):** This happens because of the marginal propensity to save being less than one. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** स्वायत्त निवेश में वृद्धि से राष्ट्रीय आय में कई गुना वृद्धि होती है। **कारण (R):** ऐसा इसलिए होता है क्योंकि बचत की सीमांत प्रवृत्ति एक से कम होती है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है। A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 47	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** The Global Ease of Doing Business (EoDB) rankings gave maximum weightage to starting a business. **Reason (R):** Starting a business was one of the 10 indicators considered. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ:** **अभिकथन (A):** वैश्विक व्यापार सुगमता (EoDB) रैंकिंग में व्यवसाय शुरू करने को सबसे अधिक महत्व दिया गया है। **कारण (R):** व्यवसाय शुरू करना उन 10 संकेतकों में से एक था जिन पर विचार किया गया था।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है। Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।

	A is false, but R is true. A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	What led to regional disparity despite the overall success of the Green Revolution? हरित क्रांति की समग्र सफलता के बावजूद क्षेत्रीय असमानता का कारण क्या था?
	Uneven price controls असमान मूल्य नियंत्रण
	Unequal land ownership असमान भूमि स्वामित्व
	HYV seed access restricted to well-irrigated regions उच्च उपज वाले बीजों की पहुँच केवल अच्छी तरह से सिंचित क्षेत्रों तक सीमित
	Neglect of fertilizers उर्वरकों की उपेक्षा

Q.No: 49	Consider the following statements regarding India's Ramsar Sites: 1. India has the highest number of Ramsar sites in South Asia. 2. Keibul Lamjao is the only floating National Park in the world and is also a Ramsar site. 3. All Ramsar sites in India are located in coastal regions. भारत के रामसर स्थलों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. दक्षिण एशिया में भारत में सबसे अधिक रामसर स्थल हैं। 2. केइबुल लामजाओ विश्व का एकमात्र तैरता हुआ राष्ट्रीय उद्यान है और यह एक रामसर स्थल भी है। 3. भारत के सभी रामसर स्थल तटीय क्षेत्रों में स्थित हैं।
	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं

	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	All 1, 2 and 3 are correct सभी 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Q.No: 50	Which type of sale allows partial transfer of PSU ownership to private hands? किस प्रकार की बिक्री से पीएसयू के स्वामित्व का आंशिक हस्तांतरण निजी हाथों में हो जाता है?
	Minority sale अल्पसंख्यक बिक्री
	Complete sale पूर्ण बिक्री
	Auction नीलामी
	Leasing पट्टा
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	: **Mount Abu Public School**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	What is the smallest number that must be added to 2378 to make it a perfect square? 2378 को पूर्ण वर्ग बनाने के लिए उसमें कौन सी छोटी से छोटी संख्या जोड़नी होगी?
	23

	23
	24 24 25 25
	26 26

Q.No: 52	A bakery produced 5000 cakes at a total cost of ₹250,000. They gave away 500 cakes for a promotional event. For the remaining cakes, they offered a 20% discount on the market price of ₹75 per cake. Additionally, they gave one cake free with every 9 cakes bought. If all 5000 cakes were distributed, what is their overall gain or loss percentage? एक बेकरी ने ₹250,000 की कुल लागत से 5000 केक बनाए। उन्होंने एक प्रचार कार्यक्रम के लिए 500 केक बांटे। शेष केक के लिए, उन्होंने ₹75 प्रति केक के बाजार मूल्य पर 20% की छूट की पेशकश की। इसके अतिरिक्त, उन्होंने खरीदे गए प्रत्येक 9 केक के साथ एक केक मुफ़्त दिया। यदि सभी 5000 केक वितरित किए गए, तो उनका कुल लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	4.5 % profit 4.5% लाभ
	2.8 % profit 2.8% लाभ
	2.8 % loss 2.8% हानि
	4.5 % loss 4.5% हानि
Not Answered	

Q.No: 53	What is the compound interest on Rs. 8000 for 2 year at 10% per annum? 8000 रुपये पर 2 वर्ष के लिए 10% प्रति वर्ष चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज क्या है?
	1600

	1600
	1680 1680
	1650 1650
	1700 1700

Q.No: 54	A certain sum becomes 4 times itself in 8 years at simple interest. In how many years will it become 12 times itself at the same rate? एक निश्चित धनराशि साधारण ब्याज पर 8 वर्षों में 4 गुना हो जाती है। समान दर पर कितने वर्षों में यह 12 गुना हो जाएगी?
	$29\frac{1}{3}$ years $29\frac{1}{3}$ साल
	$30\frac{1}{6}$ years $30\frac{1}{6}$ साल
	$28\frac{2}{5}$ years $28\frac{2}{5}$ साल
	$27\frac{3}{7}$ years $27\frac{3}{7}$ साल

Q.No: 55	Which of the following is a perfect square and an Integer? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा पूर्ण वर्ग और पूर्णांक है? Square root of 5

	5 का वर्गमूल
	Square root of 9 9 का वर्गमूल
	3.2 3.2
	3.4 3.4

Q.No: 56	The speed of a train is 110 kmph. Find the distance covered by the train in 100 seconds. एक रेलगाड़ी की गति 110 किमी प्रति घंटा है। 100 सेकंड में रेलगाड़ी द्वारा तय की गई दूरी ज्ञात कीजिए।
	3051 m 3051 मीटर
	3055.56 m 3055.56 मीटर
	3011.56 m 3011.56 मीटर
	3000.56 m 3000.56 मीटर

Q.No: 57	If the ratio of capital of A and B is 3:2 and the time for which they invested is in the ratio 2:3, then the profit ratio is: अगर A और B की पूँजी का अनुपात 3:2 है और जिस समय के लिए उन्होंने निवेश किया वह अनुपात 2:3 है, तो लाभ अनुपात है:
	1:1 1:1
	2:1 2:1

	3:2 3:2 3:1 3:1

Q.No: 58	A company designs a new chocolate box in the shape of a regular right pyramid with a square base. The base side of the box is 10 cm and its height is 12 cm. Due to packaging constraints, the box can only be filled up to 90% of its total volume. If the company wants to estimate the total cost of chocolate, knowing that 1 cm^3 of chocolate costs ₹0.50, what is the cost of chocolate to fill one such box? एक कंपनी एक नया चॉकलेट बॉक्स एक नियमित समकोण पिरामिड के आकार में, जिसका आधार वर्गाकार है, डिज़ाइन करती है। बॉक्स की आधार भुजा 10 सेमी और ऊँचाई 12 सेमी है। पैकेजिंग संबंधी बाधाओं के कारण, बॉक्स को उसके कुल आयतन के केवल 90% तक ही भरा जा सकता है। यदि कंपनी चॉकलेट की कुल लागत का अनुमान लगाना चाहती है, यह जानते हुए कि 1 सेमी^{3} चॉकलेट की कीमत ₹0.50 है, तो ऐसे एक बॉक्स को भरने के लिए चॉकलेट की लागत क्या होगी?
	₹180 ₹180
	₹225 ₹225 ₹270 ₹270
	₹300 ₹300

Q.No: 59	Consider a right trapezoidal field. Its two parallel sides are 30 meters and 50 meters long. One of its non-parallel sides, which acts as the height, measures 20 meters. What is the area of this field? एक समकोण समलम्ब चतुर्भुजाकार मैदान पर विचार कीजिए। इसकी दो समांतर भुजाएँ क्रमशः 30 मीटर और 50 मीटर लंबी हैं। इसकी एक असमांतर भुजा, जो ऊँचाई का काम करती है, 20 मीटर माप की है। इस मैदान का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	700 square meters 700 वर्ग मीटर

	800 square meters 800 वर्ग मीटर
	840 square meters 840 वर्ग मीटर
	900 square meters 900वर्ग मीटर

Q.No: 60	A hexagon is drawn inside a circle with a radius of 21 cm. Determine the approximate area of the hexagon. 21 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त के अन्दर एक षट्भुज खींचा गया है। षट्भुज का अनुमानित क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1145 cm^2 1145 सेमी^{2}
	1845 cm^2 1845 सेमी^{2}
	165 cm^2 165 सेमी^{2}
	172 cm^2 172 सेमी^{2}

Q.No: 61	A town has males and females in a ratio of 3:2. After 5 years, the male population increases by 10%, and the female population by 25%. What is the new ratio? एक कस्बे में पुरुषों और महिलाओं की संख्या का अनुपात 3:2 है। 5 साल बाद, पुरुषों की जनसंख्या में 10% और महिलाओं की जनसंख्या में 25% की वृद्धि होती है। नया अनुपात क्या है?
	3:2.5 3:2.5
	33:25

	33:25
	66:65 66:65
	6:5 6:5

Q.No: 62	A triangle has sides 8 cm and 10 cm, and the angle between them is 120 °. What is its area? एक त्रिभुज की भुजाएँ 8 सेमी और 10 सेमी हैं, और उनके बीच का कोण 120 ° है। इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	$40\ \text{cm}^2$ 40 सेमी^{2}
	$20\sqrt{3}\ \text{cm}^2$ $20\sqrt{3}$ सेमी^{2}
	$40\sqrt{3}\ \text{cm}^2$ $40\sqrt{3}$ सेमी^{2}
	$20\ \text{cm}^2$ 20 सेमी^{2}

Q.No: 63	A man spends 80% of his income. His income has increased by 25%, but his expenditure remains the same. By what percent have his savings increased? एक आदमी अपनी आय का 80% खर्च करता है। उसकी आय में 25% की वृद्धि हुई है, लेकिन उसका व्यय वही रहा है। उसकी बचत में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि हुई है?
	125% 125%
	150% 150%

	100% 100% 200% 200%

Q.No: 64	Sameer can complete a work in 16 days. In how many days will the work be completed by Ajay, if his efficiency is 60% more than that of Sameer? समीर एक काम को 16 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। अजय द्वारा यह काम कितने दिनों में पूरा किया जाएगा, अगर उसकी कार्यक्षमता समीर से 60% ज्यादा है?
	12 days 12 दिन
	10 days 10 दिन
	13 days 13 दिन
	15 days 15 दिन

Q.No: 65	A right prism has a base in the shape of a trapezium with parallel sides 10 cm and 6 cm, and height 4 cm. If the prism height is 15 cm, what is the volume? एक समकोण प्रिज्म का आधार समलम्ब चतुर्भुज के आकार का है, जिसकी समांतर भुजाएँ 10 सेमी और 6 सेमी हैं, तथा ऊँचाई 4 सेमी है। यदि प्रिज्म की ऊँचाई 15 सेमी है, तो इसका आयतन क्या है?
	480 cm^3 480 सेमी ^{3}
	240 cm^3 240 सेमी ^{3}
	520 cm^3

	520 सेमी ^{3}
	680 cm^3 680 सेमी ^{3}

Q.No: 66	The average of a group of 11 numbers is 61. If the first six numbers have an average of 57 and the last six numbers have an average of 65, what is the sixth number? 11 संख्याओं के एक समूह का औसत 61 है। अगर पहली छह संख्याओं का औसत 57 है और अंतिम छह संख्याओं का औसत 65 है, तो छठी संख्या क्या है?
	62 62
	61 61
	64 64
	60 60

Q.No: 67	A chemist prepares 60 liters of antiseptic solution by mixing two liquids 'A' and 'B' in the ratio 2:3. If the cost of 'A' is Rs. 45/liter and 'B' is Rs. 30/liter, what is the average cost per liter of the final solution? एक रसायनज्ञ दो द्रवों 'A' और 'B' को 2:3 के अनुपात में मिलाकर 60 लीटर एंटीसेप्टिक घोल तैयार करता है। अगर 'A' की कीमत 45 रुपये प्रति लीटर और 'B' की कीमत 30 रुपये प्रति लीटर है, तो अंतिम घोल की प्रति लीटर औसत कीमत क्या है?
	Rs. 36 36 रुपये
	Rs. 38 38 रुपये Rs. 37 37 रुपये

	Rs. 39 39 रुपये

Q.No: 68	If $sinA + cosA = 1$, then find the value of $sin^4A + cos^4A$. यदि $sinA + cosA = 1$, $sin^4A + cos^4A$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{5}{8}$

Q.No: 69	If sinA = 0.6 and cosA = 0.8, what is tanA? यदि sinA = 0.6 और cosA = 0.8 है, तो tanA क्या है?
	0.56 0.56
	0.75 0.75
	0.45 0.45 0.52

	0.52

Q.No: 70	If $y = mx + 1$ passes through $(2,5)$, find m. यदि $y = mx + 1,(2,5)$ से होकर गुजरता है, तो m ज्ञात कीजिए।
	2 2
	1 1
	0 0
	3 3

Q.No: 71	If $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$ and A is acute, find cot(90° − A). $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$ और A न्यूनकोण है, cot(90° − A) ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{4}{3}$ $\frac{4}{3}$ $\frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{5}{3}$
	$\frac{5}{4}$

	$\frac{5}{4}$

Q.No: 72	If the measure of an exterior angle of a regular polygon is 20°, determine the total number of its sides. यदि किसी सम बहुभुज के बाह्य कोण का माप 20° है, तो उसकी भुजाओं की कुल संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	15 15
	18 18
	20 20
	36 36

Q.No: 73	In a triangle with vertices P(x, y), Q(5, -1), and R(2, 6), the Centroid is at G(4, 2). What are the coordinates of vertex P? शीर्ष P(x, y), Q(5, -1), और R(2, 6) वाले एक त्रिभुज में, केन्द्रक G(4, 2) पर है। शीर्ष P के निर्देशांक क्या हैं?
	(5, 1) (5, 1)
	(5, -1) (5, -1)
	(4, 1) (4, 1) (4, 2) (4, 2)

Q.No: 74	If $x = \sqrt{2} + 1$, find x^2-2. यदि $x = \sqrt{2} + 1$, तो ज्ञात कीजिए x^2-2.
	$1 + 2\sqrt{2}$ $1 + 2\sqrt{2}$
	$3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ $3 + 2\sqrt{2}$
	$2 + \sqrt{2}$ $2 + \sqrt{2}$
	$1 + \sqrt{2}$ $1 + \sqrt{2}$

Q.No: 75	In △ABC, a median AD is drawn to side BC. What is the ratio of the area of △ABD to the area of △ACD? △ABC में, भुजा BC पर एक माध्यिका AD खींची गई है। △ABD के क्षेत्रफल का △ACD के क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	1:1 1:1
	1:2 1:2
	2:1 2:1
	1:3 1:3

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	: **Mount Abu Public School**

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Read the passage and answer the questions: The metamorphosis of a butterfly epitomizes one of nature's most intricate and captivating transformations. The life cycle initiates with the deposition of fragile eggs, often hidden on the underside of leaves, ensuring immediate access to nourishment upon hatching. Once emerged, the larva — or caterpillar — enters a phase of relentless consumption, devouring foliage to fuel its rapid growth. During this stage, it undergoes multiple molts, shedding its rigid exoskeleton to accommodate its expanding form. This insatiable feeding period is essential for amassing the energy required for the subsequent, dramatic metamorphosis. The transition into the pupal stage, encapsulated within a chrysalis, marks an extraordinary biological phenomenon. Inside, the caterpillar's structures are enzymatically dismantled and reconstructed into entirely new forms — wings, antennae, and compound eyes emerge through a sophisticated process known as histogenesis. Upon completing this hidden transformation, the adult butterfly struggles free, its crumpled wings needing to be inflated with hemolymph and dried before flight is possible. Once airborne, the butterfly's existence centres on reproduction, perpetuating the species before its ephemeral life concludes. Though often romanticized, the butterfly's life cycle underscores a rigorous narrative of survival, adaptation, and evolutionary precision, offering profound insights into the fragile balance of ecosystems. Identify the sentence from the passage which is in the **passive voice**:
	"The caterpillar sheds its rigid exoskeleton."
	"The metamorphosis of a butterfly epitomizes transformation."
	"The caterpillar's structures are enzymatically dismantled."
	"The butterfly inflates its wings with hemolymph."

Q.No: 77	Read the passage and answer the questions: The metamorphosis of a butterfly epitomizes one of nature's most intricate and captivating transformations. The life cycle initiates with the deposition of fragile eggs, often hidden on the underside of leaves, ensuring immediate access to nourishment upon hatching. Once emerged, the larva — or caterpillar — enters a phase of relentless consumption, devouring foliage to fuel its rapid growth. During this stage, it undergoes multiple molts, shedding its rigid exoskeleton to accommodate its expanding form. This insatiable feeding period is essential for amassing the energy required for the subsequent, dramatic metamorphosis. The transition into the pupal stage, encapsulated within a chrysalis, marks an extraordinary biological phenomenon. Inside, the caterpillar's structures are enzymatically dismantled and reconstructed into entirely new forms — wings, antennae, and compound eyes emerge through a sophisticated process known as histogenesis. Upon completing this hidden transformation, the adult butterfly struggles free, its crumpled wings needing to be inflated with hemolymph and dried before flight is possible. Once airborne, the butterfly's existence centres on reproduction, perpetuating the species before its ephemeral life concludes. Though often romanticized, the butterfly's life cycle underscores a rigorous narrative of survival, adaptation, and evolutionary precision, offering profound insights into the fragile balance of ecosystems. Which sentence contains a **relative clause**?
	"Its crumpled wings need to be inflated."
	"Eggs are often hidden on the underside of leaves."
	"A caterpillar devours foliage to fuel its growth."
	"The larva, which undergoes multiple molts, grows rapidly."

Q.No: 78	Read the passage and answer the questions: The metamorphosis of a butterfly epitomizes one of nature's most intricate and captivating transformations. The life cycle initiates with the deposition of fragile eggs, often hidden on the underside of leaves, ensuring immediate access to nourishment upon hatching. Once emerged, the larva — or caterpillar — enters a phase of relentless consumption, devouring foliage to fuel its rapid growth. During this stage, it undergoes multiple molts, shedding its rigid exoskeleton to accommodate its expanding form. This insatiable feeding period is essential for amassing the energy required for the subsequent, dramatic metamorphosis. The transition into the pupal stage, encapsulated within a chrysalis, marks an extraordinary biological phenomenon. Inside, the caterpillar's structures are enzymatically dismantled and reconstructed into entirely new forms — wings, antennae, and compound eyes emerge through a sophisticated process known as histogenesis. Upon completing this hidden transformation, the adult butterfly struggles free, its crumpled wings needing to be inflated with hemolymph and dried before flight is possible. Once airborne, the butterfly's existence centres on reproduction, perpetuating the species before its ephemeral life concludes. Though often romanticized, the butterfly's life cycle underscores a rigorous narrative of survival, adaptation, and evolutionary precision, offering profound insights into the fragile balance of ecosystems. Which word from the passage is derived by adding a **Greek-origin suffix** meaning "formation" or "origin"?
	Metamorphosis Chrysalis
	Hemolymph
	Histogenesis

Q.No: 79	Read the passage and answer the questions: The metamorphosis of a butterfly epitomizes one of nature's most intricate and captivating transformations. The life cycle initiates with the deposition of fragile eggs, often hidden on the underside of leaves, ensuring immediate access to nourishment upon hatching. Once emerged, the larva — or caterpillar — enters a phase of relentless consumption, devouring foliage to fuel its rapid growth. During this stage, it undergoes multiple molts, shedding its rigid exoskeleton to accommodate its expanding form. This insatiable feeding period is essential for amassing the energy required for the subsequent, dramatic metamorphosis. The transition into the pupal stage, encapsulated within a chrysalis, marks an extraordinary biological phenomenon. Inside, the caterpillar's structures are enzymatically dismantled and reconstructed into entirely new forms — wings, antennae, and compound eyes emerge through a sophisticated process known as histogenesis. Upon completing this hidden transformation, the adult butterfly struggles free, its crumpled wings needing to be inflated with hemolymph and dried before flight is possible. Once airborne, the butterfly's existence centres on reproduction, perpetuating the species before its ephemeral life concludes. Though often romanticized, the butterfly's life cycle underscores a rigorous narrative of survival, adaptation, and evolutionary precision, offering profound insights into the fragile balance of ecosystems. According to the passage, what crucial biological activity occurs within the chrysalis?
	Strengthening of the caterpillar's exoskeleton
	Rebuilding of the caterpillar into a butterfly through histogenesis
	Increase in leaf consumption
	Inflammation of butterfly wings

Q.No: 80

Read the passage and answer the questions:

The metamorphosis of a butterfly epitomizes one of nature's most intricate and captivating transformations. The life cycle initiates with the deposition of fragile eggs, often hidden on the underside of leaves, ensuring immediate access to nourishment upon hatching.

Once emerged, the larva — or caterpillar — enters a phase of relentless consumption, devouring foliage to fuel its rapid growth. During this stage, it undergoes multiple molts, shedding its rigid exoskeleton to accommodate its expanding form. This insatiable feeding period is essential for amassing the energy required for the subsequent, dramatic metamorphosis.

The transition into the pupal stage, encapsulated within a chrysalis, marks an extraordinary biological phenomenon. Inside, the caterpillar's structures are enzymatically dismantled and reconstructed into entirely new forms — wings, antennae, and compound eyes emerge through a sophisticated process known as histogenesis.

Upon completing this hidden transformation, the adult butterfly struggles free, its crumpled wings needing to be inflated with hemolymph and dried before flight is possible. Once airborne, the butterfly's existence centres on reproduction, perpetuating the species before its ephemeral life concludes.

Though often romanticized, the butterfly's life cycle underscores a rigorous narrative of survival, adaptation, and evolutionary precision, offering profound insights into the fragile balance of ecosystems.

In the passage, the word **"ephemeral"** most nearly means:

Everlasting

Transient

Powerful

Fragile

Q.No: 81

Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

Despite overwhelming evidence, he remained _____ in his beliefs.

	obstinatte
	obstinate
	obsteinate
	obbstinate

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct one-word substitution for the italicized part: Ravi has always been *a person who vehemently opposes authority, control, or tradition, often challenging every rule set before him.* Conformist
	Anarchist
	Optimist
	Traditionalist

Q.No: 83	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **GRUMPY**
	Irritable
	Friendly
	Polite
	Calm

Q.No: 84	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Transitory**

	Fleeting
	Eternal
	Momentary
	Temporary

Q.No: 85	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Eat crow** Enjoy luxurious food
	Give lavish charity
	Suffer physical punishment
	Admit one's error and endure humiliation

Q.No: 86	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **To draw the long bow** To romanticize historical events
	To fabricate or exaggerate with little credibility
	To delay justice deliberately
	To conflate myth with realism

Q.No: 87	Which spelling is **correct** for a word meaning 'a formal agreement between nations'?

	Treaty
	Trety
	Treety
	Tretye

Q.No: 88	Find the word that is **spelled correctly** and refers to complex and obscure knowledge.
	Esoterica
	Esoterrica
	Esottirica
	Esotorica

Q.No: 89	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A record of one's own life written by oneself'.
	Biography
	Memorandum
	Memoir
	Autobiography

Q.No: 90	**Select the correct option:** ___ the enormity of the challenge, the volunteers pressed on resolutely.
	Given

	For
	Because
	Granted

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** It is the uncertainty of how the council intends to proceed (1)/ that seem to have created (2)/ the most unrest among those (3)/ waiting for regulatory clearance. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** They will have opened the new airport by 2026.
	The new airport will have been opened by 2026.
	The new airport will be opened by 2026.
	The new airport has been opened by 2026.
	The new airport will being opened by 2026.

Q.No: 93	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The protest, though peaceful in nature, (1)/ were portrayed by official channels (2)/ as instigated by external forces (3)/ and ideologically driven groups. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 94	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The philosopher's **tenure** at the institution was legendary.
	He lost tenure due to academic misconduct.
	The lease agreement defines tenure by clause.
	The sculptor captured the tenure of pain in marble.
	Colonial tenure laws were challenged by activists.

Q.No: 95	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The evidence was presumed to have been fabricated before being presented in court.
	It is presumed that someone had fabricated the evidence before presenting it in court.
	The court presumed the evidence to be fabricated.
	The evidence had been fabricated, the court presumed.
	Fabrication of evidence was presumed to occur.

Not Answered

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She is good ***in dancing***.
	at dance
	with dancing
	at dancing
	on dancing

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The mentor noted that the fellow had persevered even after his hypotheses were repeatedly falsified.
	The mentor said, "The fellow persevered even after your hypotheses were repeatedly falsified."
	The mentor said, "The fellow persevered even after his hypotheses were repeatedly falsified."
	The mentor said, "The fellow preserve though hypotheses are falsified."
	The mentor remarked, "The fellow had persevered though his hypotheses were repeatedly falsified."

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, “It may rain today.”
	He said it might rain that day.
	He said it may rain that day.

	He said it can rain today.
	He said it might raining today.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. The most critical component is the central processing unit (CPU), which acts as the "brain" of the machine. 2. The architecture of a modern computer is a complex arrangement of various hardware and software components. 3. This complex interplay of components allows the computer to execute a wide range of tasks, from simple calculations to complex simulations. 4. The CPU works in tandem with memory, storage devices, and input/output peripherals to process data.
	2, 1, 4, 3
	1, 4, 2, 3 4, 3, 1, 2
	3, 2, 1, 4

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This provides real-time information for decision-making. 2. Data analytics is transforming modern business. 3. It involves collecting, processing, and interpreting large datasets. 4. Companies leverage data to identify trends and predict consumer behavior.
	2-1-3-4
	2-3-1-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	: **KPS.M.INFOTECH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS**

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Cli

Q. No: Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

Sample Address:D.No. 4-98, Krishna Colony,Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002

1	वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Sample Address:D.No. 4-98, Krishna Colony,Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002
	Door No. 4-98, Krishna Colony, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002 Door No. 4-98, Krishna Colony, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002
	D.No. 4-89, Krishna Colony, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002 D.No. 4-89, Krishna Colony, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002
	D.No. 4-98, Krushna Colony, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002 D.No. 4-98, Krushna Colony, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002
	D.No. 4-98, Krishna Colony, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002 D.No. 4-98, Krishna Colony, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh - 522002

Q. No: 2	The following equation is incorrect. Which two signs should be interchanged to correct the equation? 14 – 7 × 30 ÷ 10 + 4 = 54 निम्नलिखित समीकरण गलत है। समीकरण को सही करने के लिए किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना चाहिए? 14 – 7 × 30 ÷ 10 + 4 = 54
	+ and – + और – × and – × और –
	– and ÷ – और ÷
	÷ and × ÷ और ×

Q. No: 3	By interchanging the given two signs which of the following equation will NOT be correct? + and ÷ I. 27 ÷ 3 - 18 × 3 + 9 = 24 II. 12 ÷ 8 × 12 + 16 - 7 = 19 दिए गए दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलने पर, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा समीकरण सही नहीं होगा? + और ÷ I. 27 ÷ 3 - 18 × 3 + 9 = 24 II. 12 ÷ 8 × 12 + 16 - 7 = 19
	Only I केवल I
	Both I and II I और II दोनों
	Neither I nor II न तो I और न ही II
	Only II केवल II

Q. No: 4	A is the mother of B. B is the sister of C. How is A related to C? A, B की माँ है। B, C की बहन है। A, C से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Sister बहन
	Aunt चाची
	Mother माँ

	Grandmother दादी

Q. No: 5	P is the brother of Q. Q is the sister of R. R is the father of S. How is P related to S? P, Q का भाई है। Q, R की बहन है। R, S का पिता है। P का S से क्या संबंध है?
	Father पिता
	Grandfather दादा
	Brother भाई
	Uncle चाचा

Q. No: 6	Read the following statement carefully and identify the action that follows. A student fails to submit assignments repeatedly. Course of Action: 1. Give extra time and counseling. 2. Suspend the student. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद की कार्रवाई की पहचान करें। एक छात्र बार-बार असाइनमेंट जमा करने में विफल रहता है। कार्रवाई: 1. अतिरिक्त समय और परामर्श दें। 2. छात्र को निलंबित करें।
	Only 1

	केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q. No: 7	Find the odd one out in the series: P1*, Q2*, R3*, S4*, T5*, E6*, V7*, W8*, X9* श्रृंखला में विषम को चुनें: P1*, Q2*, R3*, S4*, T5*, E6*, V7*, W8*, X9*
	W8* W8*
	X9* X9*
	E6* E6*
	T5* T5*

Q. No: 8	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Some pens are pencils. All pencils are stationary. No stationary is electronic. **Conclusions:** I. Some pens are not electronic. II. Some stationary are pens. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: कुछ पेन पेंसिल हैं। सभी पेंसिल स्थिर वस्तुएँ हैं। कोई भी स्थिर वस्तु इलेक्ट्रॉनिक नहीं है। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ पेन इलेक्ट्रॉनिक नहीं हैं। II. कुछ स्थिर वस्तुएँ पेन हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q. No: 9	From the given words, select the word that can be formed using the letters of the given word. PREACHER दिए गए शब्दों में से, उस शब्द का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित शब्द के अक्षरों का उपयोग करके बनाया जा सकता है। PREACHER

	TEACH TEACH TOUCH TOUCH
	CHAR CHAR
	CREATE CREATE

Q. No: 10	Which of the following prefixes can complete all three words meaningfully? _ABLE, _LIKELY, _BALANCE निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प तीनों शब्दों को सार्थक रूप से पूरा कर सकता है? _ABLE, _LIKELY, _BALANCE
	IN IN
	UN UN
	RE RE
	DE DE

Q. No: 11	Comprehension: Directions: Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below. In a certain code, "check list has been generated" is written as "jo ke al si ha", "His idea has check" is written as "of al fu ha", "number in check list" is written as "ha ya go ke". "His number generated there" is written as "ya si fu xo" Which of the following may represents 'My number has been generated'? बोधगम्यता: निर्देश: निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। एक निश्चित कोड भाषा में, "check list has been generated" को "jo ke al si ha" लिखा जाता है, "His idea has check" को "of al fu ha" लिखा जाता है, "number in check list" को "ha ya go ke" लिखा जाता है। "His number generated there" को "ya si fu xo" लिखा जाता है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा 'My number has been generated' को दर्शाता है?
	si ne jo ke na si ne jo ke na
	ya ne al ke si ya ne al ke si
	jo si ya al ne jo si ya al ne
	ne fu ya ke al ne fu ya ke al

Q. No: 12	What comes next? ARB, BSC, CTD, DUE, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? ARB, BSC, CTD, DUE, ?
	EWF EWF
	FVE

	FVE
	EVF EVF
	FVG FVG

Q. No: 13	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	Razia Sultana रजिया सुल्ताना
	Rani Durgavati रानी दुर्गावती
	Rani Lakshmi Bai रानी लक्ष्मी बाई
	Sarojini Naidu सरोजिनी नायडू

Q. No: 14	Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series: **ACE, BDF, CEG, ?** दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन कीजिए जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है: **ACE, BDF, CEG, ?**
	DFH DFH
	DEH

	DEH
	DFI DFI DEI DEI

Q. No: 15	A product is originally priced at ₹2,000. A 15% discount is applied to the original price. After the discount, a 10% Value Added Tax (VAT) is charged on the discounted price. What is the net amount paid for the product? एक उत्पाद की मूल कीमत ₹2,000 है। मूल कीमत पर 15% की छूट दी जाती है। छूट के बाद, छूट वाले मूल्य पर 10% मूल्य वर्धित कर (VAT) लगाया जाता है। उत्पाद के लिए भुगतान की गई शुद्ध राशि क्या है?
	₹1870 ₹1870
	₹1720 ₹1720 ₹1530 ₹1530
	₹1960 ₹1960

Q. No: 16	If 9 @ 3 = 108 and 10 @ 2 = 80, what is 7 @ 1? यदि 9 @ 3 = 108 और 10 @ 2 = 80, तो 7 @ 1 क्या है?
	18 18

	35 35
	28 28
	43 43

Q. No: 17	While walking to office, you witness a road accident. What will you do? ऑफिस जाते समय आप एक सड़क दुर्घटना देखते हैं। आप क्या करेंगे?
	Ignore and move ahead अनदेखा करें और आगे बढ़ें
	Call emergency services and inform traffic police आपातकालीन सेवाओं को कॉल करें और यातायात पुलिस को सूचित करें
	Wait until someone else helps किसी और की मदद तक प्रतीक्षा करें
	Post it on social media इसे सोशल मीडिया पर पोस्ट करें

Q. No: 18	If the signs are interchanged as follows: • '+' means '×' • '×' means '−' • '−' means '+' • '÷' means '÷' Which equation is **incorrect** after applying these symbol transformations? यदि चिह्नों को निम्न प्रकार से आपस में बदल दिया जाए: • '+' का अर्थ है '×' • '×' का अर्थ है '−' • '−' का अर्थ है '+' • '÷' का अर्थ है '÷' इन प्रतीक परिवर्तनों को लागू करने के बाद कौन सा समीकरण **गलत** है?
	6 + 3 − 2 × 1 = 19 6 + 3 − 2 × 1 = 19
	8 − 4 × 2 + 1 = 10 8 − 4 × 2 + 1 = 10
	5 + 2 × 4 − 3 = 11 5 + 2 × 4 − 3 = 11
	10 × 3 − 5 + 2 = 17 10 × 3 − 5 + 2 = 17

Q. No:	You are a nurse in an emergency ward. A patient arrives with severe chest pain. What should you do first? आप एक आपातकालीन वार्ड में नर्स हैं। एक मरीज़ सीने में तेज़ दर्द के साथ आता है। आपको सबसे पहले क्या करना चाहिए?

19	
	Call the doctor immediately तुरंत डॉक्टर को बुलाएँ
	Check patient's insurance मरीज़ का बीमा जांचें
	Fill out admission form प्रवेश फॉर्म भरें
	Contact the family परिवार से संपर्क करें

Q. No: 20	What should come at the place of question mark? **144, 121, 100, 81, ?, 49** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? **144, 121, 100, 81, ?, 49**
	64 64
	72 72
	66 66
	70 70

Q. No: 21

In this mathematical expression, the symbols have been replaced by **code symbols.** You are required to substitute each symbol with its actual arithmetic operator as per the given code :
Find the value of the expression:
3 * 4 # 2 @ 5

Symbol	Actual Operator
*	+ (Addition)
@	− (Subtraction)
#	× (Multiplication)
&	÷ (Division)

इस गणितीय व्यंजक में, प्रतीकों को कोड प्रतीकों से बदल दिया गया है। आपको दिए गए **कोड** के अनुसार प्रत्येक प्रतीक के स्थान पर उसका वास्तविक अंकगणितीय संकारक रखना है:
व्यंजक का मान ज्ञात कीजिए:
3 * 4 # 2 @ 5

प्रतीक	वास्तविक संकारक
*	+ (जोड़)
@	− (घटाव)
#	× (गुणन)
&	÷ (भाग)

9

9

6

	6
	10 10 7 7

Q. No: 22	Statements: Some keys are locks. Some locks are doors. Conclusions: I. Some keys are doors. II. All locks being keys is a possibility. कथन: कुछ चाबियाँ ताले हैं। कुछ ताले दरवाजे हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ चाबियाँ दरवाजे हैं। II. सभी तालों के चाबियाँ होने की संभावना है।
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q. No: 23	If 'LION' is coded as '12-9-15-14', how will 'NOIL' be coded? यदि 'LION' को '12-9-15-14' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'NOIL' को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	22-24-3-18 22-24-3-18
	14-3-21-8

	14-3-21-8
	25-4-20-13 25-4-20-13
	14-15-9-12 14-15-9-12

Q. No: 24	3, 6, 18, 72, 360, ? 3, 6, 18, 72, 360, ?
	1800 1800
	1400 1400
	2160 2160
	1080 1080

Q. No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination.5, 9, 27, 31, 94, 97, 292 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 5, 9, 27, 31, 94, 97, 292
	27 , 292 27 , 292

	97 , 292 97 , 292 31 , 94 31 , 94
	94 , 292 94 , 292
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	: **KPS.M.INFOTECH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	What does ISRO stand for? इसरो(ISRO) का क्या अर्थ है?
	Indian Scientific Research Organization

	भारतीय वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान संगठन
	Indian Space Research Organization भारतीय अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान संगठन
	Indian Satellite Rocket Organization भारतीय उपग्रह रॉकेट संगठन
	International Space Research Organization अंतर्राष्ट्रीय अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान संगठन

Q.No: 27	What is the primary strategic significance of Chabahar Port? चाबहार बंदरगाह का प्राथमिक सामरिक महत्व क्या है?
	Access to the Persian Gulf फ़ारस की खाड़ी तक पहुंच
	Connecting India to the Mediterranean Sea भारत को भूमध्य सागर से जोड़ना
	Bypassing Pakistan for trade with Afghanistan अफगानिस्तान के साथ व्यापार के लिए पाकिस्तान को दरकिनार करना
	Enhancing Iran's naval capabilities ईरान की नौसैनिक क्षमताओं में वृद्धि

Q.No: 28	Which Indian state is known for its traditional archery competitions called "Teer"? कौन सा भारतीय राज्य "तीर" नामक पारंपरिक तीरंदाजी प्रतियोगिता के लिए जाना जाता है?
	Kerala केरल
	Meghalaya मेघालय

	Rajasthan राजस्थान Tamil Nadu तमिलनाडु
Not Answered	

Q.No: 29	The 2018 Intercontinental Cup final, where India won under Sunil Chhetri's leadership, was held in which city? 2018 इंटरकांटिनेंटल कप फाइनल, जहां भारत ने सुनील छेत्री के नेतृत्व में जीत हासिल की, किस शहर में आयोजित किया गया था?
	Kochi कोच्चि
	Mumbai मुंबई
	Bengaluru बेंगलुरु
	Kolkata कोलकाता
Not Answered	

Q.No: 30	What is one of the following digital reforms was included under Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita for courts? अदालतों के लिए भारतीय न्याय संहिता के अंतर्गत निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा डिजिटल सुधार शामिल किया गया है?
	No trials allowed किसी मुकदमे की अनुमति नहीं
	Introduction of virtual court hearings आभासी अदालती सुनवाई की शुरुआत
	Online registration for judges जजों के लिए ऑनलाइन पंजीकरण

	Abolition of police reports पुलिस रिपोर्ट का उन्मूलन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Who was appointed as the Executive Director of Foods at Hindustan Unilever Limited (HUL) in March 2025? मार्च 2025 में हिंदुस्तान यूनिलीवर लिमिटेड (HUL) में खाद्य पदार्थों के कार्यकारी निदेशक के रूप में किसे नियुक्त किया गया? CS Setty सी.एस. सेट्टी
	Rajneet Kohli राजनीत कोहली
	Dr. Jay Bhattacharya डॉ. जय भट्टाचार्य Sunil Kakkar सुनील कक्कड़
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Which structural elements enhance the visual grandeur of Kangra Fort? कौन से संरचनात्मक तत्व कांगड़ा किले की दृश्य भव्यता को बढ़ाते हैं?
	Wooden sculptures लकड़ी की मूर्तियां Colorful glass windows रंगीन कांच की खिड़कियाँ
	Arches, domes, and rock carvings मेहराब, गुंबद और चट्टान पर नक्काशी
	Painted ceilings and tiled floors चित्रित छत और टाइलयुक्त फर्श

Q.No: 33	Which of the following best reflects a distinct cultural feature of the Festival of Salhesh? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सलहेश के त्यौहार की विशिष्ट सांस्कृतिक विशेषता को सर्वोत्तम रूप से दर्शाता है?
	Harvest ceremonies involving animal sacrifice by elders in Mithila मिथिला में बुजुर्गों द्वारा फसल कटाई के अवसर पर पशु बलि दी जाती है
	Dramatic retelling of Salhesh legends by a Bhagat and Manarias एक भगत और मनरिया द्वारा सलहेश किंवदंतियों का नाटकीय पुनर्कथन
	Buddhist chants invoking Salhesh for monsoon rains मानसून की बारिश के लिए सलहेश का आह्वान करते बौद्ध मंत्र
	Sword dances performed by women warriors in tribal hill regions आदिवासी पहाड़ी क्षेत्रों में महिला योद्धाओं द्वारा किया जाने वाला तलवार नृत्य
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Which of the following is a primary literary source for the Gupta period? निम्नलिखित में से कौन गुप्त काल का प्राथमिक साहित्यिक स्रोत है?
	Nasik Prashasti of Gautamiputra Satakarni गौतमीपुत्र सातकर्णि की नासिक प्रशस्ति
	Aihole Inscription of Pulakeshin II पुलकेशिन द्वितीय का ऐहोल शिलालेख
	Allahabad Pillar Inscription of Samudragupta समुद्रगुप्त का इलाहाबाद स्तंभ शिलालेख
	Hathigumpha Inscription of Kharavela खारवेल का हाथीगुम्फा शिलालेख

Q.No: 35	Which sports player won the bronze medal in the 50m Rifle 3 Position Men's event at the Paris 2024 Olympics, becoming the first Indian to do so?

	किस खिलाड़ी ने पेरिस 2024 ओलंपिक में 50 मीटर राइफल 3 पोजीशन पुरुष स्पर्धा में कांस्य पदक जीता, ऐसा करने वाले वह पहले भारतीय बन गए? Aishwary Pratap Singh Tomar ऐश्वर्या प्रताप सिंह तोमर
	Swapnil Kusale स्वप्निल कुसाले
	Rudrankksh Patil रुद्राक्ष पाटिल Saurabh Chaudhary सौरभ चौधरी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	Consider the following **statements:** **Statement 1.** Qutub-ud-din Aibak established the Slave Dynasty after the death of Mohammad Ghori. **Statement 2.** The Delhi Sultanate began with the rule of Balban, one of the notable rulers of the Khalji dynasty. Which of the statements given above **is/are correct?** **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:** **कथन 1.** कुतुबुद्दीन ऐबक ने मोहम्मद गौरी की मृत्यु के बाद गुलाम वंश की स्थापना की। **कथन 2.** दिल्ली सल्तनत की शुरुआत खिलजी वंश के उल्लेखनीय शासकों में से एक बलबन के शासन से हुई। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2 Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1, न ही 2

Q.No: 37	**Fill in the blank:** The Factory Act 1881 primarily regulated ____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** फैक्ट्री अधिनियम 1881 मुख्य रूप से ____ को विनियमित करता था।
	working hours of women and children महिलाओं और बच्चों के काम के घंटे
	industrial pollution and working conditions औद्योगिक प्रदूषण और कार्य स्थितियां
	night shifts hours for men only रात्रि पाली के घंटे केवल पुरुषों के लिए
	minimum wage for women and children महिलाओं और बच्चों के लिए न्यूनतम वेतन
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	Consider the following statements about the book 'India on Our Minds': 1) The book offers an insightful analysis of India's economic growth and social challenges. 2) It is a fictional novel about India's freedom struggle. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** **'इंडिया ऑन आवर माइंड्स' पुस्तक के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:** 1) यह पुस्तक भारत के आर्थिक विकास और सामाजिक चुनौतियों का गहन विश्लेषण प्रस्तुत करती है। 2) यह भारत के स्वतंत्रता संग्राम पर आधारित एक काल्पनिक उपन्यास है। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both statements 1 and 2 are correct

	कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither statement 1 nor 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	**Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** The retreating monsoon winds are associated with dry weather and clear skies in northern India. **Reason (R):** During the retreating monsoon, the low-pressure area over the northern plains is replaced by a high-pressure system. **निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** पीछे हटती मानसूनी हवाएँ उत्तरी भारत में शुष्क मौसम और साफ़ आसमान से जुड़ी होती हैं। **कारण (R):** पीछे हटते मानसून के दौरान, उत्तरी मैदानों पर निम्न-दाब क्षेत्र का स्थान उच्च-दाब प्रणाली ले लेती है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 40	**Fill in the blanks:** A Bill that "imposes a new tax" is categorised at the Centre as a _____ Bill. रिक्त स्थान भरें: जो विधेयक "नया कर लगाता है" उसे केंद्र में _____ विधेयक के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया जाता है।
	Money धन
	Ordinary

	साधारण
	Private निजी Constitutional संवैधानिक
Not Answered	

Q.No: 41	The moment of inertia of a rigid body about an axis: किसी अक्ष के परित: एक दृढ़ पिंड का जड़त्व आघूर्ण:
	Is a scalar quantity, independent of the axis एक अदिश राशि है, जो अक्ष से स्वतंत्र है
	Is a vector quantity, dependent on the axis एक सदिश राशि है, जो अक्ष पर निर्भर है
	Is a scalar quantity, dependent on the axis एक अदिश राशि है, जो अक्ष पर निर्भर है
	Is a tensor quantity, independent of the axis एक टेंसर मात्रा है, जो अक्ष से स्वतंत्र है

Q.No: 42	Under Universal Immunisation Programme (UIP), how many diseases are covered for free immunization nationally and sub-nationally? सार्वभौमिक टीकाकरण कार्यक्रम (यूआईपी) के अंतर्गत राष्ट्रीय और उप-राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर कितनी बीमारियों के लिए नि:शुल्क टीकाकरण शामिल है?
	5 5
	7 7
	9

	9
	12 12

Q.No: 43	Which of the following accurately represents India's trend in the Global Gender Gap Report 2025? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा वैश्विक लैंगिक अंतर रिपोर्ट 2025 में भारत की प्रवृत्ति का सटीक प्रतिनिधित्व करता है?
	India significantly improved its rank भारत ने अपनी रैंकिंग में उल्लेखनीय सुधार किया
	India remained at same rank भारत उसी स्थान पर बना रहा
	India slipped in its global rank भारत की वैश्विक रैंकिंग में गिरावट
	India joined the top twenty nations भारत शीर्ष बीस देशों में शामिल

Q.No: 44	Which of the following is another name for the revenue account of the government budget? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सरकारी बजट के राजस्व खाते का दूसरा नाम है?
	Finance budget वित्त बजट
	Expenditure budget व्यय बजट
	Revenue budget राजस्व बजट
	Capital budget पूंजीगत बजट

Q.No: 45	Consider the statements about Jhumar : 1. It is a harvest dance of Jharkhand, performed in linked rows with mandar and nagara drums. 2. Women alone perform the Mardani variant wielding swords. Which is/are **correct?** झूमर के बारे में कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. यह झारखंड का एक फसल नृत्य है, जो मांदर और नगाड़ा ढोल के साथ जुड़ी हुई पंक्तियों में किया जाता है। 2. महिलाएं अकेले तलवार चलाते हुए मर्दानी नृत्य करती हैं। कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 correct केवल 1 सही
	Only 2 correct केवल 2 सही
	Both 1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	Kanaklata Barua, a young female revolutionary, was shot dead by the police while attempting to hoist the Indian national flag during the "Quit India Movement" in which state? युवा महिला क्रांतिकारी कनकलता बरुआ को किस राज्य में "भारत छोड़ो आंदोलन" के दौरान भारतीय राष्ट्रीय ध्वज फहराने का प्रयास करते समय पुलिस ने गोली मार दी थी?
	Odisha ओडिशा West Bengal पश्चिम बंगाल
	Assam

	असम
	Bihar बिहार
Not Answered	

Q.No: 47	Baji Raut, a young boy from Odisha, became a martyr when he was shot by British police for refusing to ferry them across a river to reach freedom fighters. How old was he? ओडिशा के एक युवा बाजी राउत, ब्रिटिश पुलिस द्वारा गोली मारे जाने पर शहीद हो गए, क्योंकि उन्होंने स्वतंत्रता सेनानियों तक पहुँचने के लिए उन्हें नदी पार कराने से मना कर दिया था। उनकी उम्र कितनी थी?
	8 years old 8 साल का
	10 years old 10 साल का
	12 years old 12 साल का
	15 years old 15 साल का
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	Under the "National Mission for Clean Ganga", which river was newly added to the 'National Aquatic Ecosystem Restoration Mission' in 2025 for ecological rejuvenation alongside the Ganga mainstream? "राष्ट्रीय स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन" के अंतर्गत, गंगा मुख्यधारा के साथ-साथ पारिस्थितिक कायाकल्प के लिए 2025 में 'राष्ट्रीय जलीय पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र बहाली मिशन' में किस नदी को जोड़ा गया?
	Ghaghara River घाघरा नदी
	Gandak River गंडक नदी

	Son River सोन नदी
	Yamuna River यमुना नदी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Why did the Indian government resort to licensing even for expanding existing private sector industries under IPR 1956? भारत सरकार ने आईपीआर 1956 के तहत मौजूदा निजी क्षेत्र के उद्योगों के विस्तार के लिए भी लाइसेंसिंग का सहारा क्यों लिया?
	To promote export competition निर्यात प्रतिस्पर्धा को बढ़ावा देने के लिए
	To keep production under government control उत्पादन को सरकारी नियंत्रण में रखने के लिए
	To prevent technological innovation तकनीकी नवाचार को रोकने के लिए
	To encourage luxury production विलासिता उत्पादन को प्रोत्साहित करने के लिए

Q.No: 50	Consider the following statements: 1. Article 263 empowers Parliament to establish Inter-State Council. 2. The Council can investigate inter-state disputes. 3. Its composition includes PM and Union Ministers. Which of the above is/are **correct?** निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अनुच्छेद 263 संसद को अंतर-राज्यीय परिषद स्थापित करने का अधिकार देता है। 2. परिषद अंतर-राज्यीय विवादों की जाँच कर सकती है। 3. इसकी संरचना में प्रधानमंत्री और केंद्रीय मंत्री शामिल हैं। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	2 and 3 only

	केवल 2 और 3
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **21 Sep 2025**
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Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51 What is the simplified value of: $\frac{0.01404}{24^2+6^2-144}$

इसका सरलीकृत मान क्या है: $\frac{0.01404}{24^2+6^2-144}$

	3×10^{-5} 3×10^{-5}
	6×10^{-5} 6×10^{-5}
	2.4×10^{-4} 2.4×10^{-4}
	3×10^{-4} 3×10^{-4}

Q.No: 52	A sum of money invested at compound interest amounts to twice itself in 4 years. In how many years will it become 8 times itself? चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर निवेश की गई एक धनराशि 4 वर्षों में दोगुनी हो जाती है। कितने वर्षों में यह 8 गुना हो जाएगी?
	12 years 12 वर्ष
	10 years 10 वर्ष
	13 years 13 वर्ष
	15 years 15 वर्ष

Q.No: 53	Which of the following is a non-zero number that belongs to every set: Whole, Integer, Rational, and Real? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी गैर-शून्य संख्या प्रत्येक समूह से संबंधित है: पूर्ण, पूर्णांक, परिमेय और वास्तविक?
	1 1
	0

	0
	-1 -1 √2 √2

Q.No: 54	An athlete runs a 300-meter race in 24 seconds. How much is his speed in km/h? एक एथलीट 300 मीटर की दौड़ 24 सेकंड में पूरी करता है। उसकी गति किमी/ घंटे में कितनी है?
	45 km/h 45 किमी/घंटा
	30 km/h 30 किमी/घंटा 35 km/h 35 किमी/घंटा
	40 km/h 40 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 55	If the numerical value of the volume of a sphere is equal to the numerical value of its surface area, find the radius of the sphere. यदि किसी गोले के आयतन का संख्यात्मक मान उसके पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल के संख्यात्मक मान के बराबर है, तो गोले की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	1 unit 1 इकाई
	4 units 4 इकाई
	2 units 2 इकाई

	3 units 3 इकाई

Q.No: 56	A runner completes 7.2 km in 48 minutes. What is his speed in km/h? एक रनर 7.2 किमी की दूरी 48 मिनट में पूरी करता है। उसकी गति किमी/घंटे में क्या है?
	9 km/h 9 किमी/घंटा
	8 km/h 8 किमी/घंटा
	10 km/h 10 किमी/घंटा
	11 km/h 11 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 57	Partners X and Y entered into a business investing Rs. 50,000 and Rs. 1,00,000 respectively. After 6 months, Z joins with Rs. 1,50,000. At year-end, profit was Rs. 90,000. How much more did Z earn than X? साझेदार X और Y ने क्रमशः ₹50,000 और ₹1,00,000 का निवेश करके एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 6 महीने बाद, Z ₹1,50,000 के साथ शामिल हो गया। वर्ष के अंत में, लाभ ₹90,000 था। Z ने X से कितना ज्यादा कमाया?
	Rs. 5,000 5,000 रुपये
	Rs. 10,000 10,000 रुपये
	Rs. 12,000 12,000 रुपये
	Rs. 15,000

	15,000 रुपये

Q.No: 58	Three friends share a winning prize in the ratio 2:3:4. If the total prize is Rs. 9000, how much more does the person with the highest share get than the lowest? तीन दोस्त एक विजयी पुरस्कार को 2:3:4 के अनुपात में बाँटते हैं। अगर कुल पुरस्कार 9000 रुपये है, तो सबसे ज़्यादा हिस्सा पाने वाले व्यक्ति को सबसे कम हिस्से वाले व्यक्ति से कितना ज़्यादा मिलेगा?
	1000 1000 1500 1500
	2000 2000
	2500 2500

Q.No: 59	A triangular flag has base and height in the ratio 5:4. If the area is 160 cm^2, what are the base and height? एक त्रिभुजाकार झंडे का आधार और ऊँचाई 5:4 के अनुपात में है। यदि क्षेत्रफल 160 वर्ग सेमी है, तो आधार और ऊँचाई क्या हैं?
	10 cm and 8 cm 10 सेमी और 8 सेमी
	20 cm and 16 cm 20 सेमी और 16 सेमी
	25 cm and 20 cm 20 सेमी और 20सेमी 30 cm and 24 cm 30 सेमी और 24 सेमी

Q.No: 60	The population of a village increases by 8% annually. If the current population is 58,320, what was it two years ago (approx)? एक गाँव की जनसंख्या प्रतिवर्ष 8% की दर से बढ़ती है। अगर वर्तमान जनसंख्या 58,320 है, तो दो वर्ष पहले यह लगभग कितनी थी?
	50,000 50,000
	49,900 49,900
	49,980 49,980
	49,800 49,800

Q.No: 61	A person invested in two items — one gave a 10% profit and the other a 5% loss. If the total investment was Rs. 5,000 and the net result was a Rs. 100 profit, what was the investment in the profit-making item? एक व्यक्ति ने दो वस्तुओं में निवेश किया — एक पर 10% लाभ हुआ और दूसरी पर 5% हानि। अगर कुल निवेश ₹5,000 था और कुल लाभ ₹100 हुआ, तो लाभ देने वाली वस्तु में कितना निवेश किया गया था?
	Rs. 2,333.33 2,333.33 रुपये
	Rs. 3,333.33 3,333.33 रुपये
	Rs. 4,333.33 4,333.33 रुपये
	Rs. 2,222.33 2,222.33 रुपये

Q.No: 62	A group of 5 men or 12 women can complete a task in 70 days. Find the time taken by 5 men and 12 women to complete the task.

	5 पुरुषों या 12 महिलाओं का एक समूह एक कार्य को 70 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। 5 पुरुषों और 12 महिलाओं द्वारा कार्य को पूरा करने में लिया गया समय ज्ञात कीजिए।
	40 Days 40 दिन
	35 Days 35 दिन
	30 Days 30 दिन
	48 Days 48 दिन

Q.No: 63	A machine can fill 120 milk bottles in 6 minutes. How many milk bottles can it fill in 14 minutes? एक मशीन 6 मिनट में 120 दूध की बोतलें भर सकती है। यह 14 मिनट में कितनी दूध की बोतलें भर सकती है?
	190 milk bottles 190 दूध की बोतलें
	250 milk bottles 250 दूध की बोतलें
	280 milk bottles 280 दूध की बोतलें
	200 milk bottles 200 दूध की बोतलें

Q.No: 64	The average weight of 10 boxes is 15.5 kg. If the heaviest box weighs 21 kg and the lightest weighs 10 kg, what is the average weight of the remaining boxes? 10 बक्सों का औसत वजन 15.5 किलोग्राम है। अगर सबसे भारी बक्से का वजन 21 किलोग्राम है और सबसे हल्के बक्से का वजन 10 किलोग्राम है, तो शेष बक्सों का औसत वजन क्या है?

	15.8 kg 15.8 किलोग्राम
	15.5 kg 15.5 किलोग्राम
	15.7 kg 15.7 किलोग्राम
	15.3 kg 15.3 किलोग्राम

Q.No: 65	A mixture of 150 litres contains acid and water in the ratio 2:3. If 30 litres of the mixture is replaced with water, what will be the percentage of acid in the final mixture? 150 लीटर के मिश्रण में अम्ल और पानी का अनुपात 2:3 है। अगर मिश्रण के 30 लीटर को पानी से बदल दिया जाए, तो अंतिम मिश्रण में अम्ल का प्रतिशत कितना होगा?
	20% 20%
	24% 24% 28% 28%
	32% 32%

Q.No: 66	A water tank is shaped like a composite prism: the bottom part is a triangular prism with base area 60 cm^2 and height 1.2 m, while the top part is a rectangular prism with base 40 cm × 30 cm and height 0.8 m. What is the total volume of the tank in liters? (1 m^3 = 1000 L)

	एक पानी की टंकी एक मिश्रित प्रिज्म के आकार की है: निचला भाग एक त्रिभुजाकार प्रिज्म है जिसका आधार क्षेत्रफल 60 वर्ग सेमी और ऊँचाई 1.2 मीटर है, जबकि ऊपरी भाग एक आयताकार प्रिज्म है जिसका आधार 40 सेमी × 30 सेमी और ऊँचाई 0.8 मीटर है। टंकी का कुल आयतन लीटर में कितना है? (1 वर्ग मीटर = 1000 लीटर)
	103.2 L 103.2 लीटर
	134.4 L 134.4 लीटर
	153.6 L 153.6 लीटर
	172.8 L 172.8 लीटर

Q.No: 67	If $cotA = x + \frac{1}{x}$, then what is $cosec^2A$? $cotA = x + \frac{1}{x}$, तो फिर क्या है$cosec^2A$?
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 3$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 3$
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$
	$x + \frac{1}{x}$ $x + \frac{1}{x}$
	$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 2$ $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 2$

Q.No: 68	Find slope of the line passing through points (-2,5) and (4,-7). बिन्दुओं (-2,5) और (4,-7) से गुजरने वाली रेखा का ढलान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	2 2
	-2 -2
	3 3
	-3 -3

Q.No: 69	What is the minimum distance from the origin (0,0) to a point on the line segment connecting the points A(3, 0) and B(0, 4)? मूल बिंदु (0,0) से बिंदु A(3, 0) और B(0, 4) को जोड़ने वाले रेखाखंड पर स्थित बिंदु की न्यूनतम दूरी क्या है?
	2.4 2.4
	3.2 3.2
	4.6 4.6
	6.8 6.8

Q.No: 70	If in △LMN and △OPQ, ∠L=∠O, LM = OP, and ∠M=∠P, which rule proves △LMN≅△OPQ? यदि △LMN और △OPQ में, ∠L=∠O, LM = OP, और ∠M=∠P, तो कौन सा नियम △LMN≅△OPQ सिद्ध करता है? SSS

	SSS
	SAS SAS
	ASA ASA
	AAS AAS

Q.No: 71	**The value of** $\sqrt{11-2\sqrt{30}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{11-2\sqrt{30}}}$ **is:** $\sqrt{11-2\sqrt{30}}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{11-2\sqrt{30}}}$ **का मान है:**
	$1+\sqrt{5}$ $1+\sqrt{5}$
	$2\sqrt{5}$ $2\sqrt{5}$
	$-2\sqrt{5}$ $-2\sqrt{5}$
	$1-\sqrt{5}$ $1-\sqrt{5}$
Not Answered	

Q.No: 72	The line segment from the center of a circle to the midpoint of a chord is 10 cm long. If the radius is 26 cm, what is the length of the chord? एक वृत्त के केंद्र से एक जीवा के मध्य बिंदु तक रेखाखंड 10 सेमी लंबा है। यदि त्रिज्या 26 सेमी है, तो जीवा की लंबाई क्या है?
	12 cm

	12 सेमी
	24 cm 24 सेमी 36 cm 36 सेमी
	48 cm 48 सेमी

Q.No: 73	A chord of a circle subtends an angle of $60°$ at the center. What is the angle subtended at a point on the circle in the same segment? एक वृत्त की जीवा केंद्र पर 60° का कोण बनाती है। उसी वृत्तखंड पर स्थित वृत्त के किसी बिंदु पर बना कोण कितना है?
	60° 60°
	30° 30°
	90° 90°
	120° 120°

Q.No: 74	If $secA + tanA = \frac{5}{2}$, then what is $secA - tanA$? यदि $secA + tanA = \frac{5}{2}$ हो,, तो $secA - tanA$ का मान क्या होगा??
	$\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{2}{5}$

	$\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{5}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{5}$

Q.No: 75	You earn $52.50 in 3.5 hours. Find your hourly wage as a fraction. आप 3.5 घंटे में $52.50 कमाते हैं। अपना प्रति घंटा वेतन अंश के रूप में ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$\frac{15}{1}$ $\frac{15}{1}$
	$\frac{12}{1}$ $\frac{12}{1}$
	$\frac{15}{4}$ $\frac{15}{4}$
	$\frac{17}{4}$ $\frac{17}{4}$

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	:
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	: **KPS.M.INFOTECH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **TRENCHANT**
	Blurry

	Weak
	Incisive
	Vague

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Nugatory** Worthless
	Futile
	Significant
	Trivial

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Mad as a hatter**
	Poor but honest
	Overly focused
	Completely insane or eccentric
	Fashionable and bold

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **By the skin of one's teeth** With deceptive appearance

	With the barest possible margin
	Through inherited privilege
	With false humility

Q.No: 80	Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'complex administrative system'.
	Bureaucracy
	Bureacracy
	Bureaucrasy
	Bureaucrazy

Q.No: 81	Choose the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'harmless'.
	Innocuous
	Inoccuous
	Innocous
	Innocuouss

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'The study of human races, origins, and societies'.
	Anthropology
	Archaeology

	Ethnology
	Sociology

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitution** for:' A praising speech made when someone dies'.
	Eulogy
	Obituary
	Elegy
	Tribute

Q.No: 84	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Literature, far from being a static repository of aesthetic delight, is a restless medium through which cultures interrogate themselves. The novel, the poem, the play—all are not merely forms but fields wherein ideologies **(1)** _____, mutate, and sometimes dissolve. To read deeply is to risk disorientation, for every interpretation implies an act of displacement: of authorial intent, of reader expectation, of historical certainty. The literary canon itself is less a monument than a **(2)** _____—a site of contestation shaped by inclusion, exclusion, and reinvention. A Shakespearean soliloquy may bear universal resonance, yet it also emerges from a matrix of Elizabethan anxieties and power structures. The illusion of timelessness is, more often than not, a function of critical emphasis rather than intrinsic merit. Postcolonial and feminist critiques have challenged this apparent neutrality, foregrounding the voices that were once peripheral. Such interventions have not diminished literature's prestige but instead **(3)** _____ its moral and political stakes. Texts once considered apolitical are now read as cultural artifacts entangled in empire, patriarchy, and resistance. In this light, literary criticism becomes an act not of judgment but of **(4)** _____—an excavation of silences as much as meanings. The reader, then, is not a passive consumer but a co-creator, whose insights must be **(5)** _____ with humility and historical awareness. What should come in the place of blank number **(1)**?
	stabilize

	collide
	gestate
	circulate

Q.No: 85	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Literature, far from being a static repository of aesthetic delight, is a restless medium through which cultures interrogate themselves. The novel, the poem, the play—all are not merely forms but fields wherein ideologies **(1)** _____, mutate, and sometimes dissolve. To read deeply is to risk disorientation, for every interpretation implies an act of displacement: of authorial intent, of reader expectation, of historical certainty. The literary canon itself is less a monument than a **(2)** _____—a site of contestation shaped by inclusion, exclusion, and reinvention. A Shakespearean soliloquy may bear universal resonance, yet it also emerges from a matrix of Elizabethan anxieties and power structures. The illusion of timelessness is, more often than not, a function of critical emphasis rather than intrinsic merit. Postcolonial and feminist critiques have challenged this apparent neutrality, foregrounding the voices that were once peripheral. Such interventions have not diminished literature's prestige but instead **(3)** _____ its moral and political stakes. Texts once considered apolitical are now read as cultural artifacts entangled in empire, patriarchy, and resistance. In this light, literary criticism becomes an act not of judgment but of **(4)** _____—an excavation of silences as much as meanings. The reader, then, is not a passive consumer but a co-creator, whose insights must be **(5)** _____ with humility and historical awareness. What should come in the place of blank number **(2)**?
	sanctuary
	battleground
	anthology
	threshold

Q.No: 86

In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:

Literature, far from being a static repository of aesthetic delight, is a restless medium through which cultures interrogate themselves. The novel, the poem, the play—all are not merely forms but fields wherein ideologies **(1)** _____, mutate, and sometimes dissolve. To read deeply is to risk disorientation, for every interpretation implies an act of displacement: of authorial intent, of reader expectation, of historical certainty. The literary canon itself is less a monument than a **(2)** _____—a site of contestation shaped by inclusion, exclusion, and reinvention. A Shakespearean soliloquy may bear universal resonance, yet it also emerges from a matrix of Elizabethan anxieties and power structures. The illusion of timelessness is, more often than not, a function of critical emphasis rather than intrinsic merit. Postcolonial and feminist critiques have challenged this apparent neutrality, foregrounding the voices that were once peripheral. Such interventions have not diminished literature's prestige but instead **(3)** _____ its moral and political stakes. Texts once considered apolitical are now read as cultural artifacts entangled in empire, patriarchy, and resistance. In this light, literary criticism becomes an act not of judgment but of **(4)** _____—an excavation of silences as much as meanings. The reader, then, is not a passive consumer but a co-creator, whose insights must be **(5)** _____ with humility and historical awareness.

What should come in the place of blank number **(3)**?

diluted

intensified

displaced

moderated

Q.No: 87	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Literature, far from being a static repository of aesthetic delight, is a restless medium through which cultures interrogate themselves. The novel, the poem, the play—all are not merely forms but fields wherein ideologies **(1)** _____, mutate, and sometimes dissolve. To read deeply is to risk disorientation, for every interpretation implies an act of displacement: of authorial intent, of reader expectation, of historical certainty. The literary canon itself is less a monument than a **(2)** _____—a site of contestation shaped by inclusion, exclusion, and reinvention. A Shakespearean soliloquy may bear universal resonance, yet it also emerges from a matrix of Elizabethan anxieties and power structures. The illusion of timelessness is, more often than not, a function of critical emphasis rather than intrinsic merit. Postcolonial and feminist critiques have challenged this apparent neutrality, foregrounding the voices that were once peripheral. Such interventions have not diminished literature's prestige but instead **(3)** _____ its moral and political stakes. Texts once considered apolitical are now read as cultural artifacts entangled in empire, patriarchy, and resistance. In this light, literary criticism becomes an act not of judgment but of **(4)** _____—an excavation of silences as much as meanings. The reader, then, is not a passive consumer but a co-creator, whose insights must be **(5)** _____ with humility and historical awareness. What should come in the place of blank number **(4)**? reparation
	affirmation
	archaeology
	speculation

Q.No: 88	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Literature, far from being a static repository of aesthetic delight, is a restless medium through which cultures interrogate themselves. The novel, the poem, the play—all are not merely forms but fields wherein ideologies **(1)** _____, mutate, and sometimes dissolve. To read deeply is to risk disorientation, for every interpretation implies an act of displacement: of authorial intent, of reader expectation, of historical certainty. The literary canon itself is less a monument than a **(2)** _____—a site of contestation shaped by inclusion, exclusion, and reinvention. A Shakespearean soliloquy may bear universal resonance, yet it also emerges from a matrix of Elizabethan anxieties and power structures. The illusion of timelessness is, more often than not, a function of critical emphasis rather than intrinsic merit. Postcolonial and feminist critiques have challenged this apparent neutrality, foregrounding the voices that were once peripheral. Such interventions have not diminished literature's prestige but instead **(3)** _____ its moral and political stakes. Texts once considered apolitical are now read as cultural artifacts entangled in empire, patriarchy, and resistance. In this light, literary criticism becomes an act not of judgment but of **(4)** _____—an excavation of silences as much as meanings. The reader, then, is not a passive consumer but a co-creator, whose insights must be **(5)** _____ with humility and historical awareness. What should come in the place of blank number **(5)**? annotated
	imposed
	brandished
	tempered

Q.No: 89	**Choose the correct comparison structure:** Few solutions were _____ promising as this one.
	so
	as
	that
	too

Q.No: 90	**Select the correct option:** Not until the auditors had submitted their exhaustive report ___ the full extent of procedural lapses become evident.
	did
	had
	was
	has
Not Answered	

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** He objected to the new policy (1)/ on the grounds that (2)/ it violated the principle rights (3)/ of the employees. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** The court let the plaintiff argue the motion without interruption. The motion was argued by the plaintiff without interruption.
	The plaintiff was let to argue the motion without interruption.
	The plaintiff was allowed to argue the motion without interruption.
	The court was letting the plaintiff argue the motion.

Q.No: 93	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The chant ended with a resounding **trisagion**.
	The choir practiced the ancient trisagion before vespers.
	The mystic whispered the trisagion under candlelight.
	The geologist identified a trisagion layer in the strata.
	The monk led the congregation through the trisagion.

Q.No: 94	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The car had been parked in front of the gate by the visitor.
	The visitor parks the car in front of the gate.
	The visitor had parked the car in front of the gate.
	The car was being parked in front of the gate by the visitor.
	The visitor will park the car in front of the gate.

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He asked me ***where do I live***.
	where I live
	where did I live
	where I lived
	where do I lived

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The teacher insisted that the student ***to be honest***.
	be honest
	is honest
	should honest
	should be honest

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The CEO admitted that the company's projections had been overly optimistic.
	"Our projections were overly optimistic," admitted the CEO.
	"The company's projections are overly optimistic," the CEO admitted.
	The CEO said, "Company Projections had been too optimistic."
	The CEO said, "The company's projections had been overly optimistic."

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, "Would you help me with this work?"
	He said if I would help him with that work.
	He asked if I would help him with that work.

	He asked would I help him with this work.
	He told me would I help him.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. Molecular structure is a fundamental concept in chemistry that describes the three-dimensional arrangement of atoms in a molecule. 2. These differences can significantly alter the physical and chemical properties of the substance, a concept known as isomerism. 3. It is typically represented by structural formulas, which illustrate the connectivity between atoms. 4. However, molecules with the same chemical formula can have different arrangements of atoms in space.
	3, 1, 2, 4
	2, 4, 3, 1
	1, 3, 4, 2
	1, 4, 3, 2

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This creates a sense of belonging and support. 2. Community engagement is vital for social cohesion. 3. It involves active participation in local initiatives and events. 4. Strong communities lead to improved quality of life for all residents.
	2-1-3-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1
	2-3-1-4

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Roll No.	
Candidate Name	***Crack cgl with me***
Exam Level	***:*** SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	***: 21 Sep 2025***
Test Time and Shift	***: 04:00 PM (Shift-3)***
Centre Name	***:***

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	In the sequence A, C, F, J..., which letter is the 5^{th}? अनुक्रम A, C, F, J... में कौन सा अक्षर 5^{th} है?
	0

	O
	P P N N
	M M

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Plot No. 19, Shivaji Park,Dadar West, Mumbai,Maharashtra - 400028 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Plot No. 19, Shivaji Park,Dadar West, Mumbai,Maharashtra - 400028
	Plot No. 19, Shivaji Park, Dadar W, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400028 Plot No. 19, Shivaji Park, Dadar W, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400028
	Plot No. 91, Shivaji Park, Dadar West, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400028 Plot No. 91, Shivaji Park, Dadar West, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400028
	Plot No. 19, Shivaji Pk, Dadar West, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400028 Plot No. 19, Shivaji Pk, Dadar West, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400028
	Plot No. 19, Shivaji Park, Dadar West, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400028 Plot No. 19, Shivaji Park, Dadar West, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400028

Q.No: 3 Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows.

Statement: The company has decided to switch to renewable energy sources for its operations.

Inferences:
I. The company aims to reduce its carbon footprint.
II. The company's current energy sources are expensive.

निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए।

कथन: कंपनी ने अपने परिचालन के लिए नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा स्रोतों पर स्विच करने का निर्णय लिया है।

अनुमान:
I. कंपनी का लक्ष्य अपने कार्बन फुटप्रिंट को कम करना है।
II. कंपनी के वर्तमान ऊर्जा स्रोत महंगे हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both follows

दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither follows

कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Not Answered

Q.No: 4 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series:
M C K J H N G M Q D R T ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) को प्रतिस्थापित कर सके:
M C K J H N G M Q D R T ?

AES

AES

	IJS IJS
	AWW AWW
	RDS RDS

Q.No: 5	Select the CORRECT sequence of mathematical signs to sequentially replace the A and B to balance the given equation. 15 A 5 B 4 = 35 दिए गए समीकरण को संतुलित करने के लिए A और B को क्रमिक रूप से प्रतिस्थापित करने हेतु गणितीय चिह्नों का सही क्रम चुनें। 15 A 5 B 4 = 35
	×, − ×, −
	÷, − ÷, −
	+, × +, ×
	÷, × ÷, ×

Q.No: 6	Find the WRONG number in the given series. 5040, 720, 120, 24, 4, 2 दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 5040, 720, 120, 24, 4, 2
	720

	720
	24 24
	4 4
	130 130
Q.No: 7	A statement is given followed by two conclusions. Find which conclusion is TRUE based on the given statement. Statement: C < A ≤ T = D ≤ O; G ≤ D < S; T ≥ A Conclusions: I: T ≤ O II: D < T एक कथन के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथन के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है। कथन: C < A ≤ T = D ≤ O; G ≤ D < S; T ≥ A निष्कर्ष: I: T ≤ O II: D < T
	Both I and II I और II दोनों Neither I nor II न तो I और न ही II
	Only I केवल I
	Only II केवल II

Q.No: 8	Choose the odd one out. विषम चुनें।
	Lily लिली
	Lotus कमल
	Grapes अंगूर
	Jasmine चमेली

Q.No: 9	Identify the roll number that doesn't fit this rule. Last 3 digits = First 3 digits + 100 उस रोल नंबर की पहचान करें जो इस नियम के अनुरूप नहीं है। अंतिम 3 अंक = पहले 3 अंक + 100
	200K300 200K300
	150K250 150K250
	250K350 250K350
	100K250 100K250

Q.No: 10	Identify the odd crop. Maize, Sugarcane, Cotton, Barley

	विषम फसल की पहचान करें। मक्का, गन्ना, कपास, जौ
	Maize मक्का Sugarcane गन्ना
	Cotton कपास
	Barley जौ

Q.No: 11	A is the son of B. C is the wife of B. D is the son of C. How is A related to D? A, B का पुत्र है। C, B की पत्नी है। D, C का पुत्र है। A का D से क्या संबंध है? Uncle चाचा
	Brother भाई
	Cousin चचेरा
	Son पुत्र

Q.No: 12	A is the father of B. B is the brother of C. How is A related to C? A, B का पिता है। B, C का भाई है। A, C से किस प्रकार संबंधित है? Uncle चाचा

	Father पिता
	Brother भाई
	Grandfather दादा

Q.No: 13	What comes next: **10, 17, 26, 37, 50, ?** इसके बाद क्या आएगा: **10, 17, 26, 37, 50, ?**
	45 45
	54 54
	76 76
	65 65
Q.No: 14	You're assigned a task you don't know how to do. What's your best course of action? आपको एक ऐसा काम सौंपा गया है जिसे आप नहीं जानते कि कैसे करना है। आपके लिए सबसे अच्छा उपाय क्या है?
	Make excuses बहाने बनाएं
	Do it wrongly गलत तरीके से करें
	Seek help or guidance सहायता या मार्गदर्शन लें
	Delay it

	इसमें देरी करें

Q.No: 15	Complete the series:0, 7, 26, 63, ? श्रृंखला को पूरा करें: 0, 7, 26, 63, ?
	100 100 125 125
	216 216
	124 124

Q.No: 16	Direction: Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below. Seven persons have to attend a seminar in seven different months i.e. January, March, April, May, July, August, September. Each of them works in seven different professions, i.e. Dentist, Surgeon, Police officer, Boxer, Journalist, Singer, and engineer but not necessarily in the same order. U is an engineer and attended the seminar on the month which has 30 days. Two persons attend seminars between U and the one who is a police officer. S attends the seminar just before the one who is a journalist. Three persons attend seminar between R and Q and both of them doesn't attend seminar either in March or May. The one who is a boxer attends the seminar just after the dentist. The one who is a surgeon attends the seminar just after the one who is an engineer. R attend seminar after U. Q and S both are not Police. Boxer attends the seminar in March. T attend the seminar after P but before V. Who attends the seminar in May?

	निर्देश: दी गई जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। सात व्यक्तियों को सात अलग-अलग महीनों अर्थात जनवरी, मार्च, अप्रैल, मई, जुलाई, अगस्त, सितंबर में एक सेमिनार में भाग लेना है। उनमें से प्रत्येक सात अलग-अलग व्यवसायों में काम करते हैं, अर्थात दंत चिकित्सक, शल्य चिकित्सक, पुलिस अधिकारी, मुक्केबाज, पत्रकार, गायक और इंजीनियर, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। U एक इंजीनियर है और उसने उस महीने में सेमिनार में भाग लिया जिसमें 30 दिन होते हैं। U और पुलिस अधिकारी के बीच दो व्यक्ति सेमिनार में भाग लेते हैं। S, पत्रकार के ठीक पहले सेमिनार में भाग लेता है। R और Q के बीच तीन व्यक्ति सेमिनार में भाग लेते हैं और दोनों ही मार्च या मई में सेमिनार में भाग नहीं लेते हैं। मुक्केबाज दंत चिकित्सक के ठीक बाद सेमिनार में भाग लेता है। शल्य चिकित्सक इंजीनियर के ठीक बाद सेमिनार में भाग लेता है। R, U के बाद सेमिनार में भाग लेता है। Q और S दोनों पुलिस नहीं हैं। मुक्केबाज मार्च में सेमिनार में भाग लेता है। T, P के बाद लेकिन V से पहले सेमिनार में भाग लेता है। मई में सेमिनार में कौन भाग लेता है?
	S S
	U U Q Q
	R R
Not Answered	
Q.No: 17	Directions: These questions are based on the following information: 'P@Q' means 'Q is the mother of P'. 'P$Q' means 'Q is the husband of P'. 'P#Q' means 'Q is the sister of P'. 'P&Q' means 'Q is the son of P'. If 'A & B @ C & D # E' then how is A related with E?

	निर्देश: निम्नलिखित जानकारी के आधार पर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। 'P@Q' का अर्थ है 'Q, P की माता है'। 'P $ Q' का अर्थ है 'Q, P का पति है'। 'P#Q' का अर्थ है 'Q, P की बहन है'। 'P&Q' का अर्थ है 'Q, P का पुत्र है'। यदि 'A & B @ C & D # E' है, तो A, E से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Father पिता
	Son पुत्र
	Daughter पुत्री
	Mother माता

Q.No: 18	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All kids are students. Some students are athletes. No athlete is a scholar. **Conclusions:** I. Some kids may be athletes. II. No kid is a scholar.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: सभी बच्चे छात्र हैं। कुछ छात्र एथलीट हैं। कोई भी एथलीट विद्वान नहीं है। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ बच्चे एथलीट हो सकते हैं। II. कोई भी बच्चा विद्वान नहीं है।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 19	Which word cannot be formed from the letters of the word ADMINISTRATION using each letter only once? इनमें से कौन सा शब्द ADMINISTRATION शब्द के अक्षरों से प्रत्येक अक्षर का केवल एक बार प्रयोग करके नहीं बनाया जा सकता है?
	SITUATION SITUATION
	TRADITION TRADITION RATION RATION
	STRAIN STRAIN

Q.No: 20	If SNAKE is written as RMZJD, how is ZEBRA written. अगर SNAKE को RMZJD लिखा जाता है, तो ZEBRA को कैसे लिखा जाएगा।
	YDAQZ YDAQZ
	YDAQY YDAQY
	YCBQZ YCBQZ
	YDAQX YDAQX

Q.No: 21	What comes next in the series? D, I, N, S, ? श्रृंखला में आगे क्या आता है? D, I, N, S, ?
	Z Z
	W W
	Y Y
	X X
Q.No: 22	If 3 $ 4 = 37 and 4 $ 5 = 61, what is 5 $ 6? यदि 3 $ 4 = 37 और 4 $ 5 = 61, तो 5 $ 6 क्या है?
	85

	85
	91 91
	96 96
	89 89

Q.No: 23	A train 120 meters long takes 6 seconds to cross a man. What is the speed of the train in km/h? 120 मीटर लंबी एक रेलगाड़ी को एक आदमी को पार करने में 6 सेकंड लगते हैं। रेलगाड़ी की गति किमी/घंटा में कितनी है?
	36 36
	72 72
	60 60
	75 75

Q.No: 24	What should come at the place of question mark? **2, 5, 10, 17, 26, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? **2, 5, 10, 17, 26, ?**
	35 35
	36

	36
	37 37
	38 38

Q.No: 25	If "CRANE" is coded as "DSBOF", how is "DSBOF" coded? यदि "CRANE" को "DSBOF" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "DSBOF" को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	ETCPG ETCPG
	DTCOP DTCOP ESCPF ESCPF
	DTCPF DTCPF

Roll No.	**:**
Candidate Name	**: crack cgl with me**
Exam Level	**:** SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	**: 21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	**: 04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	**:**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	Neither the Chola nor the Chera dynasty was directly responsible for the establishment of: न तो चोल और न ही चेर राजवंश सीधे तौर पर निम्नलिखित की स्थापना के लिए जिम्मेदार थे:
	Naval expeditions to Southeast Asia

	दक्षिण-पूर्व एशिया में नौसैनिक अभियान
	Tamil literary renaissance तमिल साहित्यिक पुनर्जागरण
	Devadasi temple system देवदासी मंदिर प्रणाली
	Bahmani kingdom बहमनी साम्राज्य

Q.No: 27	Which of these countries is known as the "Land of the Thunder Dragon"? इनमें से कौन सा देश "थंडर ड्रैगन की भूमि" के रूप में जाना जाता है?
	Nepal नेपाल
	Bhutan भूटान
	Sri Lanka श्रीलंका
	Maldives मालदीव
Q.No: 28	Which government scheme aims to provide financial support to senior citizens who may have lost their means of sustenance? किस सरकारी योजना का उद्देश्य उन वरिष्ठ नागरिकों को वित्तीय सहायता प्रदान करना है, जिन्होंने अपनी जीविका का साधन खो दिया है?
	Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme (IGNOAPS) इंदिरा गांधी राष्ट्रीय वृद्धावस्था पेंशन योजना (आईजीएनओएपीएस)
	Atal Pension Yojana (APY) अटल पेंशन योजना (एपीवाई)
	Pradhan Mantri Vaya Vandana Yojana (PMVVY)

	प्रधानमंत्री वय वंदना योजना (पीएमवीवीवाई)
	National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP) राष्ट्रीय सामाजिक सहायता कार्यक्रम (एनएसएपी)

Q.No: 29	Which Mughal Emperor is known for popularising pietra dura, or stone inlay technique, and the double dome in Indian architecture? कौन सा मुगल सम्राट पिएत्रा ड्यूरा, या पत्थर जड़ना तकनीक, और भारतीय वास्तुकला में दोहरे गुंबद को लोकप्रिय बनाने के लिए जाना जाता है?
	Babur बाबर
	Akbar अकबर
	Shah Jahan शाहजहाँ
	Aurangzeb औरंगजेब

Q.No: 30	What technological advancement is explicitly incorporated in the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 for faster justice delivery? त्वरित न्याय वितरण के लिए भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता, 2023 में किस तकनीकी प्रगति को स्पष्ट रूप से शामिल किया गया है?
	Use of blockchain in contracts अनुबंधों में ब्लॉकचेन का उपयोग
	Electronic recording of witness testimony गवाह की गवाही की इलेक्ट्रॉनिक रिकॉर्डिंग
	Live broadcast of trials मुकदमों का सीधा प्रसारण
	Use of drones for crime scene inspection

	अपराध स्थल निरीक्षण के लिए ड्रोन का उपयोग
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Who among the following was the Chief Guest at India's Republic Day celebrations in 2025? 2025 में भारत के गणतंत्र दिवस समारोह में मुख्य अतिथि निम्नलिखित में से कौन थे?
	Joe Biden जो बाइडेन
	H.E. Prabowo Subianto एच.ई. प्रबोवो सुबियान्टो
	Emmanuel Macron इमैनुएल मैक्रॉन
	Fumio Kishida फुमियो किशिदा

Q.No: 32	Talcher, a thermal power station in India, is in: भारत में स्थित ताप विद्युत स्टेशन तालचेर, स्थित है:
	Jharkhand झारखंड
	Tamil Nadu तमिलनाडु
	Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश
	Odisha ओडिशा

Q.No: 33	In India, which of these geological formations hosts the most significant groundwater reservoirs for large-scale and extensive development? भारत में, इनमें से कौन सी भूवैज्ञानिक संरचना बड़े पैमाने पर और व्यापक विकास के लिए सबसे महत्वपूर्ण भूजल भंडारों की मेजबानी करती है?
	Unconsolidated Formation असंगठित संरचना
	Semi-Consolidated Formation अर्द्ध-समेकित संरचना
	Fissured Formations दरारयुक्त संरचनाएं
	Consolidated Formations समेकित संरचनाएँ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	**Fill in the blank:** The ceremonial procession of Lord Dharnath in Dhar district of Madhya Pradesh is locally referred to as a _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** मध्य प्रदेश के धार जिले में भगवान धारनाथ की औपचारिक शोभायात्रा को स्थानीय रूप से _____ कहा जाता है।
	Jhanki झाँकी
	Chhabina छबिना
	Rath रथ
	Sawari सवारी

O.No: 35	In the context of the Rigveda, what does the term 'Rik' signify?

	ऋग्वेद के संदर्भ में 'ऋक्' शब्द का क्या अर्थ है? Ritual sacrifice अनुष्ठान बलिदान
	Divine law दैवीय कानून
	Sacred hymn पवित्र भजन
	Ancient melody प्राचीन राग

Q.No: 36	A personal foul in basketball primarily involves: बास्केटबॉल में व्यक्तिगत फ़ाउल में मुख्य रूप से शामिल होता है:
	Arguing with the referee रेफरी से बहस करना
	Illegal physical contact during active play सक्रिय खेल के दौरान अवैध शारीरिक संपर्क
	Delay of game violations खेल उल्लंघन में देरी
	Unsportsmanlike conduct on the bench बेंच पर खेल भावना के विपरीत आचरण

Q.No: 37	**Fill in the blank:** The Government of India Act 1919 created a bicameral central legislature with the Council of State and the ____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** भारत सरकार अधिनियम 1919 ने केंद्रीय विधायिका को द्विसदनीय बनाया जिसमें राज्य परिषद और ____ शामिल थे।

	Central Legislative Assembly केंद्रीय विधान सभा
	Imperial Council शाही परिषद
	Council of Princes राजकुमारों की परिषद
	Chamber of Deputies चैंबर ऑफ डेप्युटीज

Q.No: 38	What critical factor distinguished Vijay Kumar's performance in the men's 25m rapid pistol event at the London 2012 Olympics? लंदन 2012 ओलंपिक में पुरुषों की 25 मीटर रैपिड पिस्टल स्पर्धा में विजय कुमार के प्रदर्शन को किस महत्वपूर्ण कारक ने अलग किया?
	He set a new world record in the qualification round. उन्होंने पात्रता चरण में नया विश्व रिकॉर्ड बनाया।
	He won gold by defeating Cuba's Leuris Pupo in the final round. उन्होंने अंतिम चरण में क्यूबा के लेउरिस पुपो को हराकर स्वर्ण पदक जीता।
	He was the first Indian shooter to qualify for the finals. वह अंतिम चरण के लिए चयनित होने वाले पहले भारतीय निशानेबाज थे।
	He outshot a tied competitor in the sixth round to reach the final round. उन्होंने छठे चरण में बराबरी पर चल रहे प्रतिद्वंद्वी को पछाड़कर अंतिम चरण में प्रवेश किया।

Q.No: 39	Consider the following statements about the book 'One Hundred Years of Solitude' by Gabriel Garcia Marquez: 1) The novel employs magical realism to narrate the rise and fall of the Buendía family in the fictional town of Macondo. 2) It presents a linear historical account focused solely on Colombia's political events in the 20th century. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?**

	गैब्रियल गार्सिया मार्केज़ की पुस्तक 'वन हंड्रेड इयर्स ऑफ़ सॉलिट्यूड' के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) यह उपन्यास काल्पनिक शहर मैकोंडो में ब्यून्डिया परिवार के उत्थान और पतन का वर्णन करने के लिए जादुई यथार्थवाद का प्रयोग करता है। 2) यह 20वीं सदी में कोलंबिया की राजनीतिक घटनाओं पर केंद्रित एक रेखीय ऐतिहासिक विवरण प्रस्तुत करता है। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both statements 1 and 2 are correct कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither statement 1 nor 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	**Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the Indian football season 2024–25 as per the AIFF calendar?** 1.)The Durand Cup 2024, Asia's oldest football tournament, is scheduled between July 26 and August 31. 2.) The I-League 3 and the Junior Girls National Football Championship (Tier 1 & 2) will both run during the same calendar month. **एआईएफएफ कैलेंडर के अनुसार भारतीय फुटबॉल सीज़न 2024-25 के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?** 1.) डूरंड कप 2024, एशिया का सबसे पुराना फुटबॉल टूर्नामेंट, 26 जुलाई से 31 अगस्त के बीच आयोजित किया जाएगा। 2.) आई-लीग 3 और जूनियर गर्ल्स नेशनल फुटबॉल चैंपियनशिप (टियर 1 और 2) दोनों एक ही कैलेंडर महीने में आयोजित होंगे।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2

Q.No: 41	**Fill in the blanks:** During a Financial Emergency, the salaries of judges can be reduced by the _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** वित्तीय आपातकाल के दौरान, न्यायाधीशों के वेतन में _____ की कटौती की जा सकती है।
	President राष्ट्रपति
	PM प्रधानमंत्री Chief Justice चीफ जस्टिस Finance Commission वित्त आयोग

Q.No: 42	**Read the following statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct option.** **Assertion (A):**Generative Design Software is increasingly used by ISRO for optimizing structure and weight distribution in aerospace components. **Reason (R):**Generative design tools are specifically developed for modeling cryogenic fuel tanks used in PSLV variants. **अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़िए। सही विकल्प चुनिए।** **अभिकथन (A):** इसरो द्वारा एयरोस्पेस घटकों में संरचना और भार वितरण को अनुकूलित करने के लिए जनरेटिव डिज़ाइन सॉफ़्टवेयर का उपयोग तेज़ी से बढ़ रहा है। **कारण (R):** जनरेटिव डिज़ाइन उपकरण विशेष रूप से PSLV प्रकारों में प्रयुक्त क्रायोजेनिक ईंधन टैंकों के मॉडलिंग के लिए विकसित किए गए हैं।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false

	A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Q.No: 43	Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding the borrowing powers of States in India? 1) A State requires the Centre's consent for internal borrowing if it owes any debt to the Centre. 2) No State can raise loans from foreign sources without prior approval of the Union Government. भारत में राज्यों की उधार लेने की शक्तियों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही है/हैं?** 1) यदि किसी राज्य पर केंद्र का कोई ऋण बकाया है, तो उसे आंतरिक उधार लेने के लिए केंद्र की सहमति की आवश्यकता होती है। 2) कोई भी राज्य केंद्र सरकार की पूर्व स्वीकृति के बिना विदेशी स्रोतों से ऋण नहीं ले सकता है।
	Statement 1 is Correct कथन 1 सही है
	Statement 2 is Correct कथन 2 सही है
	Statement 1 and 2 are Correct कथन 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही हैं

Q.No: 44	Why is nichrome commonly used as the heating element in electric heaters? विद्युत हीटरों में तापन तत्व के रूप में आमतौर पर नाइक्रोम का उपयोग क्यों किया जाता है?
	It has low resistivity and a high melting point इसकी प्रतिरोधकता कम और गलनांक उच्च होता है
	It has high resistivity and a low melting point इसकी प्रतिरोधकता उच्च और गलनांक कम होता है
	It offers high resistivity and a high melting point

	यह उच्च प्रतिरोधकता और उच्च गलनांक प्रदान करता है
	It offers low resistivity and a low melting point यह कम प्रतिरोधकता और कम गलनांक प्रदान करता है

Q.No: 45	**Fill in the Blank:** Thoda is performed mostly by _____ community. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** थोडा मुख्यत: _____ समुदाय द्वारा किया जाता है।
	Rajputs राजपूतों
	Brahmins ब्राह्मणों
	Jats जाटों
	Ahirs अहीर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** GDP doesn't really tell the whole story when it comes to how well people in a country are actually doing. **Reason (R):** That's mainly because it doesn't take into account stuff like wear and tear of machines, pollution, or even how the money is divided among people. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के रूप में चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** जब किसी देश के लोगों की वास्तविक स्थिति की बात आती है, तो सकल घरेलू उत्पाद (GDP) वास्तव में पूरी कहानी नहीं बताता है। **कारण (R):** ऐसा मुख्यत: इसलिए है क्योंकि यह मशीनों की टूट-फूट, प्रदूषण, या यहाँ तक कि लोगों के बीच धन के वितरण जैसी बातों को ध्यान में नहीं रखता है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

	A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 47	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** AQI value above 400 is classified as 'Severe'. **Reason (R):** Such levels cause respiratory effects even on healthy individuals. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ: **अभिकथन (A):** 400 से ऊपर के AQI मान को 'गंभीर' श्रेणी में रखा जाता है। **कारण (R):** ऐसे स्तर स्वस्थ व्यक्तियों पर भी श्वसन संबंधी प्रभाव डालते हैं।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Q.No: 48	Why were fertilizer subsidies a double-edged policy instrument during 1960–1990? 1960-1990 के दौरान उर्वरक सब्सिडी एक दोधारी नीतिगत साधन क्यों थी?
	They promoted global trade

	उन्होंने वैश्विक व्यापार को बढ़ावा दिया
	They reduced rural employment उन्होंने ग्रामीण रोजगार को कम कर दिया
	They supported productivity but often benefited richer farmers उन्होंने उत्पादकता का समर्थन किया लेकिन अक्सर अमीर किसानों को लाभ पहुंचाया
	They discouraged use of HYV seeds उन्होंने HYV बीजों के उपयोग को हतोत्साहित किया
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Consider the following statements on the Green Hydrogen Mission: 1. It aims to make India a global hub for production and export of green hydrogen. 2. The mission targets production of 10 MMT by 2030. 3. Green hydrogen is produced by electrolysis using renewable energy. हरित हाइड्रोजन मिशन पर निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. इसका उद्देश्य भारत को हरित हाइड्रोजन के उत्पादन और निर्यात का वैश्विक केंद्र बनाना है। 2. इस मिशन का लक्ष्य 2030 तक 10 मिलियन मीट्रिक टन उत्पादन करना है। 3. हरित हाइड्रोजन का उत्पादन नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा का उपयोग करके इलेक्ट्रोलिसिस द्वारा किया जाता है।
	Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	All 1, 2 and 3 are correct सभी 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Q.No: 50	The term 'Navratnas' in public sector reform refers to:

	सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र सुधार में 'नवरत्न' शब्द का तात्पर्य है:
	Public enterprises given full privatization सार्वजनिक उद्यमों का पूर्ण निजीकरण किया गया
	Public enterprises granted autonomy for better performance बेहतर प्रदर्शन के लिए सार्वजनिक उद्यमों को स्वायत्तता प्रदान की गई
	Subsidy-driven rural firms सब्सिडी-संचालित ग्रामीण फर्में
	Firms eligible for WTO support विश्व व्यापार संगठन के समर्थन के लिए पात्र फर्में

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	: **UMANG INFOTECH**

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51

What will come in place of **?** to satisfy the equation : $(\sqrt{6}-1)^2 = ?-2\sqrt{6}$

समीकरण को संतुष्ट करने के लिए ? के स्थान पर क्या आएगा:

$(\sqrt{6}-1)^2 = ?-2\sqrt{6}$

	7 7
	6 6
	5 5
	4 4

Q.No: 52	A vendor lends 74,000 rupees at a rate of 12% compound interest per annum, compounded annually. Find the interest for the 3rd year. एक विक्रेता 12% वार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज की दर से 74,000 रुपये उधार देता है। तीसरे वर्ष का ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिए।
	10,000.90 10,000.90
	11,000.50 11,000.50
	11,139.07 11,139.07
	12,000 12,000
Not Answered	

Q.No: 53	If the simple interest on a sum of Rs. A at 6% per annum for 2 years is equal to the simple interest on Rs. B at 4% per annum for 3 years, then what is the ratio of A to B? यदि A रुपए की राशि पर 2 वर्ष के लिए 6% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज, B रुपए पर 3 वर्ष के लिए 4% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज के बराबर है, तो A से B का अनुपात क्या है?
	1:1

	1:1
	2:3 2:3 2:1 2:1
	1:2 1:2

Q.No: 54	Which of these is a number that is real but NOT rational? इनमें से कौन सी संख्या वास्तविक है लेकिन परिमेय नहीं है?
	3/4 3/4
	5 5
	Square root of 7 7 का वर्गमूल
	-2 -2

Q.No: 55	Manoj crosses a 500 m long street in 5 minutes. What is his speed in km per hour? मनोज 500 मीटर लंबी सड़क 5 मिनट में पार करता है। उसकी गति किमी प्रति घंटे में क्या है?
	5.5 km/h. 5.5 किमी/घंटा
	5 km/h.

	5 किमी/घंटा
	6 km/h. 6 किमी/घंटा
	7 km/h. 7 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 56	A pyramid with an equilateral triangular base of side 10 cm and height 14 cm is placed on top of a cube with side length 10 cm. Find the total volume of the composite solid. 10 सेमी भुजा और 14 सेमी ऊँचाई वाले समबाहु त्रिभुजाकार आधार वाले एक पिरामिड को 10 सेमी भुजा वाले एक घन के ऊपर रखा गया है। मिश्रित ठोस का कुल आयतन ज्ञात कीजिए।
	2102.57 cm^3 2102.57 सेमी^{3}
	1202.07 cm^3 1202.07 सेमी^{3}
	4202.07 cm^3 4202.07 सेमी^{3}
	6202.57 cm^3 6202.57 सेमी^{3}
Not Answered	

Q.No: 57	A and B invested Rs. 60,000 and Rs. 40,000 respectively for 12 months. A take 10% of the profit for managing. The remaining profit of Rs. 90,000 is divided based on capital. What is B's share? A और B ने 12 महीनों के लिए क्रमशः ₹60,000 और ₹40,000 का निवेश किया। A ने प्रबंधन के लिए लाभ का 10% हिस्सा लिया। शेष ₹90,000 का लाभ पूँजी के आधार पर विभाजित किया गया। B का हिस्सा क्या है?
	Rs. 36,000 36,000 रुपये
	Rs. 30,000

	30,000 रुपये
	Rs. 40,000 40,000 रुपये Rs. 35,000 35,000 रुपये

Q.No: 58	A triangular field with base 40 m and height 30 m shares a side with a rectangle of length 40 m and breadth 25 m. Find the combined area and percentage of the triangle's area in the total. 40 मीटर आधार और 30 मीटर ऊँचाई वाला एक त्रिभुजाकार मैदान 40 मीटर लंबाई और 25 मीटर चौड़ाई वाले एक आयत के साथ एक भुजा साझा करता है। संयुक्त क्षेत्रफल और कुल क्षेत्रफल में त्रिभुज के क्षेत्रफल का प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$1,450\ m^2$ and 24.5% $1,450\ m^2$ और 24.5%
	$2,450\ m^2$ and 25.5% $2,450\ m^2$ और25.5%
	$1,600\ m^2$ and 37.5% $1,600\ m^2$ और 37.5%
	$2,500\ m^2$ and 25% $2,500\ m^2$ और25%
Not Answered	

Q.No: 59	A regular hexagon is inscribed inside a circle of radius 14 cm. Find the area of the hexagon. 14 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त के अन्दर एक समषट्भुज बना है। षट्भुज का क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$438.54\ cm^2$ 438.54 सेमी^{2}
	$509.21\ cm^2$

	509.21 सेमी^{2}
	598.45 cm^2 598.45 सेमी^{2}
	638.76 cm^2 638.76 सेमी^{2}
Not Answered	

Q.No: 60	Three numbers are such that the second is 150% of the first, and the third is 80% of the second. What is the ratio of the first to the third? तीन संख्याएँ इस प्रकार हैं कि दूसरी संख्या पहली संख्या का 150% है और तीसरी संख्या दूसरी संख्या का 80% है। पहली संख्या का तीसरी संख्या से अनुपात क्या है?
	5:6 5:6
	2:3 2:3
	5:4 5:4
	5:8 5:8

Q.No: 61	A steel plate is in the shape of a right triangle. The lengths of the legs are in the ratio 5:12. If the hypotenuse is 13 m, what is the area? एक स्टील की प्लेट समकोण त्रिभुज के आकार की है। इसकी भुजाओं की लंबाई 5:12 के अनुपात में है। यदि कर्ण 13 मीटर है, तो इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	30 m^2 30 मीटर^2
	60 m^2 60 मीटर^2

	78 m^2 78 मीटर^2 50 m^2 50 मीटर^2

Q.No: 62	A number was mistakenly increased by 25% instead of decreased by 20%. By what percent is the final result more than the CORRECT value? एक संख्या को गलती से 20% घटाने के बजाय 25% बढ़ा दिया गया। अंतिम परिणाम सही मान से कितने प्रतिशत अधिक है?
	56.25% 56.25%
	50.5% 50.5%
	45% 45%
	60.25% 60.25%

Q.No: 63	A wholesaler sells a packet of tea to a retailer at a profit of 20%. The retailer then marks up the price by 50% and offers a discount of 20% to the customer. If the customer pays Rs. 480, find the cost price of the packet for the wholesaler. एक थोक व्यापारी एक चाय का पैकेट खुदरा व्यापारी को 20% लाभ पर बेचता है। खुदरा व्यापारी फिर कीमत में 50% की बढ़ोतरी करता है और ग्राहक को 20% की छूट देता है। अगर ग्राहक ने ₹480 का भुगतान किया, तो थोक व्यापारी के लिए उस पैकेट की लागत कीमत ज्ञात कीजिए।
	Rs. 300.33 300.33 रुपये Rs. 320.26 320.26 रुपये
	Rs. 333.33

	333.33 रुपये
	Rs. 340.26 340.26 रुपये

Q.No: 64	In a right prism with a square base, volume = 1024 cm^3 and height = 16 cm. What is the side of the square base? एक वर्गाकार आधार वाले लम्ब प्रिज्म का आयतन = 1024 सेमी^{3} और ऊँचाई = 16 सेमी है। वर्गाकार आधार की भुजा क्या है?
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	6 cm 6 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी

Q.No: 65	A tap can fill an oil tank in 14 hours. After half the tank is filled, 7 more similar taps are opened. What is the total time taken to fill the oil tank completely? एक नल एक तेल की टंकी को 14 घंटे में भर सकता है। आधी टंकी भरने के बाद, 7 और समान नल खोले जाते हैं। तेल की टंकी को पूरी तरह भरने में कुल कितना समय लगेगा?
	6 hr 55 min 6 घंटे 55 मिनट
	6 hr 52 min 20 sec 6 घंटे 52 मिनट 20 सेकंड
	7 hr 7 घंटे
	7 hr 52 min 30 sec

7 घंटे 52 मिनट 30 सेकंड

Not Answered

Q.No: 66	The average of x and y is 30. The average of x, y, and z is 40. What is the average of x, y, and 2z? x और y का औसत 30 है। x, y और z का औसत 40 है। x, y और 2z का औसत क्या है?
	50 50
	55 55
	60 60
	65 65

Q.No: 67	A seller mixes two varieties of rice costing Rs. 40/kg and Rs. 60/kg in a certain ratio and sells the mixture at Rs. 55/kg, gaining 10%. What is the ratio in which the two types are mixed? एक विक्रेता 40 रुपये प्रति किलो और 60 रुपये प्रति किलो कीमत वाले चावल की दो किस्मों को एक निश्चित अनुपात में मिलाता है और मिश्रण को 55 रुपये प्रति किलो की दर से बेचता है, जिससे उसे 10% का लाभ होता है। दोनों किस्मों को किस अनुपात में मिलाया गया है?
	1:1 1:1
	2:3 2:3
	3:2 3:2
	4:1 4:1

Q.No: 68	If $sinA = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$, then find the value of $tanA + secA$. यदि $sinA = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$, तो $tanA + secA$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	$\frac{(1+\sqrt{10})}{3}$ $\frac{(1+\sqrt{10})}{3}$ $\frac{(5+\sqrt{10})}{5}$ $\frac{(5+\sqrt{10})}{5}$ $\frac{(6+\sqrt{10})}{3}$ $\frac{(6+\sqrt{10})}{3}$
	$\frac{(1+\sqrt{10})}{5}$ $\frac{(1+\sqrt{10})}{5}$
Q.No: 69	Find the value of $\sin^2 90° + \cos^2 60°$. $\sin^2 90° + \cos^2 60°$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$
	$\frac{11}{5}$ $\frac{11}{5}$
	$\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{6}{5}$

	$\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$
Q.No: 70	Find the x-intercept of $5x + 2y = 10$ $5x + 2y = 10$ का x-अन्तःखंड ज्ञात कीजिए
	2 2
	4 4 5 5
	7 7

Q.No: 71	If sin(A) = cos(B), cos(A) = sin(C), and A + B + C = 90°, then what is the value of angle A? यदि sin(A) = cos(B), cos(A) = sin(C), तथा A + B + C = 90° है, तो कोण A का मान क्या है?
	90° 90°
	60° 60°
	30° 30°
	15° 15°
Not Answered	

Q.No: 72	The sum of all interior angles of a 20-sided polygon is: 20 भुजाओं वाले बहुभुज के सभी आंतरिक कोणों का योग है:
	3240° 3240°
	3600° 3600°
	3060° 3060°
	3420° 3420°

Q.No: 73	Point P is at an equal distance from the three vertices of a triangle with coordinates A(0, 0), B(4, 0), and C(0, 3). What are the coordinates of point P? बिंदु P, निर्देशांक A(0, 0), B(4, 0) और C(0, 3) वाले एक त्रिभुज के तीनों शीर्षों से समान दूरी पर है। बिंदु P के निर्देशांक क्या हैं?
	(2, 1.5) (2, 1.5)
	(2, 2) (2, 2)
	(1.5, 2) (1.5, 2)
	(2.5, 2.5) (2.5, 2.5)

Q.No: 74	**Simplify:** $\frac{\sqrt{5+2\sqrt{6}}}{\sqrt{5-2\sqrt{6}}}$

	सरलीकरण: $\frac{\sqrt{5+2\sqrt{6}}}{\sqrt{5-2\sqrt{6}}}$
	$5-2\sqrt{6}$ $5-2\sqrt{6}$
	$5+2\sqrt{6}$ $5+2\sqrt{6}$
	$3+2\sqrt{3}$ $3+2\sqrt{3}$ $3-2\sqrt{3}$ $3-2\sqrt{3}$

Q.No: 75	A right-angled triangle ABC has legs AB=6 cm and BC=8 cm. An altitude BD is drawn from the vertex B to the hypotenuse AC. What is the length of the altitude BD? एक समकोण त्रिभुज ABC की भुजाएँ AB=6 सेमी और BC=8 सेमी हैं। शीर्ष B से कर्ण AC तक एक शीर्षलंब BD खींचा गया है। शीर्षलंब BD की लंबाई क्या है?
	4.8 cm 4.8 सेमी
	5.6 cm 5.6 सेमी
	6.4 cm 6.4 सेमी
	7.2 cm 7.2 सेमी

Roll No.	**Crack cgl with me**
Candidate Name	**:**
Exam Level	**:** SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	**: 21 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	**: 04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	**: UMANG INFOTECH**

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Read the passage and answer the questions: The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection. "Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers. The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks. Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains. In the sentence: "The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism..."? **What is the grammatical role of the clause** "whose daring transcended mere athleticism"
	Adjective clause modifying "figures"
	Adverbial clause modifying "history"
	Noun clause acting as the subject
	Adjective phrase modifying "mountaineering"

Q.No: 77	Read the passage and answer the questions: The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection. "Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers. The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks. Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains. What is the meaning of the word **"epochal"** in the context: "Tenzing Norgay and Sir Edmund Hillary's epochal 1953 Everest ascent..."
	Trivial
	Highly significant and historic
	Ordinary and recurrent
	Disastrous

Q.No: 78	Read the passage and answer the questions: The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection. "Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers. The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks. Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains. What does the word **"dialectic"** most nearly imply in the phrase: "...each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains"?
	A silent observation
	A hostile confrontation
	A dialogue or interplay between opposing forces
	A scientific measurement

Q.No: 79	Read the passage and answer the questions: The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection. "Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers. The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks. Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains. Which of the following best summarizes the primary argument of the passage?
	Mountaineering is solely a test of physical endurance. Mountaineering history is dominated by Western adventurers.
	Mountaineering represents a confluence of physical challenge, cultural identity, and philosophical exploration.
	Technological advancements have made mountaineering effortless.

Q.No: 80	Read the passage and answer the questions: The annals of mountaineering history are adorned with figures whose daring transcended mere athleticism, embodying philosophical quests for transcendence against Earth's most formidable landscapes. Each mountaineer — whether treading the snows of Everest, the granite of Patagonia, or the arid heights of the Atlas Mountains — etched a distinct narrative of audacity and introspection. "Tenzing Norgay" and "Sir Edmund Hillary's" epochal 1953 Everest ascent immortalized human perseverance, but figures such as "Reinhold Messner" redefined the boundaries further. Rejecting supplemental oxygen, Messner's minimalist ethos emphasized purity over conquest, portraying mountains not as trophies but as sentient entities commanding reverence. Similarly, "Junko Tabei", the first woman to summit Everest, symbolized the intersection of resilience and quiet defiance in an era resistant to female adventurers. The ethos of mountaineering diversified through the late 20th and early 21st centuries. Climbers like "Kilian Jornet", blending ultra-marathon endurance with technical ascents, and "Nirmal Purja", whose record-breaking summits shattered temporal assumptions, reveal a contemporary paradigm: mountains as arenas of rapid, almost transcendental athleticism. Meanwhile, indigenous climbers, long relegated to footnotes in expedition histories, increasingly assert their rightful place as stewards of sacred peaks. Thus, the saga of mountaineering resists reduction to mere feats of strength. It weaves a tapestry of cultures, philosophies, and personal odysseys — each ascent a dialectic between human fragility and the immutable majesty of the mountains. Which word could best replace **"immutable"** in the phrase **"...the immutable majesty of the mountains..."** without significantly changing the meaning?
	Transient
	Unchanging
	Diminishing
	Fragile

Q.No: 81	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. His _____ disregard for protocol annoyed his superiors.
	blatant
	blaetant
	blatennt
	blattant

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct one-word substitution for the phrase in italics. "A person who is *indifferent to or distrustful of human integrity or morality.*"
	Idealist
	Cynic
	Optimist
	Humanitarian

Q.No: 83	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CONDEMN**
	Praise
	Criticize
	Protect
	Applaud

Q.No: 84	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Vindicate**
	Justify
	Carefree
	Forgive
	Accuse

Q.No: 85	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Throw one's hat into the ring** Resign from a position
	Announce one's candidacy or challenge
	Declare outright defeat
	Bet recklessly

Q.No: 86	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **To be in high dudgeon** To be in a state of moral superiority
	To be offended with exaggerated dignity
	To be excited without restraint
	To be lost in self-delusion

Q.No: 87	Which is the **correct spelling** for a word meaning 'to erase or wipe out'?
	Exponge
	Expung
	Expunge
	Expouge

Q.No: 88	Which of these is the **correct spelling** of a logic term for contradictions?
	Paraconsistent
	Paraconssistent
	Paraconsistint
	Paraconsestent

Q.No: 89	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'One who eats human flesh'.
	Cannibal
	Herbivore
	Carnivore
	Omnivore

Q.No: 90	**Select the correct option:** He devoted himself to the cause ___ body and soul.

	with
	by
	in
	heart

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The assumption that all data must be normalized (1)/ before processing it using machine learning algorithms (2)/ has been a common practice (3)/ in this domain for decades. (4) (1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** Where will they hold the conference?
	Where the conference will be held?
	Where will the conference be held?
	Where is the conference held?
	Where has the conference been held?

Q.No: 93	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Those most affected by the decision (1)/ appears to be those (2)/ who were never consulted (3)/ during the drafting of the policy. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Q.No: 94	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The director gave a **stern** warning to the cast.
	The sailor stood at the stern of the ship.
	Her face showed a stern expression.
	The teacher's tone was stern and serious.
	His discipline was known to be stern.

Q.No: 95	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The decision was expected to be made by the council after further review.
	The council expected making a decision after review.
	It was expected that the council would make the decision after review.
	The council made the decision as was expected.
	The council was expected to have made the decision.

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The teacher advised him ***to not waste time.***
	that he should not waste time
	not to waste time
	to waste not time
	to avoid wasting time

Q.No: 97	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** She posited that the narrative would have achieved greater cohesion had the author maintained a single focalisation.
	She said, "If the author maintains a single focalisation, the narrative will achieve greater cohesion."
	She said, "The narrative would have achieved greater cohesion had the author maintained a single focalisation."
	She said, "The narrative will achieve greater cohesion if a single focalisation was maintained by the author."
	She said, "Had the author maintained a single focalisation, the narrative must achieve greater cohesion."
Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He said, “You must work hard.”
	He said I must work hard.
	He said that I had to work hard.
	He said that you must work hard.
	He said that I have to work hard.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This process, a crucial part of the plant's life cycle, is vital for the continued existence of many plant species. 2. Pollination is the transfer of pollen from the male part of a flower to the female part. 3. The transfer can be carried out by various agents, including insects, birds, and wind. 4. Successful pollination leads to fertilization and the subsequent production of seeds and fruits.
	2, 3, 4, 1
	3, 4, 1, 2
	1, 2, 3, 4
	4, 1, 2, 3

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. Consequently, new forms of entertainment emerged. 2. The advent of television transformed leisure activities. 3. People spent more time at home, watching programs. 4. It significantly impacted social interaction patterns.
	2-1-3-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1
	2-3-4-1

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Test Date	: **22 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Sample Address:No. 38, Orchid Residency,Garia, Kolkata,West Bengal - 700084

	वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Sample Address:No. 38, Orchid Residency,Garia, Kolkata,West Bengal - 700084
	No. 38, Orchid Residency, Garia, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700084 No. 38, Orchid Residency, Garia, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700084
	38, Orchid Residency, Garia, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700084 38, Orchid Residency, Garia, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700084
	No. 38, Orchid Residncy, Garia, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700084 No. 38, Orchid Residncy, Garia, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700084
	No. 38, Orchid Residency, Garia, Kolkatta, West Bengal - 700084 No. 38, Orchid Residency, Garia, Kolkatta, West Bengal - 700084

Q.No: 2	A statement is given followed by two conclusions. Find which conclusion is TRUE based on the given statement. Statement: C < A ≤ T = D ≥ O; G ≥ D < S; T ≥ A Conclusions: I: A ≤ O II: C < G एक कथन के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथन के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है। कथन: C < A ≤ T = D ≥ O; G ≥ D < S; T ≥ A निष्कर्ष: I: A ≤ O II: C < G
	Either I or II या तो I या II
	Neither I nor II न तो I और न ही II

	Only I केवल I
	Only II केवल II

Q.No: 3	The given statements are followed by two conclusions. Find out which conclusion is FALSE based on the given statements. Statements: J > K = L, M ≥ N < K, O < J < P, N > Q > R Conclusions: I. P > M II. N < P दिए गए कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथनों के आधार पर पता लगाएँ कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष असत्य है। कथन: J > K = L, M ≥ N < K, O < J < P, N > Q > R निष्कर्ष: I. P > M II. N < P
	Only conclusion II is false केवल निष्कर्ष II असत्य है
	Both conclusion I and II are false निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों असत्य हैं
	Only conclusion I is false केवल निष्कर्ष I असत्य है
	Neither conclusion I nor II is false न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II असत्य है

O.No: 4	B is the daughter of A. A is the son of C. How is C related to B?

	B, A की पुत्री है। A, C का पुत्र है। C, B से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Mother माँ
	Father पिता
	Grandparent दादा-दादी
	Uncle चाचा

Q.No: 5	A − B means A is the sister of BA × B means A is the mother of BA ÷ B means A is the father of BA + B means A is the brother of B What is the relation in A × B + C? A − B का अर्थ है A, B की बहन है A × B का अर्थ है A, B की माँ है A ÷ B का अर्थ है A, B का पिता है A + B का अर्थ है A, B का भाई है, A × B + C में क्या संबंध है?
	A is the mother of C A, C की माँ है
	B is the father of C B, C का पिता है
	C is the mother of B C, B की माँ है
	B is the brother of A B, A का भाई है

Q.No: 6	Read the following statement carefully and identify the action that follows. Statement: Road accidents have increased in the city during the last six months. Course of Action: 1. Traffic police should be instructed to strictly monitor driving rules. 2. Public should be educated about road safety. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद की कार्रवाई की पहचान करें। कथन: पिछले छह महीनों में शहर में सड़क दुर्घटनाओं में वृद्धि हुई है। कार्रवाई: 1. ट्रैफिक पुलिस को वाहन चलाने के नियमों की कड़ाई से निगरानी करने का निर्देश दिया जाना चाहिए। 2. जनता को सड़क सुरक्षा के बारे में शिक्षित किया जाना चाहिए।
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Only 1 follows केवल 1 अनुसरण करता है Only 2 follows केवल 2 अनुसरण करते हैं Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 7	Find the odd one out: विषम चुनें:
	X1 $, X1 $,
	Y2 $, Y2 $,
	Z3 $,

	z3 $,
	w4 $ w4 $

Q.No: 8	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All birds are animals. Some animals are tigers. No tiger is a bird. **Conclusions:** I. Some tigers are birds. II. Some animals are not birds. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: सभी पक्षी जानवर हैं। कुछ जानवर बाघ हैं। कोई भी बाघ पक्षी नहीं है। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ बाघ पक्षी हैं। II. कुछ जानवर पक्षी नहीं हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 9	What comes next? Z, X, U, Q, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? Z, X, U, Q, ?
	L L
	M M
	N N P P

Q.No: 10	In the following question, select the word that can be formed using the letters of the given word. PITCHINGS निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, वह शब्द चुनिए जो दिए गए शब्द के अक्षरों का प्रयोग करके बनाया जा सकता है। PITCHINGS
	HINGS HINGS
	HANGS HANGS
	HUNG HUNG HECK HECK

Q.No: 11	Fill in the missing letter based on an alphabetical pattern. A, C, E, ?, I वर्णमाला पैटर्न के आधार पर लुप्त अक्षर ज्ञात करें। A, C, E, ?, I
	F F
	G G
	H H
	⅃ ⅃

Q.No: 12	In a certain code, PLANE is written as QMBOF. How is TRAIN written in that code? किसी निश्चित कोड में PLANE को QMBOF लिखा जाता है। उसी कोड में TRAIN को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	USBJO USBJO
	USQJO USQJO
	USBOJ USBOJ
	URBJO URBJO

Q.No: 13	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives दिए गए विकल्पों में से बेमेल विकल्प चुनिए
	Classical Languages शास्त्रीय भाषाएँ
	Tamil तामिल
	Sanskrit संस्कृत
	Kannada कन्नडा

Q.No: 14	What comes next: **ZY, XW, VU, TS, ?** इसके बाद क्या आता है: **ZY, XW, VU, TS, ?**
	RQ RQ
	PQ PQ
	PR PR
	QP QP

Q.No: 15	The sum of three consecutive even numbers is 72. What is the largest of these three numbers? तीन क्रमागत सम संख्याओं का योग 72 है। इन तीनों में से सबसे बड़ी संख्या क्या है?
	22

	22
	24 24
	26 26
	28 28

Q.No: 16	**Eligibility Criteria:** Should have passed 12th with minimum 60% marks. 40 WPM typing speed is a must. Should have completed certificate course in Typing or Data Entry. Age should be between 18 to 28 years only. **Case:** Raj has passed 12th with 65%, possesses a 38 WPM typing speed, and is a certified Data Entry professional. He is 24 years old. **पात्रता मानदंड:** न्यूनतम 60% अंकों के साथ 12वीं पास होना चाहिए। 40 शब्द प्रति मिनट टाइपिंग स्पीड अनिवार्य है। टाइपिंग या डेटा एंट्री में सर्टिफिकेट कोर्स पूरा किया होना चाहिए। आयु केवल 18 से 28 वर्ष के बीच होनी चाहिए। **मामला:** राज ने 65% अंकों के साथ 12वीं पास की है, उसकी टाइपिंग स्पीड 38 शब्द प्रति मिनट है और वह एक प्रमाणित डेटा एंट्री पेशेवर है। उसकी आयु 24 वर्ष है।
	Eligible योग्य
	Not eligible due to age आयु के कारण पात्र नहीं
	Not eligible due to typing speed टाइपिंग गति के कारण पात्र नहीं
	Not eligible due to missing certification

	प्रमाणन न होने के कारण पात्र नहीं

Q.No: 17	If 'P' denotes '+', 'Q' denotes '×', 'R' denotes '−', and 'S' denotes '÷' what is the value of the following expression? **6 Q 2 P 4 R 3 S 1 =?** यदि 'P' का अर्थ '+', 'Q' का अर्थ '×', 'R' का अर्थ '−' और 'S' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या है? **6 Q 2 P 4 R 3 S 1 =?**
	16 16
	13 13
	12 12
	10 10

Q.No: 18	If the signs are interchanged as follows: • '+' means '×' • '−' means '÷' • '×' means '+' • '÷' means '−' Choose the correct equation from the options below. यदि चिह्नों को निम्न प्रकार से आपस में बदल दिया जाए: • '+' का अर्थ है '×' • '−' का अर्थ है '÷' • '×' का अर्थ है '+' • '÷' का अर्थ है '−' नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही समीकरण चुनें।
	8×4÷5=7 8×4÷5=7
	12+3−6=10 12+3−6=10
	18÷6+3=5 18÷6+3=5
	7−2+3=12 7−2+3=12

Q.No: 19	A patient with a contagious disease is admitted. What is your first step? किसी संक्रामक रोग से पीड़ित मरीज़ को अस्पताल में भर्ती कराया जाता है। आपका पहला कदम क्या होगा?

	Isolate the patient and inform the doctor रोगी को अलग रखें और डॉक्टर को सूचित करें
	Ask them to wait उनसे प्रतीक्षा करने के लिए कहें
	Inform the media मीडिया को सूचित करें
	Discharge them immediately उन्हें तुरंत छुट्टी दे दी जाए

Q.No: 20	Given below is an equation which has to be solved by following the interchange i.e., + becomes − and − becomes + × becomes ÷ and ÷ becomes × Then what is the value of 100 ÷ 5 + 20 − 10 × 2 = ? नीचे एक समीकरण दिया गया है जिसे परस्पर परिवर्तन करके हल करना है, अर्थात, +, − बन जाता है और −, + बन जाता है ×, ÷ बन जाता है और ÷, × बन जाता है तो 100 ÷ 5 + 20 − 10 × 2 = का मान क्या है?
	534 534
	330 330
	22 22
	485 485

Q.No: 21	What should come at the place of question mark? **100, 97, 91, 82, ?, 55** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? **100, 97, 91, 82, ?, 55**
	68 68
	70 70
	64 64
	60 60

Q.No: 22	Statements: All dogs are cats. Some cats are rats. Conclusions: I. Some rats are dogs. II. All dogs are rats. कथन: सभी कुत्ते बिल्लियाँ हैं। कुछ बिल्लियाँ चूहे हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ चूहे कुत्ते हैं। II. सभी कुत्ते चूहे हैं।
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 23	If "CAT" is coded as "3-1-20", how will "TAC" be coded? यदि "CAT" को "3-1-20" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "TAC" को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?

	20-1-3 20-1-3
	3-20-1 3-20-1
	1-3-20 1-3-20
	20-3-1 20-3-1

Q.No: 24	If GARDEN is coded as FZQCDM, how is FZQCDM coded? यदि GARDEN को FZQCDM के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो FZQCDM को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा? EYPCBJ EYPCBJ
	EYPBCL EYPBCL
	EYPCBL EYPCBL FZQCDN FZQCDN

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination.4, 9, 12, 12, 36, 16, 108 , 18 , 323 , 21 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 4, 9, 12, 12, 36, 16, 108, 18, 323, 21 18, 323 18, 323
	36 16

	36 16
	16, 323 16, 323 36, 108 36, 108

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
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Note:

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26 India's first interplanetary mission is:

भारत का पहला अंतरग्रहीय मिशन है:

	Chandrayaan-1 चंद्रयान-1 Gaganyaan गगनयान
	Aditya-L1 आदित्य-एल1
	Mangalyaan (Mars Orbiter Mission) मंगलयान (मंगल ऑर्बिटर मिशन)

Q.No: 27	Which BRICS country has the longest coastline? किस ब्रिक्स देश की तटरेखा सबसे लम्बी है?
	Russia रूस
	Brazil ब्राज़िल
	China चीन
	South Africa दक्षिण अफ़्रीका

Q.No: 28	Which Indian martial art involves the use of a flexible sword called "Urumi"? किस भारतीय मार्शल आर्ट में "उरुमी" नामक लचीली तलवार का प्रयोग होता है?
	Silambam सिलंबम
	Kalaripayattu

	कलरिपयाट्टू
	Gatka गतका
	Thang-Ta थांग-टा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 29	In which city did India win its first-ever Test series against England in 1952? 1952 में भारत ने इंग्लैंड के खिलाफ अपनी पहली टेस्ट श्रृंखला किस शहर में जीती थी?
	Chennai चेन्नई
	Mumbai मुंबई
	New Delhi नई दिल्ली
	Kolkata कोलकाता

Q.No: 30	Which tribal community celebrates the "Wangala" festival? कौन सा आदिवासी समुदाय "वांगला" त्यौहार मनाता है?
	Bodo बोडो
	Santhal संथाल
	Mizo मिज़ो

	Garo गारो

Q.No: 31	The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 has been enacted to replace which previous law? भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम, 2023 किस पिछले कानून को बदलने के लिए अधिनियमित किया गया है?
	Indian Penal Code भारतीय दंड संहिता
	Contract Act, 1872 अनुबंध अधिनियम, 1872
	Consumer Protection Act उपभोक्ता संरक्षण अधिनियम
	Indian Evidence Act, 1872 भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम, 1872
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Who was appointed as the Chief Justice of the High Court of Jammu and Kashmir and Ladakh in April 2025? अप्रैल 2025 में जम्मू-कश्मीर और लद्दाख उच्च न्यायालय के मुख्य न्यायाधीश के रूप में किसे नियुक्त किया गया?
	Justice Hima Kohli न्यायमूर्ति हिमा कोहली
	Justice Dinesh Maheshwari न्यायमूर्ति दिनेश माहेश्वरी
	Justice Arun Palli न्यायमूर्ति अरुण पल्ली
	Justice Joymalya Bagchi न्यायमूर्ति जॉयमाल्या बागची
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	In India, the Shola ecosystem is characterised by: 1. Arid and semi-arid climate zones 2. Growth of trees in the depressions and folds of valleys surrounded by extensive areas of grasslands 3. Dominance of conifers in areas of dense vegetation Which one of the above statements is/are CORRECT? भारत में, शोला पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र की विशेषता है: 1. शुष्क और अर्ध-शुष्क जलवायु क्षेत्र 2. घास के मैदानों के विस्तृत क्षेत्रों से घिरी घाटियों के अवसादों और तहों में पेड़ों की वृद्धि 3. घनी वनस्पति वाले क्षेत्रों में शंकुधारी वृक्षों का प्रभुत्व उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	2 only केवल 2
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1 only केवल 1 All of these इन सब
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Approximately how many water bodies originally existed in Chittorgarh Fort? चित्तौड़गढ़ किले में मूलत: लगभग कितने जल निकाय मौजूद थे?
	22 22
	50 50
	84

	84
	100 100
Not Answered	

Q.No: 35	The Rigveda is divided into how many Mandalas? ऋग्वेद कितने मंडलों में विभाजित है?
	5 5
	7 7
	10 10
	12 12

Q.No: 36	What does the term "Ur" refer to in the context of early South Indian villages? प्रारंभिक दक्षिण भारतीय गांवों के संदर्भ में "उर" शब्द का क्या अर्थ है?
	A tax official in the Chola kingdom चोल साम्राज्य में एक कर अधिकारी A temple priest एक मंदिर का पुजारी
	A village assembly or council ग्राम सभा या परिषद A military commander

	एक सैन्य कमांडर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	Under which Act was a Law Commission first established in India to codify and consolidate Indian laws? भारतीय कानूनों को संहिताबद्ध और समेकित करने के लिए भारत में पहली बार विधि आयोग की स्थापना किस अधिनियम के तहत की गई थी?
	Government of India Act, 1858 भारत सरकार अधिनियम, 1858
	Indian Councils Act, 1861 भारतीय परिषद अधिनियम, 1861
	Regulating Act, 1773 रेग्युलेटिंग एक्ट, 1773
	Charter Act, 1833 चार्टर अधिनियम, 1833

Q.No: 38	**Fill in the blanks:** India made its Olympic debut in _____ at the 2016 Games, marking the return of the sport to the Olympics after more than a century. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** भारत ने 2016 के खेलों में _____ में अपना ओलंपिक पदार्पण किया, जिससे एक शताब्दी से भी अधिक समय के बाद इस खेल की ओलंपिक में वापसी हुई।
	Swimming तैरना
	Rugby रग्बी
	Polo पोलो
	Golf

	गोल्फ़
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	Consider the following statements about the book 'The Absolutely True Diary of a Part-Time Indian': 1) It received the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction due to its unique narrative style and significant influence on American historical literature. 2) The novel won the National Book Award for its deep portrayal of Native American identity and youth struggles. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** 'द एब्सोल्यूटली ट्रू डायरी ऑफ़ अ पार्ट-टाइम इंडियन' पुस्तक के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1) अपनी अनूठी कथा शैली और अमेरिकी ऐतिहासिक साहित्य पर महत्वपूर्ण प्रभाव के कारण इसे उपन्यास के लिए पुलित्ज़र पुरस्कार मिला। 2) इस उपन्यास ने मूल अमेरिकी पहचान और युवा संघर्षों के गहन चित्रण के लिए राष्ट्रीय पुस्तक पुरस्कार जीता। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both statements 1 and 2 are correct कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither statement 1 nor 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	The Finance Commission is established under which Article of the Indian Constitution? वित्त आयोग की स्थापना भारतीय संविधान के किस अनुच्छेद के तहत की जाती है?
	280 280
	268 268
	246

	246
	365 365

Q.No: 41	As we move to higher energy levels (larger 'n' values) in the Bohr model of a hydrogen atom, the energy difference between successive levels: जैसे-जैसे हम हाइड्रोजन परमाणु के बोह्र मॉडल में उच्च ऊर्जा स्तरों (बड़े 'n' मान) की ओर बढ़ते हैं, क्रमिक स्तरों के बीच ऊर्जा अंतर:
	Increases continuously लगातार बढ़ता है
	Decreases continuously लगातार घटता है
	Remains constant स्थिर रहता है First increases, then decreases पहले बढ़ता है, फिर घटता है

Q.No: 42	The National Beekeeping and Honey Mission is implemented under the purview of which Union Ministry? राष्ट्रीय मधुमक्खी पालन और शहद मिशन किस केंद्रीय मंत्रालय के अंतर्गत कार्यान्वित किया जाता है?
	Ministry of Finance वित्त मंत्रित्व Ministry of Rural Development ग्रामीण विकास मंत्रालय
	Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

	स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय

Q.No: 43	According to the Global Gender Gap Report 2025, which region currently leads in closing its overall gender gap? ग्लोबल जेंडर गैप रिपोर्ट 2025 के अनुसार, वर्तमान में कौन सा क्षेत्र अपने समग्र लिंग अंतर को कम करने में अग्रणी है?
	North American Economies उत्तरी अमेरिकी अर्थव्यवस्थाएँ
	European Union Nations यूरोपीय संघ के राष्ट्र
	East Asian Countries पूर्वी एशियाई देश
	Latin American Regions लैटिन अमेरिकी क्षेत्र
Not Answered	

Q.No: 44	Which of the following is usually **excluded** when measuring a country's Gross Domestic Product (GDP)? किसी देश के सकल घरेलू उत्पाद (जीडीपी) को मापते समय आमतौर पर निम्नलिखित में से किसे बाहर रखा जाता है?
	Consumer spending on final goods and services. अंतिम वस्तुओं और सेवाओं पर उपभोक्ता व्यय।
	Government expenditure on public services. सार्वजनिक सेवाओं पर सरकारी व्यय.
	The value of intermediate goods used in production. उत्पादन में प्रयुक्त मध्यवर्ती वस्तुओं का मूल्य।
	Net exports (Exports - Imports). शुद्ध निर्यात (निर्यात - आयात).

Q.No: 45	Arrange the performance segments of Paika Nritya: 1. Blowing the war conch (shankha) 2. Shield-sword sparring drills 3. Acrobatic somersaults 4. Group victory shout of “Jai Jagannath” पाइका नृत्य के प्रदर्शन खंडों को व्यवस्थित करें: 1. युद्ध शंख बजाना 2. ढाल-तलवार की लड़ाई का अभ्यास 3. कलाबाज़ी 4. सामूहिक विजय उद्घोष "जय जगन्नाथ"
	1-2-3-4 1-2-3-4
	2-1-3-4 2-1-3-4
	1-3-2-4 1-3-2-4
	3-2-1-4 3-2-1-4
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	Who is credited with hoisting the first version of the Indian flag at the International Socialist Congress in Stuttgart, Germany, in 1907? 1907 में जर्मनी के स्टटगार्ट में अंतर्राष्ट्रीय समाजवादी कांग्रेस में भारतीय ध्वज का पहला संस्करण फहराने का श्रेय किसे दिया जाता है?
	Aruna Asaf Ali अरुणा आसफ अली
	Kamaladevi Chattopadhyay कमलादेवी चट्टोपाध्याय
	Bhikaji Cama भीकाजी कामा
	Sarojini Naidu

	सरोजिनी नायडू

Q.No: 47	What initiative in Visakhapatnam aims to provide an inclusive space for differently abled children? विशाखापत्तनम में किस पहल का उद्देश्य दिव्यांग बच्चों के लिए समावेशी स्थान उपलब्ध कराना है?
	Smart School Initiative स्मार्ट स्कूल पहल
	Solar Post Light Project सौर पोस्ट लाइट परियोजना
	All-Abilities Park ऑल-एबिलिटीज पार्क
	Green Mobility Project हरित गतिशीलता परियोजना
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	Which of the following statements best describes Kiran Mazumdar-Shaw's achievement? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन किरण मजूमदार-शॉ की उपलब्धि का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	She founded Infosys Biotech in 1981. उन्होंने 1981 में इन्फोसिस बायोटेक की स्थापना की।
	She is India's first woman to head a top biotech company. वह किसी शीर्ष बायोटेक कंपनी का नेतृत्व करने वाली भारत की पहली महिला हैं।
	She was honored for developing India's COVID vaccine. उन्हें भारत की कोविड वैक्सीन विकसित करने के लिए सम्मानित किया गया।
	She launched India's first nanotechnology research hub. उन्होंने भारत का पहला नैनोटेक्नोलॉजी अनुसंधान केंद्र शुरू किया।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Which statement best reflects the failure of structural transformation in Indian agriculture between 1950–1990? कौन सा कथन 1950-1990 के बीच भारतीय कृषि में संरचनात्मक परिवर्तन की विफलता को सबसे अच्छी तरह दर्शाता है?
	Agricultural GDP doubled कृषि सकल घरेलू उत्पाद दोगुना हो गया
	Agricultural workforce declined rapidly कृषि कार्यबल में तेजी से गिरावट आई
	Industrial sector absorbed excess labour औद्योगिक क्षेत्र ने अतिरिक्त श्रम को अवशोषित किया
	65% of population remained in agriculture 65% जनसंख्या कृषि पर निर्भर रही
Not Answered	

Q.No: 50	Consider the following statements: 1. Inter-State Council was established in 1990 on the recommendation of Sarkaria Commission. 2. It is a constitutional body under Article 263. 3. It has powers to enforce compliance among States. Which of the above is/are **correct?** निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अंतर-राज्यीय परिषद की स्थापना 1990 में सरकारिया आयोग की सिफारिश पर की गई थी। 2. यह अनुच्छेद 263 के तहत एक संवैधानिक निकाय है। 3. इसमें राज्यों के बीच अनुपालन लागू करने की शक्तियाँ हैं। उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा/से **सही है/हैं?**
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3 1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3

	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **22 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51 A sum of money becomes three times itself in 3 years at compound interest.

What is the rate of interest?

	एक धनराशि चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर 3 वर्षों में अपनी तीन गुनी हो जाती है। ब्याज दर क्या है?
	44.2% 44.2%
	33.3% 33.3%
	100% 100% 88% 88%

Q.No: 52	Which of the following numbers has a terminating decimal representation? निम्नलिखित में से किस संख्या का दशमलव रूप अंत है?
	3/8 3/8 1/6 1/6
	2/7 2/7
	4/9 4/9

Q.No: 53	Ajay and Vijay start from the same point and walk at 4 km/h and 5 km/h respectively, in the same direction. What will be the distance between them after 2 hours?

	अजय और विजय एक ही बिंदु से चलना शुरू करते हैं और एक ही दिशा में क्रमशः 4 किमी/घंटे और 5 किमी/घंटे की गति से चलते हैं। 2 घंटे बाद उनके बीच की दूरी क्या होगी?
	2.5 km 2.5 किमी
	3 km 3 किमी
	2 km 2 किमी
	4 km 4 किमी

Q.No: 54	A spherical balloon is inflated, causing its radius to grow by 10%. By what percentage does its surface area increase? एक गोलाकार गुब्बारे को फुलाने पर उसकी त्रिज्या 10% बढ़ जाती है। इसका पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल कितने प्रतिशत बढ़ जाता है?
	10% 10%
	20% 20%
	21% 21%
	25% 25%

Q.No: 55	A bucket can hold 6.25 liters of water. How many such buckets are needed to fill a 1 cubic meter tank? एक बाल्टी में 6.25 लीटर पानी आ सकता है। 1 घन मीटर के टैंक को भरने के लिए ऐसी कितनी बाल्टियों की ज़रूरत होगी?
	150

	150
	160 160
	165 165
	170 170

Q.No: 56	A and B started a business by investing Rs. 75,000 and Rs. 45,000 respectively. After 3 months, C joined with Rs. 60,000. At the end of the year, what is C's share in a profit of Rs. 40,000 (approx.)? A और B ने क्रमश: 75,000 रुपये और 45,000 रुपये का निवेश करके एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 3 महीने बाद, C, 60,000 रुपये के साथ व्यवसाय में शामिल हो गया। वर्ष के अंत में, 40,000 रुपये के लाभ में C का हिस्सा (लगभग) क्या है?
	Rs. 10,909 10,909 रुपये
	Rs. 10,109 10,109 रुपये Rs. 15,909 15,909 रुपये
	Rs. 15,109 15,109 रुपये

Q.No: 57	Two numbers are in the ratio 6:5. If the difference between them is 11, find the numbers. दो संख्याएँ 6:5 के अनुपात में हैं। अगर उनके बीच का अंतर 11 है, तो संख्याएँ ज्ञात कीजिए।
	66 and 55

	66 और 55
	60 and 49 60 और 49
	72 and 61 72 और 61
	88 and 77 88 और 77

Q.No: 58	A rectangular sheet has an area equal to a square plot. If the sheet measures 72 m in length and 50 m in breadth, and the square plot has an area equal to the sheet, find the perimeter of the square plot. एक आयताकार शीट का क्षेत्रफल एक वर्गाकार प्लॉट के बराबर है। अगर शीट की लंबाई 72 मीटर और चौड़ाई 50 मीटर है, और वर्गाकार प्लॉट का क्षेत्रफल शीट के बराबर है, तो वर्गाकार प्लॉट का परिमाप ज्ञात कीजिए।
	112 m 112 मीटर
	120 m 120 मीटर
	240 m 240 मीटर
	220 m 220 मीटर

Q.No: 59	The area of a regular triangle increases by 44%. By what percentage did the side length increase? एक सम त्रिभुज का क्षेत्रफल 44% बढ़ जाता है। भुजा की लंबाई में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि हुई?
	20% 20%
	44%

	44%
	54% 54% 10% 10%

Q.No: 60	The difference between 20% of a number and 10% of the same number is 120. What is the number? किसी संख्या के 20% और उसी संख्या के 10% के बीच का अंतर 120 है। वह संख्या क्या है?
	1000 1000
	1100 1100
	1200 1200
	1400 1400

Q.No: 61	A man buys a set of 3 identical watches at a total cost of Rs. 4,500. He sells them at Rs. 1,800, Rs. 1,700, and Rs. 1,600, respectively. What is the overall profit or loss? एक आदमी 4,500 रुपये की कुल लागत से तीन समान घड़ियों का एक सेट खरीदता है। वह उन्हें क्रमश: 1,800 रुपये, 1,700 रुपये और 1,600 रुपये में बेचता है। कुल लाभ या हानि क्या है?
	Rs. 100 loss 100 रुपये की हानि
	Rs. 100 profit 100 रुपये का लाभ

	Rs. 600 profit 600 रुपये का लाभ
	Rs. 600 loss 600 रुपये की हानि

Q.No: 62	35 men can do a piece of work in 8 days. Find the time required by 16 men to do four times the work. 35 आदमी एक काम को 8 दिनों में कर सकते हैं। 16 आदमी उस काम का चार गुना काम करने में कितना समय लेंगे?
	70 Days 70 दिन
	65 Days 65 दिन
	60 Days 60 दिन
	66 Days 66 दिन

Q.No: 63	Dhaval and Dhiraj together can do a piece of work in 12 days. Dhaval alone can do it in 20 days. In how many days can Dhiraj alone do it? धवल और धीरज मिलकर एक काम 12 दिनों में कर सकते हैं। धवल अकेले उसी काम को 20 दिनों में कर सकता है। धीरज अकेले उसी काम को कितने दिनों में कर सकता है?
	30 30
	28 28
	29 29

	27 27

Q.No: 64	The average salary of 40 workers in a factory is Rs. 24,000. If the salary of a supervisor is added, the average rises to Rs. 24,500. What is the supervisor's salary? एक कारखाने में 40 कर्मचारियों का औसत वेतन 24,000 रुपये है। अगर इसमें एक सुपरवाइजर का वेतन भी जोड़ दिया जाए, तो औसत वेतन 24,500 रुपये हो जाता है। सुपरवाइजर का वेतन क्या है?
	Rs. 44,000 44,000 रुपये
	Rs. 54,000 54,000 रुपये
	Rs. 44,500 44,500 रुपये
	Rs. 54,500 54,500 रुपये

Q.No: 65	Two right prisms have the same height of 10 cm. One has a regular hexagonal base with side 6 cm, and the other has a square base with side 6 cm. What is the ratio of their volumes? दो समकोण प्रिज्मों की ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है। एक का आधार सम षट्कोणीय है जिसकी भुजा 6 सेमी है, और दूसरे का आधार वर्गाकार है जिसकी भुजा 6 सेमी है। उनके आयतनों का अनुपात क्या है?
	$\sqrt{3} : 1$ $\sqrt{3} : 1$
	$3\sqrt{3} : 2$ $3\sqrt{3} : 2$
	$\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} : 1$

	$\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} : 1$
	$3 : 2\sqrt{3}$ $3 : 2\sqrt{3}$

Q.No: 66	A 45-litre mixture of kerosene and diesel contains kerosene and diesel in the ratio 4:5. How much diesel must be added to make the ratio 4:6? केरोसिन और डीज़ल के 45 लीटर मिश्रण में केरोसिन और डीज़ल का अनुपात 4:5 है। अनुपात 4:6 करने के लिए कितना डीज़ल मिलाना होगा?
	3 L 3 लीटर
	5 L 5 लीटर
	6 L 6 लीटर
	7.5 L 7.5 लीटर

Q.No: 67	If $sinA = \frac{5}{13}$ and A lies in 2nd quadrant, then find the value of $sinA \times secA$. यदि $sinA = \frac{5}{13}$ और A दूसरे चतुर्थांश में स्थित है, तो $sinA \times secA$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	$\frac{5}{12}$ $\frac{5}{12}$
	$-\frac{5}{12}$ $-\frac{5}{12}$
	$\frac{25}{12}$

	$\frac{25}{12}$
	$\frac{25}{13}$ $\frac{25}{13}$

Q.No: 68	What is the length of the segment joining (1,2) and (4,6)? (1,2) और (4,6) को मिलाने वाले खंड की लंबाई क्या है?
	5 5
	2 2
	4 4
	3 3

Q.No: 69	In a triangle ABC, side BC is extended to a point D. The exterior angle at C is 105°. The interior angles at A and B are in the ratio 2:5. What is the measure of the largest interior angle of the triangle? एक त्रिभुज ABC में, भुजा BC को एक बिंदु D तक बढ़ाया गया है। C पर बना बाह्य कोण 105° है। A और B पर बने आंतरिक कोण 2:5 के अनुपात में हैं। त्रिभुज के सबसे बड़े आंतरिक कोण का माप क्या है?
	30° 30°
	75° 75°
	105° 105°

	15° 15°

Q.No: 70	Consider two triangles, △ABC and △DEF. It is stated that these two triangles are congruent to each other, which is denoted as △ABC≅△DEF and ∠A=50°, what is the measure of ∠D? दो त्रिभुजों, △ABC और △DEF पर विचार कीजिए। यह कहा गया है कि ये दोनों त्रिभुज एक-दूसरे के सर्वांगसम हैं, जिसे △ABC≅△DEF और ∠A= 50 द्वारा दर्शाया गया है।∠D का माप क्या है? 40° 40°
	50° 50°
	60° 60° 130° 130°

Q.No: 71	Given, $x + \frac{1}{x} = 5$, then determine the value of $\frac{2x}{x^2-1}$ दिया गया है, $x + \frac{1}{x} = 5$, तो $\frac{2x}{x^2-1}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	$\frac{2\sqrt{21}}{21}$ $\frac{2\sqrt{21}}{21}$ $\frac{2\sqrt{21}}{25}$ $\frac{2\sqrt{21}}{25}$
	$\frac{7\sqrt{21}}{25}$

	$\frac{7\sqrt{21}}{25}$
	$\frac{9\sqrt{21}}{29}$ $\frac{9\sqrt{21}}{29}$

Q.No: 72	A chord of length 24 cm lies 7 cm away from the center of a circle. What is the approximate radius of the circle? 24 सेमी लंबाई वाली एक जीवा एक वृत्त के केंद्र से 7 सेमी दूर स्थित है। वृत्त की अनुमानित त्रिज्या क्या है?
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	14 cm 14 सेमी
	17 cm 17 सेमी
	25 cm 25 सेमी

Q.No: 73	A chord AB of a circle has a length of 10 cm. The angle subtended by the chord at a point C on the major arc is 30°. Find the radius of the circle. एक वृत्त की जीवा AB की लंबाई 10 सेमी है। जीवा द्वारा दीर्घ चाप पर बिंदु C पर बनाया गया कोण 30° है।.वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	7 cm 7 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	11 cm 11 सेमी
	17 cm

	17 सेमी

Q.No: 74	If $sinA = \frac{m}{n}$ and A $\in (0, \pi/2)$, then what is $cosA$ in terms of m and n? यदि $sinA = \frac{m}{n}$ और A $\in (0, \pi/2)$ है, तो $cosA$ का मान m और n के पदों में क्या है?
	$\frac{\sqrt{n^2-m^2}}{n}$ $\frac{\sqrt{n^2-m^2}}{n}$
	$\frac{m}{\sqrt{n^2-m^2}}$ $\frac{m}{\sqrt{n^2-m^2}}$
	$\frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2-m^2}}$ $\frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2-m^2}}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{m^2-n^2}}{n}$ $\frac{\sqrt{m^2-n^2}}{n}$

Q.No: 75	You earn $52.50 in 3.5 hours. Find your hourly wage as a fraction. आप 3.5 घंटे में $52.50 कमाते हैं। अपना प्रति घंटा वेतन अंश के रूप में ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$\frac{15}{1}$ $\frac{15}{1}$
	$\frac{12}{1}$ $\frac{12}{1}$ $\frac{15}{4}$

	$\frac{15}{4}$
	$\frac{17}{4}$ $\frac{17}{4}$

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **22 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **SENTIENT**

Lifeless

	Dead
	Unaware
	Conscious

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Dissemble**
	Disguise
	Reveal
	Obscure
	Pretend

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Cook someone's goose**
	Help someone succeed
	Ruin someone's plans or prospects
	Save someone from trouble
	Make fun of someone
Not Answered	

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **To sup with the devil**
	To confess in secret

	To act with false modesty
	To collaborate with someone morally compromised
	To punish without justice

Q.No: 80	Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'having a strong, regular beat'.
	Rythmic
	Rhythmic
	Rhythimic
	Rhytmic

Q.No: 81	Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'undoubtedly true'.
	Incontrovertible
	Incontrovartible
	Incontrovatible
	Incontrovurtible

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'Fear of confined spaces'.
	Agoraphobia
	Hydrophobia

	Claustrophobia
	Acrophobia

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A place where coins are made'.
	Smithy
	Foundry
	Mint
	Furnace

Q.No: 84	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Global sustainability discourse has not so much evolved as ossified into a lexicon of managerial **(1)** _____—terms engineered more for reputational lubrication than ecological redress. What was once a moral reckoning with planetary precarity now traffics in dashboards and metrics, calibrated less to redistribute power than to launder it. Words like "resilience," "stakeholder engagement," and "net-zero" populate position papers, their meanings stretched until they acquire the elasticity of **(2)** _____.In this semantic economy, language ceases to be revelatory and becomes performative. Reports teeter on euphemism; declarations bristle with procedural piety. Crises are not named; they are **(3)** _____ into 'developmental challenges.' The grammar of suffering is bleached, even as the facts remain uncompromising. What emerges is not truth, but a choreography of credibility—an affective simulation of care. Meanwhile, epistemic asymmetries persist: indigenous knowledge is **(4)** _____ as "local insight," offered just enough space to decorate, never to reorient. Environmental justice, once confrontational, now wears a diplomatic smile, folded neatly into intergovernmental communiqués. If sustainability is to escape the orbit of self-congratulation, it must surrender its obsession with optics and inhabit the discomfort of history. Anything less is not stewardship—it is semantic **(5)** _____ masquerading as progress. What should come in the place of blank number **(1)**? artifacts
	lubricants

	monologues
	alignments

Q.No: 85	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Global sustainability discourse has not so much evolved as ossified into a lexicon of managerial **(1)** _____—terms engineered more for reputational lubrication than ecological redress. What was once a moral reckoning with planetary precarity now traffics in dashboards and metrics, calibrated less to redistribute power than to launder it. Words like "resilience," "stakeholder engagement," and "net-zero" populate position papers, their meanings stretched until they acquire the elasticity of **(2)** _____.In this semantic economy, language ceases to be revelatory and becomes performative. Reports teeter on euphemism; declarations bristle with procedural piety. Crises are not named; they are **(3)** _____ into 'developmental challenges.' The grammar of suffering is bleached, even as the facts remain uncompromising. What emerges is not truth, but a choreography of credibility—an affective simulation of care. Meanwhile, epistemic asymmetries persist: indigenous knowledge is **(4)** _____ as "local insight," offered just enough space to decorate, never to reorient. Environmental justice, once confrontational, now wears a diplomatic smile, folded neatly into intergovernmental communiqués. If sustainability is to escape the orbit of self-congratulation, it must surrender its obsession with optics and inhabit the discomfort of history. Anything less is not stewardship—it is semantic **(5)** _____ masquerading as progress. What should come in the place of blank number **(2)**?
	rhetoric
	science
	sovereignty
	urgency

Q.No: 86	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Global sustainability discourse has not so much evolved as ossified into a lexicon of managerial **(1)** _____—terms engineered more for reputational lubrication than ecological redress. What was once a moral reckoning with planetary precarity now traffics in dashboards and metrics, calibrated less to redistribute power than to launder it. Words like "resilience," "stakeholder engagement," and "net-zero" populate position papers, their meanings stretched until they acquire the elasticity of **(2)** _____.In this semantic economy, language ceases to be revelatory and becomes performative. Reports teeter on euphemism; declarations bristle with procedural piety. Crises are not named; they are **(3)** _____ into 'developmental challenges.' The grammar of suffering is bleached, even as the facts remain uncompromising. What emerges is not truth, but a choreography of credibility—an affective simulation of care. Meanwhile, epistemic asymmetries persist: indigenous knowledge is **(4)** _____ as "local insight," offered just enough space to decorate, never to reorient. Environmental justice, once confrontational, now wears a diplomatic smile, folded neatly into intergovernmental communiqués. If sustainability is to escape the orbit of self-congratulation, it must surrender its obsession with optics and inhabit the discomfort of history. Anything less is not stewardship—it is semantic **(5)** _____ masquerading as progress. What should come in the place of blank number **(3)**?
	confronted
	domesticated
	pluralized
	aggravated

Q.No: 87	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Global sustainability discourse has not so much evolved as ossified into a lexicon of managerial **(1)** _____—terms engineered more for reputational lubrication than ecological redress. What was once a moral reckoning with planetary precarity now traffics in dashboards and metrics, calibrated less to redistribute power than to launder it. Words like "resilience," "stakeholder engagement," and "net-zero" populate position papers, their meanings stretched until they acquire the elasticity of **(2)** _____.In this semantic economy, language ceases to be revelatory and becomes performative. Reports teeter on euphemism; declarations bristle with procedural piety. Crises are not named; they are **(3)** _____ into 'developmental challenges.' The grammar of suffering is bleached, even as the facts remain uncompromising. What emerges is not truth, but a choreography of credibility—an affective simulation of care. Meanwhile, epistemic asymmetries persist: indigenous knowledge is **(4)** _____ as "local insight," offered just enough space to decorate, never to reorient. Environmental justice, once confrontational, now wears a diplomatic smile, folded neatly into intergovernmental communiqués. If sustainability is to escape the orbit of self-congratulation, it must surrender its obsession with optics and inhabit the discomfort of history. Anything less is not stewardship—it is semantic **(5)** _____ masquerading as progress. What should come in the place of blank number **(4)**?
	silenced
	extracted
	tokenized
	discarded

Q.No: 88	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Global sustainability discourse has not so much evolved as ossified into a lexicon of managerial **(1)** _____—terms engineered more for reputational lubrication than ecological redress. What was once a moral reckoning with planetary precarity now traffics in dashboards and metrics, calibrated less to redistribute power than to launder it. Words like "resilience," "stakeholder engagement," and "net-zero" populate position papers, their meanings stretched until they acquire the elasticity of **(2)** _____.In this semantic economy, language ceases to be revelatory and becomes performative. Reports teeter on euphemism; declarations bristle with procedural piety. Crises are not named; they are **(3)** _____ into 'developmental challenges.' The grammar of suffering is bleached, even as the facts remain uncompromising. What emerges is not truth, but a choreography of credibility—an affective simulation of care. Meanwhile, epistemic asymmetries persist: indigenous knowledge is **(4)** _____ as "local insight," offered just enough space to decorate, never to reorient. Environmental justice, once confrontational, now wears a diplomatic smile, folded neatly into intergovernmental communiqués. If sustainability is to escape the orbit of self-congratulation, it must surrender its obsession with optics and inhabit the discomfort of history. Anything less is not stewardship—it is semantic **(5)** _____ masquerading as progress. What should come in the place of blank number **(5)**?
	inflation
	camouflage
	paralysis
	betrayal

Q.No: 89	**Select the correct option:** The director objected to the scene, deeming it ___ gratuitous for a family audience.
	far
	much
	too
	very

Q.No: 90	**Select the correct option:** The advisory committee issued a set of guidelines so meticulously worded that any deviation would be tantamount ___ defiance.
	with
	to
	for
	at

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Neither the manager nor the employees (1)/ has submitted (2)/ their performance logs (3)/ for the current quarter. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** Historians considered the reforms emblematic of the regime's insecurity. The reforms were emblematic of the regime's insecurity.
	The reforms were considered emblematic of the regime's insecurity by historians.
	The regime's insecurity was considered to be shown by reforms.
	Emblematic reforms were considered part of regime insecurity.

Q.No: 93	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The monk documented the **breviarium** with precise annotations.
	The breviarium contained psalms for daily recitation.
	The scholar studied a Gothic breviarium from Prague.
	The technician calibrated the breviarium using voltmeters.
	The liturgist chanted directly from the breviarium.

Q.No: 94	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** A bonus will be given to all employees by the management next month.
	The management gives a bonus to all employees.
	The management had given a bonus to all employees.
	The management will give a bonus to all employees next month.
	A bonus was given by the management to all employees.

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The man ***died by*** a heart attack.
	is died with
	died of
	was died due to
	dead from

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The police ***is investigating the matter seriously***.
	are investigating the matter seriously
	investigates the matter
	were investigating seriously the matter
	is in investigation

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The geologist explained that tectonic shifts were inevitable.
	The geologist said, "Tectonic shifts are inevitable."
	"Tectonic shifts were inevitable," said the geologist.
	The geologist explained, "Tectonic shifts will occur."
	"Inevitably, tectonic shifts occur," he said.

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** Rita said, "Alas! I am ruined."
	Rita said she was ruined.
	Rita exclaimed with sorrow that she was ruined.
	Rita said that she ruined.

	Rita exclaimed sadly that I am ruined.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. The Renaissance marked a revival of classical learning. 2. Artists focused on realism and human emotion. 3. Patronage from wealthy families fueled cultural output. 4. This period reshaped Europe's intellectual landscape.
	1-3-2-4
	2-1-3-4
	2-3-1-4
	1-2-3-4

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This led to significant breakthroughs in medicine. 2. The discovery of penicillin marked a new era. 3. It revolutionized the treatment of bacterial infections. 4. Many previously fatal diseases became curable.
	2-1-3-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1
	2-3-4-1

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : 22 Sep 2025

Test Time and Shift : 12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26 Akbar's policy of Sulh-i-Kul was fundamentally based on the principle of:

अकबर की सुलह-ए-कुल नीति मूलत: निम्नलिखित सिद्धांत पर आधारित थी:

Military conquest

सैन्य विजय

Religious exclusivity

धार्मिक विशिष्टता

Universal tolerance

सार्वभौमिक सहिष्णुता

Islamic orthodoxy

इस्लामी रूढ़िवाद

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27 Which Indian Ocean island nation is the smallest by area?

हिंद महासागर का कौन सा द्वीप राष्ट्र क्षेत्रफल की दृष्टि से सबसे छोटा है?

Seychelles

सेशेल्स

Maldives

मालदीव

Sri Lanka

श्रीलंका

Mauritius

मॉरीशस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28 Which government initiative focuses on improving urban infrastructure, including water supply, sewerage, and urban transport, in cities across India?

कौन सी सरकारी पहल भारत भर के शहरों में जल आपूर्ति, सीवरेज और शहरी परिवहन सहित शहरी इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर में सुधार पर केंद्रित है?

Smart Cities Mission

स्मार्ट सिटी मिशन

Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT)

अटल कायाकल्प और शहरी परिवर्तन मिशन (अमृत)

Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban)

स्वच्छ भारत मिशन (शहरी)

Housing for All by 2022

2022 तक सभी के लिए आवास

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29 Which of the following temple architectural features is characteristic of the Nagara style, especially found in central and northern India?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी मंदिर स्थापत्य कला विशेषता नागर शैली की विशेषता है, जो विशेष रूप से मध्य और उत्तरी भारत में पाई जाती है?

Vimana

विमान

Shikhara

शिखर

Mandapa with barrel vaults

बैरल वॉल्ट के साथ मंडप

Gopuram

गोपुरम

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30 What is one of the major reforms introduced in BNSS, 2023 with respect to FIRs?

एफआईआर के संबंध में बीएनएसएस, 2023 में पेश किए गए प्रमुख सुधारों में से एक क्या है?

FIRs must be filed by a judge

एफआईआर न्यायाधीश द्वारा दर्ज की जानी चाहिए

E-FIRs are permitted for certain offenses

कुछ अपराधों के लिए ई-एफआईआर की अनुमति है

FIRs are no longer required for non-cognizable offenses

अब गैर-संज्ञेय अपराधों के लिए एफआईआर की ज़रूरत नहीं है

FIRs can only be filed physically at police stations

एफआईआर केवल पुलिस स्टेशन में ही भौतिक रूप से दर्ज की जा सकती है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31 Who inaugurated the Pran Pratishtha ceremony at the Ram Mandir in Ayodhya in January

जनवरी 2024 में अयोध्या में राम मंदिर में प्राण प्रतिष्ठा समारोह का उद्घाटन किसने किया?

Mohan Bhagwat

मोहन भागवत

Amit Shah

अमित शाह

Yogi Adityanath

योगी आदित्यनाथ

Narendra Modi

नरेंद्र मोदी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32 Choose the CORRECT statements about the Kaleshwaram Irrigation Project.

1. This project was inaugurated recently in Telangana.

2. It is the world's largest multi-stage, multi-purpose lift irrigation.

3. It is being built across the Krishna River.

Which of the statements given above is/are CORRECT?

कालेश्वरम सिंचाई परियोजना के बारे में सही कथन चुनें।

1. इस परियोजना का उद्घाटन हाल ही में तेलंगाना में किया गया।

2. यह दुनिया की सबसे बड़ी बहु-चरणीय, बहुउद्देश्यीय लिफ्ट सिंचाई परियोजना है।

3. इसे कृष्णा नदी पर बनाया जा रहा है।

ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?

1 and 3 only

केवल 1 और 3

1 only

केवल 1

1 and 2 only

केवल 1 और 2

3 only

केवल 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33 In which region of India is the 'BWhw,' type of climate found?

भारत के किस क्षेत्र में 'BWhw' प्रकार की जलवायु पाई जाती है?

Punjab

पंजाब

Madhya Pradesh

मध्य प्रदेश

Gujarat

गुजरात

Rajasthan

राजस्थान

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34 Which of the following ritual dances is performed during the Mopin Festival?

मोपिन महोत्सव के दौरान निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा अनुष्ठानिक नृत्य किया जाता है?

Bihu

बिहु

Popir

पोपिर

Sangpangtu

सांगपांग्तु

Ponung

पोनुंग

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35 What significant agricultural evidence was discovered at the Harappan site of Kalibangan?

कालीबंगा के हड़प्पा स्थल पर कौन से महत्वपूर्ण कृषि संबंधी साक्ष्य खोजे गए?

Water reservoirs with step-wells

बावड़ी युक्त जलाशय

Remains of terraced rice fields

सीढ़ीदार चावल के खेतों के अवशेष

Criss-cross plough marks in fields

खेतों में हल के क्रॉस-क्रॉस निशान

Stone granaries used for seed storage

बीज भंडारण के लिए पत्थर के भंडारों का उपयोग

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36 Which of the following is considered a **fault** in badminton?

बैडमिंटन में निम्नलिखित में से किसे **दोष** माना जाता है?

Shuttle hits net and lands in service box

शटल नेट से टकराकर सर्विस बॉक्स में जा गिरी

Server steps on boundary line while serving

सर्वर सर्व करते समय सीमा रेखा पर कदम रखता है

Shuttle lands inside opponent's court

शटल प्रतिद्वंद्वी के कोर्ट के अंदर उतरा

Receiver returns the shuttle over the net

रिसीवर शटल को नेट के ऊपर लौटाता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37 Which administrative bodies were abolished after the enactment of the Government of India Act, 1858?

भारत सरकार अधिनियम, 1858 के लागू होने के बाद किन प्रशासनिक निकायों को समाप्त कर दिया गया था?

Home Department and Military Board

गृह विभाग और सैन्य बोर्ड

Parliament and Crown's Council

संसद और क्राउन काउंसिल

Board of Control and Court of Directors

नियंत्रण बोर्ड और निदेशक मंडल

Governor General's Council and Privy Council

गवर्नर जनरल की परिषद और प्रिवी काउंसिल

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38 **Which of the following statements about India's performance at the 2012 London Olympics is correct?**
1) India won a total of 6 medals, doubling its previous Olympic medal tally.
2) Indian female athletes won two Olympic medals for the first time in history.

2012 लंदन ओलंपिक में भारत के प्रदर्शन के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
1) भारत ने कुल 6 पदक जीते, जो उसके पिछले ओलंपिक पदकों की संख्या से दोगुना है।
2) भारतीय महिला एथलीटों ने इतिहास में पहली बार दो ओलंपिक पदक जीते।

Only 1 is Correct

केवल 1 सही है

Only 2 is Correct

केवल 2 सही है

1 and 2 are Correct

1 और 2 सही है

Neither 1 nor 2 is Correct

न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39 What is the primary focus of the book India for Indians by Chitta Ranjan Das?

चित्तरंजन दास द्वारा लिखित पुस्तक इंडिया फॉर इंडियंस का मुख्य फोकस क्या है?

Advocacy for Indian self-rule during the freedom struggle

स्वतंत्रता संग्राम के दौरान भारतीय स्वशासन की वकालत

A detailed history of India's ancient empires

भारत के प्राचीन साम्राज्यों का विस्तृत इतिहास

A study of India's economic reforms post-independence

स्वतंत्रता के बाद भारत के आर्थिक सुधारों का एक अध्ययन

A biography of Mahatma Gandhi

महात्मा गांधी की जीवनी

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40 **Which of the following about the Hero Hockey India League 2024-25 (Women's) is/are correct?**
1.] Held in Ranchi & Rourkela (12-26 Jan).
2.] Odisha Warriors beat JSW Soorma in the final.

हीरो हॉकी इंडिया लीग 2024-25 (महिला) के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?
1.] रांची और राउरकेला में आयोजित (12-26 जनवरी)।
2.] ओडिशा वॉरियर्स ने फाइनल में जेएसडब्ल्यू सूरमा को हराया।

Only 1

केवल 1

Only 2

केवल 2

Both 1 and 2 are correct

1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं

Neither 1 nor 2 is correct

न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41 **Fill in the blanks:**
The collective responsibility clause for State CoMs appears in Article .

रिक्त स्थान भरें:
राज्य समितियों के लिए सामूहिक उत्तरदायित्व खंड अनुच्छेद ___ में दिया गया है।

164
164
163
163
154
154
169
169

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 42

Q.No: 42 **Read the following statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct option:**
Assertion (A): The Satish Dhawan Space Centre (SDSC-SHAR) is ISRO's main spaceport for launching satellites and rockets.
Reason (R): SDSC-SHAR currently houses multiple operational launch pads and extensive facilities for the integration and final preparation of launch vehicles and spacecraft before liftoff.

अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़िए। सही विकल्प चुनिए:
अभिकथन (A): सतीश धवन अंतरिक्ष केंद्र (SDSC-SHAR) उपग्रहों और रॉकेटों के प्रक्षेपण के लिए इसरो का मुख्य अंतरिक्ष केंद्र है।
कारण (R): SDSC-SHAR में वर्तमान में कई परिचालन प्रक्षेपण स्थल और प्रक्षेपण यान तथा अंतरिक्ष यान के एकीकरण तथा प्रक्षेपण से पहले अंतिम तैयारी के लिए व्यापक सुविधाएँ मौजूद हैं।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
A is true, but R is false
A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
A is false, but R is true
A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 43

Q.No: 43 Under Article 352, what legislative consequence follows a Proclamation of National Emergency in India?

अनुच्छेद 352 के अंतर्गत भारत में राष्ट्रीय आपातकाल की घोषणा के बाद क्या विधायी परिणाम होता है?
States retain exclusive control over the State List
राज्यों को राज्य सूची पर विशेष नियंत्रण प्राप्त है
Parliament can legislate on any matter in the State List
संसद राज्य सूची के किसी भी विषय पर कानून बना सकती है
Rajya Sabha's approval is required for all State Bills
सभी राज्य विधेयकों के लिए राज्यसभा की मंजूरी आवश्यक है
President dissolves all State Legislative Assemblies
राष्ट्रपति ने सभी राज्य विधानसभाओं को भंग कर दिया

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 44

Q.No: 44 A key characteristic of nuclear fission is that the total mass of the products is:

परमाणु विखंडन की एक प्रमुख विशेषता यह है कि उत्पादों का कुल द्रव्यमान है:
Greater than the mass of the reactants
अभिकारकों के द्रव्यमान से अधिक
Equal to the mass of the reactants
अभिकारकों के द्रव्यमान के बराबर
Less than the mass of the reactants
अभिकारकों के द्रव्यमान से कम

Dependent on the temperature of the reaction

प्रतिक्रिया के तापमान पर निर्भर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45 The Wancho tribe of Arunachal Pradesh performs a war dance during which festival?

अरुणाचल प्रदेश की वांचो जनजाति किस त्यौहार के दौरान युद्ध नृत्य करती है?

Hornbill

हॉर्नबिल

Chalo Loku

चलो लोकू

Oriah

ओरियाह

Ojiyele

ओजीयेले

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46 **Consider the following statements and choose the correct option:**
Statement 1: Unlimited convertibility and fixed price conversion affect the credibility of a currency system.
Statement 2: The international monetary system was established to regulate internal fiscal policies of countries.

निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनिए:
कथन 1: असीमित परिवर्तनीयता और निश्चित मूल्य परिवर्तन मुद्रा प्रणाली की विश्वसनीयता को प्रभावित करते हैं।
कथन 2: अंतर्राष्ट्रीय मौद्रिक प्रणाली की स्थापना देशों की आंतरिक राजकोषीय नीतियों को विनियमित करने के लिए की गई थी।

Only Statement 1 is correct

केवल कथन 1 सही है

Only Statement 2 is correct

केवल कथन 2 सही है

Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct

कथन 1 और कथन 2 दोनों सही हैं

Neither Statement 1 nor Statement 2 is correct

न तो कथन 1 और न ही कथन 2 सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47 Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options:
Assertion (A): Ease of Doing Business (EoDB) report by World Bank was discontinued in 2021.
Reason (R): Allegations of data manipulation prompted the suspension.

नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ:
अभिकथन (A): विश्व बैंक द्वारा जारी की गई ईज़ ऑफ डूइंग बिज़नेस (EoDB) रिपोर्ट 2021 में बंद कर दी गई।
कारण (R): डेटा हेरफेर के आरोपों के कारण इसे निलंबित कर दिया गया।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

A is true, but R is false.

A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।

A is false, but R is true.

A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48 How did licensing policy under the planning era affect the emergence of large industrial conglomerates?

योजना युग के अंतर्गत लाइसेंसिंग नीति ने बड़े औद्योगिक समूहों के उद्भव को किस प्रकार प्रभावित किया?

It increased FDI inflow

इससे एफडीआई प्रवाह में वृद्धि हुई

It prevented market dominance

इसने बाजार में प्रभुत्व को रोका

It allowed firms to block competitors by hoarding licenses

इसने कंपनियों को लाइसेंस जमा करके प्रतिस्पर्धियों को रोकने की अनुमति दी

It enhanced rural employment

इससे ग्रामीण रोजगार में वृद्धि हुई

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49 Consider the following statements on the International Big Cat Alliance:
1. India is the initiator and lead coordinator of the alliance.
2. It focuses on the conservation of 6 species of big cats.
3. The alliance promotes scientific data sharing among member nations.

अंतर्राष्ट्रीय बिग कैट एलायंस पर निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:
1. भारत इस गठबंधन का आरंभकर्ता और प्रमुख समन्वयक है।
2. यह बड़ी बिल्लियों की 6 प्रजातियों के संरक्षण पर केंद्रित है।
3. यह गठबंधन सदस्य देशों के बीच वैज्ञानिक डेटा साझाकरण को बढ़ावा देता है।

Only 1 and 2 are correct

केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं

Only 1 and 3 are correct

केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं

Only 2 and 3 are correct

केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं

All 1, 2 and 3 are correct

सभी 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50 Privatization in India through disinvestment refers to:

भारत में विनिवेश के माध्यम से निजीकरण का तात्पर्य है:

Complete closure of public enterprises

सार्वजनिक उद्यमों का पूर्ण बंद होना

Issuing bonds to private investors

निजी निवेशकों को बांड जारी करना

Selling part of government equity to public or private entities

सरकारी इक्विटी का कुछ हिस्सा सार्वजनिक या निजी संस्थाओं को बेचना

Merging public and private sectors

सार्वजनिक और निजी क्षेत्रों का विलय

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Candidate Name		
Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	22 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	:	12:30 PM (Shift-2)
Centre Name		

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 76

Q.No: 76 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Water constitutes approximately 60% of the human body and plays a critical role in nearly every biological function, from regulating temperature to facilitating cellular metabolism. Despite its vital importance, adequate water intake is often overlooked in daily health routines. Dehydration, even at mild levels, can impair cognitive performance, reduce physical endurance, and compromise cardiovascular function. Conversely, over hydration—though rarer—can lead to hyponatremia, a potentially life-threatening condition caused by diluted blood sodium levels.

The amount of water an individual requires varies significantly depending on factors such as age, body size, environmental conditions, and levels of physical activity. While conventional wisdom suggests a daily intake of eight glasses, modern research advocates for a more nuanced approach, emphasizing hydration cues like thirst and the colour of urine as more accurate indicators of bodily needs. Furthermore, water intake is not solely dependent on direct consumption; foods with high water content, such as fruits and vegetables, also contribute substantially to hydration.

In contemporary society, where caffeinated beverages and processed foods are increasingly prevalent, maintaining optimal hydration demands conscious effort. Unlike water, many popular drinks act as diuretics, increasing fluid loss and potentially exacerbating dehydration risks. Health professionals, therefore, encourage not only regular water consumption but also the cultivation of habits that support overall fluid balance, such as moderating caffeine intake and choosing water-rich foods.

Which of the following best captures the author's main concern regarding modern hydration habits?

People drink too much water due to misleading guidelines.

People are unaware that hydration sources include both food and drinks.

People rely excessively on thirst cues without scientific backing.

Modern lifestyle choices complicate maintaining optimal hydration.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Water constitutes approximately 60% of the human body and plays a critical role in nearly every biological function, from regulating temperature to facilitating cellular metabolism. Despite its vital importance, adequate water intake is often overlooked in daily health routines. Dehydration, even at mild levels, can impair cognitive performance, reduce physical endurance, and compromise cardiovascular function. Conversely, over hydration—though rarer—can lead to hyponatremia, a potentially life-threatening condition caused by diluted blood sodium levels.

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In contemporary society, where caffeinated beverages and processed foods are increasingly prevalent, maintaining optimal hydration demands conscious effort. Unlike water, many popular drinks act as diuretics, increasing fluid loss and potentially exacerbating dehydration risks. Health professionals, therefore, encourage not only regular water consumption but also the cultivation of habits that support overall fluid balance, such as moderating caffeine intake and choosing water-rich foods.

In the context of the passage, what does the word **"agonizingly"** most nearly mean?

Rapidly

Painfully slowly

Unnoticeably

Surprisingly efficiently

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Water constitutes approximately 60% of the human body and plays a critical role in nearly every biological function, from regulating temperature to facilitating cellular metabolism. Despite its vital importance, adequate water intake is often overlooked in daily health routines. Dehydration, even at mild levels, can impair cognitive performance, reduce physical endurance, and compromise cardiovascular function. Conversely, over hydration—though rarer—can lead to hyponatremia, a potentially life-threatening condition caused by diluted blood sodium levels.

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In contemporary society, where caffeinated beverages and processed foods are increasingly prevalent, maintaining optimal hydration demands conscious effort. Unlike water, many popular drinks act as diuretics, increasing fluid loss and potentially exacerbating dehydration risks. Health professionals, therefore, encourage not only regular water consumption but also the cultivation of habits that support overall fluid balance, such as moderating caffeine intake and choosing water-rich foods.

Which word is a suitable substitute for the word **"Extraordinarily"**.

"Deep-sea ecosystems, largely unexplored and poorly understood, are extraordinarily delicate."

Ordinary

Incredibly

Negligible

Enchanting

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Water constitutes approximately 60% of the human body and plays a critical role in nearly every biological function, from regulating temperature to facilitating cellular metabolism. Despite its vital importance, adequate water intake is often overlooked in daily health routines. Dehydration, even at mild levels, can impair cognitive performance, reduce physical endurance, and compromise cardiovascular function. Conversely, over hydration—though rarer—can lead to hyponatremia, a potentially life-threatening condition caused by diluted blood sodium levels.

The amount of water an individual requires varies significantly depending on factors such as age, body size, environmental conditions, and levels of physical activity. While conventional wisdom suggests a daily intake of eight glasses, modern research advocates for a more nuanced approach, emphasizing hydration cues like thirst and the colour of urine as more accurate indicators of bodily needs. Furthermore, water intake is not solely dependent on direct consumption; foods with high water content, such as fruits and vegetables, also contribute substantially to hydration.

In contemporary society, where caffeinated beverages and processed foods are increasingly prevalent, maintaining optimal hydration demands conscious effort. Unlike water, many popular drinks act as diuretics, increasing fluid loss and potentially exacerbating dehydration risks. Health professionals, therefore, encourage not only regular water consumption but also the cultivation of habits that support overall fluid balance, such as moderating caffeine intake and choosing water-rich foods.

Identify the sentence that contains a **relative clause**:

The deep sea, far from being an inert wasteland, plays a vital role in carbon sequestration.

Once disturbed, these ecosystems may never return to their original state.

The mechanical extraction of minerals may cause irreversible damage to species uniquely adapted to these environments.

Mining operations disrupt the seabed, releasing plumes of sediment.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Water constitutes approximately 60% of the human body and plays a critical role in nearly every biological function, from regulating temperature to facilitating cellular metabolism. Despite its vital importance, adequate water intake is often overlooked in daily health routines. Dehydration, even at mild levels, can impair cognitive performance, reduce physical endurance, and compromise cardiovascular function. Conversely, over hydration—though rarer—can lead to hyponatremia, a potentially life-threatening condition caused by diluted blood sodium levels.

The amount of water an individual requires varies significantly depending on factors such as age, body size, environmental conditions, and levels of physical activity. While conventional wisdom suggests a daily intake of eight glasses, modern research advocates for a more nuanced approach, emphasizing hydration cues like thirst and the colour of urine as more accurate indicators of bodily needs. Furthermore, water intake is not solely dependent on direct consumption; foods with high water content, such as fruits and vegetables, also contribute substantially to hydration.

In contemporary society, where caffeinated beverages and processed foods are increasingly prevalent, maintaining optimal hydration demands conscious effort. Unlike water, many popular drinks act as diuretics, increasing fluid loss and potentially exacerbating dehydration risks. Health professionals, therefore, encourage not only regular water consumption but also the cultivation of habits that support overall fluid balance, such as moderating caffeine intake and choosing water-rich foods.

In the sentence

"The mechanical extraction of minerals may cause irreversible damage to species uniquely adapted to these high-pressure, low-light environments — many of which remain undiscovered."

The clause **"many of which remain undiscovered"** is an example of which type of clause?

Adverbial clause

Noun clause

Relative clause

Conditional clause

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81 Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

The essay was _____ with references to obscure literary movements.

repllete

replete

repleat

replite

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82 Identify the error in the sentence.

We'll go through on the documents before signing them.

through

on

documents

before

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83 Choose the correct one-word substitution for the italicized phrase below.

After his passing, the family had beautiful *words inscribed on his tomb* to honor his memory.

Autograph

Epitaph

Manuscript

Memoir

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **EPHEMERAL**

Short-lived

Eternal

Constant

Everlasting

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Ostentatious**

Modest

Showy

Flashy

Pretentious

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Sail close to the wind

Operate at the very edge of legality or propriety

Travel rapidly

Avoid any risk

Seek isolation

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
On tenterhooks

In a state of painful suspense

Physically restrained

Emotionally numb

Confused by contradictions

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88 Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'formal release from a criminal charge'.

Acquittal

Acquitall

Acquital

Aquittal

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89 Find the **correct spelling** of a word meaning inappropriate or unsuitable.

Incongruous

Incongreous

Incongrus

Inkongruous

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who attacks cherished beliefs or institutions'.

Iconoclast

Martyr

Monarchist

Idealist

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91 **Select the correct option:**
His explanation was neither accurate ___ exhaustive, leaving many gaps.

or

nor

and

but

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
The HR head made the assistant resubmitting (1)/ all the documentation after discovering (2)/ a discrepancy in the date of joining (3)/ for three contractual employees. (4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93 **Change the following from active to passive:**
We are going to start the project soon.

The project is going to be started soon.

The project was going to be started soon.

The project is being going to be started soon.

The project has been going to be started soon.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
She **levered** the lid open with a spoon.

The financial leverage helped the startup.

The lever broke off from the old machine.

They learned to leave early.

He lifted it with a metal rod.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
The culprit is believed to have been hiding in the abandoned warehouse for weeks.

People believe the warehouse hid the culprit.

It is believed that someone hid the culprit in the warehouse.

The culprit is believed to have hidden himself in the warehouse.

It is believed that the culprit has been hiding in the warehouse for weeks.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
The speaker had been ***hardly audible due to disturbance.***

barely heard due to the noise

barely audible due to the disturbance

hard to hear because of disturbance

hardly hearing for the noise

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97 **Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.**
The ethicist argued that, absent informed consent, the study's methodology was fundamentally untenable.

The ethicist argued, "Absent informed consent, the study's methodology is fundamentally untenable."

The ethicist argued, "If the study lacked informed consent, its methodology had been fundamentally untenable."

The ethicist argued, "Without informed consent, the study's methodology would have been fundamentally untenable."

The ethicist argued, "The study's methodology must have been untenable since it lacked informed consent."

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
She said, "I am feeling cold."

She said she is feeling cold.

She said she was feeling cold.

She said she felt cold.

She said she had felt cold.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:**
1. These factors include the amount of sunlight received, the composition of the atmosphere, and the Earth's orbit.
2. The long-term variations in Earth's climate are influenced by a complex interplay of natural and anthropogenic factors.
3. The most significant anthropogenic factor is the emission of greenhouse gases from industrial activities.
4. Together, these elements determine the planet's overall energy balance and, consequently, its average temperature.

2, 1, 4, 3

1, 2, 3, 4

3, 4, 1, 2

4, 2, 3, 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 100

Q.No: 100 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.**

1. Therefore, maintaining digital privacy is crucial.
2. The internet has become an indispensable part of our lives.
3. However, it also brings significant risks to personal data.
4. Users must be aware of potential threats and take precautions.

2-1-3-4

2-4-1-3

3-4-2-1

2-3-1-4

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Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51 What will come in place of ? to satisfy the equation : $(\sqrt{5}-1)^2 = ?-2\sqrt{5}$

समीकरण को संतुष्ट करने के लिए ? के स्थान पर क्या आएगा:

$(\sqrt{5}-1)^2 = ?-2\sqrt{5}$

7

7

6

6

5

5

4

4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52 What will be the compound interest on a sum of Rs. 25,000 after 3 years at the rate of 10% p.a.?

10% प्रति वर्ष की दर से 3 वर्ष बाद 25,000 रुपये की राशि पर चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज क्या होगा?

8,275

8,275

8,175

8,175

8,270

8,270

8,205

8,205

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53 If the simple interest on a certain sum of money for 3 years at 6% per annum is ₹360, what would be the simple interest on the same sum for 5 years at 8% per annum?

यदि किसी निश्चित धनराशि पर 3 वर्षों के लिए 6% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज ₹360 है, तो उसी धनराशि पर 5 वर्षों के लिए 8% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज क्या होगा?

₹720

₹720

₹800

₹800

₹840

₹840

₹960

₹960

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54 The decimal 0.875 is best classified as:

दशमलव 0.875 को सर्वोत्तम रूप से इस प्रकार वर्गीकृत किया गया है:

Whole Number

पूर्ण संख्या

Irrational Number

अपरिमेय संख्या

Integer

पूर्णांक

Rational Number

परिमेय संख्या

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55 An athlete runs a 300-meter race in 25 seconds. His speed in km/h is:

एक एथलीट 300 मीटर की दौड़ 25 सेकंड में पूरी करता है। उसकी गति किमी/घंटे में है:

43.2 km/hr

43.2 किमी/घंटा

32 km/h

32 किमी/घंटा

40 km/h

40 किमी/घंटा

38 km/hr

38 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56 A pyramid is inscribed inside a cube with edge 12 cm, sharing the base and apex at center of top. Find volume of pyramid.

एक पिरामिड 12 सेमी किनारे वाले एक घन के अंदर बना है, जिसका आधार और शीर्ष शीर्ष के केंद्र पर स्थित है। पिरामिड का आयतन ज्ञात कीजिए।

476 cm^2

476 सेमी^{2}

576 cm^2

576 सेमी^{2}

500 cm^2

500 सेमी^{2}

400 cm^2

400 सेमी^{2}

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 57

Q.No: 57 A, B, and C invest in the ratio 4:5:6. The time ratio is 3:2:1. What is the ratio of their profits?

A, B और C 4:5:6 के अनुपात में निवेश करते हैं। समय अनुपात 3:2:1 है। उनके लाभ का अनुपात क्या है?

10:12:6

10:12:6

6:5:3

6:5:3

4:5:6

4:5:6

2:3:1

2:3:1

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 58

Q.No: 58 A rectangular field has an area of 600 square meters. If its length were increased by 10 meters and its width decreased by 2 meters, the area of the field would remain the same. Find the original dimensions (length and width) of the field.

एक आयताकार मैदान का क्षेत्रफल 600 वर्ग मीटर है। यदि इसकी लंबाई 10 मीटर बढ़ा दी जाए और चौड़ाई 2 मीटर कम कर दी जाए, तो मैदान का क्षेत्रफल वही रहेगा। मैदान की मूल विमाएँ (लंबाई और चौड़ाई) ज्ञात कीजिए।

Length = 60 m, Width = 10 m

लंबाई = 60 मीटर, चौड़ाई = 10 मीटर

Length = 40 m, Width = 15 m

लंबाई = 40 मीटर, चौड़ाई = 15 मीटर

Length = 50 m, Width = 12 m

लंबाई = 50 मीटर, चौड़ाई = 12 मीटर

Length = 75 m, Width = 8 m

लंबाई = 75 मीटर, चौड़ाई = 8 मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 59

Q.No: 59 A garden is in the shape of a regular hexagon, each side 20 m. If 5% of it is occupied by a circular fountain, find the remaining area.

एक बगीचा समषट्भुज के आकार का है, जिसकी प्रत्येक भुजा 20 मीटर है। यदि इसका 5% भाग एक वृत्ताकार फव्वारे द्वारा घेरा हुआ है, तो शेष क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात कीजिए।

987.24 m^2

987.24 m^2

786.56 m^2

786.56 m^2

1, 078.6 m^2

1, 078.6 m^2

1, 092.4 m^2

1, 092.4 m^2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60 The weights of three friends are in the ratio 7:8:9. If each gains 5 kg, the new ratio becomes 12:13:14. What is the original weight of the heaviest friend?

तीन दोस्तों का वज़न 7:8:9 के अनुपात में है। अगर प्रत्येक का वज़न 5 किग्रा बढ़ जाए, तो नया अनुपात 12:13:14 हो जाता है। सबसे भारी दोस्त का मूल वज़न क्या है?

5 kg

5 किग्रा

7 kg

7 किग्रा

9 kg

9 किग्रा

11 kg

11 किग्रा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61 A triangular field has side lengths in the ratio 2:3:4 and perimeter 72 m. What is the area?

एक त्रिभुजाकार मैदान की भुजाओं की लंबाई का अनुपात 2:3:4 है और परिमाप 72 मीटर है। इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?

216 m^2

216 मीटर^2

186 m^2

186 मीटर^2

432 m^2

432 मीटर^2

360 m^2

360 मीटर^2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62 The value of a machine depreciates 10% in the first year, 20% in the second year, and 30% in the third year. If the initial value was Rs. 10,000, what is its value at the end of 3 years?

एक मशीन का मूल्य पहले वर्ष में 10%, दूसरे वर्ष में 20% और तीसरे वर्ष में 30% कम हो जाता है। अगर प्रारंभिक मूल्य ₹10,000 था, तो 3 वर्ष के अंत में इसका मूल्य क्या होगा?

Rs. 5040

5040 रुपये

Rs. 5600

5600 रुपये

Rs. 5800

5800 रुपये

Rs. 6200

6200 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63 An electronics dealer marks an item 60% above cost and offers a festival discount of 25%, plus a cashback of Rs. 300 on the final selling price. If he still makes a 10% profit, what is the cost price?

एक इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स विक्रेता किसी वस्तु पर उसकी लागत से 60% ज्यादा कीमत अंकित करता है और 25% की त्यौहारी छूट के साथ-साथ अंतिम बिक्री कीमत पर 300 रुपये का कैशबैक भी देता है। अगर उसे फिर भी 10% का लाभ होता है, तो लागत कीमत क्या है?

Rs. 3300

3300 रुपये

Rs. 3000

3000 रुपये

Rs. 3100

3100 रुपये

Rs. 3200

3200 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64 Athar can do a certain work in the same time in which Baban and Chetan together can do it. If Athar and Baban together could do it in 10 days and Chetan alone in 50 days, then Baban alone could do it in:

अतहर एक काम उतने ही समय में कर सकता है, जितने समय में बबन और चेतन मिलकर उसे कर सकते हैं। अगर अतहर और बबन मिलकर उसे 10 दिनों में और चेतन अकेले 50 दिनों में कर सकते हैं, तो बबन अकेले उसे कितने दिनों में कर सकता है?

20 days

20 दिन

25 days

25 दिन

30 days

30 दिन

27 days

27 दिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65 A storage box is in the shape of a right rectangular prism with internal dimensions 50 cm × 40 cm × 30 cm. How many liters can it hold?

एक भंडारण बॉक्स एक समकोण आयताकार प्रिज्म के आकार का है और इसके आंतरिक आयाम 50 सेमी × 40 सेमी × 30 सेमी है। इसमें कितने लीटर पानी आ सकता है?

50

50

60

60

40

40

70

70

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66 A trader bought 5 varieties of rice whose weights are in the ratio 2:3:4:5:6. Their respective prices per kg are Rs. 40, Rs. 42, Rs. 45, Rs. 48, and Rs. 50. What is the average cost per kg of the mixture?

एक व्यापारी ने चावल की 5 किस्में खरीदीं जिनके वज़न का अनुपात 2:3:4:5:6 है। प्रति किलोग्राम उनकी कीमतें क्रमशः ₹40, ₹42, ₹45, ₹48 और ₹50 हैं। मिश्रण का प्रति किलोग्राम औसत मूल्य क्या है?

Rs. 46.8

46.8 रुपये

Rs. 44.1

44.1 रुपये

Rs. 44.8

44.8 रुपये

Rs. 46.3

46.3 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67 An alloy contains tin and copper in the ratio 5:3. A second alloy contains tin and copper in the ratio 3:1. What quantity of the first alloy must be mixed with 20 kg of the second alloy to produce a new alloy with tin and copper in the ratio 4:2?

एक मिश्रधातु में टिन और ताँबा का अनुपात 5:3 है। एक दूसरी मिश्रधातु में टिन और ताँबा का अनुपात 3:1 है। 4:2 के अनुपात वाली टिन और ताँबा वाली एक नई मिश्रधातु बनाने के लिए पहली मिश्रधातु की कितनी मात्रा को दूसरी मिश्रधातु के 20 किग्रा में मिलाया जाना चाहिए?

10 kg

10 किग्रा
30 kg
30 किग्रा
40 kg
40 किग्रा
60 kg
60 किग्रा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68 If $sinA = \frac{2}{3}$, find the value of $(3sinA-4cosA)^2 + (4sinA + 3cosA)^2$.

यदि $sinA = \frac{2}{3}$, $(3sinA-4cosA)^2 + (4sinA + 3cosA)^2$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.

25
25
18
18
13
13
34
34

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69 If $\sin A + \cos A = \sqrt{2}$, then find $\sin^3 A + \cos^3 A$.

यदि $\sin A + \cos A = \sqrt{2}$, तो $\sin^3 A + \cos^3 A$ ज्ञात कीजिए।

$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}$
$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}$
$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$
$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70 Are these lines $y = 2x + 3$ and $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 1$ perpendicular?

क्या ये रेखाएँ $y = 2x + 3$ और $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 1$ लंबवत हैं?

Yes
हाँ
No
नहीं
Only if they intersect at origin
केवल तभी जब वे मूल बिंदु पर प्रतिच्छेद करें
Cannot be determined
तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71 If $\sin x = \cos(5x - 60^\circ)$, then what is the value of x?

यदि $\sin x = \cos(5x - 60^\circ)$ है, तो x का मान क्या है?

30°

30°

25°

25°

18°

18°

20°

20°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72 Two angles are complementary. The measure of one angle is 10 degrees more than three times the measure of the other angle. What is the measure of the smaller angle?

दो कोण पूरक हैं। एक कोण का माप दूसरे कोण के माप के तीन गुने से 10 डिग्री अधिक है। छोटे कोण का माप क्या है?

20°

20°

25°

25°

70°

70°

80°

80°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73 In a triangle ABC, if the angle bisectors of $\angle B$ and $\angle C$ intersect at point I, and $\angle BIC = 110^\circ$, what is the measure of $\angle A$?

त्रिभुज ABC में, यदि $\angle B$ और $\angle C$ के कोण समद्विभाजक बिंदु I पर प्रतिच्छेद करते हैं, तथा $\angle BIC = 110^\circ$ है, तो $\angle A$ का माप क्या है?

20°

20°

40°

40°

50°

50°

60°

60°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74 **Simplify:**

$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})^2$

सरल करें:

$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})^2$

$5 + 2\sqrt{6}$

$5 + 2\sqrt{6}$

$5 - 2\sqrt{6}$

$5 - 2\sqrt{6}$

$1 + 2\sqrt{6}$

$1 + 2\sqrt{6}$

$1 - 2\sqrt{6}$

$1-2\sqrt{6}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 75

Q.No: 75 In triangle PQR, ST is parallel to QR. If PS=5cm, SQ=10cm , and PT=6cm , find TR.

त्रिभुज PQR में, ST, QR के समांतर है। यदि PS=5 सेमी, SQ=10 सेमी, और PT=6 सेमी है, तो TR ज्ञात कीजिए।

10 cm

10सेमी,

8 cm

8 सेमी,

12 cm

12सेमी,

6 cm

6 सेमी,

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : 22 Sep 2025

Test Time and Shift : 12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1 In the sequence B, D, F, H..., which letter comes 6^{th}?

अनुक्रम B, D, F, H... में कौन सा अक्षर 6^{th} आता है?

J

J

N

N

L

L

M

M

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

Sample Address:HIG-12, Sector 3,Indrapuri, Bhopal,Madhya Pradesh - 462021

वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो।

Sample Address:HIG-12, Sector 3,Indrapuri, Bhopal,Madhya Pradesh - 462021

HIG 12, Sector-3, Indrapuri, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh - 462021

HIG 12, Sector-3, Indrapuri, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh - 462021

HIG-12, Sector 3, Indrapuri, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh - 462021

HIG-12, Sector 3, Indrapuri, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh - 462021

HIG-12, Sector III, Indrapuri, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh - 462021

HIG-12, Sector III, Indrapuri, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh - 462021

HIG-21, Sector 3, Indrapuri, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh - 462021

HIG-21, Sector 3, Indrapuri, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh - 462021

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3 Find the smallest number which when divided by 8, 9, and 12 leaves a remainder of 5 in each case.

वह सबसे छोटी संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए जिसे 8, 9 और 12 से विभाजित करने पर प्रत्येक स्थिति में शेष 5 बचे।

77

77

173

173

869

869

874

874

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4 What mathematical symbol should replace A and B respectively to make it mathematically CORRECT?

14 - 96 ÷ 24 A 16 B 4 = 74

गणितीय रूप से सही बनाने के लिए क्रमशः A और B के स्थान पर कौन सा गणितीय चिन्ह रखा जाना चाहिए?

14 - 96 ÷ 24 A 16 B 4 = 74

x and +

x और +

+ and x

+ और x

+ and -

+ और -

x and -

x और -

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5 A statement is given followed by two conclusions. Find which conclusion is TRUE based on the given statement.

Statement:
P ≥ T ; Q = R ≥ U; V ≥ R < S; T ≥ Q.
Conclusions:
I: T ≥ U
II:V > T

एक कथन के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथन के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है।

कथन:
P ≥ T ; Q = R ≥ U; V ≥ R < S; T ≥ Q
निष्कर्ष:
I: T ≥ U
II: V > T

Either I or II

या तो I या II

Neither I nor II

न तो I और न ही II

Only II

केवल II

Only I

केवल I

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6 Which number is NOT a multiple of 3?

कौन सी संख्या 3 का गुणज नहीं है?

369

369

372

372

375

375

377

377

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7 Which country does not belong to the group?

कौन सा देश इस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

India

भारत

China

चीन

Nepal

नेपाल

Brazil

ब्राज़िल

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8 Find the odd one out.
Narendra Modi, Rahul Gandhi, Amit Shah, Mahendra Singh Dhoni

इनमें से विषम को पहचानिए।
नरेंद्र मोदी, राहुल गांधी, अमित शाह, महेंद्र सिंह धोनी

Narendra Modi

नरेंद्र मोदी

Rahul Gandhi

राहुल गांधी

Amit Shah

अमित शाह

Mahendra Singh Dhoni

महेंद्र सिंह धोनी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9 M is the sister of N. N is the father of R. T is the mother of M. How is T related to R?

M, N की बहन है। N, R का पिता है। T, M की माता है। T का R से क्या संबंध है?

Aunt

चाची

Grandmother

दादी

Mother

माँ

Cousin

चचेरी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10 T is the brother of R. R is the son of M. How is T related to M?

T, R का भाई है। R, M का पुत्र है। T, M से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

Brother

भाई

Son

पुत्र

Father

पिता

Cousin

चचेरा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11 Which group has letters with a position sum = 29?

किस समूह के अक्षरों का स्थान योग = 29 है?

P, Q, R

P, Q, R

C, D, Y

C, D, Y

A, B, Z

A, B, Z

M, N, O

M, N, O

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12 Directions: Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six persons P, Q, R, S, T, U were born in six different years 1946, 1958, 1963, 1971, 1994, 2006.
Note - Age is calculated with respect to 2019.
The sum of the ages of S and P is 86. S was born in an even-numbered year. S is older than P. Q is older than S. T was born in an odd-numbered year. The sum of the ages of P and R is 81. U is younger than T.
Which of the following is the birth year of P?

निर्देश: निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।
छह व्यक्ति P, Q, R, S, T, U का जन्म छह अलग-अलग वर्षों 1946, 1958, 1963, 1971, 1994, 2006 में हुआ था।
नोट - आयु की गणना 2019 के संदर्भ में की गई है। S और P की आयु का योग 86 है। S का जन्म सम संख्या वाले वर्ष में हुआ था। S, P से बड़ा है। Q, S से बड़ा है। T का जन्म विषम संख्या वाले वर्ष में हुआ था। P और R की आयु का योग 81 है। U, T से छोटा है।
निम्नलिखित में से P का जन्म वर्ष कौन सा है?

1958

1958

1994

1994

1971

1971

2006

2006

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13 Directions: Study the fo lowing information carefully to answer the given questions:

If 'A & B' means 'A is the mother of B'
If 'A $ B' means 'A is the brother of B'
If 'A # B' means 'A is the sister of B'
If 'A @ B' means 'A is the father of B'
If 'A % B' means 'A is the daughter of B'
If 'A * B' means 'A is the son of B'

Which of the following means R is a brother of P?

निर्देश: दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने के लिए निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए:

यदि 'A & B' का अर्थ है 'A, B की माता है'
यदि 'A $ B' का अर्थ है 'A, B का भाई है'
यदि 'A # B' का अर्थ है 'A, B की बहन है'
यदि 'A @ B' का अर्थ है 'A, B का पिता है'
यदि 'A % B' का अर्थ है 'A, B की पुत्री है'
यदि 'A * B' का अर्थ है 'A, B का पुत्र है'

निम्नलिखित में से किसका अर्थ है कि R, P का भाई है?

P * Q % R

P * Q % R

Q % P & R

Q % P & R

R * Q & P

R * Q & P

Q * R & P

Q * R & P

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14 Read the follow ng statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
All pens are blue things. Some blue things are plastic. No plastic is recyclable.

Conclusions:
I. Some pens are plastic.
II. Some blue things are not recyclable.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:
सभी पेन नीली वस्तुएँ हैं। कुछ नीली वस्तुएँ प्लास्टिक हैं। कोई भी प्लास्टिक पुनर्चक्रण योग्य नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कुछ पेन प्लास्टिक हैं।
II. कुछ नीली वस्तुएँ पुनर्चक्रण योग्य नहीं हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only I follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15 In a certain code, BRAIN is written as AQZHM, how is HEART written?

एक निश्चित कोड में, BRAIN को AQZHM लिखा जाता है, HEART को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?

GDZQS

GDZQS
GDZQR

GDZQR
GDYQR

GDYQR
GCZQS

GCZQS

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16 What comes next in the series?
A, C, F, J, O, ?

निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
A, C, F, J, O, ?

U

U
V

V
W

W
T

T

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17 In the following question, from the given alternative words, select the word which can be formed using the letters of the given word.

ANAESTHETIZED

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, दिए गए वैकल्पिक शब्दों में से वह शब्द चुनिए जो दिए गए शब्द के अक्षरों का प्रयोग करके बनाया जा सकता है।

ANAESTHETIZED
Atomize

Atomize
Anemia

Anemia
Dentist

Dentist
Anzio

Anzio

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18 Which three-letter combination is different from the rest?

ACD, BDF, CEH, DFI, EGK

कौन सा तीन-अक्षर संयोजन बाकी से अलग है?

ACD, BDF, CEH, DFI, EGK
ACD

ACD
BDF

BDF
DFI

DFI

CEH

CEH

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19 What comes next?
LM, KN, JO, IP, ?

निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
LM, KN, JO, IP, ?

HQ

HQ

GR

GR

FR

FR

GQ

GQ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20 What should come at the place of question mark? : **11, 22, 20, 40, 38, ?**

प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?: **11, 22, 20, 40, 38, ?**

76

76

74

74

78

78

80

80

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21 If 2 & 2 = 12 and 3 & 3 = 27, what is 4 & 4?

यदि 2 & 2 = 12 और 3 & 3 = 27, तो 4 & 4 क्या है?

64

64

72

72

81

81

48

48

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22 What should come at the place of question mark?
2, 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, ?

प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए?
2, 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, ?

57

57

65

65

49

49

61

61

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23 If the cost price of 15 articles is equal to the selling price of 12 articles, what is the profit percent?

यदि 15 वस्तुओं का क्रय मूल्य 12 वस्तुओं के विक्रय मूल्य के बराबर है, तो लाभ प्रतिशत क्या है?

25%

25%

20%

20%

30%

30%

10%

10%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24 If GARDEN is coded as HBSFOO, how is HBSFOO coded?

यदि GARDEN को HBSFOO के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो HBSFOO को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?

ICTHYP

ICTHYP

ICUGPP

ICUGPP

IBUGPP

IBUGPP

ICTGPO

ICTGPO

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25 In a class, Ramesh receives higher grades than Suresh but lower grades than Mahesh. Which of these statements is true if Suresh had a score of 70?

एक कक्षा में, रमेश को सुरेश से ज़्यादा अंक लेकिन महेश से कम अंक मिलते हैं। अगर सुरेश के अंक 70 हैं, तो इनमें से कौन सा कथन सत्य है?

Ramesh's marks are 65, Mahesh's marks are 70.

रमेश के अंक 65 हैं, महेश के अंक 70 हैं।

Ramesh's marks are 75, Mahesh's marks are 80.

रमेश के अंक 75 हैं, महेश के अंक 80 हैं।

Ramesh's marks are 60, Mahesh's marks are 70.

रमेश के अंक 60 हैं, महेश के अंक 70 हैं।

Ramesh's marks are 85, Mahesh's marks are 75.

रमेश के अंक 85 हैं, महेश के अंक 75 हैं।

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **22 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Apartment 2B, Blue Towers,Nungambakkam, Chennai,Tamil Nadu - 600034

	वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Apartment 2B, Blue Towers,Nungambakkam, Chennai,Tamil Nadu - 600034
	Apt 2B, Blue Towers, Nungambakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034 Apt 2B, Blue Towers, Nungambakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034
	Apartment 2B, Blue Towers, Nungambakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034 Apartment 2B, Blue Towers, Nungambakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034
	Apartment 2B, Blue Tower, Nungambakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034 Apartment 2B, Blue Tower, Nungambakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034
	Apartment 2B, Blue Towers, Nungambakam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034 Apartment 2B, Blue Towers, Nungambakam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034

Q.No: 2	Which two signs should be interchanged to make the equation correct? 25 × 2 − 10 ÷ 5 + 3 = 49 समीकरण को सही बनाने के लिए किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना चाहिए? 25 × 2 − 10 ÷ 5 + 3 = 49
	× and − × और − − and ÷ − और ÷
	÷ and + ÷ और +
	+ and − + और −

Q.No: 3	The given statements are followed by two conclusions. Find out which conclusion is TRUE based on the given statements. Statements: J > K = L, M ≥ N < K, O < J < P, N = Q ≥ R Conclusions: I. M > R II. M = R दिए गए कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथनों के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष सत्य है। कथन: J > K = L, M ≥ N < K, O < J < P, N = Q ≥ R निष्कर्ष: I. M > R II. M = R
	Neither conclusion I nor II is true न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II सत्य है
	Both conclusion I and II are true निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों सत्य हैं
	Either conclusion I or II is true या तो निष्कर्ष I या II सत्य है
	Only conclusion II is true केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है

Q.No: 4	P is the daughter of Q. Q is the son of R. How is P related to R? P, Q की पुत्री है। Q, R का पुत्र है। P, R से किस प्रकार संबंधित है? Niece भतीजी
	Granddaughter पोती

	Aunt चाची Sister बहन

Q.No: 5	Read the following statement carefully and identify the action that follows. A manager finds data manipulation in quarterly reports. Course of Action: 1. Conduct an internal audit. 2. Take strict action against guilty staff. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद की कार्रवाई की पहचान करें। एक प्रबंधक को तिमाही रिपोर्टों में डेटा में हेरफेर का पता चलता है। कार्रवाई: 1. आंतरिक ऑडिट करें। 2. दोषी कर्मचारियों के विरुद्ध कड़ी कार्रवाई करें।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 6	You are a government clerk and receive an incomplete application from a poor villager who doesn't understand the procedure. What should you do?

	आप एक सरकारी क्लर्क हैं और आपको एक गरीब ग्रामीण से अधूरा आवेदन मिलता है, जो प्रक्रिया को नहीं समझता। आपको क्या करना चाहिए? Reject the application immediately आवेदन को तुरंत अस्वीकार करें
	Return it without explanation बिना स्पष्टीकरण के इसे वापस कर दें
	Guide him properly and help him complete the form उसे उचित मार्गदर्शन दें और फॉर्म भरने में उसकी मदद करें
	Ignore it as not your responsibility इसे अपनी जिम्मेदारी न मानकर नज़रअंदाज़ करें

Q.No: 7	Identify the number which is different from the other options: उस संख्या को पहचानें जो अन्य विकल्पों से अलग है:
	3 3 5 5
	7 7
	9 9

Q.No: 8	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: No cats are dogs. Some dogs are pets. All pets are friendly. **Conclusions:** I. Some pets are not cats. II. All dogs are friendly. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: कोई भी बिल्ली कुत्ता नहीं है। कुछ कुत्ते पालतू जानवर हैं। सभी पालतू जानवर मिलनसार होते हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ पालतू जानवर बिल्ली नहीं हैं। II. सभी कुत्ते मिलनसार होते हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 9	What comes next? A, C, F, J, O, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? A, C, F, J, O, ?
	U

	U
	T T V V
	S S

Q.No: 10	In the following question, from the given alternative words, select the word which can be formed using the letters of the given word. Awesome निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, दिए गए वैकल्पिक शब्दों में से वह शब्द चुनिए जो दिए गए शब्द के अक्षरों का प्रयोग करके बनाया जा सकता है। Awesome
	come come
	Seat Seat
	Some Some
	came came

Q.No: 11	What comes next in the series? Z, X, V, T, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? Z, X, V, T, ?

	S S U U
	R R
	Q Q

Q.No: 12	Which meaningful word can be formed from the letters "COLYON"? "COLYON" अक्षरों से कौन सा सार्थक शब्द बनाया जा सकता है?
	CYCLONE CYCLONE
	COYOLN COYOLN
	COLONY COLONY
	LOCNOY LOCNOY

Q.No: 13	If STRONG is written as HOPSUT, how is MIGHTY written? अगर STRONG को HOPSUT लिखा जाता है, तो MIGHTY को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	ZUIHJN ZUIHJN
	ZUGHIM

	ZUGHIM
	YTHGMI YTHGMI YTHGMJ YTHGMJ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 14	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives दिए गए विकल्पों में से बेमेल विकल्प चुनिए
	AND AND OR OR
	NAND NAND
	SQL SQL

Q.No: 15	A tank can be filled by an inlet pipe in 8 hours. Another outlet pipe can empty the same tank in 12 hours. If both pipes are opened simultaneously, how long will it take to fill the empty tank completely? एक टैंक को एक इनलेट पाइप द्वारा 8 घंटे में भरा जा सकता है। एक अन्य आउटलेट पाइप उसी टैंक को 12 घंटे में खाली कर सकता है। यदि दोनों पाइपों को एक साथ खोल दिया जाए, तो खाली टैंक को पूरी तरह भरने में कितना समय लगेगा?
	24 h 24 घंटे
	16 h 16 घंटे

	20 h 20 घंटे 48 h 48 घंटे

Q.No: 16	You're working in a legal aid clinic and someone reports domestic violence. What should you do? आप एक कानूनी सहायता क्लिनिक में काम करते हैं और कोई व्यक्ति घरेलू हिंसा की रिपोर्ट करता है। आपको क्या करना चाहिए?
	Help them file a report and provide support उन्हें रिपोर्ट दर्ज करने और सहायता प्रदान करने में सहायता करें
	Ignore as it's personal इसे व्यक्तिगत समझकर अनदेखा करें
	Tell them to wait उन्हें प्रतीक्षा करने के लिए कहें
	Send them to court उन्हें अदालत भेजो

Q.No: 17	Which interchanges of numbers and signs will make the equation correct? **7 + 3 × 4 = 19** संख्याओं और चिह्नों के किस आदान-प्रदान से समीकरण सही हो जाएगा? **7 + 3 × 4 = 19**
	+ and ×, 3 and 4 + और ×, 3 और 4
	+ and ×, 7 and 4 + और ×, 7 और 4
	+ and ×, 7 and 3

	+ और ×, 7 और 3
	+ and ×, 4 and 3 + और ×, 4 और 3

Q.No: 18	If 'A' denotes '+', 'B' denotes '-', 'C' denotes '×', and 'D' denotes '÷' what is the value of the following expression? **12 A 6 C 2 B 4=?** यदि 'A' का अर्थ '+', 'B' का अर्थ '-', 'C' का अर्थ '×' और 'D' का अर्थ '÷' है, तो निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान क्या है? **12 A 6 C 2 B 4=?** 26 26
	20 20
	22 22 18 18

Q.No: 19	What should come at the place of question mark? **3, 7, 14, 24, 37, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? **3, 7, 14, 24, 37, ?**
	53

	53
	50 50 55 55
	52 52

Q.No: 20	Statements: Some roads are highways. All highways are streets. Conclusions: I. All roads are streets. II. Some streets are highways. कथन: कुछ सड़कें राजमार्ग हैं। सभी राजमार्ग गलियाँ हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. सभी सड़कें गलियाँ हैं। II. कुछ गलियाँ राजमार्ग हैं।
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Q.No: 21	If + = ×, − = ÷, × = +, ÷ = −, then 64 − 4 + 2 × 6 = ? यदि + = ×, − = ÷, × = +, ÷ = −, तो 64 − 4 + 2 × 6 = ?
	38 38
	14 14

	20 20 22 22

Q.No: 22	If 'HAT' is coded as '8-1-20', how will 'TAH' be coded? यदि 'HAT' को '8-1-20' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'TAH' को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	20-1-8 20-1-8
	8-20-1 8-20-1 1-20-8 1-20-8
	20-8-1 20-8-1

Q.No: 23	If BRAVE is coded as CSBWF, how is CSBWF coded? यदि BRAVE को CSBWF के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो CSBWF को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	DTCXG DTCXG DSBWG DSBWG
	DTBWF DTBWF
	CSBXF

	CSBXF

Q.No: 24	A, B, C, D, E, and F are the six members of a family. A is the male member of a married pair, A and B. C is A's brother, and D is his only son. D has a sister named E. F's husband has passed away, and B is her daughter-in-law. What connection does E have to C? A, B, C, D, E और F एक परिवार के छह सदस्य हैं। A, A और B नामक विवाहित जोड़े का पुरुष सदस्य है। C, A का भाई है और D उसका इकलौता पुत्र है। D की एक बहन है जिसका नाम E है। F के पति का निधन हो चुका है और B उसकी बहू है। E का C से क्या संबंध है?
	Sister बहन
	Daughter पुत्री
	Cousin चचेरी
	Mother-inlaw सास

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination 4, 5, 12, 39, 163 नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 4, 5, 12, 39, 163
	5 5
	163 163
	39 39
	12

	12

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **22 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	:

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26	What does the "PSLV" rocket stand for? "पीएसएलवी" रॉकेट का क्या अर्थ है?
	Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle

	पोलर सैटेलाइट लॉन्च व्हीकल
	Public Space Launch Vehicle पब्लिक स्पेस लॉन्च व्हीकल
	Planetary Satellite Launch Vehicle प्लैनेटरी सैटेलाइट लॉन्च व्हीकल
	Private Satellite Launch Vehicle प्राइवेट सैटेलाइट लॉन्च व्हीकल

Q.No: 27	Which BIMSTEC member state leads the priority area of "Energy"? कौन सा बिम्सटेक(BIMSTEC) सदस्य देश "ऊर्जा" के प्राथमिकता वाले क्षेत्र में अग्रणी है?
	India भारत
	Thailand थाईलैंड
	Sri Lanka श्रीलंका
	Bangladesh बांग्लादेश

Q.No: 28	Which government initiative aims to provide a unified platform for citizens to access various government services online? किस सरकारी पहल का उद्देश्य नागरिकों को विभिन्न सरकारी सेवाओं तक ऑनलाइन पहुंच के लिए एक एकीकृत मंच प्रदान करना है?
	DigiLocker डिजिटल लॉकर
	UMANG (Unified Mobile Application for New-age Governance) उमंग (नये युग के शासन के लिए एकीकृत मोबाइल एप्लीकेशन)

	MyGov मेरी सरकार National e-Governance Plan (NeGP) राष्ट्रीय ई-गवर्नेंस योजना (एनईजीपी)
Q.No: 29	Which sport is linked to the term "Grand Slam"? "ग्रैंड स्लैम" शब्द किस खेल से जुड़ा है?
	Cricket क्रिकेट Golf गोल्फ
	Tennis टेनिस
	Badminton बैडमिंटन

Q.No: 30	The inaugural edition of the Indian Women's League (IWL) football final in 2017 was hosted in which city? 2017 में भारतीय महिला लीग (IWL) फुटबॉल फाइनल का उद्घाटन संस्करण किस शहर में आयोजित किया गया था?
	New Delhi नई दिल्ली
	Shillong शिलांग Kolkata कोलकाता
	Mumbai मुंबई
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	The festival of "Phool Dei" is unique to which of the following Indian regions? "फूल देई" का त्यौहार निम्नलिखित में से किस भारतीय क्षेत्र के लिए अद्वितीय है?
	Deccan Plateau दक्कन का पठार
	Malwa Plateau मालवा का पठार
	Kumaon Hills कुमाऊँ की पहाड़ियाँ
	Western Ghats पश्चिमी घाट

Q.No: 32	Which of the following changes has been introduced to ensure faster trials under the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita? भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता के तहत तेजी से सुनवाई सुनिश्चित करने के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा परिवर्तन किया गया है?
	Video recording of statements बयानों की वीडियो रिकॉर्डिंग
	Ban on legal representation कानूनी प्रतिनिधित्व पर प्रतिबंध
	Removal of judges जजों को हटाना
	Delay in filing chargesheets आरोपपत्र दाखिल करने में देरी

Q.No: 33	Who was appointed as the Union Law Secretary in March 2025, becoming the first woman to hold this position?

	मार्च 2025 में केंद्रीय कानून सचिव के रूप में किसे नियुक्त किया गया, जो इस पद को संभालने वाली पहली महिला बनीं? Shelly Oberoi शेली ओबेरॉय
	Atishi Marlena आतिशी मार्लेना
	Anju Rathi Rana अंजू राठी राणा
	Rekha Gupta रेखा गुप्ता
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Why does the Tamil Nadu coast remain dry during the southwest monsoon? दक्षिण-पश्चिमी मानसून के दौरान तमिलनाडु का तट शुष्क क्यों रहता है?
	Due to the presence of extra-tropical cyclonic situations during the winters. शीतकाल के दौरान अतिरिक्त उष्णकटिबंधीय चक्रवाती स्थितियों की उपस्थिति के कारण। It receives most of the rainfall from tropical cyclones originating over the Arabian Sea. यहाँ अधिकांश वर्षा अरब सागर से उत्पन्न होने वाले उष्णकटिबंधीय चक्रवातों से होती है।
	It is situated parallel to the Bay of Bengal branch of the southwest monsoon. यह दक्षिण-पश्चिम मानसून की बंगाल की खाड़ी शाखा के समानांतर स्थित है। The inter-tropical convergence zone is located below the Tropic of Capricorn during the winter. अंतर-उष्णकटिबंधीय अभिसरण क्षेत्र शीतकाल के दौरान मकर रेखा के नीचे स्थित होता है।

Q.No: 35	Which foreign element, stemming from Achaemenid Persia, influenced Mauryan sculpture? अकेमेनिड फारस से उत्पन्न किस विदेशी तत्व ने मौर्य मूर्तिकला को प्रभावित किया?
	Use of terracotta टेराकोटा का उपयोग

	Bold and massive realism साहसिक एवं व्यापक यथार्थवाद
	Employment of specific deities विशिष्ट देवताओं का उपयोग
	Intricate filigree work जटिल फ़िलिग्री कार्य
Not Answered	

Q.No: 36	Which title used by Gupta rulers reflected their Vaishnavite affiliation? गुप्त शासकों द्वारा प्रयुक्त कौन सी उपाधि उनके वैष्णव सम्बद्धता को प्रतिबिम्बित करती थी?
	Lokadhama-deva लोकधाम-देव
	Parameshvara परमेश्वर
	Paramabhagavata परमभागवत
	Paramatman परमात्मा
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	**Arrange the following historical events in their correct chronological order, from the earliest to the latest:** 1. Construction of the Grand Trunk Road 2. Akbar begins his reign 3. Death of Humayun

	निम्नलिखित ऐतिहासिक घटनाओं को उनके सही कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में, सबसे पहले से लेकर सबसे हाल तक व्यवस्थित करें: 1. ग्रैंड ट्रंक रोड का निर्माण 2. अकबर ने अपना शासन शुरू किया 3. हुमायूँ की मृत्यु
	3-2-1 3-2-1
	1-3-2 1-3-2
	2-1-3 2-1-3
	1-2-3 1-2-3

Q.No: 38	The Governor General's Council, as established by the Regulating Act, consisted of how many members? रेग्युलेटिंग एक्ट द्वारा स्थापित गवर्नर जनरल की परिषद में कितने सदस्य थे?
	Three तीन
	Four चार
	Five पाँच
	Six छह
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	**Fill in the blanks:** The Summer Olympics held in _____ in August 2004 featured India's first Olympic shooting medal won by Rajyavardhan Singh Rathore. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** अगस्त 2004 में _____ में आयोजित ग्रीष्मकालीन ओलंपिक में भारत का पहला ओलंपिक निशानेबाजी पदक राज्यवर्धन सिंह राठौर ने जीता था।
	Beijing, China बीजिंग चाइना
	Sydney, Australia सिडनी, ऑस्ट्रेलिया
	Athens, Greece एथेंस, ग्रीस
	Atlanta, USA अटलांटा, अमेरिका

Q.No: 40	What is the central theme of the book 'Friend of My Youth' by Amit Chaudhuri? अमित चौधरी की पुस्तक 'फ्रेंड ऑफ माई यूथ' का केंद्रीय विषय क्या है?
	A collection of interconnected stories exploring Indian family and identity भारतीय परिवार और पहचान की पड़ताल करती परस्पर जुड़ी कहानियों का संग्रह
	A historical account of India's independence struggle भारत के स्वतंत्रता संग्राम का ऐतिहासिक विवरण
	A travelogue about India's diverse landscapes भारत के विविध परिदृश्यों के बारे में एक यात्रा वृत्तांत
	A biography of a famous Indian politician एक प्रसिद्ध भारतीय राजनीतिज्ञ की जीवनी

Q.No: 41	**Fill in the blanks:** Even after a Bill is passed by the State Legislature, the Governor may forward it to the _____ for consideration. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** राज्य विधानमंडल द्वारा विधेयक पारित होने के बाद भी, राज्यपाल उसे विचारार्थ _____ को भेज सकते हैं।
	Chief Minister मुख्यमंत्री Speaker सभापति
	President राष्ट्रपति Prime Minister प्रधान मंत्री

Q.No: 42	What happens during beta-plus (β^+) decay in a nucleus? नाभिक में बीटा-प्लस (β^+) क्षय के दौरान क्या होता है?
	Proton number decreases by 1, mass number remains unchanged प्रोटॉन संख्या 1 से घट जाती है, द्रव्यमान संख्या अपरिवर्तित रहती है
	Proton number increases by 1, mass number remains unchanged प्रोटॉन संख्या 1 से बढ़ जाती है, द्रव्यमान संख्या अपरिवर्तित रहती है Both proton number and mass number decrease प्रोटॉन संख्या और द्रव्यमान संख्या दोनों घट जाती हैं
	Proton number decreases by 2, mass number decreases by 4 प्रोटॉन संख्या 2 से घट जाती है, द्रव्यमान संख्या 4 से घट जाती है

Q.No: 43	According to the World Economic Forum's 2025 Energy Transition Index (ETI), which trend best reflects the current state of global energy systems?

	विश्व आर्थिक मंच के 2025 ऊर्जा संक्रमण सूचकांक (ईटीआई) के अनुसार, कौन सी प्रवृत्ति वैश्विक ऊर्जा प्रणालियों की वर्तमान स्थिति को सबसे अच्छी तरह दर्शाती है?
	Security up, sustainability down सुरक्षा बढ़ी, स्थिरता घटी
	Demand up due to electrification and cooling विद्युतीकरण और शीतलन के कारण मांग बढ़ी
	AI cut demand, stabilized grid एआई ने मांग में कटौती की, ग्रिड को स्थिर किया
	Investment and readiness above average निवेश और तत्परता औसत से ऊपर

Q.No: 44	Consider the statements about Ghoomar : 1. Its earliest performers were Bhil women; Rajputs later adopted it. 2. Ghoomar was inscribed on UNESCO ICH list in 2015. Which is/are **correct?** घूमर के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. इसके शुरुआती कलाकार भील महिलाएं थीं; बाद में राजपूतों ने इसे अपना लिया। 2. घूमर को 2015 में यूनेस्को आईसीएच सूची में शामिल किया गया था। कौन सा/से **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 correct केवल 1 सही
	Only 2 correct केवल 2 सही
	Both 1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Q.No: 45	Which of the following is an example of a capital receipt? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा पूंजी प्राप्ति का उदाहरण है?
	Income Tax collected एकत्रित आयकर
	Dividend from PSUs सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों से लाभांश
	Loan taken from RBI RBI से लिया गया ऋण
	Sale proceeds of public services सार्वजनिक सेवाओं की बिक्री से प्राप्त आय
Not Answered	

Q.No: 46	V.O. Chidambaram Pillai, also known as 'Kappalottiya Thamizhan', was a pioneer of the Swadeshi movement who started which enterprise? वी.ओ. चिदंबरम पिल्लई, जिन्हें 'कप्पलोट्टिया तमिलन' के नाम से भी जाना जाता है, स्वदेशी आंदोलन के अग्रदूत थे जिन्होंने कौन सा उद्यम शुरू किया?
	Swadeshi Cotton Mills स्वदेशी कॉटन मिल्स
	Swadeshi Steam Navigation Company स्वदेशी स्टीम नेविगेशन कंपनी
	Swadeshi Bank स्वदेशी बैंक
	Swadeshi Textile Mills स्वदेशी कपड़ा मिल्स
Not Answered	

Q.No: 47	How does Indian planning demonstrate responsiveness to feedback? भारतीय योजना फीडबैक के प्रति संवेदनशीलता कैसे प्रदर्शित करती है?
	By finalizing plans before public opinion is known जनता की राय जानने से पहले योजनाओं को अंतिम रूप देकर
	By discarding public suggestions entirely सार्वजनिक सुझावों को पूरी तरह से खारिज करके
	By modifying drafts based on criticism and recommendations आलोचना और सिफारिशों के आधार पर ड्राफ्ट को संशोधित करके
	By consulting only foreign agencies for planning योजना के लिए केवल विदेशी एजेंसियों से परामर्श करके
Not Answered	

Q.No: 48	Which of the following statements about Verghese Kurien is correct? वर्गीज कुरियन के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है? He initiated the White Revolution in India's IT sector. उन्होंने भारत के आईटी क्षेत्र में श्वेत क्रांति की शुरुआत की।
	He pioneered Operation Flood to transform dairy farming. उन्होंने डेयरी फार्मिंग में बदलाव लाने के लिए ऑपरेशन फ्लड का बीड़ा उठाया।
	He invented the milk pasteurization method used in Amul. उन्होंने अमूल में प्रयुक्त दूध पाश्चुरीकरण विधि का आविष्कार किया।
	He was the first Chairman of the Indian Dairy Association. वह भारतीय डेयरी एसोसिएशन के पहले अध्यक्ष थे।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	Urban Heat Island (UHI) effect is primarily caused by which of the following urban factors? शहरी ऊष्मा द्वीप (UHI) प्रभाव मुख्य रूप से निम्नलिखित में से किस शहरी कारक के कारण होता है?

	Increased humidity in peri-urban regions शहरी क्षेत्रों में आर्द्रता में वृद्धि
	Dense vegetation and water bodies घनी वनस्पति और जल निकाय
	Concrete structures, low vegetation, and vehicular heat कंक्रीट संरचनाएं, कम वनस्पति और वाहनों की गर्मी
	High-altitude rural zones and river valleys उच्च ऊंचाई वाले ग्रामीण क्षेत्र और नदी घाटियाँ

Q.No: 50	Consider the following statements: 1. Article 246A grants exclusive power to Parliament to make laws on GST. 2. States have no legislative power over intra-state GST. 3. GST Council is a constitutional body under Article 279A. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अनुच्छेद 246A संसद को जीएसटी पर कानून बनाने का विशेष अधिकार प्रदान करता है। 2. राज्यों के पास अंतर-राज्यीय जीएसटी पर कोई विधायी शक्ति नहीं है। 3. जीएसटी परिषद अनुच्छेद 279A के तहत एक संवैधानिक निकाय है। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	2 only 2 केवल 1 only 1 केवल
	3 only 3 केवल
	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3
Not Answered	

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **22 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No: 51	What will be the amount to be paid at the end of 5 years on Rs. 4500 at 10% per annum compounded annually? 4500 रुपये पर 10% वार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज की दर से 5 वर्ष के अंत में भुगतान की जाने वाली राशि क्या होगी?
	7,265.3

	7,265.3
	7545.3 7545.3
	7,247.3 7,247.3
	7,145.3 7,145.3

Q.No: 52	Which of the following numbers is both a Rational Number and a Terminating Decimal? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी संख्या एक परिमेय संख्या और एक सांत दशमलव दोनों है?
	1/3 1/3
	4/5 4/5
	√3 √3
	π π

Q.No: 53	Ramesh walks at 5 km/h for 6 km and 6 km/h for 8 km. What is his average speed? रमेश 6 किमी 5 किमी/घंटे और 8 किमी 6 किमी/घंटे की गति से चलता है। उसकी औसत गति क्या है?
	4.7 km/h 4.7 किमी/घंटा
	6 km/h

	6 किमी/घंटा
	5 km/h 5 किमी/घंटा
	5.53 km/h 5.53 किमी/घंटा

Q.No: 54	The volume of a sphere is 144π cm^3. If the radius of the sphere is doubled, by what percentage does the volume increase? एक गोले का आयतन 144π cm^3 है। यदि गोले की त्रिज्या दोगुनी कर दी जाए, तो आयतन में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होगी?
	700% 700%
	300% 300% 400% 400%
	500% 500%

Q.No: 55	A rectangular plot has a length of 12.75 m and a width of 6.2 m. What is its area? एक आयताकार भूखंड की लंबाई 12.75 मीटर और चौड़ाई 6.2 मीटर है। इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	79.05 m^2 79.05 मीटर^2
	78.9 m^2 78.9 मीटर^2
	80.2 m^2 80.2 मीटर^2

	81.5 m^2 81.5 मीटर^2

Q.No: 56	A recipe requires 0.625 liters of milk for 5 servings. How many servings can be made with 3.75 liters of milk? एक रेसिपी में 5 सर्विंग के लिए 0.625 लीटर दूध की ज़रूरत होती है। 3.75 लीटर दूध से कितनी सर्विंग बनाई जा सकती हैं?
	28 28
	30 30
	32 32
	34 34

Q.No: 57	D and E start a business with equal investments. After 4 months, D adds Rs. 10,000 more. At the end of 1 year, if the total profit is Rs. 33,000, and E's share is Rs. 15,000, what was their initial investment? D और E बराबर निवेश के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू करते हैं। 4 महीने बाद, D 10,000 रुपये और जोड़ता है। 1 वर्ष के अंत में, अगर कुल लाभ 33,000 रुपये है, और E का हिस्सा 15,000 रुपये है, तो उनका प्रारंभिक निवेश क्या था?
	Rs. 66,333.33 66,333.33 रुपये
	Rs. 43,333.33 43,333.33 रुपये
	Rs. 33,333.33 33,333.33 रुपये
	Rs. 73,333.33 73,333.33 रुपये

Q.No: 58	If x:y = 2:5, then what is (2x + 3y):(x + y)? अगर x:y = 2:5, तो (2x + 3y):(x + y) क्या है?
	19:7 19:7
	7:19 7:19
	16:7 16:7 7:16 7:16

Q.No: 59	A number is such that if you square it and then subtract twice the number, the result is 80. What is the number? एक संख्या ऐसी है कि अगर आप इसका वर्ग करें और फिर संख्या का दोगुना घटा दें, तो परिणाम 80 आता है। वह संख्या क्या है?
	10 10 15 15
	20 20
	25 25

Q.No: 60	A triangle has vertices at A(2,3), B(7,1), and C(4,6). What is its area?

	एक त्रिभुज के शीर्ष A(2,3), B(7,1) और C(4,6) हैं। इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है? 11 square units 11 वर्ग इकाइयाँ
	9.5 square units 9.5 वर्ग इकाइयाँ
	15.5 square units 15.5 वर्ग इकाइयाँ 13 square units 13 वर्ग इकाइयाँ
Not Answered	

Q.No: 61	A person bought a cycle at a discount of 20% on the marked price. He spent Rs. 400 on repairs and sold it for Rs. 4,800, gaining 25%. What was the marked price? एक व्यक्ति ने अंकित कीमत पर 20% की छूट पर एक साइकिल खरीदी। उसने मरम्मत पर 400 रुपये खर्च किए और उसे 25% लाभ कमाते हुए 4,800 रुपये में बेच दिया। अंकित कीमत क्या थी?
	Rs. 5,500 5,500 रुपये
	Rs. 6,000 6,000 रुपये Rs. 5,600 5,600 रुपये
	Rs. 4,300 4,300 रुपये

Q.No: 62	A mixture contains 60% milk. If 20 liters of water is added to the 80-liter mixture, what is the new percentage of milk? एक मिश्रण में 60% दूध है। अगर 80 लीटर के मिश्रण में 20 लीटर पानी मिला दिया जाए, तो दूध का नया प्रतिशत क्या है?

	50% 50%
	48% 48%
	45% 45%
	60% 60%

Q.No: 63	If 15 boys can build a house in 20 days, in how many days can 20 boys complete the same work. अगर 15 लड़के 20 दिनों में एक घर बना सकते हैं, तो 20 लड़के उसी काम को कितने दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं?
	11 11
	13 13 20 20
	15 15

Q.No: 64	20 men can do a piece of work in 45 days. Find the percentage amount of work done by 60 men in 6 days. 20 आदमी एक काम को 45 दिनों में कर सकते हैं। 60 आदमियों द्वारा 6 दिनों में किए गए काम का प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।
	35.32% 35.32% 31.21%

	31.21%
	40% 40%
	33.33% 33.33%

Q.No: 65	The base of a prism is a rectangle whose length is twice its width. The perimeter of the base is 30 cm. The prism's height decreases in an arithmetic progression from 15 cm in the first layer to 9 cm in the fourth layer. What is the total volume of the prism? एक प्रिज्म का आधार एक आयत है जिसकी लंबाई उसकी चौड़ाई की दोगुनी है। आधार का परिमाप 30 सेमी है। प्रिज्म की ऊँचाई पहली परत में 15 सेमी से चौथी परत में 9 सेमी तक अंकगणितीय क्रम में घटती है। प्रिज्म का कुल आयतन कितना है?
	1800 cm^3 1800 सेमी ^{3}
	2100 cm^3 2100 सेमी ^{3}
	2400 cm^3 2400 सेमी ^{3}
	2700 cm^3 2700 सेमी ^{3}

Q.No: 66	A merchant wants to mix two types of tea priced at Rs. 300/kg and Rs. 240/kg. In what ratio should they be mixed to sell the mixture at Rs. 270/kg without profit or loss? एक व्यापारी दो प्रकार की चाय मिलाना चाहता है जिनकी कीमत 300 रुपये प्रति किलोग्राम और 240 रुपये प्रति किलोग्राम है। उन्हें किस अनुपात में मिलाया जाना चाहिए कि मिश्रण को बिना लाभ या हानि के 270 रुपये प्रति किलोग्राम पर बेचा जा सके?
	1:1 1:1
	2:1

	2:1
	3:2 3:2
	1:2 1:2

Q.No: 67	The average marks of 30 students in a class is 62. If the marks of one student were wrongly entered as 82 instead of 62, what is the CORRECT average? एक कक्षा में 30 छात्रों के औसत अंक 62 हैं। अगर एक छात्र के अंक गलती से 62 के बजाय 82 दर्ज कर दिए गए, तो सही औसत क्या है?
	61.33 61.33
	61.67 61.67
	61 61
	60.35 60.35

Q.No: 68	If $sinA + cosA = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$, find the value of $sin^2A + cos^2A + 2sinAcosA$. यदि $sinA + cosA = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$, $sin^2A + cos^2A + 2sinAcosA$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए। 1 1
	$\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$

	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

Q.No: 69	Find the point where y = 5x - 10 crosses x-axis. वह बिंदु ज्ञात कीजिए जहां y = 5x - 10 x-अक्ष को प्रतिच्छेद करता है।
	(2, 0) (2, 0)
	(0, −10) (0, −10)
	(−2, 0) (−2, 0)
	(2, 10) (2, 10)

Q.No: 70	The sum of the measures of 7 interior angles of an 8-sided polygon is 1,000°. What is the measure of the 8th exterior angle? एक 8-भुजा वाले बहुभुज के 7 आंतरिक कोणों का योग 1,000° है। 8वें बाह्य कोण का माप क्या है?
	1080° 1080°
	108° 108°
	100° 100°

	80° 80°

Q.No: 71	Two triangles, △PQR and △STU, have PQ=ST, PR=SU, and ∠QPR=∠TSU. By what rule are they congruent? दो त्रिभुजों, △PQR और △STU, में PQ=ST, PR=SU, और ∠QPR=∠TSU है। किस नियम से वे सर्वांगसम हैं?
	SSS SSS
	SAS SAS
	ASA ASA
	AAS AAS

Q.No: 72	**Simplify:** $\frac{\sqrt{5+2\sqrt{6}}+\sqrt{5-2\sqrt{6}}}{\sqrt{2}}$ **सरलीकरण:** $\frac{\sqrt{5+2\sqrt{6}}+\sqrt{5-2\sqrt{6}}}{\sqrt{2}}$
	$2\sqrt{3}$ $2\sqrt{3}$
	$\sqrt{6}$ $\sqrt{6}$
	$3\sqrt{2}$

	$3\sqrt{2}$
	$\sqrt{5}$ $\sqrt{5}$

Q.No: 73	A chord subtends an angle of 70° at the center of a circle. What is the measure of the angle subtended by the same chord at any point on the remaining part of the circle? एक जीवा वृत्त के केंद्र पर 70° का कोण बनाती है। वृत्त के शेष भाग पर किसी भी बिंदु पर उसी जीवा द्वारा बनाए गए कोण का माप क्या है?
	35° 35°
	70° 70°
	140° 140°
	105° 105°

Q.No: 74	A circle is inscribed in a regular pentagon. What is the angle subtended by one side of the pentagon at the center of the circle? एक वृत्त एक नियमित पंचभुज के अंतर्गत बना है। पंचभुज की एक भुजा द्वारा वृत्त के केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण कितना है?
	36° 36°
	54° 54°
	72° 72°
	108°

	$108°$

Q.No: 75	If $\sin x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$, then find $secx$ in simplest form. यदि $\sin x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$, तो $secx$ का मान सरलतम रूप में ज्ञात कीजिए.
	$\sqrt{10}$ $\sqrt{10}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}$ $\frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}$
	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$ $\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: **22 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	: **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**
Centre Name	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **UPBRAID**

Flatter

	Reprimand
	Praise
	Compliment

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word**. Impecunious**
	Insolvent
	Wealthy
	Indigent
	Penniless

Q.No: 78	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Hang fire**
	Delay taking action or making a decision
	Create urgency
	Withdraw support
	Complete a task early

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **To play the second fiddle**
	To pretend submission in order to dominate

	To support another while accepting inferior status
	To refuse recognition despite achievement
	To operate without being named

Q.No: 80	Which spelling is **correct** for a word meaning 'relating to the countryside'?
	Rurall
	Rurel
	Rural
	Rurral

Q.No: 81	Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'cell division of cytoplasm'.
	Cytokenesis
	Cytokynesis
	Cytokinesis
	Cytokineses

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A speech delivered without any previous preparation'.
	Extempore
	Dialogue

	Soliloquy
	Prologue

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'The art of effective or persuasive speaking or writing'.
	Logic
	Grammer
	Rhetoric
	Semantics

Q.No: 84	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Climate discourse, once the domain of ecological alarm and policy whitepapers, has now become a theater of geopolitical choreography. What masquerades as international cooperation often **(1)** _____ the residues of colonial asymmetry—where culpability is distributed politely, but power still negotiates who must "transition" and who may continue. The carbon footprint becomes a moral metric only when traced in Southern sand; in Northern snow, it is reframed as "developmental necessity."Funding mechanisms are not immune to this dissonance. Green finance flows in tributaries engineered by creditworthiness, not climate need. Adaptation becomes a **(2)** _____, where vulnerable nations perform resilience to attract capital, rather than receive redress. "Net zero," meanwhile, floats like a talisman—invoked often, defined rarely. In such a paradigm, technocratic optimism obscures the uneven cartography of suffering. Satellites scan deforested zones with precision, but remain blind to the **(3)** _____ histories beneath them. Carbon markets, too, offer the illusion of absolution—one entity's excess "offset" by another's austerity. But offsets do not erase the heat; they only relocate the guilt. To resist climate colonialism is to unmask the benevolence of treaties and question the neutrality of metrics. Until the grammar of environmental justice is **(4)** _____, and not merely adjusted, any climate action risks becoming a ritual of **(5)** _____, not repair. What should come in the place of blank number **(1)**?
	redeems

	rehearses
	absolves recalibrates

Q.No: 85	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Climate discourse, once the domain of ecological alarm and policy whitepapers, has now become a theater of geopolitical choreography. What masquerades as international cooperation often **(1)** _____ the residues of colonial asymmetry—where culpability is distributed politely, but power still negotiates who must "transition" and who may continue. The carbon footprint becomes a moral metric only when traced in Southern sand; in Northern snow, it is reframed as "developmental necessity."Funding mechanisms are not immune to this dissonance. Green finance flows in tributaries engineered by creditworthiness, not climate need. Adaptation becomes a **(2)** _____, where vulnerable nations perform resilience to attract capital, rather than receive redress. "Net zero," meanwhile, floats like a talisman—invoked often, defined rarely. In such a paradigm, technocratic optimism obscures the uneven cartography of suffering. Satellites scan deforested zones with precision, but remain blind to the **(3)** _____ histories beneath them. Carbon markets, too, offer the illusion of absolution—one entity's excess "offset" by another's austerity. But offsets do not erase the heat; they only relocate the guilt. To resist climate colonialism is to unmask the benevolence of treaties and question the neutrality of metrics. Until the grammar of environmental justice is **(4)** _____, and not merely adjusted, any climate action risks becoming a ritual of **(5)** _____, not repair. What should come in the place of blank number **(2)**?
	spectacle
	framework
	doctrine subsidy

Q.No: 86	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Climate discourse, once the domain of ecological alarm and policy whitepapers, has now become a theater of geopolitical choreography. What masquerades as international cooperation often **(1)** _____ the residues of colonial asymmetry—where culpability is distributed politely, but power still negotiates who must "transition" and who may continue. The carbon footprint becomes a moral metric only when traced in Southern sand; in Northern snow, it is reframed as "developmental necessity."Funding mechanisms are not immune to this dissonance. Green finance flows in tributaries engineered by creditworthiness, not climate need. Adaptation becomes a **(2)** _____, where vulnerable nations perform resilience to attract capital, rather than receive redress. "Net zero," meanwhile, floats like a talisman—invoked often, defined rarely. In such a paradigm, technocratic optimism obscures the uneven cartography of suffering. Satellites scan deforested zones with precision, but remain blind to the **(3)** _____ histories beneath them. Carbon markets, too, offer the illusion of absolution—one entity's excess "offset" by another's austerity. But offsets do not erase the heat; they only relocate the guilt. To resist climate colonialism is to unmask the benevolence of treaties and question the neutrality of metrics. Until the grammar of environmental justice is **(4)** _____, and not merely adjusted, any climate action risks becoming a ritual of **(5)** _____, not repair. What should come in the place of blank number **(3)**?
	fictional
	geological
	unatoned
	satellite

Q.No: 87	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Climate discourse, once the domain of ecological alarm and policy whitepapers, has now become a theater of geopolitical choreography. What masquerades as international cooperation often **(1)** _____ the residues of colonial asymmetry—where culpability is distributed politely, but power still negotiates who must "transition" and who may continue. The carbon footprint becomes a moral metric only when traced in Southern sand; in Northern snow, it is reframed as "developmental necessity."Funding mechanisms are not immune to this dissonance. Green finance flows in tributaries engineered by creditworthiness, not climate need. Adaptation becomes a **(2)** _____, where vulnerable nations perform resilience to attract capital, rather than receive redress. "Net zero," meanwhile, floats like a talisman—invoked often, defined rarely. In such a paradigm, technocratic optimism obscures the uneven cartography of suffering. Satellites scan deforested zones with precision, but remain blind to the **(3)** _____ histories beneath them. Carbon markets, too, offer the illusion of absolution—one entity's excess "offset" by another's austerity. But offsets do not erase the heat; they only relocate the guilt. To resist climate colonialism is to unmask the benevolence of treaties and question the neutrality of metrics. Until the grammar of environmental justice is **(4)** _____, and not merely adjusted, any climate action risks becoming a ritual of **(5)** _____, not repair. What should come in the place of blank number **(4)**?
	amplified translated
	rewritten rescinded

Q.No: 88	**In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** Climate discourse, once the domain of ecological alarm and policy whitepapers, has now become a theater of geopolitical choreography. What masquerades as international cooperation often **(1)** _____ the residues of colonial asymmetry—where culpability is distributed politely, but power still negotiates who must "transition" and who may continue. The carbon footprint becomes a moral metric only when traced in Southern sand; in Northern snow, it is reframed as "developmental necessity."Funding mechanisms are not immune to this dissonance. Green finance flows in tributaries engineered by creditworthiness, not climate need. Adaptation becomes a **(2)** _____, where vulnerable nations perform resilience to attract capital, rather than receive redress. "Net zero," meanwhile, floats like a talisman—invoked often, defined rarely. In such a paradigm, technocratic optimism obscures the uneven cartography of suffering. Satellites scan deforested zones with precision, but remain blind to the **(3)** _____ histories beneath them. Carbon markets, too, offer the illusion of absolution—one entity's excess "offset" by another's austerity. But offsets do not erase the heat; they only relocate the guilt. To resist climate colonialism is to unmask the benevolence of treaties and question the neutrality of metrics. Until the grammar of environmental justice is **(4)** _____, and not merely adjusted, any climate action risks becoming a ritual of **(5)** _____, not repair. What should come in the place of blank number **(5)**?
	reconstruction
	performance
	preservation
	contrition

Q.No: 89	**Select the correct option:** ___ honesty is valued, transparency is indispensable.
	While
	Whereas
	Where
	When

Q.No: 90	**Select the correct option:** The physician spoke ___, avoiding technical jargon so patients could understand.
	perspicuously
	perspicaciously
	perspicuity
	perspiringly
Not Answered	

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The decision to delay the launch (1)/ was made so quickly that (2)/ it surprised not only the staff (3)/ but also to the stakeholders. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** They should have had the matter re-examined before escalation.
	The matter should have had to be re-examined before escalation.
	The matter should have been re-examined before escalation.

	The matter should have been had re-examined.
	The matter should have been made to be re-examined.

Q.No: 93	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The abbey walls displayed an ancient **paten** of silver.
	The monk placed the Eucharist on the paten.
	The art historian dated the paten to the 9th century.
	The tailor cut a circular paten from wool fabric.
	The relic was enclosed beneath the gold paten.

Q.No: 94	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The CEO is known to have been influenced by external advisors.
	External advisors are known to influence the CEO.
	Someone knew the CEO was influenced by external advisors.
	People know that the CEO was influenced by external advisors.
	External advisors are said to have influenced the CEO.

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She ***goes to office in bus*** every day.
	by the bus
	in the bus

	by bus
	by a bus

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He is capable ***to do this work***.
	of doing the work
	for doing the work
	in doing this work
	of doing this work

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** He wondered whether he could ever master quantum theory.
	He asked, "Could I master quantum theory?"
	He said, "Will I ever master quantum theory?"
	He wondered, "Can I ever master quantum theory?"
	He wondered, "Could I ever master quantum theory?"

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** Rohit said, "I had completed the project."

	Rohit said he has completed the project.
	Rohit said he completed the project.
	Rohit said that he had completed the project.
	Rohit said that he was completing the project.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. Carbon nanotubes exhibit exceptional strength and conductivity.2. Their nanoscale diameter allows structural flexibility.3. Applications span electronics, medicine, and materials.4. They're synthesized using chemical vapor deposition.
	4-1-2-3
	1-2-4-3
	1-2-4-3
	4-1-2-3

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. Consequently, many species face extinction. 2. Climate change poses a severe threat to global biodiversity. 3. Rising temperatures and extreme weather disrupt ecosystems. 4. Urgent action is needed to mitigate its devastating effects.
	2-4-1-3
	2-3-1-4
	4-3-2-1
	2-1-3-4

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1	Which letter lies exactly between H and P in the English alphabet? अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला में H और P के ठीक बीच में कौन सा अक्षर आता है?
	K K
	N N
	L L
	M M

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Villa No. 5, Green Meadows,Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru,Karnataka - 560076

	वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Villa No. 5, Green Meadows,Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru,Karnataka - 560076
	Villa No. 5, Green Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Andhra Pradesh - 560076 Villa No. 5, Green Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Andhra Pradesh - 560076
	Villa No. 5, Green Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Tamil Nadu - 560076 Villa No. 5, Green Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Tamil Nadu - 560076
	Villa No. 5, Green Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560076 Villa No. 5, Green Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560076
	Villa No. 5, Green Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Kerala - 560076 Villa No. 5, Green Meadows, Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru, Kerala - 560076

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	The seminar in Nashik was held 2 days after the one in Surat. Indore's seminar was 3 days before the one in Surat. If the seminar in Indore was on 8th April, when did the seminar in Nashik happen? नासिक में सेमिनार सूरत में सेमिनार के 2 दिन बाद हुआ था। इंदौर का सेमिनार सूरत में सेमिनार से 3 दिन पहले हुआ था। अगर इंदौर में सेमिनार 8th अप्रैल को हुआ था, तो नासिक में सेमिनार कब हुआ था?
	12th April 12th अप्रैल
	13th April 13th अप्रैल
	14thApril 14th अप्रैल
	15th April 15th अप्रैल

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	What should come in place of the question mark '?' in the following number series? 9, 14, 24, 39, 59, ?, 114 निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिन्ह '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? 9, 14, 24, 39, 59, ?, 114
	69 69
	70 70
	89 89
	84 84

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	Read the given statement and conclusions carefully. Decide which of the given conclusions is/are definitely TRUE from the statement. Statement: P > Q < S > T = R ≥ U > V Conclusion I: V < S Conclusion II: P > T दिए गए कथन और निष्कर्षों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें। निर्णय लें कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष कथन से निश्चित रूप से सत्य है/हैं। कथन: P > Q < S > T = R ≥ U > V निष्कर्ष I: V < S निष्कर्ष II: P > T
	Only Conclusion II is True केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है
	Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are True निष्कर्ष I और निष्कर्ष II दोनों सत्य हैं
	Only Conclusion I is True केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है
	Neither Conclusion I nor Conclusion II is True न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही निष्कर्ष II सत्य है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	Identify the different island. भिन्न द्वीप की पहचान करें।
	Sicily सिसिली
	Corsica कोर्सिका
	Sardinia सार्डिनिया
	Iceland आइसलैंड
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	A is the brother of B. B is the son of C. How is A related to C? A, B का भाई है। B, C का पुत्र है। A, C से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Son पुत्र
	Nephew भतीजा
	Uncle चाचा
	Cousin चचेरा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	Find the missing number: **6 : 42 :: 9 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **6 : 42 :: 9 : ?**

	92 92
	88 88
	86 86
	90 90

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Some cats are dogs.All dogs are animals. **Conclusions:** I. Some cats are animals. II. All cats are animals. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: कुछ बिल्लियाँ कुत्ते हैं। सभी कुत्ते जानवर हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ बिल्लियाँ जानवर हैं। II. सभी बिल्लियाँ जानवर हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	What comes next? 2, 4, 3, 6, 4, 8, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न के स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? 2, 4, 3, 6, 4, 8, ?
	5 5
	6 6
	9 9
	10 10

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	If "EUROPE" is coded as "AQNKLA", how is "RUSSIA" coded? यदि "EUROPE" को "AQNKLA" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "RUSSIA" का कोड क्या होगा?
	NONOEU NONOEU
	NUUMHX NUUMHX
	OVTTEV OVTTEV
	NQODEW NQODEW

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12	Which letter trio does NOT follow the ascending order? ABC, BCD, CDE, DFE, EFG कौन सी अक्षर तिकड़ी आरोही क्रम का पालन नहीं करती है? ABC, BCD, CDE, DFE, EFG
	DFE DFE
	CDE CDE
	BCD BCD
	ABC ABC

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	What comes next? CG, EI, GK, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? CG, EI, GK, ?
	KO KO
	MP MP
	IM IM
	NQ NQ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	Find the ODD one out. K2, Kangchenjunga, Nanda Devi, Doddabetta, Nanga Parbat विषम चुनें। K2, कंचनजंगा, नंदा देवी, डोड्डाबेट्टा, नंगा पर्वत

	₹2 ₹2
	Nanda Devi नंदा देवी
	Kangchenjunga कंचनजंगा
	Doddabetta डोड्डाबेटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	What should come at the place of question mark? : **101, 94, 87, 80, 73, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? : **101, 94, 87, 80, 73, ?**
	66 66
	65 65
	64 64
	67 67

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	The price of an item first increases by 20% and then decreases by 20% from the new price. What is the net percentage change in the original price of the item? किसी वस्तु का मूल्य पहले 20% बढ़ता है और फिर नए मूल्य से 20% कम हो जाता है। वस्तु के मूल मूल्य में शुद्ध प्रतिशत परिवर्तन क्या है?
	0.04% 0.04%
	–0.04% –0.04%
	–4% –4%
	0% 0%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	If 5 $ 2 = 27 and 7 $ 3 = 64, what is 6 $ 4? यदि 5 $ 2 = 27 और 7 $ 3 = 64, तो 6 $ 4 क्या है?
	10 10
	12 12
	8 8
	14 14

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	In a certain code, MOBILE is written as NQCKNG. How will TABLET be written? एक निश्चित कोड में, MOBILE को NQCKNG लिखा जाता है। TABLET को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	UDCMFU UDCMFU
	UECMDS UECMDS
	UCCNGV UCCNGV
	UFCMGV UFCMGV

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	In a certain code if 'FISH' is coded as '6-9-19-8', how will 'HSIF' be coded? एक निश्चित कोड में यदि 'FISH' को '6-9-19-8' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'HSIF' को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	8-19-9-6 8-19-9-6
	15-22-18-3 15-22-18-3
	8-8-19-10 8-8-19-10
	4-12-5-7 4-12-5-7

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	If @ = -, % = ×, # = +; then 10 % 2 @ 4 # 3 = ? यदि @ = -, % = ×, # = +; तो 10 % 2 @ 4 # 3 = ?
	19 19
	12 12
	9 9
	23 23

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	Statements: Some stars are planets. Some planets are moons. Conclusions: I. Some moons are stars. II. All planets being stars is a possibility. कथन: कुछ तारे ग्रह हैं। कुछ ग्रह चंद्रमा हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ चंद्रमा तारे हैं। II. सभी ग्रहों के तारे होने की संभावना है।
	Only Conclusion II follows केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है Only Conclusion I follows केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow

	I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	What is the product of all digits from 0 to 9? 0 से 9 तक सभी अंकों का गुणनफल क्या है?
	326.592 326.592
	0 0
	4.536 4.536
	5040 5040

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	What is the sum of all digits in the telephone dial (0 to 9)? टेलीफोन डायल में सभी अंकों का योग (0 से 9) क्या है?
	45 45
	55 55
	50 50
	40 40

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	If THRIVE is coded as UISJWF, how is UISJWF coded? यदि THRIVE को UISJWF के रूप में कोडित किया गया है, तो UISJWF को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	VJTKXG VJTKXG
	VJTLXG VJTLXG
	VKTKXG VKTKXG
	VJTKXH VJTKXH

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	If MONKEY is written as XDJMNL, then how is TIGER written in that code? यदि MONKEY को XDJMNL लिखा जाता है, तो उसी कोड में TIGER को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	ZMHDR ZMHDR
	QDFHS

	QDFHS
	ZMHFS ZMHFS
	ZMHDS ZMHDS

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	What is a key architectural feature of the Sun Temple at Modhera? मोढेरा के सूर्य मंदिर की प्रमुख वास्तुशिल्पीय विशेषता क्या है?
	Gopuram गोपुरम
	Garuda pillar गरुड़ स्तंभ
	Stepped tank स्टेप्ड टैंक
	Vimana विमान

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	The traditional folk festival 'Phuldei', marked by floral offerings and cultural rituals, is primarily observed in which Indian state? पुष्पांजलि और सांस्कृतिक अनुष्ठानों से युक्त पारंपरिक लोक त्योहार 'फूलदेई' मुख्य रूप से किस भारतीय राज्य में मनाया जाता है?
	Himachal Pradesh हिमाचल प्रदेश
	Jammu and Kashmir जम्मू और कश्मीर
	Uttarakhand उत्तराखंड
	Assam असम

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	Which of the following sculptures does **not** originate from the Mathura region's Kushana-period artistic production? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी मूर्ति मथुरा क्षेत्र के कुषाण-कालीन कलात्मक उत्पादन से उत्पन्न नहीं है?
	Katra Keshav Dev fragment कटरा केशव देव खंड
	Govind Nagar Yaksha गोविंद नगर यक्ष
	Bala Buddha of Sultanganj सुल्तानगंज के बाला बुद्ध
	Standing Buddha from Govindnagar गोविंदनगर से खड़े बुद्ध
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	Which type of weapons were commonly used by Mesolithic people for hunting? मध्यपाषाण काल के लोग शिकार के लिए आमतौर पर किस प्रकार के हथियारों का इस्तेमाल करते थे?
	Swords तलवार
	Barbed spears कांटेदार भाले
	Cannons तोपें
	Catapults कैटापौल्ट्स

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	In the context of Gupta dynasty's urban administration, which of the following statements about the **Adhisthanadhikarana** is correct? गुप्त वंश के नगरीय प्रशासन के संदर्भ में, **अधिष्ठानाधिकरण** के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
	It was a military council composed entirely of royal generals. यह एक सैन्य परिषद थी जो पूर्णतः शाही जनरलों से बनी थी।
	It was a court of law dealing exclusively with religious matters. यह न्यायालय विशेष रूप से धार्मिक मामलों से निपटता था।

	It was a Board of Advisors representing guilds, artisans, and scribes. यह सलाहकार मंडल था जो शिल्प-संघों, कारीगरों और लेखकों का प्रतिनिधित्व करता था।
	It was a temple committee managing offerings and rituals. यह एक मंदिर समिति थी जो प्रसाद और अनुष्ठानों का प्रबंधन करती थी।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	Statements about Indian Athletics: 1. Milkha Singh was the first Indian athlete to win an individual Commonwealth Games gold medal. 2. At Moscow 1980 Olympics PT Usha miss a bronze in 400m hurdles by one hundredth of a second at age 20. 3. The National Institute of Sports is located in Pune. Which of these statements are **correct?** भारतीय एथलेटिक्स के बारे में कथन: 1. मिल्खा सिंह राष्ट्रमंडल खेलों में व्यक्तिगत स्वर्ण पदक जीतने वाले पहले भारतीय एथलीट थे। 2. मास्को 1980 ओलंपिक में पीटी उषा 20 वर्ष की आयु में 400 मीटर बाधा दौड़ में एक सेकंड के सौवें हिस्से से कांस्य पदक से चूक गईं। 3. राष्ट्रीय खेल संस्थान पुणे में स्थित है। इनमें से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 and 3 are Correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	Only 3 is Correct केवल 3 सही है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	Which fourteenth-century traveller described how Indian chieftains fortified themselves using bamboo groves and rugged terrains for defence? चौदहवीं शताब्दी के किस यात्री ने वर्णन किया है कि किस प्रकार भारतीय सरदारों ने रक्षा के लिए बांस के झुरमुटों और ऊबड़-खाबड़ इलाकों का उपयोग करके अपनी किलेबंदी की थी?
	Al-Biruni अल-बीरूनी
	Ibn Battuta इब्न बतूता
	Marco Polo मार्को पोलो
	Megasthenes मेगस्थनीज
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	**Fill in the blank:** Pitt's India Act 1784 created a six-member body called the ____ to supervise Company politics. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** पिट्स इंडिया एक्ट 1784 के तहत कंपनी की राजनीति की निगरानी के लिए छह सदस्यों वाली एक संस्था बनाई गई, जिसे ____ कहा गया।
	Board of Control नियंत्रण बोर्ड

	Council of India भारतीय परिषद
	Privy Council प्रिवी काउंसिल
	Bureau of Revenue राजस्व ब्यूरो

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	In a Grand Slam men's singles match, when is a fifth set tiebreak played under current rules? ग्रैंड स्लैम पुरुष एकल मैच में, वर्तमान नियमों के तहत पांचवें सेट का टाईब्रेक कब खेला जाता है?
	Only after 12–12 games in the fifth set पांचवें सेट में 12-12 गेम के बाद ही
	At 6–6 in the fifth set पांचवें सेट में स्कोर 6-6 पर
	No tiebreak is allowed in the fifth set पांचवें सेट में टाईब्रेक की अनुमति नहीं है
	After 10–10 in the fifth set पांचवें सेट में 10-10 के बाद
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35 **Match the Water Polo terms with their correct definitions:**

Terms	Definitions
A) Center forward	1) Defensive player countering the opposition's main attacker
B) Driver	2) Player swimming quickly into goal-scoring position without the ball
C) Center back	3) Main attacking player positioned near opponent's goal between 2m and 4m lines
D) Dead-time	4) Time between foul whistle and play restart

वाटर पोलो शब्दों का उनकी सही परिभाषाओं से मिलान करें:

शब्द	परिभाषाएं
A) सेंटर फॉरवर्ड	1) रक्षात्मक खिलाड़ी विपक्ष के मुख्य हमलावर का मुकाबला करता है
B) ड्राइवर	2) खिलाड़ी गेंद के बिना तेजी से गोल स्कोरिंग स्थिति में तैरता हुआ
C) सेंटर बैक	3) मुख्य आक्रमणकारी खिलाड़ी प्रतिद्वंद्वी के गोल के पास 2 मीटर और 4 मीटर की रेखा के बीच स्थित होता है
D)डेड-टाइम	4) फाउल की सीटी और खेल पुनः शुरू होने के बीच का समय

	A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4 A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4
	A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4 A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4

	A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1 A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1
	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3 A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	Who is the author of the book The Elephant Paradigm'? 'द एलीफेंट पैराडाइम' पुस्तक के लेखक कौन हैं?
	Nandan Nilekani नंदन नीलेकणि
	Raghuram Rajan रघुराम राजन
	Gurcharan Das गुरचरण दास
	Shashi Tharoor शशि थरूर
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	What is the central theme of the book 'The Tatas' by Girīśa Kubera and Vikrant Pande? पुस्तक 'The Tatas' (गिरीश कुबेर और विक्रांत पांडे द्वारा लिखित) का **मुख्य विषय** क्या है?
	The Tata family's growth in early modern India आधुनिक भारत के प्रारंभिक काल में टाटा परिवार की वृद्धि The influence of Tata family on India's industrial policies भारत की औद्योगिक नीतियों पर टाटा परिवार का प्रभाव
	The Tata family's role in building Indian industry and society भारतीय उद्योग और समाज के निर्माण में टाटा परिवार की भूमिका
	A fictional narrative about Tata family's business empire's moral conflicts टाटा परिवार के व्यावसायिक साम्राज्य से जुड़ी नैतिक उलझनों पर आधारित एक काल्पनिक कथा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	Where was the Katakkar Trophy's All India Inter-Club Winter Water Polo League (2024-25) held? कटक्कर ट्रॉफी की अखिल भारतीय अंतर-क्लब शीतकालीन वाटर पोलो लीग (2024-25) कहाँ आयोजित की गई थी?
	Shivaji Park Swimming Complex, Mumbai शिवाजी पार्क स्विमिंग कॉम्प्लेक्स, मुंबई
	Tilak Tank, Deccan Gymkhana, Pune तिलक टैंक, डेक्कन जिमखाना, पुणे
	Balewadi Sports Complex, Pune बालेवाड़ी स्पोर्ट्स कॉम्प्लेक्स, पुणे
	Shiv Nadar Aquatics Centre, Hyderabad शिव नादर एक्वेटिक्स सेंटर, हैदराबाद
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	Which of the following accurately reflects the constitutional provisions and historical application of Financial Emergency under Article 360? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा अनुच्छेद 360 के तहत वित्तीय आपातकाल के संवैधानिक प्रावधानों और ऐतिहासिक अनुप्रयोग को सटीक रूप से दर्शाता है?
	No Financial Emergency has ever been declared, but it allows salary cuts of SC judges. कभी भी वित्तीय आपातकाल की घोषणा नहीं की गई है, लेकिन इससे सुप्रीम कोर्ट के न्यायाधीशों के वेतन में कटौती की अनुमति मिलती है।
	A Financial Emergency was declared during the 1991 economic crisis. 1991 के आर्थिक संकट के दौरान वित्तीय आपातकाल घोषित किया गया था।
	Article 360 allows states to withhold salaries of central employees. अनुच्छेद 360 राज्यों को केंद्रीय कर्मचारियों का वेतन रोकने की अनुमति देता है।
	During a Financial Emergency, only the President can dismiss the Union Cabinet. वित्तीय आपातकाल के दौरान केवल राष्ट्रपति ही केन्द्रीय मंत्रिमंडल को बर्खास्त कर सकता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	What is the audible frequency range for the human ear? मानव कान के लिए श्रव्य आवृत्ति सीमा क्या है?
	0–10000 Hz 0–10000 Hz
	20–20,000 Hz 20–20,000 Hz
	2 kHz–20 kHz 2 kHz–20 kHz
	100–1000 Hz 100–1000 Hz

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** The Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam recognizes electronic records as primary evidence. **Reason (R):** Section 62 states that electronic records are secondary unless accompanied by a printed certificate. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए: **अभिकथन (A):** भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम इलेक्ट्रॉनिक अभिलेखों को प्राथमिक साक्ष्य मानता है। **कारण (R):** धारा 62 में कहा गया है कि इलेक्ट्रॉनिक अभिलेख द्वितीयक होते हैं जब तक कि उनके साथ मुद्रित प्रमाणपत्र न हो।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, R is false. A सत्य है, R असत्य है।
	A is false, R is true. A असत्य है, R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	Consider the statements about Dumhal: 1. Exclusively Wattal men plant a banner before dancing. 2. It celebrates apple harvests in southern Kashmir. Which is/are **correct?** दुम्हाल के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. विशेष रूप से वट्टल पुरुष नृत्य करने से पहले एक झंडा लगाते हैं। 2. यह दक्षिणी कश्मीर में सेब की फसल का जश्न मनाता है। **कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 correct केवल 1 सही
	Only 2 correct केवल 2 सही
	Both 1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	Why are grants for asset creation still considered Revenue Expenditure? परिसंपत्ति निर्माण के लिए अनुदान को अभी भी राजस्व व्यय क्यों माना जाता है?
	They are spent through government loans इन्हें सरकारी ऋणों के माध्यम से खर्च किया जाता है
	They are used only by private sector units इनका उपयोग केवल निजी क्षेत्र की इकाइयों द्वारा किया जाता है
	They do not create direct central assets वे प्रत्यक्ष केंद्रीय परिसंपत्तियाँ नहीं बनाते
	They are not included in any budget head इन्हें किसी भी बजट मद में शामिल नहीं किया जाता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** CRR (Cash Reserve Ratio) and SLR requirements increase the lending capacity of banks. **Reason (R):** These requirements reduce the amount of money banks can lend to the public. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** CRR (नकद आरक्षित अनुपात) और SLR की आवश्यकताएँ बैंकों की ऋण देने की क्षमता को बढ़ाती हैं। **कारण (R):** इन आवश्यकताओं के कारण बैंकों द्वारा जनता को उधार दी जाने वाली धनराशि कम हो जाती है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	The UN Sustainable Development Report 2024 primarily tracks progress towards which global goals? संयुक्त राष्ट्र सतत विकास रिपोर्ट 2024 मुख्य रूप से किन वैश्विक लक्ष्यों की दिशा में प्रगति को ट्रैक करती है?
	Millennium Development Goals सहस्राब्दी विकास लक्ष्य
	Sustainable Development Goals सतत विकास लक्ष्य
	Environmental Protection Goals पर्यावरण संरक्षण लक्ष्य
	Human Rights Goals मानवाधिकार लक्ष्य

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	The Chapekar Brothers (Damodar, Balkrishna, and Vasudeo) are remembered for assassinating a British official in response to injustices during the plague epidemic in which Indian city? चापेकर बंधुओं (दामोदर, बालकृष्ण और वासुदेव) को किस भारतीय शहर में प्लेग महामारी के दौरान अन्याय के जवाब में एक ब्रिटिश अधिकारी की हत्या के लिए याद किया जाता है?
	Mumbai मुंबई
	Delhi दिल्ली
	Pune पुणे
	Chennai चेन्नई
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	Read the following statements and mark the correct option: Assertion (A): Rani Gaidinliu continued the Heraka movement after the death of Jadonang. Reason (R): She aimed to convert the movement into a mass literacy campaign among Nagas. निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़ें और सही विकल्प पर निशान लगाएँ: कथन (A): रानी गाइदिन्ल्यू ने जादोनांग की मृत्यु के बाद हेराका आंदोलन जारी रखा। कारण (R): उनका उद्देश्य इस आंदोलन को नागा लोगों के बीच एक व्यापक साक्षरता अभियान में बदलना था।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A गलत है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	The rolling plan concept was introduced during which Prime Minister's tenure? रोलिंग प्लान अवधारणा किस प्रधानमंत्री के कार्यकाल के दौरान शुरू की गई थी?
	Jawaharlal Nehru जवाहरलाल नेहरू Indira Gandhi इंदिरा गांधी
	Morarji Desai मोरारजी देसाई
	Rajiv Gandhi राजीव गांधी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	What was the central theme of the Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956? 1956 के औद्योगिक नीति प्रस्ताव का केन्द्रीय विषय क्या था?
	Full privatisation of industry उद्योग का पूर्ण निजीकरण
	Import-led growth strategy आयात-आधारित विकास रणनीति
	State control of commanding heights of the economy अर्थव्यवस्था के प्रमुख क्षेत्रों पर राज्य का नियंत्रण
	Promoting consumer goods industry उपभोक्ता वस्तु उद्योग को बढ़ावा देना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	What was the major short-term objective of the stabilization measures in the 1991 reforms? 1991 के सुधारों में स्थिरीकरण उपायों का प्रमुख अल्पकालिक उद्देश्य क्या था?
	Increase agricultural production कृषि उत्पादन में वृद्धि
	Enhance social sector spending सामाजिक क्षेत्र में व्यय बढ़ाएँ
	Control inflation and restore balance of payments मुद्रास्फीति को नियंत्रित करें और भुगतान संतुलन बहाल करें
	Privatize public sector units सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र की इकाइयों का निजीकरण करें

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51	A sum of money doubles itself at compound interest in 15 years. In how many years will it become eight times? एक धनराशि चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर 15 वर्षों में दोगुनी हो जाती है। कितने वर्षों में यह आठ गुना हो जाएगी?
	45 45
	40 40
	42 42 35 35

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52	Which of these numbers is neither Rational nor integer? इनमें से कौन सी संख्या न तो परिमेय है और न ही पूर्णांक है?

	−4 −4
	1.5 1.5
	Square root of 2 2 का वर्गमूल
	7 7

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53	A train starts from a place Mumbai at 6 a.m. and arrives at Kolhapur at 2.30 p.m. on the same day. If the speed of the train is 60 km per hour, find the distance traveled by the train. एक रेलगाड़ी मुंबई से सुबह 6 बजे चलती है और उसी दिन दोपहर 2:30 बजे कोल्हापुर पहुँचती है। अगर रेलगाड़ी की गति 60 किमी प्रति घंटा है, तो रेलगाड़ी द्वारा तय की गई दूरी ज्ञात कीजिए।
	450 km 450 किमी
	490 km 490 किमी
	510 km 510 किमी
	500 km 500 किमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54	A spherical tank is filled with water. The radius of the sphere is 6 meters. The tank is used to fill cylindrical containers, each with a radius of 1 meter and a height of 12 meters. How many containers can be filled? एक गोलाकार टैंक पानी से भरा हुआ है। गोले की त्रिज्या 6 मीटर है। टैंक का उपयोग बेलनाकार कंटेनरों को भरने के लिए किया जाता है, जिनमें से प्रत्येक की त्रिज्या 1 मीटर और ऊंचाई 12 मीटर है। कितने कंटेनर भरे जा सकते हैं?
	14 14
	18 18
	24 24
	30 30
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A perfect cube with a side length of 8 cm has the largest possible sphere fitted inside it. What is the volume of the empty space within the cube? 8 भुजा वाले एक पूर्ण घन के अंदर सबसे बड़ा संभव गोला फिट किया गया है। घन के भीतर खाली स्थान का आयतन क्या है?
	$512 - \frac{256\pi}{3}$ cm^3 $512 - \frac{256\pi}{3}$ सेमी^{3}
	$512 - \frac{64\pi}{3}$ cm^3 $512 - \frac{64\pi}{3}$ सेमी^{3}

	$64 - \frac{256\pi}{3}$ cm^3 $64 - \frac{256\pi}{3}$ सेमी^{3}
	$\frac{256\pi}{3}$ cm^3 $\frac{256\pi}{3}$ सेमी^{3}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	'A' and 'B' entered a joint venture. 'A' brought Rs. 1,50,000 and 'B' Rs. 2,00,000. 'A' also contributed skilled labor equivalent to Rs. 50,000. At the end of the year, they earned Rs. 1,20,000 in profit. If they agreed to divide the profit in proportion to their effective contributions, what was A's share? 'A' और 'B' ने एक संयुक्त उद्यम शुरू किया। 'A' ने 1,50,000 रुपये और 'B' ने 2,00,000 रुपये लाए। 'A' ने 50,000 रुपये के बराबर कुशल श्रम का भी योगदान दिया। वर्ष के अंत में, उन्होंने 1,20,000 रुपये का लाभ कमाया। अगर वे अपने प्रभावी योगदान के अनुपात में लाभ को विभाजित करने पर सहमत हुए, तो A का हिस्सा क्या था?
	Rs. 55,000 55,000 रुपये
	Rs. 60,000 60,000 रुपये
	Rs. 62,500 62,500 रुपये
	Rs. 65,000 65,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	A banner is shaped like a trapezium with bases 5 m and 3 m, and height 4 m. If printing costs ₹250/m², what is the total cost? एक बैनर समलम्ब चतुर्भुज के आकार का है जिसका आधार 5 मीटर और 3 मीटर है, तथा ऊँचाई 4 मीटर है। यदि छपाई की लागत ₹250/वर्ग मीटर है, तो कुल लागत क्या है?
	₹4,000 ₹4,000
	₹5,000 ₹5,000
	₹6,000 ₹6,000
	₹8,000 ₹8,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	A farmer's land is two adjoining trapezoids: T1 with bases 70 m & 50 m, height 20 m; T2 with bases 50 m & 30 m, height 15 m. Land costs ₹60/m². What is the total land cost? एक किसान की ज़मीन दो आसन्न समलम्ब चतुर्भुजों से बनी है: T1 जिसका आधार 70 मीटर और 50 मीटर है, ऊँचाई 20 मीटर है; T2 जिसका आधार 50 मीटर और 30 मीटर है, ऊँचाई 15 मीटर है। ज़मीन की कीमत ₹60/वर्ग मीटर है। ज़मीन की कुल कीमत कितनी है?
	₹1,58,000 ₹1,58,000
	₹1,08,000 ₹1,08,000

	₹98,000 ₹98,000
	₹1,26,000 ₹1,26,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	The ratio of areas of two regular polygons with same number of sides is 4:9. What is the ratio of their side lengths? समान भुजाओं वाले दो सम बहुभुजों के क्षेत्रफलों का अनुपात 4:9 है। उनकी भुजाओं की लंबाइयों का अनुपात क्या है?
	2:3 2:3
	4:5 4:5
	$1 : \sqrt{2}$ $1 : \sqrt{2}$
	$2 : \sqrt{5}$ $2 : \sqrt{5}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	A student scored 80% in one subject and 60% in another. Both subjects have equal maximum marks. What is the overall percentage? एक छात्र ने एक विषय में 80% और दूसरे में 60% अंक प्राप्त किए। दोनों विषयों के अधिकतम अंक बराबर हैं। कुल प्रतिशत क्या है?
	70% 70%
	72% 72%
	68% 68%
	75% 75%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	A seller offers a combo deal: "Buy 3 shirts for the price of 2". If each shirt costs him Rs. 300, what is the effective loss percentage? एक विक्रेता एक कॉम्बो डील पेश करता है: "2 शर्ट की कीमत पर 3 शर्ट खरीदें"। अगर प्रत्येक शर्ट की कीमत उसे ₹300 पड़ती है, तो प्रभावी हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?
	25.33% 25.33%
	33.33% 33.33%
	30% 30%
	20% 20%
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	The price of a product is decreased by x% and then increased by x%. The final price becomes 10% less than the original. What is the value of x (approximately)? किसी वस्तु की कीमत में x% की कमी की जाती है और फिर x% की वृद्धि की जाती है। अंतिम कीमत मूल कीमत से 10% कम हो जाती है। x का मान (लगभग) क्या है?
	31.6 31.6
	33.6 33.6
	30.6 30.6
	39.6 39.6
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	The average of 5 different numbers is 24. If the smallest number is 15, what is the average of the remaining four numbers? 5 विभिन्न संख्याओं का औसत 24 है। अगर सबसे छोटी संख्या 15 है, तो शेष चार संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?
	27.25 27.25
	26.25 26.25
	25.5 25.5
	24.5 24.5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	A prism with a parallelogram base has base area 80 cm^2 and height 12 cm. If its lateral surface area is 384 cm^2, what is the perimeter of the base? समांतर चतुर्भुज आधार वाले एक प्रिज्म का क्षेत्रफल 80 वर्ग सेमी और ऊँचाई 12 सेमी है। यदि इसका पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल 384 वर्ग सेमी है, तो आधार का परिमाप क्या है?
	24 cm 24 सेमी
	32 cm 32 सेमी
	36 cm 36 सेमी
	40 cm 40 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	The average score of 25 students in a test is 68. The top 5 scorers had an average of 80, and the lowest 5 had an average of 50. What is the average of the remaining 15 students? एक परीक्षा में 25 छात्रों का औसत अंक 68 है। शीर्ष 5 अंक प्राप्त करने वालों का औसत 80 है, और सबसे कम 5 अंक प्राप्त करने वालों का औसत 50 है। शेष 15 छात्रों का औसत क्या है?
	70 70
	68

	68
	72 72
	66 66

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	A wholesaler offers a bulk order deal where a 10% discount is applied to orders above Rs. 15,000, and a 5% additional seasonal discount is available. What is the effective price paid for an order worth Rs. 20,000? एक थोक विक्रेता एक थोक ऑर्डर डील पेश करता है जिसमें ₹15,000 से अधिक के ऑर्डर पर 10% की छूट और 5% अतिरिक्त मौसमी छूट उपलब्ध है। ₹20,000 मूल्य के ऑर्डर के लिए प्रभावी मूल्य क्या है?
	Rs. 17,100 17,100 रुपये
	Rs. 17,500 17,500 रुपये
	Rs. 17,000 17,000 रुपये
	Rs. 16,800 16,800 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	If $sinA = x$, then what is the value of $tanA$ in terms of x? यदि $sinA = x$, तो $tanA$ का मान x के संदर्भ में क्या है?
	$\frac{x}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}}$ $\frac{x}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}}{x}$ $\frac{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}}{x}$
	$\frac{1}{x}$ $\frac{1}{x}$
	x^2 x^2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	If $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ and A lies in the 2nd quadrant, what is the value of tan A? यदि $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ और A दूसरे चतुर्थांश में स्थित है, तो tanA का मान क्या है?
	$-\frac{3}{4}$ $-\frac{3}{4}$
	$-\frac{2}{5}$ $-\frac{2}{5}$

	$\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{2}{5}$
	$\frac{7}{5}$ $\frac{7}{5}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	The angle of a sector is $\frac{\pi}{4}$ radians, and the radius of the circle is 8 cm. What is the area of the sector? एक सेक्टर का कोण है $\frac{\pi}{4}$ रेडियन है, और वृत्त की त्रिज्या 8 सेमी है। त्रिज्यखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	16π cm^2 16π सेमी^{2}
	12π cm^2 12π सेमी^{2}
	32π cm^2 32π सेमी^{2}
	8π cm^2 8π सेमी^{2}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	If $\sin x = \cos(2x - 10^\circ)$, find the value of x. यदि $\sin x = \cos(2x - 10^\circ)$ हो, तो x का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	25.52° 25.52°
	33.33° 33.33°
	40° 40°
	50° 50°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	Two circles have radii of 8 cm and 3 cm. The distance between their centers is 15 cm. What is the length of a direct common tangent? दो वृत्तों की त्रिज्याएँ हैं 8 सेमी और 3 सेमी. उनके केंद्रों के बीच की दूरी है 15 सेमी. एक सीधी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई क्या है?
	10 cm 10 सेमी 12 cm 12 सेमी
	$10\sqrt{2}$ cm $10\sqrt{2}$ सेमी
	$12\sqrt{2}$ cm $12\sqrt{2}$ सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	A line from the center of a circle bisects a chord. What is the angle between this line and the chord? एक वृत्त के केंद्र से खींची गई एक रेखा एक जीवा को समद्विभाजित करती है। इस रेखा और जीवा के बीच का कोण क्या है?
	30° 30°
	45° 45°
	90° 90°
	60° 60°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	A chord divides a circle into two arcs. The angle subtended by the major arc at the circumference is $110°$. What is the central angle subtended by the major arc? एक जीवा एक वृत्त को दो चापों में विभाजित करती है। दीर्घ चाप द्वारा परिधि पर बनाया गया कोण $110°$.दीर्घ चाप द्वारा अंतरित केन्द्रीय कोण क्या है?
	55° 55°
	110° 110°
	220° 220°
	270° 270°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	In a circle, chord AB subtends an angle of $50°$ at a point C on the circle. What is the angle subtended by the same chord AB at another point D on the same arc as C? एक वृत्त में, जीवा AB वृत्त पर एक बिंदु C पर $50°$ का कोण बनाती है।उसी चाप C पर स्थित एक अन्य बिंदु D पर उसी जीवा AB द्वारा बनाया गया कोण क्या है?
	55° 55°
	50° 50°
	45° 45°
	40° 40°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	From an outside point P, two tangents, PA and PB, are drawn to a circle.A third tangent to the circle at a point Q intersects PA and PB at R and S respectively. If PA=10 cm, what is the perimeter of △PRS? एक बाह्य बिंदु P से, एक वृत्त पर दो स्पर्श रेखाएँ PA और PB खींची गई हैं। वृत्त पर बिंदु Q पर एक तीसरी स्पर्श रेखा PA और PB को क्रमशः R और S पर प्रतिच्छेद करती है। यदि PA=10 सेमी है, तो △PRS का परिमाप क्या है?
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	15 cm

	15 सेमी
	20 cm 20 सेमी
	30 cm 30 सेमी
Not Answered	

SSC ONLINE EXAMINATION

CANDIDATE RESPONSE SHEET/GRIEVANCE SYSTEM

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. The phenomenon could be explained by _____ fluctuations.
	thermodinamick
	thermadynamic
	thermodynnamic
	thermodynamic

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: IRREPRESSIBLE
	Uncontrollable

	Forgettable
	Unbearable Avoidable
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Redolent**
	Fragrant
	Evocative Odorous
	Unscented
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Play gooseberry**
	Act as mediator in a dispute
	Be an unwanted third person with a courting couple
	Tell jokes badly
	Refuse commitment

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80	Select the **correct spelling** for a word meaning 'an internal split or division'.
	Shism
	Schism
	Scism
	Shcism

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A government ruled by a single person with absolute power'.
	Oligarchy
	Democracy
	Autocracy
	Anarchy

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who doubts the sincerity or goodness of others'.
	Optimist
	Cynic
	Realist
	Pessimist

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** The pursuit of global equity in the anthropocene is less a matter of distributive justice and more a theatre of ontological misrecognition. While the Global North presents technocratic solutions as universally applicable, such solutions often encode assumptions of temporal supremacy and civilizational **[1]** _____. Climate finance, for instance, masquerades as benevolence while entrenching hierarchies of surveillance and dependence. The epistemes of the South, rather than being engaged on their own terms, are often reconfigured through extractive logics of "capacity building," a term whose etymology betrays its colonial **[2]** _____. Embedded within these discourses is the idea that certain populations must be "readied" for modernity—thus reproducing a pedagogical asymmetry that masks itself as aid. Meanwhile, planetary imaginaries are increasingly framed through cartographies of emergency. The language of "tipping points" and "irreversible loss" evokes a moral urgency that, paradoxically, facilitates a form of ecological **[3]** _____, wherein radical structural reform is substituted by incremental techno-fixes. Carbon offsets, biodiversity credits, and green financialization proliferate not as correctives, but as symptoms of an underlying refusal to dislodge anthropocentric capitalism. In such a milieu, protest is not silence-breaking but often met with strategic **[4]** _____, where rhetorical accommodation obscures institutional inertia. Civil society is co-opted, not crushed. The subaltern voice is archived, not amplified. Thus, to reclaim ecological justice is not merely to demand inclusion, but to interrogate the ontologies that define inclusion itself. Absent this, the dream of planetary stewardship will remain a ceremonial **[5]** _____, rich in symbolism, barren in substance. What should come in the place of blank number **[1]** ?
	inferiority
	preeminence
	orthodoxy
	intelligibility

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** The pursuit of global equity in the anthropocene is less a matter of distributive justice and more a theatre of ontological misrecognition. While the Global North presents technocratic solutions as universally applicable, such solutions often encode assumptions of temporal supremacy and civilizational **[1]** _____. Climate finance, for instance, masquerades as benevolence while entrenching hierarchies of surveillance and dependence. The epistemes of the South, rather than being engaged on their own terms, are often reconfigured through extractive logics of "capacity building," a term whose etymology betrays its colonial **[2]** _____. Embedded within these discourses is the idea that certain populations must be "readied" for modernity—thus reproducing a pedagogical asymmetry that masks itself as aid. Meanwhile, planetary imaginaries are increasingly framed through cartographies of emergency. The language of "tipping points" and "irreversible loss" evokes a moral urgency that, paradoxically, facilitates a form of ecological **[3]** _____, wherein radical structural reform is substituted by incremental techno-fixes. Carbon offsets, biodiversity credits, and green financialization proliferate not as correctives, but as symptoms of an underlying refusal to dislodge anthropocentric capitalism. In such a milieu, protest is not silence-breaking but often met with strategic **[4]** _____, where rhetorical accommodation obscures institutional inertia. Civil society is co-opted, not crushed. The subaltern voice is archived, not amplified. Thus, to reclaim ecological justice is not merely to demand inclusion, but to interrogate the ontologies that define inclusion itself. Absent this, the dream of planetary stewardship will remain a ceremonial **[5]** _____, rich in symbolism, barren in substance. What should come in the place of blank number **[2]**?
	genealogy
	imperative
	residue
	parable

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** The pursuit of global equity in the anthropocene is less a matter of distributive justice and more a theatre of ontological misrecognition. While the Global North presents technocratic solutions as universally applicable, such solutions often encode assumptions of temporal supremacy and civilizational **[1]** _____. Climate finance, for instance, masquerades as benevolence while entrenching hierarchies of surveillance and dependence. The epistemes of the South, rather than being engaged on their own terms, are often reconfigured through extractive logics of "capacity building," a term whose etymology betrays its colonial **[2]** _____. Embedded within these discourses is the idea that certain populations must be "readied" for modernity—thus reproducing a pedagogical asymmetry that masks itself as aid. Meanwhile, planetary imaginaries are increasingly framed through cartographies of emergency. The language of "tipping points" and "irreversible loss" evokes a moral urgency that, paradoxically, facilitates a form of ecological **[3]** _____, wherein radical structural reform is substituted by incremental techno-fixes. Carbon offsets, biodiversity credits, and green financialization proliferate not as correctives, but as symptoms of an underlying refusal to dislodge anthropocentric capitalism. In such a milieu, protest is not silence-breaking but often met with strategic **[4]** _____, where rhetorical accommodation obscures institutional inertia. Civil society is co-opted, not crushed. The subaltern voice is archived, not amplified. Thus, to reclaim ecological justice is not merely to demand inclusion, but to interrogate the ontologies that define inclusion itself. Absent this, the dream of planetary stewardship will remain a ceremonial **[5]** _____, rich in symbolism, barren in substance. What should come in the place of blank number **[3]**? minimalism
	mobilization
	desist
	containment

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** The pursuit of global equity in the anthropocene is less a matter of distributive justice and more a theatre of ontological misrecognition. While the Global North presents technocratic solutions as universally applicable, such solutions often encode assumptions of temporal supremacy and civilizational **[1]** _____. Climate finance, for instance, masquerades as benevolence while entrenching hierarchies of surveillance and dependence. The epistemes of the South, rather than being engaged on their own terms, are often reconfigured through extractive logics of "capacity building," a term whose etymology betrays its colonial **[2]** _____. Embedded within these discourses is the idea that certain populations must be "readied" for modernity—thus reproducing a pedagogical asymmetry that masks itself as aid. Meanwhile, planetary imaginaries are increasingly framed through cartographies of emergency. The language of "tipping points" and "irreversible loss" evokes a moral urgency that, paradoxically, facilitates a form of ecological **[3]** _____, wherein radical structural reform is substituted by incremental techno-fixes. Carbon offsets, biodiversity credits, and green financialization proliferate not as correctives, but as symptoms of an underlying refusal to dislodge anthropocentric capitalism. In such a milieu, protest is not silence-breaking but often met with strategic **[4]** _____, where rhetorical accommodation obscures institutional inertia. Civil society is co-opted, not crushed. The subaltern voice is archived, not amplified. Thus, to reclaim ecological justice is not merely to demand inclusion, but to interrogate the ontologies that define inclusion itself. Absent this, the dream of planetary stewardship will remain a ceremonial **[5]** _____, rich in symbolism, barren in substance. What should come in the place of blank number **[4]**?
	co-optation
	indifference disdain
	surveillance

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** The pursuit of global equity in the anthropocene is less a matter of distributive justice and more a theatre of ontological misrecognition. While the Global North presents technocratic solutions as universally applicable, such solutions often encode assumptions of temporal supremacy and civilizational **[1]** _____. Climate finance, for instance, masquerades as benevolence while entrenching hierarchies of surveillance and dependence. The epistemes of the South, rather than being engaged on their own terms, are often reconfigured through extractive logics of "capacity building," a term whose etymology betrays its colonial **[2]** _____. Embedded within these discourses is the idea that certain populations must be "readied" for modernity—thus reproducing a pedagogical asymmetry that masks itself as aid. Meanwhile, planetary imaginaries are increasingly framed through cartographies of emergency. The language of "tipping points" and "irreversible loss" evokes a moral urgency that, paradoxically, facilitates a form of ecological **[3]** _____, wherein radical structural reform is substituted by incremental techno-fixes. Carbon offsets, biodiversity credits, and green financialization proliferate not as correctives, but as symptoms of an underlying refusal to dislodge anthropocentric capitalism. In such a milieu, protest is not silence-breaking but often met with strategic **[4]** _____, where rhetorical accommodation obscures institutional inertia. Civil society is co-opted, not crushed. The subaltern voice is archived, not amplified. Thus, to reclaim ecological justice is not merely to demand inclusion, but to interrogate the ontologies that define inclusion itself. Absent this, the dream of planetary stewardship will remain a ceremonial **[5]** _____, rich in symbolism, barren in substance. What should come in the place of blank number **[5]**?
	pageantry
	deliverance
	placation
	mimicry

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	**Fill the correct degree of comparison:** Of all the solutions proposed, this one is by far the ____.

	more cost-effective
	most cost-effective
	cost-effectiver much cost-effective

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	**Select the correct option:** Their approach proved ___ effective that competitors quickly emulated it.
	so
	too as
	very

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The new encryption protocol is capable for thwarting (1)/ sophisticated cyber-intrusions that were previously considered (2)/ impervious to defensive measures (3)/ according to recent white-paper findings. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Had he not deferred the proposal for weeks, (1)/ the board would have had a better chance (2)/ to evaluating the project's long-term viability (3)/ before the deadline lapsed. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** Do the experts regard this compound as hazardous?
	Has this compound been regarded as hazardous by the experts? Is this compound being regarded as hazardous by the experts?

	Was this compound regarded as hazardous by the experts?
	Is this compound regarded as hazardous by the experts?

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The priest lifted the **chalice** during the Eucharist.
	The forger crafted a silver chalice with vine engravings.
	The noble toasted with a jeweled chalice.
	The investor discussed the chalice of currency debasement.
	The altar server held the golden chalice reverently.

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The guests must have been informed about the delay by the coordinator.
	The coordinator might inform the guests about the delay.
	The coordinator had informed the guests about the delay.
	The coordinator must have informed the guests about the delay.
	The coordinator must be informing the guests about the delay.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: This building ***is built from bricks***.
	is made by bricks
	has built of bricks
	is built of bricks
	is constructed with bricks

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: We must prevent him ***to go there***.
	for going there
	from to go there
	from going there
	not go there

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** He wondered why the lights had been left on all night.
	He said, "Why were the lights left on all night?"
	He said, "Why are the lights left on all night?"
	He said, "Why have the lights been left on all night?"
	He said, "Why had the lights been left on all night?"

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** I said, "Why are you crying?"
	I asked why he was crying.
	I said why are you crying.
	I told why you cried.
	I asked why he cried.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. International space law governs satellite placement and liability.2. Treaties emerged during the Cold War to prevent militarization.3. New challenges include space debris and commercial mining.4. Regulation needs adaptation to current realities.
	2-1-3-4
	1-3-4-2
	1-2-3-4
	3-2-1-4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This allows for greater efficiency and collaboration. 2. Cloud computing has revolutionized data storage and access. 3. It eliminates the need for extensive on-premise infrastructure. 4. Businesses worldwide are rapidly adopting this technology.
	2-1-3-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1
	2-3-1-4

SSC ONLINE EXAMINATION

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	23 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	:	12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Sample Address:Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave,JP Nagar, Bangalore,Karnataka - 560078 नीचे दिए गए पते के समान पता चुनें। नमूना पता: Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave,JP Nagar, Bangalore,Karnataka - 560078
	Flat 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560078 Flat 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560078
	Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078 Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078
	Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, J.P. Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560087 Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, J.P. Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560087

	Flat No. 410, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078 Flat No. 410, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2	In a series of seminars held daily from 11^{th} to 18^{th} Feb, Calicut – 18^{th} Feb 2022, Patna – 12^{th} Feb 2022, Tiruchirappalli – 17^{th} Feb 2022, Raipur – 11^{th} Feb 2022, Rourkela – 14^{th} Feb 2022 Jamshedpur – 13^{th} Feb 2022, Durgapur – 15^{th} Feb 2022, Warangal – 16^{th} Feb 2022 How many days after the seminar in Raipur did the seminar in Tiruchirappalli occur? 11 से 18 फरवरी तक प्रतिदिन आयोजित सेमिनारों की श्रृंखला में, कलीकट – 18 फरवरी 2022, पटना – 12 फरवरी 2022, तिरुचिरापल्ली – 17 फरवरी 2022, रायपुर – 11 फरवरी 2022, राउरकेला – 14 फरवरी 2022 जमशेदपुर – 13 फरवरी 2022, दुर्गापुर – 15 फरवरी 2022, वारंगल – 16 फरवरी 2022 रायपुर में सेमिनार के कितने दिन बाद तिरुचिरापल्ली में सेमिनार हुआ?
	6 days 6 दिन
	5 days 5 दिन
	4 days 4 दिन
	7 days 7 दिन
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	If 2 × 3 = 8, 3 × 4 = 15, then 4 × 5 = ? अगर 2 × 3 = 8, 3 × 4 = 15, तो 4 × 5 = ?
	22 22
	20 20
	24 24
	23 23

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	If 1 × 2 = 3, 2 × 3 = 8, 3 × 4 = 15, then 4 × 5 = ? अगर 1 × 2 = 3, 2 × 3 = 8, 3 × 4 = 15, तो 4 × 5 = ?
	24 24
	20 20
	27 27 19

	19

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	The product of two numbers is 2025, and their HCF is 15. What is their LCM? दो संख्याओं का गुणनफल 2025 है, तथा उनका एचसीएफ 15 है। उनका एलसीएम क्या है?
	135 135
	225 225
	105 105
	1350 1350

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	If X + Y = 2Z and Z + W = 2X, then: अगर X + Y = 2Z और Z + W = 2X, तो:
	X + Z = Y + W X + Z = Y + W
	X + Z = 2W X + Z = 2W
	X + W = Y + Z X + W = Y + Z X + Z = 2Y X + Z = 2Y

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	Choose the different one. अलग वाला चुनें।
	Linux लिनक्स
	Intel इंटेल
	Windows विंडोज़
	macOS मैक ओएस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	A train takes 45 minutes to travel 60 km. What is its speed in km/h? एक रेलगाड़ी को 60 किमी की दूरी तय करने में 45 मिनट लगते हैं। इसकी गति किमी/घंटे में क्या है?
	72 km/h 72 किमी/घंटा

	75 km/h 75 किमी/घंटा
	80 km/h 80 किमी/घंटा
	90 km/h 90 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	Find the missing number: **21 : 3 :: 574 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **21 : 3 :: 574 : ?**
	76 76
	80 80
	82 82
	84 84

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	Which roll number has a **digital root** equal to **9**? Digital root = sum of digits until one digit remains. किस रोल नंबर का **अंकीय मूल 9** के बराबर है? अंकीय मूल = अंकों का योग जब तक एक अंक शेष न रह जाए।
	987654 987654
	888888 888888
	765431 765431
	999999 999999

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11 From the list of roll numbers provided below, which pair belongs to the same examination centre (i.e., has the same centre code represented by the first three digits)?

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D
817129	907325	338379	332896
333782	902345	908325	908187
511926	184843	184320	814752
812783	482290	817131	189901

नीचे दिए गए रोल नंबरों में से कौन-से जोड़े समान परीक्षा केंद्र के हैं?
(अर्थात् जिनका केंद्र कोड — जो पहले तीन अंक होते हैं — समान हो।)

कॉलम A	कॉलम B	कॉलम C	कॉलम D
817129	907325	338379	332896
333782	902345	908325	908187
511926	184843	184320	814752
812783	482290	817131	189901

908325 and 908187

908325 और 908187

332896 and 333782

332896 और 333782

814752 and 812783

814752 और 812783

184843 and 189901

184843 और 189901

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12

Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
Some humans are artists. All artists are creators.

Conclusions:
I. Some humans are creators.
II. All creators are artists.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:
कुछ मनुष्य कलाकार हैं। सभी कलाकार रचनाकार हैं।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कुछ मनुष्य रचनाकार हैं।
II. सभी रचनाकार कलाकार हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Some A are B. All B are C. No C is D. **Conclusions:** I. No A is D. II. Some B are not D. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: कुछ A, B हैं। सभी B, C हैं। कोई C, D नहीं है। निष्कर्ष: I. कोई A, D नहीं है। II. कुछ B, D नहीं हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	What comes next in the series? D, H, L, P, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? D, H, L, P, ?
	U U
	T T
	R R
	S S

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	From the given alternatives, find the word which can be formed from the letters used in the given word. INTELLIGENCE दिए गए विकल्पों में से वह शब्द ज्ञात कीजिए जो दिए गए शब्द में प्रयुक्त अक्षरों से बनाया जा सकता है। INTELLIGENCE
	Gene Gene
	Told Told

	Can Can Come Come

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	If "GANDHI" is written as "HBOEU", how will "NEHRU" be written? यदि "GANDHI" को "HBOEU" लिखा जाता है, तो "NEHRU" को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	PGITV PGITV
	OFISV OFISV
	OFHRU OFHRU
	OEGRV OEGRV

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	What comes next? AF, CH, EJ, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AF, CH, EJ, ?
	KN KN
	IM IM
	LO LO
	GL GL

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	Complete the series. 5, 11, 23, 47, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। 5, 11, 23, 47, ?
	94 94
	96 96
	97 97
	95 95

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	Find the missing number: **256 : 4096 :: 225 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **256 : 4096 :: 225 : ?**
	3375 3375
	3125 3125
	4225 4225
	4096 4096

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	What should come at the place of question mark? : **31, 63, 127, 255, 511, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? : 31, 63, 127, 255, 511, ?
	1023 1023
	2095 2095
	1189 1189
	1267 1267

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	**Instruction:** In a code language: **'apple banana orange'** is coded as **'abc, def, ghi'** **'orange grapes apple'** is coded as **'ghi, jkl, abc'** **'grapes banana mango'** is coded as **'jkl, def, mno'** **Question:** What is the code for 'apple grapes banana'? निर्देश: एक कूट भाषा में: 'apple banana orange' को **'abc, def, ghi'** लिखा जाता है। '**orange** grapes apple' को **'ghi, jkl, abc'** लिखा जाता है। '**grapes** banana mango' को 'jkl, def, mno' लिखा जाता है। प्रश्न: 'apple grapes banana' का कूट क्या है?
	aec, jim, def aec, jim, def
	adu, joy, def adu, joy, def
	abc, jkl, def abc, jkl, def
	auy, jkl, der auy, jkl, der

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	A shopkeeper buys an item for ₹80. If the shopkeeper wants to make a profit of 20% on the cost price, what should be the selling price of the item? एक दुकानदार एक वस्तु ₹80 में खरीदता है। यदि दुकानदार क्रय मूल्य पर 20% लाभ कमाना चाहता है, तो वस्तु का विक्रय मूल्य क्या होना चाहिए?
	₹96 ₹96
	₹100 ₹100
	₹98 ₹98
	₹102 ₹102

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	9 people contribute Rs. 45 each. 3 leave. What amount must each pay now to keep total same? 9 लोग 45-45 रुपये का योगदान करते हैं। 3 लोग चले जाते हैं। कुल राशि समान रखने के लिए अब प्रत्येक व्यक्ति को कितनी राशि देनी होगी?
	Rs. 60 60 रुपये
	Rs. 67.5 67.5 रुपये
	Rs. 55.78 55.78 रुपये Rs. 70 70 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	1, 3, 6, 10, 15, ? 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, ?
	20 20
	21 21
	22 22
	23 23

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	If COLD is coded as DPME, then HEAT will be coded as? यदि COLD को DPME के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो HEAT को किस रूप में कोडित किया जाएगा?
	IFBU IFBU
	GFBT GFBT IFAT IFAT

	HFAT
	HFAT

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	Why "Space Situational Awareness (SSA)" program by ISRO important? इसरो द्वारा "अंतरिक्ष स्थिति जागरूकता (एसएसए)" कार्यक्रम क्यों महत्वपूर्ण है?
	Racks' energy usage in orbit कक्षा में रैक की ऊर्जा खपत
	Monitors space debris and protects Indian space assets अंतरिक्ष मलबे की निगरानी और भारतीय अंतरिक्ष परिसंपत्तियों की सुरक्षा
	Observes black holes in the deep sky गहरे आकाश में ब्लैक होल का अवलोकन
	Provides satellite TV services across Asia पूरे एशिया में सैटेलाइट टीवी सेवाएं प्रदान करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	Which country helped develop Chabahar Port?

	चाबहार बंदरगाह के विकास में किस देश ने मदद की? China चीन
	India भारत
	Russia रूस
	United States संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	The "Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana - Urban (PMAY-U)" aims to address the housing shortage in urban areas. Which of the following approaches is a key component of this scheme to achieve its objectives? "प्रधानमंत्री आवास योजना - शहरी (पीएमएवाई-यू)" का उद्देश्य शहरी क्षेत्रों में आवास की कमी को दूर करना है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा दृष्टिकोण अपने उद्देश्यों को प्राप्त करने के लिए इस योजना का एक प्रमुख घटक है? Primarily focusing on providing rental housing for migrant workers. मुख्य रूप से प्रवासी श्रमिकों के लिए किराये पर आवास उपलब्ध कराने पर ध्यान केंद्रित करना।
	Providing financial assistance to beneficiaries for the construction, purchase, or enhancement of affordable housing. किफायती आवास के निर्माण, खरीद या संवर्धन के लिए लाभार्थियों को वित्तीय सहायता प्रदान करना।
	Mandating the use of only indigenous building materials in all PMAY-U projects. सभी पीएमएवाई-यू परियोजनाओं में केवल स्वदेशी निर्माण सामग्री के उपयोग को अनिवार्य बनाना।
	Concentrating housing development efforts in Tier-1 and Tier-2 cities. टियर-1 और टियर-2 शहरों में आवास विकास प्रयासों पर ध्यान केंद्रित करना।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	The Jagannath Temple in Puri is an example of which style of architecture? पुरी का जगन्नाथ मंदिर किस वास्तुकला शैली का उदाहरण है?
	Dravidian द्रविड़
	Maratha मराठा
	Nagara (Kalinga) नागर (कलिंग)
	Vesara वेसर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	The Ilbert Bill controversy of 1883-84 was related to: 1883-84 का इल्बर्ट बिल विवाद निम्नलिखित से संबंधित था:
	The imposition of new taxes on agricultural produce. कृषि उपज पर नए कर लगाना।
	The issue of allowing Indian judges to try European offenders in criminal cases. भारतीय न्यायाधीशों को आपराधिक मामलों में यूरोपीय अपराधियों पर मुकदमा चलाने की अनुमति देने का मुद्दा।
	The introduction of English as the medium of instruction in all schools. सभी स्कूलों में शिक्षा के माध्यम के रूप में अंग्रेजी को लागू करना।

	The demarcation of boundaries between British India and princely states. ब्रिटिश भारत और रियासतों के बीच सीमाओं का सीमांकन।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	Under the BSA, 2023, oral evidence must be: बीएसए, 2023 के तहत मौखिक साक्ष्य निम्नलिखित होना चाहिए:
	Direct and related to what the witness saw or heard प्रत्यक्ष और उससे संबंधित जो गवाह ने देखा या सुना
	Based on assumptions धारणाओं पर आधारित
	Only admissible if in English केवल अंग्रेजी में ही स्वीकार्य
	Hearsay only केवल अफवाह

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	Who joined as the CEO of NITI Aayog in February 2023? फरवरी 2023 में नीति आयोग के सीईओ के रूप में किसने कार्यभार संभाला?
	Parameswaran Iyer परमेश्वरन अय्यर
	V.K. Paul वी.के. पॉल
	B.V.R. Subrahmanyam बी.वी.आर. सुब्रह्मण्यम
	Amitabh Kant अमिताभ कांत

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	Which of the following scholars wrote the Ashtanga Sangraha? निम्नलिखित में से किस विद्वान ने अष्टांग संग्रह लिखा था?
	Charaka चरक
	Sushruta सुश्रुत
	Bhaskaracharya भास्कराचार्य
	Vagbhata वाग्भट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34 Consider the following statements:

Statement I: The city of Chennai is popularly known as the Detroit of India.

Statement II: The city is a hub of the petrochemical industry and a leader in petrochemical product manufacturing in India.

Which of the following Statements is/are CORRECT?

निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:

कथन I: चेन्नई शहर को भारत के डेट्रायट के नाम से जाना जाता है।

कथन II: यह शहर पेट्रोकेमिकल उद्योग का केंद्र है और भारत में पेट्रोकेमिकल उत्पाद निर्माण में अग्रणी है।

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है/हैं?

Both Statements are correct, and Statement II is the correct explanation for Statement I.

दोनों कथन सही हैं, और कथन II कथन I का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both Statements are correct, and Statement II is not the correct explanation of Statement I.

दोनों कथन सही हैं और कथन II कथन I का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

Statement I is correct, but Statement II is incorrect.

कथन I सही है, लेकिन कथन II गलत है।

Statement I is incorrect, and Statement II is correct.

कथन I गलत है, और कथन II सही है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35 Which of these statements is/ are correct regarding the Census of India, 2011?

1. Muslims outnumber all other minorities in India, but they do not form a majority in any of the Indian states.

2. Christian population is distributed mostly in urban areas of India.

3. Jains have a major concentration in the urban areas of Rajasthan, Gujarat and Maharashtra, while the Buddhists are concentrated mostly in Maharashtra.

भारत की जनगणना, 2011 के संबंध में इनमें से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?

1. भारत में मुसलमानों की संख्या अन्य सभी अल्पसंख्यकों से ज्यादा है, लेकिन वे किसी भी भारतीय राज्य में बहुसंख्यक नहीं हैं।

2. ईसाई आबादी भारत के ज़्यादातर शहरी इलाकों में वितरित है।

3. जैनों की ज़्यादातर आबादी राजस्थान, गुजरात और महाराष्ट्र के शहरी इलाकों में है, जबकि बौद्ध ज़्यादातर महाराष्ट्र में केंद्रित हैं।

1, and 3 only

1 और 3 केवल

3 only

केवल 3

2 and 3 only

केवल 2 और 3

1 and 2 only

केवल 1 और 2

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36 In Carnatic music, which type of composition is most commonly performed during a concert, focusing on a fixed melody and rhythm?

	कर्नाटक संगीत में, किस प्रकार की रचना सबसे ज्यादा सामान्यत: एक संगीत समारोह के दौरान प्रस्तुत की जाती है, जो एक निश्चित राग और लय पर केन्द्रित होती है?
	Varnam वर्णम
	Kriti कृति
	Raga Alapana राग अलापना
	Tillana तिल्लाना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	Which of the following is **true** about the Deogarh temple built in the early 6th century CE? छठी शताब्दी CE के प्रारम्भ में निर्मित देवगढ़ मंदिर के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सत्य** है?
	It follows a panchayatana layout and is an early example of Nagara style. यह पंचायतन लेआउट का अनुसरण करता है और नागर शैली का प्रारंभिक उदाहरण है।
	It was built by Chandela rulers and faces east like most Hindu temples. इसका निर्माण चंदेला शासकों द्वारा कराया गया था और अधिकांश हिंदू मंदिरों की तरह इसका मुख पूर्व की ओर है।
	Its main deity is Shiva in the form of Mahadeo. इसके मुख्य देवता महादेव रूप में शिव हैं।
	It is entirely rock-cut with vaulted interiors. यह पूरी तरह से चट्टानों को काटकर बनाया गया है तथा इसका अंदरूनी भाग गुंबददार है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	Which of the following statements accurately reflects the biomechanical coordination during the throwing phase of discus throw? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन डिस्कस थ्रो के थ्रोइंग चरण के दौरान बायोमैकेनिकल समन्वय को सटीक रूप से दर्शाता है?
	The shoulders and trunk continue rotating till 1 minute after the discus is released to maintain momentum. गति बनाए रखने के लिए कंधे और धड़, डिस्कस छोड़ने के एक मिनट बाद तक घूमते रहते हैं।
	The left foot remains fixed while the right foot rotates and stays straight throughout the motion. बायां पैर स्थिर रहता है, जबकि दायां पैर घूमता है और पूरी गति के दौरान सीधा रहता है।
	Both knees stay straight during rotation, but the right knee bends after forward extension for balance. घुमाव के दौरान दोनों घुटने सीधे रहते हैं, लेकिन संतुलन के लिए आगे बढ़ने पर दाहिना घुटना मुड़ जाता है।
	The body's weight shifts entirely to the left foot while the right leg stabilizes the upper body lean. शरीर का भार पूरी तरह से बाएं पैर पर स्थानांतरित हो जाता है, जबकि दायां पैर ऊपरी शरीर को स्थिर रखता है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	In the traditional accounts of Vijayanagara, who were referred to as narapati or "lord of men"? विजयनगर के पारंपरिक विवरणों में किसे नरपति या "मनुष्यों का स्वामी" कहा जाता था?
	Mughals मुगलों
	Deccan Sultans डेक्कन सुल्तान
	Cholas

	चौल
	Rayas रायास

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	Which describes the "bunch start" position in sprinting? स्प्रिंटिंग में "बंच स्टार्ट" स्थिति का वर्णन कौन करेगा?
	Blocks 25–30 inches from line, feet parallel लाइन से 25-30 इंच की दूरी पर ब्लॉक, पैर समानांतर
	Blocks 16–19 inches from line, rear toe and front heel aligned लाइन से 16-19 इंच की दूरी पर ब्लॉक, पिछला पैर का अंगूठा और सामने की एड़ी संरेखित
	Hips below shoulders, arms bent कूल्हे कंधों से नीचे, भुजाएं मुड़ी हुई
	Toes ahead of starting line पैर की उंगलियाँ प्रारम्भिक रेखा से आगे
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	Consider the following statements about 'The Golden Gate' by Vikram Seth: 1) The novel, written entirely in verse, was shortlisted for the Whitbread Book Award, showcasing its innovative poetic form. 2) It won the Booker Prize for its expansive narrative on Indian society and culture. 3) The book was honored with the Sahitya Akademi Award for its significant impact on Indian English poetry. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** विक्रम सेठ द्वारा लिखित 'द गोल्डन गेट' के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1) पूरी तरह से पद्य में लिखे गए इस उपन्यास को इसके अभिनव काव्यात्मक रूप को प्रदर्शित करते हुए व्हिटब्रेड बुक पुरस्कार के लिए चुना गया था। 2) भारतीय समाज और संस्कृति पर इसके विस्तृत वर्णन के लिए इसे बुकर पुरस्कार मिला। 3) भारतीय अंग्रेजी कविता पर इसके महत्वपूर्ण प्रभाव के लिए इस पुस्तक को साहित्य अकादमी पुरस्कार से सम्मानित किया गया। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Statements 1 and 3 are correct कथन 1 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	Where was the 2nd Para Table Tennis National Ranking Championships 2024-25 held? द्वितीय पैरा टेबल टेनिस राष्ट्रीय रैंकिंग चैंपियनशिप 2024-25 कहाँ आयोजित की गई?
	Jaipur, Rajasthan जयपुर, राजस्थान
	Vadodara, Gujarat वडोदरा, गुजरात
	Pune, Maharashtra

	पुणे, महाराष्ट्र
	Indore, Madhya Pradesh इंदौर, मध्य प्रदेश
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	Which nuclear decay alters atomic number but not mass? कौन सा परमाणु क्षय परमाणु क्रमांक को बदलता है लेकिन द्रव्यमान को नहीं?
	Alpha Decay अल्फा क्षय
	Beta Decay बीटा क्षय
	Gamma Decay गामा क्षय
	Fission विखंडन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	**Fill in the Blank:** Dumhal dancers wear _____ during the performance. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** दुमहाल नर्तक प्रदर्शन के दौरान _____ पहनते हैं।
	colorful robes रंगीन वस्त्र
	Masks मुखौटा
	Veils घूंघट
	Bells घंटी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	Why is revenue deficit a concern for the economy? राजस्व घाटा अर्थव्यवस्था के लिए चिंता का विषय क्यों है? It increases productive investment यह उत्पादक निवेश को बढ़ाता है
	It improves trade surplus इससे व्यापार अधिशेष में सुधार होता है
	It indicates borrowing for current spending यह वर्तमान व्यय के लिए उधार लेने का संकेत देता है
	It boosts capital creation यह पूंजी सृजन को बढ़ावा देता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	The World Competitiveness Index primarily assesses a country's ability to: विश्व प्रतिस्पर्धात्मकता सूचकांक मुख्यत: किसी देश की निम्नलिखित क्षमता का आकलन करता है: Attract tourists पर्यटकों को आकर्षित करें
	Create and maintain an environment for enterprises to compete उद्यमों के लिए प्रतिस्पर्धा हेतु वातावरण बनाना और बनाए रखना
	Innovation in cultural heritage सांस्कृतिक विरासत में नवाचार
	Conserve natural resources प्राकृतिक संसाधनों का संरक्षण करें

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	What was a key feature of the Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956? 1956 के औद्योगिक नीति प्रस्ताव की मुख्य विशेषता क्या थी?
	Full privatization पूर्ण निजीकरण
	Abolition of licensing लाइसेंसिंग का उन्मूलन
	Emphasis on small-scale industry लघु उद्योग पर जोर
	Expansion of public sector सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र का विस्तार
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	Which tribal leader from Jharkhand led the 'Ulgulan' (Great Rebellion) movement against British exploitation of tribal lands? झारखंड के किस आदिवासी नेता ने आदिवासी भूमि के ब्रिटिश शोषण के खिलाफ 'उलगुलान' (महान विद्रोह) आंदोलन का नेतृत्व किया? Sidhu Murmu सिद्धू मुर्मू
	Kanhu Murmu कान्हू मुर्मू
	Birsa Munda बिरसा मुंडा Tilka Manjhi तिलका मांझी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	Dr. Tessy Thomas is also known as the 'Missile Woman of India'. She is best associated with which of the following achievements? डॉ. टेसी थॉमस को 'भारत की मिसाइल महिला' के नाम से भी जाना जाता है। उनका संबंध निम्नलिखित में से किस उपलब्धि से है?
	Led Agni-V project; began career at LRDE अग्नि-V परियोजना का नेतृत्व किया; LRDE से करियर की शुरुआत की
	Was Chairperson of ISRO इसरो(ISRO) की अध्यक्ष थीं

	Founded a private satellite company एक निजी उपग्रह कंपनी की स्थापना की
	Headed HAL's aeronautics division एचएएल के वैमानिकी प्रभाग का नेतृत्व किया
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). **Assertion (A):** One objective of liberalisation was to remove barriers to entry and growth of firms. **Reason (R):** The license raj restricted entrepreneurial freedom and market competition. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) के संबंध में **सही** विकल्प चुनिए। **अभिकथन (A):** उदारीकरण का एक उद्देश्य फर्मों के प्रवेश और विकास में आने वाली बाधाओं को दूर करना था। **कारण (R):** लाइसेंस राज ने उद्यमशीलता की स्वतंत्रता और बाजार प्रतिस्पर्धा को प्रतिबंधित कर दिया।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false but R is true. A असत्य है लेकिन R सत्य है।

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51 The number of students in two sections A and B having different heights is shown in the table given below:

Height (in metres)	Section A	Section B
1.55	6	5
1.60	10	0
1.62	14	15
1.65	16	11
1.68	9	8
1.71	7	6
1.75	5	4

What is the ratio of the number of students with a height of 1.62 metres in Section A to the total number of students in Section A?

दो सेक्शन A और B में अलग-अलग ऊंचाई वाले छात्रों की संख्या नीचे दी गई तालिका में दर्शाई गई है:

ऊंचाई (मीटर में)	खंड A	खंड B
1.55	6	5
1.60	10	0
1.62	14	15
1.65	16	11
1.68	9	8
1.71	7	6
1.75	5	4

सेक्शन A में 1.62 मीटर ऊंचाई वाले छात्रों की संख्या का सेक्शन A में कुल छात्रों की संख्या से अनुपात क्या है?

	14:67 14:67
	14:62 14:62
	1:4 1:4
	7:33 7:33

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52

Solve: $\sqrt{(5 \times 196 \div 14 + 25 - 4)}$

हल करें: $\sqrt{(5 \times 196 \div 14 + 25 - 4)}$

	$\sqrt{91}$ $\sqrt{91}$
	$\sqrt{81}$ $\sqrt{81}$
	$\sqrt{71}$ $\sqrt{71}$
	$\sqrt{41}$ $\sqrt{41}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53

A sum amounts to ₹6,600 in 2 years and ₹7,200 in 4 years at simple interest. What is the rate of interest per annum?

एक धनराशि साधारण ब्याज पर 2 वर्ष में ₹6,600 तथा 4 वर्ष में ₹7,200 हो जाती है। प्रति वर्ष ब्याज दर क्या है?

	6% 6%
	8% 8%
	5% 5%
	9%

	9%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54	A man reduces his speed from 20 kmph to 18 kmph. So, he takes 8 minutes more than the normal time. What is the distance traveled by him? एक आदमी अपनी गति 20 किमी प्रति घंटे से घटाकर 18 किमी प्रति घंटा कर देता है। इसलिए, उसे सामान्य समय से 8 मिनट ज्यादा लगते हैं। उसके द्वारा तय की गई दूरी कितनी है?
	20 km 20 किमी
	21 km 21 किमी
	22 km 22 किमी
	24 km 24 किमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A kite is soaring at an altitude of 75 meters above the ground, with its string temporarily secured to a point on the ground. The angle of elevation of the string relative to the ground is 30 degrees. Given that the string remains taut, what is the length of the string? एक पतंग जमीन से 75 मीटर की ऊँचाई पर उड़ रही है। पतंग की डोरी को अस्थायी रूप से जमीन पर एक बिंदु पर बाँधा गया है। डोरी और जमीन के बीच उन्नयन कोण (angle of elevation) 30° है। यदि डोरी तनली हुई है, तो डोरी की लंबाई कितनी होगी?
	75 m 75 मीटर
	$75\sqrt{3}$ m $75\sqrt{3}$ मीटर
	150 m 150 मीटर
	$150\sqrt{3}$ m $150\sqrt{3}$ मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	A rectangular fish tank with a base of 100 cm × 50 cm contains water up to a height of 20 cm. If 5 identical spherical stones, each with a radius of 5 cm, are dropped into the tank and fully submerged, what is the rise in the water level? 100 सेमी × 50 सेमी के आधार वाले एक आयताकार मछली टैंक में 20 सेमी की ऊँचाई तक पानी है। यदि 5 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले 5 समान गोलाकार पत्थरों को टैंक में डालकर उन्हें पूरी तरह से डुबो दिया जाए, तो जल स्तर में कितनी वृद्धि होगी?
	$\frac{\pi}{10}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{10}$ सेमी
	$\frac{\pi}{6}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{6}$ सेमी
	$\frac{\pi}{5}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{5}$ सेमी
	$\frac{\pi}{3}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{3}$ सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	Partners X and Y invest Rs. 60,000 and Rs. 90,000 respectively. X works for 6 months, Y for 4 months. Profit is divided based on capital * time. Find their profit ratio. साझेदार X और Y क्रमशः ₹60,000 और ₹90,000 का निवेश करते हैं। X, 6 महीने और Y, 4 महीने काम करते हैं। लाभ को पूँजी * समय के आधार पर विभाजित किया जाता है। उनका लाभ अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
	2:3 2:3
	1:1 1:1
	3:2 3:2
	4:5 4:5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	If the difference between the interior and exterior angles of a regular polygon is 100°, find the number of sides of the polygon. यदि एक नियमित बहुभुज के आंतरिक और बाह्य कोणों के बीच का अंतर 100° है, तो बहुभुज की भुजाओं की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	9 9
	10 10
	11 11
	12 12

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	A value is increased by 30% and then decreased by an unknown percentage to return to the original value. What is the percentage decrease required? किसी मान को 30% बढ़ाया जाता है और फिर मूल मान पर वापस लाने के लिए एक अज्ञात प्रतिशत घटाया जाता है। कितने प्रतिशत की कमी ज़रूरी है?
	23.08% 23.08%
	26.92% 26.92%
	30.26% 30.26%
	20.22% 20.22%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	A square field has a diagonal of √98 m. What is its area? एक वर्गाकार मैदान का विकर्ण √98 मीटर है। इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?

	48 m^2 48 वर्ग मीटर
	49 m^2 49 वर्ग मीटर
	50 m^2 50 वर्ग मीटर
	52 m^2 52 वर्ग मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	A 50-liter solution contains acid and water in the ratio 3:2. How much water must be added to make the ratio 1:1? 50 लीटर के एक घोल में अम्ल और पानी का अनुपात 3:2 है। अनुपात 1:1 करने के लिए कितना पानी मिलाना होगा?
	5 L 5 लीटर
	10 L 10 लीटर
	15 L 15 लीटर
	20 L 20 लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	If the selling price of an item is increased by 25% and the profit also increases from 20% to 30%, what is the percentage increase in the cost price? अगर किसी वस्तु का विक्रय मूल्य 25% बढ़ा दिया जाए तथा लाभ भी 20% से बढ़कर 30% हो जाए, तो क्रय मूल्य में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होगी?
	4.5% 4.5%
	5.6% 5.6%
	10.28% 10.28%
	15.38% 15.38%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	A group of 6 students went on a trip and spent Rs. 1200 in total. If one of them spent Rs. 300 while the rest spent equally, what was the average spending of the other 5 students? 6 छात्रों का एक समूह एक यात्रा पर गया और कुल 1200 रुपये खर्च किए। अगर उनमें से एक ने 300 रुपये खर्च किए जबकि बाकी ने बराबर खर्च किए, तो अन्य 5 छात्रों का औसत खर्च क्या था?
	Rs. 180 180 रुपये
	Rs. 200 200 रुपये
	Rs. 220 220 रुपये
	Rs. 240 240 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	A computer is sold at Rs. 7650 after applying a 15% discount. What was its market price? एक कंप्यूटर को 15% छूट के बाद 7650 रुपये में बेचा गया। इसकी बाजार कीमत क्या थी?
	Rs. 8500 8500 रुपये
	Rs. 8800 8800 रुपये
	Rs. 9000 9000 रुपये
	Rs. 9500 9500 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	If 10 men or 15 women can complete a work in 170 days, how long will 20 men and 20 women take for completing the same work? अगर 10 पुरुष या 15 महिलाएँ किसी कार्य को 170 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं, तो 20 पुरुष और 20 महिलाएँ उसी कार्य को पूरा करने में कितना समय लेंगे?
	52 days 52 दिन
	50 days 50 दिन
	51 days 51 दिन
	53 days 53 दिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	A square has a perimeter of 100 cm. What is the area of the square? एक वर्ग का परिमाप 100 सेंटीमीटर है। वर्ग का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	652 cm^2 652 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	892 cm^2 892 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	625 cm^2 625 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	825 cm^2 825 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	A student took 7 tests and had an average of 72. If his average after 8 tests increased to 73, what was his score on the 8th test? एक छात्र ने 7 परीक्षाएं दीं और उसका औसत 72 था। अगर 8 परीक्षाओं के बाद उसका औसत 73 हो गया, तो 8वीं परीक्षा में उसका स्कोर क्या था?
	79 79
	78 78

	80 80
	81 81

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	A store announces a festive deal: "Get 30% off on purchases above Rs. 10,000, and an additional Rs. 1,000 off if the total after discount exceeds Rs. 15,000." A customer buys items worth Rs. 25,000. How much does the customer finally pay? एक स्टोर एक त्यौहारी ऑफर की घोषणा करता है: "10,000 रुपये से ज़्यादा की खरीदारी पर 30% की छूट पाएँ, और अगर छूट के बाद कुल राशि 15,000 रुपये से ज़्यादा हो, तो 1,000 रुपये की अतिरिक्त छूट पाएँ।" एक ग्राहक 25,000 रुपये की चीज़ें खरीदता है। ग्राहक को अंततः कितनी राशि चुकानी पड़ती है?
	Rs. 16,500 16,500 रुपये
	Rs. 17,500 17,500 रुपये
	Rs. 16,000 16,000 रुपये
	Rs. 17,000 17,000 रुपये
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	A solution of 100 litres has a 60% salt concentration. How many litres of water must be added to reduce the concentration to 40%, and then how much pure salt must be added to bring the concentration back to 50%? 100 लीटर के एक घोल में नमक की सांद्रता 60% है। सांद्रता को 40% तक कम करने के लिए कितने लीटर पानी मिलाना होगा, और फिर सांद्रता को वापस 50% पर लाने के लिए कितना शुद्ध नमक मिलाना होगा?
	Add 50 L of water, then 30 L of salt 50 लीटर पानी और फिर 30 लीटर नमक डालें
	Add 90 L of water, then 70 L of salt 90 लीटर पानी और फिर 70 लीटर नमक डालें
	Add 70 L of water, then 30 L of salt 70 लीटर पानी और फिर 30 लीटर नमक डालें
	Add 50 L of water, then 10 L of salt 50 लीटर पानी और फिर 10 लीटर नमक डालें
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	If $sinA = \frac{4}{5}$ and A lies in 2nd quadrant, find the value of $(1 + tanA)(1-tanA)$. यदि $sinA = \frac{4}{5}$, और A दूसरे चतुर्थांश में स्थित है, तो $(1 + tanA)(1-tanA)$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	$-\frac{9}{25}$ $-\frac{9}{25}$
	$\frac{16}{25}$ $\frac{16}{25}$
	$\frac{1}{9}$

	$\frac{1}{9}$
	$-\frac{7}{9}$
	$-\frac{7}{9}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	Convert 0.5 radians to degrees. 0.5 रेडियन को डिग्री में बदलें।
	25.7° 25.7°
	28.65° 28.65°
	45.24° 45.24°
	57.3° 57.3°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	If sin x = cos(x + 20°), then what is the value of x? यदि sin x = cos(x + 20°) है, तो x का मान क्या है?
	35° 35°
	25° 25°
	18° 18°
	20° 20°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	For a triangle with one interior angle greater than 90°, where is its Orthocenter located? किसी त्रिभुज का एक आंतरिक कोण 90° से अधिक हो तो उसका लंबकेन्द्र कहाँ स्थित होता है?
	On one of the sides of the triangle. त्रिभुज की एक भुजा पर।
	Outside the triangle. त्रिभुज के बाहर.
	Inside the triangle. त्रिभुज के अंदर.
	At one of the vertices of the triangle. त्रिभुज के किसी एक शीर्ष पर।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	A chord is drawn in a circle with a radius of 15 cm. If the distance of the chord from the center is 9 cm, what is the length of the chord? 15 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त में एक जीवा खींची गई है। यदि केंद्र से जीवा की दूरी 9 सेमी है, तो जीवा की लंबाई क्या है?

	12 cm 12 सेमी 15 cm 15 सेमी
	24 cm 24 सेमी
	30 cm 30 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A point P is outside a circle. The length of the tangent from P is 10 cm, and the distance from P to the center is √125 cm. What is the radius of the circle? एक बिंदु P एक वृत्त के बाहर है। P से स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई 10 सेमी है, और P से केंद्र की दूरी √125 सेमी है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	$5\,cm$ 5 सेमी
	$10\,cm$ 10 सेमी
	$\sqrt{5}\,cm$ $\sqrt{5}$ सेमी
	$\sqrt{15}\,cm$ $\sqrt{15}$ सेमी

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Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. The professor emphasized the _____ nature of literary interpretation.
	subjectif
	subgective
	subjective
	subjuctive

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77	Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article. In _____ absence of comprehensive data and _____ presence of conflicting anecdotal evidence, policy decisions often rest on precarious assumptions.
	an, a
	the, the
	an, the
	a, a

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **AWRY**
	Straight
	Correct
	Askew
	Proper

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Lugubrious**
	Joyous
	Mournful
	Gloomy
	Sorrowful

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Break one's duck**
	Abandon a hobby
	Spoil a good start
	Achieve a first success after previous failures
	Undergo bankruptcy

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Cut me dead**
	Ignored me deliberately
	Insulted me openly

	Misunderstood me accidentally
	Praised me sarcastically

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82
Q.No: 82	Which of these is the **correct spelling** of a critique of metaphysical assumptions?
	Phenomenalogical
	Phenomenological
	Phenomenollogical
	Phenomenenological

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83
Q.No: 83	Spot the **correct spelling** of verbose roundabout speech.
	Circumlocution
	Circumlaction
	Cirumlocution
	Circumlucution

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84
Q.No: 84	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'An inoffensive word used in place of a blunt one'.
	Allusion
	Euphemism
	Analogy
	Allegory

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85
Q.No: 85	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A short-lived or fleeting phenomenon.'
	Ephemeral
	Eternal
	Archetype
	Chronicle
Not Answered	

	Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Most of the feedbacks received from senior scholars (1)/ were overwhelmingly in favour (2)/ of increasing emphasis on interdisciplinary research (3)/ as opposed to segmented evaluation models. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** They will not have finalized the merger documents by midnight.
	The merger documents will not be finalized by them by midnight.
	The merger documents will not have been finalized by them by midnight.
	The merger documents have not been finalized by them by midnight.
	The merger documents would not have been finalized by them by midnight.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** He wore a **ring** with a family crest.
	The phone started to ring during the meeting.
	She showed him her engagement ring.
	A ring of fire surrounded the camp.
	They danced in a circle, forming a ring.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** No efforts were seen to have been made by the officials to resolve the crisis.
	It was seen that officials resolved the crisis.
	Officials were seen resolving the crisis effortfully.
	The officials seemed to have resolved the crisis.
	It was seen that the officials had made no efforts to resolve the crisis.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent. What does the author imply by the term "no longer appears quixotic"?
	Extremely expensive
	Completely fictional
	Unrealistic but now attainable
	Politically sensitive
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent. What is the key utility of water ice on the Moon as per the paragraph?
	Cooling lunar bases
	Creating breathable atmosphere
	Fuel and water generation
	Terraforming the Moon
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent.

Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a challenge for lunar habitation?

Lack of breathable air

High lunar taxes

Radiation exposure

Temperature extremes

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent.

Which space program is associated with setting up a lunar base camp?

Chang'e

Artemis

	Chandrayaan
	LunarX

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent. Why does the author mention the 1967 Outer Space Treaty?
	To highlight astronaut safety
	To promote global collaboration
	To explain legal complications
	To restrict Moon missions

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The officer ***ordered to the soldiers to march ahead***.
	ordered the soldiers for marching
	ordered the soldiers to march ahead
	gave order the soldiers to march
	ordered to soldiers to march

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** She noted that, had the literary trope not been overused, the metaphor might still have resonated with the audience.
	She said, "if the literary trope was not overused, the metaphor may still resonate with the audience."
	She said, "Had the literary trope not been overused, the metaphor might still have resonated with the audience."

	She said, "Had the literary trope not been overused, the metaphor must still resonate with the audience."
	She said, "If the literary trope had not been overused, the metaphor will still resonate with the audience."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** The teacher said to the students, "Work hard to pass the exam."
	The teacher said the students work hard.
	The teacher told the students to worked hard.
	The teacher advised the students to work hard to pass the exam.
	The teacher asked the students that they must work hard.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. This requires a strong understanding of both hardware and software, as well as an appreciation for human-centered design.2. Robotics is an interdisciplinary field of engineering and computer science that deals with the design, construction, and operation of robots.3. The ultimate goal is to create machines that can assist humans by automating tasks that are either repetitive, hazardous, or require a level of accuracy beyond human capability.4. The field is continuously evolving, driven by advancements in artificial intelligence and sensor technology.
	2, 3, 1, 4
	1, 3, 2, 4
	4, 1, 2, 3
	3, 1, 2, 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. The most prevalent of these is the peer review process, where a manuscript is evaluated by other experts in the same field. 2. The integrity of scientific publications is upheld by a series of rigorous checks and balances. 3. The goal of this process is to validate the methodology, findings, and conclusions of the research before it is made public. 4. This external scrutiny helps to ensure that only high-quality, credible research is disseminated to the scientific community.
	2, 1, 3, 4
	1, 2, 3, 4
	3, 4, 1, 2
	4, 3, 2, 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. The first step involves identifying suitable candidates. 2. The recruitment process is vital for any organization. 3. Subsequent steps include interviews and background checks. 4. The goal is to find the best fit for the company culture.
	2-3-1-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1
	2-1-3-4

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1	Using the reverse code (Z=1 to A=26), what is the sum of the reverse positions of the first and last letters of "KNOWLEDGE"? उल्टे कोड (Z=1 से A=26) का उपयोग करते हुए, "KNOWLEDGE" के पहले और अंतिम अक्षरों के उल्टे पदों का योग क्या है?
	25 25
	30 30
	38 38
	32 32

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Flat 404, Block-C,Rajeev Nagar, Patna,Bihar - 800024 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Flat 404, Block-C,Rajeev Nagar, Patna,Bihar - 800024
	Flat 404, Block-C, Rajeev Nagar, Patna, West Bengal - 800024 Flat 404, Block-C, Rajeev Nagar, Patna, West Bengal - 800024
	Flat 404, Block-C, Rajeev Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800024 Flat 404, Block-C, Rajeev Nagar, Patna, Bihar - 800024
	Flat 404, Block-C, Rajeev Nagar, Patna, Jharkhand - 800024 Flat 404, Block-C, Rajeev Nagar, Patna, Jharkhand - 800024
	Flat 404, Block-C, Rajeev Nagar, Patna, Uttar Pradesh - 800024 Flat 404, Block-C, Rajeev Nagar, Patna, Uttar Pradesh - 800024

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	The seminar in Siliguri was 3 days after Darjeeling,and Kalimpong hosted its seminar 1 day before Siliguri. If Darjeeling was on 2nd March, when was Kalimpong's seminar? सिलीगुड़ी में सेमिनार दार्जिलिंग से 3 दिन बाद था, और कलिम्पोंग में सेमिनार सिलीगुड़ी से 1 दिन पहले आयोजित किया गया था। अगर दार्जिलिंग 2 मार्च को था, तो कलिम्पोंग में सेमिनार कब था?
	3rd March 3 मार्च
	4th March 4 मार्च
	5th March 5 मार्च
	6th March 6 मार्च

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	If 2 * 3 = 8, 3 * 4 = 81, then 4 * 5 = ? अगर 2 * 3 = 8, 3 * 4 = 81, तो 4 * 5 = ?
	1024 1024
	1026 1026
	256 256
	2048 2048

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	Read the given statement and conclusions carefully. Decide which of the given conclusions is/are definitely true from the statement. Statement: P = Q ≥ S > T = R ≥ U > V Conclusion I: Q ≥ U Conclusion II: T = U

	दिए गए कथन और निष्कर्षों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें। निर्णय लें कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष कथन से निश्चित रूप से सत्य है/हैं। कथन: P = Q ≥ S > T = R ≥ U > V निष्कर्ष I: Q ≥ U निष्कर्ष II: T = U
	Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are True. निष्कर्ष I और निष्कर्ष II दोनों सत्य हैं।
	Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are False. निष्कर्ष I और निष्कर्ष II दोनों असत्य हैं।
	Only Conclusion I is True. केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है।
	Only Conclusion II is True. केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	P is the father of Q and R. How are Q and R related? P, Q और R का पिता है। Q और R किस प्रकार संबंधित हैं?
	Father पिता
	Grandmother दादी
	Siblings भाई-बहन
	Mother माँ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	Find the missing number: **17 : 4914 :: 19 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **17 : 4914 :: 19 : ?**
	6860 6860
	6861 6861
	6859 6859
	6875 6875

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All pens are books. Some books are novels. **Conclusions:** I. Some pens are novels. II. All novels are books.

	निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: सभी पेन किताबें हैं। कुछ किताबें उपन्यास हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ पेन उपन्यास हैं। II. सभी उपन्यास किताबें हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	If "CHINA" is written as "FKLQD", how will "JAPAN" be written? यदि "CHINA" को "FKLQD" लिखा जाता है, तो "JAPAN" को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	LDRCO LDRCO
	MDSDQ MDSDQ
	KCPBO KCPBO MDTDR MDTDR

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	Find the pair that does NOT follow the double-step pattern. Q2, R4, S6, T8, V12 वह जोड़ी ढूंढें जो दोहरे-चरण पैटर्न का पालन नहीं करती है। Q2, R4, S6, T8, V12
	Q2 Q2
	R4 R4
	S6 S6
	V12 V12

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	What comes next? B25, Y2, C24, X3, ?

	निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? B25, V2, C24, X3, ?
	V5 V5
	E22 E22
	D23 D23
	W4 W4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12	Which number breaks the pattern? 3, 6, 11, 20, 33, 70 कौन सी संख्या पैटर्न को तोड़ती है? 3, 6, 11, 20, 33, 70
	33 33
	70 70
	11 11
	20 20

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives दिए गए विकल्पों में से बेमेल विकल्प चुनिए
	Bhajan भजन
	Qawwali कव्वाली
	Ghazal ग़ज़ल
	Rangoli रंगोली

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	What should come at the place of question mark? : **4, 9, 19, 39, 79, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? : **4, 9, 19, 39, 79, ?**
	160 160
	159 159
	161 161

	163 163

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	A sum doubles in 5 years at simple interest. What is the annual rate? एक धनराशि साधारण ब्याज पर 5 वर्षों में दोगुनी हो जाती है। वार्षिक दर क्या है?
	10% 10%
	12% 12%
	15% 15%
	20% 20%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	If 9 @ 1 = 82 and 10 @ 1 = 101, what is 8 @ 2? यदि 9 @ 1 = 82 और 10 @ 1 = 101, तो 8 @ 2 क्या है?
	68 68
	84 84
	98 98
	88 88

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	What should come at the place of question mark? **3, 8, 15, 24, 35, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? **3, 8, 15, 24, 35, ?**
	48 48
	46 46
	47 47
	49 49

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	If @ = +, # = -, $ = ×, & = ÷; 8 $ 2 @ 6 # 3 = ? यदि @ = +, # = -, $ = ×, & = ÷, तो 8 $ 2 @ 6 # 3 का मान क्या है?
	19 19

	17 17 13 13
	14 14

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	Statements: Some pens are papers. All papers are books. Conclusions: I. Some pens are books. II. All books are pens. कथन: कुछ पेन कागज़ हैं। सभी कागज़ किताबें हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ पेन किताबें हैं। II. सभी किताबें पेन हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	A person spends 80% of his income and saves ₹2000. What is his income? एक व्यक्ति अपनी आय का 80% खर्च करता है और ₹2000 बचाता है। उसकी आय क्या है?
	₹8000 ₹8000
	₹9000 ₹9000
	₹10,000 ₹10,000
	₹7500 ₹7500

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	If 5 cats can catch 5 mice in 5 minutes, how many cats are needed to catch 100 mice in 100 min? यदि 5 बिल्लियाँ 5 मिनट में 5 चूहे पकड़ सकती हैं, तो 100 मिनट में 100 चूहे पकड़ने के लिए कितनी बिल्लियों की आवश्यकता होगी?
	5 5
	10 10
	100 100
	25 25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	If 'TIGER' is coded as '20-9-7-5-18', how will 'REGIT' be coded? यदि 'TIGER' को '20-9-7-5-18' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'REGIT' को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	15-4-4-16-12 15-4-4-16-12
	6-23-26-13-22 6-23-26-13-22
	18-5-7-9-20 18-5-7-9-20
	21-26-12-16-8 21-26-12-16-8

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	If MARKER is coded as NBSLFS, how is NBSLFS coded? यदि MARKER को NBSLFS के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो NBSLFS को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	OCTMGT OCTMGT
	OCSMGT OCSMGT
	OCTMGS OCTMGS
	OCTNGT OCTNGT

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	If HELMET is coded as IFMNFU, how is IFMNFU coded? यदि HELMET को IFMNFU लिखा जाता है, तो IFMNFU को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	JGNOGV JGNOGV
	JGNNGV JGNNGV
	JGNOGU JGNOGU
	JGMOHV JGMOHV

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	If in a code language, 'CAR' is written as 'FDW', then 'BAT' is written as? यहाँ पर "CAR" को "FDW" के रूप में लिखा गया है। आइए इसका तर्क समझते हैं और फिर "BAT" का कोड निकालते हैं
	EDY EDY
	GEX GEX
	FCX FCX
	FBY FBY

SSC ONLINE EXAMINATION

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Candidate Name	:	**NILESH JANGIR**
Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	In the Nagara temple, which element is the projecting central offset of the wall face? नागर मंदिर में, दीवार के मुख का केन्द्रीय भाग कौन सा तत्व है?
	Karna Sringa कर्ण शृंग
	Pratiratha प्रतिरथ
	Anuratha अनुराथा
	Bhadra भद्र

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	The Garia Carnival is conducted according to the guidance of which figure? गरिया कार्निवल किस व्यक्ति के मार्गदर्शन के अनुसार आयोजित किया जाता है?
	Ochai ओचाई
	Lama लामा
	Ojha ओझा
	Dolo डोलो
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:** **Assertion (A):** Gothic Revival buildings in colonial India often employed pointed arches and ribbed vaults. **Reason(R):** These elements were unknown in traditional European cathedrals. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के रूप में चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों को चिह्नित करें:** **अभिकथन (A):** औपनिवेशिक भारत में गॉथिक पुनरुद्धार इमारतों में अक्सर नुकीले मेहराब और धारीदार मेहराब का इस्तेमाल किया जाता था। **कारण (R):** ये तत्व पारंपरिक यूरोपीय गिरिजाघरों में अज्ञात थे। Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	What is the meaning of Samhita in the context of the Rigveda? ऋग्वेद के संदर्भ में संहिता का क्या अर्थ है?
	A commentary explaining each verse of the Rigveda ऋग्वेद के प्रत्येक श्लोक की व्याख्या करने वाली एक टिप्पणी
	A collection of hymns arranged in prose form गद्य रूप में व्यवस्थित भजनों का संग्रह
	A systematic compilation of hymns and mantras भजनों और मंत्रों का व्यवस्थित संकलन
	A ritual handbook for Vedic sacrifices वैदिक बलिदान के लिए एक अनुष्ठान पुस्तिका

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	Which of the following **fiscal terms** related to Gupta dynasty is **correctly** matched?

	गुप्त वंश से संबंधित निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा **राजकोषीय** शब्द **सही** सुमेलित है?
	Utkhetayita – temple priest उत्खेतयिता – मंदिर पुजारी
	Bhaga – judicial fee भाग– न्यायिक शुल्क
	Vaishthika – forced labour वैष्टिक– जबरन मजदूरी
	Dasaparadha – annual cattle tax दशपराध – वार्षिक पशु कर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	Regarding the initial office and organizational structure of Indian Amateur Boxing Federation(IABF): 1) The first office of IABF was established at 62, Majestic Hotel in Bombay. 2) Bombay formed the core of the IABF at its inception, with most office-bearers from the city. 3) The inaugural meeting of the Federation was held at the Governor's Pavilion of the Cricket Club of India. Which of these statements are **correct?** भारतीय एमेच्योर बॉक्सिंग फेडरेशन (IABF) के प्रारंभिक कार्यालय और संगठनात्मक संरचना के बारे में: 1) IABF का पहला कार्यालय बॉम्बे में 62, मैजेस्टिक होटल में स्थापित किया गया था। 2) बॉम्बे ने अपनी स्थापना के समय IABF का मूल गठन किया, जिसमें अधिकांश पदाधिकारी शहर से थे। 3) फेडरेशन की उद्घाटन बैठक क्रिकेट क्लब ऑफ इंडिया के गवर्नर पैवेलियन में आयोजित की गई थी। इनमें से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	Only 1 and 2 are Correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are Correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 are Correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं.
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	Whose administrative system later became the model for Emperor Akbar's consolidation of the Mughal Empire? किसकी प्रशासनिक प्रणाली बाद में सम्राट अकबर के लिए मुगल साम्राज्य को मजबूत करने का आदर्श बन गई?
	Babar बाबर
	Humayun हुमायूं
	Sher Shah Suri शेर शाह सूरी
	Jahangir जहांगीर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	Which education-related document, issued in 1854, laid the foundation for modern education in India?

	1854 में जारी कौन सा शिक्षा संबंधी दस्तावेज़ भारत में आधुनिक शिक्षा की नींव बना?
	Macaulay's Minute मैकाले का मिनट
	Hunter Commission हंटर आयोग
	Wood's Despatch वुड्स डिस्पैच
	Indian Education Act भारतीय शिक्षा अधिनियम

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	Who won a bronze medal in wrestling at the 2024 Paris Olympics, becoming India's youngest-ever individual Olympic medallist? 2024 पेरिस ओलंपिक में कुश्ती में कांस्य पदक जीतकर भारत के सबसे कम उम्र के व्यक्तिगत ओलंपिक पदक विजेता कौन बने?
	Ravi Kumar Dahiya रवि कुमार दहिया
	Bajrang Punia बजरंग पुनिया
	Aman Sehrawat अमन सहरावत
	Deepak Punia दीपक पुनिया

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	**Consider the following statements regarding NADA India's Education Plan objectives:** 1) It aims to promote values of sportsmanship and fair play within India's sports ecosystem. 2) It focuses on penalizing athletes caught doping rather than education. 3) It provides accurate and timely anti-doping information to all stakeholders. Which of the statements is/are **correct?** **नाडा इंडिया की शिक्षा योजना के उद्देश्यों के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:** 1) इसका उद्देश्य भारत के खेल पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र में खेल भावना और निष्पक्ष खेल के मूल्यों को बढ़ावा देना है। 2) यह शिक्षा के बजाय डोपिंग में पकड़े गए एथलीटों को दंडित करने पर ध्यान केंद्रित करता है। 3) यह सभी हितधारकों को सटीक और समय पर एंटी-डोपिंग जानकारी प्रदान करता है। कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 and 2 are Correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं.
	Only 2 and 3 are Correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं.
	Only 1 and 3 are Correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं.
	1, 2 and 3 are Correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं.
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	In which language was Heart Lamp originally written?

	हार्ट लैंप मूलतः किस भाषा में लिखा गया था?
	Tamil तमिल
	Kannada कन्नड़ा
	Hindi हिंदी
	Malayalam मलयालम
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	Consider the following statements about 'Negotiating Mughal Law' by Nandini Chatterjee: 1) The book explores legal pluralism and property rights through a landlord family's experience across Indian empires. 2) It is a literary biography focusing on Mughal emperors' personal lives and poetic patronage. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** नंदिनी चटर्जी द्वारा लिखित 'नेगोशिएटिंग मुगल लॉ' के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1) यह पुस्तक भारतीय साम्राज्यों में एक जमींदार परिवार के अनुभव के माध्यम से कानूनी बहुलवाद और संपत्ति के अधिकारों की पड़ताल करती है। 2) यह मुगल सम्राटों के व्यक्तिगत जीवन और काव्यात्मक संरक्षण पर केंद्रित एक साहित्यिक जीवनी है। उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं?
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both statements 1 and 2 are correct कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither statement 1 nor 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	What was the official mascot of the Khelo India Winter Games 2024? खेलो इंडिया शीतकालीन खेल 2024 का आधिकारिक शुभंकर क्या था?
	Bharati the Leopard भारती तेंदुआ
	Mauli मौली
	Veera the Bull वीरा द बुल
	Snow leopard 'Sheen-e Sho' (Shan) हिम तेंदुआ 'शीन-ए शॉ' (शान)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	Under which constitutional provision can the President of India assume legislative powers for a state? किस संवैधानिक प्रावधान के तहत भारत का राष्ट्रपति किसी राज्य के लिए विधायी शक्तियां ग्रहण कर सकता है?

	When Article 356 is invoked due to constitutional breakdown in the state जब राज्य में संवैधानिक संकट के कारण अनुच्छेद 356 लागू किया जाता है
	When the Lok Sabha is dissolved जब लोकसभा भंग हो जाती है
	On recommendation of the Prime Minister प्रधानमंत्री की सिफारिश पर
	When directed by the Supreme Court सर्वोच्च न्यायालय द्वारा निर्देशित होने पर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	What happens to the perceived frequency when both the source and the listener move with the same speed in the same direction? जब स्रोत और श्रोता दोनों एक ही दिशा में समान गति से चलते हैं तो अनुभव की गई आवृत्ति पर क्या प्रभाव पड़ता है?
	It increases यह बढ़ता है
	It decreases यह घटता है
	It remains unchanged यह अपरिवर्तित रहता है
	It fluctuates rapidly इसमें तेजी से उतार-चढ़ाव होता है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** A confession made to a police officer is inadmissible in court. **Reason (R):** Section 23 of Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam retains the principle of voluntariness in confession. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करके पढ़िए। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाइए: **अभिकथन (A):** पुलिस अधिकारी के समक्ष किया गया इकबालिया बयान अदालत में ग्राह्य नहीं होता। **कारण (R):** भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम की धारा 23 में इकबालिया बयान में स्वैच्छिकता के सिद्धांत को बरकरार रखा गया है।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, R is false. A सत्य है, R असत्य है।
	A is false, R is true. A गलत है, R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	Consider the statements about Kalbelia : 1. Female costumes are black swirling skirts richly mirror-embroidered. 2. It entered UNESCO Representative List in 2010. Which is/are **correct?**

	कालबेलिया के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. महिलाओं की वेशभूषा काले रंग की घुमावदार स्कर्ट होती है जिन पर दर्पण की कढ़ाई की जाती है। 2. इसे 2010 में यूनेस्को की प्रतिनिधि सूची में शामिल किया गया। कौन सा/से कथन **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 correct केवल 1 सही
	Only 2 correct केवल 2 सही
	Both 1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	Which country has consistently been ranked as the world's most peaceful country in the Global Peace Index? वैश्विक शांति सूचकांक में किस देश को लगातार दुनिया का सबसे शांतिपूर्ण देश माना गया है?
	New Zealand न्यूज़ीलैंड
	Denmark डेनमार्क
	Iceland आइसलैंड
	Switzerland स्विट्ज़रलैंड

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	**Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** Financial intermediaries are essential in transmitting monetary policy to the real economy. **Reason (R):** They adjust lending and deposit rates in response to policy rates set by the MPC. **नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्प चुनें:** **अभिकथन (A):** वित्तीय मध्यस्थ वास्तविक अर्थव्यवस्था में मौद्रिक नीति के संचरण में आवश्यक हैं। **कारण (R):** वे MPC द्वारा निर्धारित नीतिगत दरों के अनुसार उधार और जमा दरों को समायोजित करते हैं।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	Peer Ali Khan was a prominent figure in the 1857 Revolt who organized rebels and challenged British rule in which major city of Bihar? पीर अली खान 1857 के विद्रोह में एक प्रमुख व्यक्ति थे जिन्होंने विद्रोहियों को संगठित किया और बिहार के किस प्रमुख शहर में ब्रिटिश शासन को चुनौती दी?

	Gaya गया
	Patna पटना
	Bhagalpur भागलपुर
	Muzaffarpur मुजफ्फरपुर
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	What was the main objective of the Industrial Policy of 1956? 1956 की औद्योगिक नीति का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या था? Profit Maximization लाभ अधिकतमीकरण
	Growth with equity इक्विटी के साथ विकास
	Laissez-faire policy अहस्तक्षेप नीति Open market reforms खुले बाजार सुधार
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	**Read the following statements and mark the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** Potti Sriramulu fasted unto death for the formation of Andhra Pradesh. **Reason (R):** His death marked the beginning of linguistic state formation in India. **निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़िए और सही विकल्प पर निशान लगाइए:** **कथन (A):** पोट्टी श्रीरामुलु ने आंध्र प्रदेश के गठन के लिए आमरण अनशन किया। **कारण (R):** उनकी मृत्यु ने भारत में भाषाई राज्य निर्माण की शुरुआत को चिह्नित किया।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है। A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	Jayaprakash Narayan's concept of Total Revolution included which of the following components? 1. Social reforms to eradicate corruption 2. Political reforms to decentralize power 3. Armed struggle against the government 4. Economic reforms focusing on privatization Which of these are correct?

	जयप्रकाश नारायण की संपूर्ण क्रांति की अवधारणा में निम्नलिखित में से कौन-से घटक शामिल थे? 1. भ्रष्टाचार उन्मूलन हेतु सामाजिक सुधार 2. सत्ता का विकेंद्रीकरण हेतु राजनीतिक सुधार 3. सरकार के विरुद्ध सशस्त्र संघर्ष 4. निजीकरण पर केंद्रित आर्थिक सुधार इनमें से कौन-से **सही हैं?**
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 only केवल 2 और 3
	1, 3 and 4 only केवल 1, 3 और 4
	1,2,3 and 4 1,2,3 और 4
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	Which plan gave prominence to the Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956, emphasizing the 'commanding heights' doctrine? किस योजना ने 1956 के औद्योगिक नीति प्रस्ताव को प्रमुखता दी, जिसमें 'कमांडिंग हाइट्स' सिद्धांत पर जोर दिया गया?
	First Five Year Plan प्रथम पंचवर्षीय योजना
	Second Five Year Plan दूसरी पंचवर्षीय योजना
	Third Five Year Plan तीसरी पंचवर्षीय योजना
	Fourth Five Year Plan चौथी पंचवर्षीय योजना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	What is the role of WTO with respect to globalization? वैश्वीकरण के संबंध में विश्व व्यापार संगठन की भूमिका क्या है?
	Provide military support सैन्य सहायता प्रदान करें
	Monitor human rights violations मानवाधिकार उल्लंघनों की निगरानी करें
	Ensure fair trade rules among nations राष्ट्रों के बीच निष्पक्ष व्यापार नियम सुनिश्चित करना
	Control migration policies प्रवासन नीतियों को नियंत्रित करें
Not Answered	

SSC ONLINE EXAMINATION

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Candidate Name	:	**NILESH JANGIR**
Exam Level	:	**SSC CGL Tier 1**
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51	An electronics store orders 150 portable speakers at a cost of ₹400 each. The owner plans to price them so that selling only 120 speakers would guarantee a 40% profit on the total investment. However, a local event leads to the sale of 135 speakers. If the remaining speakers have no resale value, calculate the store's actual profit percentage on the total investment. एक इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स स्टोर ₹400 प्रति स्पीकर की कीमत पर 150 पोर्टेबल स्पीकर मंगवाता है। मालिक उनकी कीमत इस तरह तय करता है कि सिर्फ़ 120 स्पीकर बेचने पर उसे कुल निवेश पर 40% मुनाफ़ा मिल जाए। हालाँकि, एक स्थानीय आयोजन में 135 स्पीकर बिक जाते हैं। अगर बचे हुए स्पीकर का कोई पुनर्विक्रय मूल्य नहीं है, तो कुल निवेश पर स्टोर के वास्तविक लाभ प्रतिशत की गणना करें।
	52.2% 52.2%
	53.5% 53.5%
	62.8% 62.8%
	57.5% 57.5%
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52	The set of real numbers includes which of the following? वास्तविक संख्याओं के समूह में निम्नलिखित में से कौन शामिल है?
	Only Rational Numbers केवल परिमेय संख्याएँ
	Only Irrational Numbers केवल अपरिमेय संख्याएँ
	Both Rational and Irrational Numbers परिमेय और अपरिमेय दोनों संख्याएँ
	Only Whole Numbers केवल पूर्ण संख्याएँ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53	Dhanush crosses a road 100 metres wide in 50 seconds. His speed in km/hr is: धनुष 100 मीटर चौड़ी सड़क को 50 सेकंड में पार करता है। उसकी गति किमी/घंटे में है:
	9 km/h 9 किमी/घंटा
	8.5 km/h 8.5 किमी/घंटा
	8 km/h 8 किमी/घंटा
	7.2 km/h 7.2 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54	A sphere is inscribed inside a cube. The volume of the cube is 1728 cm^3. What is the total surface area of the sphere? एक गोले को एक घन के अंदर अंकित किया गया है। घन का आयतन 1728 $सेमी^3$ है। गोले का कुल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल कितना है?
	144π cm^2 144π $सेमी^2$
	254π cm^2 254π $सेमी^2$
	196π cm^2 196π $सेमी^2$
	298π cm^2 298π $सेमी^2$
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A large wooden box, open at the top, needs to be lined with fabric on its inner floor and inner four side walls. The inner dimensions of the box are 2.5 m length, 1.8 m wide, and 1.2 m high. If the fabric comes in square pieces of side 50 cm, and 15% extra fabric is needed for cuts and overlaps, how many approximate fabric pieces should be purchased?

	एक बड़े लकड़ी के बक्से, जो ऊपर से खुला है, के भीतरी फर्श और चारों दीवारों पर कपड़े की परत चढ़ाने की ज़रूरत है। बक्से के भीतरी आयाम 2.5 मीटर लंबाई, 1.8 मीटर चौड़ाई और 1.2 मीटर ऊँचाई के हैं। यदि कपड़ा 50 सेमी भुजा वाले वर्गाकार टुकड़ों में आता है, और काटने और ओवरलैप करने के लिए 15% अतिरिक्त कपड़े की आवश्यकता है, तो लगभग कितने कपड़े के टुकड़े खरीदने चाहिए? 59 59
	62 62
	69 69
	72 72
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	M and N start a business with Rs. 2,00,000 and Rs. 3,00,000 respectively. After 4 months, M adds Rs. 1,00,000 more, and N withdraws Rs. 50,000. At the end of 1 year, they make a profit of Rs. 1,80,000. What is N's share of profit? M और N क्रमशः ₹2,00,000 और ₹3,00,000 के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू करते हैं। 4 महीने बाद, M ₹1,00,000 और जोड़ता है, और N ₹50,000 निकाल लेता है। 1 वर्ष के अंत में, उन्हें ₹1,80,000 का लाभ होता है। लाभ में N का हिस्सा क्या है?
	Rs. 96,000 96,000 रुपये
	Rs. 90,000 90,000 रुपये
	Rs. 84,000 84,000 रुपये
	Rs. 88,000 88,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	A square of side 10 cm has a smaller square (of side 4 cm) removed from one side. What is the ratio of the remaining area to the original? 10 सेमी भुजा वाले एक वर्ग की एक भुजा से एक छोटा वर्ग (भुजा 4 सेमी) हटा दिया जाता है। शेष क्षेत्रफल का मूल क्षेत्रफल से अनुपात क्या है?
	22:26 22:26
	21:25 21:25
	23:31 23:31
	24:25 24:25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	A rectangular park is 60 m by 40 m. A semicircular pond of diameter 40 m is inside. What percent of the park's area does the pond occupy? एक आयताकार पार्क 60 मीटर x 40 मीटर का है। इसके अंदर 40 मीटर व्यास वाला एक अर्धवृत्ताकार तालाब है। यह तालाब पार्क के क्षेत्रफल का कितना प्रतिशत है?
	33.3% 33.3%

	26.18% 26.18%
	28.35% 28.35%
	31.42% 31.42%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	A regular hexagon has a perimeter of 72 cm. What is its area? एक समषट्भुज का परिमाप 72 सेमी है। इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	374.12 cm^2 374.12 सेमी^{2}
	449.76 cm^2 449.76 सेमी^{2}
	670.32 cm^2 670.32 सेमी^{2}
	748.15 cm^2 748.15 सेमी^{2}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	Out of her total monthly income, a woman spends 60% on household expenses and 15% on savings. The remaining is spent on other items. What percentage of her income is spent on these other items? एक महिला अपनी कुल मासिक आय का 60% घरेलू खर्चों पर और 15% बचत पर खर्च करती है। शेष राशि अन्य मदों पर खर्च होती है। उसकी आय का कितना प्रतिशत इन अन्य मदों पर खर्च होता है?
	35% 35%
	25% 25%
	20% 20%
	30% 30%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	A's salary is 40% more than B's. If B's salary increases by 20% and A's increases by x%, then A's new salary becomes 25% more than B's new salary. What is the value of x? A का वेतन B के वेतन से 40% अधिक है। अगर B का वेतन 20% बढ़ जाता है और A का वेतन x% बढ़ जाता है, तो A का नया वेतन B के नए वेतन से 25% अधिक हो जाता है। x का मान क्या है?
	2.5% 2.5%
	7.14% 7.14%
	10.63% 10.63%
	15.6% 15.6%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	The average of a certain number of quantities is 45. If 5 is added to each quantity, what will be the new average? कुछ निश्चित मात्राओं का औसत 45 है। अगर प्रत्येक मात्रा में 5 जोड़ दिया जाए, तो नया औसत क्या होगा?
	45 45
	50 50
	40 40
	55 55

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	A triangular prism has a base with area 45 cm^2 and height 14 cm. If 10% of the prism is hollowed out for wiring, what is the volume of the solid part? एक त्रिभुजाकार प्रिज्म का आधार क्षेत्रफल 45 वर्ग सेमी और ऊँचाई 14 सेमी है। यदि प्रिज्म का 10% भाग तारों के लिए खोखला कर दिया जाए, तो ठोस भाग का आयतन क्या है?
	567 cm^3 567 सेमी ^{3}
	594 cm^3 594 सेमी ^{3}
	576 cm^3 576 सेमी ^{3}
	630 cm^3 630 सेमी ^{3}
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	A group of 5 friends went to a restaurant. If 4 of them paid Rs. 200 each and the fifth paid Rs. x, the average bill per person came out to be Rs. 210. What is the value of x? पाँच दोस्तों का एक समूह एक रेस्टोरेंट में गया। अगर उनमें से चार ने 200-200 रुपये और पाँचवें ने x रुपये का भुगतान किया, तो प्रति व्यक्ति औसत बिल 210 रुपये आया। x का मान क्या है?
	Rs. 250 250 रुपये
	Rs. 270 270 रुपये
	Rs. 260 260 रुपये
	Rs. 280 280 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	A seller offers a 40% discount on an item whose cost price is Rs. 720. Despite the discount, the seller earns a profit of 20%. What must be the marked price? एक विक्रेता 720 रुपये की लागत वाली वस्तु पर 40% की छूट देता है। छूट के बावजूद, विक्रेता को 20% का लाभ होता है। अंकित मूल्य क्या होगा?

	Rs. 1,600 1,600 रुपये
	Rs. 1,240 1,240 रुपये
	Rs. 1,500 1,500 रुपये
	Rs. 1,440 1,440 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	If $\sin A = 0.6$, what is the value of $\tan A$? यदि $\sin A = 0.6$, $\tan A$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
	0.75 0.75
	0.8 0.8
	1.25 1.25
	2.56 2.56

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	If secA + tanA = p, then what is secA in terms of p? यदि secA + tanA = p, तो p के संदर्भ में secA क्या है?
	$\frac{p^2+1}{4p}$ $\frac{p^2+1}{4p}$
	$\frac{p^2+1}{3p}$ $\frac{p^2+1}{3p}$
	$\frac{p^2+1}{5p}$ $\frac{p^2+1}{5p}$
	$\frac{p^2+1}{9p}$ $\frac{p^2+1}{9p}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	A circular jogging track has a radius of 50 m. A runner covers a curved path that subtends an angle of 120° at the center. What is the length of the arc she runs? एक वृत्ताकार जॉगिंग ट्रैक की त्रिज्या 50 मीटर है। एक धावक एक वक्र पथ तय करता है जो केंद्र पर 120° का कोण बनाता है। वह जिस चाप पर दौड़ता है उसकी लंबाई क्या है?

	$\frac{100\pi}{3}$ m $\frac{100\pi}{3}$ m
	$\frac{150\pi}{3}$ m $\frac{150\pi}{3}$ m
	$\frac{200\pi}{3}$ m $\frac{200\pi}{3}$ m
	$\frac{200\pi}{3}$ m $\frac{200\pi}{3}$ m

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	Which of the following is true for all acute angles A? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सभी न्यून कोण A के लिए सत्य है?
	$\sin A = \sin(90° - A)$ $\sin A = \sin(90° - A)$
	$\sin A = \cos(90° - A)$ $\sin A = \cos(90° - A)$
	$\cos A = \tan(90° - A)$ $\cos A = \tan(90° - A)$
	$\cot A = \sin(90° - A)$ $\cot A = \sin(90° - A)$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	The compound interest on a certain sum for 3 years at 20% per annum is ₹864. Find the simple interest on the same sum at the same rate and period. किसी धनराशि पर 20% वार्षिक ब्याज दर से 3 वर्षों का चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज ₹864 है। उसी धनराशि पर समान दर और अवधि पर साधारण ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिए।
	₹612.54 ₹612.54
	₹618.79 ₹618.79
	₹712.09 ₹712.09
	₹512.45 ₹512.45

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	What is the minimum distance between centers of two circles having radii 5 cm and 3 cm such that exactly three common tangents exist? दो वृत्तों की त्रिज्याएँ क्रमशः 5 cm और 3 cm हैं। उन दोनों वृत्तों के केंद्रों के बीच न्यूनतम दूरी क्या होनी चाहिए ताकि उनके बीच ठीक तीन सामान्य स्पर्श रेखाएँ (common tangents) संभव हों?
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	2 cm

	2 सेमी
	5 cm 5 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	In a circle, angle subtended by chord AB at the center is $80°$. What is the measure of angle $\angle ACB$, where C lies on the circle? एक वृत्त में, जीवा AB द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण है $80°$. कोण $\angle ACB$ का माप क्या है, जहाँ C वृत्त पर स्थित है?
	$40°$ $40°$
	$45°$ $45°$
	$80°$ $80°$
	$60°$ $60°$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	In a circle with center O, two chords, AB and CD, cross each other at right angles. If the distance from the center O to chord AB is 3 cm, while the distance from O to chord CD is 4 cm. What is the radius of the circle? केंद्र O वाले एक वृत्त में, दो जीवाएँ AB और CD, एक-दूसरे को समकोण पर काटती हैं। यदि केंद्र O से जीवा AB की दूरी 3 सेमी है, जबकि O से जीवा CD की दूरी 4 सेमी है, तो वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	5 cm 5 सेमी
	7 cm 7 सेमी
	$\sqrt{5}$ cm $\sqrt{5}$सेमी
	$\sqrt{7}$ cm $\sqrt{7}$ सेमी
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	If the angle subtended by a chord at the center is$150°$, what is the angle subtended at a point on the circle in the same segment? यदि केंद्र पर एक जीवा द्वारा बनाया गया कोण $(150°)$ है, तो उसी वृत्तखंड में वृत्त पर एक बिंदु पर बनाया गया कोण क्या होगा?
	$75°$ $75°$
	$90°$ $90°$
	$135°$ $135°$
	$180°$ $180°$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A triangle ABC has a circle inscribed within it with sides a, b, c. The area of the triangle is A. What is the radius of the inscribed circle? एक त्रिभुज ABC के भीतर a, b, c भुजाओं वाला एक वृत्त बना हुआ है। त्रिभुज का क्षेत्रफल A है। इस वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	$\frac{A}{a+b+c}$ $\frac{A}{a+b+c}$
	$\frac{2A}{a+b+c}$ $\frac{2A}{a+b+c}$
	$\frac{a+b+c}{2A}$ $\frac{a+b+c}{2A}$
	$\frac{A}{2(a+b+c)}$ $\frac{A}{2(a+b+c)}$

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**23 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
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Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. The new theory was dismissed as _____ by the mainstream scientific community.
	preposterous
	preposterous
	preposturous
	preposterous

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **ASPERITY**
	Kindness
	Harshness
	Softness
	Delight

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Pernicious**
	Harmful
	Innocuous
	Virulent
	Noxious

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Know which way the wind blows**
	Determine compass directions
	Predict literal weather
	Sense how events or opinion are trending before acting
	Forget instructions

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80	Choose the **correct spelling** for a word meaning 'someone who doubts everything'.
	Skeptick
	Sceptic
	Skeptic
	Skeptik

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A mild expression used to replace a harsh or blunt one'.
	Hyperbole
	Eulogy
	Epithet
	Euphemism

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who always looks at the negative side of things.'

Optimist

Determinist

Pessimist

Realist

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83 **In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**

To speak of the political as an abstract structure is, perhaps, already to concede to the logic of the archive: that which preserves through containment, and **[1]** _____ through its very naming. The subject here is neither born nor made—but suspended, deferred in the machinic interplay of signifiers. One becomes governable only to the extent that one appears, and to appear is already to capitulate to the syntax of recognition. Power, then, does not suppress but surfaces—it emerges in the folds of citation, in the gentle violence of classification. The biometric gaze is not ocular but computational; not what it sees, but what it does not allow to vanish. Resistance, if it resists at all, cannot be found in opposition, but in **[2]** _____—in the refusal to be coherent, in the grammarless whisper. The body, meanwhile, becomes a ledger: inscribed, decoded, re-encoded. What justice can exist in such a system? Not that of law, but of rupture. A justice that unbinds, that refuses the terms of its own invocation. It is not reparation that is sought, but **[3]** _____—the unworking of systems, the destitution of legibility. To enter this mode is to abandon appeal, to relinquish the comfort of meaning. One must instead submit to the possibility of a justice that never arrives, that remains **[4]** _____, excessive and unlocatable. Only then can we imagine a politics not of representation, but of presence without capture, of subjectivity without scaffolding. What remains, finally, is not identity but **[5]** _____—a presence that eludes, that persists in the absence of affirmation.

What should come in the place of blank number **[1]**?

extinguishes

reifies

evacuates

dissimulates

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84 **In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**

To speak of the political as an abstract structure is, perhaps, already to concede to the logic of the archive: that which preserves through containment, and **[1]** _____ through its very naming. The subject here is neither born nor made—but suspended, deferred in the machinic interplay of signifiers. One becomes governable only to the extent that one appears, and to appear is already to capitulate to the syntax of recognition. Power, then, does not suppress but surfaces—it emerges in the folds of citation, in the gentle violence of classification. The biometric gaze is not ocular but computational; not what it sees, but what it does not allow to vanish. Resistance, if it resists at all, cannot be found in opposition, but in **[2]** _____—in the refusal to be coherent, in the grammarless whisper. The body, meanwhile, becomes a ledger: inscribed, decoded, re-encoded. What justice can exist in such a system? Not that of law, but of rupture. A justice that unbinds, that refuses the terms of its own invocation. It is not reparation that is sought, but **[3]** _____—the unworking of systems, the destitution of legibility. To enter this mode is to abandon appeal, to relinquish the comfort of meaning. One must instead submit to the possibility of a justice that never arrives, that remains **[4]** _____, excessive and unlocatable. Only then can we imagine a politics not of representation, but of presence without capture, of subjectivity without scaffolding. What remains, finally, is not identity but **[5]** _____—a presence that eludes, that persists in the absence of affirmation.

What should come in the place of blank number **[2]**?

	conditionality
	aesthetic refusal algorithmic agency
	asymbolic opacity
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85 **In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**

To speak of the political as an abstract structure is, perhaps, already to concede to the logic of the archive: that which preserves through containment, and **[1]** _____ through its very naming. The subject here is neither born nor made—but suspended, deferred in the machinic interplay of signifiers. One becomes governable only to the extent that one appears, and to appear is already to capitulate to the syntax of recognition. Power, then, does not suppress but surfaces—it emerges in the folds of citation, in the gentle violence of classification. The biometric gaze is not ocular but computational; not what it sees, but what it does not allow to vanish. Resistance, if it resists at all, cannot be found in opposition, but in **[2]** _____—in the refusal to be coherent, in the grammarless whisper. The body, meanwhile, becomes a ledger: inscribed, decoded, re-encoded. What justice can exist in such a system? Not that of law, but of rupture. A justice that unbinds, that refuses the terms of its own invocation. It is not reparation that is sought, but **[3]** _____—the unworking of systems, the destitution of legibility. To enter this mode is to abandon appeal, to relinquish the comfort of meaning. One must instead submit to the possibility of a justice that never arrives, that remains **[4]** _____, excessive and unlocatable. Only then can we imagine a politics not of representation, but of presence without capture, of subjectivity without scaffolding. What remains, finally, is not identity but **[5]** _____—a presence that eludes, that persists in the absence of affirmation.

What should come in the place of blank number **[3]**?

	abolition restitution
	destitution reconciliation
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86 **In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**

To speak of the political as an abstract structure is, perhaps, already to concede to the logic of the archive: that which preserves through containment, and **[1]** _____ through its very naming. The subject here is neither born nor made—but suspended, deferred in the machinic interplay of signifiers. One becomes governable only to the extent that one appears, and to appear is already to capitulate to the syntax of recognition. Power, then, does not suppress but surfaces—it emerges in the folds of citation, in the gentle violence of classification. The biometric gaze is not ocular but computational; not what it sees, but what it does not allow to vanish. Resistance, if it resists at all, cannot be found in opposition, but in **[2]** _____—in the refusal to be coherent, in the grammarless whisper. The body, meanwhile, becomes a ledger: inscribed, decoded, re-encoded. What justice can exist in such a system? Not that of law, but of rupture. A justice that unbinds, that refuses the terms of its own invocation. It is not reparation that is sought, but **[3]** _____—the unworking of systems, the destitution of legibility. To enter this mode is to abandon appeal, to relinquish the comfort of meaning. One must instead submit to the possibility of a justice that never arrives, that remains **[4]** _____, excessive and unlocatable. Only then can we imagine a politics not of representation, but of presence without capture, of subjectivity without scaffolding. What remains, finally, is not identity but **[5]** _____—a presence that eludes, that persists in the absence of affirmation.

What should come in the place of blank number **[4]**?

	imminent
	incalculable

	deferred
	restitutive
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** To speak of the political as an abstract structure is, perhaps, already to concede to the logic of the archive: that which preserves through containment, and **[1]** _____ through its very naming. The subject here is neither born nor made—but suspended, deferred in the machinic interplay of signifiers. One becomes governable only to the extent that one appears, and to appear is already to capitulate to the syntax of recognition. Power, then, does not suppress but surfaces—it emerges in the folds of citation, in the gentle violence of classification. The biometric gaze is not ocular but computational; not what it sees, but what it does not allow to vanish. Resistance, if it resists at all, cannot be found in opposition, but in **[2]** _____—in the refusal to be coherent, in the grammarless whisper. The body, meanwhile, becomes a ledger: inscribed, decoded, re-encoded. What justice can exist in such a system? Not that of law, but of rupture. A justice that unbinds, that refuses the terms of its own invocation. It is not reparation that is sought, but **[3]** _____—the unworking of systems, the destitution of legibility. To enter this mode is to abandon appeal, to relinquish the comfort of meaning. One must instead submit to the possibility of a justice that never arrives, that remains **[4]** _____, excessive and unlocatable. Only then can we imagine a politics not of representation, but of presence without capture, of subjectivity without scaffolding. What remains, finally, is not identity but **[5]** _____—a presence that eludes, that persists in the absence of affirmation. What should come in the place of blank number **[5]**?
	fugitive form
	spectral coherence
	passive unity
	ontic recurrence
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	**Fill in the blank with the correct verb form:** Scarcely had the CEO concluded her speech when the shareholders ____ to their feet.
	rose
	had risen
	had rose
	were risen

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	**Select the correct option:** By the time the audit concludes, the firm ___ its compliance report.
	files
	will file
	will have filed
	had filed

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** No sooner the results were announced (1)/ than the shareholders (2)/ started questioning the management's (3)/ strategic decisions. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The extent to which the minister's statement came under criticism (1)/ reflects not merely public dissatisfaction (2)/ but also that the media has (3)/ increasingly begun scrutinising political rhetoric. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** They should be auditing the subsidiary accounts this quarter.
	The subsidiary accounts should have been audited by them this quarter.
	The subsidiary accounts are being audited by them this quarter.
	The subsidiary accounts should be being audited by them this quarter.
	The subsidiary accounts should be audited by them this quarter.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The monk rested near the cloister's **ambulatory**.
	The architect designed the ambulatory around the apse.
	The hospital's ambulatory was upgraded with oxygen ports.
	The tourist strolled the ambulatory of the cathedral.
	The relics were displayed along the gothic ambulatory.

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The agreement was found to have been violated despite multiple warnings.
	It was found that someone violated the agreement.
	Authorities found that the agreement was being violated.
	Authorities found the agreement had been violated.
	It had been found that the agreement was violated.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He ***is sleeping when I called*** him.
	has been sleeping
	was sleeping when I called
	is slept
	has slept

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: He is one of those students who ***has never cheated***.
	have never been cheating
	have never cheated had never cheated
	have ever cheated

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** He mentioned that his team would start the project next week.
	He mentioned, "My team will start the project next week." He mentioned, "My team is starting the project next week."
	He mentioned, "My team would be starting the project next week."
	He said, "The project shall be started next week."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "I was reading a novel at that time."
	She said she had been reading a novel at that time.
	She said she read a novel at that time.
	She said she had read a novel at that time. She said she was reading a novel then.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. The shift to renewable energy sources is essential for the future of our planet. 2. Solar and wind energy are among the most promising alternatives to fossil fuels. 3. Governments must invest in renewable energy infrastructure. 4. Energy storage solutions are critical to ensuring a stable energy supply.
	1-2-4-3
	2-3-1-4
	4-1-3-2
	3-1-2-4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. Therefore, fostering creativity is vital for innovation. 2. Creativity is often misunderstood as an innate talent. 3. However, it is a skill that can be developed and nurtured. 4. It involves imagination, critical thinking, and problem-solving.
	2-1-3-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1
	2-3-4-1

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name		

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

House No. 87, Sector 9,Chandigarh - 160009

यह पता चुने जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो।

House No. 87, Sector 9,Chandigarh - 160009

House No. 87, Sector 9, Punjab - 160009

House No. 87, Sector 9, Punjab - 160009

House No. 87, Sector 9, Chandigarh - 160009

House No. 87, Sector 9, Chandigarh - 160009

House No. 87, Sector 9, Haryana - 160009

House No. 87, Sector 9, Haryana - 160009

House No. 87, Sector 9, Delhi - 160009

House No. 87, Sector 9, Delhi - 160009

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2 The seminar in Ranchi happened 3 days before Patna. The seminar in Bhubaneswar happened 2 days after Patna. If Nandini's seminar was on 11th August, when was Bhubaneswar's?

रांची में सेमिनार पटना से 3 दिन पहले हुआ था। भुवनेश्वर में सेमिनार पटना के 2 दिन बाद हुआ।
अगर रांची का सेमिनार 11th अगस्त को था, तो भुवनेश्वर का सेमिनार कब था?

12th August

12th अगस्त

14th August

14th अगस्त

15th August

15th अगस्त

16th August

16th अगस्त

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3 What should come in place of the question mark '?' in the following number series?

61, 60, 63, 58, 65, ?

निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिन्ह '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

61, 60, 63, 58, 65, ?

60

60

56

56

62

62

54

54

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4 Find the WRONG term in the given series.

12, 34, 100, 298, 894, 2674

दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत पद ज्ञात कीजिए।

12, 34, 100, 298, 894, 2674

298

298

894

894

34

34

100

100

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5 A number is increased by 20% and then decreased by 20%. What is the net change in the number?

एक संख्या में 20% की वृद्धि की जाती है और फिर 20% की कमी की जाती है। संख्या में कुल परिवर्तन क्या है?

4% increase

4% की वृद्धि

4% decrease

	4% की कमी
	No change कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होना है
	1% decrease 1% की कमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	If 7 → 50, 8 → 65, then 9 → ? अगर 7 → 50, 8 → 65, तो 9 → ?
	80 80
	81 81
	82 82
	83 83

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	Replace special characters with mathematical signs as given in options to make it meaningful equation. 8 & 2 $ 3 = 14 इसे सार्थक समीकरण बनाने के लिए विकल्पों में दिए गए गणितीय चिह्नों से विशेष वर्णों को प्रतिस्थापित करें। 8 & 2 $ 3 = 14
	×, + ×, +
	+, × +, ×
	−, × −, × +, + +, +

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	Select the one that is different. उसको चुनें जो अलग हो। Motherboard मदरबोर्ड
	RAM रैम
	Operating System ऑपरेटिंग सिस्टम
	Monitor मॉनिटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	Find the ODD one out from the given options. (Note: Operations should be performed on the whole numbers, without breaking down the numbers into their constituent digits. E.g. 13 - operation on 13 such as adding/subtracting/multiplying etc. to 13 can be performed, breaking down 13 into 1 and 3 and then performing mathematical operations on 1 and 3 is not allowed.) दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए। (नोट: पूर्ण संख्याओं पर संक्रियाएँ की जानी चाहिए, संख्याओं को उनके घटक अंकों में तोड़े बिना। उदाहरणार्थ, 13 - 13 पर संक्रियाएँ जैसे 13 में जोड़ना/घटाना/गुणा करना आदि किया जा सकता है। 13 को 1 और 3 में तोड़कर फिर 1 और 3 पर गणितीय संक्रियाएँ करने की अनुमति नहीं है।)
	289 289
	324 324
	204 204
	255 255

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	In a certain code language, 'trick on him twice' is coded as 'wl, dl, kl, sl', 'him slow twice' is coded as 'kl, jl, sl', 'case on him' is coded as 'pl, dl, kl'. How will 'on slow trick' be coded in the same language? एक निश्चित कोड भाषा में, 'trick on him twice' को 'wl, dl, kl, sl' के रूप में कोड किया जाता है, 'him slow twice' को 'kl, jl, sl' के रूप में कोड किया जाता है, और 'case on him' को 'pl, dl, kl' के रूप में कोड किया जाता है। उसी भाषा में 'on slow trick' को किस प्रकार कोड किया जाएगा? dl, kl, wl dl, kl, wl
	dl, jl, wl dl, jl, wl
	pl, jl, wl pl, jl, wl
	dl, sl, wl dl, sl, wl

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	A sum of money becomes Rs. 6720 after 2 years and Rs. 7392 after 3 years at compound interest. What is the rate of interest per annum? एक धनराशि चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर 2 वर्ष बाद 6720 रुपये और 3 वर्ष बाद 7392 रुपये हो जाती है। प्रति वर्ष ब्याज दर क्या है?
	8% 8%
	10% 10%
	12% 12%
	15% 15%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12	Find the missing number: 34 : 25 :: 53 : ? लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: 34 : 25 :: 53 : ?
	32 32
	34 34
	36 36
	42 42

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
No tables are chairs. All chairs are wooden.

Conclusions:
I. Some wooden things are not tables.
II. No tables are wooden.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:
कोई भी मेज कुर्सी नहीं है। सभी कुर्सियाँ लकड़ी की हैं।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कुछ लकड़ी की वस्तुएँ मेज नहीं हैं।
II. कोई भी मेज लकड़ी की नहीं है।

- Only I follows
  केवल I अनुसरण करता है
- Only II follows
  केवल II अनुसरण करता है
- Both I and II follow
  I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
- Neither I nor II follows
  न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
All men are intelligent. No intelligent person is poor. Some poor are hardworking.

Conclusions:
I. Some men are hardworking.
II. No man is poor.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:
सभी पुरुष बुद्धिमान हैं। कोई भी बुद्धिमान व्यक्ति गरीब नहीं है। कुछ गरीब मेहनती हैं।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कुछ पुरुष मेहनती हैं।
II. कोई भी व्यक्ति गरीब नहीं है।

- Only I follows
  केवल I अनुसरण करता है
- Only II follows
  केवल II अनुसरण करता है
- Both I and II follow
  I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
- Neither I nor II follows
  न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15 From the given alternatives, find the word which can be formed from the letters used in the given word.

ACCUSATION

- Acuse
  Acuse
- Curse
  Curse
- Cure
  Cure
- Caution
  Caution

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16 What comes next in the series?
Z, W, T, Q, ?

निम्नलिखित शृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
Z, W, T, Q, ?

- M
  M
- N
  N
- O
  O
- P
  P

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17 What is the next number in the series?
10, 30, 90, ___

निम्नलिखित शृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
10, 30, 90, ___

- 180
  180
- 200
  200
- 270
  270
- 300
  300

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18 If "MOON" is written as "OOPK", how will "BARU" be written?

यदि "MOON" को "OOPK" लिखा जाता है, तो "BARU" को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?

- DCQW
  DCQW
- CRRJ
  CRRJ
- DCRJ
  DCRJ
- DCRW
  DCRW

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19 Complete the series.
1, 27, 125, ?

निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें।
1, 27, 125, ?

216
216
343
343
512
512
729
729

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20 What comes next?
AJ, BL, CN, ?

निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
AJ, BL, CN, ?

FS
FS
GT
GT
ER
ER
DP
DP

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21 If A:B = 2:3 and B:C = 4:5, find A:C.

यदि A:B = 2:3 और B:C = 4:5, तो A:C ज्ञात कीजिए।

8:15
8:15
2:5
2:5
4:7
4:7
8:25
8:25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22 If COMPUTER is coded as DPNQVUFS, how is LAPTOP coded in the same code?

यदि COMPUTER को DPNQVUFS के रूप में कोडित किया गया है, तो LAPTOP को उसी कोड में कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?

MBQQPQ
MBQQPQ
MBQQQR
MBQQQR
MAPPPQ
MAPPPQ
MBQUPQ
MBQUPQ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23 Rs. 640 shared among 8 people. 2 back out. What's new share per person?

640 रुपये 8 लोगों में बाँटे गए। 2 लोग पीछे हट गए। प्रति व्यक्ति नया हिस्सा क्या है?

Rs. 106.67
रुपये 106.67
Rs. 237.89
रुपये 237.89
Rs. 85
रुपये 85
Rs. 100
रुपये 100

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24 2, 3, 5, 8, 12, 17, ?
2, 3, 5, 8, 12, 17, ?

22
22
23
23
24
24
25
25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25 7, 14, 28, 35, 70, ?
7, 14, 28, 35, 70, ?

77
77
80
80
85
85
90
90

SSC ONLINE EXAMINATION

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26 What distinguishes ISRO's Aditya-L1 mission from other solar observatories?

इसरो का आदित्य-एल1 मिशन अन्य सौर वेधशालाओं से किस प्रकार अलग है?

It uses radar waves to study the Sun

यह सूर्य का अध्ययन करने के लिए रडार तरंगों का उपयोग करता है

It orbits the Sun directly

यह सूर्य की सीधी परिक्रमा करता है

It will study the solar corona from Lagrange Point 1

यह लैग्रेंज बिंदु 1 से सौर कोरोना का अध्ययन करेगा है

It is placed in a lunar orbit

इसे चन्द्रमा की कक्षा में स्थापित किया गया है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27 The primary focus of the Quad is in which region?

क्वाड का प्राथमिक फोकस किस क्षेत्र पर है?

Europe

यूरोप

Africa

अफ्रीका

Indo-Pacific

भारत-प्रशांत

South America

दक्षिण अमेरिका

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28 The "Pradhan Mantri Kisan Urja Suraksha evam Utthan Mahabhiyan (PM-KUSUM)" scheme has a focus on the energy sector within agriculture. What is the primary objective of this scheme?

"प्रधानमंत्री किसान ऊर्जा सुरक्षा एवं उत्थान महाभियान (पीएम-कुसुम)" योजना का मुख्य फोकस कृषि के भीतर ऊर्जा क्षेत्र पर ध्यान केंद्रित करना है। इस योजना का प्राथमिक उद्देश्य क्या है?

To provide free electricity to all agricultural consumers.

सभी कृषि उपभोक्ताओं को मुफ्त बिजली उपलब्ध कराना।

To promote the use of chemical fertilizers and pesticides for higher yields.

अधिक उत्पादन के लिए रासायनिक उर्वरकों और कीटनाशकों के उपयोग को बढ़ावा देना।

To encourage the installation of solar pumps and grid-connected solar power plants in rural areas.

ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में सौर पंपों और ग्रिड से जुड़े सौर ऊर्जा संयंत्रों की स्थापना को प्रोत्साहित करना।

To improve the rural electricity grid infrastructure for better power supply.

बेहतर बिजली आपूर्ति के लिए ग्रामीण विद्युत ग्रिड अवसंरचना में सुधार करना।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29 The rock-cut Kailasa temple at Ellora was carved out of how many rocks?

एलोरा में चट्टानों को काटकर बनाया गया कैलासा मंदिर कितनी चट्टानों को काटकर बनाया गया था?

One single rock

एक अकेली चट्टान

Comment: Blocks

कमेंट: ब्लॉक्स

Three adjoining rocks

तीन सन्निकटवर्ती चट्टानें

A cluster of stones

पत्थरों का समूह

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30 Which Nigerian author received the 2021 PEN Pinter Prize for their "unflinching" exploration of identity, gender, and migration?

किस नाइजीरियाई लेखक को पहचान, लिंग और प्रवासन की "अडिग" खोज के लिए 2021 पेन पिंटर पुरस्कार मिला?

Teju Cole

तेजू कोल

Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie

चिमामांडा नगोजी अदिची

Ben Okri

बेन ओकरी

Tsitsi Dangarembga

त्सित्सी डांगारेम्बगा

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31 Which sport is the term "Jugbearing" associated with?

"जुगबेयरिंग" शब्द किस खेल से संबंधित है?

Kabaddi

कनाडी

Chess

शतरंज

Shooting

शूटिंग

Table Tennis

टेबल टेनिस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32 The Government of India Act of 1935 primarily aimed to:

भारत सरकार अधिनियम 1935 का मुख्य उद्देश्य था:

Grant complete independence to India.

भारत को पूर्ण स्वतंत्रता प्रदान करना।

Establish a Dominion status for India.

भारत के लिए एक डोमिनियन दर्जा स्थापित करना।

Provide for a federal structure with provincial autonomy.

प्रांतीय स्वायत्तता के साथ संघीय ढांचे का प्रावधान करना।

Introduce universal adult suffrage.

सार्वभौमिक वयस्क मताधिकार लागू करना।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33 Which of the following is a cybercrime related to identity theft under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा भारतीय न्याय संहिता, 2023 के तहत पहचान की चोरी से संबंधित साइबर अपराध है?

Using public Wi-Fi to access online accounts

ऑनलाइन खातों तक पहुंचने के लिए सार्वजनिक वाई-फाई का उपयोग करना

Stealing personal details to create fake identities and commit fraud

फर्जी पहचान बनाने और धोखाधड़ी करने के लिए व्यक्तिगत विवरण चुराना

Downloading free music from unofficial websites

अनधिकृत वेबसाइटों से मुफ्त संगीत डाउनलोड करना

Posting harmless pictures on a social media profile

सोशल मीडिया प्रोफाइल पर हानिरहित तस्वीरें पोस्ट करना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34 Who is the 20th governor of Uttar Pradesh since 2019?

2019 से उत्तर प्रदेश के 20वें राज्यपाल कौन हैं?

Anandiben Patel

आनंदीबेन पटेल

Satya Pal Malik

सत्य पाल मलिक

Ram Naresh Yadav

राम नरेश यादव

Rajendra Vishwanath Arlekar

राजेंद्र विश्वनाथ अर्लेकर

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35 Which among the following is NOT a Vedanga, or the limbs of the Veda?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन वेदांग या वेद का अंग नहीं है?

Kalpa

कल्प

Vaisheshika

वैशेषिक

Vyakarana

व्याकरण

Jyotisha

ज्योतिष

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36 Which of the given statements is/are CORRECT regarding solar power production?

1. Solar power is a renewable energy source with low operational costs and minimal environmental impact.

2. Kamuthi Solar Power Project is one of the largest single-location solar power plants in India, with a capacity of 648 MW.

सौर ऊर्जा उत्पादन के संबंध में दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?

1. सौर ऊर्जा एक नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा स्रोत है जिसकी परिचालन लागत कम है और पर्यावरण पर इसका न्यूनतम प्रभाव पड़ता है।

2. कमुथी सौर ऊर्जा परियोजना भारत में सबसे बड़े एकल-स्थान सौर ऊर्जा संयंत्रों में से एक है, जिसकी क्षमता 648 मेगावाट है।

Both 1 and 2

1 और 2 दोनों

1 only

केवल 1

2 only

केवल 2

Neither 1 nor 2

न तो 1, न ही 2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37 Consider the following about population growth in India:

Statement-I: The population pyramid in India is broad at the base and top and narrow in the middle.

Statement-II: India has a large proportion of young population due to high birth rates and declining death rates.

Which one of the following is CORRECT in respect of the above statements?

भारत में जनसंख्या वृद्धि के बारे में निम्नलिखित पर विचार करें:

कथन-I: भारत में जनसंख्या पिरामिड आधार और शीर्ष पर चौड़ा है तथा बीच में संकीर्ण है।

कथन-II: भारत में उच्च जन्म दर और घटती मृत्यु दर के कारण युवा जनसंख्या का अनुपात ज्यादा है।

उपर्युक्त कथनों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?

Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I

कथन-I और कथन-II दोनों सही हैं और कथन-I, कथन-I का सही स्पष्टीकरण है

Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I

कथन-I और कथन-II दोनों सही हैं और कथन-I, कथन-I का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है

Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect

कथन-I सही है लेकिन कथन-II गलत है

Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

कथन-I गलत है लेकिन कथन-II सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38 Which of the following is not a type of raga-based performance?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा राग-आधारित प्रदर्शन का प्रकार नहीं है?

Thumri

ठुमरी

Dhrupad

ध्रुपद

Prabandha

प्रबंध

Sanata

घोषणा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39 Which of the following statements most accurately describes a key difference between the Mathura and Gandhara schools of art, as broadly understood in Indian architectural history?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारतीय स्थापत्य कला के इतिहास में व्यापक रूप से समझे जाने वाले मथुरा और गांधार कला शैलियों के बीच मुख्य अंतर का सबसे सटीक वर्णन करता है?

Mathura art primarily used green phyllite, while Gandhara art used spotted red sandstone.

मथुरा कला में मुख्यतः हरे पत्थरलाइट का प्रयोग किया गया, जबकि गांधार कला में धब्बेदार लाल बलुआ पत्थर का प्रयोग किया गया।

Gandhara art developed on purely indigenous lines, whereas Mathura art showed foreign influences

गांधार कला पूरी तरह से स्वदेशी आधार पर विकसित हुई, जबकि मथुरा कला पर विदेशी प्रभाव दिखाई दिया

Mathura art predominantly focused on Buddhist themes, while Gandhara focused on Hindu deities

मथुरा कला मुख्य रूप से बौद्ध विषयों पर केंद्रित थी, जबकि गांधार कला हिंदू देवताओं पर केंद्रित थी

Mathura art depicted Buddha in an indigenous Yaksha-like style, whereas Gandhara art reflected Hellenistic (Greco-Roman) features.

मथुरा कला में बुद्ध को स्वदेशी यक्ष-जैसी शैली में दर्शाया गया है, जबकि गांधार कला में हेलेनिस्टिक (ग्रीको-रोमन) विशेषताएं प्रतिबिंबित होती हैं।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40 Which of the following statements about India's National and Institutional Sports Competitions is/are **correct**?
1) National Games began in 1924 at Lahore and were renamed from the IX Games in Bombay.
2) SGFI holds nationals only for boys under 17 in contact sports like Wrestling and Kabaddi.
3) Inter-University tournaments use knockout or league formats and allow one team per university.

भारत की राष्ट्रीय और संस्थागत खेल प्रतियोगिताओं के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं?
1) राष्ट्रीय खेल 1924 में लाहौर में शुरू हुए और बॉम्बे में 9वें खेलों से इनका नाम बदल दिया गया।
2) एसजीएफआई कुश्ती और कबड्डी जैसे संपर्क खेलों में केवल 17 वर्ष से कम आयु के लड़कों के लिए राष्ट्रीय प्रतियोगिता आयोजित करता है।
3) अंतर-विश्वविद्यालय टूर्नामेंट नॉकआउट या लीग प्रारूप का उपयोग करते हैं और प्रति विश्वविद्यालय एक टीम की अनुमति देते हैं।

Only 1 and 2 are Correct

केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं

Only 1 and 3 are Correct

केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं।

Only 2 and 3 are correct

केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं।

1, 2 and 3 are Correct

1, 2 और 3 सही हैं.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41 Which of the following works was composed by the Vijayanagara ruler Krishnadevaraya and is renowned for its poetic richness and devotion to Lord Vishnu?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी रचना विजयनगर के शासक कृष्णदेवराय द्वारा रचित थी और जो अपनी काव्य समृद्धि और भगवान विष्णु की भक्ति के लिए प्रसिद्ध है?

Ramacharitam

रामचरितम्

Amuktamalyada

अमुक्तमाल्यदा

Gita Govinda

गीत गोविंद

Manimekalai

मणिमेकलै

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42 **Fill in the Blank:**
The final match of the 133rd Durand Cup, held between 26 July and 31 August 2024, featured Northeast United FC competing against _____.

रिक्त स्थान भरें:
26 जुलाई से 31 अगस्त 2024 के बीच आयोजित 133वें डूरंड कप के फाइनल मैच में नॉर्थईस्ट यूनाइटेड एफसी का मुकाबला _____ से हुआ।

Bengaluru FC

बेंगलुरु एफसी

East Bengal FC

ईस्ट बंगाल एफसी

Mohun Bagan SG

मोहन बागान एफसी

FC Goa

एफसी गोवा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43 The color order in a secondary rainbow is:

द्वितीयक इंद्रधनुष में रंग क्रम है:

Same as primary rainbow

प्राथमिक इंद्रधनुष के समान

Reversed compared to primary rainbow

प्राथमिक इंद्रधनुष की तुलना में उलटा

Random and variable

यादृच्छिक और परिवर्तनशील

Depends on humidity

आर्द्रता पर निर्भर करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44 **Fill in the Blank:**
Thoda combines martial art with _____ in Himachal Pradesh.

रिक्त स्थान भरें:
थोडा हिमाचल प्रदेश में मार्शल आर्ट को _____ के साथ जोड़ता है।

Archery

तीरंदाजी

Swordplay

तलवार का खेल

Stick-fighting

लाठी-लड़ाई

Wrestling

कुश्ती

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45 The Index of Economic Freedom 2025 is published by which conservative think tank?

आर्थिक स्वतंत्रता सूचकांक 2025 किस रूढ़िवादी थिंक टैंक द्वारा प्रकाशित किया जाता है?

Cato Institute

केटो संस्थान

Heritage Foundation

हेरिटेज फाउंडेशन

American Enterprise Institute

अमेरिकन एंटरप्राइज इंस्टीट्यूट

Brookings Institution

ब्रुकिंग्स इंस्टीट्यूशन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46 Which of the following statements about output markets in an open economy is **correct**?

खुली अर्थव्यवस्था में आउटपुट बाजारों के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?

A country can only produce what it consumes

एक देश केवल उतना ही उत्पादन कर सकता है जितना वह उपभोग करता है

Consumers are restricted to domestically produced goods

उपभोक्ताओं को घरेलू स्तर पर उत्पादित वस्तुओं तक ही सीमित रखा गया है

Trade in goods and services allows wider consumer and producer choice

वस्तुओं और सेवाओं का व्यापार उपभोक्ताओं और उत्पादकों को व्यापक विकल्प प्रदान करता है

Only producers benefit from international trade

अंतर्राष्ट्रीय व्यापार से केवल उत्पादकों को लाभ होता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47 The Planning Commission was established in which year?

योजना आयोग की स्थापना किस वर्ष की गई थी?

1947

1947

1949

1949

1950

1950

1952

1952

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48 The revolutionary Bagha Jatin (Jatindranath Mukherjee) was known for his valiant fight and for inspiring revolutionaries in which Indian state?

क्रांतिकारी बाघा जतिन (जतिन्द्रनाथ मुखर्जी) अपनी वीरतापूर्ण लड़ाई और किस भारतीय राज्य में क्रांतिकारियों को प्रेरित करने के लिए जाने जाते थे?

Punjab

पंजाब

Uttar Pradesh

उत्तर प्रदेश

Bengal

बंगाल

Bihar

बिहार

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49 Which of the following statements about Sir M. Visvesvaraya is correct?

सर एम. विश्वेश्वरैया के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?

He was the first recipient of the Bharat Ratna.

वह भारत रत्न पाने वाले पहले व्यक्ति थे।

He was known for his role in India's hydroelectric projects.

उन्हें भारत की जलविद्युत परियोजनाओं में उनकी भूमिका के लिए जाना जाता था।

He designed the first Indian Rail budget model.

उन्होंने पहला भारतीय रेल बजट मॉडल तैयार किया।

He was a noted industrialist from pre-independence India.

वह स्वतंत्रता-पूर्व भारत के एक प्रसिद्ध उद्योगपति थे।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50 Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R).
Assertion (A): The 1991 reforms led to the opening of the Indian economy to foreign investors.
Reason (R): The government wanted to increase domestic savings rate rapidly.

निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के संबंध में **सही** विकल्प चुनिए।
अभिकथन (A): 1991 के सुधारों के कारण भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्था विदेशी निवेशकों के लिए खुल गई।
कारण (R): सरकार घरेलू बचत दर में तेजी से वृद्धि करना चाहती थी।

Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

A is true but R is false.

A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।

A is false but R is true.

A असत्य है लेकिन R सत्य है।

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51 Simplify: $\sqrt{(7+4\sqrt{3})}$

सरल करें: $\sqrt{(7+4\sqrt{3})}$

- $\sqrt{3}+2$
- $\sqrt{3}+2$
- $2+\sqrt{7}$
- $2+\sqrt{7}$
- $\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4}$
- $\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4}$
- $5+\sqrt{3}$
- $5+\sqrt{3}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52 A sum of ₹8000 is lent out in two parts, one at 5% simple interest and the other at 7% simple interest. If the annual interest is ₹500, the sum lent at 7% is:

₹8000 की राशि दो भागों में उधार दी जाती है, एक 5% साधारण ब्याज पर और दूसरा 7% साधारण ब्याज पर। यदि वार्षिक ब्याज ₹500 है, तो 7% पर उधार दी गई राशि है:

- ₹3000
- ₹3000
- ₹4000
- ₹4000
- ₹4500
- ₹4500
- ₹5000
- ₹5000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53 Jayesh covers one-fourth of his journey at 20 km/h, another one-fourth at 10 km/h, and the rest at 70 km/h. What is his average speed?

जयेश अपनी यात्रा का एक-चौथाई भाग 20 किमी/घंटे एक-चौथाई भाग 10 किमी/घंटे और शेष भाग 70 किमी/घंटे की गति से तय करता है। उसकी औसत गति क्या है?

- 18.25 km/h
- 18.25 किमी/घंटा
- 22.4 km/h
- 22.4 किमी/घंटा
- 16.35 km/h
- 16.35 किमी/घंटा
- 15.55 km/h
- 15.55 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54 A man observes the top of a pole with an angle of elevation of 45°. He walks 15 m towards the pole, and the angle of elevation becomes 60°. What is the height of the pole?

एक पुरुष किसी खंभे के शीर्ष को 45° के उन्नयन कोण से देखता है। वह खंभे की ओर 15 मीटर चलता है, तब उन्नयन कोण 60° हो जाता है। खंभे की ऊँचाई क्या है?

- $15(\sqrt{3}-1)$m
- $15(\sqrt{3}-1)$मीटर
- $15(3-\sqrt{3})$m
- $15(3-\sqrt{3})$मीटर
- $\frac{15\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}+1)}{2}$ m
- $\frac{15\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}+1)}{2}$ मीटर
- $\frac{15(3+\sqrt{3})}{2}$ m
- $\frac{15(3+\sqrt{3})}{2}$ मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55 A rectangular tank measures 12 cm long, 10 cm wide, and 6 cm high. If a spherical ball of the largest possible size is placed inside this tank, what is the volume of the space not occupied by the ball?

एक आयताकार टैंक 12 सेमी लंबा, 10 सेमी चौड़ा और 6 सेमी ऊँचा है। यदि इस टैंक के अंदर संभव बड़े आकार की एक गोलाकार गेंद रखी जाए, तो गेंद द्वारा घेरे न गए स्थान का आयतन क्या है?

- $(720-27\pi)cm^3$
- $(720-27\pi)$सेमी^{3}
- $(720-36\pi)cm^3$
- $(720-36\pi)$सेमी^{3}
- $(600-36\pi)cm^3$
- $(600-36\pi)$सेमी^{3}

	(720−288π)cm² (720−288π)सेमी²

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	A and B share profit in 7:5. If B gets Rs. 15,000, how much did A receive? A और B लाभ को 7:5 के अनुपात में बाँटते हैं। अगर B को 15,000 रुपये मिलते हैं, तो A को कितने रुपये मिले?
	Rs. 21,000 21,000 रुपये
	Rs. 17,500 17,500 रुपये
	Rs. 19,000 19,000 रुपये
	Rs. 20,000 20,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	What is the ratio of the interior angle of a regular hexagon to the interior angle of a regular 12-sided polygon (dodecagon)? एक नियमित षट्भुज के आंतरिक कोण का एक नियमित 12-भुजा वाले बहुभुज (द्वादशभुज) के आंतरिक कोण से अनुपात क्या है?
	4 : 7 4 : 7
	3 : 7 3 : 7
	4 : 5 4 : 5
	3 : 5 3 : 5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	A man walks a square plot of area 121 m². If he walks once around its boundary, how far does he walk? एक आदमी 121 वर्ग मीटर क्षेत्रफल वाले एक वर्गाकार प्लॉट पर चलता है। अगर वह उसकी सीमा के चारों ओर एक बार घूमता है, तो वह कितनी दूरी तय करता है?
	44 m 44 मीटर
	46 m 46 मीटर
	48 m 48 मीटर
	52 m 52 मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	Two numbers are in the ratio 5:7. If 9 is added to each, the new ratio becomes 8:11. What are the original numbers? दो संख्याओं का अनुपात 5:7 है। अगर प्रत्येक में 9 जोड़ दिया जाए, तो नया अनुपात 8:11 हो जाता है। मूल संख्याएँ क्या हैं?
	135 and 189 135 और 189
	150 and 210 150 और 210
	120 and 168 120 और 168
	180 and 252 180 और 252

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	A:B = 3:4, B:C = 6:7, C:D = 14:15. What is the ratio A:D? A:B = 3:4, B:C = 6:7, C:D = 14:15. A:D का अनुपात क्या है?
	3:5 3:5
	9:16 9:16
	7:20 7:20
	9:25 9:25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	A bag contains 20% red balls, 30% green balls and the rest blue balls. If there are 80 blue balls, what is the total number of balls? एक थैले में 20% लाल गेंदें, 30% हरी गेंदें और शेष नीली गेंदें हैं। यदि उसमें 80 नीली गेंदें हैं, तो थैले की कुल संख्या कितनी है?
	100 100
	160 160
	200 200
	240 240

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	A candidate attempted 75% of the questions in an exam. He got 80% of the attempted ones correct, and 10% of the unattempted ones were also awarded marks due to grace. If the total number of questions is 200, how many did he get right? एक अभ्यर्थी ने परीक्षा में 75% प्रश्नों के उत्तर दिए। उसने 80% प्रश्नों के हल सही दिए, और 10% प्रश्नों के उत्तर न देने पर भी उसे अनुग्रह राशि दी गई। अगर कुल प्रश्नों की संख्या 200 है, तो उसने कितने सही उत्तर दिए?
	130 130
	135 135
	120 120
	125 125

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	A trader gave a 20% discount on the market price but still earned a 10% profit. What percentage was the market price above the cost price? एक व्यापारी ने बाजार मूल्य पर 20% की छूट दी लेकिन फिर भी 10% का लाभ कमाया। बाजार मूल्य, क्रय मूल्य से कितने प्रतिशत अधिक था?
	25.5% 25.5%
	35% 35%
	37.5% 37.5%

40%

40%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64 A cricketer has played 8 innings with an average score of 40. In the next inning, he scores 80. What will be the new average?

एक क्रिकेटर ने 8 पारियां खेली हैं और उसका औसत स्कोर 40 है। अगली पारी में उसने 80 रन बनाए। नया औसत क्या होगा?

40.44

40.44

45.44

45.44

44.44

44.44

48.44

48.44

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65 In a quadrilateral ABCD, angles A,B,C are in the ratio 1:2:3. If angle D=120°, what is angle A?

एक चतुर्भुज ABCD में, कोण A, B, C का अनुपात 1:2:3 है। यदि कोण D=120° है, तो कोण A का माप क्या है?

60°

60°

64°

64°

40°

40°

50°

50°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66 A combo offer says, "Buy 2 shirts at Rs. 1200 each, get a third shirt free." What is the effective price per shirt?

एक कॉम्बो ऑफर कहता है, "1200 रुपये प्रति शर्ट की दर से 2 शर्ट खरीदें, तीसरी शर्ट मुफ्त पाएँ।" प्रति शर्ट प्रभावी मूल्य क्या है?

Rs. 850

850 रुपये

Rs. 800

800 रुपये

Rs. 1000

1000 रुपये

Rs. 900

900 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67 Two taps can fill a tub in 6 minutes and 4 minutes, respectively. A pipe can empty it in 3 minutes. If all the three are kept open simultaneously, when will the tub be full?

दो नल एक टब को क्रमशः 6 मिनट और 4 मिनट में भर सकते हैं। एक पाइप इसे 3 मिनट में खाली कर सकता है। अगर तीनों नलों को एक साथ खुला रखा जाए, तो टब कब भरेगा?

10 min

10 मिनट

12 min

12 मिनट

7 min

7 मिनट

15 min

15 मिनट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68 In a company, the average salary of 5 junior employees is Rs. 30,000, and that of 4 senior employees is Rs. 60,000. What is the combined average salary?

एक कंपनी में, 5 जूनियर कर्मचारियों का औसत वेतन ₹30,000 है और 4 सीनियर कर्मचारियों का औसत वेतन ₹60,000 है। उनका संयुक्त औसत वेतन क्या है?

Rs. 30,333.33

30,333.33 रुपये

Rs. 33,000.33

33,000.33 रुपये

Rs. 33,333.33

33,333.33 रुपये

Rs. 43,333.33

43,333.33 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69 A container has a 100-litre mixture of acid and water in the ratio 4:1. 20 litres is removed and replaced with water, then 20 litres is removed again and replaced with pure acid. What is the final percentage of acid?

एक बर्तन में 4:1 के अनुपात में अम्ल और पानी का 100 लीटर मिश्रण है। इसमें से 20 लीटर निकालकर पानी से बदल दिया जाता है। फिर 20 लीटर निकालकर शुद्ध अम्ल से बदल दिया जाता है। अम्ल का अंतिम प्रतिशत क्या है?

76.8%

76.8%

78.4%

78.4%

81.6%

81.6%

71.2%

71.2%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70 If $\sec A = \frac{13}{12}$ and A is acute, find $\sin A$.

यदि $\sec A = \frac{13}{12}$ और कोण A तीव्र कोण है, तो $\sin A$ का मान ज्ञात करें।

$\frac{5}{13}$

$\frac{5}{13}$

$\frac{12}{13}$

$\frac{12}{13}$

$\frac{5}{12}$

$\frac{5}{12}$

$\frac{13}{5}$

$\frac{13}{5}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71 Convert $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ radians to degrees.

परिवर्तित करें $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ रेडियन को डिग्री में

120°

	120°
	90° 90°
	180° 180°
	60° 60°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	If A + B = 90° and tan A = 2, determine the value of tan A × tan B. यदि A + B = 90° और tan A = 2 है, तो tan A × tan B का मान ज्ञात कीजिए। 2 2
	1 1
	4 4
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	In a right-angled triangle, the orthocenter lies at which of the following points? एक समकोण त्रिभुज में, लंबकेन्द्र निम्नलिखित में से किस बिंदु पर स्थित होता है? The midpoint of the hypotenuse. कर्ण का मध्यबिंदु
	The vertex of the right angle. समकोण का शीर्ष
	A point on the hypotenuse but not the midpoint. कर्ण का एक बिंदु लेकिन मध्य बिंदु पर नहीं
	The midpoint of one of the legs. किसी एक पैर का मध्यबिंदु

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	A circle has a radius of 13 cm. A chord is drawn at a distance of 5 cm from the center. What is the length of the chord? एक वृत्त की त्रिज्या 13 सेमी है। केंद्र से 5 सेमी की दूरी पर एक जीवा खींची गई है। जीवा की लंबाई क्या है? 12 cm 12 सेमी
	13 cm 13 सेमी
	24 cm 24 सेमी
	26 cm 26 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A tangent is drawn from a point 17 cm from the center of a circle of radius 8 cm. Find the length of the tangent. 8 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त के केंद्र से 17 सेमी दूर एक बिंदु से एक स्पर्श रेखा खींची जाती है। स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई ज्ञात कीजिए। 12 cm 12 सेमी

	15 cm 15 सेमी
	13 cm 13 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी

SSC ONLINE EXAMINATION

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name		

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76 Read the passage and answer the questions:

In contemporary professional environments, workplace stress has emerged as a pervasive and insidious phenomenon, often undermining both organizational efficiency and employee well-being. Far from being a mere by-product of demanding schedules, chronic occupational stress is frequently rooted in deeper systemic issues such as unrealistic expectations, inadequate support structures, and a pervasive culture of constant connectivity. The relentless pursuit of productivity, amplified by technological advancements that blur the boundaries between personal and professional spheres, has exacerbated employees' sense of perpetual obligation.
Left unchecked, prolonged exposure to high-stress environments can precipitate a range of deleterious outcomes, including burnout, diminished cognitive functioning, and even serious physical health conditions like hypertension and cardiovascular disease. Organizations that fail to recognize and address the underlying causes of stress not only risk elevated turnover rates but also compromise innovation, morale, and overall competitiveness.
Counteracting workplace stress demands a multi-faceted approach that transcends superficial interventions such as temporary wellness programs or occasional mindfulness workshops. Instead, it requires a fundamental re-evaluation of work design, leadership styles, and organizational priorities. Encouraging open dialogue about mental health, instituting flexible work arrangements, and fostering a culture that genuinely values work-life balance are pivotal steps toward cultivating a more sustainable and humane professional landscape.

Which of the following is the correct tense used in the sentence:

"Left unchecked, prolonged exposure to high-stress environments can precipitate a range of deleterious outcomes..."?

Past Perfect

Present Simple

Future Perfect

Present Conditional

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77 Read the passage and answer the questions:

In contemporary professional environments, workplace stress has emerged as a pervasive and insidious phenomenon, often undermining both organizational efficiency and employee well-being. Far from being a mere by-product of demanding schedules, chronic occupational stress is frequently rooted in deeper systemic issues such as unrealistic expectations, inadequate support structures, and a pervasive culture of constant connectivity. The relentless pursuit of productivity, amplified by technological advancements that blur the boundaries between personal and professional spheres, has exacerbated employees' sense of perpetual obligation.
Left unchecked, prolonged exposure to high-stress environments can precipitate a range of deleterious outcomes, including burnout, diminished cognitive functioning, and even serious physical health conditions like hypertension and cardiovascular disease. Organizations that fail to recognize and address the underlying causes of stress not only risk elevated turnover rates but also compromise innovation, morale, and overall competitiveness.
Counteracting workplace stress demands a multi-faceted approach that transcends superficial interventions such as temporary wellness programs or occasional mindfulness workshops. Instead, it requires a fundamental re-evaluation of work design, leadership styles, and organizational priorities. Encouraging open dialogue about mental health, instituting flexible work arrangements, and fostering a culture that genuinely values work-life balance are pivotal steps toward cultivating a more sustainable and humane professional landscape.

Identify the grammatical function of the phrase **"Far from being a mere by-product of demanding schedules"** in the first paragraph.

It is the main subject of the sentence.

It is an introductory phrase modifying the main clause.

It is a dependent clause providing a condition.

It is a direct object of the verb.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78 Read the passage and answer the questions:

In contemporary professional environments, workplace stress has emerged as a pervasive and insidious phenomenon, often undermining both organizational efficiency and employee well-being. Far from being a mere by-product of demanding schedules, chronic occupational stress is frequently rooted in deeper systemic issues such as unrealistic expectations, inadequate support structures, and a pervasive culture of constant connectivity. The relentless pursuit of productivity, amplified by technological advancements that blur the boundaries between personal and professional spheres, has exacerbated employees' sense of perpetual obligation.
Left unchecked, prolonged exposure to high-stress environments can precipitate a range of deleterious outcomes, including burnout, diminished cognitive functioning, and even serious physical health conditions like hypertension and cardiovascular disease. Organizations that fail to recognize and address the underlying causes of stress not only risk elevated turnover rates but also compromise innovation, morale, and overall competitiveness.
Counteracting workplace stress demands a multi-faceted approach that transcends superficial interventions such as temporary wellness programs or occasional mindfulness workshops. Instead, it requires a fundamental re-evaluation of work design, leadership styles, and organizational priorities. Encouraging open dialogue about mental health, instituting flexible work arrangements, and fostering a culture that genuinely values work-life balance are pivotal steps toward cultivating a more sustainable and humane professional landscape.

What is the meaning of the word **"insidious"** as used in the passage?

Open and obvious

Harmless and fleeting

Gradually harmful and subtle

Quickly destructive and visible

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79 Read the passage and answer the questions:

In contemporary professional environments, workplace stress has emerged as a pervasive and insidious phenomenon, often undermining both organizational efficiency and employee well-being. Far from being a mere by-product of demanding schedules, chronic occupational stress is frequently rooted in deeper systemic issues such as unrealistic expectations, inadequate support structures, and a pervasive culture of constant connectivity. The relentless pursuit of productivity, amplified by technological advancements that blur the boundaries between personal and professional spheres, has exacerbated employees' sense of perpetual obligation.
Left unchecked, prolonged exposure to high-stress environments can precipitate a range of deleterious outcomes, including burnout, diminished cognitive functioning, and even serious physical health conditions like hypertension and cardiovascular disease. Organizations that fail to recognize and address the underlying causes of stress not only risk elevated turnover rates but also compromise innovation, morale, and overall competitiveness.
Counteracting workplace stress demands a multi-faceted approach that transcends superficial interventions such as temporary wellness programs or occasional mindfulness workshops. Instead, it requires a fundamental re-evaluation of work design, leadership styles, and organizational priorities. Encouraging open dialogue about mental health, instituting flexible work arrangements, and fostering a culture that genuinely values work-life balance are pivotal steps toward cultivating a more sustainable and humane professional landscape.

The word **"deleterious"** most nearly means:

Advantageous

Harmful

Temporary

Curious

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80 Read the passage and answer the questions:

In contemporary professional environments, workplace stress has emerged as a pervasive and insidious phenomenon, often undermining both organizational efficiency and employee well-being. Far from being a mere by-product of demanding schedules, chronic occupational stress is frequently rooted in deeper systemic issues such as unrealistic expectations, inadequate support structures, and a pervasive culture of constant connectivity. The relentless pursuit of productivity, amplified by technological advancements that blur the boundaries between personal and professional spheres, has exacerbated employees' sense of perpetual obligation.
Left unchecked, prolonged exposure to high-stress environments can precipitate a range of deleterious outcomes, including burnout, diminished cognitive functioning, and even serious physical health conditions like hypertension and cardiovascular disease. Organizations that fail to recognize and address the underlying causes of stress not only risk elevated turnover rates but also compromise innovation, morale, and overall competitiveness.
Counteracting workplace stress demands a multi-faceted approach that transcends superficial interventions such as temporary wellness programs or occasional mindfulness workshops. Instead, it requires a fundamental re-evaluation of work design, leadership styles, and organizational priorities. Encouraging open dialogue about mental health, instituting flexible work arrangements, and fostering a culture that genuinely values work-life balance are pivotal steps toward cultivating a more sustainable and humane professional landscape.

According to the passage, what is a key failure of organizations when addressing workplace stress?

They overly emphasize work-life balance.

They rely on short-term or surface-level solutions.

They provide excessive flexibility, causing laziness.

They hire too many inexperienced employees.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81 Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

The scholar's interpretation was based on a _____ understanding of the philosophy.

superficial

supperficial

supurficial

supperficial

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82 Fill in the blank with the appropriate article.

____ famous poem 'Ode to a Nightingale' by _____ Romantic poet John Keats.

The, the

An, the

A, the

A, a

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **incipient**

Nascent

Developing

Advanced

Budding

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
At sea

Experiencing luck

Travelling abroad

Gaining sudden wealth

Feeling confused or perplexed

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Cut the Gordian knot

To tie up loose ends

To delay resolution

To create a new problem

To solve a complex problem decisively

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Harp on the same string

To play a strategic game

To be fickle in opinion

To remain emotionally distant

To repeat a single idea endlessly

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87 Choose the **correctly spelt** word meaning of the theory that all knowledge comes from sensory experience.

Empiricisim

Empiricalism

Empiricism

Empiricism

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88 Spot the **correct spelling** of a sound-imitative word class.

Onomatopoeia

Onomatopoiea

Onomatopoeia

Onomatopoeia

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "deliberate breach of faith or betrayal of trust".

Perfidy

Apostasy

Heresy

Duplicity

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: A person who insists on strict adherence to rules

Martinet

Maverick

Iconoclast

Bohemian

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
What he regretted the most (1)/ was not the outcome of the negotiation, (2)/ but that he had failed communicating (3)/ his intent clearly at the outset. (4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92 **Change the following from active to passive:**
They may have been undervaluing the intellectual property portfolio.

The intellectual property portfolio may have be being undervalued.

The intellectual property portfolio may have undervalued.

The intellectual property portfolio may have been being undervalued.

The intellectual property portfolio may have had been been undervalued.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The speaker's voice had a soothing **bass** quality.

The fisherman caught a large sea bass.

The bass guitar was out of tune.

They heard bass notes from the jazz club.

He adjusted the bass settings on the stereo.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
The claim that the system had been tampered with was dismissed as baseless.

The system tampered the claim, which was dismissed.

The dismissal of the system tampering was claimed.

It was dismissed as baseless that the system was tampered with.

Authorities dismissed the claim that someone had tampered with the system.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
He speaks **as if he was knowing everything**

as if he knows everything

as though he knew everything

as if he knew everything

as he knows everything

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96 **Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.**
The physicist remarked that time-reversal invariance could be violated under non-unitary evolution.

The physicist said, "Time-reversal invariance can be violated under non-unitary evolution."

He remarked, "If evolution is non-unitary, time-reversal invariance will be violated."

The physicist said, "Time-reversal invariance could be violated under non-unitary evolution."

He said, "Time reversal violates when evolution non-unitary."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
He said to her, "Do you know the answer?"

He asked her did she know the answer.

He asked her whether she known the answer.

He asked her whether she knew the answer.

He said her that she knew the answer.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:**
1. this, in turn, can increase economic activity and contribute to overall development.
2. the construction of new roads and bridges is a critical component of a nation's infrastructure development.
3. An efficient transportation network reduces travel time and lowers logistical costs for both businesses and consumers.
4. Such projects connect different regions, allowing for the faster movement of goods and people.

2, 4, 3, 1

4, 3, 1, 2

3, 1, 2, 4

1, 2, 4, 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:**
1. Encryption scrambles information to prevent unauthorized access. 2. Modern cybersecurity relies heavily on cryptographic methods. 3. Algorithms like RSA and AES secure digital communications. 4. These ensure data integrity and privacy.

2-1-3-4

3-2-1-4

1-3-2-4

1-2-4-3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.**
1. the first step involves setting clear, achievable objectives.
2. Project management is a complex but vital process.
3. Subsequent phases include resource allocation and risk assessment.
4. Effective communication is essential throughout all stages.

2-3-1-4

2-4-1-3

4-1-2-3

2-1-3-4

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1	If in a code A=26, B=25, ..., Z=1, what is the code for CAT? अगर किसी कोड में A=26, B=25, ..., Z=1 है, तो CAT का कोड क्या होगा?
	24, 26, 7 24, 26, 7
	24, 26, 6 24, 26, 6
	25, 26, 7 25, 26, 7
	24, 27, 7 24, 27, 7

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. D-14, New Friends Colony,South Delhi,Delhi - 110065 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। D-14, New Friends Colony,South Delhi,Delhi - 110065
	D-14, New Friends Colony, South Delhi, Punjab - 110065

	D-14, New Friends Colony, South Delhi, Punjab - 110065
	D-14, New Friends Colony, South Delhi, Uttar Pradesh - 110065 D-14, New Friends Colony, South Delhi, Uttar Pradesh - 110065
	D-14, New Friends Colony, South Delhi, Delhi - 110065 D-14, New Friends Colony, South Delhi, Delhi - 110065
	D-14, New Friends Colony, South Delhi, Haryana - 110065 D-14, New Friends Colony, South Delhi, Haryana - 110065

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	In a series of seminars held daily from 11^{th} to 18^{th} Feb, Calicut – 18^{th} Feb 2022, Patna – 12^{th} Feb 2022, Tiruchirappalli –17^{th} Feb 2022, Raipur – 11^{th} Feb 2022, Rourkela – 14^{th} Feb 2022 Jamshedpur –13^{th} Feb 2022, Durgapur – 15^{th} Feb 2022, Warangal – 16^{th} Feb 2022 Which city's seminar was held exactly two days after the seminar in Patna? 11 से 18 फरवरी तक प्रतिदिन आयोजित सेमिनारों की श्रृंखला में, कलीकट – 18 फरवरी 2022, पटना – 12 फरवरी 2022, तिरुचिरापल्ली – 17 फरवरी 2022, रायपुर – 11 फरवरी 2022, राउरकेला – 14 फरवरी 2022 जमशेदपुर – 13 फरवरी 2022, दुर्गापुर – 15 फरवरी 2022, वारंगल – 16 फरवरी 2022 पटना में सेमिनार के ठीक दो दिन बाद किस शहर का सेमिनार आयोजित किया गया?
	Warangal वारंगल
	Rourkela राउरकेला
	Jamshedpur जमशेदपुर
	Durgapur दुर्गापुर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	If 11 – 3 = 5, 14 – 5 = 4, then 18 – 6 = ? अगर 11 – 3 = 5, 14 – 5 = 4, तो 18 – 6 = ?
	12 12
	6 6
	10 10
	11 11

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	If 4 # 3 = 7, 6 # 2 = 8, then 5 # 7 = ? अगर 4 # 3 = 7, 6 # 2 = 8, तो 5 # 7 = ?
	12 12
	9 9
	2 2
	10 10

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	If 4#2=10 5#3=18 6#4=28 Then what is 7#5=? अगर 4#2=10 5#3=18 6#4=28 तो 7#5= क्या है?
	50 50
	60 60
	40 40
	70 70

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	Find the odd one out. विषम चुनें।
	Germany जर्मनी
	Kenya केन्या
	France फ्रांस
	Italy इटली

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	A is the daughter of B. B is the daughter of C. How is A related to C? A, B की पुत्री है। B, C की पुत्री है। A, C से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Granddaughter पोती
	Niece भतीजी
	Sister बहन
	Cousin चचेरी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	Find the missing number: **11 : 1452 :: 12 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **11 : 1452 :: 12 : ?**
	1872 1872
	1864 1864
	1850 1850

1800

1800

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10

Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
All squares are rectangles. All rectangles are quadrilaterals.

Conclusions:
I. All squares are quadrilaterals.
II. Some quadrilaterals are rectangles.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:
सभी वर्ग आयत हैं। सभी आयत चतुर्भुज हैं।

निष्कर्ष:
I. सभी वर्ग चतुर्भुज हैं।
II. कुछ चतुर्भुज आयत हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11

Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
No woman is lazy. Some men are lazy.

Conclusions:
I. No man is a woman.
II. Some lazy people are men.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:
कोई भी महिला आलसी नहीं होती। कुछ पुरुष आलसी होते हैं।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कोई भी पुरुष महिला नहीं है।
II. कुछ आलसी लोग पुरुष होते हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12 Which of the following words will come first in the dictionary?

अँग्रेजी शब्दकोश के अनुसार निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द पहले आएगा?

apron

apron

apple

apple

aptitude

aptitude

apply

apply

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13 Choose the item that breaks the rule.

A5, C7, E9, G11, I10

वह आइटम चुनें जो नियम तोड़ता है.

A5, C7, E9, G11, I10

I10

I10

E9

E9

C7

C7

A5

A5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14 Complete the series.
2, 3, 5, 9, 17, ___

निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें।
2, 3, 5, 9, 17, ___

30

30

31

31

32

32

33

33

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15 Find the INCORRECT number in the series.

3, 6, 9, 13, 15, 18

श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

3, 6, 9, 13, 15, 18

6

6

9

9

	13 13 15 15

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	What comes next? G7, T20, H8, S19, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? G7, T20, H8, S19, ?
	Q17 Q17
	J10 J10 R18 R18
	I9 I9

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	What should come at the place of question mark? : **625, 125, 25, 5, ?, ?** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? : **625, 125, 25, 5, ?, ?**
	1, 1 1, 1
	2, 1 2, 1
	1, 0.2 1, 0.2
	0.5, 0.1 0.5, 0.1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	A cone and a cylinder have the same base radius and the same height. What is the ratio of the volume of the cone to the volume of the cylinder? एक शंकु और एक बेलन की आधार त्रिज्या और ऊँचाई समान है। शंकु के आयतन और बेलन के आयतन का अनुपात क्या है? 1:2 1:2
	1:3 1:3
	1:4 1:4
	1:6 1:6

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	**Instruction:** In a language, if 'red green blue' is coded as 'ka ta na', 'blue white black' as 'na ja sa', and 'white red' as 'ja ka', **Question:** what is the code for 'green'? **निर्देश:** किसी भाषा में, यदि 'red green blue' को 'ka ta na', 'blue white black' को 'na ja sa' और 'white red' को 'ja ka' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो **प्रश्न:** 'green' के लिए कोड क्या है?
	ta

	ta
	na na ka ka
	ja ja

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	If in a certain code, 'APPLE' is written as 'ELPPA', how will 'PPLEA' be written? यदि किसी निश्चित कोड में 'APPLE' को 'ELPPA' लिखा जाता है, तो 'PPLEA' को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	AELPP AELPP
	LHDHT LHDHT
	TUCES TUCES
	CJXWY CJXWY

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	If + = ×, - = ÷, × = -, ÷ = +; 6 + 2 - 4 × 2 ÷ 1 = ? यदि + = ×, - = ÷, × = -, ÷ = +; 6 + 2 - 4 × 2 ÷ 1 का मान क्या है?
	2 2
	4 4
	10 10 8 8

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	The sum of two numbers is 40 and their difference is 4. What is the product of the numbers? दो संख्याओं का योग 40 है और उनका अंतर 4 है। संख्याओं का गुणनफल क्या है?
	390 390
	396 396
	400 400
	404 404

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	A man buys 1 banana for ₹2 and sells it for ₹3. He repeats this 100 times. Profit = ? एक आदमी ₹2 में एक केला खरीदता है और उसे ₹3 में बेचता है। वह ऐसा 100 बार दोहराता है। लाभ = ?
	₹100 ₹100
	₹150 ₹150 ₹200

	₹200 ₹300 ₹300

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	If MISSION is coded as NJTTJPO, how is NJTTJPO coded? यदि MISSION को NJTTJPO के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो NJTTJPO को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	OKJUKQP OKJUKQP
	NKTUKPP NKTUKPP
	OKTUKQP OKTUKQP
	OKUULQP OKUULQP

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	If in a code, PEARL is written as SHDUO, how is STONE written? यदि किसी कोड में PEARL को SHDUO लिखा जाता है, तो STONE को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	VWRSH VWRSH
	VWRHS VWRHS
	VWRQH VWRQH
	VWRSN VWRSN

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	Which of the following is a key requirement for admissibility of an electronic record under the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam (BSA), even if it's a secondary evidence? भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम (बीएसए) के तहत इलेक्ट्रॉनिक रिकॉर्ड की स्वीकार्यता के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी प्रमुख जरूरत है, भले ही वह द्वितीयक साक्ष्य हो?
	It must be handwritten and notarized यह हस्तलिखित और नोटरीकृत होना चाहिए
	It must be part of a hard drive submitted to court यह न्यायालय में प्रस्तुत हार्ड ड्राइव का हिस्सा होना चाहिए
	It must be published in the Gazette इसे राजपत्र में प्रकाशित किया जाना चाहिए
	It must be accompanied by a certificate इसके साथ एक प्रमाण पत्र भी होना चाहिए

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	The Sun Temple at Konark looks like a big chariot. How many horses does it have? कोणार्क का सूर्य मंदिर एक बड़े रथ जैसा दिखता है। इसमें कितने घोड़े हैं?
	5 5

	6 6 8 8
	7 7

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	Which of the following best characterizes the Mathura school of Buddhist art and architecture? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा बौद्ध कला और वास्तुकला के मथुरा स्कूल की सर्वोत्तम विशेषता बताता है?
	Use of sandstone and floral arches बलुआ पत्थर और पुष्प मेहराब का उपयोग
	Hellenistic drapery and realism हेलेनिस्टिक परिधान और यथार्थवाद
	Indigenous features with Yaksha influence यक्ष प्रभाव वाली स्वदेशी विशेषताएं
	Predominantly wooden monastery design मुख्यतः लकड़ी से निर्मित मठ डिजाइन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	The Pola festival, celebrated in the Balaghat district of Madhya Pradesh, is dedicated to which of the following? मध्य प्रदेश के बालाघाट जिले में मनाया जाने वाला पोला त्यौहार निम्नलिखित में से किसे समर्पित है? Cow worship गाय की पूजा
	Rain prayer बारिश की प्रार्थना
	Bull worship बैल पूजा
	Harvest sale फसल की बिक्री
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	Which script is predominantly used in the inscriptions of Emperor Aśoka? सम्राट अशोक के शिलालेखों में मुख्य रूप से किस लिपि का प्रयोग किया गया है?
	Kharosthi खरोष्ठी
	Devanagari देवनागरी
	Tamil तमिल
	Brahmi ब्राह्मी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	In the context of Gupta dynasty's administration, which of the following officers is **correctly** paired with their respective role? गुप्त वंश के प्रशासन के संदर्भ में, निम्नलिखित में से किस अधिकारी को उनकी संबंधित भूमिका के साथ **सही** ढंग से जोड़ा गया है?
	Utkhetayita-Keeper of Royal Kitchen उत्खेतायिता-शाही रसोई का रक्षक

	Dhruvadhikaranika- Chief Judicial Officer ध्रुवाधिकारणिक- मुख्य न्यायिक अधिकारी
	Pustapala-Notary and Keeper of Records पुस्तापाल-नोटरी और अभिलेखों का रक्षक
	Bhandagaradhikrita-Head of Village Watchmen भण्डागराधिकृता-ग्राम चौकीदारों का मुखिया
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	Consider the following statements about badminton strokes: 1) Backhand Net Kill and Forehand Net Kill are examples of forecourt strokes played near the net. 2) Backhand Drive and Forehand Drive are midcourt strokes played from the middle of the court. 3) Forehand Clear is a type of rear court stroke played from the back of the court. Which of the statements given above are **correct?** बैडमिंटन स्ट्रोक के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) बैकहैंड नेट किल और फोरहैंड नेट किल नेट के पास खेले जाने वाले फोरकोर्ट स्ट्रोक के उदाहरण हैं। 2) बैकहैंड ड्राइव और फोरहैंड ड्राइव कोर्ट के बीच से खेले जाने वाले मिडकोर्ट स्ट्रोक हैं। 3) फोरहैंड क्लियर एक प्रकार का रियर कोर्ट स्ट्रोक है जो कोर्ट के पीछे से खेला जाता है। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा **सही** है?
	Only 1 and 2 are Correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are Correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 are Correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	The reign of Prithviraj Chauhan concluded in which year? पृथ्वीराज चौहान का शासनकाल किस वर्ष समाप्त हुआ?
	1175 CE 1175 ई.
	1192 CE 1192 ई.
	1206 CE 1206 ई.
	1210 CE 1210 ई.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	What was the role of the India Council established by the Government of India Act, 1858? भारत शासन अधिनियम, 1858 द्वारा स्थापित भारत परिषद की क्या भूमिका थी?
	To control trade with India भारत के साथ व्यापार को नियंत्रित करना
	To advise the Secretary of State राज्य सचिव को सलाह देना
	To represent Indian opinion in Britain ब्रिटेन में भारतीय मत का प्रतिनिधित्व करना
	To review court judgments

	न्यायालय के निर्णयों की समीक्षा करना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	**Consider the following statements about the 38th National Games Judo 2025 Final Results:** 1) Sidharth Rawat from Uttarakhand won the gold medal in the men's 60 kg category, while Asmita Dev from Uttar Pradesh won the women's 48 kg category. 2) Rohit Majgul of Gujarat won gold in men's -66 kg, and Shraddha Chopade of Maharashtra won gold in women's 52 kg. Which of the statements is/are **correct?** 38वें राष्ट्रीय खेल जूडो 2025 के अंतिम परिणामों के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) उत्तराखंड के सिद्धार्थ रावत ने पुरुषों के 60 किलोग्राम वर्ग में स्वर्ण पदक जीता, जबकि उत्तर प्रदेश की अस्मिता देव ने महिलाओं के 48 किलोग्राम वर्ग में स्वर्ण पदक जीता। 2) गुजरात के रोहित मजगुल ने पुरुषों के -66 किलोग्राम में स्वर्ण पदक जीता, और महाराष्ट्र की श्रद्धा चोपड़े ने महिलाओं के 52 किलोग्राम में स्वर्ण पदक जीता। **कौन सा कथन सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	1 and 2 are Correct 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the **correct** options: **Assertion (A):** In squash, the serve must hit the front wall between the service line and out line and land in the opposite half of the court beyond the half-court line for it to be legal. **Reason (R):** Players must alternate between service boxes after each successful serve to maintain fairness and court coverage during the match. नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) से चिह्नित करें। **सही** विकल्पों पर निशान लगाएँ: **अभिकथन (A):** स्क्वैश में, सर्व को सर्विस लाइन और आउट लाइन के बीच की सामने की दीवार से टकराना चाहिए और हाफ-कोर्ट लाइन के पार कोर्ट के विपरीत आधे हिस्से में गिरना चाहिए, तभी यह वैध होगा। **कारण (R):** मैच के दौरान निष्पक्षता और कोर्ट क्षेत्र कवरेज बनाए रखने के लिए खिलाड़ियों को प्रत्येक सफल सर्व के बाद सर्विस बॉक्स के बीच बारी-बारी से जाना चाहिए।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	Who is the author of the book 'The Great Indian Novel'? 'द ग्रेट इंडियन नॉवेल' पुस्तक के लेखक कौन हैं?
	Devdutt Pattanaik देवदत्त पटनायक
	Shashi Tharoor शशि थरूर
	Sanjeev Sanyal संजीव सान्याल
	Gurcharan Das

	गुरचरण दास

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	Which of the following statements correctly identifies the author and thematic focus of the novel "A Fine Balance"? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन उपन्यास "ए फाइन बैलेंस" के लेखक और विषयगत फोकस की सही पहचान करता है?
	Salman Rushdie, focusing on post-colonial identity and magical realism सलमान रुश्दी, उत्तर-औपनिवेशिक पहचान और जादुई यथार्थवाद पर केंद्रित
	Rohinton Mistry, exploring social injustices during India's Emergency period रोहिंटन मिस्त्री, भारत के आपातकालीन काल के दौरान सामाजिक अन्याय की पड़ताल करते हुए
	Jhumpa Lahiri, depicting the immigrant experience in 1980s New York झुम्पा लाहिड़ी, 1980 के दशक के न्यूयॉर्क में अप्रवासी अनुभव को दर्शाती हुई
	Arundhati Roy, examining environmental activism and political corruption अरुंधति रॉय, पर्यावरण सक्रियता और राजनीतिक भ्रष्टाचार की जांच करती हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	Who did Maharashtra's Kavya Bhatta defeat to win gold at the Khelo India Youth Games 2025 in the girls' singles table tennis final? महाराष्ट्र की काव्या भट्टा ने खेलो इंडिया यूथ गेम्स 2025 में लड़कियों के एकल टेबल टेनिस फाइनल में किसे हराकर स्वर्ण पदक जीता?
	P.B. Abhinand पी.बी. अभिनंद
	Priyanuj Bhattacharyya प्रियानुज भट्टाचार्य
	Suhana Saini सुहाना सैनी
	M. Hansini एम. हंसिनी
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding the role of the Rajya Sabha in special legislative and emergency situations? 1) Under Article 249, a Rajya Sabha resolution allowing Parliament to legislate on State List subjects remains valid for one year. 2) The Parliament can extend a proclamation of President's Rule only with the concurrence of the Rajya Sabha. विशेष विधायी और आपातकालीन स्थितियों में राज्यसभा की भूमिका के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं? 1) अनुच्छेद 249 के अंतर्गत, संसद को राज्य सूची के विषयों पर कानून बनाने की अनुमति देने वाला राज्यसभा का प्रस्ताव एक वर्ष तक वैध रहता है। 2) संसद, राष्ट्रपति शासन की घोषणा को केवल राज्यसभा की सहमति से ही बढ़ा सकती है।
	Only 1 केवल 1
	Only 2 केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	The minimum number of rays required to locate the image formed by a spherical mirror is _____. एक गोलाकार दर्पण द्वारा निर्मित प्रतिबिंब का पता लगाने के लिए आवश्यक किरणों की न्यूनतम संख्या _____ है।

	One एक
	Two दो
	Three तीन
	Four चार

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	Consider the statements about Karma: 1. The ritual honours the Karam tree on Bhadra Ekadashi in Chhattisgarh. 2. The drum most associated is the Madal. Which is/are **correct?** कर्मा पर्व के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. यह अनुष्ठान छत्तीसगढ़ में भाद्रपद एकादशी पर करम वृक्ष की पूजा करता है। 2.इस पर्व से संबंधित प्रमुख वाद्य यंत्र मादल है। कौन सा **सही है/हैं?**
	Only 1 correct केवल 1 सही
	Only 2 correct केवल 2 सही
	Both 1 & 2 correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	Which of the following best defines Capital Receipts? निम्नलिखित में से कौन पूंजी प्राप्तियों को सर्वोत्तम रूप से परिभाषित करता है?
	Receipts that increase government revenue permanently ऐसी रसीदें जो सरकारी राजस्व को स्थायी रूप से बढ़ाती हैं
	Receipts that reduce financial liabilities of the government सरकार की वित्तीय देनदारियों को कम करने वाली प्राप्तियां
	Receipts that create liability or reduce government assets ऐसी प्राप्तियां जो देयता उत्पन्न करती हैं या सरकारी परिसंपत्तियों को कम करती हैं
	Receipts that do not impact government assets or liabilities ऐसी प्राप्तियां जो सरकारी परिसंपत्तियों या देनदारियों को प्रभावित नहीं करतीं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	Which of the following statements about factors affecting the Money Multiplier (MM) **is/are correct?** 1. Cash held by individuals acts as a leakage and reduces the money multiplier. 2. Higher reserves held by banks with the RBI increase the money multiplier. 3. A higher Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR) reduces the banking system's capacity to create money. मुद्रा गुणक (MM) को प्रभावित करने वाले कारकों के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही है/हैं?** 1. व्यक्तियों द्वारा रखी गई नकदी रिसाव का काम करती है और मुद्रा गुणक को कम करती है। 2. बैंकों द्वारा RBI के पास रखे गए उच्च आरक्षित निधियों से मुद्रा गुणक में वृद्धि होती है। 3. उच्च नकद आरक्षित अनुपात (CRR) बैंकिंग प्रणाली की मुद्रा सृजन क्षमता को कम करता है।
	Only 1 and 3 केवल 1 और 3
	Only 2 and 3 केवल 2 और 3

	Only 1 and 2 केवल 1 और 2
	All 1,2 and 3 are three सभी 1,2 और 3 तीन हैं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	Which universities collaborate to produce the Environmental Performance Index (EPI)? पर्यावरण प्रदर्शन सूचकांक (ईपीआई) तैयार करने के लिए कौन से विश्वविद्यालय सहयोग करते हैं?
	Harvard & Stanford हार्वर्ड और स्टैनफोर्ड
	Yale & Columbia येल और कोलंबिया
	Oxford & Cambridge ऑक्सफोर्ड और कैम्ब्रिज
	MIT & Caltech एमआईटी और कैलटेक
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	Thakkar Bapa was a dedicated social worker and freedom fighter primarily known for his lifelong efforts towards the upliftment and welfare of which section of Indian society? ठक्कर बापा एक समर्पित सामाजिक कार्यकर्ता और स्वतंत्रता सेनानी थे, जिन्हें मुख्य रूप से भारतीय समाज के किस वर्ग के उत्थान और कल्याण के लिए उनके आजीवन प्रयासों के लिए जाना जाता था?
	Women औरत
	Children बच्चे
	Tribal (Adivasi) communities जनजातीय (आदिवासी) समुदाय
	Industrial workers औद्योगिक श्रमिक
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	Which of the following best describes the role and personality traits of Shaheed Kanhu and Sidhu Murmu during the Santhal Rebellion of 1855? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन 1855 के संथाल विद्रोह के दौरान शहीद कान्हू और सिद्धू मुर्मू की भूमिका और व्यक्तित्व लक्षणों का सबसे अच्छा वर्णन करता है?
	Visionary tribal leaders who united the Santhal community to resist exploitation with courage and strategic acumen. दूरदर्शी आदिवासी नेता जिन्होंने साहस और रणनीतिक कौशल के साथ शोषण का विरोध करने के लिए संथाल समुदाय को एकजुट किया।
	Passive intermediaries who negotiated peace treaties between the British and Santhals without resorting to conflict. निष्क्रिय मध्यस्थ जिन्होंने संघर्ष का सहारा लिए बिना अंग्रेजों और संथालों के बीच शांति संधि पर बातचीत की।
	Religious preachers who inspired rebellion solely through spiritual teachings without active participation in battles. धार्मिक उपदेशक जो युद्ध में सक्रिय भागीदारी के बिना केवल आध्यात्मिक शिक्षाओं के माध्यम से विद्रोह को प्रेरित करते थे।
	Local zamindars who switched allegiance from British rulers to lead a revolt for personal gains. स्थानीय ज़मींदार जिन्होंने व्यक्तिगत लाभ के लिए विद्रोह का नेतृत्व करने के लिए ब्रिटिश शासकों से निष्ठा बदल ली थी।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	The lead bank scheme was introduced in which year? लीड बैंक योजना किस वर्ष शुरू की गई थी?
	1969 1969
	1975 1975
	1980 1980
	1990 1990

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	Which Five Year Plan laid the foundation of India's socialist pattern of society? किस पंचवर्षीय योजना ने भारत में समाजवादी समाज की नींव रखी?
	First Plan पहली योजना
	Second Plan दूसरी योजना
	Third Plan तीसरी योजना
	Fourth Plan चौथी योजना
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	Which sectors were largely excluded from industrial licensing after 1991? 1991 के बाद किन क्षेत्रों को औद्योगिक लाइसेंसिंग से बड़े पैमाने पर बाहर रखा गया?
	Defense and Telecom रक्षा और दूरसंचार
	Alcohol, Cigarettes, Explosives शराब, सिगरेट, विस्फोटक
	Textiles and Fertilizers वस्त्र और उर्वरक
	Agriculture and Education कृषि और शिक्षा
Not Answered	

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Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51	Vidhya lent Rs. 6000 to Kavya for 3 years at the rate of 4% per annum compound interest. Calculate the amount that Vidhya will get after 3 years. विद्या ने काव्या को 4% वार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज की दर से 3 वर्ष के लिए 6000 रुपये उधार दिए। 3 वर्ष बाद विद्या को मिलने वाली राशि की गणना कीजिए।
	6,849.18 6,849.18
	6,750.18 6,750.18
	6,749.18 6,749.18
	6,649.18 6,649.18

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52	Which of the following statement is TRUE for Whole Numbers? पूर्ण संख्याओं के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य है?
	They include fractions. इनमें अपूर्णांक शामिल हैं।

	They include negative numbers. इनमें ऋणात्मक संख्याएँ शामिल हैं।
	They include zero and positive integers. इनमें शून्य और धनात्मक पूर्णांक शामिल हैं।
	They start from 1. वे 1 से शुरू होते हैं।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53	Dhiraj goes to his school from his house at a speed of 3.8 km/hr and returns at 2.6 km/ hr. If he takes 5 hours going and coming, the distance between his house and school is: धीरज अपने घर से स्कूल 3.8 किमी/घंटे की गति से जाता है और 2.6 किमी/घंटे की गति से लौटता है। अगर उसे आने-जाने में 5 घंटे लगते हैं, तो उसके घर और स्कूल के बीच की दूरी है:
	6.79 km 6.79 किमी
	6.5 km 6.5 किमी
	7 km 7 किमी
	7.72 km 7.72 किमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54	A spherical shell has an outer diameter of 20 cm and is 1 cm thick. What is the volume of the material in the shell? (Use π=3.14). एक गोलाकार खोल का बाहरी व्यास 20 सेमी है और इसकी मोटाई 1 सेमी है। खोल में पदार्थ का आयतन क्या है? (π=3.14 का प्रयोग करें)।
	$1134.7cm^3$ 1134.7सेमी^{3}
	$1256.6cm^3$ 1256.6सेमी^{3}
	$1340.4cm^3$ 1340.4सेमी^{3}
	$1046.7cm^3$ 1046.7सेमी^{3}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A rectangular aquarium (100 cm L × 50 cm W × 60 cm H) contains water with an initial level of 20 cm. 10 identical metal spheres, each with a diameter of 10 cm, are gently lowered into the aquarium. Assuming the spheres are fully submerged, what is the rise in the water level? एक आयताकार एक्वेरियम (100 सेमी लंबाई × 50 सेमी चौड़ाई × 60 सेमी ऊँचाई) में 20 सेमी के प्रारंभिक स्तर वाला पानी है। 10 सेमी व्यास वाले 10 समान धातु के गोले धीरे से एक्वेरियम में उतारे जाते हैं। यह मानते हुए कि गोले पूरी तरह डूब गए हैं, जल स्तर में कितनी वृद्धि हुई है?
	$\frac{\pi}{6}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{6}$ सेमी
	$\frac{\pi}{3}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{3}$ सेमी
	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$ cm $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ सेमी
	πcm πसेमी

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56 'A', 'B', and 'C' formed a consulting firm. Their capital investments were Rs. 6,00,000, Rs. 4,00,000, and Rs. 5,00,000, respectively. After 3 months, 'A' withdrew Rs. 1,00,000, and 'B' added Rs. 1,00,000. The partnership lasted for 9 months. What was the ratio of their effective capital contributions?

'A', 'B' और 'C' ने एक परामर्श फर्म बनाई। उनके पूंजी निवेश क्रमशः ₹6,00,000, ₹4,00,000 और ₹5,00,000 थे। 3 महीने बाद, 'A' ने ₹1,00,000 निकाले और 'B' ने ₹1,00,000 जोड़े। साझेदारी 9 महीने तक चली। उनके प्रभावी पूंजी योगदान का अनुपात क्या था?

	16:14:15 16:14:15
	16:15:14 16:15:14
	14:15:16 14:15:16
	14:16:15 14:16:15

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57 The price of a product is decreased by x% and then increased by x%. The final price becomes 10% less than the original.

What is the value of x (approximately)?

किसी वस्तु की कीमत में x% की कमी की जाती है और फिर x% की वृद्धि की जाती है। अंतिम कीमत मूल कीमत से 10% कम हो जाती है। x का मान (लगभग) क्या है?

	31.6 31.6
	33.6 33.6
	30.6 30.6
	39.6 39.6

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58 A floor is 12 m by 9 m. If tiles of 1.5 m × 1.5 m are used, how many tiles are needed?

एक फर्श 12 मीटर x 9 मीटर का है। यदि 1.5 मीटर x 1.5 मीटर की टाइलें इस्तेमाल की जाएँ, तो कितनी टाइलों की ज़रूरत होगी?

	48 48
	68 68
	72 72
	80 80

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59 A store sign is a 5 m × 4 m rectangle with a 2 m × 1 m rectangle cut out. Painting cost is ₹180/m². How much will the painting cost for the exposed area?

एक दुकान का साइनबोर्ड 5 मीटर × 4 मीटर के आयत पर 2 मीटर × 1 मीटर के आयत के आकार का कटा हुआ भाग है। पेंटिंग की लागत ₹180/वर्ग मीटर है। खुले क्षेत्र की पेंटिंग की लागत कितनी होगी?

	₹3, 240 ₹3, 240

	₹3, 600 ₹3, 600
	₹3, 960 ₹3, 960
	₹4, 200 ₹4, 200

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	A regular hexagonal nut has outer side 6 cm and inner hollow side 3 cm. What is the material approximate area in the cross-section? एक नियमित षट्कोणीय नट की बाहरी भुजा 6 सेमी और भीतरी खोखली भुजा 3 सेमी है। अनुप्रस्थ काट में पदार्थ का अनुमानित क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	$70\ cm^2$ 70 सेमी^{2}
	$60\ cm^2$ 60 सेमी^{2}
	$56\ cm^2$ 56 सेमी^{2}
	$66\ cm^2$ 66 सेमी^{2}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	A man got 10% of his investment as profit. If he invested Rs. 5000, and the profit was reinvested, what will be the total value after the second year with the same profit rate? एक व्यक्ति को अपने निवेश का 10% लाभ हुआ। अगर उसने 5000 रुपये का निवेश किया और लाभ को पुनः निवेश किया, तो उसी लाभ दर पर दूसरे वर्ष के बाद कुल मूल्य क्या होगा?
	Rs. 6000 6000 रुपये
	Rs. 6050 6050 रुपये
	Rs. 6100 6100 रुपये
	Rs. 6150 6150 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	A dealer sells a packet of cookies at Rs. 120 after giving a 25% discount on the marked price. If the profit earned is 20%, find the cost price. एक विक्रेता कुकीज़ के एक पैकेट को अंकित मूल्य पर 25% छूट देकर ₹120 में बेचता है। अगर अर्जित लाभ 20% है, तो क्रय मूल्य ज्ञात कीजिए।
	Rs. 96 96 रुपये
	Rs. 90 90 रुपये
	Rs. 100 100 रुपये
	Rs. 80 80 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	In a company, the average salary of 5 engineers is Rs. 60,000. If one engineer leaves and the average salary becomes Rs. 58,000, what was the salary of the engineer who left? एक कंपनी में, 5 इंजीनियरों का औसत वेतन 60,000 रुपये है। अगर एक इंजीनियर कंपनी छोड़ देता है और औसत वेतन 58,000 रुपये हो जाता है, तो कंपनी छोड़ने वाले इंजीनियर का वेतन क्या था?
	Rs. 70,000 70,000 रुपये
	Rs. 68,000 68,000 रुपये
	Rs. 64,000 64,000 रुपये
	Rs. 62,000 62,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	A triangular storage prism has a base shaped like a right triangle with side lengths in the ratio 5:12:13. If the total perimeter of the base is 60 cm and the height of the prism is 8 cm, calculate the lateral surface area of the prism. एक त्रिभुजाकार संग्रहण प्रिज्म का आधार समकोण त्रिभुज के आकार का है और इसकी भुजाओं की लंबाई का अनुपात 5:12:13 है। यदि आधार का कुल परिमाप 60 सेमी है और प्रिज्म की ऊँचाई 8 सेमी है, तो प्रिज्म का पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात कीजिए।
	360 cm^2 360 सेमी !
	300 cm^2 300 सेमी !
	480 cm^2 480 सेमी !
	400 cm^2 400 सेमी !

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	The average of 9 numbers is 63. When one number is removed, the average becomes 60. What number was removed? 9 संख्याओं का औसत 63 है। जब एक संख्या हटा दी जाती है, तो औसत 60 हो जाता है। कौन सी संख्या हटाई गई?
	87 87
	90 90
	84 84
	78 78

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	A wholesaler marks up a batch of 100 identical clocks by 80% on cost and offers a trade discount of 25% to retailers. A retailer purchases all the clocks and spends Rs. 48,000. What is the cost price per clock for the wholesaler? एक थोक विक्रेता 100 समान घड़ियों के एक बैच पर लागत मूल्य से 80% अधिक मूल्य अंकित करता है और खुदरा विक्रेताओं को 25% की छूट देता है। एक खुदरा विक्रेता सभी घड़ियाँ खरीदता है और 48,000 रुपये खर्च करता है। थोक विक्रेता के लिए प्रति घड़ी क्रय मूल्य क्या है?
	Rs. 355.56 355.56 रुपये
	Rs. 426.56 426.56 रुपये
	Rs. 385.56 385.56 रुपये
	Rs. 435.56 435.56 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67 If $tanA = \frac{3}{4}$, then what is the value of $sinA$?

यदि $tanA = \frac{3}{4}$, तो $sinA$ का मान क्या है?

- $\frac{3}{5}$
  $\frac{3}{5}$
- $\frac{4}{5}$
  $\frac{4}{5}$
- $\frac{5}{3}$
  $\frac{5}{3}$
- 1
  1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68 If $1 + \cot^2\theta = \operatorname{cosec}^2\theta$, then what is the value of $\operatorname{cosec}^2 60° - \cot^2 60°$?

यदि $1 + \cot^2\theta = \operatorname{cosec}^2\theta$, तो $\operatorname{cosec}^2 60° - \cot^2 60°$ का मान क्या है?

- 1
  1
- 2
  2
- 3
  3
- 4
  4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69 A sector of a circle having a radius of 10 cm and has a central angle of $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ radians. What is the area of the sector?

एक वृत्त का एक त्रिज्यखंड जिसकी त्रिज्या 10 सेमी है और जिसका केंद्रीय कोण है $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ रेडियन। सेक्टर का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?

- $30\ \pi cm^2$
  $30\ \pi$ सेमी^{2}
- $37.5\ \pi cm^2$
  $37.5\ \pi$ सेमी^{2}
- $45\ \pi cm^2$
  $45\ \pi$ सेमी^{2}
- $75\ \pi cm^2$
  $75\ \pi$ सेमी^{2}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70 If $\cos(90° - \theta) = x$ and θ is acute, then what is the value of $\cos\theta$ in terms of x?

यदि $\cos(90° - \theta) = x$ और θ न्यूनकोण है, तो x के संदर्भ में $\cos\theta$ का मान क्या है?

- $\sqrt{1-x^2}$
  $\sqrt{1-x^2}$
- x
  x

	$\frac{1}{x}$ $\frac{1}{x}$
	Undefined अपरिभाषित
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	The radii of two circles are 6 cm and 2 cm. The centers of the two circles are 10 cm apart. What is the length of a transverse common tangent? दो वृत्तों की त्रिज्याएँ 6 सेमीऔर 2 सेमी हैं। दोनों वृत्तों के केंद्र 10 सेमी दूर हैं। अनुप्रस्थ उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई क्या है?
	6 cm 6 सेमी
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	In a circle, a chord PQ subtends an angle of 50° at point R on the circumference. What is the angle it subtends at point S on the circumference, on the same side as R? एक वृत्त में, एक जीवा PQ परिधि पर बिंदु R पर (50 डिग्री) का कोण बनाती है। परिधि पर बिंदु S पर, जो R की ही ओर है, यह कितना कोण बनाती है?
	25° 25°
	50° 50°
	100° 100°
	150° 150°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	A circle with a radius of 20 cm. A chord of length 32 cm is drawn. What is the distance from the center of the circle to the chord? 20 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त पर 32 सेमी लंबाई की एक जीवा खींची गई है। वृत्त के केंद्र से जीवा की दूरी कितनी है?
	16 cm 16 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	4 cm 4 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	In a circle, chord AB subtends an angle of 60° at the center. What is the angle subtended by the same chord AB at any point C on the major arc (opposite side of the center)? एक वृत्त में, जीवा AB केंद्र पर 60° का कोण बनाती है। दीर्घ चाप (केंद्र के विपरीत दिशा में) के किसी भी बिंदु C पर उसी जीवा AB द्वारा बनाया गया कोण कितना है?

	30° 30°
	60° 60°
	90° 90°
	120° 120°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A line is drawn from a point P located 13 cm away from the center O of a circle with radius 5 cm. If the line is tangent to the circle, what is the length of the tangent from point P to the point of contact with the circle? 5 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त के केंद्र O से 13 सेमी दूर स्थित बिंदु P से एक रेखा खींची जाती है। यदि रेखा वृत्त पर स्पर्श रेखा है, तो बिंदु P से वृत्त के संपर्क बिंदु तक स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई क्या है?
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	9 cm 9 सेमी
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Note:

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. The species showed remarkable _____ to extreme conditions.
	adaptibility
	adaptability
	adaptibilitye
	adaptabilitty

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **TRUNCATED** Lengthened
	Extended
	Shortened
	Complicated

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Pulverize**
	Crumble
	Shatter
■	Restore
	Crush

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **The writing on the wall**
	A public confession
■	A clear warning of inevitable doom
	A declaration of love
	A mark of brilliance

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80	Choose the **correct spelling** of the word meaning 'easily broken'.
	Brittel
■	Brittle
	Brittlle
	Britle

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who is unable to pay debts'.
	Pauper
■	Bankrupt
	Spendthrift
	Debtor

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who is skilled in many areas'.
■	Polymath
	Prodigy
	Savant
	Virtuoso

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83 **In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**

To conceive of gender as ontologically prior or naturally originary is to misrecognize its status as a **[1]** _____, *a semiotic and performative topology whose coherence is secured only through its reiteration across spatial, legal, and psychic apparatuses. Within this regime, embodiment is not merely lived but mediated—filtered through hermeneutic technologies that valorize some corporealities while rendering others abject, deviant, or structurally unintelligible. The state, in tandem with biomedical epistemes and juridico-political grammars, exercises a necropolitical calibration of life itself—where recognition is not a right but a* **[2]** _____, allocated via matrices of intelligibility that are historically contingent and politically fungible. This diposit if renders gender a function of discursive legibility rather than biological inevitability. Resistance, when funneled through these grammars, risks becoming complicit in the very structures it seeks to subvert. Hence, the radical task is not merely to "expand" recognition but to effect a **[3]** _____ of recognition's ontological architecture. This entails refusing the dialectics of inclusion and exclusion that liberal frameworks offer and instead exposing their constitutive foreclosure of alterity. Such a politics necessitates the **[4]** _____ of normativity as a structuring logic of embodiment. Only through its unmaking can a post-identitarian ethics of becoming be envisioned—one that privileges contingency over coherence, opacity over transparency, and relational indeterminacy over categorical fixity. In this schema, freedom is not recuperative but **[5]** _____—a rupture from taxonomic legibility, a departure from the logocentric compulsion to be known.

What should come in the place of blank number **[1]**?

praxis-field

ontotheological mirror

diffident

nomos

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84 **In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**

To conceive of gender as ontologically prior or naturally originary is to misrecognize its status as a **[1]** _____, *a semiotic and performative topology whose coherence is secured only through its reiteration across spatial, legal, and psychic apparatuses. Within this regime, embodiment is not merely lived but mediated—filtered through hermeneutic technologies that valorize some corporealities while rendering others abject, deviant, or structurally unintelligible. The state, in tandem with biomedical epistemes and juridico-political grammars, exercises a necropolitical calibration of life itself—where recognition is not a right but a* **[2]** _____, allocated via matrices of intelligibility that are historically contingent and politically fungible. This diposit if renders gender a function of discursive legibility rather than biological inevitability. Resistance, when funneled through these grammars, risks becoming complicit in the very structures it seeks to subvert. Hence, the radical task is not merely to "expand" recognition but to effect a **[3]** _____ of recognition's ontological architecture. This entails refusing the dialectics of inclusion and exclusion that liberal frameworks offer and instead exposing their constitutive foreclosure of alterity. Such a politics necessitates the **[4]** _____ of normativity as a structuring logic of embodiment. Only through its unmaking can a post-identitarian ethics of becoming be envisioned—one that privileges contingency over coherence, opacity over transparency, and relational indeterminacy over categorical fixity. In this schema, freedom is not recuperative but **[5]** _____—a rupture from taxonomic legibility, a departure from the logocentric compulsion to be known.

What should come in the place of blank number **[2]**?

conditionality

succor

presumption

irrevocability

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** To conceive of gender as ontologically prior or naturally originary is to misrecognize its status as a **[1]** _____, *a semiotic and performative topology whose coherence is secured only through its reiteration across spatial, legal, and psychic apparatuses. Within this regime, embodiment is not merely lived but mediated—filtered through hermeneutic technologies that valorize some corporealities while rendering others abject, deviant, or structurally unintelligible. The state, in tandem with biomedical epistemes and juridico-political grammars, exercises a necropolitical calibration of life itself—where recognition is not a right but a* **[2]** _____, allocated via matrices of intelligibility that are historically contingent and politically fungible. This diposit if renders gender a function of discursive legibility rather than biological inevitability. Resistance, when funneled through these grammars, risks becoming complicit in the very structures it seeks to subvert. Hence, the radical task is not merely to "expand" recognition but to effect a **[3]** _____ of recognition's ontological architecture. This entails refusing the dialectics of inclusion and exclusion that liberal frameworks offer and instead exposing their constitutive foreclosure of alterity. Such a politics necessitates the **[4]** _____ of normativity as a structuring logic of embodiment. Only through its unmaking can a post-identitarian ethics of becoming be envisioned—one that privileges contingency over coherence, opacity over transparency, and relational indeterminacy over categorical fixity. In this schema, freedom is not recuperative but **[5]** _____—a rupture from taxonomic legibility, a departure from the logocentric compulsion to be known. What should come in the place of blank number **[3]**?
	reiteration
	destitution emancipation
	interpolation
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** To conceive of gender as ontologically prior or naturally originary is to misrecognize its status as a **[1]** _____, *a semiotic and performative topology whose coherence is secured only through its reiteration across spatial, legal, and psychic apparatuses. Within this regime, embodiment is not merely lived but mediated—filtered through hermeneutic technologies that valorize some corporealities while rendering others abject, deviant, or structurally unintelligible. The state, in tandem with biomedical epistemes and juridico-political grammars, exercises a necropolitical calibration of life itself—where recognition is not a right but a* **[2]** _____, allocated via matrices of intelligibility that are historically contingent and politically fungible. This diposit if renders gender a function of discursive legibility rather than biological inevitability. Resistance, when funneled through these grammars, risks becoming complicit in the very structures it seeks to subvert. Hence, the radical task is not merely to "expand" recognition but to effect a **[3]** _____ of recognition's ontological architecture. This entails refusing the dialectics of inclusion and exclusion that liberal frameworks offer and instead exposing their constitutive foreclosure of alterity. Such a politics necessitates the **[4]** _____ of normativity as a structuring logic of embodiment. Only through its unmaking can a post-identitarian ethics of becoming be envisioned—one that privileges contingency over coherence, opacity over transparency, and relational indeterminacy over categorical fixity. In this schema, freedom is not recuperative but **[5]** _____—a rupture from taxonomic legibility, a departure from the logocentric compulsion to be known. What should come in the place of blank number **[4]**?
	ablation
	concretization immanence
	retrieval

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	**In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:** To conceive of gender as ontologically prior or naturally originary is to misrecognize its status as a **[1]** _____, *a semiotic and performative topology whose coherence is secured only through its reiteration across spatial, legal, and psychic apparatuses. Within this regime, embodiment is not merely lived but mediated—filtered through hermeneutic technologies that valorize some corporealities while rendering others abject, deviant, or structurally unintelligible. The state, in tandem with biomedical epistemes and juridico-political grammars, exercises a necropolitical calibration of life itself—where recognition is not a right but a* **[2]** _____, allocated via matrices of intelligibility that are historically contingent and politically fungible. This diposit if renders gender a function of discursive legibility rather than biological inevitability. Resistance, when funneled through these grammars, risks becoming complicit in the very structures it seeks to subvert. Hence, the radical task is not merely to "expand" recognition but to effect a **[3]** _____ of recognition's ontological architecture. This entails refusing the dialectics of inclusion and exclusion that liberal frameworks offer and instead exposing their constitutive foreclosure of alterity. Such a politics necessitates the **[4]** _____ of normativity as a structuring logic of embodiment. Only through its unmaking can a post-identitarian ethics of becoming be envisioned—one that privileges contingency over coherence, opacity over transparency, and relational indeterminacy over categorical fixity. In this schema, freedom is not recuperative but **[5]** _____—a rupture from taxonomic legibility, a departure from the logocentric compulsion to be known. **What should come in the place of blank number [5]?**
	recuperative
	apophatic
	regulatory
	valorized

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	**Choose the correct article:** She aspires to become _____ UN envoy for climate affairs.
	an
	a
	the
	no article

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	**Select the correct option:** The chief engineer recommended replacing the obsolete part ___ than repairing it.
	rather
	as
	other
	more

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** It's central location (1)/ makes the conference venue (2)/ convenient for delegates (3)/ travelling from different cities. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The suddenness with which the issue escalated (1)/ took not only the negotiators but also the observers (2)/ by surprise who were expecting (3)/ a gradual resolution process. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** Does the statute bind municipal councils to such obligations?
	Have municipal councils been bound by the statute to such obligations?
	Were municipal councils being bound by the statute to such obligations?
	Are municipal councils bound by the statute to such obligations?
	Do municipal councils are bound by the statute to such obligations?

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The philosopher cited a rare **aporia** in the text.
	The reader encountered aporia in the Platonic dialogue.
	The critic interpreted aporia as a poetic device.
	The engineer measured the bridge's aporia in millimeters.
	The aporia indicated a contradiction in logic.

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The guests were being served refreshments by the host.
	The host has served refreshments to the guests.
	The host serves refreshments to the guests.
	The host had been serving refreshments to the guests.
	The host was serving refreshments to the guests.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: I ***met him yesterday night*** at the party.
	had met him last night

	meet him yesterday night
	met him last night
	was meeting him last night

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She has a car, ***isn't it?***
	doesn't she?
	hasn't she?
	isn't she?
	has she not?

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.** The historian observed that the records had been tampered with.
	The historian said, "Someone tampered with the records."
	The historian said, "The records had been tampered with." He said, "The records are tampered with."
	He observed, "The records are fake."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** I said, "Let us start early."
	I said let us start early.
	I told that we must start early.
	I suggested that we should start early.
	I suggested us to start early.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. International space law governs satellite placement and liability. 2. Treaties emerged during the Cold War to prevent militarization. 3. New challenges include space debris and commercial mining. 4. Regulation needs adaptation to current realities.
	2-1-3-4
	1-3-4-2
	1-2-3-4
	3-2-1-4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This ensures fairness and minimizes potential conflicts. 2. Conflict resolution is an essential skill in any workplace. 3. It involves active listening and seeking common ground. 4. Training in this area improves team dynamics.
	2-1-3-4
	2-3-1-4
	2-4-1-3
	3-4-2-1

SSC ONLINE EXAMINATION

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. House No. 71, Rose Villa,Mallital, Nainital,Uttarakhand - 263002 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। House No. 71, Rose Villa,Mallital, Nainital,Uttarakhand - 263002
	House No. 71, Rose Villa, Mallital, Nainital, Punjab - 263002 House No. 71, Rose Villa, Mallital, Nainital, Punjab - 263002
	House No. 71, Rose Villa, Mallital, Nainital, Jammu & Kashmir - 263002 House No. 71, Rose Villa, Mallital, Nainital, Jammu & Kashmir - 263002
	House No. 71, Rose Villa, Mallital, Nainital, Uttarakhand - 263002 House No. 71, Rose Villa, Mallital, Nainital, Uttarakhand - 263002
	House No. 71, Rose Villa, Mallital, Nainital, Himachal Pradesh - 263002 House No. 71, Rose Villa, Mallital, Nainital, Himachal Pradesh - 263002

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2	In a series of seminars held daily from 11^{th} to 18^{th} Feb, Calicut – 18^{th} Feb 2022, Patna – 12^{th}Feb 2022, Tiruchirappalli – 17^{th} Feb 2022, Raipur – 11^{th} Feb 2022, Rourkela –14^{th}Feb 2022 Jamshedpur – 13^{th} Feb 2022, Durgapur – 15^{th} Feb 2022, Warangal –16^{th} Feb 2022 Arrange the following cities in order of their seminar dates (earliest to latest):Warangal, Raipur, Jamshedpur, Patna 11 से 18 फरवरी तक प्रतिदिन आयोजित होने वाले सेमिनारों की श्रृंखला में, कलीकट – 18 फरवरी 2022, पटना – 12 फरवरी 2022, तिरुचिरापल्ली – 17 फरवरी 2022, रायपुर – 11 फरवरी 2022, राउरकेला – 14 फरवरी 2022 जमशेदपुर – 13 फरवरी 2022, दुर्गापुर – 15 फरवरी 2022, वारंगल – 16 फरवरी 2022 निम्नलिखित शहरों को उनकी सेमिनार तारीखों (सबसे पहले से लेकर सबसे बाद तक) के क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें: वारंगल, रायपुर, जमशेदपुर, पटना
	Raipur, Jamshedpur, Patna, Warangal रायपुर, जमशेदपुर, पटना, वारंगल
	Raipur, Patna, Jamshedpur, Warangal रायपुर, पटना, जमशेदपुर, वारंगल
	Jamshedpur, Patna, Raipur, Warangal जमशेदपुर, पटना, रायपुर, वारंगल
	Raipur, Warangal, Patna, Jamshedpur रायपुर, वारंगल, पटना, जमशेदपुर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	Find the number that can replace question mark (?) in the series given below. 20, 62, 189, 571, 1718, ? नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर आने वाली संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 20, 62, 189, 571, 1718, ?
	5160 5160
	5168 5168
	4660 4660
	4659 4659

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	Find the missing number. 24, 35, 46, 57, ?, 79 लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 24, 35, 46, 57, ?, 79
	67 67
	69 69
	68 68
	70 70

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	Find the smallest number which, when divided by 6, 8, and 10, leaves a remainder of 5 in each case. वह सबसे छोटी संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए जिसे 6, 8 और 10 से विभाजित करने पर प्रत्येक स्थिति में शेष 5 बचे।

	75 75
	125 125
	865 865
	475 475

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	If 3 → 12, 4 → 20, then 5 → ? अगर 3 → 12, 4 → 20, तो 5 → ?
	25 25
	30 30
	28 28
	32 32

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	Let a% b = a + b + ab Then 2 % 3 = ? मान लीजिए a% b = a + b + ab तो 2% 3 = ?
	11 11
	10 10
	9 9
	12 12

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	Select the different one. अलग वाला चुनें।
	VLC Media Player वीएलसी मीडिया प्लेयर
	Firefox फायरफॉक्स
	Edge एज
	Chrome क्रोम

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	In a certain code language, 'stop cool cream brick' is coded as 'at bt ct mt', 'through truck cool' is coded as 'vt kt at' and 'brick clear truck' is coded as 'ct ot kt'. How will 'stop clear cream' be coded in the same language? एक निश्चित कोड भाषा में, 'stop cool cream brick' को 'at bt ct mt', 'through truck cool' को 'vt kt at' और 'brick clear truck' को 'ct ot kt' के रूप में कोड किया जाता है। उसी भाषा में 'stop clear cream' को कैसे कोड किया जाएगा? at, ct, mt at, ct, mt
	bt, ot, mt bt, ot, mt
	vt, ot, mt vt, ot, mt
	ct, at, kt ct, at, kt

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	Find the value of 25% of 640 + 30% of 800 640 का 25% + 800 का 30% का मान ज्ञात कीजिए 320 320
	340 340
	360 360
	400 400

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	Find the missing number: **196 : 256 :: 324 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **196 : 256 :: 324 : ?**
	400 400
	380 380
	441 441
	341 341

Question No.: 12 already challenged.

Q.No: 12	How many of these roll numbers are **palindromes**? List: **123321, 654456, 112211, 123456** दिए गए रोल नंबरों में से कितने **पलिंड्रोम** (पलटने पर भी वही संख्या) हैं? सूची: **123321, 654456, 112211, 123456**
	1 1
	2 2
	3 3
	4 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All games are entertainment. All entertainment is fun. **Conclusions:** I. All games are fun II. Some fun is entertainment. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: सभी खेल मनोरंजन हैं। सभी मनोरंजन मौज-मस्ती है। निष्कर्ष: I. सभी खेल मौज-मस्ती हैं। II. कुछ मौज-मस्ती मनोरंजन है।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All lions are wild. Some wild are dangerous. No dangerous is tame. **Conclusions:** I. Some wild are not tame. II. Some lions are not tame. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: सभी शेर जंगली होते हैं। कुछ जंगली खतरनाक होते हैं। कोई भी खतरनाक पालतू नहीं होता। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ जंगली पालतू नहीं होते। II. कुछ शेर पालतू नहीं होते।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	What comes next in the series? Z, W, S, N, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? Z, W, S, N, ?
	H H
	I I J J
	K K

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	Which number does not belong? 2, 6, 18, 54, 162, 325 इनमें से कौन सी संख्या इस श्रृंखला से संबंधित नहीं है? 2, 6, 18, 54, 162, 325
	18 18
	162 162
	54 54
	325 325

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	The letters given below, when they are arranged, form an appropriate (Meaningful) word. A V S E B O R I N T O What is the position of letter R in the word formed from the left? नीचे दिए गए अक्षरों को व्यवस्थित करने पर एक उपयुक्त (सार्थक) शब्द बनता है। A V S E B O R I N T O नए बने शब्द में अक्षर R बाएँ से किस स्थान पर है?
	7 7
	6 6
	5 5
	8 8
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	Find the next number. 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर आने वाला विकल्प ज्ञात करें। 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, ?
	6 6

	7 7
	8 8
	9 9

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	If "LINCOLN" is written as "JGLAMJL", how will "OBAMA" be written? यदि "LINCOLN" को "JGLAMJL" लिखा जाता है, तो "OBAMA" को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	MZYKY MZYKY
	NZXJZ NZXJZ
	MBZJY MBZJY
	NZXLZ NZXLZ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	What comes next? KJ, LI, MH, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? KJ, LI, MH, ?
	QD QD
	PE PE
	NG NG
	OF OF

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	The length of a rectangle is increased by 10%, and its width is decreased by 10%. What is the net percentage change in the area of the rectangle? एक आयत की लंबाई 10% बढ़ा दी जाती है और चौड़ाई 10% घटा दी जाती है। आयत के क्षेत्रफल में कुल प्रतिशत परिवर्तन क्या है?
	−1% −1%
	0% 0%
	1% 1%
	−2% −2%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	If 'COLD' is coded as 'DPME', how is 'HEAT' coded? यदि 'COLD' को 'DPME' के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो 'HEAT' को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	IFBU IFBU
	GZBU GZBU

	HGZU HGZU IDBU IDBU

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	A train 150 m long is running at 54 km/h. How long will it take to cross a pole? 150 मीटर लंबी एक रेलगाड़ी 54 किमी/घंटा की गति से चल रही है। एक खंभे को पार करने में उसे कितना समय लगेगा?
	10 sec 10 सेकंड
	12 sec 12 सेकंड
	15 sec 15 सेकंड
	5 sec 5 सेकंड

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	If MONEY is coded as NPOFZ, how is NPOFZ coded? यदि MONEY को NPOFZ लिखा जाता है, तो NPOFZ को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	OQPGZ OQPGZ
	OQPGA OQPGA
	OQPGC OQPGC
	NPQGZ NPQGZ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	In a certain code, BEAR is written as YVZI. How is LION written in that code? एक निश्चित कोड में, BEAR को YVZI लिखा जाता है। उसी कोड में LION को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	ORLM ORLM
	KJOL KJOL
	MJOL MJOL
	NJOL NJOL

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Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**24 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	What makes the SSLV (Small Satellite Launch Vehicle) distinct from PSLV and GSLV? एसएसएलवी (लघु उपग्रह प्रक्षेपण यान) को पीएसएलवी और जीएसएलवी से अलग क्या बनाता है?
	It uses a hybrid liquid-solid engine इसमें हाइब्रिड लिक्विड-सॉलिड इंजन का उपयोग किया गया है
	It is designed for on-demand, low-cost launches इसे ऑन-डिमांड, कम लागत वाले लॉन्च के लिए डिज़ाइन किया गया है
	It operates from a sea-based platform यह समुद्र आधारित प्लेटफॉर्म से संचालित होता है
	It can only launch foreign satellites यह केवल विदेशी उपग्रहों को ही प्रक्षेपित कर सकता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	When was the concept of QUAD first proposed? क्वाड की अवधारणा पहली बार कब प्रस्तावित की गई थी?
	2004 2004
	2007 2007

	2017 2017
	2020 2020

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	The "Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme" has been introduced for various sectors in India. What is the primary goal behind the implementation of this scheme? भारत में विभिन्न क्षेत्रों के लिए "उत्पादन से जुड़ी प्रोत्साहन (पीएलआई) योजना" शुरू की गई है। इस योजना के कार्यान्वयन के पीछे प्राथमिक लक्ष्य क्या है?
	To reduce the fiscal deficit of the government. सरकार के राजकोषीय घाटे को कम करना।
	To boost domestic manufacturing and attract investments. घरेलू विनिर्माण को बढ़ावा देना और निवेश आकर्षित करना।
	To promote exports of agricultural commodities. कृषि वस्तुओं के निर्यात को बढ़ावा देना।
	To improve the skill development of the workforce. कार्यबल के कौशल विकास में सुधार करना।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	The famous Meenakshi Temple in Madurai is known for which architectural feature? मदुरै स्थित प्रसिद्ध मीनाक्षी मंदिर किस वास्तुशिल्प विशेषता के लिए जाना जाता है?
	White marble walls सफ़ेद संगमरमर की दीवारें
	Hidden underground shrines छिपे हुए भूमिगत मंदिर
	Shikhara covered in gold सोने से ढका हुआ शिखर
	Gigantic Gopurams (gateway towers) विशाल गोपुरम (गेटवे टावर)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	Which American author received the Pulitzer Prize for "Beloved" and was later awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1993? किस अमेरिकी लेखक को "बिलव्ड" के लिए पुलित्ज़र पुरस्कार मिला और बाद में 1993 में साहित्य में नोबेल पुरस्कार से सम्मानित किया गया?
	Toni Morrison टोनी मॉरिसन
	Alice Walker ऐलिस वॉकर
	Maya Angelou माया एंजेलो
	Zora Neale Hurston ज़ोरा नील हर्स्टन
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	In which Asian Games did India first win a gold medal in athletics? किस एशियाई खेलों में भारत ने पहली बार एथलेटिक्स में स्वर्ण पदक जीता था?
	1951

	1951
	1962 1962
	1970 1970
	1982 1982
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	The Simon Commission, appointed in 1927, was boycotted by the Indian National Congress because: 1927 में नियुक्त साइमन कमीशन का भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कांग्रेस द्वारा बहिष्कार किया गया था क्योंकि:
	It recommended the immediate granting of full independence to India. इसने भारत को तत्काल पूर्ण स्वतंत्रता प्रदान करने की सिफारिश की।
	It proposed the complete abolition of separate electorates. इसमें पृथक निर्वाचिका मंडल को पूर्णत: समाप्त करने का प्रस्ताव किया गया।
	It did not include any Indian members. इसमें कोई भी भारतीय सदस्य शामिल नहीं था।
	It advocated for the continuation of dyarchy in the province इसने प्रांत में द्वैध शासन व्यवस्था जारी रखने की वकालत की।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	What does the term "Zero FIR" imply under the new law? नए कानून के तहत "जीरो एफआईआर" शब्द का क्या अर्थ है?
	FIR can be filed at any police station, regardless of jurisdiction एफआईआर किसी भी पुलिस स्टेशन में दर्ज की जा सकती है, चाहे उसका अधिकार क्षेत्र कुछ भी हो
	FIR can be withdrawn at zero cost एफआईआर शून्य लागत पर वापस ली जा सकती है
	FIR can be digitally deleted if not verified एफआईआर सत्यापित न होने पर डिजिटल रूप से हटाई जा सकती है
	FIR can be filed without police verification पुलिस सत्यापन के बिना भी दर्ज हो सकती है एफआईआर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	Who was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Government e-Marketplace (GeM) in March 2025? मार्च 2025 में सरकारी ई-मार्केटप्लेस (जीईएम) के मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी (सीईओ) के रूप में किसे नियुक्त किया गया?
	Ajay Bhadoo अजय भादू
	Rajneet Kohli राजनीत कोहली
	Dr. Ajit Ratnakar Joshi डॉ. अजीत रत्नाकर जोशी
	Anju Rathi Rana अंजू राठी राणा
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	Who among the following is NOT a disciple of Buddha? निम्नलिखित में से कौन बुद्ध का शिष्य नहीं है? Ananda आनंदा
	Upali उपली
	Sariputta सारिपुट्टा
	Susima सुसिमा
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	Consider the following statements regarding the production of bauxite in India. 1. In India, the largest deposits of bauxite occur in the Dharwar rock systems. 2. Jharkhand is the largest producer of bauxite in India. 3. Most of the bauxite is found in the laterite rocks on the plateau or hill ranges of the peninsula. Which of the statement(s) given above is/are INCORRECT? भारत में बॉक्साइट के उत्पादन के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें। 1. भारत में, बॉक्साइट का सबसे बड़ा भंडार धारवाड़ चट्टान प्रणालियों में पाया जाता है। 2. झारखंड भारत में बॉक्साइट का सबसे बड़ा उत्पादक है। 3. अधिकांश बॉक्साइट प्रायद्वीप के पठार या पहाड़ी श्रृंखलाओं पर लेटराइट चट्टानों में पाया जाता है। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा/से गलत है/हैं?
	1 only केवल 1
	2 only केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	3 only केवल 3
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	Which musical form is described as having a 'sombre atmosphere' and emphasizing rhythm? किस संगीत शैली को 'गंभीर वातावरण' वाला और लय पर जोर देने वाला बताया गया है?
	Khyal ख्याल
	Dhrupad ध्रुपद
	Thumri ठुमरी
	Tappa टप्पा
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38 The dispersed rural settlements can be found predominantly in which of the following areas of India?

1. In the Bundelkhand region of central India
2. In the state of Chhattisgarh
3. In the lower plains of the River Ganga
4. In the hilly states of Uttarakhand and Himachal Pradesh

Select the CORRECT answer using the code given below:

भारत के निम्नलिखित में से किस क्षेत्र में बिखरी हुई ग्रामीण बस्तियाँ मुख्य रूप से पाई जा सकती हैं?

1. मध्य भारत के बुंदेलखंड क्षेत्र में
2. छत्तीसगढ़ राज्य में
3. गंगा नदी के निचले मैदानों में
4. उत्तराखंड और हिमाचल प्रदेश के पहाड़ी राज्यों में

नीचे दिए गए कोड का उपयोग करके सही उत्तर चुनें:

1, 2 and 3 only

केवल 1, 2 और 3

1 and 4 only

केवल 1 और 4

1, 2, 3 and 4

1, 2, 3 और 4

4 only

केवल 4

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39 Which of the following statements **is/are correct?**

Statement 1: British colonial Indian architecture has prominently adopted the utilization of lime mortar as well as extensive foundation platforms.

Statement 2: These design methods enabled the incorporation of arches, domes, and large collonaded verandas in public structures.

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है/हैं?

कथन 1: ब्रिटिश औपनिवेशिक भारतीय वास्तुकला ने चूने के गारे के साथ-साथ व्यापक नींव प्लेटफार्मों के उपयोग को प्रमुखता से अपनाया है।

कथन 2: इन डिजाइन विधियों ने सार्वजनिक संरचनाओं में मेहराब, गुंबद और बड़े स्तंभों वाले बरामदों को शामिल करना संभव बनाया।

Both statements are correct, and Statement 2 correctly explains Statement 1.

दोनों कथन सही हैं, तथा कथन 2, कथन 1 को सही ढंग से स्पष्ट करता है।

Both statements are correct, but Statement 2 does not correctly explains Statement 1.

दोनों कथन सही हैं, लेकिन कथन 2 कथन 1 को सही ढंग से स्पष्ट नहीं करता है।

Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is incorrect.

कथन 1 सत्य है, कथन 2 गलत है।

Both statements 1 and 2 are incorrect.

कथन 1 और 2 दोनों गलत हैं।

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	Consider the following statements about Boxing techniques and training: 1) Offensive boxing actions include "Straight Left to the Body" and "Right Uppercut to the Head". 2) Methods like "Shadow Boxing" and "Mirror Boxing" are used for developing boxing techniques. 3) The four boxing distances or ranges are Long Distance, Medium Distance, Close Distance, and Infighting. Which of the above statements is/are **correct?** मुक्केबाजी तकनीक और प्रशिक्षण के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1) आक्रामक मुक्केबाजी क्रियाओं में "शरीर पर सीधा बायाँ प्रहार" और "सिर पर दायाँ अपरकट" शामिल है। 2) मुक्केबाजी तकनीक विकसित करने के लिए "शैडो बॉक्सिंग" और "मिरर बॉक्सिंग" जैसी विधियों का उपयोग किया जाता है। 3) चार मुक्केबाजी दूरियाँ या रेंज हैं लंबी दूरी, मध्यम दूरी, नज़दीकी दूरी और इनफ़ाइटिंग। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा **सही** है/हैं?
	Only 1 and 2 are Correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are Correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं।
	1, 2 and 3 are Correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	In historical texts, Baji Rao I is popularly referred to as: ऐतिहासिक ग्रंथों में बाजी राव प्रथम को लोकप्रिय रूप से इस नाम से संदर्भित किया गया है:
	Peshwa Vishwajeet पेशवा विश्वजीत
	Balaji Rao बालाजी राव
	Baji Rao Ballal बाजी राव बल्लाल
	Shahu's Commander शाहू का सेनापति
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	How many sports disciplines are included in the 2nd edition of the Khelo India Para Games 2025? खेलो इंडिया पैरा गेम्स 2025 के दूसरे संस्करण में कितने खेल शामिल हैं?
	4 4
	5 5
	6 6
	7 7
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	Which type of radioactive decay results in an increase in the atomic number of the parent nucleus by one, while keeping the mass number unchanged? किस प्रकार के रेडियोधर्मी क्षय के परिणामस्वरूप मूल नाभिक की परमाणु संख्या में एक की वृद्धि होती है, जबकि द्रव्यमान संख्या अपरिवर्तित रहती है?
	Alpha decay अल्फा क्षय

	Beta-minus decay बीटा-माइनस क्षय
	Beta-plus decay बीटा-प्लस क्षय
	Gamma decay गामा क्षय
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	**Fill in the Blank:** Panthi dancers wear _____ during performance. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** पंथी नर्तक प्रदर्शन के दौरान _____ पहनते हैं।
	Kurta कुर्ता
	Dhoti धोती
	Saree साड़ी
	Lungi लुंगी
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	The Corruption Perception Index (CPI) 2024 is released by which global civil society organization? भ्रष्टाचार धारणा सूचकांक (CPI) 2024 किस वैश्विक नागरिक समाज संगठन द्वारा जारी किया जाता है?
	World Bank विश्व बैंक
	Transparency International ट्रांसपेरेंसी इंटरनेशनल
	UNODC यूएनओडीसी
	OECD ओईसीडी
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	**Consider the following statements about the impact of foreign trade on aggregate demand in India:** **Statement 1:** Imports by Indian consumers act as a leakage from the circular flow of income hence reducing aggregate demand. **Statement 2:** Exports from India to foreign markets act as an injection into the circular flow, increasing aggregate demand. भारत में समग्र माँग पर विदेशी व्यापार के प्रभाव के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: कथन 1: भारतीय उपभोक्ताओं द्वारा आयात, आय के चक्रीय प्रवाह में रिसाव का कार्य करता है, जिससे समग्र माँग कम हो जाती है। कथन 2: भारत से विदेशी बाज़ारों में निर्यात, चक्रीय प्रवाह में एक इंजेक्शन के रूप में कार्य करता है, जिससे समग्र माँग बढ़ती है।
	Only Statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only Statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct कथन 1 और कथन 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither Statement 1 nor Statement 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही कथन 2 सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	What was the main focus of the First Five-Year Plan? प्रथम पंचवर्षीय योजना का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या था?
	Heavy Industries भारी उद्योग
	Agriculture कृषि
	Urbanization शहरीकरण
	Information Technology सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	The trio of Binoy, Badal, and Dinesh are remembered for their daring armed attack on which building, a symbol of British administration in Calcutta? बिनॉय, बादल और दिनेश की तिकड़ी को कलकत्ता में ब्रिटिश प्रशासन के प्रतीक, किस इमारत पर उनके साहसी सशस्त्र हमले के लिए याद किया जाता है?
	Victoria Memorial विक्टोरिया मेमोरियल
	Fort William फोर्ट विलियम
	Writers' Building राइटर्स बिल्डिंग
	Howrah Station हावड़ा स्टेशन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	Rani Gaidinliu, a prominent freedom fighter, is best known for her leadership in which movement during British India? रानी गाइदिन्ल्यू, एक प्रमुख स्वतंत्रता सेनानी, ब्रिटिश भारत के दौरान किस आंदोलन में अपने नेतृत्व के लिए जानी जाती हैं?
	Joined the Heraka movement, mobilizing Naga tribes against British missionaries हेराका आंदोलन में शामिल होकर, ब्रिटिश मिशनरियों के खिलाफ नागा जनजातियों को संगठित किया
	Peasant uprising in Bengal against zamindari oppression. बंगाल में जमींदारी उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध किसान विद्रोह।
	Armed revolt in Punjab supporting the Ghadar Party's cause गदर पार्टी के समर्थन में पंजाब में सशस्त्र विद्रोह
	Non-cooperation movement led by Mahatma Gandhi in Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश में महात्मा गांधी के नेतृत्व में असहयोग आंदोलन
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). **Assertion (A):** WTO encourages free and fair trade across nations. **Reason (R):** It allows countries to impose arbitrary restrictions to protect domestic industries. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के संबंध में सही विकल्प चुनिए। **अभिकथन (A):** विश्व व्यापार संगठन राष्ट्रों के बीच मुक्त और निष्पक्ष व्यापार को प्रोत्साहित करता है। **कारण (R):** यह देशों को घरेलू उद्योगों की सुरक्षा के लिए मनमाने प्रतिबंध लगाने की अनुमति देता है।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false but R is true. A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51	What will take the place of "?" in the given equation: $\frac{?}{\sqrt{81}} = \frac{\sqrt{121}}{10+1}$ दिए गए समीकरण में "?" के स्थान पर क्या आएगा: $\frac{?}{\sqrt{81}} = \frac{\sqrt{121}}{10+1}$
	7 7
	8 8
	9 9
	4 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52	What will the ratio be of the simple interest earned on a given amount at the same interest rate over 6 years compared to that earned over 9 years? किसी दी गई राशि पर समान ब्याज दर पर 6 वर्षों में अर्जित साधारण ब्याज का 9 वर्षों में अर्जित साधारण ब्याज से अनुपात क्या होगा?
	1:3 1:3
	1:4 1:4

	2:3 2:3
	None of these इनमें से कोई नहीं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53	A train covers 216 km in 3 hours. What is its average speed in meters per second? एक रेलगाड़ी 3 घंटे में 216 किमी की दूरी तय करती है। मीटर प्रति सेकंड में इसकी औसत गति क्या है?
	29 m/s 29 मीटर/सेकंड
	30 m/s 30 मीटर/सेकंड
	20 m/sec 20 मीटर/सेकंड
	25 m/s 25 मीटर/सेकंड

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54	Two ships positioned on opposite sides of a lighthouse observe the angles of elevation to the top of the lighthouse, which are 30° and 45° respectively. Given that the height of the lighthouse is 100 meters, determine the distance between the two ships. दो जहाज एक लाइटहाउस के विपरीत दिशाओं में स्थित हैं। दोनों जहाजों से लाइटहाउस के शीर्ष के उन्नयन कोण क्रमशः 30° और 45° हैं। लाइटहाउस की ऊँचाई 100 मीटर है। दोनों जहाजों के बीच की दूरी ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$100(\sqrt{3}-1)$ m $100(\sqrt{3}-1)$ मीटर
	$100\sqrt{3}$ m $100\sqrt{3}$ मीटर
	$100(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}+1)$ m $100(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}+1)$ मीटर
	$100(\sqrt{3}+1)$ m $100(\sqrt{3}+1)$ मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A bathroom floor measures 3.5 m in length and 2 m in width. One of its walls, which is to be tiled fully, measures 2 m in length and 2.5 m in height. If square tiles of side 25 cm are used, and an extra 12% of tiles are purchased to cover cuts and wastage, how many tiles are needed in total? एक बाथरूम के फर्श की लंबाई 3.5 मीटर और चौड़ाई 2 मीटर है। इसकी एक दीवार, जिस पर पूरी तरह से टाइल लगाई जानी है, 2 मीटर लंबी और 2.5 मीटर ऊँची है। यदि 25 सेमी भुजा वाली वर्गाकार टाइलें इस्तेमाल की जाएँ, और कटने और बर्बादी को ढकने के लिए 12% अतिरिक्त टाइलें खरीदी जाएँ, तो कुल कितनी टाइलों की ज़रूरत होगी?
	90 90
	85 85
	75 75
	80 80

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	If two partners invest for the same period but share profits in 2:3, and the total profit is Rs. 15,000, what is the capital of the second partner if the first invested Rs. 10,000? अगर दो साझेदार समान अवधि के लिए निवेश करते हैं लेकिन लाभ को 2:3 में बांटते हैं, और कुल लाभ 15,000 रुपये है, तो दूसरे साझेदार की पूंजी क्या है अगर पहले साझेदार ने 10,000 रुपये का निवेश किया है?
	Rs. 15,000 15,000 रुपये
	Rs. 20,000 20,000 रुपये
	Rs. 25,000 25,000 रुपये
	Rs. 18,000 18,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	If the interior angle of a regular polygon is k times its exterior angle, express the number of sides (n) of the polygon in terms of k. यदि किसी नियमित बहुभुज का आंतरिक कोण उसके बाह्य कोण का k गुना है, तो बहुभुज की भुजाओं की संख्या (n) को k के रूप में व्यक्त करें।
	$2k + 4$ $2k + 4$
	$2k - 4$ $2k - 4$
	$2k + 2$ $2k + 2$
	$4k - 3$ $4k - 3$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	A man spends 75% of his income. Due to inflation, his expenses increase by 20%, and his income increases by 10%. What is the percentage change in his savings? एक व्यक्ति अपनी आय का 75% खर्च करता है। मुद्रास्फीति के कारण, उसके खर्च में 20% की वृद्धि होती है और उसकी आय में 10% की वृद्धि होती है। उसकी बचत में कितने प्रतिशत परिवर्तन हुआ?
	30% decrease 30% की कमी
	40% decrease 40% की कमी
	10% decrease 10% की कमी
	20% decrease 20% की कमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	A square tile of area 225 cm^2 is cut into two equal rectangular tiles. What will be the perimeter of each new tile? 225 वर्ग सेमी क्षेत्रफल वाली एक वर्गाकार टाइल को दो बराबर आयताकार टाइलों में काटा जाता है। प्रत्येक नई टाइल का परिमाप क्या होगा?
	38 cm 38 सेमी
	42 cm 42 सेमी
	44 cm 44 सेमी

45 cm

45 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60 A box has 120 pencils in red, blue, and black in the ratio 2:3:5. If 10 red and 20 black pencils are removed, what is the new ratio of red to black pencils?

एक डिब्बे में लाल, नीली और काली रंग की 120 पेंसिलें हैं जिनका अनुपात 2:3:5 है। अगर 10 लाल और 20 काली पेंसिलें निकाल दी जाएँ, तो लाल और काली पेंसिलों का नया अनुपात क्या होगा?

1:2

1:2

3:5

3:5

13:15

13:15

7:20

7:20

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61 Two similar hexagons have their perimeters in the ratio 5:7. If the smaller hexagon has an area of 75 cm^2, what is the area of the larger hexagon?

दो समरूप षट्भुजों का परिमाप 5:7 के अनुपात में है। अगर छोटे षट्भुज का क्षेत्रफल 75 cm^2 है, तो बड़े षट्भुज का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?

147 cm^2

147 cm^2

125 cm^2

125 cm^2

130 cm^2

130 cm^2

159 cm^2

159 cm^2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62 A shopkeeper bought 100 pens at Rs 10 each. He sold 60 pens at 20% profit and the rest at 10% loss. What is the overall profit or loss percentage?

एक दुकानदार ने 10 रुपये प्रति पेन की दर से 100 पेन खरीदे। उसने 60 पेन 20% लाभ पर और बाकी 10% हानि पर बेचे। कुल लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत क्या है?

2% profit

2% लाभ

1% loss

1% हानि

3% loss

3% हानि

8% profit

8% लाभ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63 The average of 12 results is 75. If the top two results are excluded, the average becomes 72. What is the average of the top two results?

12 परिणामों का औसत 75 है। अगर शीर्ष दो परिणामों को हटा दिया जाए, तो औसत 72 हो जाता है। शीर्ष दो परिणामों का औसत क्या है?

90

90

	84 84 96 96
	99 99

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	A seller gives a 20% discount and charges 18% GST on the discounted price. On a Rs. 2000 item, how much is payable? एक विक्रेता 20% की छूट देता है और छूट वाली कीमत पर 18% GST वसूलता है। 2000 रुपये की वस्तु पर कितना भुगतान करना होगा?
	Rs. 1888 1888 रुपये
	Rs. 1892 1892 रुपये
	Rs. 1896 1896 रुपये
	Rs. 1900 1900 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	What is the length of a diagonal of a rectangle with length 24 cm and width 10 cm? 24 सेंटीमीटर लंबाई और 10 सेंटीमीटर चौड़ाई वाले एक आयत के विकर्ण की लंबाई क्या है?
	32 cm 32 सेंटीमीटर
	28 cm 28 सेंटीमीटर
	26 cm 26 सेंटीमीटर
	24 cm 24 सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	A shopkeeper offers a festival deal, "Flat Rs. 150 off on every purchase above Rs. 1000." What is the effective discount percentage if a buyer purchases an item marked Rs. 1200? एक दुकानदार त्योहारी डील देता है, "1000 रुपये से ऊपर की हर खरीद पर 150 रुपये की छूट।" अगर कोई खरीदार 1200 रुपये की वस्तु खरीदता है तो प्रभावी छूट प्रतिशत क्या है?
	12.5% 12.5%
	15.5% 15.5%
	10.25% 10.25%
	11.25% 11.25%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	Sudarshan can copy 50 pages in 10 hours; Sudarshan and Prakash together can copy 300 pages in 40 hours. In how much time can Prakash copy 25 pages? सुदर्शन 10 घंटे में 50 पृष्ठ कॉपी कर सकता है; सुदर्शन और प्रकाश मिलकर 40 घंटे में 300 पृष्ठ कॉपी कर सकते हैं। प्रकाश 25 पृष्ठ कितने समय में कॉपी कर सकता है?
	10 hours

	10 घंटे
	12 hours 12 घंटे
	15 hours 15 घंटे
	8 hours 8 घंटे

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	The average of three numbers is 35. The first number is 20% more than the second, and the third is 20% less than the second. What is the second number? तीन संख्याओं का औसत 35 है। पहली संख्या दूसरी से 20% अधिक है और तीसरी संख्या दूसरी से 20% कम है। दूसरी संख्या क्या है?
	35 35
	36 36
	37.5 37.5
	40 40

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	If $secA-tanA = \frac{1}{3}$, then what is the value of $secA + tanA$? यदि $secA-tanA = \frac{1}{3}$, तो $secA + tanA$ का मान क्या है?
	9 9
	3 3
	4 4
	1 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	A 30-litre mixture of oil and kerosene contains oil and kerosene in the ratio 2:1. Some quantity of kerosene is added, changing the ratio to 1:2. What is the quantity of kerosene added? तेल और मिट्टी के तेल के 30 लीटर मिश्रण में तेल और मिट्टी के तेल का अनुपात 2:1 है। इसमें थोड़ी मात्रा में मिट्टी का तेल मिलाया जाता है जिससे अनुपात 1:2 हो जाता है। मिलाए गए मिट्टी के तेल की मात्रा कितनी है?
	30 L 30 लीटर
	40 L 40 लीटर
	35 L 35 लीटर
	45 L 45 लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	What is $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ radians in degrees? क्या है $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ रेडियन डिग्री में?

	45° 45° 60° 60°
	90° 90°
	135° 135°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	If sin(x) = cos(3x − 30°), what is the value of x? यदि sin(x) = cos(3x − 30°) है, तो x का मान क्या है?
	30° 30°
	25° 25°
	18° 18°
	20° 20°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	If a triangle has an obtuse angle, where is its Circumcenter located? यदि किसी त्रिभुज में अधिक कोण है, तो उसका परिकेन्द्र कहाँ स्थित होगा?
	On the longest side of the triangle. त्रिभुज की सबसे लम्बी भुजा पर।
	On the vertex of the obtuse angle. अधिक कोण के शीर्ष पर।
	Inside the triangle. त्रिभुज के अंदर.
	Outside the triangle. त्रिभुज के बाहर.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	In a circle with center O, chords AB and CD are equal in length. If the distance from O to AB is 8 cm, what is the distance from O to CD? केंद्र O वाले एक वृत्त में, जीवाएँ AB और CD बराबर लंबाई की हैं। यदि O से AB की दूरी 8 सेमी है, तो O से CD की दूरी क्या है?
	4 cm 4 सेमी
	8 cm 8सेमी
	16 cm 16सेमी 12 cm 12 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A circle that has a diameter of 10 centimeters.. A line is tangent to the circle. What is the angle between the tangent and the diameter at the point of contact? एक वृत्त जिसका व्यास 10 सेंटीमीटर है। एक रेखा वृत्त पर स्पर्श रेखा है। स्पर्श बिंदु पर स्पर्श रेखा और व्यास के बीच का कोण क्या है?

	30^0
	30^0
	45^0
	45^0
	90^0
	90^0
	180^0
	180^0

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. His _____ remarks showed a blatant disregard for professional courtesy.
	caustic
	causstic
	caustick
	causticc

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77	Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article. While _____ notion of progress remains central to modern discourse, _____ definition of what constitutes true advancement varies significantly across cultures.
	a, the
	the, a
	a, a

	the, the

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **FESTIVITY**
	Silence
	Argument
	Disappointment
	Celebration

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Recalcitrance**
	Defiance
	Compliance
	Resistance
	Rebellion

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Jump the shark**
	To take unnecessary risk
	To betray someone close
	To reach a peak and begin to decline
	To grow rapidly

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Not in my line**
	Beyond my authority
	Not related to my area of expertise
	Not aligned with my values
	Below my status

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82	Find the **correct spelling** for a word that means calm under pressure.
	Equanimitie
	Equanemmity
	Equanimity

	Equanemity

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83	Spot the **correct spelling** of a rare literary term. Palimsest
	Palimpsast
	Palimpsest
	Palimpsist

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who hates marriage'.
	Misogamist
	Misogynist
	Philanderer
	Celibate

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: Something mysterious or difficult to understand
	Myth
	Paradox
	Enigma
	Anomaly

Question No.: 86 already challenged.

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Being largely ignored in the early discussions, (1)/ the revised charter was again subjected (2)/ to reviews by external experts (3)/ who had earlier flagged similar inconsistencies. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** They had not been considering alternative scenarios sufficiently.
	Alternative scenarios had not had been considered sufficiently.
	Alternative scenarios were not being considered sufficiently.

	Alternative scenarios had not considered sufficiently.
	Alternative scenarios had not been being considered sufficiently.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** They had to **watch** the suspect all night.
	The guards keep watch during patrol.
	He received a golden watch for his promotion.
	She stayed up to watch the sunrise.
	He watches too much television.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The fact that the rule had been amended after the voting was not communicated to the council.
	The amended rule was not communicated after voting. The rule was communicated after amendment, not before.
	The council wasn't informed that the rule had been amended after voting.
	Someone amended the rule and avoided communication.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Goal setting, when pursued with intentionality, is not merely a motivational slogan—it is a cognitive and behavioral process that catalyzes structured action. While the concept may appear deceptively simple, establishing meaningful personal goals involves self-awareness, foresight, and disciplined execution. One of the primary distinctions between passive desire and purposeful ambition lies in specificity. A vague aspiration such as "I want to be successful" lacks operational clarity, whereas a goal like "I aim to complete a professional certification within six months" provides a measurable and time-bound framework. This clarity fosters accountability and helps individuals gauge their progress objectively. Psychologists emphasize the SMART framework—Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound—as a foundational strategy for effective goal setting. However, even well-formulated goals can falter without intrinsic motivation. When goals are externally imposed or socially conditioned, they often lead to compliance rather than commitment. True sustainability in personal growth arises from internally generated objectives aligned with one's values and long-term vision. Moreover, it is essential to distinguish between outcome goals and process goals. While the former focuses on the final result, the latter centers on daily habits and behavioral consistency. Ironically, it is often process adherence—not obsession with outcomes—that leads to long-term accomplishment. Individuals who overfixate on results may experience burnout, especially when success is delayed. Another overlooked dimension is goal flexibility. In a dynamic environment, rigid goal adherence can lead to frustration or irrelevance. Adaptive thinking enables individuals to recalibrate their direction without perceiving it as failure. Reflection, therefore, becomes an integral tool—ensuring that one's aspirations remain context-sensitive and personally meaningful. Ultimately, goal setting is not a singular event but an evolving cycle of intention, action, reflection, and adaptation. When undertaken mindfully, it transforms individuals from passive aspirants to purposeful actors in their own narrative. According to the passage, what is a core reason why vague goals often fail?
	They are too ambitious
	They are emotionally driven
	They lack operational clarity
	They focus on outcomes

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Goal setting, when pursued with intentionality, is not merely a motivational slogan—it is a cognitive and behavioral process that catalyzes structured action. While the concept may appear deceptively simple, establishing meaningful personal goals involves self-awareness, foresight, and disciplined execution. One of the primary distinctions between passive desire and purposeful ambition lies in specificity. A vague aspiration such as "I want to be successful" lacks operational clarity, whereas a goal like "I aim to complete a professional certification within six months" provides a measurable and time-bound framework. This clarity fosters accountability and helps individuals gauge their progress objectively. Psychologists emphasize the SMART framework—Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound—as a foundational strategy for effective goal setting. However, even well-formulated goals can falter without intrinsic motivation. When goals are externally imposed or socially conditioned, they often lead to compliance rather than commitment. True sustainability in personal growth arises from internally generated objectives aligned with one's values and long-term vision. Moreover, it is essential to distinguish between outcome goals and process goals. While the former focuses on the final result, the latter centers on daily habits and behavioral consistency. Ironically, it is often process adherence—not obsession with outcomes—that leads to long-term accomplishment. Individuals who overfixate on results may experience burnout, especially when success is delayed. Another overlooked dimension is goal flexibility. In a dynamic environment, rigid goal adherence can lead to frustration or irrelevance. Adaptive thinking enables individuals to recalibrate their direction without perceiving it as failure. Reflection, therefore, becomes an integral tool—ensuring that one's aspirations remain context-sensitive and personally meaningful. Ultimately, goal setting is not a singular event but an evolving cycle of intention, action, reflection, and adaptation. When undertaken mindfully, it transforms individuals from passive aspirants to purposeful actors in their own narrative. What does the passage suggest about intrinsic motivation? It can be cultivated by reward systems
	It results from internal alignment
	It is irrelevant in structured planning
	It always requires external validation

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Goal setting, when pursued with intentionality, is not merely a motivational slogan—it is a cognitive and behavioral process that catalyzes structured action. While the concept may appear deceptively simple, establishing meaningful personal goals involves self-awareness, foresight, and disciplined execution. One of the primary distinctions between passive desire and purposeful ambition lies in specificity. A vague aspiration such as "I want to be successful" lacks operational clarity, whereas a goal like "I aim to complete a professional certification within six months" provides a measurable and time-bound framework. This clarity fosters accountability and helps individuals gauge their progress objectively. Psychologists emphasize the SMART framework—Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound—as a foundational strategy for effective goal setting. However, even well-formulated goals can falter without intrinsic motivation. When goals are externally imposed or socially conditioned, they often lead to compliance rather than commitment. True sustainability in personal growth arises from internally generated objectives aligned with one's values and long-term vision. Moreover, it is essential to distinguish between outcome goals and process goals. While the former focuses on the final result, the latter centers on daily habits and behavioral consistency. Ironically, it is often process adherence—not obsession with outcomes—that leads to long-term accomplishment. Individuals who overfixate on results may experience burnout, especially when success is delayed. Another overlooked dimension is goal flexibility. In a dynamic environment, rigid goal adherence can lead to frustration or irrelevance. Adaptive thinking enables individuals to recalibrate their direction without perceiving it as failure. Reflection, therefore, becomes an integral tool—ensuring that one's aspirations remain context-sensitive and personally meaningful. Ultimately, goal setting is not a singular event but an evolving cycle of intention, action, reflection, and adaptation. When undertaken mindfully, it transforms individuals from passive aspirants to purposeful actors in their own narrative. What is the main benefit of focusing on process goals over outcome goals?
	They are easier to forget
	They reduce competitive spirit
	They promote consistency and sustainability
	They guarantee faster success

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Goal setting, when pursued with intentionality, is not merely a motivational slogan—it is a cognitive and behavioral process that catalyzes structured action. While the concept may appear deceptively simple, establishing meaningful personal goals involves self-awareness, foresight, and disciplined execution. One of the primary distinctions between passive desire and purposeful ambition lies in specificity. A vague aspiration such as "I want to be successful" lacks operational clarity, whereas a goal like "I aim to complete a professional certification within six months" provides a measurable and time-bound framework. This clarity fosters accountability and helps individuals gauge their progress objectively. Psychologists emphasize the SMART framework—Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound—as a foundational strategy for effective goal setting. However, even well-formulated goals can falter without intrinsic motivation. When goals are externally imposed or socially conditioned, they often lead to compliance rather than commitment. True sustainability in personal growth arises from internally generated objectives aligned with one's values and long-term vision. Moreover, it is essential to distinguish between outcome goals and process goals. While the former focuses on the final result, the latter centers on daily habits and behavioral consistency. Ironically, it is often process adherence—not obsession with outcomes—that leads to long-term accomplishment. Individuals who overfixate on results may experience burnout, especially when success is delayed. Another overlooked dimension is goal flexibility. In a dynamic environment, rigid goal adherence can lead to frustration or irrelevance. Adaptive thinking enables individuals to recalibrate their direction without perceiving it as failure. Reflection, therefore, becomes an integral tool—ensuring that one's aspirations remain context-sensitive and personally meaningful. Ultimately, goal setting is not a singular event but an evolving cycle of intention, action, reflection, and adaptation. When undertaken mindfully, it transforms individuals from passive aspirants to purposeful actors in their own narrative. What role does flexibility play in goal setting, according to the passage? It encourages one to abandon goals easily
	It prevents progress
	It allows for contextual adaptation
	It makes goals vague

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:** Goal setting, when pursued with intentionality, is not merely a motivational slogan—it is a cognitive and behavioral process that catalyzes structured action. While the concept may appear deceptively simple, establishing meaningful personal goals involves self-awareness, foresight, and disciplined execution. One of the primary distinctions between passive desire and purposeful ambition lies in specificity. A vague aspiration such as "I want to be successful" lacks operational clarity, whereas a goal like "I aim to complete a professional certification within six months" provides a measurable and time-bound framework. This clarity fosters accountability and helps individuals gauge their progress objectively. Psychologists emphasize the SMART framework—Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound—as a foundational strategy for effective goal setting. However, even well-formulated goals can falter without intrinsic motivation. When goals are externally imposed or socially conditioned, they often lead to compliance rather than commitment. True sustainability in personal growth arises from internally generated objectives aligned with one's values and long-term vision. Moreover, it is essential to distinguish between outcome goals and process goals. While the former focuses on the final result, the latter centers on daily habits and behavioral consistency. Ironically, it is often process adherence—not obsession with outcomes—that leads to long-term accomplishment. Individuals who overfixate on results may experience burnout, especially when success is delayed. Another overlooked dimension is goal flexibility. In a dynamic environment, rigid goal adherence can lead to frustration or irrelevance. Adaptive thinking enables individuals to recalibrate their direction without perceiving it as failure. Reflection, therefore, becomes an integral tool—ensuring that one's aspirations remain context-sensitive and personally meaningful. Ultimately, goal setting is not a singular event but an evolving cycle of intention, action, reflection, and adaptation. When undertaken mindfully, it transforms individuals from passive aspirants to purposeful actors in their own narrative. What does the word "catalyzes" in the paragraph most nearly mean? Terminates
	Initiates or accelerates
	Delays
	Eliminates

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: No other athlete ***was as great as Sachin is.***
	is greater than Sachin

	is so great like Sachin
	has been as great as Sachin
	was so great like Sachin

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** The curator noted that the pigments were deteriorating faster than the varnish could protect them.
	The curator noted, "The pigments are deteriorating faster than the varnish can protect them." The curator noted, "The pigments were deteriorating faster than the varnish can be protected by them."
	The curator noted, "Pigments deteriorate faster than varnish protects."
	The curator noted, "Pigment deterioration faster than varnish can protect."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "I can play the piano."
	She said she could play the piano.
	She said she can play piano.
	She told she could played piano.
	She said she might play piano.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. Virtual reality simulates immersive environments.2. It is used in therapy, training, and gaming.3. VR headsets track motion and adjust visual output.4. Rapid tech advancement is reducing hardware costs
	3-1-2-4
	1-3-2-4
	4-2-1-3
	1-2-3-4

Question No.: 99 already challenged.

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. Consequently, these organisms are considered the primary producers in the food chain. 2. Autotrophs are organisms that can produce their own food from inorganic substances using light or chemical energy. 3. They form the foundation of most ecosystems, providing the energy that is consumed by herbivores and, in turn, by carnivores. 4. Plants, algae, and certain bacteria are the most common examples of this type of organism.
	2, 4, 1, 3
	4, 2, 1, 3
	1, 3, 2, 4
	2, 1, 3, 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. Their unique features appeal to different consumer segments. 2. Mobile phone companies constantly innovate. 3. This intense competition drives technological advancements. 4. New models are released frequently with enhanced capabilities.
	2-1-3-4
	3-1-2-4
	4-3-1-2
	2-4-1-3

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 1

Q.No. 1 The population of a village increased by 50% in the first year and 20% in the second year. What is the total percent increase after 2 years?

एक गाँव की जनसंख्या पहले वर्ष में 50% और दूसरे वर्ष में 20% बढ़ी। 2 वर्षों के बाद कुल वृद्धि प्रतिशत क्या है?

- 35%
- 70%
- 75%
- 72%
- 80%
- 25%
- 45%
- 42%

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 2

Q.No. 2 Find the missing number: **2 : 168 :: 4 : ?**

कौन सा संख्या इस श्रृंखला में लापता है: 2 : 168 :: 4 : ?

- 336
- 168
- 172
- 172
- 192
- 196
- 180
- 384

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 3

Q.No. 3 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statements:
All engineers are clerks. No clerk is a doctor.

Conclusions:
I. All engineers are doctors.
II. No doctor is a clerk.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और पहचानें कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष अनुसरण करता है।

कथन:
सभी इंजीनियर क्लर्क हैं। कोई भी डॉक्टर क्लर्क नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:
I. सभी इंजीनियर डॉक्टर हैं।
II. कोई भी डॉक्टर क्लर्क नहीं है।

Only I follows

Both I and II follow

Neither I nor II follows

Either I or II follows

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 4

Q.No. 4 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statements:
All boxes are bags. Some bags are blue. No blue is a plastic.

Conclusions:
I. Some boxes are blue.
II. All plastics are bags.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और पहचानें कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष अनुसरण करता है।

कथन:
सभी डिब्बे बैग हैं। कुछ बैग नीले हैं। कोई नीला प्लास्टिक नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कुछ डिब्बे नीले हैं।
II. सभी प्लास्टिक बैग हैं।

Only I follows

Only II follows

Both I and II follow

Neither I nor II follows

Either I or II follows

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 5

Q.No. 5 If "Accident" = "Vaccine", then "Collision" = ?

यदि "Accident" = "Vaccine", तो "Collision" = ?

- Collision
- Collision
- Collision
- Collision
- Collision
- Collision
- Collision

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 6

Q.No. 6 Which word does NOT belong to the following sequence?

ACF, GIL, MOJ, SRH, XUF

कौन सा शब्द निम्नलिखित अनुक्रम में उपयुक्त नहीं है?

ACF, GIL, MOJ, SRH, XUF

- ACF
- ACF
- GIL
- GIL
- MOJ
- MOJ
- SRH
- XUF

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 7

Q.No. 7 Complete the series.
1, 8, 27, ?

निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें।
1, 8, 27, ?

- 64
- 64
- 60
- 60
- 54
- 54
- 56
- 60

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 8

Q.No. 8 Find the odd one out.

Orange, Watermelon, Pumpkin, Harmony, Cranberry

छांटें कि विषम कौन है?

- Orange
- Watermelon
- Pumpkin
- Harmony
- Cranberry

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 9

Q.No. 9 What comes next?
53, 77, 29, 109, ?

निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगला पद क्या होगा?
53, 77, 29, 109, ?

- 53
- 53
- 106
- 107
- 106
- 79
- 79
- 79

Copy Idea to Challenge Question No. 10

Q.No. 10 What should come at the place of question mark? **110, 99, 88, 85, 76, ?**

प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? 110, 99, 88, 85, 76, ?

- 77
- 77
- 100
- 100
- 100
- 100
- 100
- 100

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 19

Q.No: 19 An amount of ₹10,000 is invested at a compound interest rate of 8% per annum for a period of 2 years. What will be the total amount (principal + interest) received at the end of the 2-year period?

₹10,000 की राशि 2 वर्ष की अवधि के लिए 8% प्रति वर्ष की चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज दर पर निवेश की जाती है। 2 वर्ष की अवधि के अंत में प्राप्त कुल राशि (मूलधन + ब्याज) कितनी होगी?

- ₹11,664
- ₹11,664
- ₹11,728
- ₹11,728
- ₹11,800
- ₹11,800
- ₹12,000
- ₹12,000

Q.No: 20 If FIGHT is coded as EJHIG, how is BRAVE coded?

यदि FIGHT को EJHIG लिखा जाता है, तो BRAVE को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?

- BCQSZ
- BCQSZ
- CQSUD
- CQSUD
- AGBWD
- AGBWD
- DQRZC
- DQRZC

Q.No: 21 A number is divisible by both 5 and 9. Which of the following could it be?

एक संख्या 5 और 9 दोनों से विभाज्य है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी संख्या हो सकती है?

- 35
- 35
- 90
- 90
- 47
- 47
- 60
- 60

Q.No: 22 If "WORLD" is coded as 23-15-18-12-4, how will "DORLW" be coded?

यदि "WORLD" को 23-15-18-12-4 के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "DORLW" को किसे कोडित किया जाएगा?

- 4-15-18-12-23
- 4-15-18-12-23
- 23-12-18-15-4
- 23-12-18-15-4
- 12-4-15-23-18
- 12-4-15-23-18
- 18-4-23-15-12
- 18-4-23-15-12

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 23

Q.No: 23 Pointing to a photograph, Rohan said, "He is the only son of my father's only daughter." How is the person in the photograph related to Rohan?

एक तस्वीर की ओर इशारा करते हुए रोहन ने कहा, "वह मेरे पिता की इकलौती बेटी का इकलौता बेटा है।" तस्वीर में दिख रहा व्यक्ति रोहन से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

- Brother
- भाई
- Daughter
- भतीजी
- Cousin
- चचेरा
- Mother-in-law
- सौतेली माता

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 24

Q.No: 24 If MARKET is coded as NBSLFU, how is NBSLFU coded?

यदि MARKET को NBSLFU के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो NBSLFU को किसे कोडित किया जाएगा?

- OCTMGV
- OCTMGV
- NCTLG
- NCTLG
- OCTLGU
- OCTLGU
- OCTLGV
- OCTLGV

Click Here to Challenge Question No. : 25

Q.No: 25 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, ?

11, 13, 17, 19, 23, ?

- 27
- 27
- 29
- 29
- 31
- 31
- 33
- 33

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No. 20 The practice in the Parliament where the demands for grants are put to a vote after the passage of the time limit for discussion is called _____.

संसद में वह प्रथा जिसमें अनुदानों की मांगों पर चर्चा के लिए समय सीमा बीत जाने के बाद मतदान कराया जाता है, उसे _____ कहा जाता है।

guillotine

गिलोटिन

ad motions

अद्ध प्रस्ताव

motions

प्रस्ताव

point of order

व्यवस्था संबंध प्रश्न

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No. 21 Which Indian city is known for its abundance of buildings featuring French colonial architecture?

कौन सा भारतीय शहर अपनी कई औपनिवेशिक लाइटहाउस वाली इमारतों की बहुतात के लिए जाना जाता है?

Goa

गोवा

Puducherry (Pondicherry)

पुडुचेरी

Hyderabad

हैदराबाद

Kolkata

कोलकाता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No. 22 Which French author was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2022 for her courage and clinical acuity in uncovering personal memory?

किस फ्रांसीसी लेखिका को व्यक्तिगत स्मृति को उजागर करने में उनके साहस और नैदानिक तीक्ष्णता के लिए 2022 में साहित्य का नोबेल पुरस्कार दिया गया?

Annie Ernaux

एनी एर्नाक्स

Leila Slimani

लीला स्लीमानी

Maylis N'Diaye

मेयी एनडीए

Delphine de Vigan

डेल्फिन डे विगन

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No. 23 The David Shorn Award is presented at the Commonwealth Games to whom?

राष्ट्रमंडल खेलों में डेविड शिलम पुरस्कार किसे प्रदान किया जाता है?

The overall winning nation

कुल विजेता निकाय राष्ट्र

The best athlete

सर्वश्रेष्ठ एथलीट

The team with the best sportsmanship

सर्वश्रेष्ठ खेल भावना वाली टीम

The host city

मेजबान शहर

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No. 24 The introduction of the Permanent Settlement in Bengal by Lord Cornwallis in 1793 primarily aimed to:

1793 में लॉर्ड कार्नवालिस द्वारा बंगाल में स्थायी बंदोबस्त की शुरुआत का मुख्य उद्देश्य था:

Ensure the welfare of the peasant farmers.

किसान समुदाय का कल्याण सुनिश्चित करना।

Create a class of loyal zamindars who would ensure regular land revenue collection.

जमींदार श्रेणियों का एक वर्ग तैयार करना जो नियमित भू-राजस्व संग्रह सुनिश्चित करे।

Promote the cultivation of cash crops like indigo and cotton.

नील और कपास जैसी नकदी फसलों की खेती को बढ़ावा देना।

Abolish the zamindari system altogether.

जमींदारी प्रथा को पूरी तरह से समाप्त कर देना।

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No. 25 One of the key technological shifts in the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS) includes the introduction of which of the following systems?

भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) में प्रमुख तकनीकी बदलावों में से एक निम्नलिखित में से किस प्रणाली की शुरूआत शामिल है?

Al-based trial judgment generation

एआई-आधारित निर्णय उत्पादन

Drone-based crime scene scanning

ड्रोन-आधारित अपराध स्थल स्कैनिंग

Virtual trial only courts for all offenses

सभी अपराधों के लिए केवल आभासी सुनवाई अदालतें

e-FIR, e-summons and e-warrants

ई-एफआईआर, ई-समन और ई-वारंट

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No. 26 Which two basic postures form the foundation of bidoc karna?

बीडोक करण का आधार कौन सी दो मूल मुद्राएं हैं?

Tandava and Lasya

तांडव और लास्य

Chowk and Tribhanga

चौक और त्रिभंग

Chakkar and Mudra

चक्कर और मुद्रा

Natya and Nritya

नाट्य और नृत्य

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No. 27 The life-size standing image of Yakshini holding a chauri (flywhisk) is an example of the sculptural tradition of which period?

चौरी पकड़े हुए यक्षिणी की आकार्य खड़ी प्रतिमा किस काल की मूर्तिकला परंपरा का उदाहरण है?

Mauryan Period

मौर्य काल

Gupta Period

गुप्त काल

Kushan Period

कुषाण काल

Sunga Period

शुंग काल

Not Answered

Q.No: 44 Which of the following statements correctly describes modern currency systems?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन आधुनिक मुद्रा प्रणालियों का सही वर्णन करता है?

Currencies are fully backed by gold

मुद्राएँ पूरी तरह से सोने द्वारा समर्थित हैं

Currencies are not readily convertible into gold

मुद्राओं को आसानी से सोने में परिवर्तित नहीं किया जा सकता

Currencies can always be exchanged for barrels of oil

मुद्राओं का आदान-प्रदान हमेशा तेल के बैरलों के लिए किया जा सकता है

Currencies are backed by silver

मुद्राएँ चाँदी द्वारा समर्थित हैं

Q.No: 45 The Green Revolution in India was introduced during which plan?

भारत में हरित क्रांति किस योजना के दौरान शुरू की गई थी?

Second

दूसरा

Third

तीसरा

Fourth

चौथी

Fifth

पांचवां

Q.No: 46 A higher ranking in the World Press Freedom Index indicates:

विश्व प्रेस स्वतंत्रता सूचकांक में उच्च रैंकिंग से संकेत मिलता है:

More government control over media

मीडिया पर अधिक सरकारी नियंत्रण

Greater journalistic freedom

अधिक पत्रकारिता स्वतंत्रता

Increased media censorship

मीडिया सेंसरशिप में वृद्धि

Lower public trust in media

मीडिया में जनता का लघुकथा कम हुआ

Q.No: 47 Tana Bhagat led a unique tribal movement in the early 20th century, emphasizing reforms and non-violence against the British and local landlords among the Oraon community in which modern-day state?

ताना भगत ने 20वीं सदी के आरंभ में एक अद्वितीय जनजातीय आंदोलन का नेतृत्व किया, जिसमें आधुनिक समय के किस राज्य में उरांव समुदाय के बीच ब्रिटिश और स्थानीय जमींदारों के खिलाफ सुधार और अहिंसा पर जोर दिया गया?

Chhattisgarh

छत्तीसगढ़

Madhya Pradesh

मध्य प्रदेश

Jharkhand

झारखंड

West Bengal

पश्चिम बंगाल

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48 Which significant political move by Lokpriya Gopinath Bardoloi ensured that Assam remained a part of India and not East Pakistan during the Cabinet Mission Plan's proposal in 1946?

लोकप्रिय गोपीनाथ बोरदोलोई के किस महत्वपूर्ण राजनीतिक कदम ने यह सुनिश्चित किया कि 1946 में कैबिनेट मिशन योजना के प्रस्ताव के दौरान असम भारत का हिस्सा बना रहे, न कि पूर्वी पाकिस्तान का?

Opposing the grouping of Assam with Bengal

असम को बंगाल के साथ समूहीकृत करने का विरोध

Launching the Quit India Movement in Assam

असम में भारत छोड़ो आंदोलन की शुरुआत

Signing the Assam Accord

असम समझौते पर हस्ताक्षर

Rejecting the Instrument of Accession

विलय के दस्तावेज को अस्वीकार करना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49 Under which Five Year Plan was the Green Revolution introduced in India?

भारत में हरित क्रांति किस पंचवर्षीय योजना के अंतर्गत शुरू की गई थी?

First Plan

पहली योजना

Second Plan

दूसरी योजना

Third Plan

तीसरी योजना

Fourth Plan

चौथी योजना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50 Which sector suffered due to reduction in fertilizer subsidies post-1991?

1991 के बाद उर्वरक सब्सिडी में कमी के कारण किस क्षेत्र को नुकसान हुआ?

Industrial

औद्योगिक

Banking

बैंकिंग

Agriculture

कृषि

Service

सेवा

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Q.No. 11 [illegible]

Q.No. 12 [illegible]

Q.No. 13 [illegible]

Q.No. 14 [illegible]

Q.No. 15 [illegible]

Q.No. 16 [illegible]

Q.No. 17 [illegible]

Q.No. 18 [illegible]

Q.No. 19 [illegible]

Q.No. 20 [illegible]

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 62

Q.No. 62 A man buys 8 shirts for Rs. 4,000 and sells 6 of them for Rs. 3,900. If he discounts the remaining 2 shirts, what is his overall gain or loss?

एक आदमी 4,000 रुपये में 8 शर्टें खरीदता है और उनमें से 6 को 3,900 रुपये में बेच देता है। अगर वह शेष 2 शर्टों पर छूट देता है, तो उसका कुल लाभ या हानि क्या है?

Rs. 100 loss

100 रुपये की हानि

Rs. 50 loss

50 रुपये की हानि

Rs. 100 profit

100 रुपये का लाभ

Rs. 50 profit

50 रुपये का लाभ

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 63

Q.No. 63 The average of 8 numbers is 56. If two of them are removed and the new average becomes 54, what is the average of the two removed numbers?

8 संख्याओं का औसत 56 है। अगर उनमें से दो को हटा दिया जाए और नया औसत 54 हो जाता है, तो हटाई गई दो संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?

60

60

61

61

62

62

63

63

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 64

Q.No. 64 A large storage box in the shape of a right prism with square base is 2 m tall. If the box holds 500 L of water, what is the side of the base (in cm)?

एक वर्गाधार आयत वाले समकोण प्रिज्म के आकार के एक बड़े भंडारण बॉक्स की ऊँचाई 2 मीटर है। यदि बॉक्स में 500 लीटर पानी आ सकता है, तो आधार की भुजा (सेमी में) क्या है?

40 cm

40 सेमी

45 cm

45 सेमी

50 cm

50 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 65

Q.No. 65 A departmental store marked up the price of an electronic gadget by 60% above its cost price. During a clearance sale, it offered two successive discounts of 25% and 10%. If the final selling price was Rs. 2,430, what was the cost price of the gadget?

एक डिपार्टमेंटल स्टोर ने एक इलेक्ट्रॉनिक गैजेट की कीमत उसके क्रय मूल्य से 60% अधिक अंकित की। एक क्लीयरेंस सेल के दौरान, उसने 25% और 10% की दो क्रमिक छूट दीं। अगर अंतिम विक्रय मूल्य 2,430 रुपये था, तो गैजेट का क्रय मूल्य क्या था?

Rs. 2,000

2,000 रुपये

Rs. 2,250

2,250 रुपये

Rs. 2,100

2,100 रुपये

Rs. 2,400

2,400 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 66

Q.No. 66 A class of 60 students has an average score of 75. If 5 new students are added and the class average increases by 1, what is the average score of the 5 new students?

60 छात्रों की एक कक्षा का औसत अंक 75 है। यदि 5 नए छात्रों को शामिल किया जाता है और कक्षा का औसत 1 से बढ़ जाता है, तो 5 नए छात्रों का औसत अंक क्या है?

80

80

85

85

90

90

88

88

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 67

Q.No. 67 If $\operatorname{cosec}A - \sin A = 2$, then find the value of $\sin A$.

यदि $\operatorname{cosec}A - \sin A = 2$ है, तो $\sin A$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$-1 + \sqrt{2}$

$-1 + \sqrt{2}$

$3 - \sqrt{2}$

$3 - \sqrt{2}$

$\sqrt{3} + 2$

$\sqrt{3} + 2$

No real value

कोई वास्तविक मूल्य नहीं

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 68

Q.No. 68 If $\tan\theta = \frac{5}{12}$, and θ lies in the 2nd quadrant, find $\cos\theta$.

यदि $\tan\theta = \frac{5}{12}$ है, और θ दूसरी चतुर्थांश में स्थित है, $\cos\theta$ ज्ञात कीजिए।

$-\frac{12}{13}$

$-\frac{12}{13}$

$\frac{12}{13}$

$\frac{12}{13}$

$\frac{13}{12}$

$\frac{13}{12}$

$-\frac{13}{12}$

$-\frac{13}{12}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 69

Q.No. 69 If an angle $\theta = 2$ radians, what percentage of the full circle does it represent?

यदि कोण $\theta = 2$ रेडियन है, तो यह पूरी वृत्त का कितना प्रतिशत दर्शाता है?

25.54%

25.54%

30.7%

30.7%

50.8%

50.8%

31.83%

31.83%

Q.No: 70 If $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ and A is acute, then find the value of $\tan A + \cos(90° - A)$.

यदि $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ और A न्यूनकोण है, तो $\tan A + \cos(90° - A)$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

1

1

$\frac{5}{15}$

$\frac{3}{5}$

$\frac{7}{15}$

$\frac{7}{5}$

$\frac{9}{5}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No: 71

Q.No: 71 Two circles of radii 6 cm and 2 cm are such that the distance between their centers is 8 cm. How many common tangents can be drawn?

दिखाई गयी दो वृत्त 6 सेमी और 2 सेमी इस प्रकार है कि उनके केंद्रों के बीच की दूरी 8 सेमी है। कितनी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखाएँ खींची जा सकती हैं?

0

0

1

1

2

2

3

3

Q.No: 72 A circle with a radius of 10 cm, and a chord makes a 60° angle at the center. What is the length of that chord?

एक वृत्त जिसकी त्रिज्या 10 सेमी है, और एक जीवा केंद्र पर 60° का कोण बनाती है। उस जीवा का लम्बाई क्या है?

5 cm

5 सेमी

10 cm

10 सेमी

$10\sqrt{3}$ cm

$10\sqrt{3}$ सेमी

$10\sqrt{2}$ cm

$10\sqrt{2}$ सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No: 73

Q.No: 73 Three points P, Q, R, and S are located on the circumference of a circle. If $\angle RPS = 30°$ and $\angle PQS = 40°$, what is the measure of $\angle PRS$?

तीन बिंदु P, Q, R और S एक वृत्त की परिधि पर स्थित हैं। $\angle RPS = 30°$ and $\angle PQS = 40°$, का मान क्या है $\angle PRS$?

30°

30°

40°

40°

50°

50°

70°

70°

Click Here to Challenge Question No: 74

Q.No: 74 In a circle, points P, Q, R, and S lie on the circumference such that chords PR and QS intersect at the center, and both ∠RPQ and ∠RSQ are subtended by the same arc RQ. If ∠RPQ = 50°, what is the measure of ∠RSQ?

एक वृत्त में, बिंदु P, Q, R और S परिधि पर इस प्रकार स्थित हैं कि जीवाएँ PR और QS केंद्र पर प्रतिच्छेद करती हैं, और ∠RPQ और ∠RSQ दोनों एक ही चाप RQ द्वारा अंतरित हैं। यदि ∠RPQ = 50° है, तो ∠RSQ का मान क्या है?

40°

40°

50°

50°

100°

100°

130°

130°

Click Here to Challenge Question No: 75

Q.No: 75 A circle with radius r has a tangent line at a point P on the circle. The distance of the tangent from point P to the external point Q is 10 cm. The distance from the center of the circle to point Q is 13 cm. Find the radius of the circle.

त्रिज्या r वाले एक वृत्त पर स्थित बिंदु P पर एक स्पर्श रेखा है। बिंदु P से बाह्य बिंदु Q तक स्पर्श रेखा की दूरी 10 सेमी है। वृत्त के केंद्र से बिंदु Q तक की दूरी 13 सेमी है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

$\sqrt{69}$

$\sqrt{69}$

$\sqrt{24}$

$\sqrt{24}$

$\sqrt{39}$

$\sqrt{39}$

$\sqrt{59}$

$\sqrt{59}$

PART-B (English Comprehension)

Q.No. 10 In the following question, a sentence with numbers in gaps, followed by five words denoted by (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Choose the word that fills the blank appropriately in the context of the passage.

At technological ingenuity accelerates exponentially, humanity stands poised at an inflection point, wherein virtual realms (1) _____ rival the tangible world in complexity and significance. Virtual realms (VR) once relegated to the domain of speculative fiction, now engender immersive ecosystems capable of simulating emotional, sensory, and cognitive experiences with bewildering verisimilitude.

Nevertheless, despite its sophistication, VR often lacks the existential gravitas intrinsic to corporeal existence, the ontological authenticity that roots human consciousness in materiality.

While proponents of VR herald it as the progenitor of a post-physical civilization, skeptics caution that normalization of synthetic environments (2) _____ human agency and fragment collective identity. A crucial determinant in this dialectic will be how societies negotiate the (3) **liminality** between augmentation and escapism.

Virtual reality, laden with imperfections, demands resilience, companionship, and ethical engagement — qualities often attributed to consequential real-virtual spaces.

Consequently, VR offers avenues for radical creativity, democratization of experiences, and transcendence of biological constraints. Thus, whichever modality predominates in shaping the next civilization, this imperative to cultivate ethical consciousness (4) _____ paramount. Moreover, if virtual domains evolve without regulatory frameworks imbued with philosophical rigor, humanity may inadvertently engender a super-fragmented reality devoid of epistemic cohesion.
Within such a milieu, distinguishing truth from fabrication becomes not merely challenging but (5) **Sisyphean.**

Thus, the onus falls upon contemporaneous thinkers, technologists, and policymakers to steer civilization toward a future where both virtual and actual realities coalesce, enhancing rather than diminishing the human condition.

Choose correct word form (1)

- is beginning to
- are beginning to
- has begun to
- was beginning to

Q.No. 11 In the following question, a sentence with numbers in gaps, followed by five words denoted by (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Choose the word that fills the blank appropriately in the context of the passage.

At technological ingenuity accelerates exponentially, humanity stands poised at an inflection point, wherein virtual realms (1) _____ rival the tangible world in complexity and significance. Virtual realms (VR) once relegated to the domain of speculative fiction, now engender immersive ecosystems capable of simulating emotional, sensory, and cognitive experiences with bewildering verisimilitude.

Nevertheless, despite its sophistication, VR often lacks the existential gravitas intrinsic to corporeal existence, the ontological authenticity that roots human consciousness in materiality.

While proponents of VR herald it as the progenitor of a post-physical civilization, skeptics caution that normalization of synthetic environments (2) _____ human agency and fragment collective identity. A crucial determinant in this dialectic will be how societies negotiate the (3) **liminality** between augmentation and escapism.

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Consequently, VR offers avenues for radical creativity, democratization of experiences, and transcendence of biological constraints. Thus, whichever modality predominates in shaping the next civilization, this imperative to cultivate ethical consciousness (4) _____ paramount. Moreover, if virtual domains evolve without regulatory frameworks imbued with philosophical rigor, humanity may inadvertently engender a super-fragmented reality devoid of epistemic cohesion.
Within such a milieu, distinguishing truth from fabrication becomes not merely challenging but (5) **Sisyphean.**

Thus, the onus falls upon contemporaneous thinkers, technologists, and policymakers to steer civilization toward a future where both virtual and actual realities coalesce, enhancing rather than diminishing the human condition.

Choose best synonym for the word in (2)

- erode
- erodes
- eroded
- eroding

Q.No. 12 In the following question, a sentence with numbers in gaps, followed by five words denoted by (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Choose the word that fills the blank appropriately in the context of the passage.

At technological ingenuity accelerates exponentially, humanity stands poised at an inflection point, wherein virtual realms (1) _____ rival the tangible world in complexity and significance. Virtual realms (VR) once relegated to the domain of speculative fiction, now engender immersive ecosystems capable of simulating emotional, sensory, and cognitive experiences with bewildering verisimilitude.

Nevertheless, despite its sophistication, VR often lacks the existential gravitas intrinsic to corporeal existence, the ontological authenticity that roots human consciousness in materiality.

While proponents of VR herald it as the progenitor of a post-physical civilization, skeptics caution that normalization of synthetic environments (2) _____ human agency and fragment collective identity. A crucial determinant in this dialectic will be how societies negotiate the (3) **liminality** between augmentation and escapism.

Virtual reality, laden with imperfections, demands resilience, companionship, and ethical engagement — qualities often attributed to consequential real-virtual spaces.

Consequently, VR offers avenues for radical creativity, democratization of experiences, and transcendence of biological constraints. Thus, whichever modality predominates in shaping the next civilization, this imperative to cultivate ethical consciousness (4) _____ paramount. Moreover, if virtual domains evolve without regulatory frameworks imbued with philosophical rigor, humanity may inadvertently engender a super-fragmented reality devoid of epistemic cohesion.
Within such a milieu, distinguishing truth from fabrication becomes not merely challenging but (5) **Sisyphean.**

Thus, the onus falls upon contemporaneous thinkers, technologists, and policymakers to steer civilization toward a future where both virtual and actual realities coalesce, enhancing rather than diminishing the human condition.

The word 'Sisyphean' most nearly means (5)

- a task of hard industry
- a hierarchical or structured task
- a complex and unsustainable
- an ultimate destination

Q.No. 13 In the following question, a sentence with numbers in gaps, followed by five words denoted by (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Choose the word that fills the blank appropriately in the context of the passage.

At technological ingenuity accelerates exponentially, humanity stands poised at an inflection point, wherein virtual realms (1) _____ rival the tangible world in complexity and significance. Virtual realms (VR) once relegated to the domain of speculative fiction, now engender immersive ecosystems capable of simulating emotional, sensory, and cognitive experiences with bewildering verisimilitude.

Nevertheless, despite its sophistication, VR often lacks the existential gravitas intrinsic to corporeal existence, the ontological authenticity that roots human consciousness in materiality.

While proponents of VR herald it as the progenitor of a post-physical civilization, skeptics caution that normalization of synthetic environments (2) _____ human agency and fragment collective identity. A crucial determinant in this dialectic will be how societies negotiate the (3) **liminality** between augmentation and escapism.

Virtual reality, laden with imperfections, demands resilience, companionship, and ethical engagement — qualities often attributed to consequential real-virtual spaces.

Consequently, VR offers avenues for radical creativity, democratization of experiences, and transcendence of biological constraints. Thus, whichever modality predominates in shaping the next civilization, this imperative to cultivate ethical consciousness (4) _____ paramount. Moreover, if virtual domains evolve without regulatory frameworks imbued with philosophical rigor, humanity may inadvertently engender a super-fragmented reality devoid of epistemic cohesion.
Within such a milieu, distinguishing truth from fabrication becomes not merely challenging but (5) **Sisyphean.**

Thus, the onus falls upon contemporaneous thinkers, technologists, and policymakers to steer civilization toward a future where both virtual and actual realities coalesce, enhancing rather than diminishing the human condition.

Choose appropriate word (4)

- should
- remains
- remained
- remaining

Q.No. 14 In the following question, a sentence with numbers in gaps, followed by five words denoted by (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Choose the word that fills the blank appropriately in the context of the passage.

At technological ingenuity accelerates exponentially, humanity stands poised at an inflection point, wherein virtual realms (1) _____ rival the tangible world in complexity and significance. Virtual realms (VR) once relegated to the domain of speculative fiction, now engender immersive ecosystems capable of simulating emotional, sensory, and cognitive experiences with bewildering verisimilitude.

Nevertheless, despite its sophistication, VR often lacks the existential gravitas intrinsic to corporeal existence, the ontological authenticity that roots human consciousness in materiality.

While proponents of VR herald it as the progenitor of a post-physical civilization, skeptics caution that normalization of synthetic environments (2) _____ human agency and fragment collective identity. A crucial determinant in this dialectic will be how societies negotiate the (3) **liminality** between augmentation and escapism.

Virtual reality, laden with imperfections, demands resilience, companionship, and ethical engagement — qualities often attributed to consequential real-virtual spaces.

Consequently, VR offers avenues for radical creativity, democratization of experiences, and transcendence of biological constraints. Thus, whichever modality predominates in shaping the next civilization, this imperative to cultivate ethical consciousness (4) _____ paramount. Moreover, if virtual domains evolve without regulatory frameworks imbued with philosophical rigor, humanity may inadvertently engender a super-fragmented reality devoid of epistemic cohesion.
Within such a milieu, distinguishing truth from fabrication becomes not merely challenging but (5) **Sisyphean.**

Thus, the onus falls upon contemporaneous thinkers, technologists, and policymakers to steer civilization toward a future where both virtual and actual realities coalesce, enhancing rather than diminishing the human condition.

The word 'Liminality' most nearly means (3)

- finite and endless
- conceptual and rewarding
- spontaneous and accidental
- uncovered and lonely

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 31

Q.No. 31 Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

The study examined the _____ loss in nonetheless testimony.

reconstructive

reconductive

reconstructive

reconductive

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 32

Q.No. 32 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **EXHILARATION**

Boredom

Laziness

Confusion

Excitement

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 33

Q.No. 33 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word: **Pallbearer**

Mourner

Alleviate

Mitigate

Hate

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 34

Q.No. 34 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Throw one's cap over the windmill

Act recklessly, ignoring consequences

Solve a puzzle methodically

Celebrate victory modestly

Seek unnecessary advice

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 35

Q.No. 35 Choose the **correct spelling** of a word meaning "formal disapproval".

Censure

Censhor

Sensoure

Sensphere

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 36

Q.No. 36 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "A government by the few, typically for corrupt or selfish purposes".

Democracy

Oligarchy

Theocracy

Autocracy

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 37

Q.No. 37 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "A person who offers unsolicited and unwanted advice."

Pundit

Meddler

Interloper

Counselor

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 38

Q.No. 38 **Select the correct phrasal verb:**
He finally ____ to the pressure and resigned.

gave in

gave up

gave out

gave over

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 39

Q.No. 39 **Select the correct option:**
No sooner had the verdict been announced __ the gallery erupted in applause.

when

than

and

but

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 40

Q.No. 40 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
The committee debated [1]/ whether the proposed measures [2]/ were adequate enough [3]/ to meet long-term energy goals. [4]/

[1]

[2]

[3]

[4]

Not Answered

Q.No: 91 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
Had the memorandum been clearer, (1)/ the committee might have postponed (2)/ or even cancel (3)/ the meeting for further deliberation. (4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Q.No: 92 **Change the following from active to passive:**
Has anyone ever challenged this constitutional clause?

Has this constitutional clause ever challenged?

Has this constitutional clause ever been challenged?

Has this constitutional clause ever be challenged?

Has this constitutional clause ever had been challenged?

Q.No: 93 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The monk read aloud from a leather-bound **gradual**.

The gradual included chants for the Lenten season.

The musician adapted the gradual for modern liturgy.

The scientist observed a gradual increase in acidity.

The choir sang from a 13th-century gradual.

Q.No: 94 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
Not a single tree has been cut in this area by the workers so far.

The workers did not cut a single tree in this area so far.

The workers had not cut any tree in this area so far.

The workers have not cut a single tree in this area so fa

No workers were cutting trees in this area so far.

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 95

Q.No: 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
They ***discussed about*** the issue for hours.

have discussed about

had a discussion on

discussed

had discussed about

Q.No : 93 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The monk read aloud from a leather-bound **gradual**.

The gradual included chants for the certain season.

The musician adapted the gradual for modern liturgy.

The scientist observed a gradual increase in acidity.

The choir sang from a 13th-century gradual.

Q.No : 94 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
Not a single tree has been cut in this area by the workers so far.

The workers did not cut a single tree in this area so far.

The workers had not cut any tree in this area so far.

The workers have not cut a single tree in this area so far.

No workers were cutting trees in this area so far.

Q.No : 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
They **discussed about** the issue for hours.

have discussed about

had a discussion on

discussed

had discussed about

Q.No : 96 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
He prefers **tea than coffee in the morning**.

tea to coffee in the morning

tea rather than coffee

coffee instead of tea

drinking tea from coffee

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 97

Q.No : 97 **A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.**
She said that the seminar had been postponed indefinitely.

She said, "The seminar has been postponed indefinitely."

She said, "The seminar is postponed."

She said, "The seminar was postponed indefinitely."

She said, "The seminar had been postponed indefinitely."

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 98

Q.No : 98 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
She said to me, "Have you completed the assignment?"

She asked me if I completed the assignment.

She asked me whether I have completed the assignment.

She asked me whether I had completed the assignment.

She said me had I completed the assignment.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 99

Q.No : 99 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:**
1. Marine ecosystems are sensitive to temperature shifts.2. Coral bleaching is one visible consequence.3. Rising ocean temperatures disrupt symbiotic algae.4. This affects reef biodiversity and fisheries.

3-2-1-4

1-3-2-4

2-3-1-4

1-2-3-4

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 100

Q.No : 100 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.**
1. This allows scientists to study distant galaxies.
2. The Hubble Space Telescope revolutionized astronomy.
3. It provides unprecedented clear images of the universe.
4. Its data has led to numerous groundbreaking discoveries.

2-1-3-4

2-4-1-3

3-4-2-1

2-3-1-4

Test Date	:	**25 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. The _____ structure of proteins is essential for their function.
	tertiary
	tertairy
	terciary
	tertirary

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **ANACHRONISTIC**
	Modern
	Futuristic
	Timely
	Outdated

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Prosaic**
	Imaginative
	Banal
	Ordinary
	Dull

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Go for a song**
	Sold at a high price
	Performed emotionally
	Sold very cheaply
	Sung badly

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Not to mince matters**
	To speak delicately
	To speak without hesitation or euphemism
	To avoid detail intentionally
	To revise opinions often

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81	Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'full of energy and enthusiasm'.
	Vibrant

	Vibirant
	Vybrant
	Vibrrant

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'An animal that feeds on plants and animals'.
	Herbivore
	Carnivore
	Omnivore
	Scavenger

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83	Spot the **correct spelling** of Aristotelian well-being.
	Eudaimania
	Eudaimonia
	Eudaimonnia
	Eudaemonia

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'An expression of grief or sorrow.'
	Lament
	Dirge
	Elegy
	All are correct

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85	**Choose the correct tense:** By next year, she ____ completed her research.
	will be
	has
	will have
	had

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** If the policy were to be implemented nationwide (1)/ it would necessitate that every regional office (2)/ conducts a comprehensive audit (3)/ within a period of six months. (4)/
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	**Change the following from active to passive:** The tourists had taken many photographs.
	Many photographs have been taken by the tourists.
	Many photographs are taken by the tourists.
	Many photographs had been taken by the tourists.
	Many photographs were being taken by the tourists.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** She placed a **can** of soup on the shelf.
	They opened a can of beans for lunch.
	He asked if she can lift 50 kg.
	The trash can was full.
	He ate pineapple from the can.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The investigation was believed to have been compromised by internal leaks.
	The investigation compromised internal leaks, as believed.
	It was believed that internal leaks had compromised the investigation.
	Someone believed the investigation was compromising leaks.
	Internal leaks are believed to compromise the investigation.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She ***conversed the matter with*** me.

	discussed the matter with
	talked over the matter with
	told the matter to
	said me about the matter

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The train was late ***because of the heavy rain falls***.
	due to the rain fall
	because of heavy rainfall
	owing to heavy rains
	as it rained heavily

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Cultural diversity constitutes the variegated mosaic of human existence—an ever-evolving interplay of languages, traditions, philosophies, and belief systems that define collective and individual identities. Far from being a peripheral feature of global society, cultural diversity operates as a fundamental axis upon which civilizational vitality and epistemic plurality rest. In essence, it encapsulates not merely difference, but the affirmation of multiple ways of knowing, being, and meaning-making. In historical terms, civilizations have flourished not in isolation but at the confluence of diverse cultural streams. The syncretism observable in the Indo-Persian, Greco-Arabic, and Afro-Asian traditions exemplifies how intercultural fertilization catalyzes intellectual innovation and social cohesion. Rather than homogenization, these interactions yielded a dialogical reconstitution of worldviews—proof that cultural divergence can be a crucible for synthesis rather than conflict. At the philosophical level, cultural diversity interrogates the universality of norms. It challenges ethnocentric assumptions embedded within dominant paradigms by foregrounding the contextual nature of truth, morality, and aesthetics. When one engages with other cultures, the epistemological arrogance of singular worldviews is destabilized, allowing for intercultural humility and ethical pluralism to emerge. Thus, cultural diversity operates not just as an external phenomenon, but as an internal process of decentering the self. From a sociopolitical standpoint, societies that safeguard cultural plurality tend to nurture inclusive citizenship and resilience. Multicultural democracies are not only repositories of coexisting identities but also laboratories of conflict negotiation and policy innovation. However, tokenistic inclusion without structural equity often leads to performative multiculturalism—a facade that conceals systemic marginalization. Genuine cultural diversity necessitates decolonized institutional frameworks that recognize historical injustices while fostering intercultural dialogue. Economically and creatively, cultural diversity constitutes an underappreciated asset. Diverse workforces, for example, yield superior problem-solving outcomes due to varied cognitive schemata and adaptive strategies. Similarly, the cultural industries—film, fashion, literature—derive their vibrancy from an eclectic confluence of voices. The commodification of culture, however, poses a paradox: while it amplifies visibility, it risks appropriating identities without accountability. In an era of globalization and algorithmic standardization, cultural diversity confronts unprecedented threats. The transnational flow of capital, information, and labor often engenders monocultural tendencies under the guise of cosmopolitanism. Algorithms, designed for optimization, tend to filter cultural experience through homogenizing lenses—curating identities instead of cultivating them. Hence, preserving cultural diversity is not a nostalgic endeavor but an existential imperative in the face of digital flattening and neoliberal erasures. Ultimately, cultural diversity is not merely about tolerance or celebration—it is about sustaining the ontological multiplicity that renders the human condition richly complex. To uphold it is to affirm that no single narrative, however dominant, can exhaust the spectrum of human meaning. What is the central philosophical function of cultural diversity as conveyed by the passage?
	It reinforces national pride and unity.
	It affirms the universal superiority of traditional values.
	It destabilizes epistemological singularity and fosters pluralistic humility.
	It diminishes intellectual agency by proliferating relativism.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

Cultural diversity constitutes the variegated mosaic of human existence—an ever-evolving interplay of languages, traditions, philosophies, and belief systems that define collective and individual identities. Far from being a peripheral feature of global society, cultural diversity operates as a fundamental axis upon which civilizational vitality and epistemic plurality rest. In essence, it encapsulates not merely difference, but the affirmation of multiple ways of knowing, being, and meaning-making. In historical terms, civilizations have flourished not in isolation but at the confluence of diverse cultural streams. The syncretism observable in the Indo-Persian, Greco-Arabic, and Afro-Asian traditions exemplifies how intercultural fertilization catalyzes intellectual innovation and social cohesion. Rather than homogenization, these interactions yielded a dialogical reconstitution of worldviews—proof that cultural divergence can be a crucible for synthesis rather than conflict. At the philosophical level, cultural diversity interrogates the universality of norms. It challenges ethnocentric assumptions embedded within dominant paradigms by foregrounding the contextual nature of truth, morality, and aesthetics. When one engages with other cultures, the epistemological arrogance of singular worldviews is destabilized, allowing for intercultural humility and ethical pluralism to emerge. Thus, cultural diversity operates not just as an external phenomenon, but as an internal process of decentering the self. From a sociopolitical standpoint, societies that safeguard cultural plurality tend to nurture inclusive citizenship and resilience. Multicultural democracies are not only repositories of coexisting identities but also laboratories of conflict negotiation and policy innovation. However, tokenistic inclusion without structural equity often leads to performative multiculturalism—a facade that conceals systemic marginalization. Genuine cultural diversity necessitates decolonized institutional frameworks that recognize historical injustices while fostering intercultural dialogue.
Economically and creatively, cultural diversity constitutes an underappreciated asset. Diverse workforces, for example, yield superior problem-solving outcomes due to varied cognitive schemata and adaptive strategies. Similarly, the cultural industries—film, fashion, literature—derive their vibrancy from an eclectic confluence of voices. The commodification of culture, however, poses a paradox: while it amplifies visibility, it risks appropriating identities without accountability. In an era of globalization and algorithmic standardization, cultural diversity confronts unprecedented threats. The transnational flow of capital, information, and labor often engenders monocultural tendencies under the guise of cosmopolitanism. Algorithms, designed for optimization, tend to filter cultural experience through homogenizing lenses—curating identities instead of cultivating them. Hence, preserving cultural diversity is not a nostalgic endeavor but an existential imperative in the face of digital flattening and neoliberal erasures. Ultimately, cultural diversity is not merely about tolerance or celebration—it is about sustaining the ontological multiplicity that renders the human condition richly complex. To uphold it is to affirm that no single narrative, however dominant, can exhaust the spectrum of human meaning.

The term "performative multiculturalism" in the passage most closely refers to:

	The institutionalization of cultural rites and festivals.
	Superficial inclusion that conceals deeper systemic inequities.
	Public resistance to cultural plurality in governance.
	Honest cultural representation in mass media.

Q.No: 94	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Cultural diversity constitutes the variegated mosaic of human existence—an ever-evolving interplay of languages, traditions, philosophies, and belief systems that define collective and individual identities. Far from being a peripheral feature of global society, cultural diversity operates as a fundamental axis upon which civilizational vitality and epistemic plurality rest. In essence, it encapsulates not merely difference, but the affirmation of multiple ways of knowing, being, and meaning-making. In historical terms, civilizations have flourished not in isolation but at the confluence of diverse cultural streams. The syncretism observable in the Indo-Persian, Greco-Arabic, and Afro-Asian traditions exemplifies how intercultural fertilization catalyzes intellectual innovation and social cohesion. Rather than homogenization, these interactions yielded a dialogical reconstitution of worldviews—proof that cultural divergence can be a crucible for synthesis rather than conflict. At the philosophical level, cultural diversity interrogates the universality of norms. It challenges ethnocentric assumptions embedded within dominant paradigms by foregrounding the contextual nature of truth, morality, and aesthetics. When one engages with other cultures, the epistemological arrogance of singular worldviews is destabilized, allowing for intercultural humility and ethical pluralism to emerge. Thus, cultural diversity operates not just as an external phenomenon, but as an internal process of decentering the self. From a sociopolitical standpoint, societies that safeguard cultural plurality tend to nurture inclusive citizenship and resilience. Multicultural democracies are not only repositories of coexisting identities but also laboratories of conflict negotiation and policy innovation. However, tokenistic inclusion without structural equity often leads to performative multiculturalism—a facade that conceals systemic marginalization. Genuine cultural diversity necessitates decolonized institutional frameworks that recognize historical injustices while fostering intercultural dialogue. Economically and creatively, cultural diversity constitutes an underappreciated asset. Diverse workforces, for example, yield superior problem-solving outcomes due to varied cognitive schemata and adaptive strategies. Similarly, the cultural industries—film, fashion, literature—derive their vibrancy from an eclectic confluence of voices. The commodification of culture, however, poses a paradox: while it amplifies visibility, it risks appropriating identities without accountability. In an era of globalization and algorithmic standardization, cultural diversity confronts unprecedented threats. The transnational flow of capital, information, and labor often engenders monocultural tendencies under the guise of cosmopolitanism. Algorithms, designed for optimization, tend to filter cultural experience through homogenizing lenses—curating identities instead of cultivating them. Hence, preserving cultural diversity is not a nostalgic endeavor but an existential imperative in the face of digital flattening and neoliberal erasures. Ultimately, cultural diversity is not merely about tolerance or celebration—it is about sustaining the ontological multiplicity that renders the human condition richly complex. To uphold it is to affirm that no single narrative, however dominant, can exhaust the spectrum of human meaning. In what way does the passage portray globalization as a threat to cultural diversity?
	It promotes diverse collaboration across borders.
	It encourages indigenous revivalist movements.
	It fosters algorithmic and commercial standardization that homogenizes identity.
	It reaffirms nationalistic cultural boundaries.

Q.No: 95 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

Cultural diversity constitutes the variegated mosaic of human existence—an ever-evolving interplay of languages, traditions, philosophies, and belief systems that define collective and individual identities. Far from being a peripheral feature of global society, cultural diversity operates as a fundamental axis upon which civilizational vitality and epistemic plurality rest. In essence, it encapsulates not merely difference, but the affirmation of multiple ways of knowing, being, and meaning-making. In historical terms, civilizations have flourished not in isolation but at the confluence of diverse cultural streams. The syncretism observable in the Indo-Persian, Greco-Arabic, and Afro-Asian traditions exemplifies how intercultural fertilization catalyzes intellectual innovation and social cohesion. Rather than homogenization, these interactions yielded a dialogical reconstitution of worldviews—proof that cultural divergence can be a crucible for synthesis rather than conflict. At the philosophical level, cultural diversity interrogates the universality of norms. It challenges ethnocentric assumptions embedded within dominant paradigms by foregrounding the contextual nature of truth, morality, and aesthetics. When one engages with other cultures, the epistemological arrogance of singular worldviews is destabilized, allowing for intercultural humility and ethical pluralism to emerge. Thus, cultural diversity operates not just as an external phenomenon, but as an internal process of decentering the self. From a sociopolitical standpoint, societies that safeguard cultural plurality tend to nurture inclusive citizenship and resilience. Multicultural democracies are not only repositories of coexisting identities but also laboratories of conflict negotiation and policy innovation. However, tokenistic inclusion without structural equity often leads to performative multiculturalism—a facade that conceals systemic marginalization. Genuine cultural diversity necessitates decolonized institutional frameworks that recognize historical injustices while fostering intercultural dialogue. Economically and creatively, cultural diversity constitutes an underappreciated asset. Diverse workforces, for example, yield superior problem-solving outcomes due to varied cognitive schemata and adaptive strategies. Similarly, the cultural industries—film, fashion, literature—derive their vibrancy from an eclectic confluence of voices. The commodification of culture, however, poses a paradox: while it amplifies visibility, it risks appropriating identities without accountability. In an era of globalization and algorithmic standardization, cultural diversity confronts unprecedented threats. The transnational flow of capital, information, and labor often engenders monocultural tendencies under the guise of cosmopolitanism. Algorithms, designed for optimization, tend to filter cultural experience through homogenizing lenses—curating identities instead of cultivating them. Hence, preserving cultural diversity is not a nostalgic endeavor but an existential imperative in the face of digital flattening and neoliberal erasures. Ultimately, cultural diversity is not merely about tolerance or celebration—it is about sustaining the ontological multiplicity that renders the human condition richly complex. To uphold it is to affirm that no single narrative, however dominant, can exhaust the spectrum of human meaning.

What does the phrase "dialogical reconstitution of worldviews" most nearly imply?

	Convergence of linguistic structures.
	Exchange that produces hybrid cultural understandings.
	Regression to isolated cultural epistemes.
	Dominance of one cultural narrative over others.

Click Here to Challenge Question No : 96

Q.No: 96	**Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :** Cultural diversity constitutes the variegated mosaic of human existence—an ever-evolving interplay of languages, traditions, philosophies, and belief systems that define collective and individual identities. Far from being a peripheral feature of global society, cultural diversity operates as a fundamental axis upon which civilizational vitality and epistemic plurality rest. In essence, it encapsulates not merely difference, but the affirmation of multiple ways of knowing, being, and meaning-making. In historical terms, civilizations have flourished not in isolation but at the confluence of diverse cultural streams. The syncretism observable in the Indo-Persian, Greco-Arabic, and Afro-Asian traditions exemplifies how intercultural fertilization catalyzes intellectual innovation and social cohesion. Rather than homogenization, these interactions yielded a dialogical reconstitution of worldviews—proof that cultural divergence can be a crucible for synthesis rather than conflict. At the philosophical level, cultural diversity interrogates the universality of norms. It challenges ethnocentric assumptions embedded within dominant paradigms by foregrounding the contextual nature of truth, morality, and aesthetics. When one engages with other cultures, the epistemological arrogance of singular worldviews is destabilized, allowing for intercultural humility and ethical pluralism to emerge. Thus, cultural diversity operates not just as an external phenomenon, but as an internal process of decentering the self. From a sociopolitical standpoint, societies that safeguard cultural plurality tend to nurture inclusive citizenship and resilience. Multicultural democracies are not only repositories of coexisting identities but also laboratories of conflict negotiation and policy innovation. However, tokenistic inclusion without structural equity often leads to performative multiculturalism—a facade that conceals systemic marginalization. Genuine cultural diversity necessitates decolonized institutional frameworks that recognize historical injustices while fostering intercultural dialogue. Economically and creatively, cultural diversity constitutes an underappreciated asset. Diverse workforces, for example, yield superior problem-solving outcomes due to varied cognitive schemata and adaptive strategies. Similarly, the cultural industries—film, fashion, literature—derive their vibrancy from an eclectic confluence of voices. The commodification of culture, however, poses a paradox: while it amplifies visibility, it risks appropriating identities without accountability. In an era of globalization and algorithmic standardization, cultural diversity confronts unprecedented threats. The transnational flow of capital, information, and labor often engenders monocultural tendencies under the guise of cosmopolitanism. Algorithms, designed for optimization, tend to filter cultural experience through homogenizing lenses—curating identities instead of cultivating them. Hence, preserving cultural diversity is not a nostalgic endeavor but an existential imperative in the face of digital flattening and neoliberal erasures. Ultimately, cultural diversity is not merely about tolerance or celebration—it is about sustaining the ontological multiplicity that renders the human condition richly complex. To uphold it is to affirm that no single narrative, however dominant, can exhaust the spectrum of human meaning. According to the passage, the economic significance of cultural diversity lies primarily in:
	Its ability to create ethnic enclaves that preserve traditional trade.
	Its capacity to reinforce bureaucratic efficiency.
	The commodification of uniform cultural products.
	The cognitive and creative advantages generated by heterogeneous inputs.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** He asserted that the cryptographic protocol might have resisted the attack had entropy been truly random.
	He asserted, "Had entropy been truly random, the cryptographic protocol might have resisted the attack."
	He said, "If entropy is truly random, protocol might resist attack."
	He asserted, "If entropy had been random, protocol might resist attack."
	He said, "Entropy random, protocol resists attack."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** He asked, "Did you complete the homework?"
	He asked whether I completed the homework.

	He asked if I had completed the homework.
	He asked did I completed the homework.
	He asked that I had completed the homework.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage:** 1. The findings were analyzed to understand customer needs. 2. The results were then shared with the development team. 3. Based on the analysis, product enhancements were made. 4. A survey was conducted to gather feedback from customers.
	4-1-2-3
	1-2-4-3
	2-3-1-4
	3-4-1-2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage:** 1. A strategy was developed to address key market challenges. 2. Market research was conducted to identify trends. 3. Insights from research were used to finalize the strategy. 4. The strategy was then implemented in phases.
	2-3-1-4
	1-3-2-4
	3-2-1-4
	4-1-3-2

Test Date	:	**25 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name	:	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option | ption [illegible]

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	Which of the following refers to the extent to which demand for a particular commodity decreases because others are also consuming the same commodity? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा उस सीमा को संदर्भित करता है जिस तक किसी विशेष वस्तु की मांग कम हो जाती है क्योंकि अन्य लोग भी उसी वस्तु का उपभोग कर रहे हैं?
	Snob effect स्नोब प्रभाव
	Demonstration effect प्रदर्शन प्रभाव
	Bandwagon effect बैंडवैगन प्रभाव
	Veblen effect वेब्लेन प्रभाव

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	How does satellite imagery help in managing natural disasters in India? भारत में प्राकृतिक आपदाओं के प्रबंधन में उपग्रह चित्रण किस प्रकार सहायक है?
	By creating 3D video games of landscapes भूदृश्यों के 3डी वीडियो गेम्स बनाकर
	By connecting people to mobile towers लोगों को मोबाइल टावरों से जोड़कर
	By tracking migratory birds प्रवासी पक्षियों पर नज़र रखकर
	By providing real-time data on floods, cyclones and droughts बाढ़, चक्रवात और सूखे पर वास्तविक समय डेटा प्रदान करके

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	In which year did Babur defeat Ibrahim Lodi in the First Battle of Panipat? पानीपत की पहली लड़ाई में बाबर ने इब्राहिम लोदी को किस वर्ष हराया था?
	1519 CE 1519 ई.
	1526 CE 1526 ई.
	1529 CE 1529 ई.
	1530 CE 1530 ई.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	Which government scheme aims to provide social security to workers in the unorganized sector? कौन सी सरकारी योजना का उद्देश्य असंगठित क्षेत्र के श्रमिकों को सामाजिक सुरक्षा प्रदान करना है?
	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA) महात्मा गांधी राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार गारंटी अधिनियम (मनरेगा)
	Atal Pension Yojana (APY) अटल पेंशन योजना (एपीवाई)
	Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) प्रधानमंत्री जन धन योजना (पीएमजेडीवाई)
	National Health Mission (NHM) राष्ट्रीय स्वास्थ्य मिशन (एनएचएम)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	A ball is thrown vertically upwards with an initial velocity of 10 m/s. Ignoring air resistance, what is the maximum height it will reach? (Assume g = 9.8 m/s^2) एक गेंद को 10 मीटर/सेकंड के प्रारंभिक वेग से ऊर्ध्वाधर ऊपर की ओर फेंका जाता है। वायु प्रतिरोध को नज़रअंदाज़ करते हुए, यह अधिकतम कितनी ऊँचाई तक पहुँचेगी? (मान लें कि g = 9.8 मीटर/सेकंड^2 है)
	1.02 m 1.02 मीटर
	5.10 m 5.10 मीटर
	10.2 m 10.2 मीटर
	20.4 m 20.4 मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	Which architectural style predominantly defines the churches of Old Goa? पुराने गोवा के चर्चों को मुख्य रूप से कौन सी स्थापत्य शैली परिभाषित करती है?
	Indo-Saracenic इंडो-सरसेनिक
	Mughal मुगल
	Baroque and Manueline बारोक और मैनुएलीन
	Gothic Revival गोथिक पुनरुद्धार

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	Which of the following complexes is also called a light-harvesting complex? निम्नलिखित में से किस कॉम्प्लेक्स को प्रकाश-संग्रहण कॉम्प्लेक्स भी कहा जाता है?
	Antenna complex एंटीना कॉम्प्लेक्स
	ATP synthase complex एटीपी सिंथेस कॉम्प्लेक्स
	Ribosome complex राइबोसोम कॉम्प्लेक्स
	Spliceosome complex स्प्लिसियोसोम कॉम्प्लेक्स

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	On how many separate occasions has India been the country to organize the Asian Games?

	भारत कितनी बार एशियाई खेलों का आयोजन करने वाला देश रहा है?
	Once एक
	Twice दो
	Three times तीन बार
	Four times चार बार
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	The Uniform Civil Code (UCC) primarily aims to: समान नागरिक संहिता (यूसीसी) का मुख्य उद्देश्य है:
	Replace criminal laws आपराधिक कानून बदलना
	Abolish parliamentary democracy संसदीय लोकतंत्र को खत्म करना
	Establish uniform laws on civil matters like marriage, divorce, inheritance विवाह, तलाक, उत्तराधिकार जैसे नागरिक मामलों पर एक समान कानून स्थापित करना
	Regulate foreign trade विदेशी व्यापार को विनियमित करना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	Who is the Chairperson of the National Commission for Minorities (NCM) in 2025? 2025 में राष्ट्रीय अल्पसंख्यक आयोग (एनसीएम) के अध्यक्ष कौन हैं?
	Wajahat Habibullah वजाहत हबीबुल्लाह
	Iqbal Singh Lalpura इकबाल सिंह लालपुरा
	Syed Ghayorul Hasan Rizvi सैयद ग़यौरुल हसन रिज़वी
	Zafar Sareshwala ज़फ़र सरेशवाला

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	In which state is the dance form 'Pandwani' performed? 'पंडवानी' नृत्य किस राज्य में किया जाता है?
	Madhya Pradesh मध्य प्रदेश
	Chhattisgarh छत्तीसगढ़
	Jharkhand झारखंड

	Kerala केरल

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	Consider the following statements with reference to mineral oil production in India. 1. Ankleshwar, Kalol, Mehsana and Kosamba are the important Mineral oil producing regions of Maharashtra. 2. Mineral oil deposits have been found in the Krishna-Godavari-Kaveri basin in South India. Which of the statement(s) given above is/are CORRECT? भारत में खनिज तेल उत्पादन के संदर्भ में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें। 1. अंकलेश्वर, कलोल, मेहसाणा और कोसाम्बा महाराष्ट्र के महत्वपूर्ण खनिज तेल उत्पादक क्षेत्र हैं। 2. दक्षिण भारत में कृष्णा-गोदावरी-कावेरी बेसिन में खनिज तेल के भंडार पाए गए हैं। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	1 only केवल 1
	2 only केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1, न ही 2

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	Regarding the rural-urban linkages, which of the following statements is/are CORRECT? 1 Rural and urban regions are often in competition with each other. 2 Rural and urban regions are complementary to each other. 3 There is a continuous exchange of commodities between rural and urban areas through trade ties. ग्रामीण-शहरी संबंधों के संबंध में, निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है/हैं? 1 ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्र अक्सर एक-दूसरे के साथ प्रतिस्पर्धा में रहते हैं। 2 ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्र एक-दूसरे के पूरक हैं। 3 ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों के बीच व्यापार संबंधों के माध्यम से वस्तुओं का निरंतर आदान-प्रदान होता रहता है।
	1 and 3 only केवल 1 और 3
	1 and 2 only केवल 1 और 2
	2 and 3 onlhy केवल 2 और 3
	1, 2 and 3 1, 2 और 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	Consider the following statements. 1. At present, there are no active volcanoes in India. 2. The main cause of volcanic eruption is associated with plate tectonics, orogeny and sea-floor spreading processes. Which of the above statements is/are CORRECT? निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें। 1. वर्तमान में भारत में कोई सक्रिय ज्वालामुखी नहीं है। 2. ज्वालामुखी विस्फोट का मुख्य कारण प्लेट टेक्टोनिक्स, ओरोजेनी और समुद्र तल फैलाव प्रक्रियाओं से जुड़ा हुआ है। उपरोक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	1 only केवल 1
	2 only केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	None of these इनमें से कोई नहीं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	In the Rigveda, what term is used for a collection of hymns? ऋग्वेद में भजनों के संग्रह के लिए किस शब्द का प्रयोग किया गया है?
	Gāyatrīs गायत्री
	Puranas पुराणों
	Suktas सूक्त
	Sūtras सूत्र

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	In basketball, how many players usually make up each team on the court during official play? बास्केटबॉल में, आधिकारिक खेल के दौरान कोर्ट पर प्रत्येक टीम में आमतौर पर कितने खिलाड़ी होते हैं?
	7 7
	6 6
	8 8
	5 5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	What was one major provision introduced by the Pitt's India Act of 1784 concerning the Court of Directors? पिट्स इंडिया एक्ट 1784 द्वारा निदेशक मंडल के संबंध में प्रस्तुत एक प्रमुख प्रावधान क्या था?
	It granted them authority to make laws for Indian states इसने उन्हें भारतीय राज्यों के लिए कानून बनाने का अधिकार दिया
	It allowed them to dissolve Indian provincial courts इसने उन्हें भारतीय प्रांतीय न्यायालयों को भंग करने की अनुमति दे दी
	It made them accountable to the British Government in civil/military affairs. इसने उन्हें नागरिक/सैन्य मामलों में ब्रिटिश सरकार के प्रति जवाबदेह बना दिया।
	It merged them with the Board of Control इसने उन्हें नियंत्रण बोर्ड में विलय कर दिया
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	Who is the author of the book 'The Ocean of Churn'? 'द ओशन ऑफ चर्न' पुस्तक के लेखक कौन हैं?
	Sanjeev Sanyal संजीव सान्याल
	Tony Joseph टोनी जोसेफ
	Devdutt Pattanaik देवदत्त पटनायक
	Rohan Mukherjee रोहन मुखर्जी
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	**Which of the following is/are correct about the National Games in India?** 1) Indian Olympic Games began in 1924 at Lahore due to efforts of Noehren and Buck. 2) Renamed as National Games in 1940 after the 10th edition in Delhi. **भारत में राष्ट्रीय खेलों के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?** 1) भारतीय ओलंपिक खेलों की शुरुआत 1924 में लाहौर में नोहरन और बक के प्रयासों से हुई थी। 2) दिल्ली में 10वें संस्करण के बाद 1940 में इनका नाम बदलकर राष्ट्रीय खेल कर दिया गया।
	Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 are Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही हैं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	Which All-India Service is allotted to State cadres but controlled jointly by Centre and State? कौन सी अखिल भारतीय सेवा राज्य संवर्गों को आवंटित की जाती है लेकिन केंद्र और राज्य द्वारा संयुक्त रूप से नियंत्रित की जाती है?
	IAS आईएएस
	DSC डीएससी
	State PCS राज्य पीसीएस
	Indian Post भारतीय डाक

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	Who was the prominent leader during the Quit India Movement, remembered for hoisting the Indian flag at the Gowalia Tank Maidan in Mumbai in 1942? भारत छोड़ो आंदोलन के दौरान वह प्रमुख नेता कौन थे, जिन्हें 1942 में मुंबई के गोवालिया टैंक मैदान में भारतीय ध्वज फहराने के लिए याद किया जाता है?
	Sucheta Kriplani सुचेता कृपलानी
	Aruna Asaf Ali अरुणा आसफ अली
	Annie Besant एनी बेसेंट
	Vijayalakshmi Pandit विजयलक्ष्मी पंडित

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	The Green Revolution in its first phase (mid-1960s to mid-1970s) was largely ineffective in which of the following regions? हरित क्रांति अपने प्रथम चरण (1960 के दशक के मध्य से 1970 के दशक के मध्य तक) में निम्नलिखित में से किस क्षेत्र में काफी हद तक अप्रभावी रही?
	Punjab पंजाब
	Tamil Nadu तमिलनाडु
	Bihar बिहार
	Haryana हरियाणा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	What does "P" in LPG reforms stand for? एलपीजी सुधारों में "पी" का क्या अर्थ है?
	Planning योजना
	Privatisation निजीकरण
	Production उत्पादन

	Poverty गरीबी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	Aditya-L1 took how many days to reach L1? आदित्य-L1 को L1 तक पहुंचने में कितने दिन लगे?
	60 60
	127 127
	200 200
	365 365

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	Under which Article can the President promulgate Ordinances when Parliament is not in session, and how long do these last? जब संसद सत्र में न हो तो राष्ट्रपति किस अनुच्छेद के तहत अध्यादेश जारी कर सकते हैं और ये कितने समय तक लागू रहते हैं?
	Article 123; until Parliament reconvenes or 6 weeks thereafter अनुच्छेद 123; संसद के पुन: समवेत होने तक या उसके 6 सप्ताह बाद तक
	Article 213; until next session of state legislature अनुच्छेद 213; राज्य विधानमंडल के अगले सत्र तक
	Article 356; during emergency अनुच्छेद 356; आपातकाल के दौरान
	Article 352; during national emergency अनुच्छेद 352; राष्ट्रीय आपातकाल के दौरान

Test Date	:	**25 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name		

Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1 In the word "PHYSICS", what is the alphabetical index (A=1 to Z=26) of the 2nd letter from the right?

शब्द "PHYSICS" में दाईं ओर से 2nd अक्षर का वर्णमाला सूचकांक (A=1 से Z=26) क्या है?

	3 3
	19 19
	9 9
	25 25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

	Sample Address:12-B, Sunrise Apartments,Sector 14, Gurugram,Haryana - 122001 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Sample Address:12-B, Sunrise Apartments,Sector 14, Gurugram,Haryana - 122001
	12B, Sunrise Apartments, Sector 14, Gurgaon, Haryana - 122001 12B, Sunrise Apartments, Sector 14, Gurgaon, Haryana - 122001
	12-B, Sunrise Apt., Sector 14, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001 12-B, Sunrise Apt., Sector 14, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001
	12-B, Sunrise Apartments, Sector 14, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001 12-B, Sunrise Apartments, Sector 14, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001
	21-B, Sunrise Apartments, Sector 14, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001 21-B, Sunrise Apartments, Sector 14, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	The seminar in Guntur occurred 2 days before Visakhapatnam, while Kakinada was 3 days after Visakhapatnam. If Kakinada's seminar was on 20th Feb, when did the Guntur seminar happen? गुंटूर में सेमिनार विशाखापत्तनम से 2 दिन पहले हुआ था, जबकि काकीनाडा में विशाखापत्तनम से 3 दिन बाद हुआ था। अगर काकीनाडा का सेमिनार 20 फरवरी को था, तो गुंटूर सेमिनार कब हुआ?
	13th Feb 13th फरवरी
	14thFeb 14th फरवरी
	15thFeb 15th फरवरी
	16th Feb 16th फरवरी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	If 3 × 3 = 27, then 4 × 4 = ? अगर 3 × 3 = 27, तो 4 × 4 = ?
	256 256
	216 216
	126 126
	144 144

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	What should come in place of the question mark '?' in the following number series? 45, 40, 50, ?, 55, 30 निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? 45, 40, 50, ?, 55, 30
	35 35
	80 80
	70

	70
	85 85

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	Read the given statement and conclusions carefully. Decide which of the given conclusions is/are definitely TRUE from the statement. Statement: F< B < E ≤ C = D ≥ A < G Conclusion I: G < F Conclusion II: C > G दिए गए कथन और निष्कर्षों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें। निर्णय लें कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष कथन से निश्चित रूप से सत्य है/हैं। कथन: F< B < E ≤ C = D ≥ A < G निष्कर्ष I: G < F निष्कर्ष II: C > G
	Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are TRUE. निष्कर्ष I और निष्कर्ष II दोनों सत्य हैं।
	Neither Conclusion I nor Conclusion II is TRUE. न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही निष्कर्ष II सत्य है।
	Only Conclusion II is TRUE. केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है।
	Only Conclusion I is TRUE. केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	Which city is different? कौन सा शहर अलग है?
	Lucknow लखनऊ
	Varanasi वाराणसी
	Kanpur कानपुर
	Hyderabad हैदराबाद

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	A is the wife of B. C is the son of A. How is C related to B? A, B की पत्नी है। C, A का पुत्र है। C का B से क्या संबंध है?
	Daughter पुत्री
	Son पुत्र
	Grandmother दादी
	Mother माँ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	Find the missing number: **23 : 125 :: 31 : ?**

	लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **23 : 125 :: 31 : ?**
	69 69
	65 65
	46 46
	64 64

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Some men are honest. All honest people are brave. **Conclusions:** I. Some men are brave. II. All men are brave. **निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।** कथन: कुछ पुरुष ईमानदार होते हैं। सभी ईमानदार लोग बहादुर होते हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ पुरुष बहादुर होते हैं। II. सभी पुरुष बहादुर होते हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All keys are locks. Some locks are tools. No tool is a weapon. **Conclusions:** I. Some keys are not weapons. II. All tools are locks. **निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।** कथन: सभी चाबियाँ ताले हैं। कुछ ताले औज़ार हैं। कोई भी औज़ार हथियार नहीं है। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ चाबियाँ हथियार नहीं हैं। II. सभी औज़ार ताले हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows

	केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12	If "MANDELA" is coded as "JXKABIX", what is the code for "GANDHI"? यदि "MANDELA" को "JXKABIX" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "GANDHI" को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	DEZJAG DEZJAG
	DFZKAG DFZKAG
	EZALEF EZALEF
	DXKAEF DXKAEF

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	What comes next? DA, EB, FC, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? DA, EB, FC, ?
	HE HE
	GD GD
	IF IF
	JG JG

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	Complete the series. 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, ?
	90 90
	96 96
	100 100
	99 99

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	Which word does NOT belong to the group based on meaning? CAT, DOG, FOX, RAT, RAZ कौन सा शब्द अर्थ के आधार पर समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

	CAT, DOG, FOX, RAT, RAZ
	CAT CAT
	DOG DOG
	FOX FOX
	RAZ RAZ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	Find the ODD one out. Patna, Jaipur, Surat, Raipur, Chennai इनमें से विषम चुनें। पटना, जयपुर, सूरत, रायपुर, चेन्नई
	Patna पटना
	Surat सूरत
	Jaipur जयपुर
	Chennai चेन्नई

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	What should come at the place of question mark? : **98, 90, 82, 74, ?, 58** प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? : **98, 90, 82, 74, ?, 58**
	66 66
	68 68
	62 62
	70 70

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	A train travels a distance of 360 km in 4 hours. If the train increases its speed by 10 km/h, how much time will it take to cover the same distance? एक रेलगाड़ी 360 किमी की दूरी 4 घंटे में तय करती है। यदि रेलगाड़ी अपनी गति 10 किमी/घंटा बढ़ा दे, तो उसे समान दूरी तय करने में कितना समय लगेगा?
	3 h 3 घंटे
	3.2 h 3.2 घंटे
	3.6 h 3.6 घंटे
	4 h 4 घंटे

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	In a code language, "The book is interesting" is coded as "mo no lo po", "The book is boring" is coded as "mo no to po", "The movie is interesting" is coded as "do no lo po". What is the code for "The movie is boring"? एक कूट भाषा में, "The book is interesting" को "mo no lo po" लिखा जाता है, "The book is boring" को "mo no to po" लिखा जाता है, "The movie is interesting" को "do no lo po" लिखा जाता है। "The movie is boring" का कूट क्या है?
	mo do po to mo do po to
	do no po to do no po to
	no so mo po no so mo po
	ko fo vo po ko fo vo po

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	If in a certain code, 'NORTH' is written as 'HTRON', how will 'ORTHN' be written? यदि किसी निश्चित कोड में 'NORTH' को 'HTRON' लिखा जाता है, तो 'ORTHN' को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	RUKPN RUKPN
	NHTRO NHTRO
	XAHNL XAHNL
	UJEKE UJEKE

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	If 8 pens cost ₹80, how many pens can you buy for ₹200? यदि 8 पेन की कीमत ₹80 है, तो आप ₹200 में कितने पेन खरीद सकते हैं?
	18 18
	20 20
	25 25
	16 16

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	If * = +, @ = −, # = ×; then 5 * 3 # 2 @ 4 = ? यदि * = +, @ = −, # = ×; तो 5 * 3 # 2 @ 4 = ?
	7 7
	9 9
	8 8
	12 12

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	If you multiply the first five natural numbers, what do you get? यदि आप प्रथम पाँच प्राकृतिक संख्याओं को गुणा करें तो आपको क्या प्राप्त होगा?
	100 100
	120 120
	60 60
	240 240

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	If WINDOW is coded as XJOEPX, how is XJOEPX coded? यदि WINDOW को XJOEPX के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो XJOEPX को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	YKPFQY YKPFQY
	YKPFQX YKPFQX
	YKOEQY YKOEQY
	YKPEQY YKPEQY

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	If in a certain language, 'COVERT' is written as 'BNUFQS', how is 'ABSENT' written in that code? यदि किसी निश्चित भाषा में, 'COVERT' को 'BNUFQS' लिखा जाता है, तो उस कोड में 'ABSENT' को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	ZARFMS ZARFMS
	ZATRDS ZATRDS
	ZATSRD ZATSRD
	ZASTRD ZASTRD

Test Date	:	**25 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name	:	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	The Taj Mahal was inspired by which famous monument? ताजमहल किस प्रसिद्ध स्मारक से प्रेरित था?
	Humayun's Tomb हुमायूं का मकबरा
	Jama Masjid जामा मस्जिद
	Victoria Memorial विक्टोरिया मेमोरियल
	Qutub Minar कुतुब मीनार

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	Which category of prohibited substances in sports includes drugs that increase alertness and reduce fatigue?

	खेलों में निषिद्ध पदार्थों की किस श्रेणी में वे दवाएं शामिल हैं जो सतर्कता बढ़ाती हैं और थकान कम करती हैं?
	Anabolic Agents एनाबोलिक एजेंट्स
	Peptide Hormones पेप्टाइड हार्मोन
	Beta-2 Agonists बीटा-2 एगोनिस्ट्स
	Stimulants उत्तेजक
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	Which act introduced the system of dyarchy (dual government) in the provinces of British India? किस अधिनियम ने ब्रिटिश भारत के प्रांतों में द्वैध शासन प्रणाली (दोहरी सरकार) की शुरुआत की?
	The Indian Councils Act of 1861 1861 का भारतीय परिषद अधिनियम
	The Morley-Minto Reforms of 1909 1909 के मॉर्ले-मिंटो सुधार
	The Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms of 1919 1919 के मोंटेग्यू-चेम्सफोर्ड सुधार
	The Government of India Act of 1935 भारत सरकार अधिनियम 1935

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	In BNSS, what provision strengthens witness protection during trial? बीएनएसएस में कौन सा प्रावधान परीक्षण के दौरान गवाहों की सुरक्षा को मजबूत करता है?
	Anonymous jury system अनाम जूरी प्रणाली
	Use of video conferencing and identity concealment for vulnerable witnesses वीडियो कॉन्फ्रेंसिंग का उपयोग और कमजोर गवाहों की पहचान छुपाना
	Witnesses can choose to record statements via SMS गवाह एसएमएस के माध्यम से बयान दर्ज करने का विकल्प चुन सकते हैं
	Witnesses are not required to attend trial गवाहों को मुकदमे में उपस्थित होने की जरूरत नहीं है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	Which of the following Buddhist Councils and their locations are correctly matched? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी बौद्ध परिषद और उनके स्थान सही सुमेलित हैं?
	First Buddhist Council - Rajagriha प्रथम बौद्ध परिषद - राजगृह
	Second Buddhist Council - Lumbini द्वितीय बौद्ध परिषद - लुम्बिनी
	Third Buddhist Council - Kashmir तृतीय बौद्ध परिषद - कश्मीर
	Fourth Buddhist Council - Pataliputra चतुर्थ बौद्ध परिषद - पाटलिपुत्र

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31 **Fill in the blank:**
In Madhya Pradesh, the unmarried girls place lamps inside a decorated earthen pot called _____ during Gangaur.

रिक्त स्थान भरें:
मध्य प्रदेश में अविवाहित लड़कियां गणगौर के दौरान _____ नामक एक सजे हुए मिट्टी के बर्तन में दीपक रखती हैं।

- Kalash
  कलश
- Ghudlia
  घुड़लिया
- Matki
  मटकी
- Deepdan
  दीपदान

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32 **Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:**
Assersion(A): Gandhara images frequently feature halo and curly hair.
Reasoning(R): These elements symbolise Graeco-Roman influence in North-West India.

नीचे दिए गए कथनों को अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के रूप में चिह्नित करें। सही विकल्पों को चिह्नित करें:
अभिकथन (A): गांधार छवियों में अक्सर प्रभामंडल और घुंघराले बाल होते हैं।
तर्क (R): ये तत्व उत्तर-पश्चिम भारत में ग्रीको-रोमन प्रभाव का प्रतीक हैं।

- Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
  A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
- Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
  A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
- A is true, but R is false.
  A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
- A is false, but R is true.
  A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33 **Fill in the blank:**
Each Mandala of the Rigveda is further subdivided into ____.

रिक्त स्थान भरें:
ऋग्वेद के प्रत्येक मंडल को आगे ____ में विभाजित किया गया है।

- Suktas
  सूक्त
- Kandas
  कंडास
- Puranas
  पुराणों
- Samhitas
  संहिताएँ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34 Which of the following statements about scoring and penalties in field hockey is/are **correct?**
1) A field goal is valid only if played from inside the shooting circle.
2) In a penalty corner, the ball must exit and re-enter the circle before a goal.

	3) A penalty stroke may be lifted to any height if pushed or flicked. फील्ड हॉकी में स्कोरिंग और पेनल्टी के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है/हैं? 1) फील्ड गोल तभी वैध होता है जब शूटिंग सर्कल के अंदर से खेला जाता है। 2) पेनल्टी कॉर्नर में, गेंद को गोल से पहले सर्कल से बाहर निकलना और फिर से प्रवेश करना चाहिए। 3) पेनल्टी स्ट्रोक को धक्का देने या फ्लिक करने पर किसी भी ऊँचाई तक उठाया जा सकता है।
	Only 1 and 2 are Correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are Correct केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं।
	1, 2 and 3 are Correct 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं.
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	After the death of Shivaji, which group came to hold effective political power in the Maratha state? शिवाजी की मृत्यु के बाद मराठा राज्य में किस समूह ने प्रभावशाली राजनीतिक सत्ता हासिल की?
	Mughals मुगलों
	Deshmukhs देशमुख
	Kunbis कुनबीस
	Chitpavan Brahmanas चितपावन ब्राह्मण

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	Which of the following correctly identifies India's first Paralympic medallist and his achievement? निम्नलिखित में से कौन भारत के पहले पैरालिंपिक पदक विजेता और उनकी उपलब्धि को सही ढंग से पहचानता है?
	Devendra Jhajharia – Gold, javelin throw, Athens 1975 देवेन्द्र झाझरिया - स्वर्ण, भाला फेंक, एथेंस 1975
	Murlikant Petkar – Gold, men's 50m freestyle, Heidelberg 1972 मुरलीकांत पेटकर - स्वर्ण, पुरुषों की 50 मीटर फ्रीस्टाइल, हीडलबर्ग 1972
	Mariyappan Thangavelu – Gold, high jump, Rio 1973 मरियप्पन थंगावेलु - स्वर्ण, ऊंची कूद, रियो 1973
	Avani Lekhara – Gold, air rifle, Tokyo 1976 अवनि लेखरा - गोल्ड, एयर राइफल, टोक्यो 1976

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	Who is the author of the book 'Why I am a Hindu'? 'व्हाई आई एम ए हिन्दू' पुस्तक के लेखक कौन हैं?
	Pavan K. Varma पवन के. वर्मा
	Shashi Tharoor शशि थरूर
	Aravind Adiga

	अरविंद अडेगा
	Gurcharan Das गुरचरण दास

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	In the book Fraternity: Constitutional Norm and Human Need, what is the central theme explored by the author? पुस्तक 'फ्रैटरनिटी: कॉन्स्टीट्यूशनल नॉर्म एंड ह्यूमन नीड' में लेखक ने किस केन्द्रीय विषय पर प्रकाश डाला है?
	The economic inequality caused by globalization वैश्वीकरण के कारण उत्पन्न आर्थिक असमानता
	The legal history of the Indian Constitution भारतीय संविधान का कानूनी इतिहास
	The idea of fraternity as a binding force in democracy लोकतंत्र में एक बाध्यकारी शक्ति के रूप में बंधुत्व का विचार
	The role of federalism in India's political system भारत की राजनीतिक व्यवस्था में संघवाद की भूमिकाm
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	Which of the following statements about the Indian Super League (ISL) is correct regarding its inaugural match in 2014? इंडियन सुपर लीग (आईएसएल) के 2014 में हुए उद्घाटन मैच के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है?
	The first ISL match in 2014 was held in Mumbai. 2014 में पहला आईएसएल मैच मुंबई में आयोजित किया गया था।
	The first ISL match in 2014 was held in Goa. 2014 में पहला आईएसएल मैच गोवा में आयोजित किया गया था।
	The first ISL match in 2014 was held in Kolkata. 2014 में पहला आईएसएल मैच कोलकाता में आयोजित किया गया था।
	The first ISL match in 2014 was held in Delhi. 2014 में पहला आईएसएल मैच दिल्ली में आयोजित किया गया था।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	Which of the following accurately describes the legal and institutional basis of "Special Category State" status in India? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारत में "विशेष श्रेणी राज्य" के दर्जे के कानूनी और संस्थागत आधार का सटीक वर्णन करता है?
	It is a constitutional provision granted under Article 275. यह अनुच्छेद 275 के तहत प्रदत्त एक संवैधानिक प्रावधान है।
	It is defined in the Constitution and recommended by the Inter-State Council. इसे संविधान में परिभाषित किया गया है और अंतर-राज्य परिषद द्वारा इसकी अनुशंसा की गई है।
	It is not mentioned in the Constitution and was granted by the National Development Council. इसका उल्लेख संविधान में नहीं है और इसे राष्ट्रीय विकास परिषद द्वारा प्रदान किया गया था।
	It is conferred by the Finance Commission under Article 280. यह अनुच्छेद 280 के अंतर्गत वित्त आयोग द्वारा प्रदान किया जाता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	How does a concave mirror form an image when an object is located at its center of curvature? जब कोई वस्तु अवतल दर्पण के वक्रता केन्द्र पर स्थित होती है तो वह उसका प्रतिबिम्ब कैसे बनाती है?
	Real, inverted, and diminished

	वास्तविक, उलटा और छोटा
	Real, inverted, and same size वास्तविक, उल्टा, और समान आकार
	Virtual, erect, and magnified आभासी, सीधा और बड़ा
	Real, erect, and diminished वास्तविक, सीधा और छोटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	Which of the following statements accurately describes the law of demand in microeconomics? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सूक्ष्मअर्थशास्त्र में मांग के नियम का सटीक वर्णन करता है?
	As price increases, demand increases. जैसे-जैसे कीमत बढ़ती है, मांग भी बढ़ती है।
	As price decreases, demand decreases. जैसे-जैसे कीमत घटती है, मांग भी घटती है।
	As price increases, demand decreases, ceteris paribus. जैसे-जैसे कीमत बढ़ती है, मांग घटती जाती है, अन्य बातें समान रहने पर।
	Price has no effect on demand. कीमत का मांग पर कोई प्रभाव नहीं पड़ता।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	**Carefully read the following two statements and pick the most appropriate option:** **Assertion (A):** The government's revenue receipts don't bring with them any burden of repayment or financial liability. **Reason (R):** These earnings aren't meant to be returned and generally come from either tax-related sources or other regular inflows. **निम्नलिखित दो कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प चुनें:** **कथन (A):** सरकार की राजस्व प्राप्तियाँ अपने साथ पुनर्भुगतान या वित्तीय दायित्व का कोई बोझ नहीं लाती हैं। **कारण (R):** ये आय वापस करने के लिए नहीं होती हैं और आमतौर पर कर-संबंधी स्रोतों या अन्य नियमित अंतर्वाहों से आती हैं।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है
	A is true, but R is false A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है
	A is false, but R is true A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	Who is known as the architect of India's Five-Year Plans? भारत की पंचवर्षीय योजनाओं के निर्माता के रूप में किसे जाना जाता है?
	Sardar Patel सरदार पटेल
	Jawaharlal Nehru जवाहरलाल नेहरू
	B.R. Ambedkar बी.आर. अम्बेडकर
	P.C. Mahalanobis पी.सी. महालनोबिस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	Which entity/entities publish the Climate Change Performance Index 2025? कौन सी संस्था/संस्थाएं जलवायु परिवर्तन प्रदर्शन सूचकांक 2025 प्रकाशित करती हैं?
	UNEP यूएनईपी
	IPCC आईपीसीसी
	Germanwatch & NewClimate Institute जर्मनवॉच और न्यूक्लाइमेट इंस्टीट्यूट
	WWF डब्ल्यूडब्ल्यूएफ
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	**Read the following statements and mark the correct option:** **Assertion (A):** Alluri Sitarama Raju led the Rampa Rebellion against the British. **Reason (R):** He protested against the forest laws that restricted tribal access to resources. **निम्नलिखित कथनों को पढ़िए और सही विकल्प पर निशान लगाइए:** **कथन (A):** अल्लूरी सीताराम राजू ने अंग्रेजों के खिलाफ रम्पा विद्रोह का नेतृत्व किया। **कारण (R):** उन्होंने उन वन कानूनों का विरोध किया जो आदिवासियों की संसाधनों तक पहुँच को प्रतिबंधित करते थे।
	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true, but R is false. A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false, but R is true. A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	Which of the following describes the role of Aruna Asaf Ali in Indian history? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन भारतीय इतिहास में अरुणा आसफ अली की भूमिका का वर्णन करता है?
	She was elected as India's first female judge. वह भारत की पहली महिला न्यायाधीश चुनी गईं।
	She hoisted the Indian flag during the Quit India Movement. उन्होंने भारत छोड़ो आंदोलन के दौरान भारतीय ध्वज फहराया।
	She led a military regiment during the 1857 revolt. उन्होंने 1857 के विद्रोह के दौरान एक सैन्य रेजिमेंट का नेतृत्व किया।
	She participated in drafting the Constitution. उन्होंने संविधान का मसौदा तैयार करने में भाग लिया।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	According to Mahalanobis strategy, growth should primarily be driven by investment in: महालनोबिस रणनीति के अनुसार, विकास मुख्य रूप से निम्नलिखित में निवेश द्वारा संचालित होना चाहिए:
	Agricultural inputs

	कृषि इनपुट
	Consumer goods sector उपभोक्ता वस्तु क्षेत्र
	Capital goods sector पूंजीगत वस्तु क्षेत्र
	Import-led services sector आयात-आधारित सेवा क्षेत्र

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	Tippani is a traditional folk dance performed mainly by women in which Indian state? टिप्पाणी एक पारंपरिक लोक नृत्य है जो मुख्य रूप से महिलाओं द्वारा किस भारतीय राज्य में किया जाता है?
	Rajasthan राजस्थान
	Gujarat गुजरात
	Maharashtra महाराष्ट्र
	Punjab पंजाब

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	The economic policy reforms of 1991 are popularly known as: 1991 के आर्थिक नीति सुधारों को लोकप्रिय रूप से इस नाम से जाना जाता है:
	Five-Year Plan पंचवर्षीय योजना
	New Fiscal Policy नई राजकोषीय नीति
	New Economic Policy नई आर्थिक नीति
	Economic Reconstruction Plan आर्थिक पुनर्निर्माण योजना

Test Date	:	**25 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**09:00 AM (Shift-1)**
Centre Name		

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51	Calculate the compound interest on Rs. 5000 for 2 years at 20% per annum when compounded half yearly. 5000 रुपये पर 2 वर्ष के लिए 20% प्रति वर्ष की दर से अर्धवार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज की गणना करें।
	2,120.50 2,120.50
	2,520.50 2,520.50
	2,322.50 2,322.50
	2,320.50 2,320.50

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52	Which set includes numbers like −5, 0, and 6? किस सेट में −5, 0, और 6 जैसी संख्याएँ शामिल हैं?

	Natural Numbers प्राकृतिक संख्याएँ
	Integers पूर्णांक
	Irrational Numbers अपरिमेय संख्याएँ
	Whole Numbers पूर्ण संख्याएँ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53	A car traveling at a speed of 50 km/hour can complete a journey in 8 hours. How long will it take to travel the same distance at 40 km/hour? 50 किमी/घंटे की गति से चलने वाली एक कार किसी यात्रा को 8 घंटे में पूरा करती है। 40 किमी/ घंटे की गति से समान दूरी तय करने में उसे कितना समय लगेगा?
	15 h 15 घंटे
	9 h 9 घंटे
	10 h 10 घंटे
	12 h 12 घंटे

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54	The volume of a sphere is 288π cm^3. If the radius is doubled, what is the new volume? एक गोले का आयतन 288π सेमी^{3} है। यदि त्रिज्या दोगुनी कर दी जाए, तो नया आयतन क्या होगा?
	1152π cm^3 1152π सेमी^{3}
	2304π cm^3 2304π सेमी^{3}
	1440π cm^3 1440π सेमी^{3}
	2880π cm^3 2880π सेमी^{3}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A rectangular room measures 8 m long and 6 m wide. Its floor is to be covered with square tiles of side 40 cm. If 10% extra tiles are purchased for cutting and breakage, how many tiles are needed in total? एक आयताकार कमरे की लंबाई 8 मीटर और चौड़ाई 6 मीटर है। इसके फर्श को 40 सेमी भुजा वाली वर्गाकार टाइलों से ढंकना है। यदि काटने और तोड़ने के लिए 10% अतिरिक्त टाइलें खरीदी जाती हैं, तो कुल कितनी टाइलों की आवश्यकता होगी?
	300 300
	315 315
	330 330
	345 345

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	A's salary is 40% more than B's. If B's salary increases by 20% and A's increases by x%, then A's new salary becomes 25% more than B's new salary. What is the value of x? A का वेतन B के वेतन से 40% अधिक है। अगर B का वेतन 20% बढ़ जाता है और A का वेतन x% बढ़ जाता है, तो A का नया वेतन B के नए वेतन से 25% अधिक हो जाता है। x का मान क्या है?
	2.5% 2.5%
	7.14% 7.14%
	10.63% 10.63%
	15.6% 15.6%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	Three friends, X, Y, and Z, invested in a start-up in the ratio 2:3:5. X managed the business and was entitled to an additional 15% of the total annual profit as a management fee. If the profit at the end of the year was Rs. 4,00,000, how much did Y receive? तीन दोस्तों, X, Y और Z ने एक स्टार्ट-अप में 2:3:5 के अनुपात में निवेश किया। X व्यवसाय का प्रबंधन करता था और प्रबंधन शुल्क के रूप में कुल वार्षिक लाभ का 15% अतिरिक्त पाने का हकदार था। अगर वर्ष के अंत में लाभ ₹4,00,000 था, तो Y को कितना प्राप्त हुआ?
	Rs. 1,02,000 1,02,000 रुपये
	Rs. 1,12,000 1,12,000 रुपये
	Rs. 1,13,000 1,13,000 रुपये
	Rs. 1,04,000 1,04,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	A rectangular lawn measures 40 m by 30 m. A 2 m wide path is constructed all around the inside of the lawn. What percentage of the lawn's area is occupied by the path? एक आयताकार लॉन का माप 40 मीटर x 30 मीटर है। लॉन के अंदर चारों ओर 2 मीटर चौड़ा एक रास्ता बनाया गया है। लॉन के क्षेत्रफल का कितना प्रतिशत हिस्सा इस रास्ते द्वारा घेरा गया है?
	32% 32%
	23% 23%
	22% 22%
	33% 33%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	An L-shaped floor is formed by adjoining a 10 m × 6 m and a 6 m × 4 m rectangle. Tiles cost ₹350/m². What is the total cost to tile the floor? 10 मीटर × 6 मीटर और 6 मीटर × 4 मीटर के एक आयत को जोड़कर एक L-आकार का फर्श बनाया गया है। टाइलों की लागत ₹350/वर्ग मीटर है। फर्श पर टाइल लगाने की कुल लागत कितनी है?
	₹29, 400 ₹29, 400
	₹30, 800 ₹30, 800

	₹32, 200 ₹32, 200
	₹34, 600 ₹34, 600

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	A regular triangle and a regular hexagon have equal areas. What is the ratio of their sides? एक सम त्रिभुज और एक सम षट्भुज के क्षेत्रफल बराबर हैं। उनकी भुजाओं का अनुपात क्या है?
	$1 : \sqrt{3}$ $1 : \sqrt{3}$
	$1 : \sqrt{2}$ $1 : \sqrt{2}$
	$\sqrt{6} : 1$ $\sqrt{6} : 1$
	$1 : \sqrt{1.5}$ $1 : \sqrt{1.5}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	A shopkeeper sells two shirts at Rs. 500 each. On one, he gains 25%, and on the other, he loses 25%. What is his net gain or loss? एक दुकानदार दो शर्ट 500 रुपये प्रति शर्ट की दर से बेचता है। एक पर उसे 25% का लाभ होता है और दूसरी पर उसे 25% की हानि होती है। उसका शुद्ध लाभ या हानि क्या है?
	Rs. 31.25 loss 31.25 रुपये की हानि
	Rs. 31.25 gain 31.25 रुपये का लाभ
	Rs. 66.67 gain 66.67 रुपये का लाभ
	Rs. 66.67 loss 66.67 रुपये की हानि

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	If the selling price of an article is 90% of its marked price and the cost price is 80% of the marked price, what is the profit percentage? अगर किसी वस्तु का विक्रय मूल्य उसके अंकित मूल्य का 90% है और क्रय मूल्य अंकित मूल्य का 80% है, तो लाभ प्रतिशत क्या है?
	10% 10%
	12.5% 12.5%
	15% 15%
	20.5% 20.5%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	If the average of ten numbers is 50 and the average of the first six numbers is 45, what is the average of the last four numbers?

	अगर इस संख्याओं का औसत 50 है और प्रथम छह संख्याओं का औसत 45 है, तो अंतिम चार संख्याओं का औसत क्या है?
	55 55
	62.5 62.5
	60 60
	57.5 57.5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	A prism has a base perimeter of 30 cm and height 7 cm. If its total surface area is 282 cm^2, what is the area of both bases combined? एक प्रिज़्म के आधार का परिमाप 30 सेमी और ऊँचाई 7 सेमी है। यदि इसका कुल पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल 282 वर्ग सेमी है, तो दोनों आधारों का संयुक्त क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	42 cm^2 42 वर्ग सेमी
	36 cm^2 36 वर्ग सेमी
	66 cm^2 66 वर्ग सेमी
	72 cm^2 72 वर्ग सेमी
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	A bookshop advertises: "Buy 4 books and get the 5th at 50% discount." If the marked price of each book is Rs. 480 and all books are priced the same, what is the effective percentage discount the customer receives on the total purchase? एक किताब की दुकान विज्ञापन देती है: "4 किताबें खरीदें और पाँचवीं किताब 50% छूट पर पाएँ।" यदि प्रत्येक किताब का अंकित मूल्य 480 रुपये है और सभी किताबों की कीमत समान है, तो ग्राहक को कुल खरीदारी पर मिलने वाली प्रभावी प्रतिशत छूट क्या है?
	5% 5%
	10% 10%
	15% 15%
	20% 20%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	An investor tracks 5 stocks. Four of them have an average return of 8%. If the overall average return is 9%, what was the return on the fifth stock? एक निवेशक पाँच शेयरों पर नज़र रखता है। उनमें से चार का औसत रिटर्न 8% है। अगर कुल औसत रिटर्न 9% है, तो पाँचवें शेयर का रिटर्न कितना था?
	14% 14%
	13% 13%
	12% 12%
	11% 11%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	If $sinA + cosA = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, find $sin^2A + cos^2A + 2sinAcosA$. यदि $sinA + cosA = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, तो ज्ञात कीजिए $sin^2A + cos^2A + 2sinAcosA$.
	1 1
	$\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{3}$
	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	If tanA + secA = 5, then what is the value of tanA? यदि tanA + secA = 5 है, तो tanA का मान क्या है?
	$\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{5}{2}$
	$\frac{12}{5}$ $\frac{12}{5}$
	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{4}{5}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	An angle of $\frac{\pi}{2}$ radians represents what percentage of a full circle? का एक कोण $\frac{\pi}{2}$ रेडियन एक पूर्ण वृत्त का कितना प्रतिशत दर्शाता है?
	25% 25%
	50% 50%
	75% 75%
	100% 100%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	If tan x = cot(3x − 30°), find x. यदि tan x = cot(3x − 30°), तो x ज्ञात कीजिए।
	20° 20°
	25° 25°
	20°

	30° 30°
	35° 35°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	If two circles of radius 6 cm and 2 cm have their centers 10 cm apart, what is the length of the direct common tangent? यदि त्रिज्या वाले दो वृत्त 6 सेमी और 2 सेमी के केंद्र 10 सेमी दूर हों, तो सीधी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई क्या है?
	6 cm 6 सेमी
	8 cm 8 सेमी
	$2\sqrt{21}$ cm $2\sqrt{21}$ सेमी
	$\sqrt{37}$ cm $\sqrt{37}$ सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	A chord separates a circle into two segments. If the angle formed by the chord at the center is $120°$, what is the angle formed at a point located in the major segment? एक जीवा एक वृत्त को दो खंडों में विभाजित करती है। यदि केंद्र पर जीवा द्वारा बनाया गया कोण $120°$ है, तो दीर्घ खंड में स्थित बिंदु पर बनने वाला कोण क्या होगा?
	$60°$ $60°$
	$120°$ $120°$
	$240°$ $240°$
	$180°$ $180°$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	In a circle, the chords AB and CD are equal. The angle subtended by AB at the circumference is $65°$. What is the angle subtended by CD at the circumference? एक वृत्त में, जीवाएँ AB और CD बराबर हैं। AB द्वारा परिधि पर बनाया गया कोण है: $65°$. CD द्वारा परिधि पर बनाया गया कोण क्या है?
	$32.5°$ $32.5°$
	$65°$ $65°$
	$130°$ $130°$
	$145°$ $145°$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	A chord AB is drawn in a circle with center O. The tangent at A and the tangent at B meet at a point P. If $\angle APB = 40°$, measure the angle subtended by the chord AB at the circumference of the circle? केंद्र O वाले एक वृत्त में एक जीवा AB खींची गई है। A पर स्पर्श रेखा और B पर स्पर्श रेखाएँ बिंदु P पर मिलती हैं। यदि $\angle APB = 40°$, तो वृत्त की परिधि पर

	जीवा AB द्वारा अंतरित कोण मापें?
	$40°$ $40°$
	$50°$ $50°$
	$70°$ $70°$
	$140°$ $140°$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A line is tangent to a circle at point A. If a chord AB has a length of 8 cm and makes an angle of 30° with the tangent, what is the radius of the circle? एक रेखा बिंदु A पर एक वृत्त की स्पर्श रेखा है। यदि एक जीवा AB की लंबाई 8 सेमी है और वह स्पर्श रेखा के साथ 30° का कोण बनाती है, तो वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	$4\,cm$ 4 सेमी
	$8\,cm$ 8 सेमी
	$4\sqrt{3}\,cm$ $4\sqrt{3}$ सेमी
	$8\sqrt{3}\,cm$ $8\sqrt{3}$ सेमी

Test Time and Shift : 09:0?

Centre Name : ?

Correct Option

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 76

Q.No - 76

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 77

Q.No - 77

becoming

had become

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 78

Q.No - 78 In the following question, a sentence with a blank is given, followed by five words labeled (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5).
Choose the word that fills the blank appropriately in the context of the passage.

The pursuit of space exploration **(1)** ____ not merely an extension of scientific curiosity but a profound statement about humanity's aspirations and existential resilience. As Earth's resources dwindle and environmental degradation escalates the imperative to seek alternative habitats **(2)** ____ increasingly unavoidable. Beyond the immediate technological marvels, space missions foster unprecedented advancements in materials science, medicine, and artificial intelligence, all of which invariably **(3)** ____civilian life on Earth. However, venturing into the cosmos is fraught with ethical dilemmas. Questions surrounding planetary protection—ensuring that alien ecosystems are neither contaminated nor exploited, remain largely **(4)** **nascent** within international law.

Moreover, the colossal costs of space programs provoke debates about distributive justice, particularly in a world where basic human needs remain unmet for millions.

Thus, a responsible trajectory of space exploration must harmonize ambition with stewardship, **(5)** **tempering** technological triumphalism with humility.

Ultimately, the future of humanity may indeed lie among the stars, but whether that future is marked by expansionist hubris or enlightened coexistence will depend on the philosophical frameworks we choose to uphold in these uncharted domains.

Choose correct conditional mood.(3)

benefiting

benefit

benefits

have benefiting

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 79

Q.No - 79

well-established

Primitive or newly developing

Deliberately hidden

Declining rapidly

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 80

Q.No: 60 In the following question, a sentence with a blank is given, followed by five words labeled (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Choose the word that fills the blank appropriately in the context of the passage.

The pursuit of space exploration **(1)** ____ not merely an extension of scientific curiosity but a profound statement about humanity's aspirations and existential resilience. As Earth's resources dwindle and environmental degradation escalates the imperative to seek alternative habitats **(2)** ____ increasingly unavoidable. Beyond the immediate technological marvels, space missions foster unprecedented advancements in materials science, medicine, and artificial intelligence, all of which inevitably **(3)** ____civilian life on Earth. However, venturing into the cosmos is fraught with ethical dilemmas. Questions surrounding planetary protection—ensuring that alien ecosystems are neither contaminated nor exploited, remain largely **(4) nascent** within international law.

Moreover, the colossal costs of space programs provoke debates about distributive justice, particularly in a world where basic human needs remain unmet for millions.

Thus, a responsible trajectory of space exploration must harmonize ambition with stewardship, **(5) tempering** technological triumphalism with humility.

Ultimately, the future of humanity may indeed lie among the stars, but whether that future is marked by expansionist hubris or enlightened coexistence will depend on the philosophical frameworks we choose to uphold in these uncharted domains.

The word 'tempering' most nearly means: (5)

- Accelerating aggressively
- Reducing or moderating
- Ignoring completely
- Glorifying excessively

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 61

Q.No: 61 Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

The _____ theory revolutionized the field of anthropology.

- evolutionary
- evolutionary
- evolutionary
- evolutionary

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 62

Q.No: 62 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **PRISMATIC**

- Calm
- Excitable
- Agitated
- Emotional

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 63

Q.No: 63 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **torpor**

- Stupor
- Liveliness
- Sluggishness
- Inertia

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 64

Q.No: 64 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Red herring

- A minor distraction
- A false clue meant to mislead
- A sign of danger
- A contradictory statement

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 65

Q.No: 65 Choose the **correct spelling** for a word meaning "opposite in nature".

- Contrary
- Countary
- Contrery
- Contreny

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 66

Q.No: 66 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "An exact copy".

- Replica
- Manuscript
- Model
- Facsimile

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 67

Q.No: 67 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "A person who lives in solitude and seclusion."

Renegade

Patriot

Mystic

Recluse

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 89

Q. No. 88 **Fill in the blank with the appropriate collocation:**
She has a strong ____ of responsibility.

nbra

barbel

sense

wire

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 90

Q. No. 89 **Select the correct option:**
The manuscript was replete with obscure references, many of ___ baffled reviewers.

whom

which

there

those

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 91

Q. No. 90 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
The symposium on autonomous systems [1]/ underscored an urgent need of robust ethical frameworks [2]/ to anticipate unforeseen consequences [3]/ of machine decision-making. [4]/

[1]

[2]

[3]

[4]

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 91

Q. No. 91 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
Only after the final audit report was submitted [1]/ did the committee realise [2]/ that the estimates, although well-documented, [3]/ has omitted indirect liabilities. [4]

[1]

[2]

[3]

[4]

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 92

Q. No. 92 **Change the following from active to passive:**
Someone had left the emergency exit unlocked overnight.

The emergency exit had been left unlocked overnight.

The emergency exit was being left unlocked overnight.

The emergency exit had to be left unlocked overnight.

The emergency exit has been left unlocked overnight.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 93

Q. No. 93 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The cleric described the **tonsure** as a sacred act.

The friar received his tonsure before initiation.

The biologist found a tonsure on the frog's dorsal fin.

The medieval tonsure was symbolic of humility.

The monk's tonsure marked him as a benedictine.

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 94

Q. No. 94 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
It had been made clear by the committee that the rule would not be altered.

The committee made it clear that the rule would not be altered.

The rule was made clear not to be altered by the committee.

The rule alteration was clarified by the committee.

The committee had altered the rule as made clear.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 95

Q.No: 55 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence.
She **did not spoke** to anyone.

did spoke

spoken

did not speak

was not speaking

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 56

Q.No: 56 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence.
The child cried ***as if he was in pain***.

as though he is in pain

as if he were in pain

like he was in pain

as he was in pain

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 57

Q.No: 57 **A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.**
The director noted that the figures had been inflated.

The director said, "these figures have been inflated."

The director said, "the figures are inflated."

The director said, "the figures were exaggerated."

The director said, "they inflated the figures."

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 58

Q.No: 58 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
The teacher said, "Who can solve this question?"

The teacher asked who could solve that question.

The teacher asked who can solve that question.

The teacher said who could solve this question.

The teacher asked to solve that question.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 59

Q.No: 59 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:**
1. Marine ecosystems are sensitive to temperature shifts. 2. Coral bleaching is one visible consequence. 3. Rising ocean temperatures disrupt symbiotic algae. 4. This affects reef biodiversity and fisheries.

3-2-1-4

2-3-1-4

1-3-2-4

1-2-4-3

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 100

Q.No: 100 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.**
1. Regular check-ups are essential to detect issues early.
2. Maintaining good dental hygiene is crucial.
3. It prevents cavities, gum disease, and other oral problems.
4. Brushing and flossing daily form the core of this practice.

2-1-3-4

2-4-1-3

3-4-2-1

2-3-4-1

Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	**25 Sep 2025**
Test Time and Shift	:	**12:30 PM (Shift-2)**
Centre Name		

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51 Solve: $(\sqrt{7921}-\sqrt{2070.25}) \times (\frac{1}{4})$

हल करें: $(\sqrt{7921}-\sqrt{2070.25}) \times (\frac{1}{4})$

10.875

10.875

8.875

8.875

7.785

7.785

6.685

6.685

	$12\frac{74}{255}$ litres $12\frac{74}{255}$ लीटर
	$15\frac{68}{255}$ litres $15\frac{68}{255}$ लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A donor deposits ₹8,00,000 in a trust that earns 10% simple interest annually. The interest is used to distribute three annual awards. If the second and third awards are ₹35,000 and ₹20,000 respectively, what is the value of the first award? एक दानकर्ता एक ट्रस्ट में ₹8,00,000 जमा करता है जो सालाना 10% साधारण ब्याज अर्जित करता है। ब्याज का उपयोग तीन वार्षिक पुरस्कार वितरित करने के लिए किया जाता है। यदि दूसरा और तीसरा पुरस्कार क्रमशः ₹35,000 और ₹20,000 है, तो पहले पुरस्कार का मूल्य क्या है?
	₹25,000 ₹25,000
	₹30,000 ₹30,000
	₹35,000 ₹35,000
	₹45,000 ₹45,000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	The time taken to cover 132 km by car is 1 hour. Find the time taken to cover 88 km by car. कार द्वारा 132 किमी की दूरी तय करने में 1 घंटे लगता है। कार द्वारा 88 किमी की दूरी तय करने में कितना समय लगेगा?
	45 min 45 मिनट
	38 min 38 मिनट
	42 min 42 मिनट
	40 min 40 मिनट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	The surface area of a cuboid is 468 cm^2, and its dimensions are in the ratio 2:3:4. Find its volume. एक घनाभ का पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल 468 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर है और इसके आयाम 2:3:4 के अनुपात में हैं। इसका आयतन ज्ञात कीजिए।
	480 cm^3 480 घन सेंटीमीटर
	648 cm^3 648 घन सेंटीमीटर
	512 cm^3 512 घन सेंटीमीटर
	528 cm^3 528 घन सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52 A certain sum amounts to Rs. 1,600 in two years and to Rs. 2,000 in three years at compound interest when compounded annually. Find the rate of interest.

एक निश्चित राशि वार्षिक चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर दो वर्षों में 1,600 रुपये और तीन वर्षों में 2,000 रुपये हो जाती है। ब्याज दर ज्ञात कीजिए।

21%

21%

19%

19%

25%

25%

20%

20%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53 **Instructions: Evaluate the following statements to determine if the information provided is sufficient to answer the question.**
Question: If P, Q, and R work together, how many days will they take to complete a project?
Statement I: Q and R together can complete the project in 10 days.
Statement II: P and R together can complete the project in 15 days.

निर्देश: निम्नलिखित कथनों का मूल्यांकन करके निर्धारित करें कि क्या दी गई जानकारी प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त है।
प्रश्न: यदि P, Q और R एक साथ काम करते हैं, तो उन्हें एक प्रोजेक्ट पूरा करने में कितने दिन लगेंगे?
कथन I: Q और R मिलकर प्रोजेक्ट को 10 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं।
कथन II: P और R मिलकर प्रोजेक्ट को 15 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं।

Statement I alone provides enough information to answer the question, but Statement II alone does not.

कथन I अकेले प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त जानकारी प्रदान करता है, लेकिन कथन II अकेले प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त जानकारी प्रदान नहीं करता है।

Statement II alone provides enough information to answer the question, but Statement I alone does not.

कथन II अकेले प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त जानकारी प्रदान करता है, लेकिन कथन I अकेले प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त जानकारी प्रदान नहीं करता है।

Both Statement I and Statement II combined are needed to answer the question, as neither statement on its own is sufficient.

प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए कथन I और कथन II दोनों की संयुक्त रूप से आवश्यकता है, क्योंकि कोई भी कथन अकेले पर्याप्त नहीं है।

Even when combined, the information in both Statement I and Statement II is not enough to answer the question.

संयुक्त करने पर भी, कथन I और कथन II दोनों में दी गई जानकारी प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए पर्याप्त नहीं है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54 A 30-litre container of pure milk undergoes a 6-litre removal and 6-litre water replacement process, repeated 4 times. Approximately how much original milk remains?

30 लीटर शुद्ध दूध वाले एक पात्र में से 6 लीटर दूध निकाला जाता है और उसकी जगह 6 लीटर पानी डाला जाता है। यह प्रक्रिया 4 बार दोहराई जाती है। लगभग कितना मूल दूध अंत में बचता है?

$15\frac{78}{255}$ litres

$15\frac{78}{255}$ लीटर

$17\frac{28}{255}$ litres

$17\frac{28}{255}$ लीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58 A building has 4 square pyramidal turrets, each of base 4 m and height 6 m. If each need 1.25 times volume for structural fill, find total fill needed.

एक इमारत में 4 वर्गाकार पिरामिडनुमा बुर्ज हैं, जिनमें से प्रत्येक का आधार 4 मीटर और ऊँचाई 6 मीटर है। यदि प्रत्येक बुर्ज को संरचनात्मक भराव के लिए 1.25 गुना आयतन की आवश्यकता हो, तो आवश्यक कुल भराव ज्ञात कीजिए।

160 m^3

160 मीटर³

260 m^3

260 मीटर³

280 m^3

280 मीटर³

180 m^3

180 मीटर³

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59 A man spends 70% of his income. His income increases by 10% and his expenditure by 5%. What is the percentage increase in his savings?

एक आदमी अपनी आय का 70% खर्च करता है। उसकी आय में 10% और व्यय में 5% की वृद्धि होती है। उसकी बचत में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि हुई?

21.67%

21.67%

31.67%

31.67%

41.67%

41.67%

51.67%

51.67%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60 The average score of a batsman in 20 innings is 42. If his highest score of 120 is excluded, what is the new average?

एक बल्लेबाज का 20 पारियों में औसत स्कोर 42 है। अगर उसका उच्चतम स्कोर 120 निकाल दिया जाए, तो नया औसत क्या होगा?

37.89

37.89

38.89

38.89

39.89

39.89

36.89

36.89

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61 If the price tag of a microwave is Rs. 5000 and the shopkeeper offers a discount of 18%, what is the selling price?

अगर एक माइक्रोवेव का मूल्य 5000 रुपये है और दुकानदार 18% की छूट देता है, तो विक्रय मूल्य क्या है?

Rs. 4100

4100 रुपये

Rs. 4200

	4200 रुपये
	Rs. 4300 4300 रुपये
	Rs. 4500 4500 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	The radii of three concentric circles are in arithmetic progression. If the innermost radius is 7 cm and the outermost is 21 cm, what is the radius of the middle circle? तीन संकेंद्रित वृत्तों की त्रिज्याएँ समान्तर श्रेणी में हैं। यदि सबसे भीतरी त्रिज्या 7 सेमी और सबसे बाहरी त्रिज्या 21 सेमी है, तो बीच वाले वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	12 cm 12 सेमी
	11 cm 11 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	14 cm 14 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	If the height of a cylinder is equal to its diameter and radius is 5 cm, find its volume. यदि एक बेलन की ऊँचाई उसके व्यास के बराबर है और त्रिज्या 5 सेमी है, तो उसका आयतन ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$125\pi\ cm^3$ 125π सेमी^{3}
	$250\pi\ cm^3$ 250π सेमी^{3}
	$500\pi\ cm^3$ 500π सेमी^{3}
	$625\pi\ cm^3$ 625π सेमी^{3}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	A right triangular prism has a base area of 24 cm^2 and height 10 cm. What is its volume? एक समकोण त्रिभुजाकार प्रिज्म का आधार क्षेत्रफल 24 वर्ग सेमी और ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है। इसका आयतन क्या है?
	120 cm^3 120 सेमी^{3}
	240 cm^3 240 सेमी^{3}
	480 cm^3 480 सेमी^{3}
	360 cm^3 360 सेमी^{3}

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	If cotA = 3 and A is acute, then find sinA. यदि cotA = 3 और A न्यूनकोण है, तो sinA ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$\frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$ $\frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{10}}{5}$ $\frac{\sqrt{10}}{5}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{10}}{9}$ $\frac{\sqrt{10}}{9}$
	$\frac{\sqrt{9}}{10}$ $\frac{\sqrt{9}}{10}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	Convert 3 radians to degrees. 3 रेडियन को डिग्री में बदलें।
	171.89° 171.89°
	240° 240°
	360.46° 360.46°
	540° 540°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	If sin A = cos B and both A and B are acute, what is A + B? यदि sin A = cos B तथा A और B दोनों न्यूनकोण हैं, तो A + B क्या है?
	60° 60°
	90° 90°
	120° 120°
	180° 180°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	The measures of the interior angles of a pentagon are x, x+10, x+20, x+30, and x+40. What is the measure of the smallest angle? एक पंचभुज के आंतरिक कोणों के माप x, x+10, x+20, x+30 और x+40 हैं। सबसे छोटे कोण का माप क्या है?
	88° 88°
	98° 98°

	108° 108°
	118° 118°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	In triangle ABC, an altitude AD is drawn from point A to side BC. Given the coordinates A(1, 5), B(2, 1), and C(6, 3), what is the slope of the line representing altitude AD? त्रिभुज ABC में, बिंदु A से भुजा BC तक एक शीर्षलम्ब AD खींचा गया है। निर्देशांक A(1, 5), B(2, 1) और C(6, 3) दिए गए हैं। शीर्षलम्ब AD को निरूपित करने वाली रेखा का ढाल क्या है?
	2 2
	-2 -2
	$-\frac{1}{2}$ $-\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	Triangle PQR has vertices P(1, 1), Q(4, 1), and R(1, 5). Triangle STU has vertices S(6, 2), T(9, 2), and U(6, 6). Are these two triangles congruent? त्रिभुज PQR के शीर्ष P(1, 1), Q(4, 1) और R(1, 5) हैं। त्रिभुज STU के शीर्ष S(6, 2), T(9, 2) और U(6, 6) हैं। क्या ये दोनों त्रिभुज सर्वांगसम हैं?
	Yes, by SSS हाँ, SSS द्वारा
	Yes, by SAS हाँ, SAS द्वारा
	Yes, by ASA हाँ, ASA द्वारा
	No, they are not congruent नहीं, वे सर्वांगसम नहीं हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	**Simplify:** $\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{27})$ **सरलीकरण:** $\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{27})$
	-3 -3
	4 4
	-5 -5
	6

	b

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	If a chord subtends an angle of 75° at the center, the angle it subtends at the circumference on the same side is: यदि एक जीवा केंद्र पर 75डिग्री का कोण बनाती है, तो उसी ओर की परिधि पर वह कोण क्या होगा?
	35° 35°
	37.5° 37.5°
	45° 45°
	60° 60°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	What is the area of the segment formed by a chord in a circle of radius 6 cm, if the angle subtended at the center is 120°? 6 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त में एक जीवा द्वारा बनाए गए रेखाखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है, यदि केंद्र पर अंतरित कोण 120° है?
	$12\pi-9\sqrt{3}$ $12\pi-9\sqrt{3}$
	$12\pi-18\sqrt{3}$ $12\pi-18\sqrt{3}$
	$36\pi-9\sqrt{3}$ $36\pi-9\sqrt{3}$
	$12\pi-9$ $12\pi-9$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	If $sinA = \frac{3}{5}$, then what is $sin^2A + cos^2A - 2sinAcosA$? अगर $sinA = \frac{3}{5}$, तो $sin^2A + cos^2A - 2sinAcosA$ का मान क्या है ?
	1 1
	0 0
	$\frac{1}{25}$ $\frac{1}{25}$
	$\frac{16}{25}$ $\frac{16}{25}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A can complete a task in 15 days, and B can complete the same task in 20 days. How long will it take them to complete the task together? A एक काम को 15 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है और B उसी काम को 20 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। दोनों मिलकर उस काम को पूरा करने में कितना समय लेंगे?
	5.5 days 5.5 दिन
	6.5 days 6.5 दिन
	7.5 days 7.5 दिन
	8.5 days 8.5 दिन

Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	:	25 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	:	12:30 PM (Shift-2)
Centre Name	:	

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1	A northeast development forum met in Imphal on 4th April and Guwahati two days after. What was Guwahati's date? पूर्वोत्तर विकास मंच की बैठक 4 अप्रैल को इम्फाल में हुई और उसके दो दिन बाद गुवाहाटी में। गुवाहाटी की बैठक की तारीख क्या थी?
	6^{th} April 6^{th} अप्रैल
	2^{nd} April 2^{nd} अप्रैल
	5^{th} April 5^{th} अप्रैल
	4^{th} April

	4th अप्रैल

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. 101, Riverfront Residency,Kharadi, Pune,Maharashtra - 411014 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। 101, Riverfront Residency,Kharadi, Pune,Maharashtra - 411014
	101, Riverfront Residence, Kharadi, Pune, Maharashtra - 411014 101, Riverfront Residence, Kharadi, Pune, Maharashtra - 411014
	101, Riverfront Residency, Kharadi, Pune, Maharashtra - 411014 101, Riverfront Residency, Kharadi, Pune, Maharashtra - 411014
	101, River Front Residency, Kharadi, Pune, Maharashtra - 411014 101, River Front Residency, Kharadi, Pune, Maharashtra - 411014
	101, Riverfront Residency, Kharadi, Puna, Maharashtra - 411014 101, Riverfront Residency, Kharadi, Puna, Maharashtra - 411014

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	What should come in place of the question mark '?' in the following number series? 12, 6, 0, -6, ?, -18 निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? 12, 6, 0, -6, ?, -18
	-10 -10
	-12 -12
	-15 -15
	-18 -18

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	If 3 * 2 = 11, 4 * 5 = 21, 6 * 3 = 39, then 5 * 2 = ? अगर 3 * 2 = 11, 4 * 5 = 21, 6 * 3 = 39, तो 5 * 2 = ?
	20 20
	29 29
	25 25
	27 27

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5 A statement is given followed by two conclusions. Find which conclusion is FALSE based on the given statement.

Statement:
P ≥ T ; Q = R ≥ U; V ≥ R > S; T ≥ Q
Conclusions:
I: V ≥ Q
II:P > S

एक कथन के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथन के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष असत्य है।

कथन:
P ≥ T; Q = R ≥ U; V ≥ R > S; T ≥ Q
निष्कर्ष:
I: V ≥ Q
II: P > S

Either I or II

या तो I या II

Only I

केवल I

Neither I nor II

न तो I और न ही II

Only II

केवल II

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6 Which roll number has only prime digits?

किस रोल नंबर में केवल अभाज्य अंक हैं?

239

239

357

357

468

468

579

579

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7 Select the odd one.

विषम चुनें।

Horse

घोड़ा

Tulsi

तुलसी

Cat

बिल्ली

Dog

कुत्ता

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	In certain code language, 'MAKE' is coded as '4523', 'RICE' is coded as '1298', 'MORE' is coded as '5927' and 'CALM' is coded as '8465'. What is the code for 'LKO' in that language. किसी निश्चित कोड भाषा में, 'MAKE' को '4523', 'RICE' को '1298', 'MORE' को '5927' और 'CALM' को '8465' लिखा जाता है। उस भाषा में 'LKO' का कोड क्या है?
	645 645
	637 637
	622 622
	678 678

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	Solve: AB : CD :: EF : ? हल करें : AB : CD :: EF : ?
	GH GH
	IJ IJ
	HI HI
	KL KL

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	Find the missing number: **8 : 27 :: 64 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए :**8 : 27 :: 64 : ?**
	124 124
	118 118
	127 127
	125 125

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	Find the missing number: **14 : 2758 :: 16 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **14 : 2758 :: 16 : ?**
	4112 4112

	4538 4538
	4118 4118
	4352 4352

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12	Read the following statement carefully and identify the action that follows. Statement: Cases of online fraud have increased rapidly. Course of Action: 1. Introduce mandatory cyber awareness training. 2. Remove all online payment options. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद की कार्रवाई की पहचान करें। कथन: ऑनलाइन धोखाधड़ी के मामले तेज़ी से बढ़े हैं। कार्रवाई: 1. अनिवार्य साइबर जागरूकता प्रशिक्षण शुरू करें। 2. सभी ऑनलाइन भुगतान विकल्प हटाएँ।
	Only 1 follows केवल 1 अनुसरण करता है
	Only 2 follows केवल 2 अनुसरण करते हैं
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	Direction: Read the information given below and answer the question that follows. There is office of eight companies – Airtel, Amazon, Facebook, Flipkart, Google, HCL, Infosys and Jio on different floor of 8-storey building. The bottommost floor is numbered as 1 while the topmost floor is numbered as 8. At least two companies have offices above the office of Flipkart. Neither Facebook nor Google has office adjacent to the office of HCL. The office of Flipkart is two floors above the office of Jio. The office of Airtel is on even numbered floor. The office of HCL is on 7th floor and is not adjacent to office of Airtel. The office of Infosys is neither on any even numbered floor nor on any prime numbered floor. There is one floor between the office of Facebook and Google. The office of _____ is on 1st floor. निर्देश: नीचे दी गई जानकारी को पढ़ें और उसके बाद दिए गए प्रश्न का उत्तर दें। आठ कंपनियों - एयरटेल, अमेज़न, फेसबुक, फ्लिपकार्ट, गूगल, एचसीएल, इंफोसिस और जियो के कार्यालय 8 मंजिला इमारत की अलग-अलग मंजिलों पर हैं। सबसे नीचे की मंजिल को 1 से क्रमांकित किया गया है जबकि सबसे ऊपर की मंजिल को 8 से क्रमांकित किया गया है। फ्लिपकार्ट के कार्यालय के ऊपर कम से कम दो कंपनियों के कार्यालय हैं। न तो फेसबुक और न ही गूगल का कार्यालय एचसीएल के कार्यालय के निकट है। फ्लिपकार्ट का कार्यालय जियो के कार्यालय से दो मंजिल ऊपर है। एयरटेल का कार्यालय सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है। एचसीएल का कार्यालय 7वीं मंजिल पर है और एयरटेल के कार्यालय के निकट नहीं है। इंफोसिस का कार्यालय न तो किसी सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है और न ही किसी अभाज्य संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है। फेसबुक और गूगल के कार्यालय के बीच एक मंजिल है। _____ का कार्यालय पहली मंजिल पर है।
	Jio जियो

	Google गूगल
	Infosys इंफोसिस
	Flipkart फ्लिपकार्ट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: All men are humans. Some humans are women. **Conclusions:** I. Some men are women. II. All women are humans. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सभी पुरुष मनुष्य हैं। कुछ मनुष्य महिलाएँ हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ पुरुष महिलाएँ हैं। II. सभी महिलाएँ मनुष्य हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Some M are N. All N are O. No O is P. **Conclusions:** I. Some M are O. II. Some N are not P. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: कुछ M, N हैं। सभी N, O हैं। कोई भी O, P नहीं है। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ M, O हैं। II. कुछ N, P नहीं हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है

	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	Look at the following series of landmarks: Statue of Liberty, Statue of Unity, Big Ben, Statue of Motherland. Which of them does not belong to the group? निम्नलिखित स्थलों की श्रृंखला पर नज़र डालें: स्टैच्यू ऑफ़ लिबर्टी, स्टैच्यू ऑफ़ यूनिटी, बिग बेन, स्टैच्यू ऑफ़ मदरलैंड। इनमें से कौन इस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?
	Statue of Liberty स्टैच्यू ऑफ़ लिबर्टी
	Statue of Unity स्टैच्यू ऑफ़ यूनिटी
	Big Ben बिग बेन
	Statue of Motherland स्टैच्यू ऑफ़ मदरलैंड

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	What is the 12th term of 5, 10, 15, ...? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला का 12वां पद ज्ञात करें: 5, 10, 15, ...?
	60 60
	65 65
	70 70
	75 75

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	What comes next? AB, DE, GH, JK, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AB, DE, GH, JK, ?
	QR QR

	SI
	ST
	MN
	MN
	OP
	OP

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	Complete the series. 10, 20, 18, 36, 34,68 __ निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। 10, 20, 18, 36, 34,68 __
	66
	66
	70
	70
	72
	72
	64
	64

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	If BAG is coded as CBH, how is RAT written? अगर BAG को CBH के रूप में कोड किया जाता है, तो RAT को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	SBU
	SBU
	SBT
	SBT
	QBS
	QBS
	TBU
	TBU

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	What comes next? MQ, NR, OS, PT, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? MQ, NR, OS, PT, ?
	RU
	RU
	QT
	QT
	QU
	QU
	RS
	RS

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	In a code language: 'dog cat bird' is coded as 'pqr, stu, vwx' 'bird fish dog' is coded as 'vwx, yz, pqr' 'fish cat lion' is coded as 'yz, stu, abc' What is the code for 'dog fish cat'? एक कूट भाषा में: 'dog cat bird' को 'pqr, stu, vwx' लिखा जाता है। 'bird fish dog' को 'vwx, yz, pqr' लिखा जाता है। 'fish cat lion' को 'yz, stu, abc' लिखा जाता है। 'dog fish cat' का कूट क्या है?
	pqr, yz, stu pqr, yz, stu
	pqy,xc,tuv pqy,xc,tuv
	pqm,zu,tuv pqm,zu,tuv
	pur,ub,etc pur,ub,etc

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	You are a judge and a well-known person is being tried in your court. Media pressure is high. What should guide your decision? आप एक न्यायाधीश हैं और आपकी अदालत में एक जाने-माने व्यक्ति का मुकदमा चल रहा है। मीडिया का दबाव बहुत ज़्यादा है। आपको किस आधार पर फ़ैसला लेना चाहिए?
	Media perception and public opinion. मीडिया की धारणा और जनता की राय।
	Legal precedents and personal bias. कानूनी मिसालें और व्यक्तिगत पूर्वाग्रह।
	Ensure justice based on evidence and law. साक्ष्य और कानून के आधार पर न्याय सुनिश्चित करें।
	Consult friends before making judgment. निर्णय लेने से पहले मित्रों से परामर्श करें।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	A student was asked to find the sum of first 20 odd numbers. His answer was 400. Correct? एक छात्र से पहली 20 विषम संख्याओं का योगफल ज्ञात करने को कहा गया। उसका उत्तर 400 था। सही है?
	Yes हां
	No नहीं
	Can't say कह नहीं सकते
	None of the given options दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई नहीं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	If FISH is coded as EHRG, then JUNGLE will be coded as? यदि FISH को EHRG के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो JUNGLE को किस रूप में कोडित किया जाएगा?
	ITMFKD ITMFKD
	ITMFLE ITMFLE
	KSMFLE KSMFLE
	KSMELD KSMELD

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Roll No.

Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : **26 Sep 2025**

Test Time and Shift : **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1	Bengaluru event: 5th October, Hyderabad:15th October Chennai event date is a perfect cube between them. What's the date? बेंगलुरु इवेंट: 5 अक्टूबर, हैदराबाद: 15 अक्टूबर चेन्नई इवेंट की तारीख उनके बीच एक पूर्ण घन है। तारीख क्या है?
	1st October 1st अक्टूबर
	8th October 8th अक्टूबर
	14th October 14th अक्टूबर
	9th October 9th अक्टूबर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2	Choose the address that is exactly the same as the one given below. House No. 18, Sector 17,Chandigarh – 160017 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के बिल्कुल समान हो। House No. 18, Sector 17,Chandigarh – 160017
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigarh – 160017 House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigarh – 160017
	House No. 18, Sector i7, Chandigarh – 160017 House No. 18, Sector i7, Chandigarh – 160017
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigarh – 160017 House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigarh – 160017
	House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigerh – 160017 House No. 18, Sector 17, Chandigerh – 160017

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	In the following question, select the missing number from the given series. 169, 196, 225, 256, ? निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, दी गई श्रृंखला से लुप्त संख्या का चयन करें। 169, 196, 225, 256, ?
	289 289
	343 343
	441 441
	384 384

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	If 9 @ 3 = 12, 5 @ 2 = 7, 8 @ 1 = 9, then 7 @ 4 = ? अगर 9 @ 3 = 12, 5 @ 2 = 7, 8 @ 1 = 9, तो 7 @ 4 = ?
	11 11
	10 10
	13 13
	12 12

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	If H = 17, I = 19, J = 21, then M = ? अगर H = 17, I = 19, J = 21, तो M = ?
	23 23
	29 29
	25 25
	27 27

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	Which roll number is a perfect cube? कौन सा रोल नंबर पूर्ण घन है?
	216 216
	225 225
	243 243
	256 256

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	Which one is not like the others? इनमें से कौन सा अन्यों जैसा नहीं है?
	Curtain परदा
	Pillow तकिया
	Brain दिमाग
	Mattress मैट्रेस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	By rearranging the letters of 'AEGORST,' we get a meaningful English word of seven letters. Each letter is denoted with a different number as shown in the table below. The combination of the numbers for a meaningful word is _____. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 A E G O R S T 'AEGORST' के अक्षरों को पुनर्व्यवस्थित करने पर, हमें सात अक्षरों वाला एक सार्थक अंग्रेज़ी शब्द प्राप्त होता है। प्रत्येक अक्षर को एक अलग संख्या से दर्शाया गया है, जैसा कि नीचे दी गई तालिका में दिखाया गया है। एक सार्थक शब्द के लिए संख्याओं का संयोजन _____ है। 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 A E G O R S T
	5 4 1 2 3 6 7 5 4 1 2 3 6 7
	3 2 4 5 6 7 1 3 2 4 5 6 7 1
	6 7 4 5 1 3 2 6 7 4 5 1 3 2
	5 2 6 7 4 1 3 5 2 6 7 4 1 3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9	Solve: BG : DJ :: FM : ? हल करें: BG : DJ :: FM : ?
	IP IP HM HM
	KP KP
	HP HP

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10	Find the missing number: **10 : 21 :: 12 : ?** लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **10 : 21 :: 12 : ?**
	20 20

	21 21
	24 24
	25 25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11	Read the following statement carefully and identify the action that follows. Statement: A company is facing frequent data breaches. Course of Action: 1. Hire a cybersecurity team. 2. Shut down the IT infrastructure. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद की कार्रवाई की पहचान करें। कथन: एक कंपनी लगातार डेटा उल्लंघनों का सामना कर रही है। कार्यवाही: 1. एक साइबर सुरक्षा टीम नियुक्त करें। 2. आईटी इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर को बंद करें।
	Only 1 follows केवल 1 अनुसरण करता है
	Only 2 follows केवल 2 अनुसरण करता है
	Both follow दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12	Direction: Read the information given below and answer the question that follows. There is office of eight companies – Airtel, Amazon, Facebook, Flipkart, Google, HCL, Infosys and Jio on different floor of 8-storey building. The bottommost floor is numbered as 1 while the topmost floor is numbered as 8. At least two companies have offices above the office of Flipkart. Neither Facebook nor Google has office adjacent to the office of HCL. The office of Flipkart is two floors above the office of Jio. The office of Airtel is on even numbered floor. The office of HCL is on 7th floor and is not adjacent to office of Airtel. The office of Infosys is neither on any even numbered floor nor on any prime numbered floor. There is one floor between the office of Facebook and Google. How many floors are above the office of Google? निर्देश: नीचे दी गई जानकारी को पढ़िए और उसके बाद दिए गए प्रश्न का उत्तर दीजिए। आठ कंपनियों - एयरटेल, अमेज़न, फेसबुक, फ्लिपकार्ट, गूगल, एचसीएल, इंफोसिस और जियो के कार्यालय 8 मंजिला इमारत की अलग-अलग मंजिलों पर हैं। सबसे नीचे वाली मंजिल को 1 से क्रमांकित किया गया है जबकि सबसे ऊपर वाली मंजिल को 8 से क्रमांकित किया गया है। फ्लिपकार्ट के कार्यालय के ऊपर कम से कम दो कंपनियों के कार्यालय हैं। न तो फेसबुक और न ही गूगल का कार्यालय एचसीएल के कार्यालय के निकट है। फ्लिपकार्ट का कार्यालय जियो के कार्यालय से दो मंजिल ऊपर है। एयरटेल का कार्यालय सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है। एचसीएल का कार्यालय 7वीं मंजिल पर है और एयरटेल के कार्यालय के निकट नहीं है। इंफोसिस का कार्यालय न तो किसी सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है और न ही किसी अभाज्य संख्या वाली मंजिल पर है। फेसबुक और गूगल के कार्यालय के बीच एक मंजिल है। गूगल के कार्यालय के ऊपर कितनी मंजिलें हैं?
	Cannot be determined तय नहीं किया जा सकता
	Two दो
	Three तीन
	Five पाँच

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13

Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
Some stars are planets. No planet is a comet.

Conclusions:
I. Some stars are not comets.
II. All comets are planets.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:
कुछ तारे ग्रह हैं। कोई भी ग्रह धूमकेतु नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कुछ तारे धूमकेतु नहीं हैं।
II. सभी धूमकेतु ग्रह हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14

Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:
All poets are writers. Some writers are thinkers. All thinkers are critics.

Conclusions:
I. Some poets are critics.
II. Some writers are critics.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें।

कथन:
सभी कवि लेखक हैं। कुछ लेखक विचारक हैं। सभी विचारक आलोचक हैं।

निष्कर्ष:
I. कुछ कवि आलोचक हैं।
II. कुछ लेखक आलोचक हैं।

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	Find the odd one out: Python, Java, HTML, C++, Ruby इनमें से विषम शब्द चुनें: पायथन, जावा, HTML, C++, रूबी
	Python पायथन
	Java जावा
	HTML HTML
	Ruby रूबी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	What is the next number in the series? 1, 3, 9, 27, ___ निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सी संख्या होगी? 1, 3, 9, 27, ___
	72 72
	80 80
	81 81
	90 90

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	What comes next in the series? M, N, P, S, W, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? M, N, P, S, W, ?
	X X
	Z Z
	A A
	B B

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	In a code language, CHAIR becomes BGBHQ, what is the code for STOOL? एक कोड भाषा में, CHAIR BGBHQ हो जाता है, STOOL के लिए कोड क्या है?
	RSPNK RSPNK
	RSPML RSPML
	RSQMK RSQMK
	RSPKN RSPKN

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	What comes next? PL, OK, NJ, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? PL, OK, NJ, ?
	LH LH
	MI MI
	KG KG
	JF JF

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	If MAP is coded as 13116, what is the code for LAP? अगर MAP को 13116 के रूप में कोड किया गया है, तो LAP का कोड क्या होगा?
	12116 12116
	12115 12115
	12117 12117
	12114 12114

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	Complete the series. 7, 14, 12, 24, 22, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। 7, 14, 12, 24, 22, ?
	44 44
	40 40
	45 45
	42 42

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	You're a municipal officer and a factory dumps waste in the river at night. What should you prioritize? आप एक नगरपालिका अधिकारी हैं और एक फैक्ट्री रात में नदी में कचरा डालती है। आपको किस काम को प्राथमिकता देनी चाहिए?
	Wait for higher authorities to act. उच्च अधिकारियों द्वारा कार्रवाई किये जाने की प्रतीक्षा करें।
	Fine the factory after a month. एक महीने के बाद फैक्ट्री पर जुर्माना लगाओ।
	Secretly record the act and leak it. गुप्त रूप से इस कृत्य को रिकॉर्ड करें और इसे लीक करें।
	Take legal action and inform environment department. कानूनी कार्रवाई करें और पर्यावरण विभाग को सूचित करें।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	A man buys 3 pens and 2 notebooks for ₹76. If a pen costs ₹12, what is the cost of a notebook? एक आदमी ₹76 में 3 पेन और 2 नोटबुक खरीदता है। यदि एक पेन की कीमत ₹12 है, तो एक नोटबुक की कीमत क्या है?
	20 20
	22 22
	23 23
	25 25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	If FRIEND is coded as HUMJTK, how is CANDLE written in that code? यदि FRIEND को HUMJTK के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो उसी कोड में CANDLE को कैसे लिखा जाएगा?
	EDOFMG EDOFMG
	EDRIRL EDRIRL
	DCPEMG DCPEMG
	DCQFME DCQFME

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	Alphanumeric Series: W % ^ K V P 1 i 7 E 0 & 2 9 A F Z N 4 * @ U ? M What is the second element from the right of the 7th element from left? अक्षरांकीय श्रेणी: W % ^ K V P 1 i 7 E 0 & 2 9 A F Z N 4 * @ U ? M बाएँ से सातवें तत्व के दाएँ से दूसरा तत्व क्या है?
	P P
	1 1
	7 7
	? ?

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	Who gave the scarcity definition of economics? अर्थशास्त्र में अभाव की परिभाषा किसने दी?
	Adam Smith एडम स्मिथ
	P.A. Samuelson पी.ए. सैमुएलसन
	Alfred Marshall अल्फ्रेड मार्शल
	Lionel Robbins लियोनेल रॉबिंस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	What is the significance of the Bharatiya Antariksh Station? भारतीय अंतरिक्ष स्टेशन का क्या महत्व है?
	It will be India's first lunar base यह भारत का पहला चंद्र बेस होगा
	It will be India's space station in orbit यह कक्षा में भारत का अंतरिक्ष स्टेशन होगा
	It is a deep-space observatory यह एक गहन अंतरिक्ष वेधशाला है
	It aims to mine asteroids इसका उद्देश्य क्षुद्रग्रहों पर खनन करना है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	Which among the following was NOT a Mughal provincial capital? निम्नलिखित में से कौन मुगल प्रांतीय राजधानी नहीं थी?
	Lahore लाहौर
	Allahabad इलाहाबाद
	Ajmer अजमेर
	Bidar बीदर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	Which government scheme aims to provide financial assistance to women Self-Help Groups (SHGs)?

	किस सरकारी योजना का उद्देश्य महिला स्वयं सहायता समूहों (एसएचजी) को वित्तीय सहायता प्रदान करना है?
	Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (RMK) राष्ट्रीय महिला कोष (आरएमके)
	Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM) दीनदयाल अंत्योदय योजना-राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण आजीविका मिशन (डीएवाई-एनआरएलएम)
	Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) प्रधानमंत्री जन धन योजना (पीएमजेडीवाई)
	Mahila E-Haat महिला ई-हाट

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	A sound wave travels from air into water. How do its speed and wavelength change? ध्वनि तरंग हवा से पानी में जाती है। इसकी गति और तरंगदैर्ध्य में क्या परिवर्तन होता है?
	Speed increases, wavelength decreases. गति बढ़ती है, तरंगदैर्ध्य घटता है।
	Speed decreases, wavelength increases. गति घटती है, तरंगदैर्ध्य बढ़ता है।
	Speed increases, wavelength increases. गति बढ़ती है, तरंगदैर्ध्य बढ़ता है।
	Speed decreases, wavelength decreases. गति घटती है, तरंगदैर्ध्य घटता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	What is the term for a successful shot in basketball where the ball goes directly through the hoop? बास्केटबॉल में जब गेंद सीधे हूप से होकर गुजरती है, तो उस सफल शॉट को क्या कहते हैं?
	Slam dunk स्लैम डंक
	Swish स्वीश
	Layup लेअप
	Alley-oop एले ऊप

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	Which of the following Mughal emperors was responsible for the construction of the Red Fort in Delhi? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा मुगल सम्राट दिल्ली में लाल किले के निर्माण के लिए जिम्मेदार था?
	Babur बाबर
	Akbar अकबर
	Shah Jahan शाहजहाँ
	Aurangzeb औरंगजेब

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	All eukaryotic cells are supported structurally by an internal network of proteins known as: सभी यूकेरियोटिक कोशिकाएं संरचनात्मक रूप से प्रोटीन के एक आंतरिक नेटवर्क द्वारा समर्थित होती हैं जिन्हें निम्नलिखित के रूप में जाना जाता है:
	cytoskeleton साइटोस्केलेटन
	nucleus नाभिक
	mitochondria माइटोकॉन्ड्रिया
	ribosomes राइबोसोम्स

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	In which year was the National Anti-Doping Agency (NADA) in India formed? भारत में राष्ट्रीय डोपिंग रोधी एजेंसी (एनएडीए) का गठन किस वर्ष किया गया था?
	2000 2000
	2005 2005
	2009 2009
	2012 2012

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	The policies of Lord Curzon as Viceroy of India (1899-1905) are often viewed as a mix of progressive reforms and measures aimed at consolidating British control. Which of the following best exemplifies a policy that was primarily intended to strengthen British administration and strategic interests? भारत के वायसराय (1899-1905) के रूप में लॉर्ड कर्जन की नीतियों को अक्सर प्रगतिशील सुधारों और ब्रिटिश नियंत्रण को मजबूत करने के उद्देश्य से किए गए उपायों के मिश्रण के रूप में देखा जाता है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी नीति उस नीति का सबसे अच्छा उदाहरण है जिसका मुख्य उद्देश्य ब्रिटिश प्रशासन और रणनीतिक हितों को मजबूत करना था?
	The establishment of the Imperial Department of Agriculture to promote agricultural research and education. कृषि अनुसंधान और शिक्षा को बढ़ावा देने के लिए इंपीरियल कृषि विभाग की स्थापना।
	The reorganization of the police and the establishment of the Criminal Investigation Department (CID). पुलिस का पुनर्गठन और आपराधिक जांच विभाग (सीआईडी) की स्थापना।
	The introduction of reforms in the education system, including the Universities Act of 1904. शिक्षा प्रणाली में सुधारों की शुरूआत, जिसमें 1904 का विश्वविद्यालय अधिनियम भी शामिल था।
	The preservation of ancient monuments and the establishment of the Archaeological Survey of India. प्राचीन स्मारकों का संरक्षण और भारतीय पुरातत्व सर्वेक्षण की स्थापना।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	Which of the following is the objective of the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा भारतीय साक्ष्यता अधिनियम का उद्देश्य है?
	Reduce the role of evidence in trials मुकदमों में साक्ष्य की भूमिका कम करना
	Ensure admissibility of modern evidence आधुनिक साक्ष्य की स्वीकार्यता सुनिश्चित करना
	Make only physical evidence valid केवल भौतिक साक्ष्य को ही वैध बनाना

	Allow anonymous evidence without checks बिना जांच के गुमनाम साक्ष्य की अनुमति देना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	Who was the Solicitor General of India in 2024, who was re-appointed in 2023? भारत का वह कौन सा सॉलिसिटर जनरल था जिसे 2023 में फिर से नियुक्त किया गया था और जो 2024 में भी इस पद पर बने हुए थे?
	Ranjit Kumar रंजीत कुमार
	Mukul Rohatgi मुकुल रोहतगी
	Tushar Mehta तुषार मेहता
	K.K. Venugopal के.के.वेणुगोपाल

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	"Yakshagana" is a traditional folk dance from which state? "यक्षगान" किस राज्य का पारंपरिक लोक नृत्य है?
	Karnataka कर्नाटक
	Gujarat गुजरात
	Odisha ओडिशा
	West Bengal पश्चिम बंगाल

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	Who was the first Tirthankara of Jainism? जैन धर्म के प्रथम तीर्थंकर कौन थे?
	Parshvanath पार्श्वनाथ
	Rishabhadev ऋषभदेव
	Sambhavnath संभवनाथ
	Chandraprabha चन्द्रप्रभा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	Which of the following statements is/are INCORRECT regarding the density of roads in India? A. Level of economic development and terrain are the determinants of road density in a region. B. Road density is higher in the North-Eastern states than in the Southern states of India. C. Road density of Kerala is higher than the average national road density.

	भारत में सड़कों के घनत्व के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन गलत है/हैं? A. आर्थिक विकास का स्तर और भूभाग किसी क्षेत्र में सड़क घनत्व के निर्धारक हैं। B. भारत के दक्षिणी राज्यों की तुलना में उत्तर-पूर्वी राज्यों में सड़क घनत्व ज्यादा है। C. केरल का सड़क घनत्व औसत राष्ट्रीय सड़क घनत्व से ज्यादा है।
	A only केवल A
	B only केवल B
	C only केवल C
	Both B and C B और C दोनों

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	What is the proportion of 'Juvenile Population' (0-14 years) in India, as per 2011 Census? 2011 की जनगणना के अनुसार भारत में 'किशोर जनसंख्या' (0-14 वर्ष) का अनुपात क्या है?
	29.33 % of total population कुल जनसंख्या का 29.33%
	30.76 % of total population कुल जनसंख्या का 30.76%
	27.64 % of total population कुल जनसंख्या का 27.64%
	33.54 % of total population कुल जनसंख्या का 33.54%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	Which river, called the Lion's Mouth or Singi Khamban in Tibet, flows northwest between Ladakh and Zaskar, cuts a gorge near Gilgit, and enters Pakistan near Nanga Parbat? कौन सी नदी, जिसे तिब्बत में शेर का मुँह या सिंगी खंबन कहा जाता है, लद्दाख और जास्कर के बीच उत्तर-पश्चिम में बहती है, गिलगित के पास एक घाटी को काटती है, और नंगा पर्वत के पास पाकिस्तान में प्रवेश करती है?
	Shayok River श्योक नदी
	Sutlej River सतलुज नदी
	Indus River सिन्धु नदी
	Galvan River गलवान नदी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	'Jinnah: His Successes, Failures and Role in History' was authored by? 'जिन्ना: उनकी सफलताएं, असफलताएं और इतिहास में उनकी भूमिका' किसके द्वारा लिखी गई थी?
	H.M. Seervai एच.एम. सीरवाई
	Ishtiaq Ahmed इश्तियाक अहमद
	Maulana Azad मौलाना आज़ाद

	Rafiq Zakaria रफ़िक ज़कारिया

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	**Consider the following details about the 36th National Games of India:** 1) It was held in 2022 in Gujarat across six cities. 2) Ahmedabad, Gandhinagar, Surat, Vadodara, Rajkot, and Bhavnagar hosted the events. Which of the statements **is/are correct?** भारत के 36वें राष्ट्रीय खेलों के बारे में निम्नलिखित विवरणों पर विचार करें: 1) यह 2022 में गुजरात के छह शहरों में आयोजित किया गया था। 2) अहमदाबाद, गांधीनगर, सूरत, वडोदरा, राजकोट और भावनगर ने इन आयोजनों की मेजबानी की। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?
	Only statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both statements 1 and 2 are correct कथन 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	To which level of government do taxes on railway fares and freights accrue? रेलवे किराये और मालभाड़े पर कर किस स्तर की सरकार को प्राप्त होता है?
	Union संघ
	State राज्य
	Municipal Corporation नगर निगम
	Panchayat पंचायत

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	Rani Gaidinliu was known as a 'Naga spiritual and political leader' who led a fierce armed rebellion against the British in which region of Northeast India? रानी गाइदिन्ल्यू को 'नागा आध्यात्मिक और राजनीतिक नेता' के रूप में जाना जाता था, जिन्होंने पूर्वोत्तर भारत के किस क्षेत्र में अंग्रेजों के खिलाफ एक भयंकर सशस्त्र विद्रोह का नेतृत्व किया था?
	Arunachal Pradesh (Naga Hills) अरुणाचल प्रदेश (नागा हिल्स)
	Meghalaya (Khasi Hills) मेघालय (खासी हिल्स)
	Manipur (Naga Hills) मणिपुर (नागा हिल्स)
	Mizoram (Lushai Hills) मिजोरम (लुशाई हिल्स)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	Which two gases dominate Earth's surface atmosphere? पृथ्वी के स्थलीय वायुमंडल में कौन-सी दो गैसें प्रमुख रूप से पाई जाती हैं?

	O_2 & Ar O_2 और Ar
	N_2 & Ne N_2 और Ne
	N_2 & O_2 N_2 और O_2
	O_2 & Ne O_2 और Ne

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	What was the main focus of India's Sixth Five-Year Plan (1980–1985)? भारत की छठी पंचवर्षीय योजना (1980–1985) का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या था?
	Heavy industrialization and capital goods भारी औद्योगीकरण और पूंजीगत वस्तुएं
	Food self-sufficiency through agriculture कृषि के माध्यम से खाद्य आत्मनिर्भरता
	Poverty alleviation and modernization of technology गरीबी उन्मूलन और प्रौद्योगिकी का आधुनिकीकरण
	Economic liberalization and globalization आर्थिक उदारीकरण और वैश्वीकरण

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	FDI is a part of which reform pillar? एफडीआई किस सुधार स्तंभ का हिस्सा है?
	Liberalisation उदारीकरण
	Privatisation निजीकरण
	Globalisation वैश्वीकरण
	Nationalisation राष्ट्रीयकरण

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	Which Article provides the **President** with the power to declare Financial Emergency? कौन सा अनुच्छेद **राष्ट्रपति** को वित्तीय आपातकाल घोषित करने की शक्ति प्रदान करता है?
	Article 352 अनुच्छेद 352
	Article 356 अनुच्छेद 356
	Article 360 अनुच्छेद 360
	Article 365 अनुच्छेद 365

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Candidate Name

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1

Test Date : **26 Sep 2025**

Test Time and Shift : **04:00 PM (Shift-3)**

Centre Name

Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51	Solve: $(34.12)^2-7396$ हल करें: $(34.12)^2-7396$
	-6231.8256 -6231.8256
	6231.8256 6231.8256
	-9251.8256 -9251.8256
	9251.8256 9251.8256

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52	The production of bottles rose to 26000 from 16000 in 2 years. Find the rate of growth per annum. 2 वर्षों में बोतलों का उत्पादन 16000 से बढ़कर 26000 हो गया। प्रति वर्ष वृद्धि दर ज्ञात कीजिए।
	26.47% 26.47%
	37.47% 37.47%
	28.47% 28.47%
	27.47% 27.47%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53	Rs. 1500 is lent out at 6 % per annum simple interest for 3 years. Find the amount after 3 years. 1500 रुपये 6% वार्षिक साधारण ब्याज दर पर 3 वर्षों के लिए उधार दिए जाते हैं। 3 वर्ष बाद राशि ज्ञात कीजिए।

	1900 1900
	2000 2000
	1600 1600
	1770 1770

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54	Suraj travels at a speed of 30 km/h. Find the distance covered by him in 72 seconds. सूरज 30 किमी प्रति घंटे की गति से यात्रा करता है। 72 सेकंड में उसके द्वारा तय की गई दूरी ज्ञात कीजिए।
	650 m 650 मीटर
	600 m 600 मीटर
	450 m 450 मीटर
	700 m 700 मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55	A rectangular parallelepiped has dimensions in arithmetic progression. If the sum of its dimensions is 21 cm and the volume is 168 cm^3, find its dimensions. एक आयताकार समांतर चतुर्भुज के आयाम समांतर श्रेणी में हैं। यदि इसके आयाम का योग 21 सेंटीमीटर और आयतन 168 घन सेंटीमीटर है, तो इसके आयाम ज्ञात कीजिए।
	4 cm, 7 cm, 10 cm 4 सेंटीमीटर , 7 सेंटीमीटर , 10 सेंटीमीटर
	3 cm, 7 cm, 11 cm 3 सेंटीमीटर , 7 सेंटीमीटर , 11 सेंटीमीटर
	5 cm, 6 cm, 10 cm 5 सेंटीमीटर , 6 सेंटीमीटर , 10 सेंटीमीटर
	2 cm, 7 cm, 12 cm 2 सेंटीमीटर , 7 सेंटीमीटर , 12 सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56	The angle subtended by an arc at the center is 72°, and its length is 22 cm. Find the radius of the circle. एक चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया कोण 72° है और इसकी लंबाई 22 सेंटीमीटर है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	17.5 cm 17.5 सेंटीमीटर
	11 cm 11 सेंटीमीटर
	10 cm 10 सेंटीमीटर
	8.75 cm 8.75 सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57	A man spends 30% of his salary on rent, 20% on groceries, and 25% on other expenses. If he saves Rs. 9,000, what is his salary?

	एक आदमी अपने वेतन का 30% किराए पर, 20% किराने के सामान पर और 25% अन्य खर्चों पर खर्च करता है। अगर वह 9,000 रुपये बचाता है, तो उसका वेतन क्या है? Rs. 24,000 24,000 रुपये
	Rs. 27,000 27,000 रुपये
	Rs. 30,000 30,000 रुपये
	Rs. 36,000 36,000 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	A store offers a "25% off" discount but charges 5% VAT on the discounted price. If the marked price is Rs. 1600, what is the final amount paid? एक स्टोर "25% छूट" देता है, लेकिन छूट वाली कीमत पर 5% वैट लेता है। अगर अंकित मूल्य 1600 रुपये है, तो कुल भुगतान की गई राशि कितनी है?
	Rs. 1200 1200 रुपये
	Rs. 1260 1260 रुपये
	Rs. 1275 1275रुपये
	Rs. 1320 1320 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	A car covers three equal distances at speeds of 30 km/h, 45 km/h, and 90 km/h, respectively. What is the average speed of the car for the entire journey? एक कार तीन समान दूरियाँ क्रमशः 30 किमी/घंटे , 45 किमी/घंटे और 90 किमी/घंटे की गति से तय करती है। पूरी यात्रा में कार की औसत गति क्या है? 50 km/h 50 किमी/घंटा
	48 km/h 48 किमी/घंटा
	60 km/h 60 किमी/घंटा
	45 km/h 45 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	A 40-litres mixture of acid and water contains acid and water in the ratio 3:1. 8 litres of this mixture is removed and replaced with another solution of acid and water in the ratio 1:3. What is the final ratio of acid to water in the resulting mixture? अम्ल और जल के 40 लीटर मिश्रण में अम्ल और जल का अनुपात 3:1 है। इस मिश्रण में से 8 लीटर निकालकर उसकी जगह 1:3 अनुपात वाले अम्ल और जल का एक अन्य विलयन डाला जाता है। परिणामी मिश्रण में अम्ल और जल का अंतिम अनुपात क्या है?
	1:1 1:1
	13:7 13:7
	13:5 13:5
	5:3 5:3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61 Lalit can finish a work in 15 days. Laxman can finish the same work in 25 days. They work together for 5 days. If the rest of the work is finished by Lalit and Deven in 4 days, then in how many days can Deven alone finish the work?

ललित एक काम को 15 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। लक्ष्मण उसी काम को 25 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। वे 5 दिनों तक एक साथ काम करते हैं। अगर शेष काम ललित और देवेन 4 दिनों में पूरा करते हैं, तो देवेन अकेले उस काम को कितने दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है?

30 days

30 दिन

25 days

25 दिन

21 days

21 दिन

20 days

20 दिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62 The volumes of two right circular cylinders have a ratio of 2:3. If the radii of these cylinders are in the ratio of 1:2, what is the ratio of their heights?

दो लंबवृत्तीय बेलनों के आयतनों का अनुपात 2:3 है। यदि इन बेलनों की त्रिज्याओं का अनुपात 1:2 है, तो उनकी ऊँचाइयों का अनुपात क्या है?

1:3

1:3

3:4

3:4

4:3

4:3

8:3

8:3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63 If a prism's height is tripled while the base area remains constant, what happens to the volume?

यदि किसी प्रिज्म की ऊंचाई तीन गुनी कर दी जाए, जबकि आधार का क्षेत्रफल स्थिर रहे, तो आयतन पर क्या प्रभाव पड़ेगा?

Doubled

दोगुनी

Tripled

तीन गुना

Quadrupled

चार गुना

Remains same

वही रहना है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64 A cone is melted and recast into another cone with half the radius. Find the new height if the original height was 12 cm.

एक शंकु को पिघलाकर उससे आधी त्रिज्या वाले दूसरे शंकु का आकार दिया गया है। यदि मूल ऊँचाई 12 सेंटीमीटर थी, तो नई ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।

48 cm

48 सेंटीमीटर

36 cm

36 सेंटीमीटर

24 cm

24 सेंटीमीटर

	18 cm 18 सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	In ΔABC, right-angled at C, if $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, then cos B = ? ΔABC में, C समकोण है, यदि $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, तो cos B = ?
	$\frac{5}{13}$ $\frac{5}{13}$
	$\frac{2}{13}$ $\frac{2}{13}$
	$\frac{7}{13}$ $\frac{7}{13}$
	$\frac{9}{13}$ $\frac{9}{13}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	Convert 3° to radians. 3° को रेडियन में बदलें.
	$\frac{3\pi}{180}$ $\frac{3\pi}{180}$
	$\frac{3\pi}{360}$ $\frac{3\pi}{360}$
	$\frac{\pi}{60}$ $\frac{\pi}{60}$
	$\frac{\pi}{180}$ $\frac{\pi}{180}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	If A + B = 90°, and $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, then what is cos B? A + B = 90°, और $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$, तो cos B क्या है?
	$\frac{5}{13}$ $\frac{5}{13}$
	$\frac{12}{13}$ $\frac{12}{13}$
	$\frac{13}{5}$ $\frac{13}{5}$
	1 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68 At an intersection of two lines, two angles are vertically opposite. If one of the angles measures 45°, what is the measure of the other angle?

दो रेखाओं के प्रतिच्छेदन पर दो कोण ऊर्ध्वाधरतः विपरीत होते हैं। यदि उनमें से एक कोण का माप 45° है, तो दूसरे कोण का माप क्या है?

	45° 45°
	90° 90°
	135° 135°
	180° 180°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69 The incenter of a triangle is located at (3, 4). The length of the altitude from the incenter to side AB is 2 units. What is the radius of the triangle's incircle?

एक त्रिभुज का अंतःकेंद्र (3, 4) पर स्थित है। अंतःकेंद्र से भुजा AB तक की ऊँचाई की लंबाई 2 इकाई है। त्रिभुज के अंतःवृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?

	2 units 2 इकाइयां
	3 units 3 इकाइयां
	4 units 4 इकाइयां
	5 units 5 इकाइयां

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70 Given, $x = \sqrt{3}$, what is $(x+1)^3 + (x-1)^3$?

यदि $x = \sqrt{3}$, $(x+1)^3 + (x-1)^3$ का मान क्या है?

	8 8
	7 7
	9 9
	6 6

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71 If in triangle ABC, DE || BC and AD/DB=$\frac{1}{2}$, and AE = 5 cm, then EC is:

यदि त्रिभुज ABC में, DE || BC और AD/DB = $\frac{1}{2}$, और AE = 5 सेमी, तो EC है:

	2.5 cm 2.5 सेमी
	5 cm 5 सेमी
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	7.5 cm 7.5 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	Chord AB and chord CD are equal and subtend angles of $50°$ and $X°$ at the center respectively. Find X जीवा AB और जीवा CD बराबर हैं और केंद्र पर क्रमशः $50°$ और $x°$ कोण अंतरित करती हैं। ज्ञात कीजिए x.
	25° 25°
	50° 50°
	75° 75°
	100° 100°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	What is the area of the segment formed by a chord in a circle of radius 10 cm, if the angle subtended at the center is 90°? 10 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले वृत्त में एक जीवा द्वारा बनाए गए रेखाखंड का क्षेत्रफल क्या है, यदि केंद्र पर अंतरित कोण 90° है?
	25π−50 25π−50
	50π−50 50π−50
	100π−50 100π−50
	25π−25 25π−25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	If tan A = 3/4, find sin A. यदि $tanA = \frac{3}{4}$, तो $sinA$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	$\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{3}{5}$
	$\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{4}{5}$
	$\frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{5}{3}$
	$\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A can complete a task in 30 days, and B can complete the same task in 40 days. They work together for 10 days, and then C joins them and completes the remaining work in 5 days. How long will C alone take to complete the task? A एक काम को 30 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है, और B उसी काम को 40 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। वे 10 दिनों तक साथ मिलकर काम करते हैं, और फिर C उनके साथ मिलकर बाकी काम 5 दिनों में पूरा कर देता है। C अकेले उस काम को पूरा करने में कितना समय लेगा?
	25 days 25 दिन
	26 days 26 दिन

	40 days 40 दिन
	27 days 27 दिन

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76

Read the passage and answer the questions:

The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances.
The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace.
Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete.
Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses.

Identify the tense and voice used in the sentence:

"Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagon ways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains..."

Past Perfect Passive

Simple Past Active

Present Perfect Active

Past Continuous Passive

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77

Read the passage and answer the questions:

The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances.
The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace.
Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete.
Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses.

What grammatical function does the phrase *"utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction"* serve in the sentence?

"Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagon ways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, **utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction** and facilitate the movement of goods..."

	Adjective clause modifying "wagon ways"
	Adverbial phrase explaining the manner
	Noun clause functioning as object
	Gerund phrase acting as the subject

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78

Read the passage and answer the questions:

The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances.

The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace.

Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete.

Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses.

In the passage, what is the closest meaning of the word "superseded"?

	Upgraded
	Replaced
	Abandoned
	Destroyed

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79

Read the passage and answer the questions:

The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances.

The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace.

Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete.

Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses.

What is the meaning of the word "epochal" as used in the context:

"...each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses."

	Ancient

	Minor
	Highly significant or defining
	Predictable

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80	Read the passage and answer the questions: The genesis of railway transportation marks one of humanity's most transformative engineering feats, profoundly reshaping industrial, social, and economic landscapes. Early prototypes, such as horse-drawn wagonways in 16th-century Europe, represented rudimentary precursors to modern trains, utilizing wooden rails to minimize friction and facilitate the movement of goods across short distances. The true revolution, however, ignited in the early 19th century with the advent of steam locomotives. Pioneers like George Stephenson, whose famous "Rocket" epitomized technological prowess, demonstrated the unprecedented potential of steam power to move both people and cargo efficiently. This innovation catalyzed the Industrial Revolution, knitting distant regions into cohesive economic fabrics and accelerating urbanization at an unparalleled pace. Throughout the 20th century, the ascendancy of diesel and electric locomotives superseded steam technology, offering greater efficiency, reliability, and environmental benefits. Bullet trains, inaugurated in Japan as the Shinkansen in 1964, redefined expectations regarding speed, safety, and technological sophistication, inspiring global high-speed rail networks. In the contemporary era, magnetic levitation (maglev) trains and hyperloop prototypes promise to further erode the barriers of distance and time, potentially rendering conventional rail obsolete. Yet, amid this rapid evolution, trains remain emblematic not merely of mechanical ingenuity but of societal progression — testaments to human ambition to connect, accelerate, and transcend physical limitations. The trajectory of railway innovation encapsulates a narrative of relentless adaptation, one wherein each epochal shift reflects broader socio-technological metamorphoses. Which of the following best captures the overall tone of the passage?
	Nostalgic and critical
	Analytical and celebratory
	Indifferent and factual
	Cautionary and skeptical

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81	What does the idiom "There is no gainsaying the fact that the country is in difficulties" mean?
	There is no denying that the country is facing challenges.
	The country is making significant progress.
	The country is refusing to acknowledge its problems.
	The country is avoiding difficult situations.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. The scientist was awarded for her work in _____ chemistry.
	organometallic
	organomettalic
	organomettallik organometalic

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83	Which spelling is **correct** for a word meaning "deeply thoughtful or melancholy in tone"?
	Pensieve
	Pensive
	Penssive
	Pensiff

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CONFLAGRATION**
	Fire
	Explosion
	Storm
	Flood

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Esoteric**
	Obscure
	Straight Forward
	Cryptic
	Abstract

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Kicked up a row**
	Created chaos with calculated logic
	Reacted aggressively in a social setting
	Silently withdrew from a discussion
	Avoided confrontation altogether

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "The study of coins and medals". Cartography
	Numismatics
	Epigraphy
	Cryptography

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	Spot the **correct spelling** of heat-energy physics.
	Thermodinamics
	Thermdynamics
■	Thermodynamics
	Thermodynemics

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'Fear of open spaces.'
	Xenophobia
	Claustrophobia
	Acrophobia
■	Agoraphobia

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	**Choose the correct phrasal verb:** After months of negotiation, the two sides finally ____ an agreement acceptable to both parties.
	arrived to
	arrived at
	arrived on
■	arrived with

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** The workshop aims at providing entrepreneurs (1)/ with practical advices (2)/ on scaling operations (3)/ in emerging markets. (4)/
	(1)
■	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** They had sent the invitations by courier.
	The invitations were sent by courier.
	The invitations have been sent by courier.
■	The invitations had been sent by courier.
	The invitations had been being sent by courier.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
The **current** debate involves key economic issues.

- The swimmer fought against the current.
- The current trends favor decentralization.
- His current address is unknown.
- The minister spoke on current policy.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
The machinery was known to have been operated manually during the testing phase.

- Manual operators were known to test the machinery.
- Someone was known to operate the machinery manually during testing.
- It was known that the machinery had been manually tested.
- It is known that someone manually operated the machinery during testing.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
They ***discussed the problem in details***.

- discusses in detail
- discussed the problem in detail
- discussed detailly
- discussed with details

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
The book is ***more better than*** the previous one.

- much better than
- better from
- more good than
- better than

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97 **A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.**
The envoy reported that the negotiations were languishing because neither party would concede procedural precedence.

- The envoy reported, "The negotiations languish because neither party would concede procedural precedence."
- The envoy said, "The negotiations are languishing because neither party will be conceding procedural precedence."
- The envoy said, "The negotiations are languishing because neither party will concede procedural precedence."

	The envoy said, "Negotiations languished, no party conceding precedence."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** She said, "I was very tired yesterday."
	She said she had been very tired the day before.
	She said she was very tired yesterday.
	She said she had been very tired yesterday.
	She said she is very tired the day before.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage:** 1. Data from multiple sources was compiled for the report. 2. The data was analyzed to derive logical insights. 3. The insights were used to make strategic decisions. 4. A report was generated to present the findings.
	3-2-1-4
	1-3-2-4
	1-2-4-3
	2-4-1-3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:** 1. Scientists had long theorized the existence of gravitational waves. 2. Their detection confirmed a major prediction of Einstein's theory. 3. They were eventually observed by LIGO in 2015. 4. The event opened new avenues in astrophysics.
	1-3-2-4
	2-3-1-4
	3-2-4-1
	4-1-3-2

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Correct Option selected | Wrong Option selected | Correct Option | Not Answered

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PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

Flat No. 6A, Pearl View,Salt Lake, Kolkata,West Bengal - 700091

वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो।

Flat No. 6A, Pearl View,Salt Lake, Kolkata,West Bengal - 700091

	Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091
	Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091
	Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Assam - 700091
	Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Assam - 700091
	Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Odisha - 700091
	Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Odisha - 700091
	Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Bihar - 700091
	Flat No. 6A, Pearl View, Salt Lake, Kolkata, Bihar - 700091

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2 Seminars were held in Bhopal, Indore, and Raipur on 7^{th}, 9^{th}, and 11^{th} August.

- Indore's seminar was held after Bhopal's.
- Raipur's seminar was not on 11^{th} August.

When was the Indore seminar held?

	भोपाल, इंदौर और रायपुर में 7^{th}, 9^{th}, और 11^{th} अगस्त को सेमिनार आयोजित किए गए। · इंदौर का सेमिनार भोपाल के बाद आयोजित किया गया। · रायपुर का सेमिनार 11^{th} अगस्त को नहीं था। इंदौर सेमिनार कब आयोजित किया गया था?
	7^{th} August 7^{th} अगस्त
	9^{th} August 9^{th} अगस्त
	11^{th} August 11^{th} अगस्त
	8^{th} August 8^{th} अगस्त

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3	What should come in place of the question mark '?' in the following number series? 76, 80, 71, 87, 62, ? निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिन्ह '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा? 76, 80, 71, 87, 62, ?
	86 86
	98 98
	72 72
	106 106

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4	In the following number series, a wrong number is given. Find out the WRONG number. 9, 19, 39, 78,159, 319 निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में एक गलत संख्या दी गई है। गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए। 9, 19, 39, 78, 159, 319
	9 9
	39 39
	78 78
	159 159

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5	What is the remainder when 987654321 is divided by 9? 987654321 को 9 से भाग देने पर शेषफल क्या होगा?
	1

	1
	3 3
	0 0
	9 9

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6	If 11 → 1331, 12 → 1728, then 13 → ? अगर 11 → 1331, 12 → 1728, तो 13 → ?
	2028 2028
	2400 2400
	2197 2197
	2500 2500

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7	If P + Q = 2R and R + S = 2P, then: अगर P + Q = 2R और R + S = 2P, तो:
	P + R = Q + S P + R = Q + S
	P + R = 2S P + R = 2S
	P + S = Q + R P + S = Q + R
	P + R = 2Q P + R = 2Q
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8	Find the odd one out. Lucknow, Kanpur, Varanasi, Jaipur, Agra इनमें से विषम को चुनें। लखनऊ, कानपुर, वाराणसी, जयपुर, आगरा
	Varanasi वाराणसी
	Lucknow लखनऊ
	Jaipur जयपुर
	Kanpur कानपुर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9 Given in the table are the number codes for the given letters. Select the combination of numbers so that the letters arranged accordingly will form a meaningful word.

5 4 3 2 1
R O I C D

तालिका में दिए गए अक्षरों के लिए संख्या कोड दिए गए हैं। संख्याओं का ऐसा संयोजन चुनिए जिससे अक्षरों को उनके अनुसार व्यवस्थित करने पर एक सार्थक शब्द बन जाए।

5 4 3 2 1
R O I C D

	2, 4, 5, 3, 3, 1, 4, 5 2, 4, 5, 3, 3, 1, 4, 5
■	2, 4, 5, 5, 3, 1, 4, 5 2, 4, 5, 5, 3, 1, 4, 5
	2 ,5, 5, 3, 1, 4, 5, 4 2 ,5, 5, 3, 1, 4, 5, 4
	2, 4, 4, 5, 3, 1, 3, 5 2, 4, 4, 5, 3, 1, 3, 5

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10 When all the digits of the number '8372625374895' are arranged in descending order, what is the number obtained when the 3rd digit from the right end is subtracted from the 4th digit from the left, after replacement?

जब संख्या '8372625374895' के सभी अंकों को अवरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है, तो प्रतिस्थापन के बाद, दाएं छोर से तीसरे अंक को बाएं छोर से चौथे अंक से घटाने पर प्राप्त संख्या क्या है?

■	4 4
	8 8
	5 5
	6 6

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11 A man rows 12 km downstream in 3 hours and 6 km upstream in 2 hours. What is the speed of the stream?

एक आदमी धारा के अनुकूल 12 किमी 3 घंटे में और धारा के प्रतिकूल 6 किमी 2 घंटे में नाव चलाता है। धारा की गति क्या है?

	1 km/h 1 किमी/घंटा
■	0.5 km/h 0.5 किमी/घंटा
	2 km/h 2 किमी/घंटा
	1.5 km/h 1.5 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12 Find the missing number: **12 : 441 :: 13 : ?**

लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: 12 : 441 :: 13 : ?

■	961 961 967

	967
	964 964
	965 965

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Some trees are tall. All tall things are visible. **Conclusions:** I. Some trees are visible. II. All trees are visible. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: कुछ पेड़ ऊँचे हैं। सभी ऊँची चीज़ें दिखाई देती हैं। निष्कर्ष: I. कुछ पेड़ दिखाई देते हैं। II. सभी पेड़ दिखाई देते हैं।
	Only I follows केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	Read the following statement carefully and identify the assumption that follows. Statement: A school circular states: "Mobile phones are not allowed inside classrooms." **Assumptions:** I. Phones distract students. II. Students often bring phones to class. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाली धारणा की पहचान करें। कथन: एक स्कूल परिपत्र में कहा गया है: "कक्षाओं के अंदर मोबाइल फ़ोन ले जाना मना है।" धारणाएँ: I. फ़ोन छात्रों का ध्यान भटकाते हैं। II. छात्र अक्सर कक्षा में फ़ोन लाते हैं।
	Only I is implicit केवल I निहित है
	Only II is implicit केवल II निहित है
	Both are implicit दोनों निहित हैं
	Neither is implicit कोई भी निहित नहीं है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	What is the next number in the series? 625, 125, 25, ___ निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सी संख्या होगी? 625, 125, 25, ___
	10 10
	5 5
	15 15
	1 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	What comes next? AZ, BY, CX, DW, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AZ, BY, CX, DW, ?
	EV EV
	FU FU
	GT GT
	HS HS

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	If "DELHI" is coded as "CDKGH", how is "MUMBAI" coded? यदि "DELHI" को "CDKGH" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "MUMBAI" को किस प्रकार कोडित किया जाएगा?
	LTLABH LTLABH
	LTLAZH LTLAZH
	LULABH LULABH
	KTLAAH KTLAAH

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18	What comes next? AG, BH, CI, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AG, BH, CI, ?
	DJ DJ
	EK EK
	FL FL

	GM GM

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19	Complete the series. 2, 3, 5, 7, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें। 2, 3, 5, 7, ?
	9 9
	11 11
	13 13
	15 15

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20	A rectangular field has a length of 50 meters and a width of 30 meters. What is the length of its diagonal? एक आयताकार मैदान की लंबाई 50 मीटर और चौड़ाई 30 मीटर है। इसके विकर्ण की लंबाई क्या है?
	58 m 58मी
	56 m 56मी
	50 m 50 मी
	54 m 54मी
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21	If SMART is coded as UNCTU, how is TRICK coded? यदि SMART को UNCTU लिखा जाता है, तो TRICK को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	UTJDL UTJDL
	VSKEL VSKEL
	WKIRT WKIRT
	XPQYU XPQYU

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22	What is the product of all the digits on a calculator keypad (0–9)? कैलकुलेटर कीपैड पर सभी अंकों (0-9) का गुणनफल क्या है?
	0 0
	326592 326592
	5040 5040

	45360 45360

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23	If BRIDGE is coded as CSJEHF, how is CSJEHF coded? यदि BRIDGE को CSJEHF के रूप में कोडित किया गया है, तो CSJEHF को कैसे कोडित किया जाएगा?
	DTKFIG DTKFIG
	DTJFGI DTJFGI
	DSJFGI DSJFGI
	DTKFHI DTKFHI

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24	If in a code language, MOBILITY is written as NPCJMJUZ, how is EXAMPLE written in that code? यदि किसी कूट भाषा में MOBILITY को NPCJMJUZ लिखा जाता है, तो उसी कूट भाषा में EXAMPLE को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?
	FYBNQMF FYBNQMF
	EYBNQMF EYBNQMF
	FYBNRME FYBNRME
	FZBNQMF FZBNQMF

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25	Which of the following is not an anagram of the word "INTEGRAL"? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द "INTEGRAL" का विपर्यय नहीं है?
	ALERTING ALERTING
	RELATING RELATING
	TRIANGLE TRIANGLE
	LITERAL LITERAL

Save / Print

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26	The Chandrayaan-3 lander, Vikram, used which advanced technology for hazard detection and avoidance during landing? चंद्रयान-3 लैंडर विक्रम में लैंडिंग के दौरान खतरे का पता लगाने और उससे बचने के लिए किस उन्नत तकनीक का उपयोग किया गया?
	Lander Hazard Detection and Avoidance Camera and Processing Algorithm लैंडर खतरा पहचान और बचाव कैमरा और प्रसंस्करण एल्गोरिदम
	Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) सिंथेटिक एपर्चर रडार (एसएआर)
	Laser Doppler Imaging and AI-assisted navigation लेजर डॉपलर इमेजिंग और एआई-सहायता प्राप्त नेविगेशन
	Laser Doppler Velocimeter लेजर डॉप्लर वेलोसिमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27	The process of "coral bleaching" within the Indian Ocean is most directly linked to: हिंद महासागर के भीतर "प्रवाल विरंजन" की प्रक्रिया सबसे सीधे तौर पर निम्नलिखित से जुड़ी हुई है:
	Anthropogenically induced sea surface temperature increases मानवजनित प्रेरित समुद्री सतह का तापमान बढ़ता है
	Increased deep-sea mining गहरे समुद्र में खनन में वृद्धि
	Increased levels of ocean acidification from river runoff नदी अपवाह से महासागरीय अम्लीकरण का स्तर बढ़ गया
	The effects of increased Arctic ice melt आर्कटिक बर्फ पिघलने के बढ़ते प्रभाव

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28	The "Jal Jeevan Mission" aims to provide functional household tap connections (FHTCs) to all rural households by 2024. Which of the following is a key challenge in achieving this ambitious goal? "जल जीवन मिशन" का लक्ष्य 2024 तक सभी ग्रामीण परिवारों को कार्यात्मक घरेलू नल कनेक्शन (एफएचटीसी) प्रदान करना है। इस महत्वाकांक्षी लक्ष्य को प्राप्त करने में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी प्रमुख चुनौती है?
	Lack of sufficient funding allocation for the mission. मिशन के लिए पर्याप्त धन आवंटन का अभाव।
	Ensuring the long-term sustainability of water sources and the quality of water supplied. जल स्रोतों की दीर्घकालिक स्थिरता और आपूर्ति किए जाने वाले जल की गुणवत्ता सुनिश्चित करना।
	Limited participation of local communities in the planning and implementation process. योजना एवं कार्यान्वयन प्रक्रिया में स्थानीय समुदायों की सीमित भागीदारी। Absence of a robust monitoring mechanism to track progress. प्रगति पर नज़र रखने के लिए एक मजबूत निगरानी तंत्र का अभाव।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29	What is a "mandapa" in traditional Indian temple architecture? पारंपरिक भारतीय मंदिर वास्तुकला में "मंडप" क्या है?
	Gateway tower गेटवे टावर
	Outer boundary wall बाहरी सीमा दीवार
	Pillared hall for worshippers भक्तों के लिए स्तंभयुक्त हॉल
	Water tank पानी की टंकी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30	Which is the largest and most famous monastery in Sikkim, known for its colorful murals and mask dances? सिक्किम का सबसे बड़ा और सबसे प्रसिद्ध मठ कौन सा है, जो अपने रंगीन भित्ति चित्रों और मुखौटा नृत्य के लिए जाना जाता है?
	Enchey Monastery एन्चे मठ
	Rumtek Monastery रुमटेक मठ
	Pemayangtse Monastery पेमायांग्त्से मठ
	Tashiding Monastery ताशीडिंग मठ

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31	Which of these writers won the International Booker Prize in 2021, along with translator Megan McDowell? इनमें से किस लेखक ने अनुवादक मेगन मैकडॉवेल के साथ 2021 में अंतर्राष्ट्रीय बुकर पुरस्कार जीता?
	Olga Tokarczuk ओल्गा टोकार्कज़ुक
	Jokha Alharthi जोखा अल्हार्थी
	David Diop डेविड डिओप
	Mariana Enriquez मारियाना एनरिकेज़
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32	Who won India's first gold in athletics at the CWG 2022? कॉमनवेल्थ गेम्स 2022 में एथलेटिक्स में भारत का पहला स्वर्ण पदक किसने जीता?
	Avinash Sable अविनाश साबले
	Eldhose Paul एल्धोज पॉल
	Murali Sreeshankar मुरली श्रीशंकर
	Neeraj Chopra नीरज चोपड़ा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33	The Subsidiary Alliance system had which of the following conditions for the allied Indian rulers? सहायक संधि प्रणाली में सहयोगी भारतीय शासकों के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी शर्तें थीं?
	They were allowed to maintain their own independent armies. उन्हें अपनी स्वतंत्र सेनाएं बनाए रखने की अनुमति दी गई।
	They had to keep a British Resident in their court. उन्हें अपने दरबार में एक ब्रिटिश रेजीडेंट रखना पड़ा।
	They were free to enter into alliances with other Indian rulers without British consent. वे ब्रिटिश सहमति के बिना अन्य भारतीय शासकों के साथ गठबंधन करने के लिए स्वतंत्र थे।
	They were not required to pay any revenue to the British. उन्हें अंग्रेजों को कोई राजस्व देने की आवश्यकता नहीं थी।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	What does the BSA, 2023 provide about secondary evidence (like photocopies or scanned documents)? बीएसए, 2023 द्वितीयक साक्ष्य (जैसे फोटोकॉपी या स्कैन किए गए दस्तावेज़) के बारे में क्या प्रदान करता है?
	It is always preferred over primary evidence इसे हमेशा प्राथमिक साक्ष्य से ज्यादा प्राथमिकता दी जाती है
	It is admissible only if the original is lost, destroyed, or unavailable for valid reasons यह तभी स्वीकार्य है जब मूल प्रति खो गई हो, नष्ट हो गई हो या वैध कारणों से अनुपलब्ध हो
	It must be printed in color only इसे केवल रंगीन ही मुद्रित किया जाना चाहिए
	It cannot be used in criminal cases इसका प्रयोग आपराधिक मामलों में नहीं किया जा सकता
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	Which of the following Air Chiefs in India was commissioned into the fighter stream of IAF in Dec 1984? निम्नलिखित में से कौन से भारतीय वायु सेना प्रमुख दिसंबर 1984 में भारतीय वायु सेना के लड़ाकू विमान दल में शामिल हुए थे?
	RKS Bhadauria आर.के.एस. भदौरिया
	AP Singh ए.पी. सिंह
	B S Dhanoa बी.एस. धनोआ
	Vivek Ram Chaudhari विवेक राम चौधरी
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	Which among the following is NOT true about the Harappan culture? हड़प्पा संस्कृति के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य नहीं है?
	They worshipped a male deity called Pashupati. वे पशुपति नामक एक पुरुष देवता की पूजा करते थे।
	Women wore ornaments made of gold, silver, copper, and bronze. महिलाएं सोने, चांदी, तांबे और कांसे से बने आभूषण पहनती थीं।
	There is clear evidence for the practice of Sati.

	सती प्रथा के स्पष्ट प्रमाण मौजूद हैं।
	Wheat and barley were the main crops grown. गेहूं और जौ यहां उगाई जाने वाली मुख्य फसलें थीं।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	Consider the following statements regarding minerals in India. 1. The Himalayan belt of India consists of copper, zinc, cobalt, and lead. 2. Most of the building stones, such as granite, marble, and gypsum, are found in Rajasthan. Which of the statement(s) given above is/are CORRECT? भारत में खनिजों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें। 1. भारत के हिमालय क्षेत्र में तांबा, जस्ता, कोबाल्ट और सीसा पाया जाता है। 2. ग्रेनाइट, संगमरमर और जिप्सम जैसे अधिकांश इमारती पत्थर राजस्थान में पाए जाते हैं। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?
	1 only केवल 1
	2 only केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2 1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2 न तो 1, न ही 2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	With reference to the theory of demographic transition, consider the following statements: 1. For the initial two state of the demographic cycle, a high fertility rate and death rate would result in high population growth. 2. In the third stage, both fertility and mortality factors would decline significantly. 3. The demographic transition theory does not explicitly take into account the migration factor. 4. Social and cultural factors can greatly affect the population, which can impact what the theory predicts. Which of the statements given above is/are CORRECT? जनसांख्यिकीय संक्रमण के सिद्धांत के संदर्भ में, निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें: 1. जनसांख्यिकीय चक्र की प्रारंभिक दो अवस्थाओं के लिए, उच्च प्रजनन दर और मृत्यु दर के परिणामस्वरूप उच्च जनसंख्या वृद्धि होगी। 2. तीसरे चरण में, प्रजनन और मृत्यु दर दोनों कारकों में काफी गिरावट आएगी। 3. जनसांख्यिकीय संक्रमण सिद्धांत स्पष्ट रूप से प्रवासन कारक को ध्यान में नहीं रखता है। 4. सामाजिक और सांस्कृतिक कारक जनसंख्या को बहुत प्रभावित कर सकते हैं, जो सिद्धांत की भविष्यवाणी को प्रभावित कर सकते हैं। ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा सही है/हैं?
	1, 2, and 3 only केवल 1, 2, और 3
	2, 3, and 4 only केवल 2, 3, और 4
	1, 3, and 4 only केवल 1, 3, और 4
	2 and 4 only

केवल 2 और 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	Which gharana was influenced directly by the dhruped tradition? कौन सा घराना ध्रुपद परंपरा से सीधे प्रभावित था?
	Gwalior Gharana ग्वालियर घराना
	Agra Gharana आगरा घराना
	Jaipur Atroli Gharana जयपुर अट्रौली घराना
	Rampur Saheswan Gharana रामपुर सहेसवान घराना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40	Which of the following statements about basketball rules and skills is/are **correct?** 1) A team gaining ball possession must attempt a shot within 24 seconds, or it results in a shot clock violation. 2) A disqualification foul is awarded only when a player accumulates five personal fouls. 3) Reverse spin dribble is a defensive maneuver used exclusively for ball interception. बास्केटबॉल के नियमों और कौशलों के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों में से कौन-सा/से **सही** है/हैं? 1. जिस टीम के पास गेंद होती है, उसे 24 सेकंड के भीतर शॉट का प्रयास करना होता है, नहीं तो शॉट क्लॉक उल्लंघन माना जाता है। 2. खिलाड़ी को केवल तब ही अयोग्यता (डिसक्वालिफिकेशन) फाउल दिया जाता है जब उसके पांच व्यक्तिगत फाउल हो जाएं। 3. रिवर्स स्पिन ड्रिबल एक रक्षा संबंधी चाल है, जो केवल गेंद को इंटरसेप्ट करने के लिए प्रयोग की जाती है।
	Only 1 is Correct केवल 1 सही है
	Only 2 is Correct केवल 2 सही है
	Only 3 is correct केवल 3 सही है
	1, 2 and 3 all are Correct 1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41	In the context of medieval Islamic taxation, what did Khums refer to? मध्यकालीन इस्लामी कराधान के संदर्भ में खुम्स का क्या अर्थ था?
	A tax on agricultural produce कृषि उपज पर कर
	One-fifth of war booty and hidden wealth युद्ध लूट और गुप्त धन का पाँचवाँ भाग
	A levy on trade caravans व्यापारिक कारवाँ पर लगाया गया कर
	A land revenue assessed annually वार्षिक रूप से मूल्यांकित भूमि राजस्व

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42	Where was the Yonex-Sunrise 47th Inter State – Inter Zonal & Junior National Badminton Championships 2024 held? योनेक्स-सनराइज 47वीं इंटर स्टेट - इंटर जोनल और जूनियर नेशनल बैडमिंटन चैंपियनशिप 2024 कहाँ आयोजित की गई थी?

	Bhubaneswar, Odisha भुवनेश्वर, ओडिशा
	Hyderabad, Telangana हैदराबाद, तेलंगाना
	Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh लखनऊ, उत्तर प्रदेश
	Guwahati, Assam गुवाहाटी, असम
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43	What does an alpha particle represent in the process of alpha decay? अल्फा क्षय की प्रक्रिया में अल्फा कण क्या दर्शाता है?
	Hydrogen हाइड्रोजन
	Helium हीलियम
	Lithium लिथियम
	Deuterium ड्यूटेरियम
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44	**Fill in the Blank:** Jhumar is a folk dance of _____. **रिक्त स्थान भरें:** झूमर _____ का एक लोक नृत्य है।
	Odisha ओडिशा
	West Bengal पश्चिम बंगाल
	Jharkhand झारखंड
	Gujarat गुजरात

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45	The Logistics Performance Index (LPI) is published by which international organization? लॉजिस्टिक्स परफॉर्मेंस इंडेक्स (LPI) किस अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संगठन द्वारा प्रकाशित किया जाता है?
	World Bank विश्व बैंक
	IMF अंतर्राष्ट्रीय मुद्रा कोष
	WTO विश्व व्यापार संगठन
	UNCTAD यूएनसीटीएडी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46	**Consider the following statements and choose the correct option:** **Statement 1:** Income tax and dividends from PSUs are classified as revenue receipts in the government budget. **Statement 2:** Disinvestment in PSUs is also a revenue receipt as it brings income to the government. **निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनिए:** **कथन 1:** सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों से प्राप्त आयकर और लाभांश को सरकारी बजट में राजस्व प्राप्तियों के रूप में वर्गीकृत किया जाता है। **कथन 2:** सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों में विनिवेश भी एक राजस्व प्राप्ति है क्योंकि इससे सरकार को आय प्राप्त होती है।
	Only Statement 1 is correct केवल कथन 1 सही है
	Only Statement 2 is correct केवल कथन 2 सही है
	Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct कथन 1 और कथन 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither Statement 1 nor Statement 2 is correct न तो कथन 1 और न ही कथन 2 सही है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47	Alluri Sitarama Raju led the Rampa Rebellion in the 1920s, mobilizing tribal communities against British rule. He primarily operated in which modern-day Indian state? अल्लूरी सीताराम राजू ने 1920 के दशक में रम्पा विद्रोह का नेतृत्व किया और ब्रिटिश शासन के विरुद्ध आदिवासी समुदायों को संगठित किया। उन्होंने मुख्य रूप से किस आधुनिक भारतीय राज्य में काम किया?
	Odisha ओडिशा
	Madhya Pradesh मध्य प्रदेश
	Andhra Pradesh आंध्र प्रदेश
	Chhattisgarh छत्तीसगढ़
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48	What was the aim of the Sixth Plan (1980–85)? छठी पंचवर्षीय योजना (1980-85) का उद्देश्य क्या था?
	Defense expansion रक्षा विस्तार
	Faster industrialization तेज औद्योगीकरण
	Poverty reduction and modernization गरीबी उन्मूलन और आधुनिकीकरण
	Export-led growth निर्यात-आधारित विकास

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49	Identify the tribal leader who led the Kol Revolt (1831–1832) in Chotanagpur against British exploitation. उस आदिवासी नेता की पहचान करें जिसने ब्रिटिश शोषण के खिलाफ छोटानागपुर में कोल विद्रोह (1831-1832) का नेतृत्व किया था।
	Budhu Bhagat mobilized tribal peasantry in Chotanagpur during the Kol uprising. कोल विद्रोह के दौरान बुधु भगत ने छोटानागपुर में आदिवासी किसानों को संगठित किया।
	Raghunath Mahato initiated a farmers' revolt against forced taxation. रघुनाथ महतो ने जबरन कराधान के खिलाफ किसानों के विद्रोह की शुरुआत की।

	Raghoji Bhangre led uprisings in Maharashtra's hilly terrain against colonial forces. राघोजी भांगरे ने औपनिवेशिक ताकतों के खिलाफ महाराष्ट्र के पहाड़ी इलाकों में विद्रोह का नेतृत्व किया।
	Tantiya Tope fought alongside Rani Laxmibai during the 1857 Rebellion. तांत्या टोपे ने 1857 के विद्रोह के दौरान रानी लक्ष्मीबाई के साथ लड़ाई लड़ी।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50	Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). **Assertion (A):** Globalization has led to increased outsourcing of services to India. **Reason (R):** India offers high-cost, low-skill services to foreign companies. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) के संबंध में **सही** विकल्प चुनिए। **अभिकथन (A):** वैश्वीकरण के कारण भारत में सेवाओं की आउटसोर्सिंग में वृद्धि हुई है। **कारण (R):** भारत विदेशी कंपनियों को उच्च-लागत, कम-कौशल वाली सेवाएँ प्रदान करता है।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false. A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false but R is true. A असत्य है लेकिन R सत्य है।

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Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51	Solve: $\sqrt{(7 \times 447 \div 21 + 73 - 26)}$ हल करें: $\sqrt{(7 \times 447 \div 21 + 73 - 26)}$
	14 14
	15 15
	16 16
	17 17

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52	If the simple interest on a certain sum of money for 4 years at 5% per annum is ₹500, what would be the simple interest on the same sum for 6 years at 7% per annum? यदि किसी निश्चित धनराशि पर 5% वार्षिक दर से 4 वर्षों का साधारण ब्याज ₹500 है, तो उसी धनराशि पर 7% वार्षिक दर से 6 वर्षों का साधारण ब्याज कितना होगा?
	₹950 ₹950
	₹1,000 ₹1,000
	₹1,050 ₹1,050
	₹1,100 ₹1,100

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53	Sahil travelled a certain distance by bike at the rate of 25 kmph. And walked back at the rate of 4 kmph. If the whole journey took 5 hours 48 minutes, what was the distance? साहिल ने एक निश्चित दूरी 25 किमी प्रति घंटे की गति से बाइक से तय की और 4 किमी प्रति घंटे की गति से वापस चलकर आया। अगर पूरी यात्रा में 5 घंटे 48 मिनट लगे, तो दूरी कितनी थी?
	25 km 25 किमी
	22 km 22 किमी
	20 km 20 किमी
	18 km 18 किमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54 The angles of elevation of the top of a cliff from two points on the ground, 200 m apart, and on opposite sides of the cliff, are 30° and 45°. What is the height of the cliff?

चट्टान के शीर्ष के उन्नयन कोण ज़मीन पर दो बिंदुओं से, जो एक दूसरे से 200 मीटर की दूरी पर हैं, और चट्टान के विपरीत दिशा में हैं, 30° और 45° हैं। चट्टान की ऊँचाई क्या है?

$100(\sqrt{3}+1)$m

$100(\sqrt{3}+1)$मीटर

$200(\sqrt{3}-1)$m

$200(\sqrt{3}-1)$मीटर

$100(\sqrt{3}-1)$m

$100(\sqrt{3}-1)$मीटर

200 m

200 मीटर

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55 A cuboid has a volume of 350 cm^3 and its length is twice its height. If the breadth is 7 cm, find its dimensions.

एक घनाभ का आयतन 350 घन सेंटीमीटर है और इसकी लंबाई इसकी ऊँचाई की दोगुनी है। यदि चौड़ाई 7 सेंटीमीटर है, तो इसके आयाम ज्ञात कीजिए।

14 cm × 7 cm × 7 cm

14 सेंटीमीटर × 7 सेंटीमीटर × 7 सेंटीमीटर

12 cm × 7 cm × 6 cm

12 सेंटीमीटर × 7 सेंटीमीटर × 6 सेंटीमीटर

10 cm × 7 cm × 5 cm

10 सेंटीमीटर × 7 सेंटीमीटर × 5 सेंटीमीटर

8 cm × 7 cm × 4 cm

8 सेंटीमीटर × 7 सेंटीमीटर × 4 सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56 P starts a business with Rs. 8,000. Q joins after 5 months with Rs. 12,000. If the profit at the end of the year is Rs. 6,800, what is Q's share (approx.)?

P, 8,000 रुपये के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू करता है। Q, 5 महीने बाद, 12,000 रुपये के साथ व्यवसाय में शामिल हो जाता है। अगर वर्ष के अंत में लाभ 6,800 रुपये है, तो Q का हिस्सा (लगभग) क्या है?

Rs. 1,173.33

1,173.33 रुपये

Rs. 2,173.33

2,173.33 रुपये

Rs. 3,173.33

3,173.33 रुपये

Rs. 4,173.33

4,173.33 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57 The sum of the interior angles of a regular polygon is six times the sum of its exterior angles. Determine the number of diagonals in the polygon.

एक समबहुभुज के आंतरिक कोणों का योग, उसके बाह्य कोणों के योग का छः गुना है। बहुभुज में विकर्णों की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

67

67

77

	77
	59 59
	97 97
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58	A trader marks his goods 40% above the cost price and gives a discount of 25%. If he gains Rs. 75 on an item, what is the cost price of the item? एक व्यापारी अपनी वस्तु की अंकित कीमत उसके लागत कीमत से 40% ज्यादा रखता है और 25% की छूट देता है। अगर उसे किसी वस्तु पर 75 रुपये का लाभ होता है, तो वस्तु की लागत कीमत क्या है?
	Rs. 2500 2500 रुपये
	Rs. 3000 3000 रुपये
	Rs. 4000 4000 रुपये
	Rs. 1500 1500 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59	A plot has an area of 625 m^2. If a footpath 1 m wide is constructed around it, what is the total area including the footpath? एक प्लॉट का क्षेत्रफल 625 वर्ग मीटर है। अगर इसके चारों ओर 1 मीटर चौड़ा फुटपाथ बनाया जाए, तो फुटपाथ सहित कुल क्षेत्रफल कितना होगा?
	729 m^2 729 वर्ग मीटर
	676 m^2 676 वर्ग मीटर
	784 m^2 784 वर्ग मीटर
	756 m^2 756 वर्ग मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60	A bag contains red, blue, and green balls in the ratio 4:5:6. If 6 red balls are removed and 3 green balls are added, the new ratio becomes 2:5:7. How many red balls were originally in the bag? एक थैले में लाल, नीली और हरी गेंदें 4:5:6 के अनुपात में हैं। अगर 6 लाल गेंदें निकाल दी जाएँ और 3 हरी गेंदें डाल दी जाएँ, तो नया अनुपात 2:5:7 हो जाता है। थैले में मूल रूप से कितनी लाल गेंदें थीं?
	12 12
	24 24
	36 36
	40 40
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61	A train covers 3 equal distances at speeds in the ratio 4:5:6. What is the ratio of the average speed over the entire journey to the lowest speed? एक रेलगाड़ी 4:5:6 के अनुपात में गति से 3 समान दूरियाँ तय करती है। पूरी यात्रा में औसत गति और न्यूनतम गति का अनुपात क्या है?
	15:4 15:4 60:17 60:17
	45:37 45:37
	60:13 60:13
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62	A reduction of 20% in the price of sugar enables a person to buy 5 kg more for Rs. 200. What is the original price per kg? चीनी की कीमत में 20% की कमी से एक व्यक्ति 200 रुपये में 5 किलोग्राम अधिक चीनी खरीद सकता है। प्रति किलोग्राम मूल कीमत क्या है?
	₹. 20 20 रुपये
	₹. 10 10 रुपये
	₹. 5 5 रुपये ₹. 15 15 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63	The average temperature of a city from Monday to Friday is 40° C. If the temperature on Saturday is 45° C, what will be the average temperature from Monday to Saturday? एक शहर का सोमवार से शुक्रवार तक औसत तापमान 40°C है। अगर शनिवार को तापमान 45°C है, तो सोमवार से शनिवार तक औसत तापमान क्या होगा?
	41.35° C 41.35° C 42° C 42° C
	40.83° C 40.83° C
	41° C 41° C

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64	An online retailer offers a Rs. 150 discounts on an item originally priced at Rs. 1200. What percentage discount is being offered? एक ऑनलाइन रिटेलर 1200 रुपये की मूल कीमत वाली वस्तु पर 150 रुपये की छूट दे रहा है। कितने प्रतिशत छूट दी जा रही है?
	10.5% 10.5%
	12.5% 12.5%
	15.5% 15.5%
	20.5% 20.5%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65	A shopkeeper marks an article at Rs. 720 and gives a discount of Rs. 144. He earns a profit of Rs. 36. What is the cost price? एक दुकानदार एक वस्तु का मूल्य 720 रुपये अंकित करता है और 144 रुपये की छूट देता है। उसे 36 रुपये का लाभ होता है। क्रय मूल्य क्या है?
	Rs. 500 500 रुपये
	Rs. 520 520 रुपये
	Rs. 540 540 रुपये
	Rs. 560 560 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66	A train travels the first 100 km at 50 km/h and the next 100 km at 25 km/h. What is the average speed for the total journey? एक रेलगाड़ी पहले 100 किमी 50 किमी/घंटे की गति से और अगले 100 किमी 25 किमी/घंटे की गति से चलती है। पूरी यात्रा के लिए औसत गति क्या है?
	33.33 km/h 33.33 किमी/घंटा
	37.5 km/h 37.5 किमी/घंटा
	35 km/h 35 किमी/घंटा
	40.33 km/h 40.33 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67	66 women can do a piece of work in 79 days. Find the number of days required by 6 women to complete 1 / 11th of the work. 66 महिलाएँ एक काम को 79 दिनों में कर सकती हैं। 6 महिलाओं को उस काम का 1/11 भाग पूरा करने में कितने दिन लगेंगे?
	75 75
	77 77
	80 80
	79 79

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68	A rectangle has a length that is four times its width. If the perimeter is 100 cm, what is the area of the rectangle? एक आयत की लंबाई उसकी चौड़ाई की चार गुनी है। यदि परिमाप 100 सेंटीमीटर है, तो आयत का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	400 cm^2 400 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	500 cm^2 500 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	540 cm^2 540 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर
	640 cm^2 640 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69	If $sinA = \frac{2x}{(1+x^2)}$, then what is $tanA$ in terms of x? यदि $sinA = \frac{2x}{(1+x^2)}$, तो $tanA$ का मान x के रूप में ज्ञात कीजिए.
	$\frac{2x}{(1-x^2)}$ $\frac{2x}{(1-x^2)}$
	x x
	$\frac{1}{x}$ $\frac{1}{x}$
	$\frac{(1-x^2)}{2x}$ $\frac{(1-x^2)}{2x}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70	A tank contains 120 litres of liquid, 30% of which is alcohol. If 30 litres of this mixture is replaced by another liquid containing 50% alcohol, what is the percentage of alcohol in the resulting solution? एक टैंक में 120 लीटर तरल है, जिसमें से 30% अल्कोहल है। अगर इस मिश्रण के 30 लीटर को 50% अल्कोहल वाले एक अन्य तरल से बदल दिया जाए, तो परिणामी घोल में अल्कोहल का प्रतिशत कितना होगा?
	34% 34%
	35% 35%
	36% 36%
	37% 37%
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71	What is the radian measure of 270°? 270° का रेडियन माप क्या है?
	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$ $\frac{3\pi}{2}$
	$\frac{\pi}{2}$ $\frac{\pi}{2}$
	$\frac{\pi}{3}$ $\frac{\pi}{3}$
	$\frac{\pi}{4}$ $\frac{\pi}{4}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72	If sin x = cos y and cos x = sin y, then x + y equals: यदि sin x = cos y और cos x = sin y, तो x + y बराबर है:
	45° 45°
	60° 60°

	90° 90°
	180° 180°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73	A triangle with sides 5 cm, 12 cm, and 13 cm has an inradius of 2 cm. What is its area? 5 सेमी, 12 सेमी और 13 सेमी भुजाओं वाले एक त्रिभुज की अन्तःत्रिज्या 2 सेमी है। इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	10 cm^2 10 सेमी^{2}
	20 cm^2 20 सेमी^{2}
	30 cm^2 30 सेमी^{2}
	40 cm^2 40 सेमी^{2}
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74	In a circle, there is a chord measuring 20 cm that is located 15 cm away from the center. What is the approximate radius of the circle? एक वृत्त में, 20 सेमी माप की एक जीवा है जो केंद्र से 15 सेमी दूर स्थित है। वृत्त की अनुमानित त्रिज्या क्या है?
	10 cm 10 सेमी
	18 cm 18 सेमी
	20 cm 20 सेमी
	25 cm 25 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75	A tangent is drawn to a circle with a radius of 5 cm. At the point of tangency, what is the angle between the tangent and the radius? 5 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त पर एक स्पर्श रेखा खींची गई है। स्पर्श बिंदु पर, स्पर्श रेखा और त्रिज्या के बीच का कोण क्या है?
	45° 45°
	60° 60°
	90° 90°
	180° 180°

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PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Modern research increasingly underscores the indispensable role of sleep in maintaining cognitive function, emotional stability, and physical health. Sleep is not a passive state of rest but an active, meticulously orchestrated biological process involving intricate neural and hormonal regulation. During sleep, the brain undergoes vital activities such as memory consolidation, synaptic pruning, and the detoxification of metabolic waste. Deprivation or disruption of this process has been conclusively linked to a heightened risk of chronic illnesses, including cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and depression.
Establishing a consistent sleep routine is pivotal in optimizing the quality and restorative power of sleep. Erratic sleep schedules, often exacerbated by artificial lighting and digital device usage, desynchronize the body's circadian rhythms—an internal clock that governs sleep-wake cycles. This misalignment can lead to a condition known as social jetlag, wherein individuals experience chronic fatigue and impaired performance due to conflicts between biological and social time.
Experts advocate for the cultivation of disciplined habits: retiring and rising at the same times daily, creating a dark and cool sleeping environment, and disengaging from stimulating activities at least an hour before bedtime. Moreover, while occasional short naps may be beneficial, reliance on irregular napping patterns can further fragment night time sleep and erode circadian stability. Ultimately, treating sleep with the same seriousness accorded to nutrition and exercise is essential for fostering resilience, productivity, and long-term well-being.

Identify the correct form of the verb to complete the sentence:

"Sleep is not a passive state of rest but an active, meticulously orchestrated biological process involving intricate neural and hormonal _____."

- regulates
- regulation
- regulating
- regulated

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Modern research increasingly underscores the indispensable role of sleep in maintaining cognitive function, emotional stability, and physical health. Sleep is not a passive state of rest but an active, meticulously orchestrated biological process involving intricate neural and hormonal regulation. During sleep, the brain undergoes vital activities such as memory consolidation, synaptic pruning, and the detoxification of metabolic waste. Deprivation or disruption of this process has been conclusively linked to a heightened risk of chronic illnesses, including cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and depression.
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Choose the correct relative clause connector:

"This misalignment can lead to a condition _____ individuals experience chronic fatigue."

- who

	which
	where
	when

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Modern research increasingly underscores the indispensable role of sleep in maintaining cognitive function, emotional stability, and physical health. Sleep is not a passive state of rest but an active, meticulously orchestrated biological process involving intricate neural and hormonal regulation. During sleep, the brain undergoes vital activities such as memory consolidation, synaptic pruning, and the detoxification of metabolic waste. Deprivation or disruption of this process has been conclusively linked to a heightened risk of chronic illnesses, including cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and depression.
Establishing a consistent sleep routine is pivotal in optimizing the quality and restorative power of sleep. Erratic sleep schedules, often exacerbated by artificial lighting and digital device usage, desynchronize the body's circadian rhythms—an internal clock that governs sleep-wake cycles. This misalignment can lead to a condition known as social jetlag, wherein individuals experience chronic fatigue and impaired performance due to conflicts between biological and social time.
Experts advocate for the cultivation of disciplined habits: retiring and rising at the same times daily, creating a dark and cool sleeping environment, and disengaging from stimulating activities at least an hour before bedtime. Moreover, while occasional short naps may be beneficial, reliance on irregular napping patterns can further fragment night time sleep and erode circadian stability. Ultimately, treating sleep with the same seriousness accorded to nutrition and exercise is essential for fostering resilience, productivity, and long-term well-being.

What does "synaptic pruning" most likely refer to in the context of sleep?

	Growing new brain cells
	Strengthening all neural connections
	Removing unnecessary brain connections
	Halting brain activity completely

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Modern research increasingly underscores the indispensable role of sleep in maintaining cognitive function, emotional stability, and physical health. Sleep is not a passive state of rest but an active, meticulously orchestrated biological process involving intricate neural and hormonal regulation. During sleep, the brain undergoes vital activities such as memory consolidation, synaptic pruning, and the detoxification of metabolic waste. Deprivation or disruption of this process has been conclusively linked to a heightened risk of chronic illnesses, including cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and depression.
Establishing a consistent sleep routine is pivotal in optimizing the quality and restorative power of sleep. Erratic sleep schedules, often exacerbated by artificial lighting and digital device usage, desynchronize the body's circadian rhythms—an internal clock that governs sleep-wake cycles. This misalignment can lead to a condition known as social jetlag, wherein individuals experience chronic fatigue and impaired performance due to conflicts between biological and social time.
Experts advocate for the cultivation of disciplined habits: retiring and rising at the same times daily, creating a dark and cool sleeping environment, and disengaging from stimulating activities at least an hour before bedtime. Moreover, while occasional short naps may be beneficial, reliance on irregular napping patterns can further fragment night time sleep and erode circadian stability. Ultimately, treating sleep with the same seriousness accorded to nutrition and exercise is essential for fostering resilience, productivity, and long-term well-being.

What is the meaning of "desynchronize" as used in the passage?

	To align with a schedule
	To disrupt coordination
	To improve timing
	To duplicate patterns

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Modern research increasingly underscores the indispensable role of sleep in maintaining cognitive function, emotional stability, and physical health. Sleep is not a passive state of rest but an active, meticulously orchestrated biological process involving intricate neural and hormonal regulation. During sleep, the brain undergoes vital activities such as memory consolidation, synaptic pruning, and the detoxification of metabolic waste. Deprivation or disruption of this process has been conclusively linked to a heightened risk of chronic illnesses, including cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and depression.

Establishing a consistent sleep routine is pivotal in optimizing the quality and restorative power of sleep. Erratic sleep schedules, often exacerbated by artificial lighting and digital device usage, desynchronize the body's circadian rhythms—an internal clock that governs sleep-wake cycles. This misalignment can lead to a condition known as social jetlag, wherein individuals experience chronic fatigue and impaired performance due to conflicts between biological and social time.

Experts advocate for the cultivation of disciplined habits: retiring and rising at the same times daily, creating a dark and cool sleeping environment, and disengaging from stimulating activities at least an hour before bedtime. Moreover, while occasional short naps may be beneficial, reliance on irregular napping patterns can further fragment night time sleep and erode circadian stability. Ultimately, treating sleep with the same seriousness accorded to nutrition and exercise is essential for fostering resilience, productivity, and long-term well-being.

According to the passage, what is a recommended practice to enhance sleep quality?

Taking long naps throughout the day

Using digital devices right before bed

Maintaining consistent sleeping and waking times

Sleeping at random times depending on tiredness

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81 Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

Their explanation was filled with _____, making it hard to discern the truth.

obfuscation

obfusscation

obfascation

obfescation

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82 Complete the collocation by choosing a suitable word to fill in the blank.

Although the candidate lacked the conventional qualifications, she managed to secure the prestigious internship after her mentor discreetly ____within the organization.

call it a day

to the point

in the long term

pulled a few strings

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Quell**

Suppress

Provoke

	Subdue
	Restrain

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Sitting on the fence**
	Supporting the weaker side
	Remaining undecided
	Taking immediate action
	Speaking openly

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Make a clean breast of it**
	To admit something honestly
	To run away quickly
	To change sides
	To start a new job

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: **Rising to the occasion**
	Performing exceptionally under pressure
	Evading failure with excuses
	Taking advantage of a mistake
	Over-preparing for a situation

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87	Which of these is the **correct spelling** of a concept describing moral independence?
	Autarky
	Autarke
	Autarcky
	Autarchey

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88	Spot the **correct spelling** of a schizotypal personality adj.
	Schizotipal
	Schizotypal

	Schizotypical
	Schitzotypal

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A person who is fond of luxury and indulgence in sensual pleasures ".
	Stoic
	Aesthete
	Ascetic
	Sybarite

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90	Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: A substance that induces insensitivity to pain
	Sedative
	Analgesic
	Stimulant
	Tranquilizer

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91	**Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:** Several of the evidences (1)/ presented during the hearing (2)/ were considered circumstantial at best (3)/ and irrelevant at worst. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92	**Change the following from active to passive:** They had instructed us to prioritize systemic reforms.
	We were instructed by them to prioritize systemic reforms. We have been instructed by them to prioritize systemic reforms.
	We are being instructed by them to prioritize systemic reforms.
	We had been instructed by them to prioritize systemic reforms.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93	**Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:** The professor's **dispatch** of the rebuttal was swift and unyielding.
	The war correspondent filed a dispatch from the front lines.

	The diplomat's dispatch was firm but delayed.
	The minister's dispatch of aid drew criticism.
	The editor hailed the dispatch of bureaucratic red tape.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94	**Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:** The suggestion that the vote had been manipulated was vehemently denied.
	The vote denied the manipulation of the suggestion.
	Someone denied manipulating the vote.
	It was denied that the vote had been manipulated.
	It was denied that someone manipulated the vote suggestion.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95	Choose the most suitable option to replace thehighlighted part of the sentence: He suggested that we ***should to leave early***.
	should leave early
	will leave early
	must to leave early
	would leave early

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96	**Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.** The lecturer argued that, given sufficient entropic isolation, the reaction rate could asymptotically approach zero.
	The lecturer said, "Given sufficient entropic isolation, the reaction rate could asymptotically approach zero."
	The lecturer said, "If sufficient entropic isolation was given, the reaction rate will asymptotically approach zero."
	The lecturer said, "Given sufficient entropic isolation, the reaction rate can asymptotically approach zero."
	The lecturer said, "If the reaction rate approached zero, it must have had sufficient entropic isolation."
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97	**A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.** Father said, "Don't speak loudly."
	Father said don't speak loudly.
	Father told me not to speak loudly.
	Father asked not to speak loudly.
	Father said to me not speaking loudly.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage:** 1. The team identified the core issues that needed to be addressed. 2. Solutions were proposed to resolve these issues. 3. A report was compiled to outline the findings. 4. The team implemented the solutions based on priority.
	3-1-2-4
	1-2-4-3
	4-1-3-2
	2-3-4-1

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99	**Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:** 1. The process involves a specific set of tools and commands that allow for the manipulation and tracking of changes. 2. Version control is a system that records changes to a file or set of files over time so that you can recall specific versions later. 3. This is especially useful in software development, where multiple programmers can work on the same codebase simultaneously without conflict. 4. By using version control, a project can maintain a complete history of its development, allowing for easy rollback and collaboration.
	2, 4, 1, 3
	2, 1, 4, 3
	1, 2, 3, 4
	4, 1, 2, 3

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100	**Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.** 1. This can be achieved through regular reading and practice. 2. Improving vocabulary is essential for effective writing. 3. A wide vocabulary allows for greater precision and nuance. 4. It also enhances comprehension of complex texts.
	2-1-3-4
	2-4-1-3
	4-3-2-1
	2-3-4-1

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date	: 26 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name	

Total Questions | Total Attempted | Correct Options | Not Answered

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 76

Q.No. 76 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Once relegated to the peripheries of legitimate professional discourse, **YouTube content creation** has metamorphosed into a formidable and highly nuanced career avenue. Far beyond the superficial glitz of viral videos, contemporary content creators must navigate a labyrinthine ecosystem encompassing algorithmic unpredictability, audience analytics, intellectual property considerations, and brand partnership intricacies.

The platform's democratized nature ostensibly offers an egalitarian promise — anyone with a camera and an idea can, theoretically, ascend to prominence. However, the reality is far more Darwinian. Success on YouTube today demands not only creative ingenuity but also a keen acumen in digital marketing, search engine optimization (SEO), and an ever-evolving understanding of platform-specific trends. Consistency is output, meticulous engagement with viewer communities, and adaptability to sudden policy shifts have become indispensable skills.

Moreover, the psychological ramifications of tethering one's livelihood to fluctuating view counts and algorithmic favor should not be underestimated. Burnout, imposter syndrome, and a precarious sense of self-worth plague many full-time creators. Unlike traditional careers, YouTube offers no institutional safety nets; creators must independently negotiate contracts, secure health benefits, and plan for financial volatility.

Nonetheless, for those who can master this digital alchemy, the rewards are substantial — both financially and creatively. The platform enables unparalleled autonomy, offering a direct conduit between creator and audience, unmediated by corporate gatekeepers. In an era increasingly defined by the decentralization of media, YouTube content creation is not merely a trend but a harbinger of the future of work.

Identify the grammatical function of the phrase "offering a direct conduit between creator and audience" in the sentence:

"The platform enables unparalleled autonomy, offering a direct conduit between creator and audience, unmediated by corporate gatekeepers."

Adjective Phrase

Present participial phrase functioning as an adverb

Noun phrase acting as an object

Absolute phrase modifying the subject

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 77

Q.No. 77 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Once relegated to the peripheries of legitimate professional discourse, **YouTube content creation** has metamorphosed into a formidable and highly nuanced career avenue. Far beyond the superficial glitz of viral videos, contemporary content creators must navigate a labyrinthine ecosystem encompassing algorithmic unpredictability, audience analytics, intellectual property considerations, and brand partnership intricacies.

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In the sentence

"Far beyond the superficial glitz of viral videos, contemporary content creators must navigate a labyrinthine ecosystem encompassing algorithmic unpredictability..."

What is the function of the introductory phrase **"Far beyond the superficial glitz of viral videos"**?

Appositive phrase

Adverbial phrase modifying "navigate"

Prepositional phrase functioning as a noun

Absolute phrase with implied verb

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 78

Q.No. 78 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Once relegated to the peripheries of legitimate professional discourse, **YouTube content creation** has metamorphosed into a formidable and highly nuanced career avenue. Far beyond the superficial glitz of viral videos, contemporary content creators must navigate a labyrinthine ecosystem encompassing algorithmic unpredictability, audience analytics, intellectual property considerations, and brand partnership intricacies.

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What is the closest meaning of the word "labyrinthine" as used in the passage?

Not Answered

Superficial and obvious

Mysterious and confusingly complex

Predictable and linear

Structured and disciplined

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 79

Q.No. 79 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Once relegated to the peripheries of legitimate professional discourse, **YouTube content creation** has metamorphosed into a formidable and highly nuanced career avenue. Far beyond the superficial glitz of viral videos, contemporary content creators must navigate a labyrinthine ecosystem encompassing algorithmic unpredictability, audience analytics, intellectual property considerations, and brand partnership intricacies.

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Choose the most appropriate antonym for the word "harbinger" as used in the last line of the passage.

Catalyst

Precursor

Follower

Trailblazer

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 80

Q.No. 80 Read the passage and answer the questions:

Once relegated to the peripheries of legitimate professional discourse, **YouTube content creation** has metamorphosed into a formidable and highly nuanced career avenue. Far beyond the superficial glitz of viral videos, contemporary content creators must navigate a labyrinthine ecosystem encompassing algorithmic unpredictability, audience analytics, intellectual property considerations, and brand partnership intricacies.

The platform's democratized nature ostensibly offers an egalitarian promise — anyone with a camera and an idea can, theoretically, ascend to prominence. However, the reality is far more Darwinian. Success on YouTube today demands not only creative ingenuity but also a keen acumen in digital marketing, search engine optimization (SEO), and an ever-evolving understanding of platform-specific trends. Consistency is output, meticulous engagement with viewer communities, and adaptability to sudden policy shifts have become indispensable skills.

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Nonetheless, for those who can master this digital alchemy, the rewards are substantial — both financially and creatively. The platform enables unparalleled autonomy, offering a direct conduit between creator and audience, unmediated by corporate gatekeepers. In an era increasingly defined by the decentralization of media, YouTube content creation is not merely a trend but a harbinger of the future of work.

Which of the following best captures the primary tension described in the passage?

Not Answered

The tension between traditional media and decentralized platforms

The tension between the glamorized perception of content creation and its actual challenges

The tension between corporate sponsorships and independent artistry

The tension between financial rewards and creative compromises

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 81

Q.No. 81 What does the phrase **"back to the drawing board"** mean?

Not Answered

A bank seat after a failure

To complete a task successfully

To take a short break from work

To finalize a project

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 82

Q.No. 82 Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

The leader's _____ behavior eventually alienated even his staunchest supporters.

Imperious

Imparious

Imperius

Imporious

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 83

Q.No. 83 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **CAVIL**

Praise

Quibble

Approve

Ignore

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 84

Q.No. 84 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **munificent**

Lavish

Generous

Stingy

Benevolent

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 85

Q.No. 85 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
In the bud

In the early or developing stage

On the verge of destruction

During a time of celebration

In the final phase of execution

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 86

Q.No. 86 Select the **correct spelling** of a word meaning 'to make less severe or intense'.

Mitigate

Mittigate

Mitiggate

Mittiggate

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 87

Q.No. 87 Spot the **correct spelling** of "a person who collects or studies coins and medals".

Numismatist

Numesmatist

Numismatrist

Numismatist

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 88

Q.No. 88 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for 'A large group of people moving together'.

Convey

Crowd

Swarm

Horde

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 89

Q.No. 89 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for 'A person who talks in sleep.'

Somniloquist

Hypochondriac

Somnambulist

Insomniac

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 90

Q.No. 90 **Fill in the blank with the most appropriate phrasal verb:**
The Government was asked to _____ the outdated protocol.

phase out

hand off

carve across

play down

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 91

Q.No. 91 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
Had the analysts been given (1)/ access to the longitudinal data source, (2)/ they could have refined their projections (3)/ with greater accurateness. (4)/

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 92

Q.No. 92 **Change the following from active to passive:**
They don't allow smoking here.

Smoking hasn't been allowed here.

Smoking isn't allowed here.

Smoking wasn't allowed here.

Smoking shouldn't be allowed here.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 93

Q.No. 93 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**
He made a **fine** distinction between the two theories.

The police issued him a parking fine.

The fabric was of fine quality.

She delivered a fine performance.

His fine coat kept him warm.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 94

Q.No. 94 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
The candidates were found to have been submitting forged documents during verification.

The verification process found the candidates had submitted forged documents.

It was found that forged documents had been submitted by candidates.

The candidates were found submitting forgeries, as verified.

Officials found that the candidates had been submitting forged documents.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 95

Q.No. 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
He is so weak **it lift the box**.

that he cannot lift the box

and he lifts the box

that he lifts the box

that he could lift the box

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 96

Q.No. 96 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
He is **junior than me** in service.

junior for me

more junior than me

junior to me

senior than I

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 97

Q.No. 97 **A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.**
The botanist sighed that the rare orchid had germinated, only to succumb to a latent fungal blight.

The botanist sighed, "The rare orchid did germinate, only to succumb to a latent fungal blight."

The botanist sighed, "A rare orchid had germinated only to succumb to a latent fungal blight."

The botanist sighed, "The rare orchid germinated, only to succumb to a latent fungal blight."

The botanist sighed, "Rare orchid germinates but succumbs to fungus."

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 98

Q.No. 98 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
John said, "I shall return soon."

John said he will return soon.

John said he would return soon.

John said he shall return soon.

John said he returns soon.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 99

Q.No. 99 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage:**
1. The project team reviewed the proposal.
2. Adjustments were made to improve its feasibility.
3. A budget was created based on the revised proposal.
4. The proposal was then submitted for approval.

1-2-4-3

3-2-4-1

4-3-2-1

2-4-1-3

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 100

Q.No. 100 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:**
1. The blueprint is finalized after approval from stakeholders. 2. First, a basic framework is proposed. 3. Then revisions are made after discussions. 4. Finally, execution begins as per plan.

2-1-3-4

1-3-2-4

4-1-3-2

3-2-1-4

Roll No.
Candidate Name
Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier I
Test Date : 30 Sep 2022
Test Time and Shift : 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 28

Q.No. 28 Expansionary fiscal policy is NOT characterized by:
विस्तारवादी राजकोषीय नीति की विशेषता यह नहीं है:
Decrease in personal taxes
व्यक्तिगत करों में कमी
Increase in government spending
सरकारी खर्च में बढ़ोतरी
Decrease in government spending
सरकारी खर्च में कमी
Decrease in business taxes
व्यवसाय करों में कमी
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 29

Q.No. 29 Which of the following is a main goal of the proposed Shukrayaan-1 mission by ISRO?
इसरो द्वारा प्रस्तावित शुक्रयान-1 मिशन का मुख्य लक्ष्य निम्नलिखित में से क्या है?
Investigate venus' surface and atmosphere
शुक्र की सतह और वायुमंडल की जांच करना
Observe asteroids near Earth
पृथ्वी के निकट क्षुद्रग्रहों का अवलोकन करना
Explore the rings of Saturn
शनि के रिंग का अन्वेषण करना
Study Mars' atmosphere
मंगल ग्रह के वायुमंडल का अध्ययन करना

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 30

Q.No. 30 Warzi Pola, during his return from China, described the pepper trade in which region of India?
मार्ज़ी पोला ने चीन से लौटते समय भारत के किस क्षेत्र में काली मिर्च के व्यापार का वर्णन किया था?
Konkan
कोंकण
Bengal
बंगाल
Konkan
कोंकण
Malabar
मालाबार
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 31

Q.No. 31 Which government initiative aims to empower women through skill development and providing support for entrepreneurship?
किस सरकारी पहल का उद्देश्य कौशल विकास और उद्यमिता के लिए सहायता प्रदान करके महिलाओं को सशक्त बनाना है?
Beti Bachao Beti Padhao
बेटी बचाओ बेटी पढ़ाओ
Kanya Shakti Kendra Scheme
कन्या शक्ति केंद्र योजना
Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY)
प्रधानमंत्री मुद्रा योजना (पीएमएमवाई)
National Mission for Empowerment of Women
राष्ट्रीय महिला सशक्तिकरण मिशन

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 32

Q.No. 32 Two resistors, one with a resistance of 2 ohms and the other with a resistance of 4 ohms, are connected in parallel to a 6-volt battery.
What is the total current flowing through the circuit?
दो प्रतिरोधक, जिनमें से एक का प्रतिरोध 2 ओम है और दूसरे का प्रतिरोध 4 ओम है, 6 वोल्ट की बैटरी से समानांतर क्रम में जुड़े हुए हैं।
सर्किट में प्रवाहित होने वाला कुल करंट क्या है?
1 Ampere
1 एम्पीयर
2 Amperes
2 एम्पीयर
3 Amperes
3 एम्पीयर
4.5 Amperes
4.5 एम्पीयर
4.1 Amperes
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 33

Q.No. 33 The architectural style of ancient temples in Uttarakhand is primarily influenced by:
उत्तराखंड के प्राचीन मंदिरों की वास्तुकला शैली मुख्यतः किस से निम्नलिखित में प्रभावित है:
North Indian Nagara style
उत्तर भारतीय नागर शैली
Indo-Gothic style
इंडो-गोथिक शैली
Vesara style
वेसर शैली
Chalukyan style
चालुक्य शैली

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 34

Q.No. 34 How many gold medals did India win in 2022 Commonwealth Games?
2022 कॉमनवेल्थ गेम्स में भारत ने कितने स्वर्ण पदक जीते?
15
15
22
22
26
26
24
24
20
20
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 35

Q.No. 35 Which of the following statements is INCORRECT regarding plants?
पौधों के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन गलत है?
Roots take water from the soil
जड़ें मिट्टी से पानी लेती हैं
Flowers bake of cells specialized for water transport
फूल जलवाह के लिए विशेष कोशिकाओं की पकौरा परिवहन
Chlorophyll, the green pigment in the leaves, absorbs light
पत्तियों में पाया जाने वाला हरा रंगद्रव्य क्लोरोफिल, प्रकाश को अवशोषित करता है
Stomata are the little pores in the leaves required for gaseous exchange
वाष्पोत्सर्जन एवं गैस एवं जलने वाले छिद्र होते हैं जो गैसीय विनिमय के लिए आवश्यक होते हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 36

Q.No. 36 What makes the Goa Civil Code distinct from other personal laws in India?
गोवा नागरिक संहिता भारत के अन्य व्यक्तिगत कानूनों से किस प्रकार भिन्न है?
It applies only to the Hindu community in Goa.
यह केवल गोवा के हिंदू समुदाय पर लागू होता है।
It is a uniform civil code that applies to all communities regardless of religion.
यह एक समान नागरिक संहिता है जो सभी धर्मों के समुदायों पर लागू होती है।
It is based on British common law.
यह ब्रिटिश सामान्य कानून पर आधारित है।
It allows separate personal laws for different religions.
यह विभिन्न धर्मों के लिए अलग-अलग व्यक्तिगत कानूनों की अनुमति देता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 37

Q.No. 37 _____ was commissioned into the Indian Navy in July 1985 and was Vice Chief of Naval Staff and Flag Officer Commanding-in-Chief of the Western Naval Command.
_____ को जुलाई 1985 में भारतीय नौसेना में कमीशन किया गया था और वे नौसेना स्टाफ के उप प्रमुख और पश्चिमी नौसेना कमान के फ्लैग अधिकारी कमांडिंग-इन-चीफ थे।
Admiral Karanbir Singh
एडमिरल करनबीर सिंह
Admiral Sunil Lanba
एडमिरल सुनील लांबा
Admiral R. Hari Kumar
एडमिरल आर. हरि कुमार
Admiral Dinesh K. Tripathi
एडमिरल दिनेश के. त्रिपाठी
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 38

Q.No. 38 Which of the following is performed by women during the Sikkim wedding?
सिक्किम विवाह के दौरान महिलाओं द्वारा निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कृत्य किया जाता है?
Lakhan
लखन
Gaatha
गाथा
Tikga
टिक्गा
Lavare
लवारे
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 39

Q.No. 39 Which of the following options is the correct order of the prehistoric periods?
निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा विकल्प प्रागैतिहासिक काल का सही क्रम है?
Paleolithic, Neolithic, Mesolithic, Metal Age.
पाषाणकाल, नूतनपाषाण, मध्यपाषाण, धातु युग।
Paleolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic, Metal Age.
पुरापाषाण, मध्यपाषाण, नवपाषाण, धातु युग।
Paleolithic, Neolithic, Mesolithic, Metal Age.
पुरापाषाण, नवपाषाण, मध्यपाषाण, धातु युग।
Neolithic, Mesolithic, Paleolithic, Metal Age.
नवपाषाण, मध्यपाषाण, पुरापाषाण, धातु युग।

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 40

Q.No. 40 Consider the following statements regarding the development of railways in India.
1. The first railway line was started in 1853 from Bombay to Pune.
2. The broad gauge saves the highest proportion of tracks of Indian railways.
Which of the statement(s) given is/are correct? भारत में रेलवे के विकास के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें।
1. पहली रेलवे लाइन 1853 में बॉम्बे से पुणे के लिए शुरू की गई थी।
2. ब्रॉड गेज भारतीय रेलवे के ट्रैक के उच्चतम अनुपात को बनाए रखता है।
Only one
केवल 1
Only two
केवल 2
Both 1 and 2
1 और 2 दोनों
Neither 1 nor 2
न तो 1, न ही 2
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 41

Q.No. 41 Temporary human settlements are usually built in which of the following regions?
अस्थायी मानव बस्तियाँ आमतौर पर निम्नलिखित में से किस क्षेत्र में बनाई जाती हैं?
Cold desert regions
ठंडे रेगिस्तानी क्षेत्र
Deep forested areas
गहरे वन क्षेत्र
Rugged mountain slopes
उबड़-खाबड़ पहाड़ी ढलानें
Flat plateaus
समतल पठार

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 42

Q.No. 42 Temperature and precipitation play an important role in determining the climate of a region. In this regard, consider the following statements regarding temperature variation in southern India:
1. Due to the presence of southern India in the tropical zone, the diurnal range of temperature is high.
2. Due to the continental influence, the annual mean range of temperature is greater in the coastal regions.
Which of the statements given above is/are CORRECT?
किसी क्षेत्र की जलवायु को निर्धारित करने में तापमान और वर्षा महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाती है। इस संबंध में, दक्षिणी भारत में तापमान भिन्नता के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:
1. उष्णकटिबंधीय क्षेत्र में दक्षिणी भारत की उपस्थिति के कारण, तापमान की दैनिक सीमा ज्यादा है।
2. महाद्वीपीय तापमान के कारण, तटीय क्षेत्रों में तापमान की वार्षिक औसत सीमा ज्यादा है।
ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन-सा सही है/हैं?
1 only
केवल 1
2 only
केवल 2
Both 1 and 2
1 और 2 दोनों
Neither 1 nor 2
न तो 1, न ही 2
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 43

Q.No. 43 Which high jump technique involves bending the back, crossing the bar backwards, and landing on the shoulders?
कौन-सी ऊंची छलांग तकनीक में पीठ को मोड़ना, बार को पीछे की ओर पार करना, तथा कंधों पर उतरना शामिल है?
Scissor Jump
कैंची कूद
Straddle Technique
स्ट्रैडल तकनीक
Western Roll
वेस्टर्न रोल
Fosbury Flop
फोसबरी फ्लॉप
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 44

Q.No. 44 Why did the British Parliament and Company authorities initially avoid abolishing tatt in India?
ब्रिटिश संसद और कंपनी अधिकारियों ने शुरू में भारत में सती प्रथा को समाप्त करने से परहेज क्यों किया?
They supported the practice as part of Indian tradition
उन्होंने इस प्रथा को भारतीय परंपरा का हिस्सा मानकर समर्थन किया
They feared religious backlash and wanted local judgment
वे धार्मिक प्रतिक्रिया का डर था और वे स्थानीय निर्णय चाहते थे
They lacked legal authority to pass social legislation
उनके पास सामाजिक कानून पारित करने का कानूनी अधिकार नहीं था
They believed only Hindu priests could make such decisions
उनका मानना था कि केवल हिंदू पुजारियों को ही ऐसे निर्णय लेने चाहिए

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 45

Q.No. 45 "The Inheritance of Loss" won the Booker Prize for which author?
'द इनहेरिटेंस ऑफ लॉस' नामक पुस्तक के लिए किस लेखक को बुकर पुरस्कार दिया गया?
Arundhati Roy
अरुंधति रॉय
Kiran Desai
किरण देसाई
Jhumpa Lahiri
झुम्पा लाहिड़ी
Chitra Banerjee
चित्रा बनर्जी
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 46

Q.No. 46 Consider the following statements about Pranav Journey's performance at the Khelo India Para Games 2022?
निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें प्रणव जर्नी के खेलो इंडिया पैरा खेलों 2022 में प्रदर्शन के बारे में?
1. He set a new Asian record with a throw of 55.54m.
वह 55.54m के थ्रो के साथ एक नया एशियाई रिकॉर्ड बनाया।
Which of the above statements is/are correct?
उपरोक्त में से कौन सा कथन सही है/हैं?
Only Statement 1 is correct
केवल कथन 1 सही है
Only Statement 2 is correct
केवल कथन 2 सही है
Both 1 and 2 are correct
1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 47

Q.No. 47 Under which Article of the Indian Constitution is President's Rule in a State proclaimed?
भारतीय संविधान के किस अनुच्छेद के तहत किसी राज्य में राष्ट्रपति शासन की घोषणा की जाती है?
352
352
356
356
360
360
371
371

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 48

Q.No. 48 Why is Mahangini Hajra remembered in Indian history?
भारतीय इतिहास में महांगिनी हजरा को क्यों याद किया जाता है?
For writing a famous book
एक प्रसिद्ध पुस्तक लिखने के लिए
For being a queen
रानी होने के लिए
For her bravery in the Revolution struggle
क्रांतिकारी संघर्ष में उनकी बहादुरी के लिए
For winning a legal case
कानूनी मामला जीतने के लिए
Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 49

Q.No. 49 Which payload on the Mars Orbiter Mission (MOM) captured full-disk colour images of Mars?
मंगल ऑर्बिटर मिशन (एमओएम) पर किस पेलोड ने मंगल ग्रह की पूर्ण डिस्क रंगीन छवियां लिया था?
LISM
LISM
ASI
एएसआई
TMC
टीएमसी
MSM
एमएसएम

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 50

Q.No. 50 What was a key equity-based goal of land reforms implemented after independence?
स्वतंत्रता के बाद लागू किए गए भूमि सुधारों का प्रमुख समता-आधारित लक्ष्य क्या था?
Import substitution
आयात प्रतिस्थापन
Expansion of credit to industries
उद्योगों और को ऋण सुविधा का विस्तार
Abolition of intermediaries and land ceiling laws
बिचौलियों और भूमि हदबंदी कानूनों का उन्मूलन
Encouragement to landlords
जमींदारों को प्रोत्साहन

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 51

Q.No. 51 Economic reforms in India were introduced in which year?
भारत में आर्थिक सुधार किस वर्ष शुरू किए गए थे?
1991
1991
1997
1997
1994
1994
1998
1998
2001
2001
1977
1977

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 52

Q.No. 52 What does Article 356 empower the President to do, and what are its constitutional safeguards?
अनुच्छेद 356 राष्ट्रपति को क्या करने का अधिकार देता है, तथा इसके संवैधानिक सुरक्षा उपाय क्या हैं?
Dissolve Parliament; no further approval required
संसद भंग; आगे अनुमोदन की आवश्यकता नहीं
Dismiss State government; needs approval within two months
राज्य सरकार को बर्खास्त करना; दो महीनों के भीतर अनुमोदन आवश्यक होता है।
Declare Financial Emergency; approval by Rajya Sabha
वित्तीय आपातकाल की घोषणा; राज्यसभा की मंजूरी की आवश्यकता
Suspend Fundamental Rights; needs Supreme Court approval
मौलिक अधिकारों को निलंबित करें; सर्वोच्च न्यायालय की मंजूरी की आवश्यकता

Roll No.
Candidate Name
Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date : 29 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift : 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name

Total Questions | Total Marks | Correct Option | Not Answered

Undertaking by the candidate :
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Note:
The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer keys selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 51

Qu. No. 51 If the radius of a cylinder is halved, what happens to its volume (assuming height remains constant)?
यदि किसी बेलन की त्रिज्या आधी कर दी जाए, तो उसका आयतन क्या होगा (यह मानते हुए कि ऊंचाई स्थिर रहती है)?
Volume is halved
आयतन आधा रह जाता
Volume is doubled
आयतन दोगुना हो जाता है
Volume becomes one-fourth
आयतन एक-चौथाई हो जाता है
Volume remains the same
आयतन नहीं बदलता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 52

Qu. No. 52 What is the least square number that is divisible by 8, 12, and 20?
वह सबसे छोटी पूर्ण संख्या कौन सी है जो 8, 12 और 20 से विभाजित है?
3600
3600
4000
4000
1600
1600
5600
5600

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 53

Qu. No. 53 If the amount is Rs. 600 and the Principal is Rs. 450, which is compounded yearly for 1 year, calculate the rate of interest.
अगर राशि 600 रुपये है और मूलधन 450 रुपये है, जो 1 वर्ष के लिए चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज के अधीनिहित होता है, तो ब्याज दर की गणना करें।
40%
40%
45%
45%
33.33%
33.33%
35%
35%

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 54

Qu. No. 54 If P = Rs. 1,500, R = 8.5%, and T = 2.5 years, find the simple interest.
अगर P = 1,500 रुपये, R = 8.5%, और T = 2.5 वर्ष, तो साधारण ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिए।
Rs. 315
315 रुपये
Rs. 310
310 रुपये
Rs. 318.75
318.75 रुपये
Rs. 320
320 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 55

Qu. No. 55 A person crosses a 700 m long street in 5 minutes. What is his speed in km per hour?
एक व्यक्ति 700 मीटर लंबी सड़क 5 मिनट में पार करता है। उसकी गति किमी प्रति घंटा में क्या है?
8.3 km/h
8.3 किमी/घंटा
5.4 km/h
6.4 किमी/घंटा
8 km/h
8 किमी/घंटा
5.4 km/h
5.4 किमी/घंटा

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 56

Qu. No. 56 A hollow rectangular parallelopiped has external dimensions 12 cm × 10 cm × 8 cm and a thickness of 1 cm. Find its volume.
एक खोखले आयताकार समांतर षट्फलक के बाहरी आयाम 12 सेंटीमीटर × 10 सेंटीमीटर × 8 सेंटीमीटर तथा मोटाई 1 सेंटीमीटर है। इसका आयतन ज्ञात कीजिए।
832 cm³
832 घन सेंटीमीटर
672 cm³
672 घन सेंटीमीटर
720 cm³
720 घन सेंटीमीटर
680 cm³
680 घन सेंटीमीटर
832 cm³
832 घन सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 57

Qu. No. 57 A sector of radius 14 cm has an area of 154 cm². Find the angle of the sector.
14 सेंटीमीटर त्रिज्या वाले वृत्त त्रिभुजखंड का क्षेत्रफल 154 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर है। त्रिभुजखंड का कोण ज्ञात कीजिए।
90°
90°
120°
120°
45°
45°
75°
75°

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 58

Qu. No. 58 The difference between 20% of a number and 10% of the same number is 120. What is the number?
किसी संख्या के 20% और उसी संख्या के 10% के बीच का अंतर 120 है। वह संख्या क्या है?
1000
1000
1100
1100
1200
1200
1600
1600

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 59

Qu. No. 59 The average age of 10 students in a class increases by 1 year when a 30-year-old teacher joins them. What was the original average age of the students?
एक कक्षा में 10 छात्रों की औसत आयु 1 वर्ष बढ़ जाती है जब एक 30 वर्षीय शिक्षक उनके साथ जुड़ता है। छात्रों की मूल औसत आयु क्या थी?
18
18
19
19
20
20
21
21

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 60

Qu. No. 60 A buyer gets two successive discounts of 20% and 10% on a Rs. 1000 item. What is the price paid?
एक खरीदार को 1000 रुपये की वस्तु पर 20% और 10% की दो क्रमिक छूट मिलती है। भुगतान की गई कीमत क्या है?
Rs. 700
700 रुपये
Rs. 720
720 रुपये
Rs. 740
740 रुपये
Rs. 750
750 रुपये

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 61

Qu. No. 61 A container has 60 litres of a mixture of acid and water in the ratio 7:3. 20% of the mixture is taken out and replaced with water. This operation is repeated once more. What is the final percentage of acid in the mixture?
एक कंटेनर में 7:3 के अनुपात में अम्ल और पानी का 60 लीटर मिश्रण है। मिश्रण का 20% निकालकर पानी से बदल दिया जाता है। यह प्रक्रिया एक बार और दोहराई जाती है। मिश्रण में अम्ल का अंतिम प्रतिशत क्या है?
44.8%
44.8%
51.2%
51.2%
53.7%
53.7%
56.8%
56.8%

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 62

Qu. No. 62 The efficiency of A, B and C is 2 : 3 : 5. A alone can complete the work in 40 days. They all worked together for 5 days and then C left the work. In how many days can A and B together complete the remaining work?
A, B और C की दक्षता 2 : 3 : 5 है। A अकेले एक काम को 40 दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है। वे सभी 5 दिनों तक एक साथ काम करते हैं और फिर C काम छोड़ देता है। A और B मिलकर शेष काम कितने दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं?
12 days
12 दिन
10 days
10 दिन
8 days
8 दिन
6 days
6 दिन

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 63

Qu. No. 63 A triangular prism has base side lengths 5 cm, 6 cm, and 7 cm and height 10 cm. What is its lateral surface area?
एक त्रिभुजाकार प्रिज्म के आधार की भुजाओं की लंबाई 5 सेमी, 6 सेमी और 7 सेमी तथा ऊँचाई 10 सेमी है। इसका पार्श्व पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
180 cm²
180 सेमी²
160 cm²
160 सेमी²
150 cm²
150 सेमी²
140 cm²
140 सेमी²

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 64

Qu. No. 64 A cone of radius 9 cm and height 12 cm is cut into two parts by a plane parallel to its base, at a height of 4 cm from the vertex. Find the volume of the frustum formed.
9 सेंटीमीटर त्रिज्या और 12 सेंटीमीटर ऊँचाई वाले एक लंब वृत्त शंकु को आधार के समांतर एक तल द्वारा, शीर्ष से 4 सेंटीमीटर ऊँचाई पर, दो भागों में काटा जाता है। नई बनी छिन्नक का आयतन ज्ञात कीजिए।
432π cm³
432π घन सेंटीमीटर
576π cm³
576π घन सेंटीमीटर
648π cm³
648π घन सेंटीमीटर
312π cm³
312π घन सेंटीमीटर

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 65

Qu. No. 65 If 3x+4 = 4, then find the value of (3x+4 − 4)+x2.
यदि 3x+4 = 4 है, तो (3x+4 − 4)+x2 का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
4
4
2
2
1
1
0
0

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 66

Qu. No. 66 Convert 1.5 radians to degrees.
1.5 रेडियन को डिग्री में बदलें.
90.58°
90.58°
85.94°
85.94°
180°
180°

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 67

Qu. No. 67 If sin x = cos(2x − 20°), what is the value of x?
यदि sin x = cos(2x − 20°) है, तो x का मान क्या है?
25°
25°
23.5°
23.5°
30°
30°
35.8°
35.8°

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 68

Qu. No. 68 In a right triangle, one of the acute angles is 30°. What is the measure of the exterior angle at the right-angled vertex?
एक समकोण त्रिभुज में, एक न्यून कोण 30° का है। समकोण शीर्ष पर बाह्य कोण का माप क्या है?
30°
30°
60°
60°
120°
120°
90°
90°

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 69

Qu. No. 69 A triangle with all its angles less than 90° has its Orthocenter located where?
एक त्रिभुज जिसके सभी कोण 90° से कम हैं, उसका लंबकेंद्र कहाँ स्थित होगा?
Inside the triangle.
त्रिभुज के अंदर.
Outside the triangle.
त्रिभुज के बाहर.
On one of the sides of the triangle.
त्रिभुज की एक भुजा पर.
On one of the vertices of the triangle.
त्रिभुज के किसी एक शीर्ष पर.

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 70

Qu. No. 70 **Rationalize:**
$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}}$
परिमेयकरण कीजिए:
$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}}$
$5+2\sqrt{6}$
$5+2\sqrt{6}$
$-5-2\sqrt{6}$
$-5-2\sqrt{6}$
$5-2\sqrt{6}$
$5-2\sqrt{6}$
$5-2\sqrt{6}$
$-5+2\sqrt{6}$
$-5+2\sqrt{6}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 71

Qu. No. 71 In triangle ABC, DE is drawn parallel to BC, intersecting AB and AC at D and E respectively. If AD=3, DB=6, and AE=4, find EC.
त्रिभुज ABC में DE, BC के समांतर खींची गई है और AB व AC को क्रमशः D और E पर प्रतिच्छेद करती है। यदि AD=3, DB=6, और AE=4 है, तो EC ज्ञात कीजिए।
4
4
6
6
8
8
2
2

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 72

Qu. No. 72 If the angle subtended by arc AB at the center is 140°, what is the reflex angle made by this arc at the center?
यदि चाप AB द्वारा केंद्र पर अंतरित कोण है 140°, तो इस चाप द्वारा केंद्र पर बनाया गया प्रतिवर्ती कोण क्या है?
220°
220°
180°
180°
140°
140°
240°
240°
280°
280°

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 74

Qu. No. 73 If tan x + sec x = 3, find sec A.
यदि tan x + sec x = 3, तो sec A ज्ञात कीजिए।
2
2
1
1
5
5
3
3
4
4

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 75

Qu. No. 74 In a circle of radius r, a chord subtends an angle θ (in radians) at the center, which expresses represents the length of the minor arc?
त्रिज्या r वाले वृत्त में, एक जीवा केंद्र पर θ (रेडियन में) कोण अंतरित करती है। कौन सा व्यंजक लघु चाप की लंबाई को दर्शाता है?
rθ
rθ
$\frac{r\theta}{2}$
$\frac{r\theta}{2}$
$2r\sin\frac{\theta}{2}$
$2r\sin\frac{\theta}{2}$
2πr
2πr

Click Here to Challenge Question No. 76

Qu. No. 75 A, B, and C together can complete a task in 6 days. If A alone takes 12 days and B alone takes 18 days, how long will C alone take?
A, B और C मिलकर एक काम 6 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। अगर A अकेले 12 दिन और B अकेले 18 दिन लेता है, तो C अकेले कितना समय लेगा?
19 days
19 दिन
30 days
30 दिन
12 days
12 दिन
36 days
36 दिन

Roll No.	
Candidate Name	
Exam Level	: SSC CGL Tier 1 ▾
Test Date	: 29 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift	: 09:00 AM (Shift-1)
Centre Name	

Correct Options | Wrong Options | Unattempted Options | Not Answered

Click Here for PART-A | Click Here for PART-B | Click Here for PART-C | Click Here for PART-D

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1

Q.No: 1 An entrepreneurship summit in Ahmedabad was on 10th January. Kolkata hosted it five days later. When was the Kolkata event?
व्यवसायकता में अहमदाबाद कार्यशाला 10th जनवरी को हुआ था। कोलकाता में पांच दिन बाद इसका आयोजन हुआ। कोलकाता में यह कार्यक्रम कब हुआ था?

- 5th Jan
- 15th जनवरी
- 15th Jan
- 15th जनवरी
- 12th Jan
- 12th जनवरी
- 20th Jan
- 20th जनवरी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2

Q.No: 2 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.
Room 405, Hz Block,NIT Trichy, Thuvakudi,Tamil Nadu - 620015
यह पता कुछ नीचे दिए गिए पते के समान है।

- Room 405, Hz Block,NIT Trichy, Thuvakudi,Tamil Nadu - 620015
- Room 405, Hz Block, NIT Trichy, Thuvakudi, Tamil Nadu - 620015
- Room 405, Hz Block, NIT Trichy, Thuvakudi, Tamil Nadu - 620015
- Room 405, Hz Block, NIT Trichy, Thuvakudi, Tamil Nadu - 620015
- Room 405, Hz Block, NIT Trichy, Thuvakudi, Tamil Nadu - 620015
- Room 405, Hz Block, NIT Trichy, Thuvakudi, Tamil Nadu - 620015
- Room 405, Hz Block, NIT Trichy, Thuvakudi, Tamil Nadu - 620015

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3

Q.No: 3 यदि $x = 13, y = 4$ + 25, तो $x + 5 = ?$
अगर $x = 13, y = 4 + 25$, तो $x + 5 = ?$

- 37
- 37
- 39
- 39
- 36
- 36
- 35
- 35

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4 यदि $A \$ K = B \$ A$, तो $A \$ S = ?$
अगर $A \$ K = B \$ A$, तो $A \$ S = ?$

- 28
- 28
- 35
- 35
- 30
- 30
- 25
- 25

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5 Which two signs should be swapped to correct this equation?
$20 + 5 \times 6 \div 2 = 4 \times 10$
इस समीकरण को सही करने के लिए किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना होगा?

$20 + 5 \times 6 \div 2 = 4 \times 10$

- + and ×
- + और ×
- × and ÷
- × और ÷
- + and −
- + और −
- − and ÷
- − और ÷

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6 Find the ODD one out.
विषम चुनें।

- 4321
- 4321
- 5432
- 5432
- 6543
- 6543
- 1234
- 1234

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7 Identify the odd city.
विषम शहर की पहचान करें।

- Thiruvananthapuram
- Thiruvananthapuram
- Imphal
- Imphal
- गुवाहाटी
- Guwahati
- चेन्नई
- चेन्नई

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8 If we increase each even digit by "1" and decrease each odd digit by "1" in the number "78465321452" and then arrange all the number in descending order, then what is the sum of the last five digits from the right and after the rearrangement?
अगर हम संख्या "78465321452" में प्रत्येक सम अंक को "1" से बढ़ा दें और प्रत्येक विषम अंक को "1" से कम कर दें और फिर सभी संख्याओं को अवरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें, तो पुनर्व्यवस्था के बाद दाईं ओर से अंतिम पांच अंकों का योग क्या होगा?

- 31
- 31
- 32
- 32
- 38
- 38
- 34
- 34

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9 Solve:
यदि ' $10 \square 4 = 64$ ' ?
हल करें :
यदि ' $10 \square 4 = 64$ ' ?

- 169
- 169
- 81
- 81
- 49
- 49
- QP
- QP
- QR
- QR

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10 Choose the number that fits the analogy: **3 : 24 :: 5 : ?**
सह संबंधता पूर्ण करने वाला संख्या चुनें: **3 : 24 :: 5 : ?**

- 123
- 123
- 153
- 153
- 122
- 122
- 124
- 124

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11 Read the following statement carefully and identify the action that follows.
Statement: A recent study shows rising childhood obesity.
Course of Action:
I. Ban all junk food advertisements.
II. Introduce physical education classes in schools.
निम्नलिखित कथन को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद होने वाली कार्रवाई की पहचान करें।
कथन: एक हालिया अध्ययन में बचपन मोटापा में वृद्धि दिखाई देती है।
कार्रवाई का तरीका:
I. सभी जंक फूड विज्ञापनों पर प्रतिबंध लगाएं।
II. स्कूलों में शारीरिक शिक्षा कक्षाएँ शुरू करें।

- Only I follows
- केवल I अनुसरण करता है
- Only II follows
- केवल II अनुसरण करता है
- Neither follows
- कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है
- Both follow
- दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12 Directions: Study the following information carefully and answer the questions based on it.
There are six people A, B, C, D, E and F who live in a six-storey building, the lowest floor is numbered 1 and the highest is numbered 6. Each person lives on a different floor. C lives on an even-numbered floor. C lives on the floor that is immediately above F. C doesn't live immediately above E. There are 2 people between A and D. D doesn't live on an odd floor.
Who lives 2 floors below E?
निर्देश: निम्नलिखित जानकारी को सावधानीपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और फिर उस पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।
छह व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E और F एक छह मंजिला इमारत में रहते हैं, जहाँ निचली मंजिल को 1 और सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल को 6 नंबर दिया गया है। प्रत्येक व्यक्ति अलग मंजिल पर रहता है। C सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है। C, F के ठीक ऊपर वाली मंजिल पर रहता है। C, E के ठीक ऊपर वाली मंजिल पर नहीं रहता है। A और D के बीच में 2 व्यक्ति रहते हैं। D विषम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर नहीं रहता है।
E से ठीक दो मंजिल नीचे कौन रहता है?

- A
- A
- B
- B
- D
- D
- C
- C

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.
Statement:
No apple is blue. All oranges are apples.
Conclusions:
I. No orange is blue.
II. Some apples are oranges.
निम्नलिखित कथन को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्षों निकालें।
कथन:
कोई भी सेब नीला नहीं है। सभी संतरे सेब हैं।
निष्कर्ष:
I. कोई संतरा नीला नहीं है।
II. कुछ सेब संतरे हैं।

- Only I follows
- केवल I अनुसरण करता है
- Only II follows
- केवल II अनुसरण करता है
- Both I and II follow
- दोनों I और II अनुसरण करते हैं
- Neither I nor II follows
- न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.
Statement:
All frogs are pens. Some pens are not pencils. No pencil is a scale.
Conclusions:
I. Some frogs are not scales.
II. All scales are pencils.
निम्नलिखित कथन को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ें और उसके बाद आने वाले निष्कर्षों की पहचान कीजिए।
कथन:
सभी मेंढक पेन हैं। कुछ पेन पेंसिल नहीं हैं। कोई भी पेंसिल स्केल नहीं है।
निष्कर्ष:
I. कुछ मेंढक स्केल नहीं हैं।
II. सभी स्केल पेंसिल हैं।

- Only I follows
- केवल I अनुसरण करता है
- Only II follows
- केवल II अनुसरण करता है
- Both I and II follow
- दोनों I और II अनुसरण करते हैं
- Neither I nor II follows
- न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15 Find the odd one out:
Paris, Rome, Berlin, Madrid, Vienna, Brussels, Alexandria, Amsterdam
इसमें से विषम चुनें:
पेरिस, रोम, बर्लिन, मैड्रिड, वियना, ब्रुसेल्स, अलेक्जेंड्रिया, एम्स्टर्डम

- Rome
- Rome
- वियना
- वियना
- Alexandria
- अलेक्जेंड्रिया
- Amsterdam
- एम्स्टर्डम

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16 What comes next in the series?
A, C, I, , ?
निम्नलिखित अनुक्रम में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
A, C, I, , ?

- J
- J
- L
- L
- K
- K
- Z
- Z

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17 What is the next number in the series?
100, 50, 25, ...
निम्नलिखित अनुक्रम में अगली संख्या क्या होगी तीन संख्याएं होंगी?
100, 50, 25, ...

- 10
- 10
- 12.5
- 12.5
- 13.5
- 13.5
- 14
- 14

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18

Q.No: 18 In a certain code, "CLEAN" is written as "BKSDM".
What is the code for GUEST
एक निश्चित कोड में, "CLEAN" को "BKSDM" लिखा जाता है।
GUEST का कोड क्या है?

- FKDSR
- FKDSR
- FKNSR
- FKNSR
- FKRSR
- FKRSR
- FKDSE
- FKDSE

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19

Q.No: 19 Complete the series.
Z, X, T, O, ?N, ?
निम्नलिखित शृंखला को पूरा करें।
Z, X, T, O, ?N, ?

- 23
- 23
- 20
- 20
- 24
- 24
- 21
- 21

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20

Q.No: 20 What comes next?
13, 104, 14, 1atb, ?
निम्नलिखित अनुक्रम में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
13, 104, 14, 1atb, ?

- 122
- 122
- 15
- 15
- 16
- 16
- 121
- 121

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21

Q.No: 21 In the following examples, a number is coded as three digits — representing the remainders when the number is divided by 3, 7, and 11, respectively.
Example: $238 \rightarrow 238 - 3 = 235;\ 235 \div 7 = 33,\ 33 \times 7 = 231;\ 231 \div 11 = 21,\ 21 \times 11 = 231$ → Code: 2, 4, 9
Example: $258 \rightarrow 258 - 3 = 255;\ 255 \div 7 = 36,\ 36 \times 7 = 252;\ 252 \div 11 = 22,\ 22 \times 11 = 242$ → Code: 2, 5, 2
By following this method, which is the next number which would have the code– 2,2,2 ?
निम्नलिखित उदाहरणों में, एक संख्या को तीन अंकों के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है – जो संख्या को क्रमशः 3, 7 और 11 से विभाजित करने पर प्राप्त शेषफलों को दर्शाते हैं।
उदाहरण: $238 \rightarrow 238 - 3 = 235;\ 235 \div 7 = 33,\ 33 \times 7 = 231;\ 231 \div 11 = 21,\ 21 \times 11 = 231$ → कोड: 2, 4, 9
उदाहरण: $258 \rightarrow 258 - 3 = 255;\ 255 \div 7 = 36,\ 36 \times 7 = 252;\ 252 \div 11 = 22,\ 22 \times 11 = 242$ → कोड: 2, 5, 2 इस विधि का प्रयोग करने पर, यह अगली कौनसी संख्या होगी जो है ?
जिसका कोड– 2,2,2 होगा?

- 223
- 223
- 323
- 323
- 233
- 233
- 243
- 243

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22

Q.No: 22 Find the missing number: **100 : 1000 :: 64 : ?**
लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात करें: **100 : 1000 :: 64 : ?**

- 416
- 416
- 524
- 524
- 512
- 512
- 729
- 729

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23

Q.No: 23 A doctor is treating a patient who refuses to take life-saving medication due to personal beliefs. What should the doctor do?
एक डॉक्टर एक ऐसे रोगी का इलाज कर रहा है जो अपनी निजी मान्यताओं के कारण जीवन रक्षक दवा लेने से इनकार कर रहा है। डॉक्टर को क्या करना चाहिए?

- Respect the patient's choice without intervention.
- बिना किसी हस्तक्षेप के रोगी की पसंद का सम्मान करें।
- Attempt to counsel the patient and document refusal.
- रोगी को समझाने की और इनकार को दस्तावेज़ में दर्ज करने की कोशिश करें।
- Force medication for patient safety.
- रोगी की सुरक्षा के लिए दवा देने के लिए बाध्य करें।
- Transfer the patient and proceed with another case.
- मरीज को शिफ्ट करें और किसी अन्य मामले पर आगे बढ़ें।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24

Q.No: 24 Arun is 4 times as old as his daughter, in 20 years, he will be twice as old as she will be then. How old is the daughter now?
एक अरुण की आयु बेटी से चार गुना है। 20 साल बाद, उसकी आयु उसकी बेटी की तब होगी से दोगुनी हो जाएगी। बेटी अभी कितनी साल की है?

- 10
- 10
- 8
- 8
- 12
- 12
- 9
- 9

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25

Q.No: 25 If in a code, **MANGO** is written as **NZOKL**, then how is **APPLE** written?
यदि किसी कोड में **MANGO** को **NZOKL** लिखा जाता है, तो **APPLE** को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?

- BQQMF
- BQQMF
- BQQLF
- BQQLF
- BQQKF
- BQQKF
- BQQNF
- BQQNF

: 14 Oct 2025

: 12:00 Noon (Shift-2)

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Choose the address that is exactly the same as the one given below.
Flat No. 216, Maple Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411038

वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के बिल्कुल समान है।
Flat No. 216, Maple Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411038
Flat No. 218, Maple Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411038
Flat No. 218, Maple Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411038
Flat No. 216, Mapel Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411038
Flat No. 216, Mapel Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411038
Flat No. 216, Maple Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411088
Flat No. 216, Maple Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411088
Flat No. 216, Maple Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411038
Flat No. 216, Maple Residency, Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra – 411038

Q.No: 2 In a series of seminars held daily from 11^{th} to 18^{th} Feb, Calicut – 16^{th} Feb 2022, Patna – 12^{th} Feb 2022, Tiruchirappalli – 17^{th} Feb 2022,
Raipur – 11^{th} Feb 2022, Rourkela – 14^{th} Feb 2022 Jamshedpur – 13^{th} Feb 2022, Durgapur – 15^{th} Feb 2022, Warangal – 16^{th} Feb 2022
How many days after the seminar in Patna did the seminar in Warangal occur?

11 से 18 फरवरी तक प्रतिदिन आयोजित सेमिनारों की श्रृंखला में, कालीकट – 16 फरवरी 2022, पटना – 12 फरवरी 2022, तिरुचिरापल्ली – 17 फरवरी 2022, रायपुर – 11 फरवरी 2022, राउरकेला – 14 फरवरी 2022 जमशेदपुर – 13 फरवरी 2022, दुर्गापुर – 15 फरवरी 2022, वारंगल – 16 फरवरी 2022 पटना में सेमिनार के कितने दिन बाद वारंगल में सेमिनार हुआ?

4 days
4 दिन
3 days
3 दिन
5 days
5 दिन
6 days
6 दिन

Q.No: 3 Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows.

Statement: The government has increased the minimum support price (MSP) for crops.

Conclusions:
I. Farmers will benefit from better earnings.
II. Food prices will decrease.

निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए।

कथन: सरकार ने फसलों के न्यूनतम समर्थन मूल्य (MSP) में वृद्धि की है।

निष्कर्ष:
I. किसानों को बेहतर आय का लाभ मिलेगा।
II. खाद्य कीमतों में कमी आएगी।

Only I follows
केवल I अनुसरण करता है
Only II follows
केवल II अनुसरण करता है
Both follow
दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
Neither follows
कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4

Q.No: 4 If 9 − 3 = 18, and 8 − 2 = 18, then 7 − 4 = ?

यदि 9 − 3 = 18, और 8 − 2 = 18, तो 7 − 4 = ?

10
10
12
12
8
8
13
13

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5

Q.No: 5 What should come in place of the question mark '?' in the following number series?

2, 3, 6, 15, ?, 157.5

निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

2, 3, 6, 15, ?, 157.5
40
40
45
45
42.50
42.50
25
25

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6

Q.No: 6 If 5 → 10, 7 → 14, 9 → 18, then 11 → ?

यदि 5 → 10, 7 → 14, 9 → 18, तो 11 → ?

20
20
22
22
24
24
26
26

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7

Q.No: 7 If HELLO = 52 and MATH = 42, then what is the value of MOM?

यदि HELLO = 52 और MATH = 42 है, तो MOM का मान क्या है?

32
32
40
40
41
41
22
22

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8

Q.No: 8 The given statements are followed by two conclusions. Find out which conclusion is FALSE based on the given statements.

Statements:
J > K = L, M ≥ N < K, O < J < P, N = Q ≥ R
Conclusions:
I. P > L
II. K ≥ R

दिए गए कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। दिए गए कथनों के आधार पर ज्ञात कीजिए कि कौन सा निष्कर्ष असत्य है।

कथन:
J > K = L, M ≥ N < K, O < J < P, N = Q ≥ R
निष्कर्ष:
I. P > L
II. K ≥ R

Only conclusion I is false

केवल निष्कर्ष I असत्य है

Only conclusion II is false

केवल निष्कर्ष II असत्य है

Both conclusions I and II are false

निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों असत्य हैं

Neither conclusion I nor II is False

न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II असत्य है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9

Q.No: 9 Which city is different from the rest?

कौन सा शहर बाकी शहरों से अलग है?

Chennai

चेन्नई

Kolkata

कोलकाता

Surat

सूरत

Bengaluru

बेंगलुरु

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10

Q.No: 10 Select the set of numbers that is not similar to the following set
(13, 64, 90)

दिया गया संख्या सेट निम्नलिखित सेट के समान नहीं है: (13, 64, 90)

(8, 39, 55)

(8, 39, 55)

(9, 44, 62)

(9, 44, 62)

(6, 29, 40)

(6, 29, 40)

(12, 59, 83)

(12, 59, 83)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11

Q.No: 11 A is the sister of B. C is the father of A. How is C related to B?

A, B की बहन है। C, A का पिता है। C का B से क्या संबंध है?

Uncle

चाचा

Father

पिता

Grandfather

दादा

Brother

भाई

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12

Q.No: 12 A sum of money triples in 10 years under simple interest. In how many years will it become 5 times?

एक धनराशि साधारण ब्याज के तहत 10 वर्षों में तीन गुना हो जाती है। कितने वर्षों में यह 5 गुना हो जाएगी?

20

20

25

25

30

30

40

40

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13

Q.No: 13 Find the missing number: 5 : 124 :: 7 : ?

गुमान संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: 5 : 124 :: 7 : ?

	342 342
	340 340 290 290 288 288

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14

Q.No: 14	Directions: Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below. There are seven boxes of different colours namely, Red, Pink, Black, Orange, White, Green and Grey, which are kept vertically one above other but not necessarily in the same order. The topmost box is numbered as 7 and the bottommost box is numbered as 1.The number of boxes kept below the white box is the same as the number of boxes kept above it. The pink box is not placed at the bottom of the stack. Two boxes are placed between black and white boxes. The grey box is placed above the white box but below orange box. Red and Green boxes are placed neither at the top nor at the bottom of the stack. The red box is placed immediately below the green box. Orange box is not placed at the top of the stack. Four of them are alike in a certain way; find the ODD one among the following options? निर्देश: निम्नलिखित जानकारी का सावधानीपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। लाल, बैंगनी, नारंगी, सफेद, हरा और स्लेटी रंग के सात डिब्बे हैं, जो एक के ऊपर एक लंबवत रखे गए हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। सबसे ऊपर वाले डिब्बे का क्रमांक 7 और सबसे नीचे वाले डिब्बे का क्रमांक 1 है। सफेद डिब्बे के नीचे रखे डिब्बों की संख्या उसके ऊपर रखे डिब्बों की संख्या के समान है। गुलाबी डिब्बा ढेर में सबसे नीचे नहीं रखा है। काले और सफेद डिब्बों के बीच दो डिब्बे रखे हैं। स्लेटी डिब्बा सफेद डिब्बे के ऊपर लेकिन नारंगी डिब्बे के नीचे रखा है। लाल और हरे डिब्बे ढेर में न तो सबसे ऊपर और न ही सबसे नीचे रखे हैं। लाल डिब्बा हरे डिब्बे के ठीक नीचे रखा है। नारंगी डिब्बा ढेर में सबसे ऊपर नहीं रखा है। उनमें से चार एक निश्चित तरीके से एक जैसे हैं; निम्नलिखित विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प ज्ञात कीजिए।
	Black काला
	White सफेद
	Pink गुलाबी
	Grey स्लेटी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15

Q.No: 15	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: The forest department plans to install surveillance cameras to prevent poaching. Assumptions: I. Surveillance can help catch or deter poachers. II. Poachers avoid areas with active monitoring. निम्नलिखित कथन को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ें और निकले निष्कर्ष की पहचान करें। कथन: वन विभाग अवैध शिकार को रोकने के लिए निगरानी कैमरे लगाने की योजना बना रहा है। मान्यताएँ I. निगरानी से शिकारियों को पकड़ने या रोकने में मदद मिल सकती है। II. शिकारी सक्रिय निगरानी वाले क्षेत्रों से बचते हैं।
	Only Assumption I is implicit केवल मान्यता I निहित है
	Only Assumption II is implicit केवल मान्यता II निहित है
	Both I and II are implicit I और II दोनों निहित हैं
	Neither I nor II is implicit न तो I और न ही II निहित है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16

Q.No: 16	What is the next number in the series? 81, 27, 9, 3, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगली संख्या एक अंक की संख्या होगी? 81, 27, 9, 3, ?
	1 1 2 2 8 8 4 4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17

Q.No: 17	What comes next in the series? A, E, I, M, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले संख्या एक अंक का विकल्प ज्ञात करें? A, E, I, M, ?
	Q Q
	R R S S
	T T

Click He

Q.No: 24	A person's age is 4 times that of his daughter. After 5 years, the person's age will be 3 times his daughter's. What is the daughter's age now? एक व्यक्ति की आयु उसकी बेटी की आयु की 4 गुनी है। 5 साल बाद, उस व्यक्ति की आयु उसकी बेटी की आयु की 3 गुनी हो जाएगी। बेटी की वर्तमान आयु क्या है? 4 years 4 साल 5 years 5 साल
	10 years 10 साल 7 years 7 साल

Q.No: 25	If the sum of 24 and 11 is multiplied by 2, what is the result? यदि 24 और 11 के योग को 2 से गुणा किया जाए तो परिणाम क्या होगा? 64 64 68 68
	70 70 72 72

PART-B (General Awareness)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26

Q.No: 26 Which Mughal ruler was referred to as Insan-i-Kamil or 'Perfect Man'?

मिघल मुगल शासकों को इंसान-ए-कामिल या 'परफेक्ट मैन' कहा जाता था?

Akbar

अकबर

Jahangir

जहांगीर

Shah Jahan

शाहजहाँ

Aurangzeb

औरंगजेब

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27

Q.No: 27 Consider the following statements regarding the "Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY)" [Prime Minister's Crop Insurance Scheme]:

i. It provides comprehensive insurance coverage against crop losses due to non-preventable natural risks.

ii. Enrollment in the scheme is mandatory for all farmers in India to ensure maximum coverage.

iii. It aims to stabilize the income of farmers and encourage them to adopt innovative agricultural practices.

iv. The premium rates payable by farmers are uniform across all crops and all states.

Which of the above statements accurately describe the features of the PMFBY?

"प्रधानमंत्री फसल बीमा योजना (पीएमएफबीवाई)" (प्रधानमंत्री फसल बीमा योजना) के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:

i. यह गैर-रोकथाम योग्य प्राकृतिक जोखिमों के कारण फसल के नुकसान के खिलाफ व्यापक बीमा कवरेज प्रदान करता है।

ii. अधिकतम कवरेज सुनिश्चित करने के लिए भारत के सभी किसानों के लिए योजना में नामांकन अनिवार्य है।

iii. इसका उद्देश्य किसानों की आय को स्थिर करना और उन्हें नवीन कृषि पद्धतियों को अपनाने के लिए प्रोत्साहित करना है।

iv. किसानों द्वारा देय प्रीमियम दरें सभी फसलों और सभी राज्यों में समान हैं।

उपर्युक्त में से कौन सा कथन पीएमएफबीवाई की विशेषताओं का सटीक वर्णन करता है?

i and iii only

केवल i और iii

ii and iv only

केवल ii और iv

i and iv only

केवल i और iv

ii and iii only

केवल ii और iii

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28

Q.No: 28 Who is the first Indian male shuttler to reach the finals of the World Badminton Championships?

विश्व बैडमिंटन चैंपियनशिप के फाइनल में पहुंचने वाले पहले भारतीय पुरुष शटलर कौन हैं?

Parupalli Kashyap
पारुपल्ली कश्यप
Kidambi Srikanth
किदाम्बी श्रीकांत
HS Prannoy
एच एस प्रणय
Lakshya Sen
लक्ष्य सेन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29

Q.No: 29 In which city did the 2017 Asian Athletics Championships take place?

2017 एशियाई एथलेटिक्स चैम्पियनशिप किस शहर में आयोजित हुई?

Chennai
चेन्नई
Bhubaneswar
भुवनेश्वर
Pune
पुणे
Guwahati
गुवाहाटी

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30

Q.No: 30 The inaugural Indian Open Golf Tournament in 1964 was played in which city?

1964 में पहला इंडियन ओपन गोल्फ टूर्नामेंट किस शहर में खेला गया था?

Mumbai
मुंबई
Kolkata
कोलकाता
Bengaluru
बेंगलुरु
New Delhi
नई दिल्ली

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31

Q.No: 31 Which American author won the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction in 2020 for "The Nickel Boys"?

किस अमेरिकी लेखक ने "द निकल बॉयज" के लिए 2020 में फिक्शन के लिए पुलित्जर पुरस्कार जीता?

Colson Whitehead
कोलसन व्हाइटहेड
Jesmyn Ward
जेसमिन वार्ड
Tan Twan Eng
टैन ट्वैन इंग
Tommy Orange
टॉमी ओरेंज

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32

Q.No: 32 Which Indian athlete has won medals in both Asian and Commonwealth Games for 3000m steeplechase?

किस भारतीय एथलीट ने 3000 मीटर स्टीपलचेज में एशियाई और राष्ट्रमंडल खेलों दोनों में पदक जीते हैं?

Jinson Johnson
जिन्सन जॉनसन
Avinash Sable
अविनाश साबले
Tejaswin Shankar
तेजस्विन शंकर
Neeraj Chopra
नीरज चोपड़ा

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33

Q.No: 33 What does the word 'Alaippu' mean in the context of Bharatnatyam?

भरतनाट्यम के संदर्भ में 'अलैप्पु' शब्द का क्या अर्थ है?

To adorn with flowers
फूलों से सुंदर बनाना
To invoke blessings
आशीर्वाद प्राप्त करना
To express emotions
भावनाओं को व्यक्त करना
To depict divine love
दिव्य प्रेम को दर्शाना

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34

Q.No: 34	How many mandalas are there in the Rig Veda? ऋग्वेद में कितने मंडल हैं?
	10 10
	12 12 8 8 11 11

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35

Q.No: 35	Which of the following is **correct** about the Pongal festival? पोंगल त्योहार के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन **सही** है?
	This Pongal honours cattle यह पोंगल मवेशियों का सम्मान करता है
	Maatu Pongal adorns the cattle मात्तु पोंगल मवेशियों को सजाता है
	Pongal Mela hosts kite flying पोंगल मेले में पतंगबाजी का आयोजन Jallikattu on Bhogi day भोगी दिवस पर जल्लीकट्टू
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36

Q.No: 36	Which Mizo musical instrument, made of carved wooden pieces and played with a wooden hammer, is used only at memorial stone ceremonies and not taken into homes? कौन सा मिजो संगीत वाद्ययंत्र, जो नक्काशीदार लकड़ी के टुकड़ों से बना होता है और लकड़ी के हथौड़े से बजाया जाता है, केवल स्मारक पत्थर समारोहों में उपयोग किया जाता है और घरों में नहीं लाया जाता है?
	Rengbang रेंगबांग Darbu दरबू Khuang खुआंग
	Tahbhuang तालबुआंग
Not Answered	

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37

Q.No: 37	What long-term administrative outcome is attributed to Pitt's India Act? पिट्स इंडिया एक्ट को किस दीर्घकालिक प्रशासनिक परिणाम का श्रेय दिया जाता है?
	It divided India into military zones. इसने भारत को सैन्य क्षेत्रों में विभाजित कर दिया।
	It gave absolute independence to the East India Company. इसने ईस्ट इंडिया कंपनी को पूर्ण स्वतंत्रता प्रदान की।
	It placed the Company's possessions under British Parliament's supremacy. इसने कंपनी की संपत्ति को ब्रिटिश संसद के अधीन कर दिया।
	It dissolved the post of Governor General. इसने गवर्नर जनरल का पद भंग कर दिया।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38

Q.No: 38	India and which country jointly operate the Integrated Check Post at Birgunj–Raxaul border? भारत और कौन सा देश संयुक्त रूप से बीरगंज-रक्सौल सीमा पर एकीकृत चेक पोस्ट का संचालन करते हैं?
	Bhutan भूटान
	Nepal नेपाल
	Myanmar म्यांमार Sri Lanka श्रीलंका

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39

Q.No: 39	In demographic terms, death rate is measured over which standard unit? जनसांख्यिकीय दृष्टि से मृत्यु दर किस मानक इकाई पर मापी जाती है?
	Per hundred people प्रति सौ व्यक्ति Per year प्रति वर्ष
	Per ten thousand people प्रति दस हजार लोगों पर
	Per thousand people in a year एक वर्ष में प्रति हजार व्यक्ति

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40

Q.No: 40 What is the crew capacity of the Gaganyaan mission?

गगनयान मिशन की चालक दल क्षमता क्या है?

3

3

3

3

4

4

3

3

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41

Q.No: 41 Which of the following pairs of Padma awardees and their respective fields & states is correctly matched?

पद्म पुरस्कार विजेताओं और उनके संबंधित क्षेत्रों और राज्यों के निम्नलिखित युग्मों में से कौन सा सुमेल सही सुमेलित है?

Shri Duvvur Nageshwar Reddy – Public Affairs – Telangana

श्री दुव्वुर नागेश्वर रेड्डी - सार्वजनिक मामले - तेलंगाना

Justice (Retd.) Shri Jagdish Singh Khehar – Art – Punjab

न्यायमूर्ति (सेवानिवृत्त) श्री जगदीश सिंह खेहर - कला - पंजाब

Smt. Kumudini Rajnikant Lakhia – Medicine – Gujarat

श्रीमती कुमुदिनी रजनीकांत लाखिया - चिकित्सा - गुजरात

Shri M. T. Vasudevan Nair (Posthumous) – Literature and Education – Kerala

श्री एम. टी. वासुदेवन नायर (मरणोपरांत) - साहित्य एवं शिक्षा - केरल

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42

Q.No: 42 The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita(BNSS) now makes it mandatory for a police officer to give which type of information to a person arrested without a warrant?

भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता (बीएनएसएस) अब पुलिस अधिकारी के लिए बिना वारंट के गिरफ्तार किए गए व्यक्ति को किस प्रकार की जानकारी देना अनिवार्य बनाती है?

Reason for arrest and right to bail (if applicable).

गिरफ्तारी का कारण और जमानत का अधिकार (यदि लागू हो)।

Details of the arresting officer's family.

गिरफ्तार करने वाले अधिकारी के परिवार का विवरण।

Information about the case in a foreign language.

मामले के बारे में विदेशी भाषा में जानकारी।

A list of all police stations in the district.

जिले के सभी पुलिस थानों की सूची।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43

Q.No: 43 PM-KISAN mobile app helps in:

पीएम-किसान मोबाइल ऐप निम्नलिखित में मदद करता है:

Soil testing

मृदा परीक्षण

Payment tracking

भुगतान ट्रैकिंग

Weather updates

मौसम अपडेट

Fertilizer application

उर्वरक आवेदन

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44

Q.No: 44 Which city was ranked as the most liveable city in the Global Liveability Index 2025?

वैश्विक लिवेबिलिटी इंडेक्स 2025 में किस शहर को सबसे अधिक रहने योग्य शहर का दर्जा दिया गया?

Vienna

वियना

Copenhagen

कोपेनहेगन

Zurich

ज्यूरिख

Melbourne

मेलबर्न

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45

Q.No: 45 Which of the following represents the 'break-even point' for a firm?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा एक फर्म के लिए 'ब्रेक-ईवन पॉइंट' का प्रतिनिधित्व करता है?

Where marginal revenue equals marginal cost

जहाँ सीमांत राजस्व सीमांत लागत के बराबर होता है

Where total revenue equals total cost

जहाँ कुल राजस्व कुल लागत के बराबर होता है

Where total revenue exceeds total cost

जहां कुल राजस्व कुल लागत से अधिक है

Where marginal cost is minimized

जहां सीमांत लागत न्यूनतम होती है

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46

Q.No: 46 Which plan period is known as the 'Plan Holiday'?

किस योजना अवधि को 'योजना अवकाश' के नाम से जाना जाता है?

1961-66

1961-66

1966-69

1966-69

1969-74

1969-74

1974-78

1974-78

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47

Q.No: 47 Rani Chennamma was an early 19th-century queen who led an armed rebellion against the British, she hailed from which princely state in Karnataka?

रानी चेन्नम्मा 19वीं सदी की शुरुआत की एक रानी थी जिन्होंने अंग्रेजों के खिलाफ सशस्त्र विद्रोह का नेतृत्व किया था। वह कर्नाटक की किस रियासत से थीं?

Mysore

मैसूर

Kittur

किट्टूर

Kodagu

कोडागु

Belgaum

बेलगाम

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48

Q.No: 48 Who is famously known as the "Bismarck of India" for his role in unifying princely states?

रियासतों के एकीकरण में अपनी भूमिका के लिए किसे "भारत का बिस्मार्क" के नाम से जाना जाता है?

Sardar VallabhBhai Patel

सरदार वल्लभभाई पटेल

Jawaharlal Nehru

जवाहरलाल नेहरू

Mahatma Gandhi

महात्मा गांधी

Subhas Chandra Bose

सुभाष चंद्र बोस

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49

Q.No: 49 Which of the following statements regarding the sugar industry in India is/are correct?

1. India ranks as the world's second-largest producer of sugar.
2. India ranks first in the production of gur and khandsari.
3. Sugar industry uses lightweight raw material.
4. Uttar Pradesh and Bihar together house about 60% of sugar mills.

भारत में चीनी उद्योग के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन **सही** है/हैं?

1. भारत दुनिया का दूसरा सबसे बड़ा चीनी उत्पादक देश है।
2. गुड़ और खांडसारी के उत्पादन में भारत प्रथम स्थान पर है।
3. चीनी उद्योग हल्के कच्चे माल का उपयोग करता है।
4. उत्तर प्रदेश और बिहार में लगभग 60% चीनी मिलें हैं।

Only 1 and 2

केवल 1 और 2

Only 1, 2 and 4

केवल 1, 2 और 4

Only 2 and 3

केवल 2 और 3

Only 1, 3 and 4

केवल 1, 3 और 4

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50

Q.No: 50 Read the following Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the **correct** option.
Assertion (A): The Industrial Licensing Policy promoted innovation in small-scale industries.
Reason (R): It provided entry barriers for new firms and created rent-seeking behaviour.

निम्नलिखित अभिकथन (A) और कारण (R) को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ें और **सही** विकल्प चुनें।
अभिकथन (A): औद्योगिक लाइसेंसिंग नीति ने लघु उद्योगों में नवाचार को बढ़ावा दिया।
कारण (R): इसने नई फर्मों के लिए प्रवेश में बाधाएँ उत्पन्न कीं और किराय-खोजी व्यवहार को जन्म दिया।

Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

A is true but R is false.

A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51

Q.No: 51 What is the least square number that is exactly divisible by 4, 6, 10, and 15?

वह कम-से-कम पूर्ण संख्या कौन सी है जो 4, 6, 10 और 15 से पूर्णतः विभाजित है?

900

900

1600

1600

4900

4900

1000

1000

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52

Q.No: 52 In how many years will a sum of Rs. 4,000 give a simple interest of Rs. 1,200 at 10% per annum ?

कितने वर्षों में 4,000 रुपये की राशि पर 10% प्रति वर्ष की दर से 1,200 रुपये का साधारण ब्याज होगा?

3 years 3 months

3 वर्ष 3 महीने

2 years

2 वर्ष

3 years

3 वर्ष

2 years 6 months

2 वर्ष 6 महीने

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53

Q.No: 53 If $a^2 + b^2 = 260$ and $a + b = 10$, find ab.

यदि $a^2 + b^2 = 260$ और $a + b = 10$ हो, तो ab ज्ञात कीजिए।

24

24

26

26

28

28

22

22

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54

Q.No: 54 **Consider the following statements regarding simple interest:**
1. The simple interest on ₹8,000 for 3 years at 5% per annum is ₹1,200.
2. If a sum of money doubles in 10 years at simple interest, then it will become 1.5 times in 6 years.
3. The simple interest rate required for an amount to become 2.5 times in 5 years is 30%.
Of these statements, which are correct?

साधारण ब्याज के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:
1. ₹8,000 पर 3 वर्ष के लिए 5% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज ₹1,200 है।
2. यदि कोई धनराशि साधारण ब्याज पर 10 वर्ष में दोगुनी हो जाती है, तो वह 6 वर्ष में 1.5 गुना हो जाएगी।
3. किसी राशि को 5 वर्ष में 2.5 गुना करने के लिए आवश्यक साधारण ब्याज दर 30% है।
इनमें से कौन-सा कथन सही है?

Only 1 is correct
केवल 1 सही है
1 and 2 are correct
1 और 2 सही हैं
1 and 3 are correct
1 और 3 सही हैं
All 1, 2, and 3 are correct
सभी 1, 2, और 3 सही हैं

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55

Q.No: 55 From a location on a bridge spanning a river, the angles of depression to the banks on either side are 30° and 45°, given that the bridge is 50 meters above the banks, what is the width of the river?

एक नदी पर बने पुल पर स्थित स्थान से, दोनों ओर के किनारों पर अवनमन कोण 30° और 45° हैं। यह देखते हुए कि पुल किनारों से 50 मीटर ऊपर है, नदी की चौड़ाई क्या है?

$50(\sqrt{3}-1)$ m

$50(\sqrt{3}-1)$ मीटर

$50\sqrt{3}$ m

$50\sqrt{3}$ मीटर

$50(1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})$ m

$50(1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})$ मीटर

$50(\sqrt{3}+1)$ m

$50(\sqrt{3}+1)$ मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56

Q.No: 56 The areas of three adjacent faces of a cuboid are 60 cm², 72 cm², and 90 cm². What is the volume of the cuboid?

एक घनाभ के तीन आसन्न फलकों का क्षेत्रफल 60 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर, 72 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर और 90 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर है। घनाभ का आयतन क्या है?

633.50 cm³

633.50 घन सेंटीमीटर

620.50 cm³

620.50 घन सेंटीमीटर

642 cm³

642 घन सेंटीमीटर

643 cm³

643 घन सेंटीमीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57

Q.No: 57 A solid hemisphere has radius 6 cm. It is melted into a cylinder of height 6 cm. Find the radius of the cylinder.

एक ठोस अर्धगोले की त्रिज्या 6 सेमी है। इसे पिघलाकर 6 सेमी ऊँचाई का एक बेलन बनाया गया है। बेलन की त्रिज्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

4.90 cm

4.90 सेमी

6.54 cm

6.54 सेमी

7.14 cm

7.14 सेमी

5.84 cm

5.84 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58

Q.No: 58 A hemisphere, cone, and cylinder have the same base radius and equal volumes. If the height of the cylinder is h, find the height of the cone.

एक अर्धगोला, एक शंकु और एक बेलन की आधार त्रिज्या समान है और आयतन बराबर है। यदि बेलन की ऊँचाई h है, तो शंकु की ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।

3h

3h

2h

2h

5h

5h

8h

8h

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59

Q.No: 59 The longest diagonal of a cuboid is equal to the diameter of a sphere in which it is inscribed. If the sphere's radius is 17 cm, and two dimensions of the cuboid are 18 cm and 24 cm, what is the third dimension?

एक घनाभ का सबसे लंबा विकर्ण उस गोले के व्यास के बराबर होता है जिसमें वह अंकित है। यदि गोले की त्रिज्या 17 सेमी है, और घनाभ के दो आयाम 18 सेमी और 24 सेमी हैं, तो तीसरा आयाम क्या है?

18cm

18सेमी

13cm

13सेमी

18cm

18सेमी

20cm

20सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60

Q.No: 60 A regular right pyramid has a square base with side length 8 cm and height 15 cm. Find the slant height of one triangular face.

एक सम चतुर्भुजीय पिरामिड का आधार वर्गाकार है, जिसकी भुजा की लंबाई 8 सेमी और ऊँचाई 15 सेमी है। एक त्रिभुजाकार फलक की तिरछी ऊँचाई ज्ञात कीजिए।

15.52 cm

15.52 सेमी

18.25 cm

18.25 सेमी

16.58 cm

16.58 सेमी

17.42 cm

17.42 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61

Q.No: 61 A bag contains 20% red balls, 30% green balls and the rest blue balls. If there are 80 blue balls, what is the total number of balls?

एक बैग में 20% लाल गेंदें, 30% हरी गेंदें और शेष नीली गेंदें हैं। अगर उसमें 80 नीली गेंदें हैं, तो गेंदों की कुल संख्या कितनी है?

100

100

160

160

200

200

240

240

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62

Q.No: 62 A rhombus has diagonals in the ratio 3:4. If its area is 216 cm², find the diagonals.

एक समचतुर्भुज के विकर्णों का अनुपात 3:4 है। यदि इसका क्षेत्रफल 216 वर्ग सेमी है, तो विकर्ण ज्ञात कीजिए।

18 cm and 24 cm

18 सेमी और 24 सेमी

12 cm and 16 cm

12 सेमी और 16 सेमी

15 cm and 20 cm

15 सेमी और 20 सेमी

27 cm and 36 cm

27 सेमी और 36 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63

Q.No: 63 A circular plate having a radius of 10 cm and is surrounded by a decorative rim that is 2 cm wide. What is the area of the rim?

एक वृत्ताकार प्लेट जिसकी त्रिज्या 10 सेमी है और जो 2 सेमी चौड़ी एक सजावटी रिम से घिरी हुई है। रिम का क्षेत्रफल ज्ञात है?

138.23 cm²

138.23 सेमी²

158.34 cm²

158.34 सेमी²

120.51 cm²

120.51 सेमी²

130.69 cm²

130.69 सेमी²

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64

Q.No: 64 A number is increased by 121, and the result becomes a perfect square. The original number lies between two consecutive square numbers, 625 and 676. Find the original number.

एक संख्या में 121 जोड़ने पर परिणाम एक पूर्ण वर्ग संख्या बन जाता है। मूल संख्या दो क्रमागत वर्ग संख्याओं, 625 और 676 के बीच स्थित है। मूल संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

626

626

656

656

664

664

672

672

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65

Q.No: 65 A square-shaped piece of metal has a circular hole cut out exactly from its center, touching all four sides. What percentage of the metal sheet's area remains after the hole is cut? (Use π=3.14)

धातु के एक वर्गाकार टुकड़े के ठीक बीच से एक गोलाकार छेद काटा गया है जो सभी तरफ से मुड़ा है। छेद काटने के बाद धातु की चादर का कितना प्रतिशत क्षेत्रफल शेष रह जाता है? (π=3.14 का प्रयोग करें)

21.5%

21.5%

25%

25%

75%

75%

78.5%

78.5%

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66

Q.No: 66 If two complementary angles are in the ratio 1:2, find the angles.

अगर दो पूरक कोण 1:2 के अनुपात में हैं, तो कोण ज्ञात कीजिए।

30°, 60°

30°, 60°

40°, 50°

40°, 50°

45°, 45°

45°, 45°

35°, 55°

35°, 55°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67

Q.No: 67 From the top of a 50 m tower, the angle of depression of two objects on the same side of the tower are 45 and 60. Find the distance between the objects.

50 मीटर ऊँचे एक टावर के शीर्ष से, टावर के एक ही ओर स्थित दो वस्तुओं के अवनमन कोण 45° और 60° हैं। वस्तुओं के बीच की दूरी ज्ञात कीजिए।

21.13 m

21.13 मीटर

28.7 m

28.7 मीटर

28.87 m

28.87 मीटर

8.87 m

8.87 मीटर

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68

Q.No: 68 If $8\sin\theta = \frac{5}{13}$, what is $\cot\theta$?

यदि $8\sin\theta = \frac{5}{13}$, तो $\cot\theta$ क्या है?

$\frac{12}{5}$

$\frac{12}{5}$

$\frac{13}{5}$

$\frac{13}{5}$

$\frac{8}{5}$

$\frac{8}{5}$

$\frac{7}{5}$

$\frac{7}{5}$

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69

Q.No: 69 Find the x-intercept of $3x - 6y = 12$.

$3x - 6y = 12$ का x-अक्ष अभिलंब ज्ञात कीजिए।

3

3

4

4

5

5

-2

-2

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70

Q.No: 70 Two lines intersect, forming four angles. One of the angles measures $5x-10$ degrees and its adjacent angle measures $3x+30$ degrees. What is the measure of the angle vertically opposite to the $5x-10$ degree angle?

दो रेखाएँ एक-दूसरे को प्रतिच्छेद करती हुए चार कोण बनाती हैं। उनमें से एक कोण का माप $5x-10$ डिग्री है और उसके आसन्न कोण का माप $3x+30$ डिग्री है। $5x-10$ डिग्री कोण के ऊर्ध्वाधर सम्मुख कोण का माप क्या है?

	15° 15° 30° 30°
	45° 45°
■	60° 60°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71

Q.No: 71 Which of the following statements is always true for an equilateral triangle?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन समबाहु त्रिभुज के लिए सदैव सत्य है?

	The Incenter and Circumcenter are different points. अंतःकेंद्र और परिकेंद्र अलग-अलग बिंदु हैं।
	The Centroid is the midpoint of the altitude. केंद्रक ऊँचाई का मध्यबिंदु है।
■	The Orthocenter, Centroid, Incenter, and Circumcenter all coincide. लंबकेंद्र, गुरुत्व केंद्र, अंतःकेंद्र और परिवृत्तकेंद्र सभी एक ही बिंदु पर मिलते हैं।
	The Orthocenter is always outside the triangle. लंबकेंद्र सदैव त्रिभुज के बाहर होता है।

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72

Q.No: 72 In △ABC, DE∥BC and intersects AB and AC at D and E, if AD=2, DB=4, and AE=3, find EC.

△ABC में, DE∥BC है तथा AB और AC को D और E पर प्रतिच्छेद करती है। यदि AD=2, DB=4, और AE=3 है, तो EC ज्ञात कीजिए।

■	6 6
	4.5 4.5
	3 3
	8 8

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73

Q.No: 73 The length of a direct common tangent to two circles is 12 cm. Their centers are 13 cm apart. If the larger circle has a radius of 8 cm, what is the radius of the smaller circle?

दो वृत्तों का एक सीधी उभयनिष्ठ स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई है 12 सेमी. उनके केंद्र एक दूसरे से दूर हैं 13 सेमी. यदि बड़े वृत्त की त्रिज्या है 8 सेमी, तो छोटे वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?

	2 cm 2 सेमी
■	3 cm 3 सेमी
	4 cm 4 सेमी
	5 cm 5 सेमी

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74

Q.No: 74 If $\sin(2x + 15°) = \cos(x - 5°)$, what is the value of x?

यदि $\sin(2x + 15°) = \cos(x - 5°)$, तो x का मान क्या है?

	45.57° 45.57° 60° 60°
	30° 30°
■	26.67° 26.67°

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75

Q.No: 75 A contractor hires 10 workers who can complete a task in 16 days. After 4 days, he hires 2 workers. How many more days will the remaining workers take to complete the task?

एक ठेकेदार 10 मजदूरों को काम पर लगाता है जो एक काम को 16 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। 4 दिन बाद, वह 2 मजदूरों को नियुक्त देता है। शेष मजदूरों को काम पूरा करने में और कितने दिन लगेंगे?

	13 days 13 दिन
	14 days 14 दिन
■	15 days 15 दिन
	16 days 16 दिन

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76 **Which of the following options, rearrange the given sentences in a proper sequence to make a meaningful passage?**

1. One of the most remarkable examples of adaptation in birds is the Arctic tern, which migrates over 70,000 kilometers annually.
2. Some species of birds have developed migratory behaviors, while others have adapted to stay in one location throughout the year.
3. However, birds that remain in one area have adapted to survive harsh winter conditions by modifying their behaviors and physiological processes.
4. The ability to migrate provides these birds with access to more abundant food sources and better breeding grounds, increasing their chances of survival.
5. Understanding these patterns of migration and adaptation helps researchers learn more about the evolutionary strategies that contribute to species survival.

3-4-1-2-5

2-1-4-3-5

2-4-5-1-3

3-2-5-1-4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77 What is the best meaning of the idiom "Birds of a feather flock together"?

People with similar interests or characteristics tend to associate with each other.

Birds always fly in groups.

Different people can never be friends.

Only rich people make friends with other rich people.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78 Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word.

The patient's _____ behavior indicated a severe disorder of thought processes.

Idiosyncratic

Idiosyncratic

Idiosyncratic

Idiosyncratic

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: **ASSIDUOUS**

Diligent

Careless

Negligent

Lazy

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Voluble**

Talkative

Garrulous

Reticent

Chatty

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
To send to Coventry

To exile with state honours

To subject someone to deliberate social ostracism

To forgive after public disgrace

To appoint to ceremonial duties

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82 Choose the **correct spelling** of a word meaning "abundant in growth, especially vegetation".

Luxuriant

Luxuriant

Luxuriant

Luxuriant

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83 Spot the **correct spelling** of the ear-nose-throat specialty.

Otorhinolaryngology

Otorhinolaryngology

Otorhinolaryngology

Otorhinolaryngology

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "The invention or use of new words or expressions."

Neology

Neologism

Coinage

Jargon

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85

In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:

To speak of skill education merely in terms of employment is to overlook its deeper cartography. A skill, unlike rote instruction, is **(1)** _____ not only through repetition but through failure—through the art of learning why something didn't work. In societies obsessed with certification, the nuanced textures of experiential learning often vanish behind laminated credentials. Yet, the true economy of skill is shaped not in boardrooms or training modules, but in the improvisations of the workshop, the reworkings of the prototype, the quiet recalibration of hand and intent. The question, then, is not how many are trained, but how many are truly **(2)** _____—given not just tools but the time to develop trust in them. Skill is not the opposite of theory, but its extension into movement. And yet, the classroom remains strangely allergic to the tactile. The logic of assessments continues to value abstraction over **(3)** _____, reducing competence to the ability to recall, not to remake. In the rush to map vocational pathways, we risk scripting lives as modules—linear, predictable, void of deviation. But skill, like thought, thrives in divergence. Its pedagogy must embrace the messiness of practice, the necessity of slowness, and the possibility of **(4)** _____. To prepare youth for uncertainty, we must teach them to linger—not just to do, but to **(5)** _____ doing.

What should come in the place of blank number **(1)**?

absorbed

inherited

embedded

outlawed

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86

In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:

To speak of skill education merely in terms of employment is to overlook its deeper cartography. A skill, unlike rote instruction, is **(1)** _____ not only through repetition but through failure—through the art of learning why something didn't work. In societies obsessed with certification, the nuanced textures of experiential learning often vanish behind laminated credentials. Yet, the true economy of skill is shaped not in boardrooms or training modules, but in the improvisations of the workshop, the reworkings of the prototype, the quiet recalibration of hand and intent. The question, then, is not how many are trained, but how many are truly **(2)** _____—given not just tools but the time to develop trust in them. Skill is not the opposite of theory, but its extension into movement. And yet, the classroom remains strangely allergic to the tactile. The logic of assessments continues to value abstraction over **(3)** _____, reducing competence to the ability to recall, not to remake. In the rush to map vocational pathways, we risk scripting lives as modules—linear, predictable, void of deviation. But skill, like thought, thrives in divergence. Its pedagogy must embrace the messiness of practice, the necessity of slowness, and the possibility of **(4)** _____. To prepare youth for uncertainty, we must teach them to linger—not just to do, but to **(5)** _____ doing.

What should come in the place of blank number **(2)**?

selected

empowered

dismissed

evaluated

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87

In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:

To speak of skill education merely in terms of employment is to overlook its deeper cartography. A skill, unlike rote instruction, is **(1)** _____ not only through repetition but through failure—through the art of learning why something didn't work. In societies obsessed with certification, the nuanced textures of experiential learning often vanish behind laminated credentials. Yet, the true economy of skill is shaped not in boardrooms or training modules, but in the improvisations of the workshop, the reworkings of the prototype, the quiet recalibration of hand and intent. The question, then, is not how many are trained, but how many are truly **(2)** _____—given not just tools but the time to develop trust in them. Skill is not the opposite of theory, but its extension into movement. And yet, the classroom remains strangely allergic to the tactile. The logic of assessments continues to value abstraction over **(3)** _____, reducing competence to the ability to recall, not to remake. In the rush to map vocational pathways, we risk scripting lives as modules—linear, predictable, void of deviation. But skill, like thought, thrives in divergence. Its pedagogy must embrace the messiness of practice, the necessity of slowness, and the possibility of **(4)** _____. To prepare youth for uncertainty, we must teach them to linger—not just to do, but to **(5)** _____ doing.

What should come in the place of blank number **(3)**?

dexterity

clarity

memory

symbolism

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88

In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage intently and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:

To speak of skill education merely in terms of employment is to overlook its deeper cartography. A skill, unlike rote instruction, is **(1)** _____ not only through repetition but through failure—through the art of learning why something didn't work. In societies obsessed with certification, the nuanced textures of experiential learning often vanish behind laminated credentials. Yet, the true economy of skill is shaped not in boardrooms or training modules, but in the improvisations of the workshop, the reworkings of the prototype, the quiet recalibration of hand and intent. The question, then, is not how many are trained, but how many are truly **(2)** _____—given not just tools but the time to develop trust in them. Skill is not the opposite of theory, but its extension into movement. And yet, the classroom remains strangely allergic to the tactile. The logic of assessments continues to value abstraction over **(3)** _____, reducing competence to the ability to recall, not to remake. In the rush to map vocational pathways, we risk scripting lives as modules—linear, predictable, void of deviation. But skill, like thought, thrives in divergence. Its pedagogy must embrace the messiness of practice, the necessity of slowness, and the possibility of **(4)** _____. To prepare youth for uncertainty, we must teach them to linger—not just to do, but to **(5)** _____ doing.

What should come in the place of blank number **(4)**?

regulation

deviation

excellence

certification

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89 **In the given passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage keenly and choose the most appropriate option to fill in each blank:**

To speak of skill education merely in terms of employment is to overlook its deeper cartography. A skill, unlike rote instruction, is **(1)** _____ not only through repetition but through failure—through the art of learning why something didn't work. In societies obsessed with certification, the nuanced textures of experiential learning often vanish behind laminated credentials. Yet, the true economy of skill is shaped not in boardrooms or training modules, but in the improvisations of the workshop, the reworkings of the prototype, the quiet recalibration of hand and intent. The question, then, is not how many are trained, but how many are truly **(2)** _____—given not just tools but the time to develop trust in them. Skill is not the opposite of theory, but its extension into movement. And yet, the classroom remains strangely allergic to the tactile. The logic of assessments continues to value abstraction over **(3)** _____, reducing competence to the ability to recall, not to remake. In the rush to map vocational pathways, we risk scripting lives as modules—linear, predictable, void of deviation. But skill, like thought, thrives in divergence. Its pedagogy must embrace the messiness of practice, the necessity of slowness, and the possibility of **(4)** _____. To prepare youth for uncertainty, we must teach them to linger—not just to do, but to **(5)** _____ doing.

What should come in the place of blank number **(5)**?

automate

resist

reflect on

master

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90 **Select the correct option:**

The intervention aimed to ___ the adverse effects rather than exacerbate them.

ameliorate

amalgamate

ameliorates

amortize

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**

It was not until much later (1)/ that the inconsistencies in the financial reports (2)/ were brought to light by the whistleblower, (3)/ whose testimony proved more reliable than anyone else. (4)

[1]

[2]

[3]

[4]

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92 **Change the following from active to passive:**

Legal advisors urged the firm to amend the draft immediately.

It was urged that the firm amend the draft immediately.

The draft was urged by legal advisors to be amended.

The firm was urged by legal advisors to amend the draft immediately.

Legal advice was urging amendment of the draft.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:**

The manuscript bore a **colophon** detailing the scribe's name.

The typesetter inserted a printer's colophon on the final page.

The insect's antenna ended in a segmented colophon.

The medieval colophon praised the patron.

The librarian studied the Syriac colophon.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**

She was made to feel responsible for the team's failure by the manager.

The manager had her feel responsible for the team's failure.

The manager made her feel responsible for the team's failure.

The team's failure was blamed on her by the manager.

The manager got her to be blamed for the team's failure.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
I asked him **what was he doing there.**

what he was doing there

what he had been doing there

what did he doing there

what he has done there

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96 Choose the most suitable option to replace the underlined part of the sentence:
He asked me **that where was the office.**

that where the office was

where was the office

where the office was

where office is

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97 **A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.**
She asked him if he had ever been to the Taj Mahal.

She asked him, "Did you ever go to the Taj Mahal?"

She asked him, "Were you at the Taj Mahal?"

She asked him, "Have you ever been to the Taj Mahal?"

She asked him, "Do you ever go to the Taj Mahal?"

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**
She said, "Let him go."

She said let him go.

She suggested him to go.

She ordered to let him go.

She suggested that he should be allowed to go.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:**
1. The Renaissance marked a revival of classical learning.2. Artists focused on realism and human emotion.3. Patronage from wealthy families fueled cultural output.4. This period reshaped Europe's intellectual landscape.

3-1-2-4

1-2-3-4

2-3-1-4

1-3-2-4

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.**
1. its vibrant ecosystems support unique flora and fauna.
2. The Amazon rainforest is a global treasure.
3. Deforestation, however, poses a significant threat to its survival.
4. Protecting it is vital for global biodiversity.

2-4-1-3

3-1-2-4

2-1-3-4

4-3-2-1

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76

Q.No: 76 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: HAPHAZARD

- Organized
- Intentional
- Random
- Planned

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77

Q.No: 77 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Reverence**

- Respect
- Devotion
- Contempt
- Worship

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78

Q.No: 78 Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Not fit to hold a candle to

- Excellent in comparison
- Similar in ability
- Greatly inferior to
- Superior to in some aspects

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79

Q.No: 79 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. **Incandescent**

- Dusky
- Resplendent

	Glistening
	Fulgent

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80

Q.No: 80 Spot the **correct spelling** of a lab toxicity assay term.

	Cytotoxiolity
■	Cytotoxicity
	Cytotoxiolatry
	Cytotoxicity

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81

Q.No: 81 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "A person who is indifferent to pain or pleasure".

	Apathetic
■	Stoic
	Ascetic
	Hedonist

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82

Q.No: 82 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: "One who pretends to have knowledge or skills".

	Savants
■	Charlatan
■	Virtuoso
	Connoisseur

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83

Q.No: 83 **Select the correct phrasal verb:**
We need to ____ the old files before moving the new ones.

■	clean out
■	clean off
	wipe over
	go over

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84

Q.No: 84 **Select the correct option:**
In light of recent discoveries, the theory has been subject to rigorous ___ and reinterpretation.

■	scrutiny
	sanction
	insinuation
	subversion

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85

Q.No: 85 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:**
Much efforts have been made (1)/ by the development team (2)/ to reduce the application's loading time (3)/ without compromising features. (4)/

■	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86

Q.No: 86 **change the following from active to passive:**
The professor could have been explaining differential topology for hours.

	Differential topology could have be being explained for hours by the professor.
	Differential topology could have explained for hours by the professor.
■	Differential topology could have been being explained for hours by the professor.

Differential topology could have had been been explained for hours by the professor.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87

Q.No: 87 **Find the part of the sentence that contains an error.**
Rarely if ever have there been a time (1)/ when dissent was met (2)/ with such institutional disregard (3)/ as in the present administration. (4)

[1]

[2]

[3]

[4]

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88

Q.No: 88 **Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word.**
The ancient **sconce** held a flickering torch along the corridor.

The thief smashed the wall sconce and fled.

The student was reprimed for violating position.

The bronze sconce was engraved with floral motifs.

The hallway featured a new LED sconce.

Not Answered

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89

Q.No: 89 **Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:**
The documents had been submitted by the assistant before the deadline.

The assistant submits the documents before the deadline.

The assistant had submitted the documents before the deadline.

The assistant was submitting the documents before the deadline.

The assistant is submitting the documents before the deadline.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90

Q.No: 90 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
She **is senior than** me in college.

is more senior than

is senior from

is older than

is senior to

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91

Q.No: 91 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
He did not know **where was the book kept**.

where the book was kept

where was the book

where did the book kept

where the book has kept

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 92

Q.No: 92 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**
While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionized access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain in dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naive at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational.

According to the passage, what is the main paradox of financial inclusion in rural India?

Lack of infrastructure

Overreliance on technology

Access without actual usage

Excess of digital banking

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 93

Q.No: 93 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionised access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational.

Why do informal credit systems persist despite formal financial inclusion efforts?

Due to strict documentation

Trust and familiarity of local lenders

Higher interest rates attract borrowers

Government incentives are unavailable

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94

Q.No: 94 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionised access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational.

Which factor does **not** constitute to dormant rural bank accounts, as per the passage?

Patriarchal social norms

Digital illiteracy

Mobile network expansion

Lack of financial literacy

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95

Q.No: 95 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionised access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational.

What assumption does the author **criticise** regarding digital financial systems?

Mobile payments are fast

Biometrics ensure security

OTPs can replace financial education

Rural people distrust technology

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96

Q.No: 96 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :**

While financial inclusion is often praised as a driver of equitable growth, its implementation in rural India presents a paradox. On paper, schemes such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Aadhaar-enabled payment systems, and mobile banking have revolutionised access. Yet, in practice, access does not necessarily translate into utility. A significant number of rural account holders remain dormant users, often constrained by digital illiteracy, infrastructural limitations, and deeply entrenched socio-cultural barriers. In numerous villages, banking correspondents (BCs)—the foot soldiers of India's rural financial architecture—are overburdened, undertrained, and often unsupported by robust technological infrastructure. The notion that a biometric fingerprint or a one-time password could substitute for financial literacy is naïve at best. Many beneficiaries, especially women, face systemic exclusion, not just due to lack of documentation, but because patriarchal norms often discourage or control women's interactions with banking services. Moreover, while financial inclusion aims to integrate the rural poor into the formal economy, the informal credit system continues to flourish. This coexistence is not accidental but symptomatic of a trust deficit and functional inefficiencies within formal institutions. Local moneylenders, albeit exploitative, offer immediacy and familiarity, elements often absent in bureaucratic banking processes. The digital push, accelerated post-2016 demonetization and COVID-19, has undoubtedly expanded the ecosystem. However, digital penetration without digital comprehension can widen the exclusion gap. Without focused digital education, grievance redressal mechanisms, and gender-sensitive outreach, financial inclusion may remain more rhetorical than real. In essence, true inclusion cannot be measured merely by the number of accounts opened but must reflect active participation, trust, and accessibility across gender, literacy, and regional lines. Until then, the dream of a financially empowered rural India will remain aspirational.

What is implied about women's financial inclusion in rural India?

They benefit more from informal lenders

Lack of Aadhaar is the main barrier

Cultural factors hinder their financial agency

They lead financial decisions at home

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97

Q.No: 97 **Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.**

The composer explained that, were the leitmotif transposed an octave higher, the tension might dissipate prematurely.

The composer said, "If the leitmotif was transposed an octave higher, the tension will dissipate prematurely."

The composer said, "Were the leitmotif transposed an octave higher, the tension might dissipate prematurely."

The composer said, "The tension will dissipate prematurely if the leitmotif had been transposed an octave higher."

The composer said, "Had the leitmotif been transposed an octave higher, the tension must have dissipated prematurely."

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98

Q.No: 98 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**

He said, "I have seen that movie already."

He said that he saw that movie already.

He said that he had seen that movie already.

He said that he have seen that movie already.

He said that he was seeing that movie already.

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99

Q.No: 99 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:**

1. The most prevalent of these is the peer review process, where a manuscript is evaluated by other experts in the same field.
2. The integrity of scientific publications is upheld by a series of rigorous checks and balances.
3. The goal of this process is to validate the methodology, findings, and conclusions of the research before it is made public.
4. This external scrutiny helps to ensure that only high-quality, credible research is disseminated to the scientific community.

2, 1, 3, 4

1, 2, 3, 4

3, 4, 1, 2

4, 3, 2, 1

Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100

Q.No: 100 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:**

1. This allows them to navigate and perform tasks with a high degree of precision in various environments, from factory floors to surgical theaters. 2. Robotics is an interdisciplinary field of engineering and computer science that deals with the design, construction, and operation of robots. 3. The core of a modern robot is its programming, which utilizes sophisticated algorithms and sensors to process information. 4. These machines are designed to assist humans by automating tasks that are either repetitive, hazardous, or require a level of accuracy beyond human capability.

2, 4, 3, 1

4, 3, 1, 2

3, 1, 2, 4